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# The <br> BOOK of KNOWLEDGE 

The Children's Encyclopedia

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## GENERAL INDEX

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KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE FINE ARTS
Painting, Sculpture and Architecture
GRADED COURSES OF STUDY
With an Introduction by Angelo Patri

SCHOOL-SUBJECT GUIDE
A Complete Analysis of the Work

VOLUME XX

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## CONTENTS OF THIS VOLUME

The Index Volume of The Book of Knowledge is a short cut to the rapid use of the set of books. It contains a General Index and a Poetry Index, with full explanation of their use; a School-Subject Guide which analyzes the contents of the nineteen volumes for convenient use in school work; Graded Courses of Study with inspiring talks to the Children, the Parents and Teachers, by Angelo Patri; two important historical documents, the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States, to which every student of American history must frequently refer; also useful tables of weights and measures, and easy rules of reckoning in rapid calculations.
PAGE
How to Use the General Index . ..... 7249
General Index ..... 7251
How to Use the Poetry Index ..... 7529
Poetry Index ..... 7531
Historical Note on the Declaration of Inde- pendence ..... 7553
Text of the Declaration of Independence ..... 7554
Historical Note on the Constitution ..... 7558
Text of the Constitution ..... 7563
Analysis of School-Subject Guide ..... 758 I
School-Subject Guide . ..... 7583
Introductions to Graded Courses of Study ..... 7727
Contents of Graded Courses of Study ..... 7734
Graded Courses of Study ..... 7735
Weights and Measures ..... 7858
The Quickest Way to Find Things ..... 7860
Key to Illustrations of the Fine Arts . ..... 7863


## DIRECTIONS FOR USING THE INDEX

WITH this index, you can quickly find the information on any subject that is in The Book of Knowledge. The subjects are arranged alphabetically, like the words in a dictionary, and are printed in black type. The parts of each subject are printed below it, in ordinary type, and indented or set to the right a little. Usually these topics under the main subject are arranged alphabetically, but in some cases the most important articles are placed first. Often parts of these main articles are also indexed below under their topics.

Whenever there is a line of entries indented, or moved to the right, it is understood that they all belong under the entry above. For instance, under the word Agriculture are several entries set a little to the right, including the entry Regions. Set to the right under this are names of regions. One of these is the entry England. Under this are several entries, still more to the right. This means that they are all about England only. Under France you will find main subdivisions, such as description, history, etc.; and under each of the main divisions you will find its subdivisions. Look under France and see if you understand the arrangement.

When you want to find a subject, look under its exact name, not under the large group to which it belongs. For instance, if you want to find Violets, look under that word, not under Flowers. Under Flowers are general articles about several kinds. For material on any person, look under his name; for places or countries, look under their names.

The figures after the entries tell the volume and page where you will find material. The volume number is printed in blacker type. If there is material on several pages in a volume, they are all given. If the article extends over more than one page, the first page is given, and the last one, in shortened form. For instance, 13-4570-73 means vol. 13, pages 4570 to 4573 . If more than one page is given, with a comma between, it means to look on each page, but not on the ones between. For instance, 13-4570, 4573,4579 would mean to look on those three pages only.

In arranging entries, all the entries beginning with one word are put together, before any of a longer word that begins with the same letters. For instance, all the entries beginning with In come before all those beginning with Into; all those beginning with The come before those beginning with There. In the
arrangement of entries, a word with a hyphen is treated as if it were two words. For instance, Sea-gull is arranged as if it were Sea gull, and it goes with the entries beginning with Sea.

Sometimes there are two words for a subject or a person, and we have put all the index entries under one of them. In that case, we put an entry under the other word, telling where the material is. For instance, the author S. L. Clemens called himself, when he wrote, Mark Twain. We have put the entries under his real name, and have said, under Twain, "Twain, Mark, see Clemens, S. L." This means, "Look under Clemens." We have done the same for flowers that have several na.nes, and in other cases. Such an entry is called a "see reference," and it means, "Look in the other place."

Sometimes you may not find all you want about a subject in the entries under it, and would like to look further. There may be other subjects that are similar, where you could find what you want. To help you find these, we have sometimes put in an entry which says, "See also" and then gives other good places in which to look. This means "Look also under these other subjects, and you may find more information." For instance, under Antarctic regions, we have said "See also South Pole."

If you want a list of stories, look under the word Stories, where you will find a general list, and then special kinds. For fairy tales, look under Fairy tales; and for myths, under Myths and legends.

Poems about a subject, questions, and pictures illustrating it, are all listed after the other entries. You will find it interesting to read over some of these questions, and if you do not know the answers to look for them. The word (gravure) after a picture means that it is reproduced by the gravure process, which makes an especially good picture. If the picture is in color, that is noted. All pictures are entered under artist as well as under subject.

The most important articles are marked with a star (*).
Remember that the first figure, in black type, gives the volume, and the other figure gives the page.

## POETRY INDEX

The Poetry Index, following the General Index, gives authors, titles, and first lines of poems. Directions for using it are given at its beginning. Poems are also entered under their subjects in the main index. For instance, if you wish to find a list of the poems by Tennyson, look in the Poetry Index. If you wish to find the poems about flowers, look under the word Flowers, in the main index.

## GENERAL INDEX



A．D．，abbreviation，meaning of，11－4131
A．H．，abbreviation，meaning of，11－4131
A．MI，abbreviation，meaning of，11－4131
A．U．C．，abbreviation，meaning of，11－4131
Aachen，see Aix－la－Chapelle
Aard－vark，animal，account of，7－2400 Pictures，7－2395， 2399
Aard wolves，animals，description，2．502 Pictures，2－496
Abaca，plant producing Manila hemp，11－3792
Abalone，mollusc，description，19－6892
Abbas I，the Great，shah of Persia，3－918
Abbey，Edwin A．，American painter life and work，10－3450－51
Picture，Vision of the Holy Grail（gravure）， 19－6948
Abbeys
Pictures
Irish ruins，8－2942
Rievaulx Abbey，Yorkshire（gravure），7－2303 Tewkesbury Abbey（gravure），16－5975
Abbot，The，hy scott，note on，11－4．7．
Abbotsford，Scotland，home of Sir Walter Scott Picture，7－2631
Abbott，Jacob，author，14－5014
Abbott，Sir John，premier of Canada，4－1491
Abbott，Mary，wife of George Romney，7－2334
Abbreviations about time，meaning of，11－4131
Abd－el－Kader，Arab patriot，story of，4－1255
Abdul Wahhab，Mohammedan reformer，founded Wahhabis，18－6674
A Becket，Thomas，see Thomas à Becket
Abélard，Peter，life of，13－4864
Aberdeen－Angus，breed of cattle，description， 4－12ちご
Picture（in color），facing 4－1259
Abolitionists，fight on slavery，7－2428
Aboukir Bay，Battle of，or，Battle of the Nile， 6－2203：10－3570
Abraham．The first of the patriarchs and the founder of the Hebrew races；equally revered by Jews，Christians and Mohammedans．Buried at Hebron．
account of，19－7155
turned from Babylonian gods，2－648
Abraham，Plains of，see Plains of Abraham
Abruzzi，Prince Luigi Amadeo，Duke of the， arctic explorer， $13-4718$
Absalom ana Achitophel，satire by Dryden，note on，4－1358
Absorption．In physiology，the imbibing of gases or fluid by living cells or tissue，as the absorption of oxygen by the blood in the lungs， and the passage of digested food into the blood or lymph for transference to different parts of the body．Absorption in plants generally takes place through the roots and leaf surfaces， though a few plants engulf particles of food and digest them．

For absorption of light，see 17－6079
Abul Hassan，introduced hours of equal length， 11－4132
Abul Kasim Mansur，see Firdausi
Abyssinia，Africa，account of，18－6814 races in，9－3047
visit of James Bruce，2－466
Acacia．A big family of plants with fragrant flowers belonging to the Leguminora．They grow in Australia，Polynesia and all tropical and sub－ tropical countries except Europe．Some yield

Acacia（continued）
gums；others，timber；some，food products．The astringent bark of the Australian acacia，or wattle，is much used in tanning．The black－ wood of Australia and the koa of Hawaii furnish cabinet woods that take a high polish．
Acacia trees，ants in thorns of，17－6353－54
false acacia，see Locust trees
Académie française，see French Academy
Academies
Question about
How，when and where did academies begin？ 16－5741
Academus，legendary Greek hero，16－5741
Academy of Sculpture and Painting and Archi－ tecture，France，5－1874
Acadia，or Acadie．The old French name of Nova Scotia．
colony established，2－679－80
exile of French inhabitants， $\mathbf{3 . 7 8 2}$
struggle for，between French and English， 2－682－83
See also Nova Scotia
Acadia National Park，Maine，7－2291
Picture，7－2285
Acanthodians，prehistoric fishes， $4-1176$
ノ＇icturs．4－115
Accidents，see First Aid
Accra，capital of Gold Coast，9－3056
Accumulators，see Storage batteries
Acetylene．A colorless gaseous hydrocarbon with an ethereal odor which is usually un－ pleasant．It burns with a brilliant white light yielding $35-45$ candle power per cubic foot，or nearly fifteen times the light of ordinary illu－ minating gas．
Achates，friend of Eneas，6－1987
Acheron，account of，9－3238
Achilles，Greek hero
and sacrifice of Iphigenia，11－3808－10
in Iliad，6－1983－84
Acids，chemical characteristics，12－4405－06
how to remove stains of，2－618
Aconcagua，volcano，height of，7－2313
Aconite，plant
Picture，flower（gravure），19－7180
Acorns，as food，11－4019
planting in bottle， 7 －2516
Pictures（in cuior），11－4021
of Turkey，or moss－cupped，oak，11－4028
Acqui．Ancient city of Piedmont，Italy，with a 12 th－century Gothic cathedral and remains of a Roman aqueduct．
Acre．Coast town of Palestine which was be－ sieged and captured from the Saracens in 1191 by the Crusaders under Richard I．In 1799 the Turks，aided by British sailors under Sir Sidney Smith，resisted Napoleon＇s efforts to capture it． siege of in 1191，7－2587－88
Acrolinium，plant
Pieture，flower（gravure），19－7178
Acropolis，Athens，description，2－705
Pictures，2－705；3－1068，1069；（gravure），15－5349 Acrostics，18－6640
Act of God，meaning of term，13－4595
Actium，Battle of．Fought 31 в．c．off the west－ ern coast of Greece．The ships of Octavius de－ feated those of Antony and Cleopatra and thus established Octavius as Augustus Cæsar．
Adam brothers，British architects，18－6770－71
Adam，Robert，influence on furniture，18－6771
Adans，Mrs．Ablgail，wife of John Adams，
2－392． 894
Picture，portrait，2－391
Adams，Henry（1838－1918）．American historian and biographer．
Adams，Herbert，American sculptor，14－4940

## GENERAL INDEX

Adoms, John, president of U. S
administration, 5-1702; 11-3937
life, outline of, $=-3951$
relation to Federalist party, 5-1702
Pictures
portrait, 5-1694
portrait, in group, 4-1167
portrait (gravure) 11-394
Adams, John Couch, discovery of planet Neptune, 10-3414
Adame, John Quincy, president of U . S .
administration, 6-1914, 1916; 11-3939

* life, 10-3489-90
life, outline of, 11-3951
Pictures
portrait, 10-3491
portrait (gravure), 11-3946
Adams, Maude, American actress
Piciure, as Peter Pan, 13-4660
Adams, Samuel (1722-1803). American patriot, born in Boston; leader in opposition to British rule; signer of Declaration of Independence; governor of Massachusetts, 1794-97.
escaped from British at Lexington, 4-1163
opposed ratification of Constitution, 5-1698
Adams, Sarah Fowler, hymn-writer, 12-4437
Adams, Seth, introduced merino sheep in U. S., 15-5576
Adams, William Taylor, see Optic, Oliver
Adam's apple, name for larynx, 10-3555
Question about
What is Adam's apple and where did the name come from? 16-5961
Adaptation to environment
in cactus, 9-3267-68
in caterpillars, 18-6528
in feet of water-birds, 11-3881
in plants, 1-329-34
in seaside plants, 14-5157
in trees, 11.4094
Adcock, A. St. John, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Addams, Jane (1860-
). An American sociologist who did much to promote the cause of woman suffrage. After the outbreak of the World War she attended the International Congress of Women at The Hague and was elected its president. Published: Twenty Years at Hull House; A New Conscience and an Ancient Evil: The Long Road of Woman's Memory.
Adder, snake
Picture, 15-5413
Addex's tongue, fern
Pictures (in color), 10-3726-27
Adder's tongue, flower, description, 17-6275-76 on Pacific coast, 19-6927-28


## Picture, 17-6277

Addison, Joseph, English writer
life and writings, 5-1620-22
as essay writer, 8-2865
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Picture, portrait, in group, 5-1622
Ade, George, author, 14-5011
Adelaide. Capital and commercial centre of South Australia, on the Torrens River. One of the pleasantest Australian cities. It exports wheat, flour, copper, wine and wool.
description of, 7-2470
Adelaide, song, account of, 10-3612
Aden, British possession, 9-3182; 18-6676
Adenoids. A term applied to an excessive growth of spongy tissue in the region above the soft palate, the nasopharynx. It causes such a narrowing of the air passage that breathing through the nose is difficult and a congested condition of the mucous membrane lining the nose and throat occurs. Treatment consists in early and complete removal of the growth, preferably under a general anæsthetic. Many children have this defect.
Adjutant stork, see Marabou
Admetus, king of Thessaly, and Alcestis, 8-2703 Admirable Crichton. Name given to James Crichton, a Scotsman of the 16 th century, who though assassinated at Mantua at the age of 22 or 24 , had a romantic career and was a dis tinguished Latin scholar. The Admirable Crichton is the title of a comedy by Sir J. M. Barrie. Admiral (from Arabic amir, commander, al, the Arabic article). The term is said to have been introduced into Europe in the 12 th or 13 th century. It is now used for the commander-inchlef of a navy. In the British navy admirals

Admiral (continued)
are of four grades, in the United States of three.
Adonis. A beautiful youth beloved by Venus, or Aphrodite, born of a myrrh tree, who in his youth was slain by a wild boar. So great was Aphrodite's grief that the gods required him to spend only half or a third of the year in Hades. The legends abuut Adonis have sprung from the rites of the Adonia, a festival celebrated in midsummer.
Adrenalin, extract from suprarenal glands, 9-3223
made from coal-tar, $\mathbf{1 3 . 4 5 3 2}$
Adrian, Roman emperor, see Hadrian
Adrian IV (Nicholas Breakspear), pope, 8-2848
Adrianople. City of European Turkey, on the Maritza, Founded by Hadrian, and capital of the Turks 1361-1453, it has many fine buildings, including the great mosque of Selim II.
population and situation, 13-4806
lost by Bulgaria to Greece, 14-4926
Adriatic, ship. Picture, $12-4430$
Adriatic Sea. Arm of the Mediterranean lying between Italy, Jugo-Slavia and Albania. About 500 miles long and 110 miles broad, it is almost tideless and very salt, probably because no large rivers except the Po flow into it. Brindisi, Baros, Ancona, Venice, Trieste, Pola, Fiume and spalatc are the chief ports,
Adventures of Baron Munchausen, extracts and
note, * 4-1521-27

Adventures of Don Quixote, see Don Quixote
Advertisement contest, game, 3-903
Eacus, jutge of the flearl. 9-32.38
Fgean painting, sef Painting, Esean
なgean sculpture, see Sculpture, ※gean
सgeans, scattered by Dorian invasion, 11-3988 Fegina, island
sculptors, ancient, 11-3994
Pictures
ancient sculpture, 11-3993
Temple of Aphaia, 3-1071; (gravure), 15-5354
सEgospotami, Battle of, 3-1081
zineas, Trojan warrior
settled in Italy, 4-1192
story of, in Fneid, 6-1986-89
FEneid, by Virgil, story of, * 6-1986-89
Eolian harp, question about, and answer, $8-2742,2881$
Folians, ancient Greek people, 3-1072
Aerators for N. Y. water supply, 14-5057
Aeronautics, see Aviation
Aeroplanes, see Airplanes
Fschylus, Greek dramatist, 16-5752 Picture, portrait, 16-5747
Esculapius, son of Apollo, legendary physician, 8-27こ?
account of, 9-3234
killed by Zeus, 8-2703
Fsop. Greek teller of fables, originally a slave in Samos; born, probably Asia Minor about 620
B.C.; killed, probably Delphi, 561.
fables of
Ant and the grasshopper, 1-58
Ass and his driver, 4-1186
Belling the cat. 2-ifll
Boy who cried "Wolf!" 6-1969
Crab and her mother, $4-1186$
Dog and the shadow, 11-3986
Dog and the wolf, 17-6323
Dog in the manger, 14-4946
Donkey's wish, 15-5538
Dove and the ant. 14-4946
Farmer and the stork, 3-1102
Fir tree and the bramble, 13-4752
Fowl and the jewel, 11-3986
Fox and the crow, $2-i+n$
Fox and the frog, 11-4144
Fox and the goat, 6-1969
Fox and the grapes, 11-3986
Fox and the lion, 6-1969
Fox and the wolf, 15-5538
Fox in the well, 2-540
fross who wanted a king, 3-j39
Hare and the tortoise, 2-539
Hfoll and the fox, 11-4114
Jupiter and the ass, 6-1969
Lark and her young ones, 15-5538
Man who gave up sinwing, 11-3986
Mercury and the woodman, 3-1102
Monkey and the dolphin, 4-1342

Psop-fables of (continued)
Old hound, 4-1342
O!d man and his sons, $4-1186$
Peacock and Juno, 11-4144
Stag looking into the water, 3-1102
Tortoise and the eagle, 4-1186
Town mouse and the country mouse, 4-1342
Travelers and the ax, 6-1969
Travelers and tie bear, 13-4752
Two loaded asses, 1-58
Villager and the viper, 6-1969
Wolf and the kid, 1-58
Wolf and the kid, 3-1102
Wolf in sheep's clothing, 2-540
Etna, Mount, volcano, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 5 6 8}$
height of, 7-2313
Picture, imaginary section of (in color), facing 2-385
Affiavit. A sworn statement in writing made before an authorized magistrate or officer. It must sufficiently identify the person who makes it, usually by his subscribed signature.
Afghan bands, trick, 3-1025
Afghanistan. Independent Moslem state on the Indian northwest frontier; area, about 250,000 square miles; capital, Kabul. The people are warlike and industrious, and are ruled absolutely by an Amir; agriculture and silk, woolen and carpet manufactures are their chief pursuits. Three-quarters of the country is mountainous, the chief trade highway to India being by way of the Khyber Pass. Kandahar and Herat, which was founded by Alexander the Great, are the principal towns.
invasions of, 18-6591
Afghans. The inhabitants of Afghanistan, who are not fused in a single nationality, but are a collection of tribes of Caucasic origin held together by the paramount tribe-the Durani of

## Kabul. <br> Africa

* British Empire in Africa, 9-3047-58
* description, 18-6804-14
* exploration, 2-465-71
* How Africa has been divided, 18-6803-14 maps, 2-469; 18-6805
physical geography, 18-6804-06
political control by European nations, 18-6805, 6811
races, chief ones, 9-3047
races invading, 9-3047-48
rivers, 18-6806
water power, 15-5430
Pictures, 9-3046-58; 18-6802, 6809
See also names of countries in Africa
Africa, South, see South Africa
After-images, seen with eyes shut, 7-2359
Agamemnon, king of Greece, and sacrifice of Iphigenia, 11-3808-10
Agar-agar, from seaweed, 10-3722
Agassiz, Louis, naturalist, 19-7053-54
Picture, portrait, 19-7053
Agassiz, Lake, prehistoric lake, 1-112
Agatha, St., martyriom of, 6-1997
Agave, plant, produces Sisal hemp, 8-2788 Picture, 8-2785
Age
Poem about
Young and Old, by Charles Kingsley, 8-2906 Questions about
Did the people of long ago live longer than the people of to-day? 14-5218
How long do animals live? 1-185
What is it that makes wrinkles in old people's faces? 14-4952
Why does a thing go yellow with age? 14-5085
Why does everyone grow old? 7-2362
Agelados, Greek sculptor, 12-4215
Agincourt, Battle of, in year 1415, 5-1684 notes, with pictures, $5-1685$
Poem about
Ballad of Agincourt, by Drayton, 5-1885
Agnes, St. Patron saint of purity; in January, 304 , during the reign of Diocletian, she suffered martyrdom at the age of 13.
Agnostic. One who professes ignorance of the existence of God. The word was coined in 1869 by Thomas Huxley, and among English-speaking philosophers Herbert Spencer is the bestknown agnostic.
Agra, India, description, 8-2700
Picture. Pearl Mosque (gravure), 9-3096

Agram, or Zagreb. Capital of Croatia, JugoSlavia, with a splendid Gothic cathedral and a large agricultural trade.
Agricola. Loman gelletal in England, 4-1320; 5-1863
Agriculture. The tilling, or cultivation, of the ground. The term is especially applied to large areas used to supply food for man and beast. The theory of agriculture treats of different soils, plants and seeds, manures, rotation of crops, etc. It involves a knowledge of chemistry and geology.

American Indians as farmers, 1-161
modern farms of Indians, 19-7242
dry farming, 18-6432, 6434
education in, 12-4310
irrigation, value of, 7-2546
machinery, invention and value of, 19-7209-11
productive land, area in various countries, 10-3398
Fegions, agriculture in
Alaska, 16-5790, 5792
Australia, $7=2464-66,2468,2470$
Bulgaria, 14-4926
Denmark, 15-5296
Egypt, Ancient, 3-808
England
changes in 19th century, 7-2293-96
conditions under Henry VIII, 5-1817
Liebig's introduction of fertilizers, 2-592
wheat varieties, $5-1758,1760$
France, 11-3818, 3821-22
Germany, 12-4164, 4166
Greece, Modern, 14-4918
Hawaii, 15-5450
Ireland, 8-2936, 2938
Italy, 13-4570
New Zealand, 7-2576
Portugal, 14-5188
Pumania, 14-4!2?
Russia, 16-5852, 5854
United States, 4-1470-74; 5-1851-56; 7-2409-14;
10-3415-18
animal products, 9-3207-08
California, 19-6848
crops, principal, 8-2678-80
farm life, 1783 , 5-1700
North Central states, 15-5́274-84
Northeastern states, 10-3404-08
Southern states, 13-4520-24
See also Cereal crops; Soil; Wheat
Question about
Why do farmers grow clover one year and wheat the next? 4-1453
Agriculture, Department of, see United StatesAgriculture, Department of
Agrimony, flower. Picture (in color), 13-4878
Agrimony, Hemp, see Hemp afrimony
Agrippina the Elder. Wife of Germanicus and mother of the Roman emperor Caligula; died A.D. 33.

Agrippina the Younger, mother of Nero, 5-1862 Picture, bust of, 5-1862
Aguinaldo, Emilio. Leader of Filipino insurrections against Spain and the United States. A well educated Chinese mestizo (mixed blood) who was exiled from the Philippines by Spain for his part in the rising of 1896 . In 1899 he assumed the offensive against the United States, was captured, in 1901 took the oath of allegiance and retired from public liie.
revolt in Philippines, 10-3588
Aguti, animal
I'ivtur!. 3-11.3n
Ahaz, king of Judah, 2-655
Ahriman, evil god of Zoroastrianism, 9-3092
Ah Sam, and arctic exploration, 13-4715
Ai, three-toed sloth, 7-2394
Picture, 7-2395
Albonito, Porto Rico
Picture. 10-3593
Aida. In Verdi's opera of this name an Ethiopian princess who, enslaved by the Egyptians, dies with her lover when he is entombed alive. Aidan, missionary from Ireland, 8-2930
Ainsworth, William Earrison, English novelist, 11-3891-92
Picture, portrait, 11-3891
Ainu, early inhabitants of Japan, 2-5.52
Air, hlue appearance in distance, reason for,
composition of, 12-4504

Air (continued)
compressed
used by divers, 12-4186
used in painting, 19-7023
used in submarines, 1-198
used in torpedoes, 1-198; 18-6821
used on trains, 19-7212
distance extending from earth, 1-143
experiments with, 19-7083-84
filtration in nose, before reaching lungs, 4-1326
food supply for trees, 11-4093-94
liquid air, 15-5425-26
pressure of, see Atmospheric pressure
rain caused by chilling of, 8-2921
temperature of earth regulated by, 8-2666
warmer near the ground, $8-2664$
See also Ventilation
Questions about
Does everything in the air move with the earth? 16-5746
Does the air ever get used up? 1-312
If a feather is lighter than air why does it ever settle? 7-2362
Is impure air lighter than pure air? 18-6692-93
Is night air bad for us? 12-4278
Is the knob on the seaweed filled with air? 4.123 3

What is the air made of? 12-4504
Where does the bad air go? 4-1453
Why are miners not killed by bad air? 2-460
Why does damp air make us ill? 12-4400
Why does the air not stop the light of the sun? 15-5620
Air-brake, invention of, 19-7212
Air-cells, in lungs, function, 4-1328
Air plant, or epiphyte. A plant which grows upon other plants but is not a parasite, as it derives its sustenance from the air. In the temperate regions many mosses, lichens and algæ assume this habit; in the tropical regions, ferns and orchids.
Air-pump, invention of, $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 4 4}$
Aira, grass
Picture (in color), 10-3523
Airedale termier
Picture (gravure), 2-716
fighting and bombing planes, 1-177
forest fire control by, 8-2808
invention of, 1-170-72
mail service in U. S., 8-2658
Pictures, $1-173,175,177-79,183,184$
mail service in U. S., 8-2662 Spirit of St. Louis (gravure), 1-frontis.
Airships, 1-168-70
Leonardo da Vinci's experiments, 3-824 parts of, 1-169
Pictures, $1-166,169,171$; (gravure), 13-frontis.
Airy, George Biddell, British astronomer, 1-284 opposed submarine cable, 12-4294 Picture, portrait, 1-281
Aisne. Tributary of the French Seine. It rises in the Argonne and flows past Rethel and Soissons to join the Oise at Compiègne. The country around it was one of the famous war areas during the World War, 1914-18.
Aix. Ancient French city, formerly capital of Froverice. The ramans built baths roumd its warm springs in 123 B.C., and the baptistery of its 11 th-century cathedral is believed to have been a temple of Apollo.
Aix-la-Chapelle (Aachen), account of, 12-4170 cathedral, 16-5725
Picture, cathedral, 16-5723
Aix-les-Bains. French watering-place in Savoy, in a beautiful valley near Lake Bourget. Its warm springs have been famous since Roman times; the Arch of Campanus and ruins of a Roman temple and bath are still to be seen. Ajaccio. Capital of Corsica, with a considerable trade and a large harbor. The birthplace of Napoleon, it has a 16 th-century cathedral. Pictures, 11-3815
Akbar, Indian ruler, 8-2824
Picture, portrait, 8-2821
Akhenaten, king of Egypt, see Amenhotep IV
Akrad, see Chaldæa
Arron. City of Ohio, leading the world in rubber manufacture, automobile tires, hose, rubber bands, etc. Pottery also important.
Azyab, Burma
Picture, mosque (gravure), 15-5478

Alabama. Southern state; area, 51,998 square miles; capital, Montgomery. Cotton, corn, oats, wheat and sweet potatoes are produced. Birmingham is a centre of the coal and iron industry, and cotton is manufactured. Mobile is the chief port. Abbreviation, Ala. Nickname, "Cotton State." State flower, goldenrod. Motto,
"Here we rest." First settlement, near Mobile Bay, 1702.
described in the Southern States, 13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900
made a state, 6-1910; 11-3938
manufactures
iron and steel, 13-4526
seceded from Union (Jan. 11, 1861), 7-2430; 11-3942

## Pictures

blast furnace, 14-4891
flag (in color), 19-7190
marble quarry, 13-4528
Wilson dam, 7-2312
Alabama, ship
Picture, battle with Kearsarge, with note, 7-2435
Alabama Claims. Claims made by the United States upon Great Britain for damages done to American shipping in the Civil War by privateers. One of the privateers, the Alabama, was a flagrant offender against the laws of neutrality. A court of arbitration meeting at Geneva iri 1871-72 allowed claims to the amount of $\$ 15,500,000$.
Alabama River. Its source formed by the junction of the Coosa and Tallapoosa rivers, Alabama. Flows into the Mobile River. 350 miles. Alabaster, principal mines in Italy, 13-4572
use in Gothic sculnture, 13-4853
Picture, of workmen, 13-4571
Alamance Creek, Battle of, 1771, 4-1162
Alamo, San Antonio, Texas, story of, 18-6826, 6829
Picture. 18-6829
Aland Islands, belong to Finland, 18-6461
Alarcon, Hernando de. Spanish navigator who in 1540 , in command of an expedition for Cororado, reached the Colorado River and the Grand Canyon.
Alaric. West Gothic king and conqueror; born, Peuce on the Danube, probably 370; died, Cosentia, Italy, 410 ; sacked Rome, 410.

## Alaska

* account of, 10-3583-84
agriculture, 16-5790, 5792
climate, 18-5795
fish and fisheries, 16-5792
fish and furs. 3-10no
* history and description, 16-5789-95
mines and minerals, 10-3584; 16-5790
population, 16-5792
railroads, 16-5792
sold by Russia to U. S., 10-3584; 16-5790
Pictures, 16-5789, 5791, 5793-95
Juneau, and mountain scene, 10-3585
mail-carrier uses reindeer, 8-2653
sunrise over Tanana River, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 8 2}$
Albania, account of, 17-6348
history, since 1912, 18-6462-63
Albany. Capital of New York State, on the Hudson. Formerly a Dutch settlement. It has two cathedrals and a magnificent Capitol. It is an important manufacturing city.

Capitol, note and picture, 11-3779 founrlied $1 \mathrm{f15}, 2-50$
Albatross, bird, account of, 11.4126
size of, 8-2720
Pictures. 8-2759 in ficht, 11-412.
Albemarle, lst duke of, see Monk, George
Albert I. Became king of the Belgians in 1909. The younger son of Philip, Count of Flanders. Married Princess Elisabeth of Bavaria; three children: Leopold, Duke of Brabant (born 1901); Charles, Count of Flanders (born 190's) and Marie José (born 1906). During the World War he was the centre of the active defense of his country; in the general offensive of October, 1918, commander of the northern army groups, consisting of Belgians and French. After the armistice he orcanized improvements in the country and studied world-trade conditions to find outlets for Belgian commerce by visiting other countries.

## GENERAL INDEX

Albert Memorial. Standing in Kensington Gar dens, London, this monument was erected to Albert, the Prince Consort of Queen Victoria. Its base is flanked with sculptures of the most famous figures in science and art
Albert Nyanza, Iake, one source of Nile
discovered by Baker, 2-471
Alberta. Westernmost of the Canadian prairie provinces; area, 255,000 square miles; capital, Edmonton. Once a ranching district, it now produces vast quantities of grain besides being the chief coal-mining province in the Dominion. Calgary is the largest town.
became province of Dominion of Canada, 4-1490
coal beds of Cretaceous period, 5-1660
sheep ranch, 15-5575
Albertus Magnus. German philosopher and monk. Born, Lauingen, Swabia, about 1206; died, Cologne, 1280. Translated Aristotle's works.
Albi, France, cathedral, 11-3820; 17-6160
Picture, cathedral (gravure), 17-6172

## Albion

Question about
Why did the ancients call England Albion?
16-5741
Albumen, hardens when boiled, 13-4827 in egg, 8-2872
Albumins, digestion of, 6-2085
Alcala. Famous old Spanish cathedral city near Madrid. It contains the Colegio de San Ildefonso, once a famous university, and was the birthplace of Cervantes.

## Alcazar

Question about
What does the word Alcazar mean? 9.3356
Alcazar, Seville, see Seville
Alcestis, wife of King Admetus
sacrifice of, 8-2703-07
Alchemy. Chemistry in the Middle Ages wherein the great object was the transmutation of the baser metals into gold, the discovery of a cure for diseases, and the means of indefinitely prolonging life.
Alcibiades, Greek leader, 2-706
Picture, portrait, 2-701
Alcock, John, aviator, 1-178
Alcohol ( $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ ). A liquid, ethyl hydrate formed by the fermentation of watery sugar solutions. Methyl alcohol comes from the destructive distillation of wood. Pure alcohol is a colorless liquid of spirituous smell and burning taste. It is used as a solvent in the arts and in medicine. Different kinds of alcohol sometimes named according to their source, as grain alcohol, root alcohol and moss alcohol effects

* enemy of life, 8-2681-84
effect on blood, 3-806, 937
lessens resistance to microbes, 2-559
sense of right and wrong influenced, 8-2684
good uses, 2-559
law against children's use of, 14-4915-16
manufactured from potatoes, 7-2623-24
poison to living creatures, $\mathbf{2 - 5 5 9}$
tax on, 13-4556
yeast produces, $\mathbf{2 - 5 5 9}$
Alcohol thermometer, 7-2648-49
Alcott, Amos Bronson, 13-4630, 4632
Alcott, Louisa May, author, 14-5014-15
Picture, home in Concord, 14.5007
Alcuin, English scholar, life and influence, 14-5248
and Charlemagne, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 3 0}$
Aldebaran, star, 11-3786, 3924
Alden, John. One of the Pilgrim Fathers who came to America in the Mayflower. He was born in England in 1599 and was a cooper by trade. He settled in Duxbury, Mass. In 1621 he married Priscilla Mullens. He was a magistrate in the new colony for more than 50 years and outlived all his fellow voyagers on the Mayflower.

Picture, house in Duxbury, 2-547
Alden, Margaret H., see Poetry Index for poem and note
Alder, White, shrub called clethra, 15-5608
Alder trees, description and pictures, 11-4102
Alderney. Northernmost of the Channel Islands, lying 8 miles from Cape de Ia Hague, in Normandy. Area, 1,962 square miles. It has a valuable breed of cows.

## Aldobrandini Marriage, Vatican Museum, Rome,

 Greek wall-painting, 2-451 Picture, 2-447Aldrich, Thomas Bailey, American authorwritings of, 13-4815
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Aldus Manutius, see Manuzio, Aldo
Ale-hoof, name for ground-ivy, 14-4979
Alencon. Pleasant old French town in Normandy, with a 16 th-century Gothic cathedral and a famous manufacture of point lace.
Aleppo. Syrian city trading in silk, cotton, wool, leather, rugs, tobacco, oil, wine and fruit Pictures, 18-6669, 6679
Alert, ship, captured by the Essex, 5-1704
Alessandria. Cathedral clty and fortress of Piedmont, Italy, manufacturing macaroni, silk and textiles.
Alessandro Filipepi, see Botticelli, Sandro
Alessi, Galeazzo, Italian architect, 17-6299
Aletsch glacier, Switzerland, 7-2316
Aleutian Islands. Chain of about 150 volcanic islands, belonging mostly to Alaska, at the southern end of the Bering Sea. Reindeer, dogs, foxes and seals are found here.

See also 10-3584
Aleuts. Natives of the Aleutian Islands, North
Pacific, belonging to the Eskimo stock of the North Ametican Indians.
Alewife, herring, 16-5776
Alexander $\mathbf{I}_{,}$tsar of Russia, 16-5694
Alexander II, tsar of Russia, 16-5694
Picture, statue in Sofia, 14-4925
Alexander III, tsar of Russia, 16-5696
Alexander III, king of Scotland, 12-4208
Alexander the Great, king of Macedon

* conquests and influence, 2-707-08
burned palace at Persepolis, 11-3876; 14-5210 defeated Darius III of Persia, 3-918
in Egypt, 3-820
influence on Greek art, 12-4459
introduced cotton into Europe, 8-2783
invasion of India, 8-2822
stories about
Alexander and the pirate, 8-2961
battle with the lion, 8-2964
crossing the river, 8-2964
cutting the Gordian knot, 8-3013
talk with artist, 8-2963
Pictures, portrait, 2-701
at Persepolis, $\mathbf{3 - 9 1 3}$
before battle of Arbela, 3-913
defeat of Darius by Alexander, 2-709; 3-1077 sarcophagus of, 12-4466
Alexander, Mrs. Cecil Frances, hymn-writer, 12-4437
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Alexander, John W., American painter, 10-3452
paintings in Library of Congress, $\mathbf{5 - 1 5 3 6}$
Pictures
Black and Green (gravure), 10-3461
Portrait of Walt Whitman, 13-4729
Alexander, Sir William, received grant of Nova Scotia, 2-682
Alexander Archipelago, Alaska, 10-3584
Alexanders, flowers
Picture (in color), 14-4982
Alexanderson, E. W. F., and radio inventions, 17-6368
Alezandra, Caroline Marie Charlotte Louise Julie (1844-1925). Late dowager queen of England. Born at Copenhagen, the daughter of Christian IX of Denmark. Married Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, in 1863, had three sons and three daughters. Became queen of England when Albert Edward succeeded to the throne (1901) and reigned with him until his death in 1910. Mother of George V, present king of England.
Alexandria, Egypt, founded by Alexander the Great. 3-820-21
lighthouse, ancient, 3-821; 7-2604
sculpture of, 12-4459
Picture, ancient lighthouse, reconstruction (gravure), 7-2608
Alexandrite. Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Alfalfa, or 1ncerme, fodder plant, 7-2412
description and picture of field, 15-5279
Picture, being stacked, 7-2413
Alfonso $\mathbf{I}_{\text {, }}$ king of Portugal, 14-5183
Alfonso II, king of Portugal, 14-5183-84
Alfonso III, king of Portugal, 14-5184


## GENERAL INDEX

Alfonso XIII (1886- ), King of Spain, the posthumous son of Alfonso XII and of Maria Christina, Archduchess of Austria, who became regent during his minority. Early reign marked by troubles abroad and dissatisfaction at home. War against the United States deprived Spain of colonial empire. He took the reins of government in 1902. Married Princess Ena in 1906, granddaughter of Queen Victoria. Several attempts to assassinate him were made.
Alfred the Great, king of England

* life and reign, 4-1432-34; 13-4585-86
and Ohthere, Polar explorer, 8.2977
as a writer, 1-299
built up a navy, 11.3914, 3916
story of burning cakes, $4=1432-33$
Pictures, portrait, 13-4583
scenes in his life, 4-1433; 13-4587
Alfred, ship, first carried Congress Colors, 19-7182
Algæ, group of plants
account of, $10-3721-22$
value to man, 5-1627-28
Sce also Seaweeds
Algeciras. Nearest town in Spain to Gibraltal and first to be taken by the Moors. Here in 1906 an international conference for the regulation of Moroccan affairs was held.
Alger, Horatio, books for children, "14-5014
Algeria, conquered by French, 1830, 2.467
description, 18-6810
struggle against France under Abd-el-Kader, 4-1255
See al8o Algiers
Algiers, city in Algeria, 11-3824
became French possession, 10-3572; 18-6808
Algoa Bay. Sheltered South African roadstead containing the harbor of Port Elizabeth. Bartholomeu Diaz landed here in 1488.
Algol, star, 11-3926
Picture, 11-3923
Algonquiv Indians. The most important linguistic stock of the North American Indians. They include the Blackfoot, Ojibwa, Micmac, Abnaki, Delaware, Cheyenne, Arapaho and many other tribes. They occupied the territory from Labrador to the Rocky Mountains, with the exception of the territory of the Iroquoians.

Champlain aided against Iroquois, 2-680
Alhambra, palace in Granada
description, 15-5466-68
Pictures, 15-5465, 5467, 5469; (gravure), 15-5473-76
Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves (story),
Alibi. From Latin alius, other. In law, the plea of having been, at the time of the commission of an act, elsewhere than at the alleged place of commission
Alicante. Important Spanish Mediterranean port, exporting esparto grass, lead, wine, fruit and almonds.
Alice in Wonderland, by Lewis Carroll
summary and quotations, with pictures,

Alien. A person owing allegiance to another state, used in contradistinction to a citizen. An alien may become a citizen by naturalization. Aliens do not possess political rights, nor are they subject to the political duties of a citizen. In the United States they are admitted by quota. In Canada admission is selective
Alien Laws, U. S., under John Adams, 5-1702 Alimentary canal

Pirture, magnified diagram of villi, 6-2083
Alishan, Ieon, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Alkalies, chemical characteristics, 12-4405-06
All Saints' day, a holiday in Louisiana, 6-2034 See also Hallorve'en
Allahabad. Capital of the Indian United Provinces, at the iumotion of the fianeres and Jumna. A railway, commercial and printing centre, it has two cathedrals, and manufactures indigo. Here is the Pillar of Asoka.
Allegheny Mes. INW Hallw. munning parallel to the east coast of the United States for 1.300 miles. Height from 1,500 to 5,000 feet. Here ary. qrant winl-firlls
Allegheny River. American river. Rises near Raymond, Penn. Flows into the Ohio River.
50 miles.
Alelula, name for wood sorrel, 18-6570

Allen, piano-maker, 5-1796
Allen, Ethan (1737-89). American soldier born
in Connecticut, but a resident of Vermont.
captured Fort Ticonderoga, 4-1164; 6-1906
Pictures
capture of Ticonderoga, 6-1907
fort to-day, 18-6836
Allenby, Edmund, Viscount. English field-marshal; born, 1861 ; conquered Palestine, 1918.
Allerton, Ellen $\boldsymbol{P}_{\text {., }}$ see Poetry Index for poem
and note
Alligator-wood, comes from sweet-gum, 12-4510
Alligators, account of, 14-5229
origin of name, 14-5229
use as scavengers, 1-97
Pictures, 1 -156; 14-5226
Allingham, William, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Alliteration, explanation, 17-6265
in early English poems, 1-321
Alloy. An artificial compound of two or more metals combined while in a state of fusion. Copper and tin thus fused form the alloy bronze; and lead and antimony form the alloy known as type-metal. An artificial metallic mixture containing quicksilver is called an amalgam.
All's Well that Ends Well, by Shakespeare
story of, 8-2686
Allspice, account of, 8-2992
see also Pimento
Picture of plant (in color), 8-2998
Allston, Washington, American painter
life and work, $9-3328,3330$
Picture, Spanish girl, 9-3331
Allward, Walter S., Canadian sculptor, $\mathbf{1 4 - 5 0 7 8}$ Pictures
Baldwin-Lafontaine monument, 14-5080
South African Memorial, 14-5077
Alma, Battle of the. First battle in the Crimean War, fought in 1854 between 35,000 Russians and 30,000 French and 25,000 British. The allies just succeeded in capturing the heights beyond the river Alma.
Alma mater. Term commonly applied to the university or college where a man or woman has been trained. The phrase is Latin and means "kind mother."
Alma-Tadema, Miss Lawrence, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Alma-Tadema, Sir Lawrence. English classical painter; born, Dronryp, Holland, 1836; died, Wiesbaden, Germany, 1912.
Almagro, Diego del, friend of Pizarro, 19-6861
Almanacs, Nautical, 2-457
Almeria. Cathedral city and port on the Span-
ish southeast coast. In Moorish times it was the next richest city after Granada.

Picture, cave dwellings, 14-5045
Almonds, account of, 6-2275
burnt almonds, recipe for, 2-752
Pictures, 6-2274
orchard in Colorado, 7-2554
Aloes, medicinal plants, 8-2911
Picture. 8-2909
(in color), 8-2999
Aloha, Hawailan word, meaning, 15-5450
Alpaca, fleece-bearing llama, 5-1600
Picture (gravure), 5-1604
Alpha Centauri, star, 9-3034, 3039; 11-3783-84
Alphabet
deaf-and-dumb, how to use, 18-6523
making of, $10-3548$
Morse alphabet for telegraph, 17-6050, 6052
Sre also Writing
Pictures, illustrated alphabet, 16-5926-27
Alpheus, in mythology. 9.3236
Alpine plants, characteristics, 15-5601
Alpine races. Branch of the white race that are tynically round-headed; they are not so white in complexion as the Nordic, nor so dark as the Mediterranean branch of the white race. The Slavs are typically Alpine.
Alps, description, 16-5997-98, 6003; * 17-6083-89
tunnels thrmigh, 16-60ns
Pictures, 7-2315, 2317; 16-5997, 5999, 6003, 6009; 17-6083-89
hridees in the Tvrnl. 1-40
Malnia Pass and Mont Blanc, 6-2174
Mer-तf-glare. near Chamnnix, 11-3819
Alps, Australian. Mountain range in New South Wales and Victoria, containing Mount Kosciusko, 7,340 feet.
Alps, Southern, New Zealand, see Southern Alps

GENERAL INDEX

Alsace-Iorraine. Old province of France, between the Vosges and Rhine. Formerly a confederation of independent towns, it was occupied by France in 1648, after the Thirty Years' War, remaining French up to 1871, when it was taken by the Germans. In 1918 it was again occupied by France. Strassburg, the capital, Mulhouse, with important cotton manufactures, and Colmar are the principal towns.

French and German control, 18-6458
French control, after 1919, 11-3824
Germany controlled, after Franco-Prussian War, 10-3573
iron-fields of Lorraine, 12-4168
Picture, girl, showing head-dress, 11-3817
Altai Mts., Asia, 18-6586
Altamira, Spain, cave drawings, 1-196
Alternation of generation, in plants, 3-884
Alternative vote. System of voting for more than one candidate at elections. Each voter marks his ballot paper with 1, 2, and so on, against the names on the list, 1 being his first choice and 2 his second. The system secures fairer representation of the will of the electors.
Altitude, effect on temperature, 8-2664
Altsheler, Joseph A., author, 14-5016
Aluminum or aluminium
account of, 9-3210
bauxite, source of, 13-4526
how made, 16-5948
specific gravity, 14-5038
Alva, Ferdinand, Duke of. Spanish general; born, 1508; died, Thomar, Portugal, 1583; established the Council of Blood in the Netherlands.
Amadis de Gaula, medieval romance, 19-7126
Amalf. Beautiful old city on the Gulf of Salerno, Italy, founded under Constantine the Great. Once a powerful republic. It has a fine Byzantine cathedral.

## Amateur theatricals, stage and scenery, 16-5763

 See also Plays for childrenAmati family, violin-makers, 18-6700
Amazon River, Greatest river in South America and the world, draining an area of over $2,700,000$ square miles if the Tocantins River basin is included, It rises in the Andes and flows 3,000 miles through Peru and Brazil into the Atlantic. In many places it is between four and six miles wide, while its chief tributary, the Madeira, almost rivals it in the volume of its waters. Though the Amazon is navigable for ocean steamers up to Iquitos, 2,300 miles from its mouth, the only important towns it passes are Manaos and Para. It is estimated that less than a million people live in its basin. Its dense jungles, or selvas, are flooded during the rainy season.
source and size of, 7-2538; 19-6863
Pictures, 19-6863
rubber to be shipped, 4-1410
Amazonite, semi-precious stone
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Amazons, legendary women-warriors
in Greek sculpture, 12-4218
Story, Achilles and the Amazon queen, 1-53
Pictures, sculptures, 1-53; (gravure), 12-4334
Ambassador. A diplomatic agent of the highest rank, who represents his country or his ruler to the government or at the court of another country.
Amber, flies in, 13-4824
formation, note with pictures, 13-4824 power of attraction, 4-1243
Ambergris, substance from whales, 6-2215-16
Ambrose, Saint, bishop of Milan
adopted four scales from Greek music, 19-6900 as hymn-writer, 12-4435
life of, 13-4860
Picture, in group, 13-4861
Ameba, simplest form of IIfe, 2-661-63 description of, for game, 8-2880, 3023 Picture, 2-661
Amen, a god of ancient Egypt Pirture, 3-816
Amen-Re, Great Temple of, 14-5212
Amendment. An alteration proposed to be made in the draft of a bill or motion before a meeting which has the power to vote. The amendment must be voted upon before the bill or motion is voted upon. Sometimes the passing of the amendment means the passing of the bill or motion: at other times an amendment entirely reverses the sense of the original bill or motion.

Amendments to U. S. Constitution, see United States-Constitution-amendments
Amenhotep III, king of Egypt, see Amenophis III
Amenhotep IV (Akhenaten or Khu-N-Aten), king of Egypt, 3-816
Picture, portrait, 3-816
Amenophis III, king of Egypt, overcame Euphrates valley, 2-654
Picture, statue (gravure), 11-3878
America, early inhabitants, 19-7133-34
origin of name, 1.89, 242; 8-2980
population, 5-1606
See also Central America; North America; South America; also names of countries
America, patriotic song of the United States, 18-6513
America Islands, coconuts chief product of, 9-3300
American Academy of Arts and Letters. This organization numbers fifty members elected from the membership of the National Institute of Arts and Letters, to which the qualification for entrance is "a notable achievement in art, music or literature." The first seven members of the American Academy of Arts and Letters were elected by ballot in 1904.
American blight, see Aphias-woolly
American Federation of Labor. A non-secret confederation of trade untons on the North American continent. Its object is to work for the improvement in the conditions and wages of labor. Founded in 1881, it now has a membership of $3,500,000$ in its four departments, Building Trades, Metal Trades, Railroad Employees, and Union Label Trades.
American League, in baseball, 17-6141
American Iegion, The. An organization composed of men and women who served honorably in the armed forces of the United States in the World War. It was first organized in Paris, France, in 1919, and now it has over 11,000 hranches called posts, with a membership of over 600,000. The national headquarters of the Legion are in the War Memorial Building, Indianapolis, Indiana.
American literature
history of American literature

* Colonial and Revolutionary time, 12-4445-50
* to the Civil War, 13-4625-33, 4725-30
* later 19 th century, 13-4815-23
* recent American writers, 14-5007-16

See also American poetry and names of authors American Museum of Natural Kistory, New York City, 18-6613-2
collection of precious stones, 19-7234
Pictures, 18-6613-22
American painting, see Painting, American
American poetry

* Song-writers of the U. S., 18-6509-15

See also American Iiterature and Poetry Index
American Revolution, see Revolution, American American sculpture, history, 14-4933-40
American Telephone and Telegraph Co., and picture transmission hy wire, 17-6056
American territory across the seas,

* 10-3583-96

Americans, use of name for residents of U. S. 10-3397
Amerinds, name for Indians, $\mathbf{1 - 1 6 0}$
Amethyst, account of, 19-7227
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Amherst, Jeffrey, Baron (1717-97). British general, captured Montreal from French 1760. Commander-in-chief and governor-general in America, 1761.
Amicis, Edmondo de, author
Cuore, book, story from, 18-6482-84
Amiens. French cotton-manufacturing centre on the Somme. It has a noble cathedral, built in the 13 th century, with a spire 426 feet high; other fine buildings are the town-hall and the Picardy museum. It was a battle centre during the World War. Amiens is an important railway centre
cathedral, 17-6159
peace of, 6-2203
Pirture, "atherlral (eraviure), 17-fiffin, fit?
Ammonia. The popular name for the volatile alkali NHs. It is a colorless gas, is soluble in water and has a pungent odor. It can be liquefied by pressure, and its density is about half that of air.

## GENERAL INDEX

Ammonia (continuerl)
by-product in making coal-gas, 2-636 use in ice-making, 2-533-35
Amœba, see tinebid
Among the snow-capped Alps, * 17-6083-89
Amoy. Chinese port exporting sugar, camphor and paper.
Ampelopsis, plant, resembles poison ivy, 13-4782 Ampère, André Marie. French physicist and mathematician, born, Lyons, 1775; died, Marseilles, 1836. He won fame for his discoveries in electrodynamics.
discoveries in electricity, 16-5673
law of magnetism, 16-5797

## Amphalodes

Picture, flower (gravure), 19-7175
Amphibians, class of vertebrates

* account of, 15-5453-58
definition of name, 1-256
first forms in Carboniferous period, 4-1296 in Devonian period, 4-1176
place in animal development, 1-258
Amphisbænians, lizards, 14-5232, 5234
Amphitheatres, Roman invention, 15-5348 Picture, Verona, Italy, 15-5341
Amphitrite, wife of Neptune, 9-3235
Amplifier, see Loud speaker
Amritzar, India
Picture, golden temple (gravure), 8-2833
Amsterdam, Holland, 15-5566
Pictures, 15-5563
Amundsen, Captain Roald. Norwegian explorer and scientist. Born, Borge, Smaalenene, Norway, July 16, 1872 . Studied medicine for two years. Scientific studies in Germany. Leader in Amund-sen-Ellsworth-Nobile Trans-Polar Flight which crossed from Spitzbergen to Alaska in May, 1926. Amundsen and Oscar Wisting, the only two men to reach both Poles. See Norge.
disappearance in rescue attempt, 13-4723
expedition through Northwest Passage, 8-2988
expeditions, years 1919, 1922, 1925, 13-4722
mate on Belgica, 14-5091
North Pole, flight over, 1-170; 13-frontis., 4722
South Pole, discovery of, 14-5094, 5096
South Pole, reached with ski, 10-3696
Pictures
portrait, 8-2977; 14-5089
in antarctic regions, 14-5088
Amur. River of Siberia and Manchuria, rising in the Yablonovoi Mountains and flowing into the Sea of Okhotsk. Draining over 770,000 square miles, it is free from ice from May to November, and has considerable fisheries. 1,700 miles.
Amusements, see Games; Tricks
For list of main articles, see 20-7639-44
Amyl nitrite, relieves angina pectoris, 8-2730
Anaconda, Montana, copper mines and works, 9-3215
Pictures, Washoe reduction works, 9-3215
Anacondas, snakes, account of, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 4 1 2}$
Picture, 15-5411
Anæsthesia, discovery of anæsthetics, 8-2729-30 local, 8-2730
meaning of word, 8-2729
Anæsthetics, and diet, 8-2730
from coal-tar, 13-4532
history of discovery, 8-2729-30
value of, $\mathbf{8 - 2 7 3 0}$
See also Ether, Sulphuric
Anagrams, game, ways to play, 18-6520, 6522
Anamorphoses, distorted drawings, 18-6644
Anaphylaxis, vaccine treatment, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 4 8 8}$
Anarchism. The doctrine of anarchists, who believe in the absence of government; a state of society in which there is no capable supreme power and in which the several functions of the state are performed badly or not at all, with the result that social and political confusion ensues. Anatolius, St., hymn-writer, 12-4435
Anatomy, see Skeleton
Anaxagoras. Greek philosopher; born, Clazomenæ, Asia Minor, about 500 B.c.; died, Lampsacus, Mysia, about 428.
teacher of Pericles, 2-706
Anaximander. Greek philosopher; born, Miletus, Asia Minor, about 611 в.C.; died, about 547 B.C.; maker of the first map of the world.
Ancestor worship, in China, 2-436
Anchor of a ship, 14-5003
Pictures, 14-5004
of battleship Maine, 17-6325

Ancona. Italian seaport on the Adriatic Sea, with a mole 2,000 feet long built by Trajan.
There is also a triumphal arch of Trajan.
Andalusia, Spain, 14-5040
under Moorish rule, 14-5044
Andaman Island, penal settlement, 9-3184
Andamanese. A primitive race of the Oceanic
Negrito family which inhabits the Andaman
Islands in the Indian Ocean.
Andersen, Hans Chxistian, Danish author, 19-7012
life and writings, 9-3194-96
Wind sings down the chimney (story), $5-1576$ Pictures, portrait, 9-3193
portrait, with characters from stories, $9-3195$
Anderson, Alexander, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Anderson, Elbert, and origin of "Unule Sam," 9-3354
Anderson, R. M., discoverer of blond Eskimos, 13-4222
Andes Mts., South America, description, 19-6857 Andorra. Miniature republic in the Pyrenees; area, 175 square miles. It is under the joint suzerainty of France and Spain.
map, 14-5041
André, John, life, and execution as spy, 11-3996 Picture, receiving death sentence, 11-3997
Andrea del Sarto, see Sarto, Andrea del
Andrée, Salomon August, arctic explorer, 13-4716 Picture, portrait, 13-4707
Andrew, St., of Crete, hymn-writer, 12-4435
Androcles and the Lion (story), 12-4488-89
Andromeda, constellation, nebula in, 11-4040 Pisture, 1-21
Andromeda, plant
Picture, marsh andromeda (in color), 16-5882
Andronicus, Livius, early Roman author, 16-5908
Andros, Sir Edmund, colonial governor, 2-555
Anemone, Sea, see Sea anemone
Anemones
cultivated varieties, 19-7170
star, see Star flower
western, description, 19-6930, 6933
wood anemone, or wind-flower, 17-6276
Picture, western anemone, 19-6933
Angel-fish, see Monkfish
Angelica, wild, description, 16-5734
Picture, and note, 16-5731
Angelico, Fra, of Fiesole, Italian painter
life, 13-4866, 4868
paintings, 2-698
Pictures
scenes in his life, 13-4863
The Nativity (gravure), 2-694
Anger, as an emotion, 12-4442
Angers, Félicité, French Canadian author, 15-5367
Angers. Old capital of Anjou, France, on the
Maine. It has a 13th-century cathedral and castle, and some textile industries
Angina pectoris, disease, relieved by amyl nitrite, 8-2730
Angles, Teutonic tribe, settlement in England, 4-1429
Sce also Anglo-Saxons
Anglo-Persian Oil Company, history, 13-4533-35 refinery, 13-4551
Anglo-Sax on Chronicle
begun by King Alfred, 1-299; 4-1434
ended in reign of Henry I, 5-1568
Anglo-Saxon period, English history, 4-1429-39 Pictures, 4-1433-37
Anglo-Saxon room, British Museum, relics in, 4-1430
Anglo-Saxons, common law originated with, 13-4811-12
Spe also Anglo-Saxon period
Angola, West Africa, 18-i814
Angora. Capital of Anatolia, trading in mohair
Here in 1402 Tamerlane defeated the Turks. In 1923 it became seat of Turkish Government.

Pictures, 13-4809
Angora goats, 4-1377-78
Angouleme. Old French city on the Charente, with wine and paper trades. It has a 12 th-century Romanesque cathedral and remains of ancient fortifications.
Anhinga, bird, viriety of darter, 11-3882
And, belongs to cuckoo family, 10-3501
Aniline dyes, 13-4531-32
Animalcules, in ocean, description, 15-5540

Animals
backboned, see Vertebrates
brains of, series from simplest form, 8-2945-46 carnivorous
balanced by herb-eating, 3-493
characteristics, and checks on increase, 2-493
classes of
mammals

* Animals most like man (monkeys, etc.), 1-207-14
* Animals that lay eggs, 7-2590-95
* Animals that never were, 1-353-59
* Bats and their friends, 1-315-20
* Bears and their cousins, 3-865-73
* Big cats and little cats, 2-493-502
* Camels, 5-1595-1604
* Cattle family, 4-1258-65
* Friendly dogs, 2-710-18
* Gnawers and burrowers (rodents), 3-1127-34
* Horse family, 6-2011-20
* Hyrax and the elephant, 6-2139-47
* Kangaroos and their kin, 7-2501-10
* Living fossils, the Edentates, 7-2393-2400
* Pigs and hippopotamuses, 5-1717-25
* Sea hunters (seals, walruses, etc.), 3-997-1004
* Sheep and goats, 4-1369-78
* Swift runners, 4-1441-48
* Tapir and rhinoceros, 5-1825-31
* Whales and their cousins, 6-2213-20
* Wild dogs, 2-597-603
vertebrates, main groups, 1-256
See also Amphibians, Reptiles, Birds, etc. coloring, protective, $\mathbf{5 - 1 7 5 1}$
curious beliefs about, $\mathbf{1 - 3 5 3}, 355,359$
distribution of, 2 2887
domestic, first taming by man, 4-1259-60
food, forage plants, 7~2409-12
drawings of, how to make, see Drawinganimals
ears, movement of, to catch sound, 9-3306
food comes from plants, 2-689
games about
"What is its name?" 8-2880
"zoo-guess," 5-1776
history
early forms, 1-92-97, 255
vertebrates, development of, 1-255-59
Cambrian period, 3-906
Carboniferous period, 4-1295
Cretaceous period, 5-1660
Eocene period, 5-1784
Jurassic period, 5-1545-47
Miocene period, 5-1784
Permian period, 4-1296
Pliocene and Fleistocene periods. 6-1926-27
prehistoric animals in American Museum,
N. $\bar{Y}$. city, 18-6617-18, 6620

Silurian period, 3-1031-32
Triassic period, 4-1402
See also Birds-development
hot-blooded animals compared with coldblooded, 1-52
Intelligence
chimpanzees, 1-208
comparison, ability to learn tricks, 8-2716
dogs, 2-712, 717
elephants, 6-2140, 2142
Kafir animal stories, 5-1582-83

* legendary, 1-353-59
length of life, $\mathbf{1 - 1 8 5}$
low forms blend with low plant forms, 1-117-18
prehistoric, see Animals-history
resembling plants, $\mathbf{1 - 1 1 8}$
sacred, in India. 8-2702
sea, see Sea-animal life
sense of smell great in lower forms, 11-3955 shadow animals, how to make, 16-5769
specialization in, 7-2393-2400
teeth of, 6-1929-30
training for tricks, 8-2715-16
trespassing, law of, 14-4916
weather foretold by, 10-3625
See also names of animals; as, Cattle, Deer, Dogs, Goats, Horses, Sheep, etc.
For list of main articles, see 20-7602
Porm about
Industry of Animals, by Thomas Miller, 17-6380
Questions about
Are all animals blind qt birth? 18-6558

Animals-Questions about (continued)
Can any animal live for years without food? 2-457
Do animals feel as much pain as we do? 6-2251
Do animals have dreams as we do? 12-4398
Do animals know when they are being treated kindly? 5-1810
Do animals talk to one another? 3-978
Do animals think? 18-6557
How are animals made to perform? 8-2715
How long do animals live? 1-185
Which animals are the most intelligent? 8-2716
Why can baby animals walk so soon? 17-6173
Pictures
brains of, compared with man, 8-2943
prehistoric forms, see illustrations in articles under Animals-history. All are illustrated
See also names of animals
Animals most lise men, * 1-207-14
Animals that lay eggs, * 7-2591-95
Animals that never were, $\begin{aligned} \\ \text { 1-353-59 }\end{aligned}$
Animals with backbones, * 1-255-59
Anise, plant, 8-2996
Anjou. Old French province in the valley of the Loire. It gave a long line of Angevin kings to England, remaining English for the most part up to 1444. Its capital is Angers on the Maine.
Ankle, bones of, 5-1677
sprained, treatment for, 11-4082; 13-4848
Annam. Formerly a Chinese possession in IndoChina, Annam was an independent state from 1428 to 1884 , when it was occupied by the French; 39,758 square miles in extent, it produces rice, millet, silk and timber. The capital, Hué, is the chief port.
Annapolis. A town in Nova Scotia. Name changed from Port Royal in honor of Queen Anne when Nicholson captured it from the French in 1710. It is the export town for the fruitful Annapolis Valley.
Annapolis. Capital of the State of Maryland It is located on the Severn River, two miles from Chesapeake Bay. Here is situated the United States Naval Academy.

See West Point and Annapolis

* United States Naval Academy, 18-6703-10

Pictures, Naval Academy, 18-6707-09
Anne, queen of England, reign of, 6-1981
Anne of Geierstein, by Scott, note on, 11-4070
Annexation. The act of adding, as a smaller thing to a greater; for instance, the annexation of Texas to the United States.
Annie Laurie, story of song, 10-3609
Anning, Mary, found fossil of ichthyosaurus, $5-1546,1548$
Anno Domini, explanation, 4-1316
Anoa, buffaloes of Celebes, 4-1264
Anopheles, mosquito, 15-5488
Anselm, St., archbishop of Canterbury, 8-2846
Ant-bears, account of, 7-2400
Pictures, 7-2395, 2399
Ant-eaters, account of, 7-2397
banded, account of, 7-2509
Pictures, 7-2399
Ant-eaters, Porcupine, echidnas, 7-2594-95
Ant-eaters, Spiny, echidnas, 7-2594-95
Ant-lions, description, 18-6730
Ant-thrushes, name for broadbills, 9-3288 Picture (in color), 10-3623
Antarctic regions
map, 14-5091

* South Pole men, 14-5089-5101

See also South Pole
Question about
Are there flowering plants in the Antarctic? 17-6284

* Pictures. 14-5088-5100

Antarctica, continent round South Pole, 14-5089
Antelopes, description, 4-1441, 1443-45
Pictures, 4-1445
museum group, 18-6619
Antenna, for radio, $\mathbf{1 7 - 6 2 6 0}, 6366,6368$
Anthemius of Tralles, Greek architect, 16-5717
Anther, part of flower, 2-506
Picture, 2-509
Anthony of Padua, St. Great preacher who is said to have converted many sinners. Born, Lis. bon, 1195; died, Padua, 1231.

## GENERAL INDEX

Anthony, Susan Brownell. An American social reformer and a pioneer worker for woman suffrage, civil rights for women, and temperance Born, South Adams, Mass., 1820; died, Rochester, N. Y., 1906

Anthracite coal, see Coal-anthracite
Antidote. A counteracting power of any kind. It may be a medicine to counteract the effects of poison or disease; or it may be an influence which cures a mental outlook.
Antietam, Battie of, 7-2434
Antigone, legendary character, death of, 6-2008 tragedy by Sophocles, note on, 16-5752
Antigua. West Indian island, forming with Barbuda and Redonda a Leeward Island presidency area, 108 square miles; capital, St. John. Discovered by Columbus in 1493 , it was settled by the British in 1632 , and exports sugar, cotton, pineapples and molasses.
Antilles, name for \| West Indies, 19-i097
Antilles, name for A metal, white with a bright lustre, which does not tarnish easily. It is a conductor of both heat and electricity. Stibnite is an important ore of this mineral. Antimony is used to make alloys and in medicine.
Antinous, friend of Emperor Hadrian, 12-4470 Picture, statue, 12-4462
Antioch, Syria, siege of, in Crusades, 7-. 5886
Antiochus IV, Epiphanes, king of Syria, per
secuted Jewish religion, 13-4584
Antipater, governor of Macedon, 3-1082
Antipodes, meaning of, 17-6175
Antirrhinum
Picture, flower (gravure), 19-7179
Antiseptics, Lister's discoveries, 15-5483-85
Antlers, of deer, 4-1446
Antofagasta, Chile, contains nitrate deposits, 19-7038
taken from Bolivia by Chile, 19-7038
Antonello da Messina, Italian painter, 3-1104
introduced oil painting in Venice, 4-1460
Picture, portrait of himself, $3-1105$ portrait (gravure), $3-1110$
Antonine, Wall of, (Scotland), 5-1865
Antoninus Pius (Titus Aurelius), life and reign, 5-1865
Picture, statue of, 5-1865
Antony, Mark (Marcus statesman, life, 4-1368
mind of, 3-984
speech over Cæsar, by Shakespeare, 11-3929-30 suicide of, 5-1859
Picture delivering funeral oration, 11-3929
Antrim. Most populous county of Northern Ire-
land, with an important linen industry. The
chief towns are: Belfast, the capital; Larne,
Lisburn and Carrickfergus; on the north coast
is the Giant's Causeway, and in the west Lough
Neagh. Area, 1,175 square miles.

## Ants

* account of, 17-6349-58
and beetles, 18-6627
care for aphids, 17-6065
eject poison gas, 17-6357
fables about
Ant and the grasshopper, 1-58
Dove and the ant, 14-4946
honey-pot ants, 17-6354
luw l" lludy, 12-1-1!
insects living with ants, $17-6353$
parasol ants, 17-6354
slave-raiders, 17-6356-57
white, sce Termites
Pictures, 17-6351-57
Pictures (in color), facing 18-6721
Antwerp, Belcium, 15-5498
cathedral, 17-6161
Pictures, 15-5505
cathedral, 17-6155; (gravure), 17-6167
Anubis, a god of ancient Egypt, 3-812
Anuradhapura, India, ancient bo tree, 9-3262
Anvils
Question about
Why does a blacksmith's anvil have a tapered end? 14-5225
Aorang1, ship using Diesel engines, 17-6406, 6118
Picture, 17-6408
Aorta, largest artery, 4-1212
Aosta. Old city of Piedmont, Italy, in a beautiful valley below the Alps. It has well preserved Roman walls and remains of baths and an amphitheatre; its cathedral dates from the 14 th

Aosta (continued)
century, and the church of Sant' Orso from the 5 th century
Apelles, painter, ancient Greece, 2-451
Apennines. Mountain range which traverses practically the whole length of Italy, being connected in the north with the Maritime Alps. Its highest peak in the peninsula is Monte Corno 9,560 feet; but the range reappears in Sicily, Where the huge Etna volcano rises to 10,870 feet. Vesuvius, 4,200 feet, is close to Naples.
Apes, account of, 1-207-08, 213
Pictures, (gravure), 1-209-10
Aphelion, greatest distance from sun, 9-3289
Aphids, plant-lice, 17-6077
corn-root, notes and pictures, 17-6065
destroyed by lacewing flies, 18-6730
life with ants, 17-6353
woolly aphid, life history, with pictures 18-6720
Pictures, 17-6071, 6349; 18-6720
Aphrodite (Venus), goddess, 9-3227 Pictures, head of, 12-4329; (gravure), 12-4336
Apocrypha, writings of, 15-5464
Apollo, god, account of, 9-3227
and Admetus, 8-2703
and Cassandra, 8-3014
Pictures (gravure), 9-3230-31
Apollo Belvedere, statue. Picture, 12-4464
Apoplexy. The sudden loss of feeling and movement of the whole body, with the exception of respiration and circulation, caused usually by a hemorrhage of the brain. Sometimes it is due to blood-clots that interfere with the circulation of the blood either to or in the brain.
Apostles. Apostle means, literally, "one who is sent away on a mission." Christ used the word to designate twelve of his disciples sent forth to preach the gospel to the world. Afterward the word described other followers of Christ for instance, Paul and Barnabas. In later days the word has been used to denoie a person undertaking a special mission, for example, an apostle of freedom.
Apoxyomenus, statue by Lysippus, $12-4332$
Picture (gravure), 12-4335
Appalachian Mts., 13-4518, 4520
formation of, 4-1401
Appalachian region of Canada, 1-106, 108
Appendicitis. The medical term for inflammation of the appendix, a narrow tube about three inches long attached to the large intestine. From its closed end and worm-like shape the appendix is called "vermiformis."
Appian Way, Roman road, catacombs in, 2-576 Question about
What is the Appian Way? 8-3016
Pictures
reconstruction of, 15-5340
(gravure), 4-1204
Apple-tree borer, life history, with pictures, 18-6726
Appleby, John F., inventor, 19-7211
Apples
apple-picker, how to make, 19-6964
cultivation over wide range, 6-2064
Delicious apple, origin of, 11-4133
developed from crabapple, 4-1387
jelly, how to make, 1-130
Poems about
Discontented Apples, by F. E. Weatherly, 5-1888
Mine Host of the "Golden Apple," by Thomas Westwood, 7-2364
Questions about
Where does an apple come from? 11-3975
Where is there a monument to an apple? 11-4133
Pictures, 6-2063
cross section, 2-507 orchard in bloom, 8-2679
Appliqué work, how to do, 16-5891-92
Appomattox Court House, Lee's suriender, 7-2442
Picture, house where Grant met Lee, 7-2441
Apprentice system, account of, in shoemaking, 18-6442
Apricots, fruit
where grown, 6-2064
Pichure. 6-20f1
April. The fourth month of the year, containing
thirty days. It was the second month of the Roman calendar. The name is supposed to come

## GENERAL INDEX

April (continued)
from the Latin aperire, to open, alluding to the season when the buds and flowers open. April was sacred to Venus, and it has been suggested that perhaps the name was originally Aphrilis. from Aphrodite, the Greek name of Venus.
Apron, child's, how to make, 7-2649
Apse, 16-5715, 5720
Aquamarine, variety of beryl, 19-7227-28
l'icture (in color), facing 19-7225
Aquarids, shower of meteors, 10-3672
Aquarii, Roman firemen, 9-3158
Aquarium, for goldfish, 3-1026-28
Aqueducts
Barlon Astuerfuct, Englatirl, 13-47:
New York water supply from, 14-5056-60
Roman, beauty of, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 4 6}$
Claudius' work, 5-1862
pirtures
ancient aqueducts in Smyrna, 13-4810
for N. Y. water supply, 14-5059
on Canadian Pacitic Railway line, Alleerta, 4-1229
Roman, 14-5049, 5190; (gravure), 15-5351
Aqueous humor, of eye, 10-3684
Aquinas, Thomas, St. Born near Aquino, Italy, about 1225; died near Terracina, 1274. A famous Italian philosopher and theologian. A member of the Dominican order, he taught at Cologne, Paris, Rome, etc. He has been called the "Father Paris, Rome, etc. He h
of Moral Philosophy",
Aquitania, ship. Pictures,
12-4425-26
Ara, cockatoo, account of, 10-3614

## Arabia

* account of, 18-6672-76
cities, abandoned, 18-6675
conquered Persia, 3-918
government by sheiks, 18-6674
literature, see Arabian literature
map, 3-908
products, 18-6675
railroad, 18-6675
relations with Great Britain, 18-6674
See also Arahs
Pictures, various scenes, 18-6673
Arabian literature, 15-5463-64
camel songs, influence, $\mathbf{5 - 1 5 9 6}$
Arabian Nights' Entertainments, book, origin, 15-5464
Arabis, flower, 19-7170


## Arabs

African conquests, 9-3047; 18-6808
architecture, see Architecture, Saracenic
astronomical studies, mediæval, 1-202
butter, first made by, 1-373

* desert life, 18-6735-40
dwellings, 5-1657
food in desert. 18-6740
horses of, 6-2014
in Palestine, 18-6678
influence on European thought, 15-5463-64 influence on Venice, 4-1456
Mohammedanism excited to conquest 9-3097-98
self-government movement. 18.6672, 6674
windows, decorated, 18-6743
Poem aluont
Arab's Farewell to his Steed, by Mrs. C. S. Norton, 2-608
l'ictures
Arab's Farewell to his Steed. 2-604
scenes of daily life (gravure), 5.1601-03 school and workshap, 18-tifil
Aracari, bird
Picture (in color), 10-3621
Arachnida, account of, 16-6011-20
Aragon. Once a powerful Spanish kingdom, including the old provinces of Catalonia and Valencia: the Balearic Islands; and Naples, Sicily, and Sardinia, in Italy.

Nir alan 14-.jn4n
Aral, Lake. Inland sea in Turkestan, fed by the Amu Daria and Syr Daria rivers. Only slightly salt, it has an area of 26,233 square miles Aramaic language used by Jesus, 10-3474
Aran Islands. Three rucepd islands lying acros: the entrance to cialway Fayy in Irplamsl.
Ararat. Irnefian mountain known to the Tersians ack Koh-i-Nuh, or the Mountain of Noah: 17.300 feet.

Araucanians, Indian tribe of South America, 19-6858
not conquered by Spaniards, 19-6863

Arawaks, tribe of Indians
exterminated by Spaniards in West Indies, 19-7097-98
in South America, civilization, 19-6858
Arbela, Battle of, 3-913
Picture, 3-1077

## Arbitration

?uestion about
Why cannot two people decide disputes? 6-2250
Arblay, Madame d', see Burney, Fanny
Arbor Day, observance of, 6-2093-94
Pict ures, 6-2089
Arbutus, plant, account of, 13-4775, 4779; 17-627 Pirture, 13-475!
Arc lamps, see Electric lamps
Arcades, by Milton, note on, 4-1236
Arcadia, written by Sir Philip Sidney, 4-1477
Arcady
Question about
What do the poets mean by Arcady? 15-j364
Arcagnolo, see Orcagna
Arcas, son of Jupiter, legend of, 6-1971
Arch of Titus, Rome, 4-1200
Picture (gravure), 4-1203
Arch of Triumph, see Arches, Triumphal
Archæopteryx, early type of bird, 1-94; 2-634; 5-1546; 8-2758
Archangel. Arctic port of Russia, on the White Sea. It has large fisheries, and trades in flax, oats, tar, linseed, furs, tallow and timber between June and October.
Archer, James, artist
Picture, The Passing of Arthur (gravure), 19-6947
Archer, John W., English artist, 2-445
Archer fish. Picture, 16-5897
Archermos, Greek sculptor, 11-3992
Arches
in architecture, 8-3009, 3012
in Babylonian architecture. 14-5209
in Gothic architecture, 16-5967-68
in Roman architecture, 15-5346
in Romanesque architecture, 16-5719
in Saracenic architecture, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 4 6 6}$
Arches, Triumphal
in London, 8-3012; 9-3356; 15-5 347
in New York, 8-3012; 9-3356; 17-6214
in Paris. 8-3012; 9-3356
of the Romans, 8-3012; 15-5347
Qurstion about
What was the origin of the Arch of Triumph? 9-3356
Pictures
in New York, 17-6211
in Paris (gravure), 11-3827
of the Romans, 8-3010; 14-4920; (gravure), 1-72; 4-1203, 1205; 15-5356
Archimedes, Greek mathematician
story nf saving "Fureka. 11-384״-4.
studied area of circle, 3-1113
Pinture, studying circle, 3-1113
Archimedes, screw-propelled vessel, 17-6404
Architecture
Baroque, or rococo style, 17-6310
church, see Church architecture
history

* in ancient nations. 14-5207-12
evolution from Greek to Gothic, 16-5967
* in Christian era, early styles, 16-5715-25
national characteristics shown by, 14-5207
orders, or classes, 15-5342
Composite order, 15-5347
Doric order, 15-5343
Ionic order, 15-5344
Tuscan order, 15-5347
proportion in, 15-5341-42
skyscrapers, 18-6555
Question about
What were the first buildings like? 8-3009-12
Ser also following entries for commtries or styles; as, Architecture, American
Pictures
* development from early times, 8-3010-11
in Portugal, 14-5189-91
Trish ruins, 8-29!
set-back construction (gravure), 8-frontis.
 Nif ulsw all articles on Arehitecture athd mally in All Conntrits
Architecture, American
* Architecture in the U. S., 18-6679-90


## GENERAL INDEX

Architecture, A-nerican (continucd)
domestic, 18-6680-81, 6690
influences from parent lands, 18-6679
modern forms, 18-6684, 6689
Spanish intluence in the Southwest, 18-6425-26
steel-frame buildings cause of new style, 18-6690
Pictures, old colonial houses, 12-4153-54
Pictures, (gravure), 18-6685-88
Architecture, Assyrian, 14-5208-09
palace construction, $2-655$
Pictures, 2-646, 649; 8-3010; 14-5207; (in color), 1-296
Architecture, Babylonian, 14-5208-09
Pictures, 2-646, 649, 659; (gravure), 7-2608
Architecture, Belgian, 15-5500-02; 17-6161-62
Renaissance influence $18-6500$
Pictures, $15-5495,5499$, $5503-06$; (gravure), 17-6166
See also Cathedrals
Architecture, Byzantine, 16-5716-19
Pictures, $8-3010 ; 13-4804-05,4807,4809-10$; 16-5714; (gravure), 16-5721-22; 17-6301
Architecture, Chinese, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 4 7 2}$
construction of houses. 5-1657-58
Pictures, 9-3094-95; (gravure), 15-5479
Architecture, Domestic
English, development of, 18-6489-90
in United States, 18-6680-81, 6690
Architecture, Egyptian, 14-5210-12
use of arch, 8-3009
Pictures, ancient (gravure), 14-5213-16
Architecture, English
classic revival, 19 th century, 18-6491-92
domestic architecture, development of, 18-6489-90

* history, 12-4353; 16-5963-72; 18-6489-92

Norman influence, 5-1565-66
See also Cathedrals
Pictures, 18-6488-89, 6493
drawings by William Twopeny, 2-444-45
Gothic, 16-5963, 5965; (gravure), 16-5973-76 in London, 12-4352-53, $4355,4357,4359$ of the past (gravure), 7-2303-04
Saxon, in England, 4-1437
various styles, 8-3011
Architecture, Etruscan, influence on Rome, 15-5346
Architecture, Flemish, see Architecture, Belgian
Architecture, French
castles, or châteaux, 18-6492, 6494-95
Churches, 16-5720, 5725
Renaissance influence, 18-6496, 6498
classic revival, 18-6498

* history, 18-6492-98
hítels. 18-tid9 +-95
municipal buildings, 18-6495
walled towns, 18-54! 4
Pictures, 10-3574-76
Pictures, 10-35ris (gravure) 11-3825-28
See also Castles, Cathedrals and articles above
Architecture, German
churches, 17-6160-61
churches, Romanesque, 16-5725
Renaissance influence, 18-6498, 6500
Sce also Cathedrals
Pictures, 12-4160-61; (gravure), 12-4173-80 see also Castles, Cathedrals and articles above


## Architecture, Gothic

compared with Renaissance, 17-6300

* in England. 16-5969-72
on the continent of Europe, 17-6155-62
in United States, 18-6689
* spirit and characteristics, 16-5967-69

See also Cathedrals; Church architecture Pictures, 8-3011
See also articles above
Architecture, Greek, 14-5212
arch not used, 8-3009

* Greek and Roman builders. 15-5.341-46 Pictures, 2-705; 3-1068, 1075, 1079; 8-3010; 15-5340; (gravure), 15-5349-52
Architecture, Indian, or Hindu, 15-5468, 5470-72 Saracenic influence, $15-5471$
Pictures (gravure), 8-2829-35; 15-5477-80
temples (gravure) 9-3093-96
Architecture, Italian
churches, 17-6162-64
churches, Romanesque, 16-5725
in Florence, 5-1735-40
Venetian, 4-1456, 1458-59
See also Cathedrals; Architecture, Renaissance

Architecture, Italian (continued)
Pictures

* great buildings of Italy (gravure) 17-6301-08
in modern cities, 13-4567, 4573
See also articles above
Architecture, Japanese, 15-5472
construction of houses, 5-1657-53
Pictures, 2-567,569
Architecture, Norman, in England, 16-5963-67
influence on England, 5-1565-66
Pictures, 5-1567; 8-3010; (gravure), 16-5974-7
Architecture, Pelasgic, 14-5212
Pictures
Gates of Lions, Mycenæ, 8-3010; 11-3991
Throne room, Knossos, 14-5215
Treasury of Atreus, 14-5215
Axchitecture, Persian, 14-5209-10
Pictures, 3-909-21; 14-5206
Architecture, Renaissance
compared with Gothic, 17-6300
in England, 18-6490-91
in France, 18-6495-98
in Germany, Holland, and Belgium, 18-6498, 6500
in Italy, 17-6297-6311
in Spain, 18-6500, 6502
Pictures, 8-3011
Sce al8o articles above
Architecture, Roman, 8-3009, 3012
* account of, 15-5346-48

Pictures
in southern Europe, 15-5340-41; (gravure) 4-1202-07; $15-5351,5353,5355-56$
Pantheon, Rome, 4-1197
Roman remains, in England, 4-1318-19, 1323-24
styles and structures, 8-3010
Architecture, Romanesque, 16-5719-25
in churches, 2-581
Pictures, 8-3010; (gravure), 16-5721-24
Architecture, Saracenic, 15-5465-68
in India, 15-5471-72
in Spain, Moorish, 15-5466-68
Pictures, 15-5465, 5467, 5469; (gravure), 15-5473-77
Architecture, Spanish
churches, 17-6164
classical and Italian influence, 18-6500, 6502
Moorish type, see Architecture, Saracenic
See also Cathedrals
Pietures, 14-5045, 5047, 5049; (gravure), 15-5473-77
in Southwestern U. S., 18-6427
Arcola, Battle of, note, with picture, 6-2198
Arcot, India, capture by Clive, 8-2826
Arctic fox, 2-602
Arctic regions
archipelago, 1-114
climate formerly warmer, 8-2989
explorations
Frohisher, 14-4960
Henry Hudson, 14-4971

* history of, 8-2977-89
* North Pole men, 13-4707-23
value of, 8-2989
islands, ownership of, 13-4722
mans. 13-171., 17:3
vegetation of, 8-2668
See also Antarctic regions; North Pole
Pictures, connected with explorations, 8-2977 2979-89; 13-4707-23
Arden. Wooderl district in W゙arwickshire. Fing
Arden. the remains of the Forest of Arden of land, the remains of the Fol
Ardennes, highlands of Belgium, 15-5496
Ardmore, Ireland
Picture, Round Tower, 8-2942
Areopagitica, by Milton, account of, 4-1238
Arequipa, astronomical observatory in the Andes, 1-288
Ares (Mars), god, 9-3227
Arethusa, nymph, in mythology, 9.3236
Arethusa, orchid, description, 18-6567
Argali, wild sheep, 4-1375
Picture, 4-1372
Argall, Samuel, expedition against Acadia, 2-682
Argand, Almé, invented lamn, 3-996
Argentine. Second largest South American republic; area, $1,150,000$ square miles. Capital, Buenos Aires. Famous as one of the world's chief granaries. Linseed and frozen meat are


## GENERAL INDEX

Argentine (continued)
mportant exports. Cattle and sheep are numbered by the million. The chief towns are: Rosario, Cordoba, Tucuman, La Plata, Santa Fé, Mendoza and Bahia Blanca. Immigration, chiefly from Spain and Italy, is rapidly increas ing the population.
description, 19-7034, 7036
history, 19-7C33
races in, 19-7036
Pictures, 19-7035, 7037, 7044-45
Argo, Jason's ship, 3-1100-01; 11-3912
Argon, element, in electric lamps, 16-5939
Argonaut, or paper nautilus, description, 19-6892
Pictures, 19-6882
shells, 19-6886
argonauts. A band of legendary Greek heroes, led by Jason, who soon after the Trojan War sailed in the ship Argo to Colchis in search of the Golden Fleece. Aided by Medea, a dark witch-maiden, they killed the dragon guarding the fleece. Among the heroes on that wonderfu royage were Hercules, Castor and Pollux, Butes, Peleus and Orpheus.
Argonne. Wooded range of hills in northeast France, west of the Meuse. Famous for its position in the war area during the World War.
Argus, builder of Argo, 11-3912
Argus, dog of Odysseus, 1-146
Argylishire, river in Scotland, harnessed,
15-5435
Arl Thorgilsson, early Scandinavian writer, 19-7010
Arica. Port of northern Chile, the terminus of a railway from La Paz, Bolivia. It exports copper, gold, silver, iron, sulphur, salt, guano and borax.
Arlel, sprite in The Tempest, 3-986
Aril, name for mace, 8-2994
Arlosto, Iudovico, Italian author, 17-6154
Picture, portrait, 17-6149
Aristaus, in mythology, 9-3236
Aristides the Just, Greek general
anecdote about, with picture, 3-1077 character and struggle with Themistocles, 2-704, 706
Pictures, portrait, 2-701; in group, 2-703
Aristophanes, Greek dramatist, 16-5753
Picture, portrait, 16-5747
Aristotle, Greek philosopher
and electricity, 16-5665

* life and influence, 16-5918-20
method of study, and influence, 2-708
teacher of Alexander, 2-707
teaching on falling bodies disproved by Galileo, 1-280
Picture, 16-5914


## Arithmetic

Question about, Why do we count in tens? 12-4397
See also Games, Educational-numbers to teach; Problems
For list of helps in learning, see 20-7646
Arizona. Southwestern state; area, 113,956 square miles; capital and largest city, Phœenix. Rainfall is generally slight, and there are large desert areas, but irrigation from the Colorado River has brought prosperity to large districts. Cotton, wheat, corn, etc., are thriving crops. Minerals, especially copper, gold, rock-salt and lead, abound. Here is the Grand Canyon of the Colorado. Abbreviation, Ariz. Nickname, "Baby State," "Sunset State," or "Apache State." State flower, cactus. Motto, "Ditat Deus" (God enriches). "Arizona" comes from an Indian word meaning "few springs." First settlement, Yuma, 1854.
described in Western States, 18-6425-36; 19-6841-50

* desert regions, 9-3025-32
petrified forest, 9-3026, 3028
made a state, 11-3949
once part of Mexico, 6-1920
Pirtures
cactuses, 9-3264
desert, 9-3025, 3027, 3032
flag (in color), 19-7191
Indian village, and mission, 18-6427
Roosevelt dam, 7-2552
University of, 12-4314
Arizona, University of
Picture, Agricultural building, 12-4314

Arkansas. Cotron state on the Mississippi's right bank; area, 53,335 square miles; capital and largest city, Little Rock. After cotton, Iumber and timber products are most important with coal, petroleum, lead and manganese mining next. Abbreviation, Ark. Nickname, "Bear State." State flower, apple blossom. Motto, "Regnat populus" (The people rule). Arkansas was the name of an Indian tribe living in the state. First settlement, Little Rock, 1690.
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900
made a state, 6-1916; 11-3939
seceded (May 6, 1861), 7-2432
Pictures
Capitol at Little Rock, 14-4897
flag (in color), 19-7190
Hot Springs and the Ozarks, 14-4895
Arkansas River. American river, rising in Rocky Mountains, Colorado. Flows into Mississippi River. Cuts through granite, making the beautiful Royal Gorge, nearly 9 miles long and 3,000 feet deep. 2,000 miles.

Picture, canyon of, Colorado, 18-6431
Arkwright, Sir Richard, inventor of spinning machinery, 19-7202-03
Arles. Ancient city of Provence, France, having been important in Roman times and earlier. Its Roman remains include the palace of Constantine, an aqueduct, baths, and an immense amphitheatre for 25,000 spectators. The Romanesque church of St. Trophime is very fine.

Picture, Roman ruins (gravure), $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 5 5 - 5 6}$
Arlington, Va., Robert E. Lee's home, note and picture, 14-4893
Arlington National Cemetery
Pictures, 5-1541
Arm, see Arms
Armada, Spanish, defeat by English, 5-1820; 14-5044, 5046
ships too heavy, 11-3916, 3918
Poem about
Armada, by T. B. Macaulay, 14-5127
Picture, 5-1819
Armadillos, account of, 7-2398
Pictures, 7-2393, 2399
Armagh. County of Northern Ireland, manufacturing linen; area, 512 square miles; capital, Armagh.
Armature on magnet, 10-3581
modern dynamo, 16-5674
Armenia. Russian dependency in the Caucasus, under Soviet government; area, 15,000 square miles: capital, Erivan. Ancient Armenia, which comprised parts of Turkey and Persia, existed as a kingdom from at least 600 B.C.; the Armenian Church is the oldest Christian church having been founded about A.D. 300 .
map, 13-4808
song, Hymn to Liberty, by Nalbandian,
Armenians. An Alpine race with some Semitic characteristics. This race is of quick intelligence, and its home is in the mountainous country round Mount Ararat in east Asia Minor.
Arminius. German chieftain and hero; born, 17 B.C.; died, A.D. 21: liberated Germany from the Romans under Varus.
Armistice. Mutual agreement by two belligerents to suspend warlike operations for a stated time. It frequently precedes peace negotiations, as in November, 1918.
Armistice Day, holiday, 6-2094
Arms, bones of, 5-1676
exercises for, 15-5332
Question about
Why do we swing our arms when we walk? 5-1808
Pictures, diagrams showing action of biceps, 5-1805
Arms, Coats of, 1-186
Armstrong, E. F., and radio inventions, $\mathbf{1 7 - 6 2 4 8}$, 63 fi 8
Army, U. S., see United States-army
Army worm. account of, 17-6419
Arne, Thomas, wrote music of Rule, Britannia, 10_3fif,
ica, plant, $8-2913 ; 18-6666$
Arnica, plant, 8-2913; 18-6666
Arno. River of Tuscany which passes Arezzo, Florence, Fmpoli and l'isa, flowing from the Apennines into the Ligurian Sea.
Arnold, Benedict (17t1-18n1). American men-
eral and traitor. He did brilliant service at Ti-

Arnold, Benedict (continued)
conderoga, Quebec and Saratoga, where he was severely wounded. After failure to betray West
Point entered British army and afterwards lived in London.
attack on Quebec, 1775-76, 3-942; 4-1164
attempted betrayal of West Point, 11-3996
Arnold, Sir Edwin, poetry of, 12-1232
see also Poetry Index for poem and note
Arnold, Matthew, poetry of, 12-4230-31
sur ulse Poetry index, for poems and motes Picture portrait, with father, 15-5619
Arnold, Samuel J., song-writer, 10-3608
Arnold von Winkelried, Swiss hero, 16-6004
Arnolfo di Cambio, Italian architect, 17-6162
buildings in Florence, $\mathbf{5 - 1 7 3 6}$
Arnolfo di Lapo, see Arnolfo di Cambio
Arouet, Francois Marie, see Voltaire
Arpád, Magyar leader, 17-6339
Arras. Ancient capital of Artois, France, once famous for its tapestry. It suffered severely during the World War, its fine cathedral and town hall being ruined.
Arrest. In the eyes of the law to arrest means to take into custody, or to seize by virtue of a egal warrant
Arrhenius Svante, Swedish scientist, 13-4538
Arrowhead, plant, description, 16-5870, 5872
Picture, 16-5870
Arrowrock dam, Idaho, 7-2546
Picture, 7-2552

## Arrowroot, plant

Picture (in color), 8-2998
Arrows, see Bow and Arrow
Arsenic (As). Found sometimes in a native state, but usually in combination with oxygen, sulphur and other elements. Realgar, orpiment and arseno-pyrite, or mispickel, are the chief minerals from which the arsenic of commerce is obtained. Arsenic is used in medicines, as a pigment in making paint, in making Paris reen.
Arson. The setting on fire purposely of any building or property with the intention of willfully causing destruction. In the eyes of the law arson is a crime.

## Art

* Rich treasure that is ours, 1-61-64
appreciation of, 1-64
classical, influence on modern French art 6-2077-80
expresses what is universal, 14-5079
form of self-expression, 1-63-64
history
* of cave-men. 1-1s9-96
in Bronze Age, 1-289-90
* early Christian art, 2-575-82
inspired by emotion, 1-62
terror unsuitable subject, 12-4460
test of best art, 1-61-62
©re als, Architerture: Fainting: Sculpture:
Renaissance art
Art, Assyrian, 1-292, 297; 11-3875-76
pirture interior of palare (in (enlor), 1-296
See also Architecture, Assyrian; Sculpture, Assyrian
Art, Babylonian, 1-292, 297; 11-3875-76
see also Architecture, Babylonian
Art, Classical, art of the ancient Greeks and Romans, 2-449-53; 11-3987-94; 12-4215-22, 4327-36, 4459-70
See also Architecture, Greek and Roman
Art, Decorative, see Design
Art, Egyptian, 11-3874-75
based on religion, 1-290
* characteristics, 1-290-92

See al8o Architecture, Egyptian; Sculpture, Egyptian
Pictures, ancient pictures (in color), 1-293-95 See also Architecture, Egyptian; Sculpture, Egyptian
Art, Greek, 2-449-54
influence on Christian art, 2-575, 580
See also Architecture, Greek; Sculpture, Greek
Art, Persian, 1-297
influence on Christian art, 2-575-76
See also Architecture, Persian; Sculpture, Per-ian
Art, Renaissance, see Renaissance Art
Art, Syrian, intluence on (hristian art. 2-ĩ5, 5iso
Artaxerxes III, king of Persia. 3-916
Artemis (Diana), goddess, 9-3227
Picture, statue, 12-4464

Artemisia, built tomb of Mausolus, 7-2604
Artemisium, naval battle at, 3-1078
Arteries

* Bones and arteries of our body, 13-4618-19
carry blood from heart, 4-1209
structure of, 4-1213
wounded, treatment for, 15-5599-5600
see also Blood-circulation
Pictures, 7-2550; 13-4619
Artesian wells, reason for, 6-2249
Arthur, King
egend of grave, Kichmond Hill, 17-6:i2!
Round Table, stories of
* five stories, 19-6941-53

Geraint and Enid, 17-6320-23
Lily maid of Astolat, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 2 3}$
Sir Tristram of Lyonnesse, 7-2460-61
Pictures about Round Table stories (gravure), 19-6945-48
Arthur, Chester Alan, president of U. S., 8-2670 administration, 11-3943
life, outline of, 11-3953
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3946
Arthur's Chariot, name for constellation Great Bear, 6-1971
Artichokes, Jerusalem, see Jerusalem artichokes
Articles of Confederation, American Revolution, adoption, and terms of, 5-1696-97
Artists of the old empires, * 1-289-97
Arum, plant, growing in the house, 7-2516
wild, see Cuckoo-pint
Arundel, Earl of, Thomas Howard
Picture, portrait by Van Dyck, 5-1584
Aryans, conquest of India, 8-2821
languages, Hindu, and European, 15-5461
"As the crow flies," meaning of expression, 7-2486
As You Like It, by Shakespeare, 3-838
Pictures, 3-839
Asafetida, gum, account of, 8-2911
Asbestos. A fibrous mineral, usually of serpentine, but sometimes of tremolite composition. It will not burn and is a poor conductor of heat, so it is of commercial value as a fireproof material. The province of Quebec, Canada, provides the greater part of the world's supply:
mines in Quebec, 1-108
Ascension Island, account of, 9-3188, 3190
Aseptic treatment, discovery of by Lister, 15-5484
Ash trees, account of, 12-4247-48, 4258
Indians made canoes from, 12-4510
Nef also Mountain ash
l'icturcs. 12-425s, 4509 fruit (in color). 11-4027
Ashanti. British West African district, since 1901 under the Gold Coast. Gold, rubber, cocoa, palm-oil, tobacco and mahogany are produced. account of, 9-3056
Ashburton Treaty, 184\%. The treaty which settled the rexed question of the international inumdary letween Maine and canada.
Ashby-de-la-Zouch. Leicestershire town, Fhsand, containing ruins of the castle made famous by Scott's I Wanhoe. Here Mary Queen of Serts was imprisoned.
Ashley, Lort, see Shaftesbury, 1st earl of Anthony Ashley Cooper)
Ashokan dam, account of, 14-5055-56
Ashokan reservoir, note and picture, 14-5057
Ashur-bani-pal, king of Assyria, library of, 18-6672
life and reign, 2-656-58
Pictures, portraits (bas-relief), 2-647, 657
Ashur-nazir-pal, king of Assyria, 2-654
Picture, portrait (statue), 2-657
Asia. Largest of the continents, having an area of $17,206,000$ square miles, or about one-third of the world's land surface. Geographically the most important feature of Asia is the lofty Pamir Plateau, from which radiate stupendous mountain ranges exceeding even the Andes in height. These include the Himalayan, Karakoram, Hindu Kush and Kwen Lun ranges. A vast area of the continent consists of lofty and sparsely populated tablelands, chief of which is the great plateau of Tibet, 10,000 to 17,000 feet high. On the other hand, the mountains give rise to a remarkahle number of great rivers, and these have some of the most fertile and populous basins in the world. The population in the alleys of the Ganges and the Yang-tse-kiane is in many places denser even than in the in-

## GENERAL INDEX

Asia (continued)
dustrial districts of Europe. The vast plains of siberia, however, are generally too cold to support a large population. Asia possesses a greater number of important islands than any other continent, notably the East Indies, the Japinese Empire, the Philippines, Cyprus and Ceylon, The agricultural wealth especially of China, India and the East Indies is enormous. Mineral wealth is exceedingly great and widespread. China has great stretches of coal-beds. The people of Asia may be divided into three main groups: the Caucasian in western Asia and India; the Mongolian in central and eastern Asia; and the Malay in the extreme southeast and in the East Indies. In addition, there are Dravida in southeast India and some Negrito tribes in the eastern archipelago, besides large numbers of Europeans in Siberia. Over half the population hold the Buddhist religion, or religions akin to it; there are over 100 million Mohammedans, and, in India, over 220 million Hindus.

* Arab Asia, 18-6669
* central Asia, description, 18-6583-92
maps, central Asia, 18-6.546
southeastern Asia, 3-908
mountains, 18-658
population, 5-1606
water power, 15-5430
See al8o names of cities and countries in Asia
For list of main articles, sce 20-7597
Asia Minor. Westernmost peninsula of Asia, forming part of the Turkish Empire. Though generally mountainous a great part of the country is exceedingly fertile, producing large quantities of cereals, fruit, cotton and tobacco. Smyrna, Broussa, Angora, Konia (Iconium) and Trebizond are the chief towns. Practically coincident with Anatolia.
Asir, Arabia, 18-6675-76
Asoka, Indian ruler, 8-2822
Asp, snake, 15-5414
Asparagus, account of, 7-2616
Picture, 7-2620
Aspdin, Joseph, discovered Portland cement, 7-2305


## Aspen trees

Question about
Why do the leares of the aspen tree always shake? 15-5366
Picture, 12-4507
Aspersit, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4985
Asphalt. A bituminous material used for floorings, pavements and roofs. The natural substance is asphaltum, which is widely distributed over the earth. The island of Trinidad has a lake of boiling pitch, or asphaltum. Artificial asphalt is made of refuse tar, slaked lime and
Asquith, Herbert Henry (Earl of Oxford and Asquith). English statesman. Prime minister of Great Britain 1908-16. Born, Yorkshire, 1852. During his ministry the Lords were deprived of their power of veto, the Home Rule Bill was passed, and Great Britain entered the World War.
Assam. Northeastern Indian province; area, 53,000 square miles; capital, Shillong. The teagardens here have an area greater than those of all the rest of India. while the rainfall aver-
ages 100 inches annually.
Assembly. The name given to the lower house of the legislature in several of the states of the United States and in some of the British doUnited States and in
Ainions and colonies.
fables about. hy Esrip
Ass and his driver, 4-118f
Tupiter and the ass, 6-1969
Two loaded asses, 1-58
ぐrf alen I Onnkev:
Pirtures, wild asces, 6-2017, 201,
Assessor. This term is applied usually to an officer who values, or assesses, property for the purpose of taxation. To carry on the government of a city or a township it is necessary to have money, and in most cases this money is raised liy a tax on property. The asswssur makes out a list of all property in his district and estimates its value; on his valuation the owner is taxed.

Assignment. A law term which means transferring, or making over, to another some real or personal property, or a right therein.
Assiniboia, district of Canada, 4-1490
Assisi, Italy, San Francesco, church, 17-6163
Picture, church of San Francesco (gravure), 17-6170
Associated Press. The largest and most powerful news collecting and distributing agency on the North American continent. It is made up of publishers of newspapers all over the continent who have banded together to exchange news. They have also reporters in important places all over the world to send news by cable or telegraph in to the head-office, where it is distributed to the newspapers that are members of the Association. The Associated Press does not admit all newspapers to membership, reserving the right to admit only a certain number in each city or district according to the population, and it does not sell its news service to non-members of the Association. The cost of maintaining the service is borne by all the members in proportion to the use made of it.
Association of ideas, laws of, 11- 4068
Assouan Dam, Nile River, 7-2546; 18-6806
Pictures, 7-2553

## Assyria

art, see Art, Assyrian

* history, 2-647-60; 18-6670-71
conquered Babylonia, 13 th century B . C., 2-654
founded as Babylonian colony, 2-652
invasion of Egypt, 3-820
overcome by Medes, 2-658-59
horses of, 6-2014
libraries, clay books, 2-656-58
iiterature, 2-656-58; 15-5462
musical instruments, 5-1795
name, meaning of, 2-652
newspapers, substitutes for, 7-2483
sculpture, see Sculpture, Assyrian
social conditions shown by architecture, 14-5209
writing, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 4 6}$
See also Architecture, Assyrian; Sculpture, Assyrian
Pictures, 2-646-60
cylinder, used for book, 10-3545
interior of palace (in color), 1-296
Asteroids, or planetoids. The small planets, numbering more than 465 , which lie between tho orbits of the large planets Mars and Jupiter.


## Asters

seaside varieties, $\mathbf{1 4 - 5 1 6 2}$
Pictures (gravure)
garden flower, 19-7177
mammoth aster, 19-7180
ostrich plumed aster 19-7179
Asters, Mountain, description, 18-6662
Astigmatism. A defect in the refracting apparatus of the eye so that rays of light entering the eye do not meet in a point upon the retina, but meet in a line. This is due to the fact that the curvature of the cornea, and sometimes of the lens, is not normal.
Astor, John Jacob (1763-1848). Born in Waldorf, Germany. Emigrated in 1783 to New York, where he went into the fur trade. In 1810 founded the Pacific Fur Company, which explored and occupied Oregon "Territory."
Astragalus, bush, description, 9-3152
Astrakhan. Russian port near the entry of the Volga to the Caspian. A dirty semi-Oriental place, it is a centre of trade with the Near East, and has a cathedral and some 40 Greek churches. Its sturgeon fishery is famous.
Astringent. A medical substance which contracts the tissues of the body and checks or diminishes discharges of blood, mucus and other secretions. Mineral astringents are alum, limewater, chalk, copper salts, etc.; and vegetable astringents are oak-bark, galls, kino and tannic

Astrology. This meant originally "a knowlerl". of the stars," but that definition now applies to astronomy. The present-day use of the word astrology is restricted to the prediction of people's futures or of coming events from the nosition of the heavenly bodies. It was practiced among Eastern peoples in the earliest days. Astronomers, see Astronomy-history

Astronomy

* big ball we live on, 1-17-25
* earth and moon, 10-3535-44
* earth, how made, 1-141-44
* history: discoveries of astronomers, 1-201-06; 2,9-85
in ancient Babylonia, 15-5462
legends about stars, 6-1970-71
* nebulæ, and solar systems, 11-4037-42 planets
* inner: Mercury, Venus, Mars, 9-3289-93
* outer: Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune, 10-3409-14
* solar system, fragments of, 10-3665-72
* stars, 11-3783-90; 11-3921-26
* sun and solar system, 9-3171-80
* three ways the earth moves, 1-235-39
* universe, immensity of, 9-3033-40
zodiac, explanation and diagram, 10-3730-31
For list of main articles, sec 20-7613-14
Astyages, king of Media, 3-912
Asuncion. Capital of Paraguay, on the Paraguay River. An important trading centre, it has a university and a cathedral.
Atacama, Desert ot, products, 7-2421
Atahualpa, Inca sovereign, 19-6862
Athabasca, district of Canada, 4-1490
Athabasca Iake. Between provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan, Canada. Area, 2,842 square miles, the fourth largest lake in Canada. The Canada soose breeds here in large numbers.
Athabasca River. Canadian river, rising in Lesser Slave Lake. Flows into Lake Athabasca, province of Alberta. 765 miles.
Athabaskans, or Athapascans. One of the im-
portant linguistic stocks of the North American Indians, occupying the west-coast country from Alask? to northern Mexico. Among the tribes of this stock are the Chippewas, Navajos, Apaches, Hupas and Lipans.
Athanasian Creed and Athanasius, 13-4860
Athanasius, St., 1 ife of, $\mathbf{1 3} \mathbf{- 4 8 5 9 - 6 0}$
l'icture, portrait, 13-4859
Athena (Pallas Athene), goddess, account of, 9-32\& 6
legend of founding of Athens, 3-1115
statue by Phidias, Parthenon, 12-4220-21
See also Minerva
Pictures, sculptures by Phidias, 3-1079; 12-4219
Athenæum. In ancient days this meant a temple or a place dedicated to the goddess Athene (or Minerva). The most famous was an institution at Rome founded by Hadrian. Nowadays the word is used to denote an institution for the encouragement of art and literature.
Athens, Greece
* great men of, 2-701-09
history
conquered by Philip of Macedon, 3-1082
conquered by Sparta, 3-1081
Delian teague, leader of, 3-10s0
in Persian Wars, 3-1076, 1078
legend of founding by Pailas Athene, goddess, 3-1115
national flower, violet, 17-6180
population, 14-4918
sculpture, 8ee Sculpture, Greek
theatre of Dionysus, 15 -5346
See also Erechtheum; Parthenon
licture's
Acropolis, 2-705; 14-4927
general view, 14-4921
ruins of Arch of Hadrian, 14-4920
School of Athens, by Raphael, 2-700
Pictures (gravure), 15-5349-54
See also Greece-Pictures
Atrins, Tommy, explanation of, 7-2486
Atlanta. Capital and largest city of Georgia, trading chiefly in cotton and tobacco. One of the most important cities of the South, 1,000 feet above sea-level. An important Confederate centre in the Civil War.
taken by Sherman, Civil War, 7-2440
Piefure, hmsiness sertion, 14-1899
Atlantic cable, see Cables, Submarine
Atlantic City, N. J., 12-4146
Picture, 12-4149
Atlanilc-Gulf coastal plain, 13-4518
Atlantic Ocean
account of, 7-2539
depth of, 3-875
first crossing by aviators, 1-176-77
irst crossing of steamships, 17-6402-04

Atlantic Ocean (continued)
map, showing cable lines, 12-4297
time salling-ships crossed in, 11-3919-20
Sce also Cables, Submarine
Atlantides, in mythology, 9-3237
Atlantis, lost continent, 5-1659; 8-2718
Atlas, book, game to play with, $9-3375$
Atlas, giant in mythology, 9-3237
Atlas Mts. African range extending for 1,500 miles through Morocco, Algeria and Tunis. Its chief division is the Great Atlas, which contains the peak of Tagharat, 15,000 feet. See also 18-6810
Atmosphere, see Air
Atmospheric pressure

* account of, 15-5285-89
affects boiling-point, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 2 7 7}$
and siphons, 15-5365
experiments to show, 18-6784; 19-7083
first proved by Torricelli, 15-5286
measure of, 14-4952
Atoll, coral island, 9-3296
Picture, 6-2073


## Atomic numbers of elements, 12-4292

differences caused by inner arrangement, 12-4290-91
explanation of, 12-4157
formed of electrons and nucleus, 12-4289-90
made of protons and electrons, 12-4159
motion of, 12-415?
movement in, compared to solar system's, 16-5808
relation to specific heat, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 6 6 3}$
size of, 12-4158-59
spectra of, 16-5812
systems of electric particles, 12-4404
Atropine, drug, use of, 8-2912
Atropos, one of the three Fates, 9-3228
Attachment. In law this is the taking of a person, goods or estate by a writ in a civil action to secure a debt, to compel a person to appear in court or to punish him for contempt. Attainder. A legal term. Until comparatively recently a person who was outlawed for a capital offense, or a person who was condemned to death for treason, lost all the rights of citizenship, including his real and personal property and also the right to inherit property or to pass it on to his heirs. England abolished this law in 1870. In the United States the Constitution states that "no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted." By "corruption of blood" is meant the punistment of the children for the father's sin through loss of their inheritance.
Attalus $\mathbf{I}$, king of Pergamum, and sculpture of 'ergamum, 12-1460, 4167
Attic salt. Sparkling, refined wit. The people of Athens and Attica had a reputation for correct and brilliant use of language.
Attica, peninsula of Greece, 3-1074
Attila, leader of Huns, 11-3960
Attorney-general. The chief officer of the law. In the United States and Canada the holders of the office of attorney-general are members of the cabinets of their respective countries. Each state in the United States and each province in Canada has its attorney-general for state or provincial law. In England the attorney-general is the titular head of the Bar and is legal adviser to the Crown.
Auber, Harriet, hymn-writer, 12-4437
Auckland. Lareest city and port of North Island. New Zealand, with a magnificent harbor. An important manufacturing centre, it has ex. ports of butter, kauri gum, wool, gold and coal.
situation of, 7-2574
Picture, 7-2580
Auditives, people who think in sounds, 12-4182-83
Auditoriums, echoes in, 17-6316
Audubon, John James, American ornithologist life and work, 19-7052
Pirture, portralt, 19-7052
Audubon societies, for protection of birds, 14-5018
Augean stables, cleansing of, 9.3083
Aughrim, Battle of, 8-"!ist
Angsburg. Ancient Bavarian city once famous for the skill of its medieval craftsmen. It has an old cathedral and a splendid town hall.

## GENERAL INDEX

August, so named from Emperor Augustus Cæsar in his own honor, following the example of Julius Cæsar who gave his name to the preceding month. Eighth month of the year, containing thirty-one days.
Augusta. Capital of the state of Maine. Important manufacturing city, with cotton, shoes and paper.
Augusta, Ga.
Picture, Broad St., 14-4898
Augustan Age, in Rome, 4-1199; 5-1860
Augustine, St., Missionary to England, 2-475; 4-1430, 1432
sent by Pope Gregory, 8-2844
Picture, portrait (in group), 2-475
Augustine of Hippo, St. Son of St. Monica. Was born in North Africa and led a dissolute ife till converted and baptized in 387. He became Bishop of Hippo about 395, and is famous for his religious writings and discussion with St. Jerome.
Augustus (Gaius Octavius), emperor of Rome, 4-1368

* life and work, 4-1199: 5-1859

Pictures, statues, 5-1860; 12-4463; (gravure), 1-71
Auks, birds
auk family, members of, 11.4124
great auk extinct, 1-94-95
varieties and description, 11-4126
Picture, razor-bill auk, 11-4125
Auld Lang Syne, song, origin of, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 1 0}$
Auld Robin Gray, song, origin of, 10-3607, 3609-10
Aulnoy, Comtesse d', French writer, 9-3194 Picture, portrait, 9-3193
Aunoy, Comtesse $d^{\prime}$, see Aulnoy, Comtesse d'
Auricle, chamber of heart, description, 4-1212
Auricula, flower, description, 19-7171
Aurochs, European bison, 4-1260 Picture (gravure), 4-1265
Aurora, goddess of the dawn, 9-3228, 3233
Auxora, ship in antarctic exploration, 14-5093, 5101
Picture, 14-5097
Aurora borealis (popularly called northern lights). A phenomenon of light seen in the northern skies only at night and probably due to magnetic action. It takes many forms, the most common being streamers of colored lightoftenest yellow-radiating in fan shape from a dusky centre slightly above the horizon. Sometimes wings or curtains of light flutter and wave across the heavens. The aurora of the southern hemisphere is called aurora australis. explanation of, 16-5670
Picture, painting of, 10-3704
Aurora Leigh, by Mrs. E. B. Browning, criticism of, 10-3690
Aurungzebe, Indian ruler, reign of, 8-2824
Picture, portrait, 8-2821
Ausable Chasm, Adirondacks, Picture, 10-3405
Austen, Jane, English novelist, writings, 6-2257-58

## Pictures

portrait, 6-2255 at work in her study, 6-2253
Auster, south wind, in mythology, 9-3234
Austerlitz, Battle of, 6-2204; 10-3571
Austin, Alfred, poet laureate, 12-4233
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Austin, Stephen Fuller (1793-1836). An American pioneer and politician, known as the founder of the State of Texas.
Austin. Capital of the State of Texas. Procressive and growing city. Seat of the University of Texas. Exceptionally large and imposing Capitol building.

## Australasia

length of voyage to, 7-2578
population, 5-1626
See also Australia; New Zealand; South Seas

## Australia

* Australia, the great south land, 7-2463-72 animal life, 7-2472 exploration
early explorers, 7-2463-6t
* Men who found Australia, 3-859-64 food resources before cultivation, 5-1623-24 fresh water in the sea, on coast, 2-58. government, Federation, 7-2470
industries, 7-2464-72
woolen industry, figures of. 4-1369
insect pests in agriculture, 18-6724


## Australia (continued)

map, 7-2469
mines, 7-2466, 2468, 2470
gold, discovery of, and results, 7-2466
natives, 7-2463-64
plant life, 7-2472
railroads, 7-2468, 2470
settlement
colonization by prisoners, 3-861-62
first settlements, 7-2464, 2466
sheep-raising, 15-5576
size, 7-2463
states of, 7-2466, 2468, 2470
World War, number of men sent, 7-2300
Pictures, 3-859-64; 7-2462-73
growing and drying fruit, 6-2066-67
Murrumbidgee territory, irrigation, 7-2548-43 wool-production, 15-5578-84
Australian ballot. This is a system of voting or balloting to secure secrecy in marking and casting the voting-paper or ballot. The government prints and issues the ballots on which the names of all candidates are placed, and also provides for the arrangement and control of polling-places. This system was first used in Australia, but it has been adopted since by many other countries, especially by the United States and Canada.
Australian bear, or koala, 7-2504, 2509

## Austria

* history, 17-6191-98
early growth, 11-3963
Napoleonic period, 6-2200-08; 11-3966, 3968
relations with Bohemia, 17-6192
relations with Hungary, 17-6194
separated from German confederation
11.3970
since World War, 17-6196, 6198; 18-6460
Swiss struggle against Austria, 16-6002, 6004
under Maria Theresa, 11-3966
Italian possessions, 12-4410, 4412
map, 17-6197
oppression of Slavs, 18-6459
races and languages, 17-6194, 6196
resources and industries, 17-6196, 6198
song, God preserve our noble Emp'ror, 17-6251-52
territorial losses since World War, 17-6196; 18-6459-60
Pictures, 17-6190, 6193, 6195, 6198
Austrian Succession, War of, and Frederick the Great. 11-4048
Autographs
of signers of Declaration of Independence, facsimiles, 20-7552


## Automobiles

* How motor cars are made, 19-7015-28
cause demand for rubber, 4-1406
electric cars, 19-7029
engine, diagrams and explanation, 19-7030-31 invention of, 19-7015-16
principle of, 13-4540
parts, assembling of, in factory, 19-7017
casting of, 19-7016, 7018
chart of, 19-7026-27
radio installation on, 16-5977-78
steam-driven, 19-7029
tires, how made, note and pictures, 1-311
steel studs, 6-2123
testing, 1-313
Questions aliout
How does the speedometer of a motor car work? 1-75
What makes a motor car go? 19-7029-3?
Why must automobiles have number plates attached? 10-3474
Pictures
as a fire patrol-speeder, 8-2807
factory scenes, 19-7018-23
modern car and one of 1899, 19-7015-16
with wheels that turn, trick, 19-6964
Autumn
Poems abot $t$
Autumn, by John Keats, 1-325
Autumn, hy P. B. Shelley, 4-1515
Death of the Flowers, by W. C. Bryant, 18-6799
October, hy J. M. Gibbon, 15-5422
Auvergue. Old province of central France, remarkable for its volcanic mountain plateau and ancient lava flows. The powerful Arverni liver in this part of Gaul in ancient times, and fought hard against Julius Cæsar.


## GENERAL INDEX

Avalanche. A mass of snow or ice sliding down from a mountain-slope. As a rule, avalanches are not dangerous to human life because they occur above the snow-line; but there have been terrible disasters caused by part of a mountain's breaking off, joining the snow or ice avalanche to form a "rocky avalanche" and burying an entire village
Avebury. Village in England containing Avebury Circle, a double ring of huge stones believed to have been a Druidical temple
Avens, plant
water avens, description, 16-5875-76, 5880
White Mountain, see Wood nymphs
Picture, water avens, 16-5875
Pictures (in color)
common avens or herb bennet, 14-4991
mountain avens, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 0}$ water avens, 16-5884
Averroës, Spanish-Arabian philosopher, 15-5461

## Aviation

* Ilerues of aviation. 17-6291-94
* Riders on the wind, 1-166-84
accidents, frequency of, $\mathbf{1 - 1 7 6}$
airplanes, invention and improvement, 1-170-74
champion records, $\mathbf{1 - 1 6 7}, 180,181,183,184$ history, 1-167-84
in World War, 1-174-78
oceans, crossing of, $1-168,170,171,176,178-83$
polar flights, 1-170, 181; 13-4722-23
problems of equilibrium, 14-5180
qualities needed in aviator, 1-174-76
recent long flights, 1-170, 180-84
record trip around world, 1924, 1-180
volplane, method of landing, 1-174
Poem about
Darius Green and his Flying-machine, by J. T. Trowbridge, 18-6795

Pictures, 1~166-84
Avicenna, Arabian physician, 15-5464
Avignon, France, 11-3820
architecture. 18-6494
painting, early school of, 4-1227
Palace of the Popes, note, 10-3574
Pictures, Palace of the Popes, 10-3574: 18-6499 Avila. City of Spain, in the hills of Old Castile 53 miles northwest of Madrid. Its strong high granite walls and 86 towers make it a remarkable island fortress.

Pirture, 14-5049
Avocets, birds, 11-4012
l'icture, 11-4011
$\mathbf{A x}$, tool, how to use, 1-232-33
fable about, hy Ason, 6-1969
(buextion aloont
Why is an ax-handle often curved? 8-3013
Axolotl, amphibious animal, 15-5458 Picture, 15-5457
Ayacucho. Cathedral city of Peru. Standing 9.000 feet above sea-level, it was founded by Pizarro in 1539.
Ayllon, Iucas Vasquez de. Born about 1475; died about 1526. A Spanish adventurer and colonizer who explored the Carolina coast in 1521.

Ayrshire, breed of cattle, description, 4-1262
lictures (in color), facing $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 5 9}$
Azalea, shrub, account of, 13-4776-77
Pirture, 13-4777
Azara's dog, 2-60?
Azerbaijan. Tartar soviet republic in the Caucasus, under Russian influence; area, 33,640 square miles; capital, Baku. The country has vast oil resources.
Azores. Group of volcanic islands in the North Atlantic, forming part of Portugal. Terceira St. Mirharl's and Pion are the lareest islands. and Angra, Horta and Ponta Delgada, the chief towns. Oranges, pineapples and bananas are expurted ireid gof samate miles.
Azov. Sea of. Gulf of the Black Sea. with which it communicates by the Strait of Yenikale 14.500 square miles in extent, it contains the finseian borts of llarinpol, Berdiansk. Tacrathros and Rostov. Its waters are brackish and teem with fich.
Aztecs, Imlians of Mevien
at time of Cortes, 1-244
carving, note and picture, 1-163
civilization, 19-7134
combluest hy rorles. 19-1132-33
used catcau seed- at monty, 7-2.3.

B. C., abbreviation, meaning of, 11-4131

Baalbek, Syria, 15-5348
Picture, Temple of Bacchus (gravure), 15-5356
Bab-el-Mandeb, Strait of. Strait dividing Africa and Arabia and connecting the Red Sea and the Indian Ocean. About 20 miles broad, it is dirided into two channels by the island of Perim.
The Arab words mean "Gate of Tears."
Babar, founder of Mogul Empire
conquest of India, 8-2822-24
Babblers, birds, account of, 9-3285
Picture, chestnut-back babbler (in color), 10-3621
Babcock, Alpheus, made cast-iron frame for piano, 5-1796
Babel, Tower of, Babylonian tradition, 2-659
site, with picture, 2-660
Baber, see Babar
Babes in the Wood, story of, 7-2341

## Babies

brain, size of, 5-1673-74
Little Mothers' League, 15-5622
lungs of, 4-1329
milk, best food for, 7-2323-26
soft place in skull, 5-1675
Potems about
Baby, by George Macdonald, 2-486
Babyland, by George Cooper, 17-6379
Babyland, by Mrs. E. W. Wilcox, 16-5923
Only a Baby Small, by M. Barr, 5-1887
Teeny-Weeny, by Eugene Field, 11-4036
Weighing the Baby, by Ethel Lynn, 5-1780
Questions about
Why can baby animals walk so soon? 17-6173
Why do we forget what happened when we were babies? 16-5740
Why must a baby have more sleep than a grown-up? 2-682
Why must a baby learn to walk? 3-877
picture, sleeping in open air, 4-1331
Babington Plot, against Queen Elizabeth, 12-4214
Babirusa, pig of Malaya, description, 5-1722
Picture, 5-1721
Baboons, 1-214
Pictures (gravure), 1-209, 212
Babur, see Babar
Babylon, city
conquered by Cyrus the Great, 3-912
hanging gardens, $\mathbf{2 - 6 5 9} ; \mathbf{7 - 2 6 0 4} ; \mathbf{1 4 - 5} 209$
Pictures
hanging gardens, 2-659; reconstruction of (gravure), 7-2608
restoration of city, with notes, 2-646 ruins, 2-649
Babylonia, ancient nation
architecture, see Architecture, Babylonian art, sfr Art, Rahyonian
brickmaking, 2-652

* description and history, 2-647-60
honey, introduction of, 17-6221-22
literature and writings, 2-652, 654; 15-5462
newspapers, substitutes for, 7-248?
races of, 18-6670
writing, 10-3546
Pictures, 2-646-60
Baccaria, Italian scientist, $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 5 0}$
Bacchanals, festivals of Bacchus, 9-3227
Baccharis, seaside plant, 14-5165
Bacchus (Dionysus), god, account of, 9-3227 Pirtures
statue, with Hermes (gravure), 12-4335 statue, with Faun, 12-4465
Bach, Johann Sebastian, German musical composer, life and work, 19-6916, 7071 Pictures, portrait, 19-6912 at the organ, 19-6919 morning hymn at his home, 19-7070
Rach, Karl Philipp Emanuel, eomboser. 19-fil!
Bach, Wilhelm Friedemann, composer, 19-6916
Bachelor's button, flower, 14-4978, 4980 Picture. 14-4978


## Backbone

account of $\mathbf{1 - 2 5 9}$
cartilage disks of, 10-3732
contains norveredls and fibres. 8-2x?9-39
development in animals, 1-255-56, 259

* structure and uses, 5-1559-62

Backbinned animals, see Vertebrates
Bacon, Sir Francis, English philosopher
life and writings, 3-1124-25
and cold storage, 5-1607
as essay-writer, 5-1620; 8-2865
death of, 5-1607
Pictures
portrait, with father, 15-5619
portrait (gravure), 5-1821
Bacon, Henry, designed Lincoln Memorial Building, 5-1542
Bacon, Nathaniel (1648-76). An English colonist and Indian-fighter who gained fame in 1676 as the leader of Bacon's Rebellion in Virginia. Picture and note, 2-551
Bacon, Roger, English philosopher
life and writings, 5-1572; 13-4864, 4866 Picture, portrait, 13-4859
Bacon's rebellion, 1676 , note, and picture, $\mathbf{2 - 5 5 1}$
Bacteria, and plants, 1-332
discovery by Leeuwenhoek, 13-4670
form of fungi, $3-882$
importance of, 5-1628
in linen manufacture, 9-3318
middlemen between dead animal and living plant, 1-120
reproduction of, 13-4826
use in making leather, 5-1550
See al8o Microbes
Baden. Fourth largest state of Germany, having an area of 5,820 miles. Bordering on the Rhine, Baden contains Mannheim, a great industrial centre; the capital, Karlsruhe; the famous university towns of Freiburg and Heidelberg; and the watering-place of Baden-Baden. Though containing much of the Black Forest, it produces rye, oats, barley, hemp and wheat Baden-Powell, Sir Robert S. S. English soldier, defender of Mafeking in the Boer War. Born, 1857.
organized Boy Scouts, 12-4451
Badger, animal, 3-873
Pictures, 3-869, 870; 13-4697
Baeyer 145, chemical, 13-4531
Baftin, Wiliam, arctic explorer, 8-2983
Baffn's Bay. Picture, 7-2556
Bag, see Bags
Bagasse, fibre of sugar-cane, 10-3416
Bagdad. Capital of Mesopotamia, on the Tigris. Founded by the Saracens in 763, on the site of Ctesiphon and Seleucia, it became a centre of Oriental learning under Harun-al-Rashid, but declined under the Turks.
communication, 18-6670
Picture, 18-6671
Bagehot, Walter, author, 11-4003
Baggesen, Jens, Danish poet, 19-7011
Bagot, Sir Charles, governor-general of Canada, $4-1484,1486$
Bagpipes. A musical instrument that has come down from very early times. It was known in the Orient and in Europe wherever the Celtic race was found, but nowadays it has come to be known as the national instrument of Scotland. The great Highland bagpipe has a mouthpiece, a leather bag which holds a reserve of air blown into it from the mouth, a chanter with a double reed and eight note-holes, and three drones each with a single reed. It is noted for the stirring martial music it can oroduce. The Irish bagpipe is on another pattern.
Bags, directions for making sewing-bag, felt, 18-6778
shoe-bag, 8-2882
string bag, 6-2163-64
Bahamas, islands in West Indies, 9-3191; 19-7102
Bahia, Brazil, settlement and early history, 19-7040
Bahrein Islands, 18-6676
Baikal, Lake. Sixth largest lake in the world, in east Siberia. 13,200 square miles in extent. it is 385 miles long and from 9 to 50 miles lroad, and over 300 streams flow into it. It is frozen from the beginning of January. to the end of May, but abounds in fish, notably sturgeon and herring. Seals are found in it.
Bail. Security put up to obtain the release of a person from arrest or from. custody until the final decision in his ease is given by the court. If the person "bailed out" appears in court, the bail is returned; if he does not appear, the bail is forfeited, that is, kept by the

Bail (continuei)
state, and an order for his arrest is made out.
Those who advance the security or bail are called bondsmen. A person held for a crime punishable by death is not allowed bail.
Bailey, Edward Hodges, sculptor, statue of Nelson, 12-4361
Bailey, Philip James, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Baillie, Joanna, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Baillie, Robert, Covenanter, 2-441-42
Bainbridge, William, captain of Constitution, 17-6330
Picture, portrait, 17-6327
Baird, Thomas, shoemaker of New England, 18-6442
Baker, Benjamin, designed Forth Bridge, 1-28
Balrer, Ray Palmer, Canadian author, 15-5374
Baker, Sir Samuel, African explorer
exploration, and attack on slave trade, 2-471 Picture, portrait, $\mathbf{2 - 4 6 5}$

## Bakeries

how bread is made, 1-379-80
Pictures, showing bread-making, 1-379-80
Bakers
Question about
What is a baker's dozen? 16-5961-62
Baking powder. A chemically prepared substitute for yeast used in making biscuits, cake and some kinds of bread. Bicarbonate of soda, tal taric acid, and acid calcium phosphate are the chief ingredients used. When water is added, carbonic acid is given off, and this causes the dough to rise.
Baksheesh. Tip or gratuity demanded by Arab guides and others, especially from tourists.
Baku, Russia, 16-5858
petroleum, ancient times, 13-4534
Picture, 13-4546
Balaclava, Russia
Picture, 16-5855
Balaclava, Battle of
Poem about
Charge of the Light Brigade, by Lord Tenny. son, 5-1778

## Balance

control of, in cerebellum, 8-2841
organs of, canals in ear, 8-2719-20; 10-3425-2. See also Equilibrium
Balance of power. In international law, according to Woolsey, this means "that any European state may be restrained from pursuing plans of acquisition, or making preparations looking toward future acquisitions, which are judged to be hazardous to the independence and national existence of its neighbors.
Balance of trade. An expression used to describe the difference between the value of the imports and exports of a country.
Balboa, Vasco Nuñez de, discovered Pacific Ocean, 1-242-44; 9-3295
Pictures, 1-253
portrait, $\mathbf{1 - 2 4 5}$
Balboa, Panama. Picture, 1-369
Balder, or Baldur, the Beautiful. was so bright and beautiful that he win. 11*. about him, and he was the wisest of the gods. He was killed hy a piece of mistletwe in the hands of the blind god Hodur.
Baldness, cause of, 13-4827
Baldpate, bird, resembles widgeon, 11-3888
Baldwin I, made king of Jerusalem, 7-2586
Baldwin, Matthias, manufactured locomotives, 5-1618
Haldwin, Robert, Canadian statesman
Picture, statue by Allward, 14-5080
Balearic Islands. Spanish island group in the Mediterranean, including Majorca, Minorea and Iviza.
Balfe, Michael William, Irish musical composer, 10-3611
lile and work, 19-6925
Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Balfour, Arthur James, Earl of. Porn in siotand, 184ß. A British statesman. ('onservatibe Prime minister, 1902-05.
Baliol, John, king of Scotland, 13-4586
Balistides, group of fishes, 16-5900
Balzan Mts. Bulearian rance risins to $\overline{7}$. nin feet. It is traversed from north to south by the famous Shipka Pass.

Balkan Wars, 1912, 14-4926; 18-6462
Balkans, changes since World War, 17-6344, 6346
Ball, Albert, English aviator, 17-6292
Ball, Thomas, American sculptor, 14-4934
Ball-and-socket joint, definition, 5-1676
Ball games
basket-ball, 3-1017-22
bowls, 4-1400
catch-ball, 4-1400
cross-ball, 4-1400
egg hat, $4-1400$
fives, $4-1400$
football, American game, 19-6960-61
nine holes, 4-1400
posture, or statues, $4-1400$
throwing the baseball, 4-1400
trap-ball, 4-1400
See also Baseball
Ballads, material about
collections, by Scott and others, 7-2489
English, characteristics, $\mathbf{1 - 3 0 4}$
origin and definition, 1-215
Ballads, text of
Allan Water, 2-488
The Bailiff's Daughter, 11-4030
The Ballad of Agincourt, 5-1885
The Douglas Tragedy, $\mathbf{1 1}-4112$
The Happiest Land, 5-1780
Judas Iscariot, 14-5 239
The King and the Abbot, 10-3735
King Cophetua and the Beggar Maid, 2-487
King John and the Abbot of Canterbury, 10-3735
King Lear and his Three Daughters, 5-1643
Lochinvar, 12-4471
Lord Ullin's Daughter, by Thomas Campbell, $2-737$
Maud Muller, 16-5707
The Old Cloak, 19-6992
The Revenge, 13-4739
Ballantyne, James, and Sir Walter Scott, 7-2632
Ballarat. Gold-mining and industrial centre in Victoria, Australia.
width of street, 4-1261
Ballast, why it steadies ship, 14-5180
Balleny, John, antarctic explorer, 14-5090
Ballet. An Italian stage dance of the Middle Ages which spread to France and other countries of Europe and has come down to our time. Russia developed a ballet school of her own in the half-century preceding the World War. The ballet is usually danced by girls or women, and calls for intricate steps and poses and unusual costumes. The idea behind the ballet is the interpretation of music through graceful motion of the body.

## Balloons

dirigible, $1-168$
history and development, 1-167
hot-air, directions for making, 10-3770
reason for rising, 14-5038
Ballot. Originally a little ball used in secret voting. Sometimes the voter was given two balls, one black and one white, meaning "no" and "yes." If he dropped the white one in the box, he voted for the candidate: if the black ball, he voted against the candidate. Nowadays the most common form of ballot is the printed ticket upon which the voter marks a cross opposite the name of his choice for election. Any other mark destroys the ballot's value.
Balls, directions for making, of wool, 3-1155
See also Ball games
Questions about
Does a roughened surface improve a golf hall? 16-5742
What do the three balls over a pawnbroker's shop mean? 7-2484
What makes the ball swerve in bowling? 18-fin52
Why duc.s a ball brumee? 3-977
Balm of Gilead, account of, 9-3152
Balmaceda, José Manuel, president of rhile, 19-7038
Balmont, Konstantin, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Balsam, tree, balm of Gilead from, 9-3152
Balsam or jewel-weed, plant, note and picture, 15-5607
Balsam-root, flower, 18-6660
Baltic, Battle of
Porm nliout
Battle of the Baltic, by Tho. Campbell, 3-1140

Baltic Sea. Inland sea lying between Sweder, Finland, Russia, Esthonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Germany and Denmark. 166,397 square miles in extent, it contains the gulis of rinland and Bothnia, both of which are frozen in winter. 200 rivers flow into $1 t$. The chief islands are Gothland and Oland, both belonging to sweden, the Danish islands of Zealand, kunen and Bornholm, and the Aaland archipelago; ports include Abo, Helsingfors, Leningrad, Reval, Riga, Libau, Memel, Königsberg, Danzig, Stettin, Lübeck, Kiel, Copenhagen, Molmö, Stockholm and Gefle.
Baltimore, Lords of, and Maryland, 2-550, 552
See also Calvert, George
Baltimore. Important Atlantic port on branch of Chesapeake Bay, Maryland. Huge business in oysters, corn export and manufacture of men's clothing and sail duck. Many beautiful buildings, including the Catholic Cathedral and Johns Hopkins Hospital, one of the foremost scientific institutions in the world. Attack on Fort McHenry inspired Star-Spangled Banner. The first blood of the Civil War was shed in its streets.

Pictures, 11-3780
Baltimore oriole, see Orioles
Balto, dog, story of, 16-5735, 5737
Picture, 16-5737
Baluchistan. Indian northwest frontier province; area, 54,228 square miles. Chief towns, Kalat, Las Bela and Quetta. Most of the people are warlike and pastoral Moslems
Balzac, Honoré de, French quthor, 18-6719
Picture, portrait, 18-6559
Bamboos, account of, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 1 9 - 2 0}$
uses of, 9-3154
Pictures, 9-3150-51
Banana quits, birds, account of, 8-2972
Bananas
cultivation and uses of, 5-1624; 6-2060
description of plant, 6-2060
toy boat from skin, 11-4083
Pistures.
gathering fruit, 6-2067
plant, flower and fruit (in color), 8-3000
Banat, portion of Hungary, 14-4922
Banbury. English market town famous for its oat cakes and for the nursery rhyme which centres around its Cross. Banbury Cross, demolished in 1610, has been replaced by a new one.
Bancroft, George, American historian
and U. S. Naval Academy, 18-6703
life and writings, 13-4820-21
Picture, portrait, $13-4822$
Bandaging, directions for, 12-4266-67
for broken bones, 13-4732-33
Picture, twisting a bandage, 14-5001
Bandak, Nordsjo Canal, Norway, note and picture, 13-4790
Bandish
Picture, red bandfish (in color), 16-5783
Bandicoots, animals, account of, 7-2509
Picture (gravure), 7-2506
Baneberry, plant, description, 17-6279
Bangkok. Capital and port of Siam, on the Menam. Built largely on canals, it has been rapidly modernized and does a great trade in rice, teak and ivory
Bank of England. The most important bank in the world and the central figure in the banking system of England. It was founded by William Protheroe in 1694 as a joint-stock association. For lending its entire capital to the Government it was given the right to issue bank notes and a monopoly of a certain kind of banking in England. This monopoly lasted until the nineteenth century. The Bank of England has always been very closely associated with the British Government. The Bank of England Building is in Threadneedle Street, Lonilon, and the bank has been nicknamed the "Old Lady of Threadneedle Street."
Bank of the United States. The first Bank of the United States was chartered February 25. 1791, as one of the first acts of the new Congress. Soon it dominated the entire hanking system of the country and acted as a restraining influence upon the state banks. Its charter expired in 1811, and, through the opposition of the state banks, was not renewed. The disordered condition of bank-note circulation during the

## GENERAL INDEX

Bank of the United States (continued)
next five years brought about a demand for a new charter for the Federal bank in 1816. The second charter lasted only until 1836. President Jackson vetoed its renewal in 1832.
Bankrupt. A person who is unable to pay his debts or one who has failed in business financially is a bankrupt. Under the bankruptey laws the property of a bankrupt may be distributed among his creditors in proportion or up to what they are owed.
Banks, George Linnæus, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Banks, Sir Joseph, and steamboats, 17-6400
Banks and banking. A modern bank receives money for safekeeping from its depositors; it loans money to those who need it and can guarantee repayment; and some banks issue notes which pass for money. In an ordinary commercial bank a depositor may draw out some or all of his money at one time by means of a written order called a check. In a savings bank it is expected that money be left for a longer period, and interest is credited every three or six months. All banks are subject to strict laws intended to guard against loss. Several thousand years ago men in Assyria did some of the things our modern banks do, and there were many banks in the Middle Ages
Bannockburn, Battle of, 5-1680; 12-4210
Poem about
IJannockburn, by Rohert Burns 2-738
Bantam chickens, breed of fowls, 12-4494
Bantin, Javan ox, 4-1263
Picture (gravure), 4-1267
Banting, Frederick Grant, life and medical discoveries, 15-5493
Picture, portrait, 15-5489
Banyan tree, account of, 9-3261
Picture, 7-2418
Baobab tree, account of, $9-3262$
Picture, 9-3267
Baptisteries, architectural history, 16-5716 of Duomo, Florence, 17-6162-63
Baracca, Major, Italian aviator, 17-6293
Barbados, island in West Indies, 9-3190-91; 19-7102
Barbarelli, Giorgio, see fiorgione, Il
Barbarossa, see Frederick I, Barbarossa
Earbary apes, see Apes
Barbauld, Mrs. Anna Letitia, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Barbeau, Marius, Canadian author, 15-5374
Barberry, shrub, arenunt of, 13-475-78, 4780
and wheat rust, with pictures, 5-1757, 1762
Pictures
flower (in color), 14-4991
fruit. 13-4777
fruit (in color), 11-4021

## Barbers

(unestion about
Why is a red-and-white pole before a barber shop? 13-4828
Barbets, birds, account of, 9-3370
Pictures (in color)
blue-faced barbet, 10-3624
gromve-billed halliet. 12-13f?
Barbizon school of painting, 7-2370
Barbosa, Ruy, Brazilian journalist, 16-5887
Barcelona, Spain, 14-5050
Barcelona nuts, 6-2278
Barents, William, arctic explorer, 8-2983 Picture, writing diary in hut, 8-2979
Barges, of concrete. 7-2307
Barham, R. H., English poet, 12-4229
Picture, portrait, 12-4227
Baring-Gould, Sabine, hymn-writer, 12.4440 See also Poetry Index for poem and note

## Bark of trees

description of, in various trees, 13-4635
growth of, 11.4096
uses of, 12-4378-79
as fond. 12-4515
Quesion about
Why do trees have coats of tough bark? 16-5.96?
Bark, sailing vessel, rig of, and picture, 11-4087
Barkantine, sailing vessel, rig of, and picture, 11-4087
Barlass, Kate, story of, 13-4579
Barley, account of. 5-1852
bread made from, 1-372
Pictures, 5-1850; 10-3525

Barley, Wall, grass
Picture, with note, 10-3659
Picture (in color), 10-3522
Barley sugar, how to make, 2-752
Barlow, Erancis C.
Picture, receiving surrender of prisoners, 7-- 443
Barnabas, St. Levite of Cyprus who is men. tioned in the Acts of the Apostles. He is said to have become first bishop of Milan and to have suffered martyrdom before 75 A.D. An epistle attributed to him is still in existence.
Barnacles, account of, 16-5956
Pictures, 16-5955
shells, 19-6886
Barnard, Lady Anne, see Lindsay, Lady Anne
Barnard, Edward Emerson, astronomer, 1-287
Barnard, George Grey, American sculptor, 14-4938-39
Picture, The Two Natures, 14-4935
Barmard, J. E., invention in microscopes, 13-4671
Barnes, William, English poet, 12-4228
Barnum, P. T. (1810-91). Great American showman. Owned famous circus, known as "Greatest Show on Earth." Brought the singer Jenny Lind to America. Exhibited many freaks, including the dwarf, "General Tom Thumb."

## Barometer

aneroid, 15-5288
directions for making, with pictures, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 2 5}$ explanation of, 15-5287
floral, how to make, 3-1028
use in measuring height, 11-3840
weather, how foretold by, 8-2718
weather-glass, chemical, how to make, 12-4502
Baron Munchausen, Adventures of: extracts and note, 4-1521-27
Baroque style, in architecture, 17-6310; 18-6500 Italian examples, 17-6311
Barr, Matthias, see Poetry Index, poem and note Barraud, Erancis, artist

Picture, Dr. Johnson visiting Sir Joshua
Reynolds, 7-2333
Barren Lands, Canada, description, 7-2560, 2562
Barrie, Sir James Matthew, as writer of fairy tales, 9-3199

* Peter Pan, summary of, 13-4659-64
* Sentimental Tommy, quotations and summary, 9-3239-44
writings, 11-3897
Picture, portrait, 9-3193
Barrow, Sir John, encouraged exploration, 8-2986
Barrows, grave-mounds, in England, 4-1317
Barry, Sir Charles, English architect, life,
12-4360-61
Barry, John. Born at Tacumshane, County of Wexford, Ireland, 1745; died at Philadelphia, Sept. 13, 1803. He came to America and settled in Philadelphia about 1760 . He was given command of the Lexington in 1776, at the outbreak of the war, and captured the Edward, the first ship ever taken by a commissioned officer of the U. S. Navy. He was later on a ship which was captured by the British, but escaped. He was appointed commodore in 1794.

See also 17-6326,6328
Barry, St. Bernard dog, story of, 16-5736, 5738
Barter, exchange of goods, 16-5679-80
explanation, 15-5589
in fur trade, 12-4340
Bartholomé, Paul Albert, French sculptor,
13-4706
Picture, Tomb of Death, 13-4705
Bartholomew, St. Apostle of India and Arabia according to tradition, and said to have been martyred by an Armenian prince on the shores of the Caspian. He is probably the Nathaniel mentioned by St. John. Jesus called him "an Israelite in whom is no guile."
Bartlett, Paul Wayland, American sculptor,
14-4938
Picture, The Bear-tamer, 14-4935
Bartlett, Robert A., and Peary's expedition,
13-4720-21
commanded the Karluk, 13-4722
Bartolo, or Bartoli, Taddeo, Italian painter, 2-697
picfure (gravure), St. Francis, 2-696
Bartolommeo, Fra, Italian painter, 5-1740
paintings, account of, 3-957-58
Barton, Clara, life and work, 14-5270-71
Barton aqueduct, England, notes and pictures 13-4792

## GENERAL INDEX

Bartonia, flower. Picture (gravure), 19-7174
Bartram, William, American botanist, 19-7051
Bartsia, plant
red bartsia, note on, 14-5160
Pictures
alpine bartsia (in color), 15-5610
red lartsia, 14-5160; (in color) 14-4982
Barye, Antoine Louis, French sculptor, 13-4706 Picture, Theseus and the Centaur Bianor, 13-4705
Basalt, rock, description, 17-6386
Picture, columnar basalt, 6-2073
Baseball

* account of, 17-6141-44 leagues, 17-6141
Baseball bat, how to mend, 13-4737
Basil, flower. Picture (in color), 14-4994
Basilicas, Roman, 15-5348
models for early churches, 2-580; 16-5715
Basilisks, imaginary reptiles, description, $\mathbf{1 - 3 5 4}$
Basilisks, lizards, 14-5232
Picture, 14-5231
Basket-ball, rules and equipment, 3-1017-22
Basket-ball standard, making of, 3-1016
Baskets, directions for making
raffia, 18-6638-39
rattan, 6-2042
reed, 3-897-98
wood-basket, 19-7082
Picture, Indian woman making basket, 19-7241
Basques, may be Iberian stock, 14-5042
Bass, fish, account of, 15-5630-32
striped, description, 16-5774-75
Pictures, 15-5631: 16-5779
Pictures (in color)
Japanese sea bass, 16-5787 sea bass, 16-5785-86 stone bass, 16.5782
Bassano, Alberta, dam at, 7-2546 Picture, 7-2551
Basswood trees, American lindens, 11-4103 uses of, 12-437s
Bast, or Hathor, Egyptian goddess, 3-812
Bastien-Iepage, Jules, French painter, 7-2480 Pictures
Joan of Arc, 7-2479
Old Beggar-man, 7-2479
Bastille, French prison, destruction of, 6-2131, 10-3566
unjust imprisonments, $\quad \mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 4 0}$
Question about
What is the story of the Bastille? 16-5741
Picture, showing its downfall, 6-2131
Basutoland. South African native territory,
under British administration; area, 11,700 square
miles; capital, Maseru.
See also 9-3052
Nee also 9-3052 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pux Somrees, } 9-3049\end{aligned}$
Bat, sm Basehall; Baselall bat
Batavia. Capital of Java and the Dutch East
Indies, exporting coffee, rice, sugar, sago, tin,
birds' nests, tobacco, tea and timber. Situated
on the Bay of Batavia in a low plain.
founded by Dutch, 15-5564
Dopulation, 15-556s
Bateleur eagle, 10-3757
Bates, David, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Bates, Harry, British sculptor, 13-4856
Picture, relief of Socrates, 16-5917
Bates, Katharine Lee, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Bathing, rules for, 7-2513
Baths, Rmman 15-.,:48
Baths, Public, N. Y. city, 15-5624
Bathurst, capital of Gambia, 9-3056
Baton Eunge, Capital of Louisiana, on the eastern hank of the Mississippi River. Founded by the French early in the history of settlement, durins the 'ivil War in 1962 it was the scene of a firme meonmter between the $[$ ninn and Confederate forces. The name means "red staff."


## Bats

* Vatc amothoir friends, 1-? 15-2n
description of, for game, 8-2880, 3023
Qufstion alont
Why do hats hide themselves when the sun shines? $\quad \mathbf{7 - 2 6 1 0}$
* Pirfurc 1-214-19

Batteries, Electric, see Electric batteries
Batteries, Storage, see Storage batteries
Battle Haxbor, Labrador, hospital at, 7-2498 Picture, 7-2495

Battle Hymn of the Republic, song, how written, 18-6513
Battle of the Frogs and Mice, parody, 16-5749
Battle of the Kegs, song, how written, 18-6512
Battle of the Nations, Leipzig, 10-3572
Battledore, how to mend, 13-4737
Battledore and shuttlecock, game, 11.3855
Battleships
in ancient Greece, $\mathbf{1 1 - 3 9 1 2}, 3914$
in ancient Rome, 11-3914
in English navy, 11-3918
in U. S. navy, 18-6816-17
ironclads in Civil War, 7-2434
Pictures
ancient types, 11-3913
of U. S. navy, 1-365; 18-6817-24
Batula, name for benzoin, 9-3152
Batum. Georgian Black Sea port, exporting petroleum from Baku.
Baudry, Paul, French painter, 7-2482
Baumgaxtner, Stephen
Picture, portrait, as St. George, by Albrecht Dürer, 4-1347
Bauxite, source of aluminum, 13-4526
Bavaria. Largest and most important German state after Prussia, including the Palatinate on the left bank of the Rhine. Bavaria has an area of 30,000 square miles; nearly a third of the country is covered with forests, but the soil is fertile and agriculture very important. Iron is mined extensively, and there are considerable manufactures. The capital is Munich, with splendid art collections; other important places are Nuremberg, a great toy-making centre; Augsburg, formerly a free city; Regensburg, Fürth, Bamberg, Würzberg, Bayreuth and Ingolstadt, with Kaiserslautern, Landau and Speyer in the Palatinate.
Baxter, Richard, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Bay, see name of bay; as Fundy, Bay of
Bay Psalm Book, first book printed in America, 18-6509, 6634
Bayard, Chevalier de, story of, 13-4577-78
Picture, death of, 13-4578
Bayberry, 14-5161-62, 5165
Picture, 14-5161
Bayeux. Ancient city of Normandy, France, with a museum containing the Bayeux Tapestry. Its cathedral was rebuilt by William the Conqueror in 1077, but the greater part dates from the 13 th century.
Bayle, Pierre, French writer, 18-6714
Bayly, Thomas Haynes, song-writer, 10-3608-09 Pirture, portrait, 10-3605
Bayonne, France, cathedral, 17-6160
Bayreuth. Bavarian town famous for its associations with Wagner and its splendid opera house. Textiles are manufactured.
Beach grass
Pirture. with note, 10-3654
Beach-plums, 14-5165
Beachy Head. Perpendicular chalk cliff over 500 feet high on the Sussex coast, England, at the eastern end of the South Downs. Off it a naval battle was fought in 1690 by the English and Dutch against the French.
Beaconsfield, Earl of, see Disraeli, Benjamin

## Beads

belt for Indian costume, directions for, 9-3114-15

* dolls' jewelry, how to make, 4-1399

Beagles, hunting dogs, 2-718
Beaked lizard, name for tuatera, 14-5230
Beam of a shin, 14-50n3
Bean bag, directions for making, 1-132
Bean-bag game, directions for making, 9-3116-17
Beans, account of, 7-2613-14
wild. see Ground-nut
Pictures, 7-2620-21
Bear and the Little Wolf, play, 18-6782-83
Bear grass. plant, description, 19-6928
Picture. 19-6938
Bearberry, shrub, 11-4020; 14-5165
Pictures, 14-5161
flower of (in color), 15-5609
fruit of (in color). 11-4022
Beard, Daniel, founded Sons of Daniel Boone, 12-14.51
Beard, Thomas, see Baird
Bears

* Bears and their cousins, 3-865-72
black, 3-871

Bears (continued)
blue, 3-872
brown, 3-865-66
"cinnamon bears," 3-871
grizzly, 3-871
pclar, 3-866, 871
sloth, 3-872
spectacled, 3-872
spectacled, 3-8
stories about
Bear in the well, 18-6480
How the bear lost his tail, 17-6199
toy, how to make, 2-511-12
Pictures, 3-865-70
Bears and Bulls. In the language of the Stock Exchange a Bear is a person who sells stock he does not possess, intending to make delivery with stock he buys at a lower price. A Bear is always hoping for prices of stock to fall. A Bull is one who buys stock hoping it will increase in price so that he can sell it at a profit. Bearweed, name given skunk cabbage, 17-6274 Beatrice, beloved of Dante, 17-6150
Beatrice, Christian martyr, 9-3068
Beau Brummel, George Bryan (1778-1840). The son of Lord North's private secretary who gained his reputation as an exquisite at Eton and Oxford. At the court of George IV he was long regarded as an oracle on matters of dress and behavior. He came to a sad end, dying destitute in Caen, France.
Beaubien, Mark, of Chicago, 19-7107
Beaufort, Margaret, mother of Henry VII, 5-1813
Beauharnais, Josephine, see Josephine, empress of France
Beaumarchais, Pierre Augustin de, French writer, 18-6715
Beaumont, Francis, English dramatist, 3-1125
Beauregard, Pierre Gustave Toutant (1818-93). American soldier, born in Louisiana. He grad uated at West Point; served in Mexican War; resigned to enter Confederate service; captured Fort Sumter; and served to end of war.
in command at Bull Run and Shiloh, 7-2433
Beauty, in art, qualities, 1-62-63
Question about
What is beauty? 5-1808
Beauty and the beast, story of, 18-6607
Beauvais, France, cathedral, 17-6158
Beaux, Cecilia, American painter, 10-3455
Picture, Girl in White (gravure), 10-3461
Beavers, animals, account of, 3-1132-33 Pictures, 3-1129; 13-4697
building a dam, 3-1127; 12-4337
Bechuanaland. British South African protectorate; area, 275,000 square miles; capital, Mafeking, Cape Province. Here is much of the Kalahari Desert.
surface of, 9-3052
and Robert Moffat, 2-468
Becker, Carl, artist
Picture, Emperor Maximilian receiving ambassador, 11-3961
Becker, Charlotte, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Becker, fish
Picture (in color), 16-5781
Becket, Thomas à, see Thomas à Becket, St.
Becket, Thomas à, poet, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Bedbugs, 17-6072
Beddoes, Thomas Lovell, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Bede, The Venerable, Anglo-Sax on scholar history, 1-299
life and writings, 4-1430, 1432; 8-2844-45
manuscript, appearance, 10-3548
translated Gospel of St. John, 1-126
Pictures
portrait, 12 th century, 2-476
portrait (in group), 2-472
dictating the Gospel of St. John, 1-122
Bedouins, see Arabs

## Beds

Question about
Why is it dangerous to sleep in a damp bed? 4-1230
Bedstraw, plant, description, 18-6667 Picture, northern bedstraw, 18-6663
Pietures (in color)
mountain bedstraw, 15-5609
water bedstraw, 16-5883
yellow bedstraw, 13.4877

Bee-eaters, birds
account of, 9-3373
Pictures (in color)
Lafresnaye's bee-eater, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 2 4}$
pink-crested, 10-3624
Bee-flies, 17-6423
Beech trees, account of, 12.4247, 4251
"blue beech" is ironwood, 13-4640
how to tell wood of, 6-2048
twigs and buds, 13-4642
Picture, 12-4251
Beechdrops, plant, description, 18-6572
Beechey, Capt. Frederick William, and Sir John Franklin, 8-2986
Beeching, F. C., see Poetry Index for poem and note
Beechnuts, account of, 6-2278
Pictures, 6-2274; (in color) 11-4024
Beer
made from barley, 5-1852
not a food, 8-2682
yeast in brewing, 5-1628

## Bees

* Bees and wasps, 17-6221-33
aid agriculture by fertilizing flowers, 18-6721-22
brain of, 8-2838
bumblebees, 17-6228
carpenter bees, 17-6228
fertilize flowers, 3-1014
honey comb, how made, 17-6222, 6224
in Japan, 18-6722
Isle of Wight disease, 17-6228
leaf-cutter bees, 17-6227-28
mason bees, 17-6228
parasites, 18-6722
queen bees, 2-503-04; 17-6224-26
superstitions about, 17-6222
wild bees, 17-6228
Poems about
The Bees, by A. P. Graves, 4-1519
Little Busy Bee, by Isaac Watts, 2-484
Questions about
When bees take honey from flowers do flowers get more? 4-1233
Why does a bee make a humming sound 3-1116
Why does a bee sting? 11-3843
* Pictures, 17-6221-31
bees in a hive, 17-6220
eye and tongue, $\mathbf{1 - 2 1 8}$
Pictures (in color), facing 18-6721
Beethoven, Iudwig van, German musical composer
* life and work, 19-6918, 6920
character of his music, 19-7074, 7076
music composed when deaf, 10-3557
Pictures, portrait, 19-6912
statue by Robert Weigls, 19-7076


## Beetles

* Great beetle family, 18-6623-30
blister beetles, or Spanish flies, 18-6723
Colorado beetle and potato crop, 18-6732
how to distinguish from other insects, 18-662t
Japanese beetle, 18-6734
longicorn, larvæ, length of life, 18-6630
method of communication, 18-6624
parasites of ants, 18-6627
Question about
Why do we fear a beetle when we know it cannot harm us? 1-310
Pictures, 1-257: 18-6623, 6625
Pictures (in color), 18-6548
Beets and beet-sugar
account of, 7-2531-32
beets as garden vegetable, 7-2624
cultivation and manufacture, 10-3418
discovery and importance of beet-sugar, 10-3415
in Poland, $13-4688$
Pictures
cultivation in France, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 1 5}$
making sugar, 10-3419, 3421
sugar-beets, 7-2533
Begbie, Harold, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Begbie, Janet, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Beggar-ticks, plants
Picture (in color), 16-5882
Beginning of freedom, * 5-1565-73
Begonia, plant, note and picture, 1-331
Picture, frilled flower (gravure), 19-7178


## GENERAL INDEX

Behistun Rock，key to cuneiform writing，2－648 3－912
inscriptions read by Sir Henry Rawlinson， 10－3548；18－6670
Behrend，John，made first piano in America， 5－1796
Behring，A．E．，physician，medical discoveries， 15－5492
Picture，portrait，15－5481
Behring，Vitus，sfe Bering
Beirut．Capital and chief port of Syria，export－ ing silk，oil，wine，gums and fruit．
Beisa，animal，4－1444
Belcher，Sir Edward，Arctic explorer in search for Sir John Franklin．
picture，portrait 8－2977
Belestier，Elliot，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Belfast．Largest Irish city and port，capital of northern Ireland．Standing at the entrance of the Lagan to Belfast Lough，in County An－ trim，it is famous for its shipbuilding industry， many of the world＇s largest liners being built here．The linen industry is also important，but the city has few notable buildings except
Queen＇s University and the Protestant cathedral
Picture，City Hall，8－2934
Belfort，French city，11－3818
Belgica，ship，in antarctic exploration，14－5091
Belginm
architecture，see Architecture，Belgian
colony，Congo Free State，18－6812， 6814
＊description，15－5495－5502
electric power development，15－5500 history
became separate kingdom，1830，15－5564
＊Story of the Netherlands，15－5555－68
industries，15－5498， 5500
languages，15－5495
map，15－5557
painting，see Painting，Flemish
population，15－5495
ravaged land reclaimed by earthworms， 19－7146
song，La Brabançonne，by Jenneval，17－6253
Pictures，15－5494－5506
Belgrade．Capital of the kingriom of the Serbs，
Croats and Slovenes，Jugo－Slavia，at the junction of the Save and Danube．A trade centre，and once an important fortress，it has many times been besieged．
Belgrano，Manuel，Argentine general，19－7033
Belinsky，Vissarion，Russian author，19－6908
Belisarius，Byzantine general
note and picture，13－4799
Question aforut
Why should we know the name Belisarius？ 16－574．3
Belize，capital of British Honduras，9－3190
Bell，Alexander Graham，inventor
＊life，17－6242， 6244
and invention of telephone，17－6184， 6186 developed wax record for talking machine， 1－262
Pictures
portraits，17－6235，6240
portrait，with parents，15－5617
scenes from his life，17－6243
Bell，Andrew，English educator，14－5254
Bell，Henry，built steamboat Comet，17－6399－6400 Pictures
portrait，17－6397
Comet，his steamboat，17－6399
Bell，Patrick，made a mechanical reaper，19－7210
Bell birds，account of 9－3286
ricturis，9－3こ77．3，2x7
Bell Telephone Laboratories，and picture trans－ mission，17－6063
Belladonna，drug，from deadly nightshade， 17－6126
11ヶヶ o1．8－＊312
Bellamy，Edward（1850－98）．An American jour－ nalist and author．His best－known work is Lorkines far－kward．
Belleau Wood．The first important operation of the Second Division of the United States Army during the Worta IV：ar was the capture of Bel－ leau Wood on the Marne by the Marine Brigade in June，1918．The Brigade was cited in general orders of the Sixth French Army，and the name of the wood was changed to＂Wood of the Marine Bricade．＂
Bellfiower
Family，in botany，13－4874

Bellfowers， $\mathbf{1 5 . 5 3 8 7}$
Hictures（in color）
clustered bellflower，14－4996
creeping bellfower，13－4877
giant bellituwer，14－4991
ivy－leaved bellfower，16－5881
spreading bellflower，14－4988
Bellingshausen，Fabian von，antarctic explorer 14－5089－90
Picture，portrait，14－5089
Bellini，E．，inventor of wireless compass， 17．6248
Bellini，Gentile，Italian painter，3－1103－04； 4－1460－61
Pictures
Doge Giovanni Mocenigo，3－1105
Sultan Mohammed II，3－1105
Bellini，Giovanni，Italian painter，3－1103－04； 4－1460－61
lictures
portrait，4－1455
Virgin and Child，4－1457
Pictures（gravure）
A Doge of Venice，1－68
Holy Family，3－1110
Madonna and Child，3－1110
Transfiguration，3－1112
Bellini，Jacopo，Italian painter，3－1103；4－1460
Bellini，Vincenzo，Italian musical composer， 19－6924
Picture，portrait，19－6912
Bellows，George，American painter，10－3454
Pictures
Lady Jean（gravure）10－3464
Up the Hudson（gravure），10－3463
Bellows
Question about
Why have bellows a round hole on one side？7－2484

## Bells

electric，see Electric bells
See also Liberty Bell
Pocms about
The Bells，by Edgar Allan Poe，16－6023
Curfew Bell，by R．H．Thorpe，7－2363
Bellwort，flower，description，17－6278
licture，17－62゙イ
Belshazzar，king of Babylonia
writing on wall foretold doom，2－660
Poem about
Vision of Belshazzar，by Lord Byron，7－2529
Belt，bead，how to make，9－3114－15
Beluga，a dolphin，account of，6－2 218
Pirture，6－2：19
Ben Bolt，song，origin of，18－6514
Ben－सur，by Wallace，＊summary and quota tions，10－3745－52
Ben Nevis．Highest mountain in the British
Isles，in the Grampians． 4,406 feet．
Picture（gravure），7－2302
Benares．Holy city of the Hindus，on the
Ganges．It contains many temples and shrines， and is visited by vast numbers of pilgrims．It is a centre of trade，as well
Bench－hook，how to make，17－6262
Benedict，St．，story of，6－1996
Picture，portrait by Memling，6－1996
Benghazi，Tripoli，salt evaporation，note and picture，3－924
Benjamin，Judah P．，19－716．
Picture，portrait，19－7161
Benjamin tree produces benzoin，9－3152
Bennett，Arnold，11－3899
Bennett，Floyd M．Warrant Officer U．S．N．and pilot of the Fokker plane which was used by Commander Richard E．Byrd and Rennett for the first airplane flicht to the North Pole，May 9. 1926．Died at Quebec，April 25，1928．Sce Byrd． Bennett，James Gordon，sent Stanley to Africa， 2－7．11
Bennett，William Cox，see Poetry Index，for from and note
Bennington，Vermont
Picture，First Church（gravure），18－6685
Benson，Arthur Christopher，see Poetry Index，

Benson，Frank W．．American painter， $\mathbf{1 0}-3455$
 Picture．My Daughter（gravure）．10－3461
Bent grass，note and pictures，10－3651
Picture，10－3525
Bentley，Wilson A．，photographed snow－crystals， 14－4906

## GENERAL INDEX

Benton, Thomas Eart, American statesman, life, 10-3494-95
Picture, portrait, 10-3493
Benzene (benzol), in illuminating gas, 2-636
obtained from coal, 13-4542
used in making toluol, 2-636
Benzoate of soda. An antiseptic or disease pre-
ventive quite extensively used in preserving food substance from decay. Its use is allowed by law in a quantity not larger than one-tenth of one per cent. It is a compound of soda and benzoic acid.
Benzoin, a gum resin, 9-3152
Picture, plant producing (in color), 8-2997
Benzol, see Benzene
Beowulf, first English poem, 1-299
Story of, 1-56-57
Béranger, Pierre Jean de, French poet, 18-6717 see also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Berbera, capital of British Somaliland, 9-3054
Berbers, in Africa, 9-3047
in Spain, 14-5044
Beresina. Tributary of the Russian Dnieper on which Napoleon's army suffered disaster in 1812.

Bergen. Second largest Norwegian city and port, with a cathedral and a great trade in fish. Bergylt, fish
Picture (in color), 16-5782
Beri-beri, disease, and use of white flour, 8-2802
Bering, Vitus, arctic explorer
discovered Alaska for Russia, 10-3584
expeditions across Siberia, 8-2984
explored Alaskan coast, 16-5789
Bering Sea. Part of the Pacific lying between Siberia, Alaska and the Aleutian Islands. It connects with the Arctic by Bering Strait.
Bering Sea Question. The original dispute of many years' standing between the United States and Canada over the sealing rights in Bering Sea was settled by arbitration. The arbitrators met in Paris in 1893, and the decision was in favor of Canada. Friction continued, however, and two conferences on the question were held in 1897, one between the United States and Canada, the other between the United States, Russia and Japan. Trouble continued, and it seemed as if the seal herd might be exterminated through seal-poachers of the different nations. In 1911 a convention was held between the United States, Great Britain, Russia and Japan prohibiting open pelagic sealing for thirty years, north of $30^{\circ}$ North Latitude. The kill was to be made by the United States Government sealers, and the pelts or proceeds distributed in an arranged proportion between the four nations concerned.
Bering Strait, named for Vitus Bering, 8-2984
Berkeley, Sir William, royal governor of Virginia, 2-555
Berkshire. Acricultural county of southern England, containing Windsor, Abingdon, Maidenhead, Wallingford, Newbury, and Reading, the capital. Area, 725 square miles.
Berlin, Germany, 12-4170
note on, 12-4160
Pirtures. 12-4160
Reichstag Building, 12-4161
Pietures (gravure), 12-4173, 4177, 4179
Berlin, New Hampshire
Pirture, 11-3781
Berlin Congress, 1878. Settled Balkan affairs after the Russo-Turkish War.
Berliner, Emile, and talking-machine inventions, 1-262
Berlioz, Henry, French musical composer life and work, 19-f922-23, 7150
Bermuda Islands, account of, 9-3191
Bernacchi, Iouis, antarctic explorer, 14-5092
Bernadotte, J. B. J.. Rep Charles XiI. king of Norway and Swede
Bernard of Clairvaux, Stı, and Second Crusade, 7-2587

## life of.

portrait 13-4859
portrait. 13-4859
in mnnastarr. 13-4865
Bernard of Menthon, St. (923-1007). Builder of a church and house of refuge on the St. Bernard Pass, where his mission was to tame the banditti and protect travelers. He died at Novara in 1007.

Bernardin de Saint Pierre, Jacques Eenrl French writer, 18-6716
Berme, Switzerland, 16-6006-07
description, 17-6083-84
Bernese Oberland. Division of the Swiss Alps containing the Finsteraarhorn, 14,000 feet, Aletschorn, Wetterhorn and Jungfrau. It is the most copular winter-sports ground in the world, and contains the resorts of Interlaken, Mürren, Adelboden, Grindelwald, Château d'Oex and many others. The Gemmi Pass through the Bernese Alps connects northern Switzerland with the Rhone valley.
Bernhardt, Sarah, actress
Picture, in scene from Queen Elizabeth, 18-6603
Bernini, Giovanni Iorenzo, Italian sculptor, 13-4608
and St. Peter's, Rome, 17-6310

## Berries

ornamental, 13-4776, 4778, 4780, 4782; 17-6279
plant-breeding of, 4-1388
Burbank's work, 15-5385-86
salmon berry, description, 19-6934, 6936
Bertillon system. Named for Alphonse Bertillon, chief of the department of identification in the Prefecture of Police of the Seine. He devised a means of identifying criminals by means of measurements which included notes of markings, deformities, color, impression of thumb lines, etc.
Beryl, precious stone
aquamarine, a variety of, 19-7227-28
emerald, a variety of, 19-7228
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Berzelius, Jöns Jakob, Baron. Swedish chemist; born near Linköping, 1779; died, Stockholm, 1848; contributed much to the atomic theory. Besançon. Roman Vesontio, in eastern France, with remains of a triumphal arch, an aqueduct and an amphitheatre. It has a 12 th-century cathedral and a bishop's palace, and manufactures watches.
Besant, Sir Walter, novelist, 11-3898
Bessarabia. District of Rumania lying between the Pruth and Dniester. Up to 1920 it formed part of Russia; Kishenev, the Rumanian Chisinau, being the capital.
given to Rumania, 14-4922
Bessemer, Six Henry, inventor, 19-7207
invention for changing pig iron into steel 6-1939
Best, C. H., and cure for diabetes, 15-5493
Picture, portrait, 15-5489
Best Friend, early American locomotive
Picture and note, 5-1617
Betel. An Asiatic palm which bears an orange colored drupe with an outer husk. The nut, used as a masticatory, stains the teeth black, and is pungent and astringent.
Betelgeuse, star
Picture, size, compared with sun, 11-3921
Beth Gelert, Wales, story of, 5-1693
Bethlehem, Palestine
Pirture, 18.fi677
Bethmann-Hollweg, Theobald von A. (18561921). Imperial Chancellor of Germany from 1909 to 1917. He had a specially Prussian career. was Chief President of the Province of Brandenburg in 1905 and Prussian Minister of the Interior. Indecision and half-heartedness marred his foreign as well as his home policy. Brought to account by Hindenburg and Ludendorff in 1917, the Chancellor resigned and took no further part in politics.
Betonys, flower, description, 18-6664
Betrothed. The, by Scott, note on, 11-4069
Bettes, John, British painter, 6-2000
Picture, Portrait of Edmund Butts, 6-2003
Beverley, Robert, book on Virginia, 12-4445
Biarritz. Popular seaside resort in southwest France, with a delightful climate and a fine beach.
Bibaud, Michel, Canadian author, 14-5104-05
Bible

* Greatest book in English, 2-473-76
authorized version, 2-473-74, 476
beauty as literature, 2-474-76
collection of writings, 15-5464
curious names of editions, 14-4950
examples of literary forms, 2-474-76
first copy printed in America, 18-6635
first printed copy, Gutenberg's, 9-3384
influence on the English language, 2-478-76


## GENERAL INDEX

Bible (continued)
translations
Bede translated Jchn into Anglo-Saxon, 8-2845
Coverdale's translation, 1-306
Eliot's translation for Indians, 18-6635
Luther's, 11-3964
St. Jerome's, 13-4862
Tyndale's, 1-306; 2.473
Wyclif's, 2-473; 5-1683
Questions about
How did the Breeches Bible get its name? 14-4950
How many words are there in the Bible? 16-5961
Pictures
chained in library at Hereford Cathedral, 2-473
from manuscript Bibles (in color), 2-480 preaching from English Bible, Tudor times, 3-1123
Bicameral system. In government, a system of two Houses or Chambers for legislative work.
Bicci, Lorenzo di, Italian artist
Picture, St. Nicholas, 6-1990
Bichromate cell, description, 16-5672
Bicycles, cause demand for rubber, 4-1406
how to clean, 15-5335
tires, how to mend, 13-4737
Biela's comet, 10-3671
Bielids, shower of meteors, 10-3672
Bierregaard, H. A., see Poetry Index for poem and note
Bierstadt, Albert, American painter, 9-3332
Biffen, Professor, developed variety of wheat, 5-1760
Big ball we live on, * 1-17-25
Big Black River. American river, rising in southeast Missouri. F'lows into White River, Arkansas. 400 miles.
Big Horn River. American river, rising in Rocky Mountains, Wyoming. Flows into Yellowstone River. 500 miles.
Big trees of California, see Sequoia trees
Bighorns, or Rocky Mountain sheep, 4-1375
Bilateral symmetry, explanation of, $\mathbf{5 - 1 5 6 0}$
Bilbao, Spain, 14-5050
Pictures, 14-5052-53
Bilberry, shrub, 11-4020; 13-4776; 15-5604, 5608 Pictures, 15-5604; (in color), 11-4026
Bile, use in digestion, 6-2086
Bilge of a ship, 14-5002
Bill of attainder. See Attainder.
Bill of exchange. An unconditional order in writing addressed by one person to another requiring the person to whom it is addressed to pay on demand or at a fixed time a certain sum of money either to a specified person or to bearer.
Bill of lading. A written account of goods shipped by any person, signed by the agent of the owner of the vessel or by its master, acknowledging the receipt of the goods and promising to deliver them safe at the place directed, dangers of the sea excepted. Also a similar account issued by a railroad or other common carrier on land.
Bill of sale. A formal instrument or deed for the transfer of goods and chattels.
Billings, Josh (Henry W. Shaw), American author, life and writings, 13-4816-17
Billings, William, of Boston, 18-6509
Bimetallism. In coinage the employment of two metals (as gold and silver) to form at the same time, in combination with each other, the standard of values.
Binary stars, 11-3924, 3926
Bindweed, field convolvulus, 14-5158; 15-5394-95
difficult to exterminate, 9-3392-93
Pictures, 15-5395; (in color) 15-5398
Bingen, Germany
Picture, Mouse Tower, 12-4165
Bingo, game, 8-2744
Binturong, animal
Picture, (gravure), 2-500
Binyon, Laurence, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Biographies
For general list, see 20-7648
For biographical stories, 8ee 20-7697-98, under Stories about men and women, and Hero stories

Biology. The science of life. It treats of organisms including the origin, development, structure, functions and distribution of plants and animals.

See Cell, Living; Life; Physiology; Protoplasm
Biot, J. B., French chemist, 15-5482
Biplanes, see Airplanes
Birch trees

* account of, 12-4247, 4255
catkins of, 17-6273
description and picture, 13-4634
graceful shape, 13-4642
how to tell wood of, 6-2048
use by Indians, 12-4378
Picture, 12-4255
Bird-cherry, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4992
Bird houses
directions for making, 1-341
feeding houses, with pictures, 13-4837
made from candy pail or orange crate,


## 17-6146

Bird of Paradise, account of, 8-2894, 2896 Pictures, 8-2893; (in color) 10.3622; 12.4372

## Birds

* Our feathered friends, 8-2757-62
groups or classes
* Birds that cannot fly, 13-4655-57
* Crow and his family, 8-2889-96
* Cuckoos, 10-3497-3502
* Day birds of prey, 10-3753-60
* Ducks and geese, 11-3881-90
* Herons, storks and cranes, 11-4005-12
* Larks and their friends, 9-3133-40
* Parrots and owls, 10-3613-20
* Peckers, humming-birds and hornbills, 9-3365-7
* Pheasants and their allies, 12-4363-68
* Pigeons and doves, 12-4283-88
* Poultry, domestic, 12-4491-94
* Sea birds and their inland kin, 11-4121-30
* Starlings, finches and buntings, 8-2967-76
* Warblers, babblers and chatterers, 9-3277-88 groups, geographical
Australia, 7-2472
Hawaii, 15-5450
North America
* northern part, 13-4759-66, 4829-44
* southern part, 14-5017-25
* western part, 14-5133-48
balance, well-developed organ of, 10-3427
Christmas tree for, how to make, 7-2381
development
early form, archæopteryx, 1-94; 2-634; 5-1546 8-2758
prehistoric forms, 8-2758
relation to reptiles, $\mathbf{1 - 2 5 8}$
distribution in North. America, 13-4759-60
eggs, 8ee Eggs-birds' eggs
extinct forms, 1-94
feather collections, 14-5005
feeding-houses, with pictures, 13-4837
footprints, tracing, with picture, 3-1024
houses, see Bird houses
imaginary, 1-355
* Jack Miner and the birds, 8-2813-18
length of life of, $\mathbf{1 - 1 8 5}$
migration of, 8-2762
return to same place, 8 -2814, 2816
nesting-boxes, how to make, 18-6637
nests, see Nests
origin of, 1-258
protection of, 9-3278
sanctuaries
sanctuaries
directions for making, 8-2818
Jack Miner's sanctuary, 8-2814-18
seeds scattered by, $3-1086$
sense of balance of, 10-3427
song of, 9-3133, 3140
students of
John J. Audubon, 19-7052
Alexander Wilson, 19-7051-52
toy bird that turns around, 6-2264
tracks of, 3-1024
value to man, 8-2760, 2762
as insect-destroyers, 9-3288
wings, variations in, 14-5005
see also names of birds
Poems about
Answer to a Child's Question, by S. T. Coleridge, 1-324
Birds, by R. H. Stoddard, 8-2764
Birds in Summer, by Mary Howitt, 13-4744

Birds－Poems about（continued）
Burial of the Linnet，by Mrs．J．H．G．Ewing， 14－4956
Caged Bird，by W．L．Bowles，12－4270
Canadian Song－Sparrow，by Sir James Edgar， 10－3482
Dove，by John Keats，3－1142
Horned Owl，by Barry Cornwall，15－5523 Lark，by Thomas Heywood，8－3002
Nightingale and Glow－worm，by William Cowper，2－606
O Swallow，Swallow，Flying South，by Lord Tennyson，1－326
Ode to a Nightingale，by John Keats，5－1886 Owl，by Lord Tennyson，6－2153
Owl－Critic，by J．T．Field，7－2640
Parrot，by Thomas Campbell，4－1384
Poet and the Bird，by Mrs．E．B．Browning， 11－4033
Raven，by E．A．Poe，18－6753
Robert of Lincoln，by W．C．Bryant，15－5523 Robin Redbreast，by William Allingham， 1－324
Secret Song，by E．R．Macdonald，8－2902
Skylark，by James Hogg，3－1142
Song of Birds，by H．W．Longfellow，14－5131 Stormy Petrel，by Barry Cornwall，14－5130 To a Skylark，by P．B．Shelley，16－6021
To a Skylark，by William Wordsworth， 11－4034
To a Waterfowl，by W．C．Bryant，17－6379
To the Cuckoo，by William Wordsworth， 3－2033
To the Nightingale，by John Milton，14－5238 To the Skylark，by William Wordsworth， 7－2529
Were I a Birdie Too（German folk－song）， 7－2366
Questions about
Does a bird always sing the same song？ 5－1606
How does a bird know how to build its nest？ 14－5220－21
What bird has the longest wings？8－2720
What does a bird sing about？10－3579
Why do birds cast their feathers every year？ 17－6290
Why does a bird forsake its nest if its eggs are touched？17－6175
Why does a flying bird not fall to the ground？7－2611
Why have the eggs of birds so many colors？ 3－1116
Why must we cut the claws of caged birds？ 12－4400
Pictures，see articles above，marked with star． All are illustrated
brain of，8－2943
nests，8－2971
Pictures（in color），8－2897－2900；9－3129－32， 3281－84；10－3621－24；12－4369－72；facing 4492，facing 4493；13－4841－44；facing 14－5133，facing 5140
Bird＇s－eye，flower，14－4980
Bird＇s－eye maple，wood，12－4508
Bird＇s－eye primrose，see Primrose－bird＇s－eye
Bird＇s－foot，flower
Picture（in color），14－4984
Bira＇s－foot trefoil，note on，14－4975
Picture，14－4975
Bird＇s－nest，flower
Fictures（in color），14－4987， 4992
Birds of the Southern province，＊14－5017－25
Birds that cannot fly，＊13－4655－57
Birkeland，Kristian，inventor，16－5804
Birkenhead．Important port in Cheshire，on the Mersey，opposite Liverpool．It has over 170 acres of docks and about 10 miles of quays； shipbuilding is important，and there is a great transit trade．
Picture，by T．M．Hemy， $3-886$
Birmingham．Largest city of Alabama，with steel，iron and cotton industries．One of the great new industrial cities of the South．Sur－ rounded by vast deposits of coal and iron，it is one of the chief steel－producing clties of the world．Other industries are active and there is a large trade in lumber．
Birmingham．Largest English city after Lon－ don，covering 68 square miles．The centre of the Midland iron，steel and coal trades，it has e Ereat variety of manufactures，especially of

Birmingham（continued）
hardware；the machinery，rubber，motor，choco－ late，glass and jewelry industries are all im－ portant．Here Priestley，Boulton，Watt，Mur－ dock，and Baskerville the printer lived and worked．
Birs Nimrud，mound near Babylon，2－659
Picture，2－660
Birth stones，origin and list of，19－7225
Bilthright
Duestion about
What does birthright mean？15－5519
Biscay，Bay of．Wide bay between Spain and France，notorious for its stormy weather．Here are the ports of Lorient，Nantes，La Rochelle， Rochefort and Bordeaux in France，and sall
Sebastian，Bilbao，Gijon and Santander in Spain．
Biscoe，John，antarctic explorer，14－5090
Biscuits，plants，see Trumpets
Bishop，Sir Henry，composer of music，10－36 93
wrote music for Home Sweet Home，18－6510
Bishop，William A．，Canadian aviator，17－6292－93
Bishop＇s cap，flower，description，17－6279
Biskra．Algerian tourist and health resort on the fringe of the Sahara．
Bismarck，Otto Eduard Ieopold，Prince von
influence in German history，11－3970， 3972
Pictures
portrait by von Lenbach（gravure），8－2863 at proclamation of William I as Emperor， 12－4169
concluding Peace of Versailles，11－3969
Bismarck．Capital of North Dakota，on the
Dissouri River．Near by is Fort Lincoln，whence General Custer started the disastrous expedition which ended in the destruction of his forces． Bismarck controls considerable river trade in coal，grain，hides，etc．
Bismarck，former name of ship Majestic，12－4428
Bismarck Archipelago，population，and nation ruling，9－3186
Picture，native house，9－3303
Bismuth（Bi）．One of the chemical elements，a brittle reddish white metal crystallizing in rhombohedrons．It occurs native in veins，and also in combination with other metals，from which it is obtained by roasting and smelting It is used in the formation of alloys，and its salts are used in medicine，in calico－printing and in the manufacture of cosmetics，glass，etc． Bison，European，or aurochs，4－1260

Picture（gravure） $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 6 5}$
See also Buffaloes．American
Bispham，David（1857－1921）．American singer．
Bistort，Alpine，flower
Picture（in color）15－5610
Bites，treatment for，11－4082：16－5．981
Bitter，Karl，Austro－American sculptor，14－4940
Bitter－root，flower，description，18－665У
Picture，18－6654
Bitterling，fish，and mussels，15－5541
Bitterns，birds，11－4007；14－5020
Picture
sun bittern，8－2756
Pictures（in color），9－3129；10－3624
Bittersweet，non－poisonous vine，account of， 13－4782
Picture，berries，13－4781
Bittersweet（woody nightshade），poisonous plant，14－4976
lescription of，for game，16－5：71
Pictures，14－4977；（in color），13－4880 berries（in color），11－4028
Bitterwood tree，account of，8－2911
Bivalves，class of molluses，19－6884
Bivar，Rodrigo Diaz de，see Cid，The
Biwa，Lake，Japan，2－572
Bizet，Georges，French musical composer，life and work，19－6925
Picture，portrait．19－6912
Björnson，Björnstjerne，Norwegian novelist， 19－7013
Picture，portrait．19－7009
Black，William．Scottish novelist；born，Glas gow， 1841 ；died，Brighton， 1898

See al80 11－3897
Black，color，relation to lisht and heat．14－5川く
Black alder，shrmi arcoumt いf．13－ti
Black bryony，sw isru，ny，Flack
Biack cohosh，16－5728
＂Black death，＂（＂ansed hy huhonic 川lague，15－．小保 effect on English art，6－1999
in England，5－1682

## GENERAL INDEX

Black Dwarf，by Scott，note on，11－4071
Black dwarfs，homes of，5－1656
Black Forest，Germany，note and picture，12－4165
Black Hole of Calcutta， $8-2826$
Black list．A list of persons thought deserving of censure；especially，a list of persons classi－ fied as bad debtors made for the protection of tradesmen and employers．
Black moss，acculnt uf， $9-3268$
Picture 9－3260
Black Prince，see Edward，the Black Prince
Black Sea．Inland sea between Russia，Turkey，
Bulgaria and Rumania，occupying 150,000 square
miles．Communicating with the Sea of Mar－
mora by the Bosporus，it is fed by the Danube，
Dnieper，Don，Dniester and Bug，its waters being
brackish and abounding with fish．Odessa，
Kherson，Nikolaiev，Sebastopol，Batum，Trebi－ zond，Sinope，Varna and Constantza are the most important ports．
Black skimmer，bird，description，14－5018
Black snake，account of，15－5413－14
Black snakeroot，16－5728
Black walnuts，see Walnuts
Blackbeard，nickname for pirate Edward Teach 2－京： 1
Blackberries，account of，15－5608
いいtए（11，16－．．？：2
Pictures，16－5726；（in color），11－40ン8
Blackbirds，accoumt of．13－tibi
cow blackbird，see Cowbirds
of western North America，14－5140－41
red－winged，13－4766
Picture
red－winged blackbird，13－4833
Picture（in color），9－3130
Blackboard，how to make，14－5006
Blackburn，Grace，Canadian author，14－5110
Blackcap，bird，description，9－3277－78
licture（in color）．8－2899
Blackcock，European grouse，12－4364
Blackfish，account of，6－2220
Blackfoot Indians，treachery in trading，12－4349
Blackie，Stuart，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Blacking box，directions for making，7－2378－79
Blackmail．The extortion of money by threats of exposule to dissrace or blame．It is pumish－ able by law
Blackmore，R．D．English novelist；born，Long－ worth，Berkshire，England，1825；died，Tedding－ ton，1900．Wrote Lorna Doone．
Blacksmiths
Poem about
Village Blacksmith，by H．W．Longfellow， 1－227
Question about
Why does a blacksmith＇s anvil have a tapered
lackstone，Sir William（1723－80）．A celebrated English jurist whose great work is Commen－ taries on the Laws of England．An American edition was printed in 1884.
Blackthorn，tree，description，12－4383， 4392
Pirtur＂＊
fruit（in color），11－4027
shrub，flower and leaf，12－4392
Blackwell，Elizabeth，first woman doctor in U．S． 14－5271
Bladder－wrack，description of，for game，16－5771 Bladdermut，note and picture of fruit，15－5606
Bladderwort，plant
insects used as food，1－330
leaves absorb water，2－613
structure，4－1278
Blaine，James Gillespie（1830－93）．A brilliant and popular American politician；Republican candidate for the presidency，1884；Secretary of State， 1881 and 1889－92．
Blair，Montgomery，postmaster－general
Picture，portrait，in group，7－2426
Blake，Robert，English admiral，life，11－3852 victories at sea，6－1978－79
Pieture，portrait，11－3845
Blake，William，poetry of，12－4228 visions of．11－3836
See also Poetry Index，for poems and notes Poem about
Poem about Erlmund Gosse，8－2764
Blakelock，Ealph，American painter，10－3455
Picture，Indian Encampment（gravure） 10－3462
Blanchard，Thomas，inventor，19－7214

Blanche of Castile，queen of France，and her son，Louis IX，16－5818
Blank verse，characteristics，1．100， 216
used by Marlowe，3－1124
Blantyre，Nyasaland，9－3052
Blarney．Smooth，flattering talk．The Blarney Stone in Blarney Castle，Ireland，is said to make those who kiss it skillful in the use of flattery．
Blasco Ibañez，see Ibañez
Blashfield，Edwin F．，American painter，10－3453 Picture，Academia（gravure），10－3462
Blazland，Gregory，Australian explorer，3－862
Bleaberry，Scotch name for bilberry，15－5608
Bleaching of linen，in factories，9－3323
of pulp，in paper－making，7－2448－50
Bleak，fish，description，15－5634
Bleeding，how to stop，4－1210－11；14－5000－01；
15－5599－5600
kinds，14－5000－01
operation，13－4828
Qucstion about
Cannot we bleed unless a hole is made in our veins？13－4596
Bleeding heart，flower
description，Pacific coast variety，19－6932
Blenheim，Battle of
Poem about
Battle of Blenheim，by Robert Southey，2－483 Picture，of soldiers，6－2099
Blennerhassett，Thomas（1550～1625）．An Eng－
lish poet and historian who wrote The Second
Parte of the Mirrour for Magistrates．
Blenny，fish
Pictures（in color）16－5787
butterfly blenny，16－5782
Yarrell＇s blenny，16－5782
Blenny Family of fishes， $\mathbf{1 6 . 5 7 7 6}$
Bleriot，Louis，flew across English Channel， 1－172
Picture，monoplane，1－175
Blewett，Mrs．Jean，Canadian author，14－5110
see also Poetry Index for poem and note
Blicher，Steen，Danish purt．19－i1111
Blind man＇s breakfast，game，18－6519
Blind man＇s stab，game，18－6．19
Blind partners，game，18－6519
Blincl spot，in eve．how to find，8－2746
Blindman＇s buff，game，8－2743
Blindness
Braille type for blind，15－5364
locms about
Blind Boy，by Colley Cibber，3－1007 On His Blindness，by John Milton，17－6380 Gutstions about
Are all animals blind at birth？18－6558 Why are blind people so quick at hearing？ 6－2125

## Blinkers

（Hutation＂bout
Why does a horse wear blinkers？9－3356
Block and tackle．Pulley blocks with rope，etc．
for hoisting or hauling：
Block game，with dominoes，12－4375
Block printing，directions，2－617
Blockacles，as cause of War of 1812，5－1703－04 in American Civil War，7－2438 of England，by Napoleon 1，10－3571
Bloemfontein．Capital and cathedral city of the
Orange Free State，South Africa．
Blois，Chateau of，18－6494 Pictures．18－6499
Blondel，French minstre story about．The song that found a kines． 16－5827－30
Blondes，explanation of coloring，19－7246
Blondin，Charles，tight－rope walker， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 2 6}$ Picture，10－3427
Blood
blood plates，3－937
＊cells，red，3－803－06
made in bones，3－804；5－1561
use，3－804
Pictures，3－803，805， 935
＊cells，white，3－935－36
destroying germs，picture， $\mathbf{3 . 9 3 4}$
nucleus of，2－662－63
Pictures，3－934－35
circulation
＊account of heart and circulation，4－1209－13， 1325－31
capillaries，see Capillaries
diagram，4－1211
discovery by Harvey，8－2725－27

Blood-circulation (continued)
extra supply to balance cold, 6-2124
first seen in capillaries, 13-4670
See also Arteries; Bleeding; Veins
clotting, 3-937
colors of, 11-4135
hot-blooded and cold-blooded animals, 1-52
of insects, 17-6066
poisons in, 3-806
purifying of, 4 -1212
specific gravity, 14-5038
Questions about
Do any people have blue blood? 11-4135
Is our blood cold when we feel cold? 7-2485
Picture, network between arteries and veins, 5-1805
Blood-pheasant, description, 12-4365
Blood-pressure, influenced by pituitary gland, 9-3223-24
Bloodhounds, hunting dogs, 2-718
Pictures, 2-719; (gravure) 2-713
Bloodroot, plant, 17-6275
Picture, 17-6277
Bloodstone, account of, 19-7227
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Blotter, how to make, 12-4380
Blotting-paper
Question about
Why does blotting-paper absorb ink? 10-3578
Blount, A. Es, developed varieties of wheat,

## 4-1470

Blow-flies, damage by in Australia, 18-6724
insect enemies of, 18-6724
Blowpipe. An instrument for directing a jet of air or other gas into a flame so as to concentrate and increase the heat. There are mouth blowpipes and blowpipes worked by bellows, compressed gas, etc. The oxyhydrogen blowpipe produces the most intense heat.
Blubber, fat of whales, 6-2216
Blücher, Gebhardt Leberecht von, Prussian commander at Waterloo, 6-2208
called "Marshal Forward," 11-3968
Picture, after Waterloo, 6-2198
Blue Bird, by Maeterlinck, summary and quotations, 14-5069-74
Blue blood.
Question about
Do any people have blue blood? 11-4135
Blue Boy, by Thomas Gainsborough, 6-2111
Picture (in color), 7-2340
Blue-eyed grass, flower, description, 18-6568
Blue flag, see Fleur-de-lis
Blue grass. The genus Poa with bluish green culms, Kentucky is called the "Blue-Grass State," from its blue-grass region, where fine horses are bred.
Blue jays, birds, see Jays
Blue laws. Puritanical laws supposed to restrict the freedom of members of the community. The name has been specially applied to the early regulations in force in the colony of New Haven. The name is said to have originated from an edition on blue paper.
Blue-print pictures, how to make, 15-5331-32
Bluebell of Scotland, harebell, 17-6125, 6128
Bluebells
English name for squills, 17-6128, 6130
name for drooping forget-me-not, 18-6665-66
name for wild hyacinths, 17-6126
Blueberries, 6-2064, 2068; 13-4776-77 Picture, 13-4777
Bluebirds, account of, 13-4840
belong to thrush family, 9-3140
of western North America, 14-5137-38
Pictures, (in color) 10-3621; 13-4842
Indian fairy bluebird, 12-4370
mountain bluebird, facing 14-5133
western bluebird, facing 14-5133
Bluebottles, flies, 17-6420
Bluebottles, or cornflowers, flowers, 14-4978, 4980 Pirture, 14-4978
Bluecoat school, London, founded by Edward VI, 5-1817
Bluefish, account of, 16-5775
Bluejays, see Jays
Blushing
Question about
What happens to our skin when we blush? 1.188

Bo eee, account of, 9-3261-62
oa constrictor, snake, 15-5412-13
Picture, 15-5411

Boadicea, queen of British tribe, $\mathbf{4}=1320$; 13-4584-85
Poem about
Boadicea, by William Cowper, 1-322
Pictures, 13-4583; statue, $13-4585$
Board, Ernest, artist
Picture, John and Sebastian Cabot, 1-254
Board of Health. A number of persons ap-
pointed or elected to sit in council (at a table or
board) to regulate the conditions for public
health within a certain area.
Boarfish. Picture (in color) 16-5783
Boarhounds, German, see Great Dane
Boars, Wild, ancestor of domestic pig, 5-1717
characteristics, 5-1717-18
damage done in India, 5-1718
Pictures, 5-1721
Boas, snakes, account of, 15-5412-13
Boatbills, birds
Picture, Central American (in color) 10-3624
Boats
balance, in water, 14-5177, 5179-80
fishing schooners, 11-4052
flat-bottom, how to build, with pictures, 16-5983-84
leaking, how to prevent, 18-6645
submarine, see Submarine boats
toy
made from cork, 2-514-15
made from fruits, nuts, etc., 11-4083-84
made from paper, 4-1396
made from tinfoil and camphor, 15-5595
See also Battleships; Ships
Pictures
ancient Egyptian models, 3-807, 809
Chinese, 2.430
delivering mail, 8-2661
ferry-boat, 8-2949
fishing schooner, 11-4058
fishing trawler, 11-4056
flatboat, Ohio River, 6-1909
with lateen sails, 7-2540
Bob, dog, story of bravery, 16-5736
Bobac, animal, 3-1132
Bobolinks, birds, account of, 8-2970
in southern U. S., 14-5023
P'orm about
Robert of Lincoln, by W. C. Bryant, 15-5523 Picture, 8-2975
Bobwhites, see Quails
Boccaccio, Giovanni, Italian author
life and writings, 17-6152-53
Pieture, portrait, 17-6149
Böcklin, Arnold, Swiss painter, 8-2852
Boer War, $1493-14112,7-249-2011 ; 9-3150$
Boerhaave, Hermann, physician, 8-2727-28
Boers, in South Africa
and the Zulus, 9-3048, 3050
founded Orange Free State and Transvaal, 9-3048
Boethius. Roman statesman, philosopher, writer of commentaries on the works of Aristotle; born about 475 ; put to death, 524 , by Valentinian III. Boethus, sculptor, statues of children, 12-4467-68

Picture, statue, boy and goose, 12-4463
Bog-bean, see Buck-bean
Bog-moss, description, 16-5727
roots of, 2-614
value to man, $5-1627$
Bog-myrtle, note and picture, 16-5733
Bogotá. Capital of Colombia, on $a$ lofty and healthy Andean plateau. Founded in 1538 , it has a 16th-century cathedral and many fine buildings, and was once regarded as the chief centre of culture in South America.
Bohemia. Formerly an independent kingdom. and later a province of the Austrian Empire, but now the chief division of Czecho-Slovakia. A tableland girdled by mountain ranges, it has immense agricultural and mineral resources and many valuable industries, notably manufactures of linen, woolen goods and glass. Prague is the capital of Czecho-Slovakia; other important towns are Pilsen, Budweis and Reichenberg, while Carlshad, Marienbad and Teplitz are famous for their mineral springs. The people are mainly Czechs.
relations with Austria, 17-6192
ohemund $I$ of Tarentum, in First Crusade, 7-2585-86
Bohm, Maz, American painter, 10-3456
Picture, Evening Meal (gravure) 10-3464

## GENERAL INDEX

Böhme, Jacob, German writer, 17-6268
Boiardo, Matteo, Italian author, 17-6154
Boileau-Despréaux, Nicholas, French critic, 18-6.711
Picture, portrait, 18-6714

## Boiling

Questions about
Can anything boil when it is cold? 8-3014
What makes the kettle boil? 12-4277
When water is boiling, why can it not be made hotter? 13-4595
Why does boiling make an egg hard? 13-4827
Why does boiling milk flow over the top of the saucepan? 7-2609
Why does the kettle sing? 11-4134
Boiling-point, of various substances, 8-3014
valves with atmospheric pressure, 13-4595
Boisé. Capital of the State of Idaho, on the
Boisé River, on which is the celebrated Arrowrock Dam, the highest in the world. The city is the centre of an agricultural and mining district. It was originally the military post of Fort Boise.

## Boisé River dam, Idaho, 7-2546

Picture, 7-2552
Boker, George Henry, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Bokhara. Central Asian Moslem state under Russian domination; area, 83,000 square miles; capital, Bokhara. Very fertile in places, it produces cotton, silk, wheat, hemp and tobacco.
Boldini, Giovanni, Italian painter, 8-2854
Boleslas the Brave, king of Poland, 13-4680
Boleyn, Anne, wife of Henry VIII
Wolsey and More against marriage, 5-1816 Picture, portrait (gravure) 5-1821
Bolivar, Simon, South American leader, 19-6864

* life, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 5 9 1}$
first president of Republic of Colombia, 19-6975
Picture, portrait, 13-4583
Bolivia, South America
* history and description, 19-6978, 6980
named for Bolivar, 13-4591
war with Chile, 19-i.036, 7038
Pictures, 19-6859
Boll-weevil, see Cotton boll-weevil
Bollworm, destroys cotton, 18-6722
pink bollworm came from Egypt, via Mexico, 18-6734
Bologna, Giovanni da, Italian sculptor, 13-4608 Pictures
statue of Aolus (gravure) 13-4614
statue of Mercury (gravure). 13-1609
Bologaa. One of the largest cities of northern Italy, manufacturing macaroni, sausages, soap, textiles and glass. A very ancient place, it is surrounded by lofty medieval walls nearly six miles in circumference; it has a hundred churches, a cathedral and the oldest university in Europe.
school of painting, 3-1108
Bolometer, to measure heat, 17-6080
Bolsheviks. Russian for "Majority party" which in 1917 strove to create a Communist republic in Russia. Its main theories were the conquest of society by the proletariat class, the power of revolutionary instinct, and opposition to the dictatorship of a minority.
Bombay. Second city and port of India, on Hombay Island. It is the distributing centre and cotton market for western India, and has also salt, dyeing, metal and tanning trades. Sixty-two languages are spoken, but two-thirds of the people are Hindus. Near by are the Cave Temple of Elephanta and the Parsee Tower of Silence.
piven to Charles II of England, 8-2698
Bombs, depth, use by navy, 18-6816
Bombyz mori, name of silkworm, 15-5308
Bonaparte, Charles Louis Napoleon, see Napo1...in 111

Bonaparte, Francis Joseph Charles, son of Na-

Bonaparte, Napoleon, see Napoleon I
Bonaparte, Napoleon Joseph Charles Paul, Prince Imperial, killed in South African unr. 10-1.
Bonaparte family
A.s..leon I gave thrones to, 6-2205: 10-3571 Bonar, Horatius, hymn-writer, 12-4437 s'ee also Poetry Index for poem and note

Bonded warehouse. A warehouse in which goods on which the duties are unpaid are stored under bond in the custody of the importer and the customs officers.
Bone, Muirhead, British etcher, 8-2860
"Bone china," how made, 5-1664
Bones, blood-cells made in, 3-804
broken, treatment, 11-4082; 13-4732-33
camels' bones used for ivory, 5-1596

* of human body, account of, 5-1673-77; 13-4618-19
* structure and uses, 5-1559-63

Né also skeleton
Boneset, plant, 16-5728
southern species, description, 19-7092, 7094
l'icture and note, 16-5-29
Bongo, animal, 4-1443
Bonheur, Rosa. French animal-painter; born, Bordeaux, 1822; died, Paris, 1899. Her Horse Fair is in the Metropolitan Museum of Art. place in art, 7-2370
Picture, Horse Fair, 7-2369
Bon Homme Richard, ship, fight with Serapis, 17-6326, 6328
Boniface, St., life of, 13-4862
Picture, cutting down sacred tree, 13-4861
Bonington, Richard, British painter, 6-2232, 2234 Pictures

A River Scene, 6-2232
Fishing Boats, 6-2233
Bonitos, fishes, 16-5775
Picture (in color) 16-5781
Bonn. Beautiful German Rhine town, birthplace of Beethoven. Here are an ancient fivetowered minster and a famous university, containing among other things an extensive library. a museum of Roman relics and a splendid observatory.

Picture, cathedral (gravure) 12-4177
Bonnat, Léon, French painter, 8-2856-57
Picture, Portrait of Leon Cogniet (gravure) 8-2863
Bonnet, doll's, how to make, 12-4501
Bonnett, Daniel, Huguenot refugee, 3-1036
Bonneville, Benjamin $\mathbf{I}_{\text {. }}$. ${ }_{\text {as }}$ discovered Great Salt Lake. 6-1916, 1918
Bonnie Blue Flag, Confederate song, origin, 18-6514
Bonnie Prince Charlie, see Stuart, Charles Edward
Booby, bird, account of, 11-3884
Book cover, how to make, 12-4380
Book-lice, insects, 17-6068
Book of Common Prayer, arranged by Cranmer, 5-1817
Book of Hours, in French illuminated manuscripts, $4-1$
Book of Kells, Iris illuminated manuscript, 2-582
Picture, page from, 8-2941
Book of the Dead, Egypt, 1-290-91; 3-814; 15-5463 Picture, page from (in color), 1-294
Bookbinding, description, 3-1067 directions, with pictures, 12-4263 Pictures, 3-1067
Bookcase, directions for making, 8-2877
Booklets, how to make, 2-750
Books
Babylonian and Assyrian, ancient libraries of, 2-656-58
cylinders and tablets, $\mathbf{2 - 6 5 0}$
directions for making, 8-2881-82
booklets, how to make, 2-750
like Japanese booklets, 3-1156 with pictures, 12-4261-63
first one made in America, 18-6509 histors

* How man learned to write, 10-3545-50
* Men who gave us printing, 9-3381-90
hriw to coler with naper, 19-715:9
honi to ment, 13-4, T
* manufacture, 3-1053-67
rarts of 12-12f1
right spirit in reading, 1-81
value and beauty of, 1-79-81
N゙ゃ alsr I, ibraries: Manuseripts, Illumination of
See also 20-7688, for accounts of famous books Questions about

How many books are there in the world? 2.463

Why do bookmakers gild the tops of books? 18-6553

Book: (continued)
Pictures
ancient Irish book-covers, 8-2941
Assyrian book, clay cylinder, 10-3545
making of a book, 3-1060-67
pages from old manuscripts (in color) 2-477-80
Boom on ship, explanation of, 11-4086-87
Boomerang
Question about
Why does a boomerang come back? 14-5081
Picture, native holding, 3-860
Boone, Daniel, pioneer

* life and work, 6-2189-95
settled in Kentucky, 6-1906
Pictures.
portrait, 6-2193
cabin at Femme Osage, 6-2191
rescuing girls from Indians, 6-2191
Boonesborough, Kentucky, settlement of, 6-2194 siege of, during Revolution, 6-2194
Booth, John Wilkes, actor, assassinated Abraham Lincoln 3-1047; 7-2442


## Booth, William

Picture, portrait, with mother, 15-5617
Boots, description, 18-6446
Boracic acid or boric acid $(\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{OH})$ ). A white crystalline substance, obtained from salts which appear in solution in the hot lagoons of Tuscany or the volcanic Lipari Isles and from Borax Lake in California. Used as a preservative, in coloring gold, making flint glass, etc., and medicinally as an antiseptic
Borage, flower
Picture (in color) 14-4989
Borage Family, in botany, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 8 7 5}$
Borchgrevink, Carsten Egebarg, antarctic explorer, 14-5091-92

## Picture, portrait, 14-5089

Bordeaux. Fourth largest French city, with a fine harbor on the Garonne. The chief centre of the wine trade, it also has a thriving shipbuilding industry and an enormous general trade. Its magnificent Gothic cathedral was partly built by the English during the Hundred Years' War. Roman remains include the ruins of a large amphitheatre.
western port, 11-3821
Picture, cathedral of St. André, 10-3575
Borden, Sir Robert Laird, premier of Canada, 4-1491
Borden condensing process for milk, 10-3508
Boreas, north wind, in mythology, 9-3234
Borecole, cabbage, see Kale
Borglum, Gutzon, American sculptor, 14-4939 Picture, Horses of Diomed, statue, 8-2703
Borgognone, Il (Ambrogio da Fossano), Italian painter, 3-1107
Picture, Marriage of the two St. Catherines, 3-1105
Boris, king of Bulgaria, 14-4926
Bormeo, British part, account of, 9-3186
Borromeo, Carlo, cardinal, heroism during plague, 10-3466-67
Picture, statue of, 10-3466
Borrow, George, author, 11-3999
Borsippa, ancient city, site, with picture, 2-660
Boru, see Brian Boroihme
Borzod, Russian wolfhound, description, 2-717
Picture (gravure) 2-714
Bosboom, Johan, Dutch painter, 8-2854
Bosnia. Formerly Turkish, and later part of the Austrian Empire, 1908-18, but now united with Jugo-Slavia. One-third of the people are Mohammedans, the remainder being divided between the Roman Catholic and the Greek Orthodox churches, but they are mainly of Slavonic stock. Sarajevo is the capital.
access to sea, 17-6346
and Austria, 17-6194, 6196
Bossuet, Jacques Bénigne, French writer,
18-6714
Picture, portrait, 18-6713
Boston. A centre of culture and education in Massachusetts, famous in the political, commercial, musical and literary history of the United States. An important port and manufacturing city, and financially influential. Large wool and fish trade. Export trade second only to New York.

[^0]Boston (continued)
Question about
Why is Boston called the "Hub of the Universe"? 17-6177
Pictures
Bunker Hill Monument, 17-6177
Christian Science Mother Church, 14-5266
Old North Church, 18-6830
Old State House, Faneuil Hall, Paul Revere's house, 18-6832
State House and Common, 11-3782
Pictures (gravure)
Old North Church, 18-6685
Public Library, 18-6687
State House, 18-6685
Trinity Church, 18-6686
Boston Massacre, 1770, 4-1162
Picture, 4-1160
Boston Port Bill. A bill passed by the British Parliament in 1774 to punish the people of Boston for their destruction of imported tea lying in their harbor. It provided for the removal of the seat of government to Salem and the removal of the port to Marblehead until certain conditions had been complied with. The bill stirred up great sympathy among the colonists and food was sent to the city.
Boston Tea Party, 4-1162
Bostwick, Helen $\mathbf{B}_{\text {., }}$ see Poetry Index for poem and note
Boswell, James, and Samuel Johnson, 5-1868
note on life of Johnson, 5-1728
Bosworth Field, Battle of, 5-1686
Bot-flies, 17-6421-22
Botany. The scientific study of plants, which. to-day includes a group of sciences. Taxonoms is the classification of plants; in this subject Linnæus excelled. Morphology treats of the structure and development of plants. Anatomy, aided by the microscope, deals with plant tissue: Physiology with the life of plants, as to how nutrition is absorbed, etc.; Ecology is the branch of plant physiology which treats of the plant in relation to its environment; Pathology tells of plant diseases; Bacteriology treats of the plants known as bacteria.
experiments to try, 2-616
game, botanical puzzles, 16-5771
study of, Asa Gray's work, 19-7054
ser also Collecting: Flowers; Fruit; Crains.

* Plants; Seeds; Shrubs; Trees; also names of plants, fruits, and flowers
For list of main articles, sce 20-7599-7602 victs, 3-861-62; 7-2464
named by Captain Cook, 7-2464
Botha (1862-1919). Great Dutch Soutk African statesman, first prime minister of the Union of South Africa in 1910. During the Wrovd W゙at he led expeditionary force against rebels in Union and German Southwe Africa, organized a force against German East Africa and an expeditionary unit for Europe. Represented South Africa at the Peace Conference, 1919
Bothnia, Gulf of. Northern arm of the Baltic, between Sweden and Finland
Bothwell, James Hepburn, 4th earl, marriage to Mary Queen of Scots, 12-4214
Botta, Paul Emile, French explorer, explorations in Nineveh, 2-654
Böttger, Johann Friedrich, discovered clay for porcelain, 5-1664
Botticelli, Sandro (Alessandro Filipepi), Italian painter, 2-699
Pictures
Madonna and Child, 2-690
Spring (gravure) 2-693
Virgin with Jesus (gravure) 2-695
Bottle tree
Picture, 9-3267
Bottles, how made, 18-6746, 6748-49
how to clean, 15-5335
how to remove glass stopper, 19-7079
musical instruments made from, directions 17-6387
Questions about
What makes water gurgle when it comes out of a bottle? 11-3979
Why does a full bottle keep hot longer than one half-full? 10-3475
Bouchardon, Eđmé, French sculptor, 13-4703
Boucher, François, French painter, 5-1881
Picture, Pastoral Idyl, $5 \mathbf{- 1 8 7 5}$


## GENERAL INDEX

Boucicault, wrote version of Wearin' o' the Green, 10-3610
Bougainville, Iouis Antoine de, in Samoa, 10-3592
Boughton, George Henry, Anglo-American painter Pietures
Marvell shaking hands with Milton, 4-1237 Milton's First Love, 4-1234
Boulogne. French port on the English Channel, with an important passenger traffic with Folkestone and a large forth sea fishery. The old town stands on a hill above the harbor, and is still surrounded by high walls. It has a cathedral.
Boulton, Matthew, maker of steam-engine, 3-990; 5-1612
Bounce about, game, 3-1029
Bouncing Bet, flower
Picture (in color) 13-4879
Bounty, ship, mutiny of, 9-3300
Bourdelle, Emile-Antoine, French sculptor, 13-4706
 note
Bourges cathedral, 17-6159
Bourinot, Arthur S., Canadian author, 14-5109
Bourinot, Sir John, Canadian author, 14-5109; 15-5367
Bourseul, Charles, and the telephone, 17-6184, 6242, 6246
Bouts, Thierry (or Dierick), Flemish painter, character of painting, 4-1225
Picture, Portrait of a Man, 4-1228
Bow, of a ship, 14-5003
Bow and arrow
how arrow is driven, 12-4278
use of bow in making fire, 1-308
l'otm about
Song of the Bow, by Sir A. C. Doyle, 9-3107 Gurxtion about What makes an arrow fly? 12-4278
Bow River dam, at Bassano, Alberta, 7-2546 Picture, 7-2551
Bowell, Sir Mackenzie, premier of Canada, 4-1491
Bowels, structure, and digestive power, 6-2085 Picture, magnified diagram of lining, 6.2083
Bower bircls, account of, 8-2896 Pirtuit:
in bower, 8-2895
regent bower bird (in color) 10-3624
Bowers, H. R., on Scott's antarctic expedition, 14-5096
Picture, portrait, $\mathbf{1 4 . 5 1 0 0}$
Bowfin, wh Mudish
Bowles, William Lisle, see Poetry Index for poem and note

## Bowling

Question about
What makes the hall swerve in a howling game? 18-655?
Bowls, ball game, directions for playing, $4-1400$
Bowman, Iouise Morey, Canadian author, 14-5110
Bowring, Sir John, hymn-writer, 12-4440 Picture, portrait, 12-4439
Bows and arrows, see Bow and arrow
Bowsprit of a ship, 14-inns
Boz elder, a kind of maple, 12-4248
Box furniture, directions for making, 3-893-94: 6-2262-64; 7-2377-79; 8-2875-79 Louise Brigham's development of, 3-891-93 firlurex. 3-\:4-4:
Boxer rebellion, China, in 1900 , 2-433 Japan and, 2-566

## Boxes

livections for making
general-utility box, 7-2377-78
mitre-box, 17-6263
nail-box, 17-6262-63
vortex box, 13-4846
dirw tions for nailing, 8-ご +1
wall cabinet from cigar boxes, 15-5597 Sice also Box furniture: Cigar boxes
Boxing the compass. Nautical term for giving all the points of the compass in regular order; hence, in politics, and so on, to try all sides and end where one began.
Boy Scouts
hints for awkward situations, 12-4376
Boy Scouts of America

* acconmit (i) 12-1451-58

Scout Law, 12-4454, 4456
Pictures, 12-4451-58

Boycott. To combine against any person, withholding social or business intercourse from him and compelling others to do the same, From Captain Boycott, a land agent in Ireland who was so treated in 1880
Boyle, John J., Amierican sculptor, 14-4939
Boyle, Robert, chemist, electrical
discoveries, 4-1244; 16-5666
law of compressed gas, 15-5289
licture, portrait, 4-1243
Boyle, Sarah, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Boyne River, 8-2934
Boys
Poems about
Barefoot Boy, by J. G. Whittier, 4-1517
Only a Boy, 11-4030
Question about
Why does a boy's voice break and not a girl's? 4-1230
Bozzaris, Marco
Poem about, and note
Marco Bozzaris, by Fitz-Greene Halleck, 8-2765
Brabançonne, La, national song of Belgium, 10-3612
Brabant. Ancient province of the Netherlands,
now divided between Holland and Belgium. It contains Brussels and Antwerp.
Bracelets, for dolls, directions and picture, 4-1399
Bracken, fern
Picture (in color) 10-3728
Braddock, Edward, British general
expedition against Fort Duquesne, 3-780-82
Bradford, William, governor of Plymouth colony, 2-548
History of Plymouth Plantation, 12-4445-46
Bradford-on-Avon, England
l'irfur, uld siason church, 4-14.3
Bradley, James, astronomer, 1-284
l'icture, portrait, I-281
Bradshaw, John, in English Civil War, 11-3852 Picture, portrait, 11-3845
Brady, Nicholas, versified the psalms, 12-4437
Braga, Portugal, population, 14-: lin
Picture, Church of the Good Jesus, 14-5191
Braganza, Portugal. Picture, 14-5190
Bragg, Sir William, discoveries with X-rays, $16-5!44$
Brahe, Tycho, astronomer, life and work, 1-205-06
Pictures, 1-202-04
Brahmanism, early religion of India, 9-3085 architecture, 15-5471
Brahmaputra. Great river of Asia. It rises in the northernmost chain of the Himalayas and flows through Tibet, Assam and Bengal into the Bay of Bengal, being navigable in places in Tibet at 13,800 feet above sea-level. Its discharge in Assam is estimated at 140,000 cubic feet a second, nearly double that of the Ganges. There is great development of agricultural resources within its basin. $\mathbf{1 , 6 8 0}$ miles. mud carried by, 7-2537-38
Brahmins, Hindu caste, 8-2702
Brahms, Johannes, German musical composer, 19-6923. 7151-52
Pictures, portraits, 19-6912, 7153
Braille, Iouis, invented Braille type, 15-5364
Braille type
Question about
What is the type known as Braille? 15-5364
Brain

* Forest of nerves within us, 8-2837-43
* Mystery of the brain, 8-2943-47
* Parts of the brain, 9-3059-62
account of, 8-2839-41
cells, varieties of, 16-5957-58 centres of
music-hearing centre, 9-3062
sight centre, 9-3062
speech centre, 9-3062
sweat centre, 4-1419
word-hearing centre, 9-3061 word-seeing centre, 9.3062 connection with eye, 11-3801 control of body
h/riml supply controlled by, 4-1213
breathing controlled by, $4-1330$
heart controllefl hr, 4-1212-13
discoveries of. Ferrier and Horsley, 15-5492 dreaming, activity in, 9-3099


## GENERAL INDEX

Brain (continued)
during sleep, 4-1356
effect of alcohol on, 8-2682-83
in animals and man, beginning at simplest 8-2945-46
n lower animals, 8-2838
memory and, 11-4067-68
protected by skull, 5-1674
shape not corresponding to skull, 4-1355
size, variation of, 8-2944
size in man requires different skull from animals, 5-1673
structure of, 8-2682-83, 2840-41
surface of, 8-2943-44
thinking brings blood to, $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 1 3}$
Questions about
Can a brain ever get filled up? 16-5957
Does the brain need food? 5-1811
Does the shape of the brain mean anything? 4-1355

## Pictures

diagrams, 8-2839, 2945
gray-matter, 9-3061
of various animals, and man, 8-2943
Brainerd, David. American missionary to the
Indians: born, Haddam, Connecticut, 1718; died,
Northampton, Mass., 1747.

## Brakes

air-brakes, invention of, 19-7212
Bramante, sometimes called Lazzari, (Donato d'Agnolo), Italian architect, 17-6300
work in Rome, 17-6309

## Bramble

Pictures (in color)
flower of, 13-4879
stone bramule, fruit of, 11-4028
Brambling, bird, 8-2973
Brandeis, Louis D., note and portrait, $19-7165$
Brandes, Georg, literary critic, 19-7012
Picture, portrait, 19-7009
Brandy-bottle, yellow water 1iiy, 16-5870
Brandywine, Battle of. Fought in Pennsylvania during the American Revolution between the British under General Howe and the Americans under General Washington. The Americans were defeated, and Howe was enabled to occupy Philadelphia. In this engagement Lafayette was seriously wounded.
effect of battle, 4-1168
Brandywine Creek. Stream, principally in southeastern Pennsylvania, flowing into Delaware River
Brangwyn, Frank, British painter, 8-2860
Branly, E., inventor, 17-6246
Picture, portrait, 17-6246
Brant, goose, description, 11-3888
Bras d’Or Lake, Cape Breton Island, 1-106
Brass. An alloy of copper and zinc used in commerce as cast, sheet, wire and tubes. The proportions of its parts vary according to its use. The method for producing brass from copper and zinc was patented by James Emmerson in 1781. Brass has a fine yellow color, takes a high polish, is harder than copper, and therefore resists wear better. It tarnishes on exposure to damp unless protected by varnish or veneer. Some of the important kinds have special names, as, Archs motal, bristol brass
Brass instruments, Musical, 19-6899
Bratislava, Czecho-Slovakia, 17-6342
Picture, 17-6343
Bravery, stories of, see Stories, Golden deeds

## razil

coffee-growing, 6-2178
commerce and resources, 19-7046

* description, 19-7042, 7046
discovery, Spanish and Portuguese claims, 19-7040
education. 19-7046
* history, 19-7040, 7042
became independent of Portugal, 14-5186
claimed for Portugal in 1500, 2-677
empire established, 19-7042
republic established, 19-7042
World W゙ar. 19-7い4?
population, $\mathbf{5 - 1 6 0 6 : ~ 1 9 - 7 0 4 6 ~}$
stamps, rare, 16-5887
Picturs
capital of, 19-7041, 7047
coffee-growing, 6-2177-81
Declaration of Independence of Brazil,
19-7043
Santos and São Paulo, 19-7ก48

Brazil nuts, 6-2278, 2280
Pictures, 6-2275; (in color) 8-3000
Brazilwood, tree, produces dye, 9-3154
Brazos River. American river rising in the
Staked Plain, Texas. Flows into Gulf of Mexico. 850 miles.

## Bread

* Bread by which we live, 7-2423-25
* The World's bread and butter, 1-371-73
black, made from rye or barley, l-372
difference between brown and white, 7-2424
Graham bread more wholesome than white, 8-2802
how made, 1-371-73; 2-626
leavened and unleavened, 1-371
yeast, effect of, 5-1628
Question about
Why is new bread more indigestible than old? 7-2486
Pictures, baking in electric oven, 7-2423 modern bakery, 1-379-80
outdoor oven, Quebec, 8-2955
Breadfruit
Picture (in color) 8-3000
Breakspear, Nicholas, see Adrian IV
Breakwater. A structure built out into the sea or lake to break the force of waves and provide calm water inside for anchorage of vessels. Extensively used in Europe and Asia and on the Great Lakes.
Breath
Question alout
Why do we not see our breath on a warm day? 16-5842


## Breathing

* Life and the lungs, 4-1325-31
affected by age, temperature, food, etc., 4-1330
artificial, for drowned person, 17-6147-48
by lungs and by gills, 11-3841
centre in brain, 4-1330
effect on blood, 3-937-38
exercises, 15-5332
of fishes, 8-2716; 10-3732
of insects, 17-6064, 6066
of plants, 11-4094
of whales, 6-2214
process of, 4-1330
relation to atmospheric pressure, 15-5285
See also Lungs
Questions about
Do seeds breathe just as people do?
15-5519-20
Does a rock breathe? 9.3102
If fish breathe under water, why cannot we? 14-5221
Why do we get out of breath when we run? 7-2610
Breckinridge, John C., vice-president of U. S. candidate for president, 1860, 7-2430
Picture, portrait (gravure) 11-3948
Breeches Bible, 144950
Brehon Iaws, Ireland, 8-2929, 2932, 2934
Bremen. Ancient German free city and port, on the Weser. It has considerable manufactures and a great transatlantic trade, the largest ships being able to reach Bremerhaven, its outport. Part of the old ramparts still remains, and there is an old cathedral.
Bremen, Junkers plane, 1-182, 184
Bremer, Fredrika, Swedish author, 19-7014
Brendan, St. (about 484-578). Trish abbot who is said to have presided over 3,000 monks in the 6 th century. He is famous for his seven years voyage, in which, according to legend, he and 17 wthers set out from Kerry in a coracle in search of the western Land of Promise of the Saints.
Brenner Pass. Lowest pass over the Alps and first to have a railway. It connects the Austrian and the Italian Tyrol, and since Roman times has been the chief highway between Germany and Italy. 4,500 feet.


## picture, 17-6198

Brescia Railway centre in Lombardy, Italy, with manufactures of iron and steel goods, woolens, wine, linen and silk. Over 2,000 years old, it is surrounded by walls and dominated by a castle; it has an ancient cathedral, a magnificent town hall, and many fine churches, some of them decorated with paintings by Tintoretto and Paolo Vernnese.
school of painting, 3-1107
Picture, 13-4577

## GENERAL INDEX

Ereslau. German catheâral and university city on the Oder, and capital of Silesia. A great industrial centre, it makes woolens, linen, cotton, soap and machinery.

Picture, Town llall (gravure) 12-4176
Brest. One of chivi french naval ports, in Brittany. It has important fisheries, considerable manufactures, and one of the finest harbors in Europe.
western port, 11-3821
Bretons. Celtic inhabitants of Brittany, and similar in race and dialect to the Welsh. They are of the round-headed Alpine type of the Caucasic division of peoples.
Brett, Jacob, laid first cable from. England to France, 12-4294
Brett, John Watkins, laid first cable from England to France, 12-4294
Brewer, Ebenezer Cobham, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Brian Boroihme, king in Ireland battles with Danes, 8-2930, 2932
Brian Boru, see Brian Boroihme
Bricard, Xavier, French painter, 8-2858
Picture, Mother and Child (gravure) 8-2862
Bricklaying
Question about
What does the pattern in a brick wall mean? 3-876
Bricimaking, in ancient Babylon, 2-652
Sricks, blowing over (trick), 3-1025
clay, directions for making, 9-3248
seeing through, trick, 12-4377
Questions about
Why did the Egyptians use straw for their bricks? 12-4505
Why is there a hollow in the face of a brick? 16-5962
Bride of Lammermoor, by Scott, note on, 11-4071
Bridge of a ship, 12-4418; 14-5002
Bridge-board, game, 8-2744
Bridge of Sighs, Venice, $\mathbf{4} 1458$
Picture (gravure) 4-1468
Bridgeport. Busy manufacturing and commercial cits of Connecticut, on an inlet of Long Island Sound.
Bridges, Robert, poet laureate, 12-4233
Bridges
cantilever, 1-28
Quebec Bridge, 1-29, 39
concrete, how made, 7-2309

* history and construction, 1-2'7-42
how built, 1-30-31
iron, first use of, 1-27-28
natural
Natural Bridge, Utah, note and picture, 18-6425
Natural Bridge, Va., note and picture, 14-4900
Pont Saint-Bénézet at Avignon, 18-6494 suspension
Clifton, England, 1-28
in New York, 1-28
longest in world, 1-34
transporter bridge, note and picture, 1-36
Qurstions about
Does a bridge expand in the sun? 15-5517
How can thin iron rods carry a suspension bridge? 12-4280
Why do soldiers break step while crossing a bridge? 7-2485
Why is straw sometimes hung under bridges? 10-3477
Pictures
Arab bridge, in Spain, 14-5052
bascule bridge at Chicago (gravure) 19-7116 bridge of boats, 8-2695
cantilever bridge, Alaska, 10-3585
concrete railway bridge near Orebro, 15-5305 Hansa bridge at Stettin (gravure) $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 1 7 7}$ In Minneapolis, 15-5280
over Skuru Sound. 15-..306
railway bridges, $\mathbf{2 - 4 1 2}$
Rialto bridge, Venice (gravure) 17-6304
Roman bridge at Pergamum (gravure) 15-5355
* showing construction. 1-30-32
* various types, 1-26-27, 33-41

Bridges in piano, 5-1796
Bridgetown, capital of Barbados, 9-3191
Bxidgewater Canal, England, 13-4786
Brig, sailing vessel, rig of and picture, 11-4087

Brigantine, sailing vessel, rig of and picture, 11-4087
Brigham, 工ouise, and box furniture, 3-891-93
Bright, Charles Tilston, and Atlantic cables, 12-4294, 4296
Bright, John. English statesman and orator, leader of the Anti-Corn-Law League; born Greenbank near Rochdale, 1811 ; died, 1889.

Picture, portrait, with parents, 15-5619
Brill, fish, 16-5779
Picture, 16-5779; (in color) 16-5784
Brimstone, or sulphur (S). A natural acidic element occurring in large quantities in various sulphids and sulphates. It is found in volcanic regions, as in Sicily, in vast beds, and in nonvolcanic regions, as in Louisiana. Melted out from accompanying earthy matter, it is then distilled; first vapors are condensed as a lemonyellow powder called flour of sulphur, the remainder is condensed as a liquid, which is cast into sticks forming roll sulphur, or brimstone. Used in medicine as a laxative, in commerce in making gunpowder, matches, fireworks, sulphuric acid, for vulcanizing rubber and for bleaching.
Brindisi. One of the most important Adriatic ports of Italy, with mail and passenger services to Egypt, India, Turkey and Greece. It has a cathedral, a massive medieval castle and a large export trade.
Brindley, James, founder of English canal system, 13-4786; 19-7205
Picture, portrait, 19-7201
Brisbane. Capital and chief port of Queensland, Australia, on Brisbane River. A healthy and well-built city, it has two cathedrals and a university, and manufactures leather, soap and tobacco. Sheep, frozen meat, tallow, coal and wool are exported.
coal in neighborhood, 7-2468
Bristol. Chief port of southwest England, and one of the most historic. Standing 7 miles from the mouth of the Avon, it has fine docks at Avonmouth accessible to the largest vessels, and its industries include manufactures of tobacco, cocoa, chocolate and soap. There is a cathedral, founded in 1142, while the Church of St. Mary, Redcliffe, is one of the finest Perpendicular buildings in England. Other prominent buildings are the university and the Cabot Tower.
cathedral, 16-5970
Picture, cathedral (gravure) 16-5976
Britain, see Britons: England
Britain, and later Europe, * 13-4853-58
Britannia Bridge, Wales, description, 1-27-28
British and Foreign School Society, 14-5254
British Columbia. Canadian western province; area, 356,000 square miles; capital, Victoria, on Vancouver Island. Lying west of the Rockies it has a mild and healthy climate, and is noted for its fruit-growing industry. The rivers, the Fraser especially, are the source of a great sal-mon-canning trade, while the hills are rich in coal, copper, zinc, gold, silver. lead and timber. Vancouver, terminus of the C.P.R., is the second seaport of Canada.
joins Dominion of Canada, 4-1489-90
Pictures
paper plant, 7-2452
water-power pipe-line, 15-5436
British East Africa, former name of Kenya Colony, 9-3054; 18-6811
British Empire, sef England-colonies and dependencies
British Grenadiers, song, age of , 10-3608
British Guiana, sec Guiana, British
British Honduras, see Honduras, British
British Isles, climate affected by trade winds, 8-2666
See also England
Question about
How many islands are in the British Isles? 18-6554
British Museum, London
ancient letters of English kings in Manuscript room, 5-1566

* history, 12-4358, 4360

Priture, 12-4355
British North America Act, 1867, 4-1488-89
reasons for, and provisions, 5-1833-40
British South African Company, 9-3052
Britons, early inhabitants of England

* before and during Roman period, 2-1317-24

Britons (continued)
ships of, 11-3914
Pictures, 4-1321, 1431
Brittany. Northwest peninsula of France, formerly an independent duchy. Famous for its beauty and the quaint customs of its people, mostly peasants and fisherfolk, it contains the beautiful old towns of Rennes, its old capital, Dinan, and Vannes, many small seaside resorts, and the ports of Nantes, Brest, Lorient, St. Nazaire and St. Malo.
language like the Welsh, 11-3822
settled by ancient Britons, 11-3821
Picture, 11-3817
Brittany, Duke of, and John of Montfort, 12-4.226
Brittleness, cause of, 3-879
Broadbills, birds, account of, 9-3288
Pictures, 9-3287; (in color) 10-3623
Broadcasting stations, 17-6368, 6370
Picturs, 17-6365-67
Broadcloth. A fine smooth-faced woolen cloth usually of double width (hence the name) in which the hairs of the woof and warp are entangled so that the cloth does not unravel when cut. The term has also been applied to a cotton fabric.
Broca, Paul, French anthropologist, discovered speech area in brain, 9-3062
Brocade. A silk fabric woven with gold and silver or ornamented with raised flowers, foliage, etc. The East has long been famous for its brocades. Made in Europe since 1400.
Broccoli, cauliflower, 7-2618
Picture, 7-2619
Brock, Sir Isaac, in War of 1812, 5-1705
killed at Queenston, 1812, 3-945
marched to resist Hull's invasion of Canada, 1812, 3-945
Brockton, Mass., note and picture, 11-3781
Broke, Sir Philip Bowes Vere, captain of the Shannon, 5-1704
Broken Hill, Australia, silver mine, 7.2470
Broker. An agent or middleman employed to make contracts for other persons in trade, commerce and navigation for a fee or compensation generally called brokerage. There are various kinds, as stock brokers. insuraner brokers, real-estate brokers, ship brokers, literary brokers, etc.

## Brome, grass

Pictures, with notes, 10-3656-57, 3659
Picture (in color) 10-3522
Bromide. A compound of bromine with another element. Bromine ( Br ) is an elementary chemical substance discovered by Balard in 1826. which occurs in combination with silver, with alkalies, in sea and mineral waters. The most important bromide is that of potassium ( K Br ). which is extensively used in medicine. Another important bromide is that of silver, which, being sensitive to the action of sunlight, is much used in photography.
Bronchi, tubes of the lungs, 4-1328
Brontë, Anne. life and writings, 11-3894-95
Brontë, Charlotte, life and writings, 11-3894-96 Picture, portrait, with parents, 15-5618
Brontë, Emily, life and writings, 11-3894-96
Brontë sisters, picture, 11-3895
Bronx, New York, origin of name, 17-6207
Bronze. An allos of corrmor and tin with sometimes small proinetions of nther elements. as zinc and phosplorisus. In bronze the alloy shrinks and occupies less space than the total of the separate metals. It is harder than enpper and tin. Fasy to work with the tonl, it is the best material for repousse work, and has been in use for decorative purnoses from the earliest times. Pronf asainst the mnisture of the air, bronze is used in bell-casting, for the mounting and supports of astronomical instruments, and for cannon.
Bronze Age, art nf, 1-289-90
barley used in, 5-1852
Bronzino, Il (Angelo Allori), Italian painter, portraits, $3-958$
Pirturps
Ferdinand de Medici (gravure) 3.963
Frand Durhece Fleannr (graviure) 3-964
Maria de Medici. 9-3074
Piero de Medici (gravure) 3-964
Erooke, Sir James, life, and work in Sarawak, 9-3186

Brooke, Rupert, English poet, 12-4234
ife and writings, 17-6393-94
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Brooke, Stopford Angustus. Irish author and literary critic; born, Letterkenny, County Donegal, 1832 ; died, Ewhurst, Surrey, 1916.

See Poetry Index for poem and note
Brooke, Sir William O'Shaughnessy, and submarine cable, 12-4293
Brooklime, plant, note on, 16-5878
Picture, 16-5878; (in color) 16.5883
Brooklyn, N. Y., museums and public gardens, 17-6218
Brooklyn Briage, New York City, description, 1-29, 34
Brooks, Phillips, bishop of Massachusetts, 12-4438
Brooks, Thomas, painter
Picture, Shakespeare before Sir Thomas Lucy, 2-725

## Brooks

Porms about
Baby and the Brook, $13-4600$
The Brook, by Alfred Tennyson, 1-101
Laughing Brook, by Elizabeth Scantlebury 6-2153
Broom, plant
but'her's hroom, sec Butcher's broom
note on, 17-6129
on Pacific coast, 19-6936
Pictures, 17-6129
common broom, flower (in color) 14-4983
fruit (in color) 11.4027
Brothers of St. Lazarus, missionaries, work ot Vincent de Paul. 5-1733
Brothers' war, see Civil War, American
Broussa, Turkey
Pictures, 13-4810
Brown, Arnesby, English painter, 8-2860
Brown, Arthur, aviator, 1-178
Brown, Charles Brockden, American author, 13-4625
Brown, E. W., study of moon. 10-3536
Brown, Ford Madox, English painter, 6-2236
Pictures
Chaucer Rearling his Pooms, 1-2s
Christ washing Peter's feet (gravure)
6-2237
King Lear Renounces his Daughter Cordelia, 3.987

Portrait of Oliver Cromwell, 11-3849
Brown, Henry Kirke, American sculptor, 14-4996
Brown, John, raid on Harper's Ferry, 7-2430
Brown, Thomas Edward. English poet, 12-4232
Sce also Poetry Index for poem and note
Brown thrasher. Sometimes improperly called
Frown thrush, is a wren common in the lnited
States, ranging north to Canada and west to
the Rockies. Hhout a foot lones, it is reddish brown above and cream spotted with brown below. A very fine songster and mimic.

Pictures (in color)
bird, 13-4843
egg of, 13-4844
Brown University, Providence, R. I., formerly Rhode Island College, 12-4308
Picture and note, 12-4312
Browne, Charles Earrar, see Ward, Artemus
Browne, Frances, Irish writer, 9-3197
Cobblers and the Cuckoo, story from Granny's Wonderful Chair, 9-3347-50
Browne, William, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Brownell, Franklyn, Canadian painter, 10-3709
Brownies, good-natured elves
Brownies and the farmer story, 18-f.ang-n-
Browning, Mrs. Elizabeth Barrett, * 10-3687-91
See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Pirtures, portrait, 10-3687
scenes connected with her life, $10-3689$
Browning. John M, inventor of machine gun, 19-7210
Browning, Robert, * 10-3687-91
See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Pictures, portraits, 10-3687
scenes ennnerted with his life. 10-3fixs
Brownlow, E. Ba, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Browntail moth, how introduced into U. S., 18-67.34
Picture (in color), 18-6534
Eruce, Blair, Canadian painter, 10-3700

## GENERAL INDEX

Bruce，Sir David，medical discoveries，15－5492 Picture，portrait，15－5481
Bruce，James，1811－63，see Elgin，8th earl of
Bruce，James， $1730-94$ ，African explorer，2．466 Picture，portrait，2－465
Bruce，Robert，king of Scotland，12－4207， 4210 at battle of Bannockburn，5－1680
I＇uem about
King Bruce and the Spider，by Eliza Cook， 15－5521
Pictures，scenes from his life，12－4207
Bruce，Thomas，see Elgin， 7 th earl of
Bruce，W．S．，arctic explorer，13－4722；14－5094
Brucine，obtained from nux vomica tree，8－2912
Brueghel，Jan，the elder，Flemish painter，4－1227 Picture，Festive Board，7－2567
Brueghel，Pleter，the elder，Flemish painter， 4－1227
Picture，children at play，4－1226
Bruges，Belgium，15－5496，5500－01
Pictures，15－5503
belfry，15－5506；（gravure）17－6166
Town Hall，15－5506
Bruises，treatment for，11－4082
Brunei，Borneo，9－3186
Brunel，Isambard Kingdom，invented shield for building tunnels，5－1618；19－7206
Picture，portrait，17－6397
Brunel，Sir Marc Isambard，inventor and engineer，19－7
Brunelleschi，Filippo，Italian architect， 5－1738－39
Pictures
portrait，5－1735
dome of cathedral，Florence（gravure），5－1747
Brunettes，explanation of coloring，19－7246
Bruno，St．Eleventh－century saint who was born at Cologne and became a high church dignitary．In 1080，however，he decided to go into retirement with six others，and，the Bishop of Grenoble having given him the Valley of Chartreuse，he founded there the austere Car－ thusian order
Brunswick．Picturesque old cathedral city of northern Germany，with pianoforte，machinery and chemical manufactures．Said to have been founded about 861 by Bruno，son of the Duke of Saxony．
Branton，Sir Lauder，8－2730
Brash，George de Forest，American painter， 10－3453－54
Jicture，In the Garden（gravure）10－3464
Brussels，Belgium，architecture，15－5501 St．Gudule，church，17－6161
Pictures，15－5505
Palace of Justice，15－5495
Brussels，ship．Picture，12－4188
Brussels spronts，development of，7－2616 Picture，7－2619
Brutus，Lucius Junius，Roman noble， 4－1
Brutus，Marcus Junius，aided in death of Cæsar，3－784；4－1368
Bryan，Reheca．mir＂iful Thaniel Ronne．6－219？ Bryan，William Jennings（1860－1925）．American politician．Secretary of State in cabinet of President Wilson．Ran for president unsuccess－

Bryant，William Cullen，American poet， 13－4629－：＂
See also Poetry Index，for poems and notes Picture，portrait，13－4629
Bryce．James．Frglish writer，11－100？ Pinture，nortrait．11－2544
Brymner．Willam．Fanalian painter， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 0 2}$
Bryn Mawr Colleqe
Fítur．Finkıfaller Hall．12－1313
Bryony．Blank．tilant．Jutp on．17－6129 Pirtures 17－6129；fruit（in color）11－4026
Bryony．White
Picture frait of（in malor）11－40？
Bryophytes，group of plants，10－3724
Bubalis，fich
ricture（in color）16－木－＜$<1$
Bubonic nlaone．hrom entratr 17－6424

Buccaneers of trat Thlis心．19－－non＿？10n
Buchan，John，of Pretry Tndex for poem and m．t．
Buchanan．James，Prosicinnt if $T^{\circ}$ S
administration， $\mathbf{7 - 2 4 2 9 - 3 0 ;} \mathbf{1 1 - 3 9 4 2}$
llfe．nutline nf 11－2s．－－？
Ricture，portrait（gravure）11－3947

Buchanan，Robert，author，11－3898
poetry of，12－4231
See also Poetry Index，for poems and notes
Bucharest．Capital，and commercial and rail－ way cencre of Rumania，on the Dambovitza tributary of the Danube．It has a university and a fine cathedral．
population，14－4922
Pictures，14－4931
cathedral，14－4928
Buck－bean，plant，Gentian Family，11－4020
description，16－5728；17－6280
Pictures，16－5720̂；fruit（in color）11．4026
Bucket－shop．A place where bets are made in the form of orders on current prices of stocks， grain，oil，etc．No actual buying or selling of the property is made，and legally these trans－ actions are wagers，and the bucket－shop an illegal institution．
Buckeye，variety of horse－chestnut，12－4382
Buckingham，George Villers，lst duke of， friend of Charles I．11－3845
Buckland，William，English scientist，influence on Lyell，2－592

## Buckthorms

sea，note，with picture，14－5164
Pictures（in color），11－4024
alder buckthorn，fruit of，11－4025
sea buckthorn，fruit of，11－4023
Buckwheat，account of，5－1856
Budapest．Capital and railway centre of Hun－ gary，on either bank of the Danube．One of the finest cities of Europe，it is the depot for the immense Hungarian agricultural trade；it has engineering works and a university．

Pictures，17－6338－45
Parliament House，17－6191
Buddha，or Gautama，founder of Buddhism
＊life and teachings，9－3085－88
image at Kamakura，2－570
See also Buddhism
Pictures
statues of，2－569：9－3085－86；（gravure）9－3096
teaching his pupils，9－3087
Buddhism
architecture，in India，15－5470
in China， $2-429,436$
in India，under Asoka，8－2822
in Japan，2－562
in Tibet，18－6590－91
teachings and influence，9－3088

## Buddleia

Picture of flower（gravure）19－7179
Budgerigars，birds，10－3618
Picture，10－3615
Budget．Annual financial statement made by he British Chancellor of the Exchequer to the House of Commons．It includes a general view of the finances of the country with proposed measures for the year．The United States adonted a budget in 1921．Canada follows Brit－ ish procedure．

## buds

frogbit multiplies by，instead of seeds． 4－127
onening of leaf－h11ヶc，2－：nt－nh
Pirturs．stages in onening of bud，2－505
Budweis or Budejovice．Catherral and manu－ facturing city of Bohemia，Czecho－Slovakia．
Buena Victa，Bat＋le of，6－12？
Buenos Aires．Capital and chief port of Ar－ gentina，on the Ta Plata．Founderl in 1535 by Pedro de Mendoza，its growth has been enor－ mously rapid since 1860 ，and it is now the largest city snuth of the Ennator．More than four－fifths of the exrints of Areentina nass throlloh it．nrincinally frozen meat．wonl，grain and live stork．The rity is well laid oint and has manv fine huildines includine the great cathonral monelon after the Madeleine at Paris．
founrling of 19－6862
Pirture 19－in11－15
catherimal 19－7037
early in 19th century，19－7033
Retiro Station，2－420
Buff with a wand．gams．J8－6510
Ruffalo．Tndustrial and commercial centre，in Vow Yinck State Standing at the eactern end if Take Pris．it ic nue of the larmpet norte on the rireat Taknc．with an immence dictrihutine trade in Ernin．Anlir．eattle，irnn．conal and lumber． The manufactures are varled and important．
entrance to Erie Canal，13－4885－56

## GENERAL INDEX

Buffaloes
in Europe, Africa, and Asia, 4-1264
toy, how to make, 3-895
value, 4-1264
Buffaloes, American, 1-159
extermination by whites
4-1263
in Canada, 4-1263-64
in United States, present herds, 4-1264
Pictures,
in Yellowstone Park, 2-732
Indian hunt, 6-1917
reserve in Canada, 4-1259
Picture (gravure) 4-1265
Rufflehead, duck, 11-388y
Buffon, Cownt Georges de. French naturalist; born, Montbard, Burgundy, 1707; died, Paris, 1788.

Bugle, flower, note and picture, 14-4972
Bugloss, plant
viper's, 14-4974-75
Pictures
small bugloss (in color), 14-4984
viper's bugloss, 14-4975; (in color) 14-4993
Building homes in the new land, * 2-543-56
Building the new nation, * 5-1695-1707
Buildings
decay affected by atmosphere, 8-2716
need for steel framework, 4-1215
See also Architecture
Questions about
Can the foundations of a building be relaid? 13-4596
What were the first buildings like? 8-3009-12
Which is the best stone for building? 8-2716
Burovina, and Rumania, 14-4922
Bulbuls, birds, 9-3285-86
Picture (in color) 12-4369
Bulfinch, Charles, American architect, 18-6680-81
Bulgaria. A Finno-Ugrian race of the Northern Mongolic division of peoples, the Bulgars came from the area between the river Kama and the Caspian Sea, and laid waste the areas over which they passed. They mingled with the surrounding Slav populations, and a predominantly Slav people now inhabits Bulgaria.
access to Mediterranean, 14-4926
agriculture, 14-4926
description, 14-4926

* history, 14-4922, 4926
in World War, 14-4926
map, 14-4923
stamps, rare, 16-5887
territorial losses since World War, 18-6462 Pictures, 14-4925, 4929
Bulkheads in a ship, 14-5004
Bull, John, see Poetry Index for poem and note Bull bat, name for nighthawk, 9-3372; 13-4831
Bull fight. A fight in which men torment and fight with bulls for the amusement of the crowd. Bull fights were common in Greece and Rome; they are to-day in Spain and Mexico, and in a modified form in Portugal. Plaza de Toro is the arena; picadores the horsemen; banderilleros the footmen; matador the swordsman; capas the red cloaks of the banderilleros.
Picture, painting by Goya, 4-1499
Bull Ran, first battle of, 7-2433
Bullace, tree
Pirture of fruit (in color) 11-4023
Bulldogs, 2-718
Bicture (gravure) 2-714
Bullen, Frank, author, 11-4002
Bullfinches, birds
Pictures, nest and eggs, 8-2971; bird (in color) 9-3131
Bullfrogs, perjod of growth, 15-5454
Picture, 15-5452
Bullheads, fishes, description, 15-5632
Bullock, William, invented a printing-press, 9-3390


## Bullocks

bullock cart, 3-919
working in rice-field, E-1857
Bulls
bull-grappling in ancient Crete, $\mathbf{2}-448$
Spe alsn Cattle
Question about
Why does red irritate a bull? 15-5517
Buluwayo. Commercial capital of southern
Rhodesia, in a gold-mining and grazing region. Bulwarks of a ship, 14-5002

Bulwer-Lytton, Bdward George Earle, see Lytton
Bumblebee flies, 17-6423
Bumblebees, account of, 17-6228
Pictures, 17-6229; (in color) facing 18-6721
Bumps on skull, explanation, 5-1675
phrenology not true, 4-1355
Bunce, William Gedney, American painter, 10-3455
Bunch-berry, flower, description, 18-6568, 6571 Picture, 18-6571
Bunch-flower, bracted, description, 19-7094-95 Picture, 19-7095
Bundesrat. Name of the federal council of
the German Empire before November, 1918, representing the various states.
Bundy, Edgar, artist
Pictures
Back from the Southern Seas, 14-5026
John Evelyn discovers the wood-carver Grinling Gibbons, 5-1729
Bunker Fill, Battle of, 4-1164
Bunker Fill Monument
Picture and note, 17-6177
Bunsen, Robert Wilhelm, invented battery, 16-5671
Bunsen cell, description, 16-5671
Buntings, birds, 8-2974, 2976; 14-5145
of Southern United States, 14-5024
Pictures
feeding young, 8-2974
nest and eggs, 8-2971
Pietures (in color) cirl bunting, 9-3281 corn bunting, 9-3281
lazuli bunting, 12 -4372; facing 14-5140
reed bunting, 8 - 2898
snow bunting, $\mathbf{8 - 2 8 9 9}$
Bunyan, John, English author

* life and writings, 4-1477-80
* Pilgrim's Progress, quotations and summary. 15-5543-52
See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Pictures, scenes from his life, 4-1477, 1479
Buoninsegna, Duccio di, see Duccio di'Buoninsegna
Buoy. A floating object moored to the bottom to mark a channel or point out the position of something beneath the water. Buoys are of different shapes and sizes according to their purposes, as can buoys, in the form of a cylinder; nun buoys, cone-shaped; spar buoys, spars, anchored at one end. Different colors mark different locations and indicate different things. There are bell-buoys and whistling buoys.
Buoys for cable laying
Picture, 12-4300
Bur-reed, note and picture, 16-5.873
Burbank, Luther. American horticulturist and botanist: born, Lancaster, Massachusetts, 1849; died, 1926.
* life and work, 15-5381-86
plant-breeding of, $4=1388-90$
Picture, portrait, 15-5383
Burbot, European, fish, 16-5780
Surdock, weed, description, 15-5390-92
Pictures, 15-5391; (in color), 14-4984
Burghley, Lord, sfe Burleish
Burgkmair, Hans, German painter, 4-1344
Picture, Portrait of Martin Schongauer,
4-1346
urgos, Spain, 14-5050
Pictures, 14-5045
cathedral (gravure), 17-6166, 6171 Gate of Santa Maria, 14-5047
Burgoyne, John, English general, surrender, 1777, 4-1168
Burgundy. Formerly a practically independent duchy, and now a large district of eastern France, celebrated for its red and white wines. Its capital is Dijon in the Côte d'Or.
Burgundy, Dukes of, and the Nthliclands, 15-5560
Barke, Edmund. Irish orator and political writer. Born, Dublin, 1729; died, Beaconsfield, 1797.

Picture, at the trial of Hastings, 15-5515
Burke, Robert O'Hara, Australian explorer, 3-864
Burke Bill, 1906, about Indians, 19-7236
Burleigh, William Cecil, Lord, and Queen Elizabeth, 5-1818
Picture, portrait (gravure) 5-1821

## GENERAL INDEX

Burma．Largest Indian province；area，238，000 square miles；capital，Rancoon．Generally mountainous，especially in the Shan states，it has an enormously heavy rainfall，in places amounting to 228 inches．Immense crops of rice are grown in the Irrawaddy valley，while teak，petroleum，precious stones and ores are all large exports．Mandalay，Prome，Bassein， Lhamo，Pegu，Moulmein and Akyab are the chief towns．The climate is much affected by mon－ soons，and the wet and dry seasons bring about distinct alternations in the manner of living．
lirture
rubber plantation，8－2789
Picturrs（gravure）
approach to pagoda，Rangoon，9－3096
doorway of Shwee Zeedong temple，15－5479
mosque at Akyab，15－5478
temple at Kado，9－3094
Burne－Jones，Sir Edward，English painter，6－2236 Pirtures
The Beguiling of Merlin（gravure）19－6947
Circe（erravure）9－323：
The Furies，9－3225
Fing Arthur in Avalon（gravure）19－6948
King Cophetua and the lieggar Maid．2－734
Kights of King Arthur，tapestry（gravure）， 19－6946
Nirror of Venus（gravure）9－3231
Song of Love（gravure），6－223！
Burnet，flower
Pirtures（in color）
great burnet 14－49：3
salad burnet．14－498．
Burnett，Mrs．Frances Hodgson，author，14－5015
Burney，Fanny，author，5－1730；6－2256
licture，destroying manuscripts of stories，

## 5－1727

Burnham，Daniel H．，American architect，19－7117
Burns，James Drummond，hymn－writer， $12-4440$ Sce also Poetry Index for poem and note
Rurns，Robert，poet
\％Master of the people＇s songs，6－2135－38
meeting with the boy，Walter Scott，7－2626
लir also Poetry Index，for pmems and motes
I＇orm about
Incident in a Railroad Car，by J．R．Lowell， 9－3272
Pirtures
portrait，6－2136
portrait，with mother，15－5615
birthplace of，6－2135
liurns and Highland Mary．6－2137
Burns，treatment for，16－i980
Burnside，Ambrose Everett（1824－81）．American soldier born in Indiana．He graduated from Wッst I＇rint in 1847 hut sonn resisned to become a manufacturer of firearms．He volunteered in 1861，and served creditably until he was，against his will，made commander of the Army of the lotomac；defeated at Fredericksburg；served to end of war；governor of Rhode Island，1866－69； Und．Senator，1875－81
at Fredericksburg，7－2434， 2436
Burnside，American artist，frescoes in Capitol， 5－15．34
Burw，Aaron（1756－1836）．An American poli－ tician，vice－president of the United States 1801－05．
cimel with Hamilimn，5－170．0；10－？，4く8－く？
blan fror monarchy，5－170？
Picture，portrait（gravure），11－3948
Burroughs，John，naturalist， $\mathbf{1 9 - 7 0 5 8}$ Sce also Poetry Index for poem and note Picture，portrait，19－7058
Burrowing owls，sur fw－ls－burrowine
Burton，Sir Richard Erancis，African explorer 2－470－71
Piefure，portrait，2－465
Burton，Robert．English writer：born，Lindley Leicestershire，1577；died，prohably Oxford 164＂：anthor of The Anatomy of Melancholy．
Busby，Richard，headmaster of Westminster， and Dryden，4－1358
Bush－honeysuckle，sce Diervilla
Bush pigs of Africa，5－1720
Bush－tits，birds，14－5139
Bushbuck，animal，4－14＋3
Bushel，average number of grains，in cereals， 5－18．5？
Bushmaster，snakr 15－$\quad 116$
Bushmen，in Africa，9－3047
Bushnell，David，made early submarine，I－197

Bustards，birds， 11.4003
Picture，11－4005
Batcher birds，account of，9－3138－39；13－4836
Butcher＇s broom，plant，description，17－6124， 6127
1＇ictures，17－6127 fruit（in color），11－4021

## Butter

food value，7－2325
how to make，3－896
microbes that help make，2－558
ways of making，1－373
Pirflics，butter－making，1－381－s：
Butter－and－eggs，sce Toad－flax
Butterbur，plant
Picture（in color），16－5883
Buttercup Family，in botany，13－4872
Buttercups，account of，17－6130
description，15－5392
life－history of，2－508
notes on，15－5393；17－6125
of Pacific coast，19－6930
Suksdorf＇s buttercup，19－6929－30
roem about
Buttercups and Daisies，by Mary Howitt， 1－323
Pictures．15－5393；17－6125
stages in life history，2－508－09
Suksdorf＇s buttercup，19－6929
Buttercups and bees，game，11－3855

## Butterflies

＊Butterflies and moths，18－6525－32
eggs，18－6526－27
have perfume，18－6530
how differ from moths，18－6525－26
life history of，18－6527－30
making a collection，10－3765－66
means of communication，18－6530－31
migration of，18－6526
tongues，length of，5－1609
varieties，18－6531－32
l＇orms about
The Butterfly and the Snail，by John Gay， 7－2638
The Butterfly＇s Funeral，10－3644
To a Butterfly，by William Wordsworth， 6－2152
To a Butterfly，by William Wordsworth（an－ other poem），16－6024
Pictures
American butterflies（in color），18－f5533－34 European butterflies（in color），18－6541－46 tongue，1－218
tropical butterflies（in color），18－6535－38
Butterfiy fish
Picture（in color），16－5788
Butterfly needle book，how to make，16－5982
Butterfly net，how to make，10－3765
Butterime，substitute for butter，7－2325
Buttermilk，artificially made，l－382
Butternut tree，12－4512， 4514
Pictures，12－4512， 4514
Butternuts，accotint of，6－2276
Butterscotch，recipe for，1－340
Butterwort，plant，insects as food for， $\mathbf{1 - 3 3 0}, 332$ Pirfure，16－．．726
Buttonholes，how to make，1－339；19－7079
Buttons，from shoe－lace，how to make，17－6386
Buttonwood trees，sec Plane trees
Buttress in Gothic architecture，16－5968
Buzzards，birds，account of，10－3756
turkey buzzards，10－3760；14－5021
Pietures，10－3753
Euronean buzzard（gravure），10－3762 Finroueal hu\％\％ar！（in color），8－2900
hnney burzard（in color），9－．，282
By－law．A law or regulation made by a public or private corporation for the regulation of its nwn affairs and thr ewsernment of its members The by－laws of a municipal corporation are true laws，of private corporations rather agreements： than law：in the true sense
Byrd，Commander Richard Evelyn．American maval nffiepr and aviator．I3orn in Virginia， 1890，descendant of William Byrd．

Antarctic evpedition，1－184：14－5101
North Frol，flierht，1－170，181：13－4722
trans－Atlantic flight，I－181
Pirfurs
North Pole flight（gravure），13－frontis
with crew，trans－Atlantic flight， $\mathbf{1 - 1 8 3}$
Byrd，William，founder of Richmond，Virginia．
（s historian，12－4445

## GENERAL INDEX

Byrd, William (continued)
Picture (gravure), home, Westover, 18-6685
Byrd, William, English musical composer,
19-6914
madrigals of, 16-5743-44
Question about
What are William Byrd's eight reasons for singing? 16-5744
Picture, portrait, with Thomas Tallis, 19-6915
Byrom, John, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Byron, George Gordon, 6th lord Byron, poet life and work, 7-2490-91
friendship with Shelley, 7-2492
Sir also Poetry Index, for poems and notes Picture, portrait, 7-2488
Byron, John, discovered Gilbert Islands, 9.3302
Byzantine art
Byzarchitecture, 16-5716-19

* early Christian art, 2-576-81
influence on early Italian painting, 2-691-92
sculpture denounced by Christian sect, 12-447 $\rho$ See also Mosaics
Picture, sculpture, 12-4469
Byzantine empire, 13-4797-98
Byzantium, now Constantinople, and Constantine the Great, 5-1866
Constantine changed to Constantinople, 2-576


Cabal. The union of several persons in an intrigue to further their own private ideas in church or state. The word comes from the initials of five unpopular political ministers of Charles II of England, namely, Clifford, Ashley, Buckingham, Arlington and Lauderdale. The modern use of the word is one of reproach.
Cabanel, Alezandre, French painter
I'ictures
Little King Louis and his mother (gravure), 16-5815
Louis IX dispenses justice (gravure), 16-5814
Cabbage Family, plants, members of, $\mathbf{1 3}-4870$ Cabbages, account of, 7-2616, 2618

Pictures, 7-2619
wild cabbage, 13-4870
Cabinet. A political term used to denote the body of ministers who direct the government of a nation or a country and act as advisers to the president or premier.
Cabinet, Wall, how to make from cigar boxes, 15-5597
Cable, George Washington, American author, 13-4819
Cablegrams
how received, 17-6053
how sent, 17-6051, 605?
See also Cables, Submarine

## Cables

telephone, notes on, 17-6182
Pictures, telephone cables, 17-6182, 6189
Cables, Submarine

* account of, 12-4293-4300

Atlantic cables, 12-4294
faults, how detected, 1-188
first cable from England to France, 12-4294 from Australasia, 7-2578
Kelvin's mirror galvanometer, 19-7208
Lord Kelvin's discoveries, 17-6241
map of Atlantic cables, 12-4297
miles of, in use, 17-6054
Squier's improvement, 17-6241
Qurstion about
How do men find where a fallt is in the Atlantic Cable? 1-188

* Pictures, 12-4295-4300

Cabot, John, explorer, 1-242; 8-2978, 2980 Pictures
leaving Bristol, 1-254
ship near American coast, 1-249
Cabot, Sebastian, explorer, false claims of, 8-2980
Cabral (or Cabrera), Pedro. Portuguese navigator, born about 1460 ; died about 1526 discovery of Brazil, 19-7040
took possession ot Brazil for Portugal, 2-67?

Cacao, the chocolate tree, 7-2536
see also Cocoa
Pictures
opening fruits, 7-2531
plant, flower and fruit (in color), 8*3000
tree with ripe pods, 7-2535
Cachelot, sperm whale
attack on ships, 6-2218
note, with picture, 6-2215
Cacomistle, animal, 3-872
Cactus, family of plants, 9-3267-68
adaptation to environment, 1-329
Burbank's thornless, 15-5386
of the Middle West, 18-6660-61
stem serves purpose of leaves, 2-615
Pictures, 9-3264-65
Cadgwith, Cornwall
Picture (gravure), 7-2302
Cadiz. Ancient Spanish city and port. The largest port on the southwest coast, it has large shipbuilding and export trades and considerable manufactures. The two cathedrals contain fine pictures by Murillo.
founding of, 14-5042
Cædmon, poet, 1-321
Caen. Historic city of Normandy, France, with many associations with William the Conqueror. The Abbaye-aux-hommes was founded by him, and the Abbaye-aux-dames by Queen Matilda; their former graves are in the churches of St. Etienne and La Sainte Trinité.
Cæsalpinus, Andrea, studied circulation of blood, 8-2225
Cæsar, Julius, Roman general and statesman crossing the Rubicon, 18-6552

* life, 4-1198-99; 4-1366, 1368
message, "Veni, vidi, vici," 7-2487
visit to Britain, $4-1320,1366$; 19-6883
visit to Gaul, 10-3428
Pietures
condemning Vercingetorix, 4-1360
death, with explanatory note, 4-1360
Cafeteria, game, 10-3515-16
Caffeine, effect of, 4-1451
Caffiéri, Jean Jacques, French sculptor, 13-4703 Cage, directions for toy cage, 6-2266
Cagliari, or Caliari, Paolo, see Veronese, Paolo
Cagliari. Capital and chief port of Sardinia, with a good harbor and a large trade. It has a cathedral and a university, and is rich in ancient remains, having been a Carthaginian stronghold in the 6 th century B.C
Cahokia Court House, first public building in Illinois, 19-7112
Caimans, variety of crocodile, 14-5229
Picture, 14-5226
Caine, Hall, novelist, 11-3898
Cairngorm. Peak of the Grampians on the border of Banffshire and Inverness-shire, Scotland It is noted for its topazes and cairngorm stones a variety of quartz. 4,080 feet
Cairo. Largest African city, capital of Egypt Standing on the Nile, near the site of ancient Memphis, it is the emporium for the merchandise of northeast Africa, and has considerable manufactures. There are over 250 mosques, among them El Azhar, the greatest Moslem university; while other important buildings are the cathedral and the citadel built by Saladin in 1166. Near by are the tombs of the Caliphs and the Pyramids of Gizeh.
description of, 18-6807
Pictures. 18-6807
Cairo, Illinois, description by Dickens, 8-2736
Caius, John, founder of Caius College, Cambridge, 8-2725
Cake, recipes for, 9.3376 ; 11-4015
Calah, ancient Assyrian city, 2-654-55
Picture, 2-646
Calais. Nearest port of France to England, on the strajt of Dover. It is a busy, dirty town with a large fishing industry and manufactures of tulle and lace.
lost by England, 5-1818
won from England under Henry II, 10-3434 siege of, and Quern Philinpa, 5-16is?
Calamata, Greek city, 14-4918
Calamint, flower
Picture (in colnr) 14-4984
Calcimine. A white or tinted wash for walls. cellines, etc., made of a mixture of clear glie, Parls white or zinc white, and water
Calcium, compounds of, $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{3} 7530$


## GENERAL INDEX

Calcium carbide, production and importance, 16.5946

Calcutta. Largest Indian city, and capital of Bengal, on the Hoogli. It grew up round Fort William, completed in 1702, and became the emporium for the trade of the Ganges and Brahmaputra valley, exports now including jute, tea, hides, grain, ojl-seeds and cotton. There are fine buildings and two cathedrals.

Black Hole of, 8-2826
capture by Clive, 8-2826
size, and use as a port, 8-2698
Caldecott, Randolph, artist
Pictures, illustrations for John Gilpin, 5-1639-43
Calder, Alexander Stirling, American sculptor, 14-4940
Picture, Little Dear with the Tiny Black Swan, 14-1935
Calderón de la Barca, Pedro, Spanish dramatist, 19-7129
Picture, portrait, 19-7125
Caledonian Canal. Waterway running through the Great Glen of Scotland, and connecting Loch Linnhe with the Moray Firth and North Sea; 60 miles long, it is formed by Loch Ness, Loch Oich and Loch Lochy, with 22 miles of artificial cuttings. The original survey for the work was made by James watt in 1773, and the canal was begun by Thomas Telford in 1801, and opened in 1822.

Picture, 13-4785

## Calendar

date of Christ's birth, 18-6550
Roman, explanation of, 5-1752
Questions about
How is the date of Easter fixed? 16-5959
Who arranged the days? 11-4131-32
Calends, see Kalends
Calgary. Oldest and largest city of Alberta, Canada, on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. A great ranching centre, it manufactures leather and flour.
Calhoun, John C., American statesman, life, 10-3492
Picture, portrait (gravure) 11.3948
Calico. The general name for plain cotton cloth. In the United States the name is given to cheap printed material. The process of impressing the figures on the cloth is called calico-printing. California. Second largest American State, bordering the Pacific; area, 158,297 square miles; capital, Sacramento. Possessing a beautiful climate and immense mineral and agricultural resources, it has had a phenomenal rise in prosperity since settlers were first attracted there by its gold; in 1850 its population was only $93,-$ 000. Gold is still the principal mineral, but copper, iron, chromium, antimony, lead, silver quicksilver, rock-salt and much petroleum are produced. Agricultural produce includes wheat, barley, lucerne, hops, and vast quantities of honey, muts and frilit. San Francisco has a magnificent harbor; Los Angeles, the largest city, is the centre of the moving picture business trade, and Oakland and San Diego are business centres. Abbreviation, Cal. Nickname, the "Golden State." State flower, the golden poppy. Motto, "Eureka" (I have found it). California may come from the Spanish meaning "a hot furnace." First settlement, San Diego, 1769.
agriculture
orange crop, 6-2057-58
scale on fruit checked by ladybirds, 18-6730-31
birds, 14-5133-48
Burbank's farm, 15-5382-83
described in Western States, 18-6425-36; 19-6841-50
fruit, 6-2057-58; 19-6848
insect friends and foes, 18-6730-31
vegetables, 19-6848
שoll m? h in 1 l! ! 6-1922
made a state, 6-1922; 11-3940
map, relief map, 19-6850
missions and Indians, 6-1922; 18-6826
moving pictures in, 18-6602
story of

* Ramona, ly Mre. H. H. Jackson (summary and quotations), $\mathbf{1 - 1 3 3 - 4 0}$
Pietures
big trees, 7-2282; 9-3267

California-Pictures (continued)
cactuses, 9-3265
City Hall, San Francisco, 19-6847
Coliseum at Los Angeles, 7-2312
desert around Salton Sea, 7-2417
fig plantations, 6-2158
flag (in color), 19-7190
gathering oranges, 9-3217
Golden Gate, on Pacific, 19-6849
Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, 9-3219
gold mine in Tuolumne County, 19-6843
harvesting walnuts, 6-2279
irrigation in, 7-2550
Lassen Peak, 7-2289
Mount Wilson observatory, 18-6436
oil wells, 14-4545, 4547, 4549
orange grove and mountain peak, 6-2056
Pershing Square, Los Angeles, 19-6845
pumping station, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 4 4 3}$
salt deposits, 3-931
Santa Clara valley, 18-6433
Stanford University, 12-4318
Sutters Fort, 6-1923
two Spanish missions, 18-6829
University, Greek theatre, 12-4317
Yosemite Valley, 7-2284
California, University of, note on, 12-4317
Picture, Greek theatre, 12-4317
Caligula, Roman emperor, 5-1861
Picture, statue of, 5-1861
Caliphate. Sovereignty of the Caliph, the recognized head of the Mohammedan world. Caliph means "successor," that is, successor of Mohammed.
of Hussein, 18-6675
Callao. Chief seaport of Peru, seven miles by railway southwest of Lima. It exports wool, cotton, hides, copper, nitre, silver and guano.
Callicrates, Greek architect, 15-5344
Calling crab, description, 16-5953-54
Calliope, muse of epic poetry and eloquence, 9-3228
Callisto, story of, in mythology, 9-3233
Calopogon, see Grass pink

## Calorie

Question about
What do we mean when we speak of a calorie? 18-6694
Caloximeter, to measure heat, 16-5662
Picture and note, 16-5661
Calumet, Indian pipe of peace, 18-6553
Calumet-Sag Canal, near Chicago, 19-7110
Calvert, Cecil (c. 1605-75). 2d Lord Baltimore. The first proprietor of Maryland, though he never visited the colony. Leonard Calvert was his younger brother.
powers and duties in Maryland, 2-550
Pieture portrait 12-4153
Calvert, George, 1st Lord Baltimore and Maryland, 2-550
Picture, portrait, 2-549
Calvert, Ieonard (c. 1606-47). First colonial govermor of Maryland. In 1634 made the first permanent settlement in Maryland, at St. Mary's. Calvin, Jean, French author
idea about God, 18-6564
Calypso, orchid, description, 19-6928
Calypso borealis, orchid, description, 17-6281-82
Calyz, part of flower, 2-506
Calzabig1, wrote words for Gluck's operas, 19-6916
Cam, Diogo, Portuguese explorer, 18-6814
Cambium, growing layer in tree, 11-4096
Cambodia. French Indo-Chinese protectorate, covering 67,550 square miles in the Mekong basin. Rice, pepper, tobacco, indigo, sugar, cinnamon and coffee are produced, and the capital is T'nom-l'enh.
Cambrian period, see Geology-Cambrian period Cambridge. Capital and market town of Cambridgeshire, England. Its famous university, the first college of which was founded in 1284, has 17 colleges and 2 hostels, while the town has sereral fine churches.

Picture, St. John's College, 18-6489
Cambridge. City of Massachusetts, famous as the seat of Harvard University. It has meatpacking, printing and manufacturing industries. Radcliffe College for women, and Massachusetts Institute of Technology are also here.

Picturps. Craigie House, Longfellow's home, 13.4725

Harvard, old and new, 12-4306

Cambyses III. Persian king, son of Cyrus the Great and conqueror of Egypt; king, 528-521 B.C. reign of, 3-912
Camden. City of New Jersey, on the Delaware River. Standing opposite Philadelphia, it has iron foundries and shipbuilding yards, and manufactures glass, chemicals, paper and leather.
Camden, Battle of, 4-1172

## Camels

* account of, 5-1595-1600

Arabian, 5-1595-96
attempted use in United States, 5-1600
Bactrian, 5-1595-96
drawing of, how to make, 6-2165
fierce disposition of, 5-1598-99
importance, 5-1595-96, 1598-99
in Arabian literature, 5-1596
origin in America, 5-1599-1600
relation to reptiles, 5-1596, 1598
Pictures, 5-1595-1604
camel trading in Africa, 18-6802
caravan crossing Palestine, 7-2417
different varieties of (gravure), 5-1604
drawing wool wagon, 15-5582
use as domestic animal (gravure), 5-1601-03
Cameo. An engraving on a stone or hard shell done in relief. There are usually two layers of different colors, the relief sculptured on one and the other serving as a background. Opposite of intaglio.
Camera, see Photography
Cameron, George Erederick, Canadian poet, 14-5108
Cameroon, German, part given to England, 9-3056
Camillus, Marcus Furius, Roman general, 4 -1362
Camoëns, Iuls Vaz de, Portuguese poet, $19-7130$ Picture, portrait, 19-7125
Camomile, see Chamomile
Camorra. Secret society of Naples formed in the early 19 th century and used for practicing extortion or violence.
Camouflage, developed by Abbott Thayer, 10-3454
Camp Fire Girls, account of, 14-5061-68 'irtures.14-5461-68
Camp robber, name for Oregon Jay, 14-5136
Campanile. A bell tower not attached to an-
other building; introduced into architecture by early Christians.
at Florence (Giotto's tower), 5-1737;
17-6162-63
at Venice (St. Mark's), 4-1458
Pictures
at Florence, 5-1746-47 at Venice, 4-1465-66
Campanulas, flowers, 17-6130
Picture, flower (gravure), 19-7175
Campbell, Sir Colin, and Indian mutiny, 8-2828
Campbell, Douglas, American aviator, 17-6294
Campbell, Thomas, Scoteh poet, 12-4228
as a song-writer, 10-3606
Seo also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Picture, portrait, 10-3605
Jampbell, William Wilfred, Canadian poet, 14-5108
Camphausen, Wilhelm, artist
Picture, Frederick William, 11-3963
Camphor, account of, 8-2913 Question about
Does camphor keep moths away? 16-5958
Campine, part of Belgium, 15-5498
electrical facilities. 15-5500
poultry from the district, 12-4494
Camping
Camp Fire Girls, 14-5061-68
Campions, plants, 14-5158
moss campion, description, 15-5602-03
of Rocky Mts., 18-6667
sea campion, 14-5158
Pictures
moss campion, 15-5603
sea campion, 14-5163
Pictures (in color)
bladder campion, 15-5397 evening campion, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 8 8 0}$ red alpine campion, $15-5610$ red campion, 13-4877
sea campion, 14-4982
Campus Martius. Vast plain to the west of
Rome where public assemblies were held.

Canaanites. Descendants of Canaan, son of Ham, inhabiting the land lying between the Jordan and the Mediterranean (included in modern Palestine). The Canaanites were conquered by the israelites after a long struggle.

## Canada

birds

* land birds, 13-4759-66, 4829-44
* western birds, 14-5133-48

Cabinet, see Canada-government
canals, $13-4787$
climate, 1-108, 112
in winter, 10-3693
coal production, 3-790

* description, 1-105-16
* Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence River, 6-1955-63
* northern regions, 7-2557-62

Sce also names of Canadian provinces
education, 4-1486
French Canadian, 8-2950-51
influence of United Empire Loyalists, 14-5104
public schools established, 4-1486
flowers

* Flowers of the East, 17-6272-82; 18-6567-72
* Flowers of the Pacific Coast, 19-6927-40
* French population, 8-こ949-56
* fur-farming, 13-4693-96
fur trade, see Fur trade-Canadian
* government, 5-1833-40
as Dominion, 1867, 4-1488-90
as United Province, 1841-67, 4-1484-88
Parliamentary franchise for women, 4-1491
Pictures of Parliament, 5-1838-39
governor-general, influence of, 4-1492
list of Dominion governors, 4-1492
habitants, life of, 8-2952-56
historians of, 14-5105
histories of, 15-5367-68, 5373-74
history (arranged chronologically)
* French Canada to 1763, 2-677-83
claimed for France by Cartier, 2-678
French and the fur trade, 12-4337-38
French and Indian War, 6-2100
* period 1763-1840, 3-941-46
changed to a British colony, 3-941
during American Revolution, 3-942, 944
War of 1812, ver Cnited States-history -
War of 1812
* period 1838-1923, 4-1483-93
rebellion of $1837-38,3-945-46$ : 4-1483
Dominion created by confederation of provinces, $1867,4-1488$
World War, 4-1491
number of men sent, 7-2300
industries
boot and shoe manufacture, 18-6443
* department store, 10-3673-82
* flour-making, 8-2795-2802
* fur-farming, 12-4337-42; 13-4693-96
locomotive-building, 2-416
match manufacture, 19-6969-71
* pulp and paper manufacture, 7-2445-53

Jewish population, 19-7167
law, first code, by Champlain, 2-680
literature, see Canadian literature
$\operatorname{map}, 1-107$
mines and mining
in interior continental plain, 1-114
in Laurentian plateau, 1-112
in western Cordillera, 1-114
name, origin of, 2-678
national anthem, 18-6651
national bird of, 13-4835
national emblem, the maple leaf, 17-618i
novels about, 15-5369-72
painting, see Painting, Canadian
Parliament, see Canada-government
petroleum production, 13-4538

* physical geography, 1-105-16
pioneer life, 16-5901-05
* police, Dominion forces, 16-5831-38
political parties, 5-1840
population, 1923, 4-1492
prosinces and territoriess, list. 1-105 provincial governments, 5-1836, 1840 railroads
Canadian National Railways, 4-1491
Canadian Pacific Railway, 4-1490
relations with England, 5-1834
religion, among French Canadians, 8-2950-51, 2954

Canada（continued）
resources，4－1492
northern regions，7－2558， 2560
＊Royal Canadian Police，16－5831－38
sculpture， 8 ee Sculpture，Canadian
songs，patriotic
Maple Leaf Forever，by Alexander Muir 18－6874
O Canada，by F．G．Scott，national song， 17－6256
tariff，protection increased，4－1490
tariff history to $1866,4-1486,1488$
＊wintur sports，10－3693－98
wool industry，15－5577
form．about
Canada，by J．F．McDonnell，9－3103
Canadian Boat Song，9－3271
Hymn of Empire，by F．G．Scott，10－3483
Our Norland，by Charles Sangster， $15 \mathbf{5 4 1 7}$
Red River Voyageur，J．G．Whittier，15－5420
The Colors of the Flag，by F．G．Scott， 10－3482
Pictures，4－1482－93；8－2948－56
irrigation in Canada，7－2549
northern regions，7－2556－61
Canada，Lower，see Lower Canada
Canada，Upper，see Upper Canada
Canada mayflower，17－6ン8n
Canadian Authors＇Association，14－5 103
Canadian literature
folk－lore， 15 －5373－74
folk song，14－5104
historical writers
early journalists and historians，14－5104－05 of French Canada，15－5367
on politics and economics，15－5367－68
humorists
Haliburton，creator of Sam Slick，14－5105 of to－day，15－5371－72
nature writers．15－5372－73
novelists and writers on adventure early fiction，14－5106
modern story－writers，15－5368－71
poets，14－5106－10
Canadian National Railways，4－1491
and radio，17－6369
locomotives，notes and pictures，2－416
Canadian National Telegraphs．Picture，17－6062
Caradian Pacific Railway
finished，4－1490
Pictures，2－417
telegraph office，17－6062
Canadian $\mathbf{R}$ ver．American river，rising in north－ eastern N（1w Mexion．Flows into Arkansas
River． 900 miles．
Canadian Rockies，see Rocky Mountains－ Canadian
Canadian Shield，name for Laurentian Plateau， 1－110
Canadian Siiver Foz Breeders＇Association， 13－4694
Canal Zone，see Panama Canal Zone
Canals
＊Canals and how they work，13－4785－93
American，in United States，13－4787
Canadian，13－4787
Chenab，India，7－2544
English，13－4786
Brindley＇s work in England，19－7205
French，11－3816， 3818
German，13－4786
on Mars，9－3292
Panama Canal，account of，1－360－67
statistics of，13－4786
See also Erie canal；Locks of canals
＊Pictures．13－4785－93
Mississippi River and Lake Pontchartrain， 16－5657
Panama，1－360－70
sulum，
Xochimilco canal，Mexico， 19.7141
Canary，bird，8－2974
Canary grass
red，note and picture，10－3664
Picture（in color）10－3523
Canary Islands．Vricanic island group off the b，orthwost chast of 1 fricoa，cocerine altosether ibont 2，8ut equate M．iles．The elimate is mild．
 lities of fruit．lowides wine suear alat twhace． being grown；while the export of bananas is im－ portant．The chief islands are Grand Canary and Teneriffe，with its famous peak 12，000 feet

Canary Islands（continued）
high；Santiago de Teneriffe is the capital．The
Canaries have belonged to Spain since 1495.
Canberra．Future capital of Australia，begun in 1913．It is situated in the Canberra Federal Capital Territory， 912 square miles in extent，in New South Wales，and has railway communica－ tion with Sydney．
Cancer．An abnormal increase in size of an
area of tissue or of an organ；a malignant tumor．
Cancer－root，18－6572
Candle race，in water，8－3024
Candle tree，9－3266
Picture，9－3263
Candlefish，name for eulachon，16－5776
Candles
bayberry，14－5165
experiment，firing from gun，13－4665， 4667
Question about
Why can we put out a candle by blowing？
Candy
recipes，1．340；2－752；11－3856
coconut，10－3771
Candytuft，flower
Pictures（gravure）19－7180；（in color）15－5611
Canfield，Dorothy，sec Fisher，Mrs．D．C．
Canina，Luigi，Italian archæologist，found length of Roman foot，2－463
Cannæ，battle．Hannibal defeated Romans，4－1196
Cannes．Riviera watering－place，one of the most popular holiday resorts in France．
Canning，Sir Samuel，and Atlantic cable， 12.4294
Cannon，toy，how to make，11．4085
Cannon－ball tree，9－3266
Picture，9－3260

## Cannon－balls

Qucstion about
Can an irresistible cannon－ball knock down an immovable post？15－5516
Cano，Sebastian del，and Magellan，1－90
Picture，portrait，1－90

## Canoeing

canoe race for hand paddlers，8－3024
Poem about
Song my Paddle Sings，by E．P．Johnson，

## 15－5419

## Canoes

Picture，with Indians，17－6201
Canoes，Eskimo，how made，7－2566
Canon，form of music，19－6901－03
Canopus，stal
great distance from earth．9－3039
Canossa．The castle in Italy where Hildebrand， better known as Pope Gregory VII，received the submission of King Henry IV of Germany in 1077 ．
in 1077．Antonio，Italian sculptor，13－4856， 4858
story of boyhood，making a lion，5－1689－90
Cans，see Tin cans
Cant，derivation of word，10－3557－58
Canterbury．Ecclesiastical capital of England， on the Kentish Stour．An ancient British town， it became Durovernum of the Romans，and later capital of Saxon Kent．The magnificent cathedral was founded by St．Augustine in 597. and was finally completed about 1495 ．Here Thomas a Becket was murdered in 1170，his shrine being for centuries a resort of pilgrims． Other buildings are：St．Martin＇s Church，prob－ ably the oldest in England；the ruined Norman keep of the castle；the West Gate；and remains of the ancient walls．
Canterbury bells，flower
Picture，（gravure），19－7175
Canterbury cathedral
Pictures．16－5965；（gravure），16－5973
Canterbury Tales，by Chaucer，account of， 1－？いごの？
＊summaries of parts，13－4767－73
Cantharides，the Spanish fly，Drake＇s joke， 14－4964
Cantigny．The first engagement（of any size） of the American troops in the World War was at Cantigny，May $28,1918$.
Cantilever bridges，1－28－29
Canton，John，invented electrical instruments， 4－1 2.0
Picture，portrait．4－1243
Canton．Metropolis of southern China，on Can－ ton River．Forty miles from the sea，it does much of its huge trade by lighters，and many

## GENERAL INDEX

Canton (continued)
thousands live on boats in the river. Silk is largely exported.
description of, 2-436
Pictures, (gravure), 2-426
Canuck, Janey, see Murphy, Emily
Canute, king of England, Denmark and Norway, 4-1 136 : $15-529$ :
Canvasiback, duck, 11-3889
Picture, (in color), 12-4369
Caoutchouc, obtained from banyan tree, 9.3261
Firture of plant producing (in color), 8-2y97 See also Rubler
Cape Breton Island. Island of Nova Scotia, Canada; area, 3,120 square miles; capital, sydney. Coal is mined, and there are shipbuilding, lumber and fishing industries

Bras d'or Lake, formation of, 1-106
Cabot's voyage to, $8-2980$
Cape Cod, picture and note, 11-4060
Cape Colony, South Africa
nistory, 9-3048-50
Cape of Good Fope. Southern and largest South African province; area, 277,000 square miles; capital, Cape Town. Containing the dry and healthy Karroo table-lands, it is mainly agricultural and pastoral; wheat, oats, barley, rye, corn and vegetables are grown, and sheep, os triches and Angora goats reared. Near Kimberley there are diamond-fields; copper is mined in Namaqualand, and there are coal-mines near Stormberg. Port Elizabeth, East London an $\mathcal{J}$ Mossel Bay are ports.
history, 9-3048-50
Cape Town. Capital and chief port of Cape of Good Hope Province, South Africa. Beautifully situated on Table Bay, it is finely built, and has a splendid climate; there are extensive docks and an Anglican cathedral. More than half the inhabitants are white.

Pictures, 9-3053
Cape Verde Islands. Group of Portuguese West African islands, lying off Cape Verde, 1,480 square miles in extent, they produce coffee, sugar, corn, tobacco and indigo.

See also 14-5188
Capelin, fish, 16-5776
Caper, plant, account of, 8-2996
wild caper, fruit of, 11-4020
Pictures, (in color), 8-2998
fruit of caper spurge, 11-4023
Caper spurge, see Caper-wild
Capercaillie, European grouse, 12-4364
Picture, (in color), 9-3281
Capes, see names under word following Cape: as, Blomidon, Cape
Capet, Hugh, sfe Hugh Capet
Capibara, animal. Picture, 3-1131
Capillaries, minute blood vessels
and bleeding, 13-4596
description. and work of. 4-1213
in bowel, functions of, 6-2086
meaning of whrd. 4-1209
Capillary tube. A tube with a very small bore or inside diameter, usually as fine as a hair or even finer. If this tube (both ends open) has one end in a vessel nf wator, the water will rise inside the tube to quite a height. The finer the bore of the tube the higher the water will rise. Different liquids rise to different heights. The tendency of a liquid to rise in such a tube is called "capillary attraction." The wick of a candle or lamp is made up of thousands of tiny tubuiar threads through which the oil rises.

## Capitar

difference between interest and profit. 17-6093 origin, and economic value, 15-5359-60 relation to labor. 17-fingt
relation to labor and land. 17-6091
saving of rapital mecessary to develop resources. 17-6362
Capitol, Washington, D. C., 5-1533-34 Pictures, 5-1535, 1543: 18-6679
Canitol hefore Civil War, 10-3487

## Cappel, Eattle of, 16-6004

Capri. Beautiful island at the entrance to the Ray of Naples, fymous for its Blue Grotto. There are remains of Roman cisterns and baths. Caprifig, wild fig, necessary for growth of cultivated figs, 6-2162
Capsicum, plant, yields varieties of pepper, 8-2992
Picture, 8-2990

Capstan, definition, 14-5004
Capulets
Question about
Who were the Capulets and the Montagues: 16-5741
Carabao, see Buffaloes
Caracal, animal. Hicture (gravure), 2-500
Caracaras, birds, 10-375?
Picture, (gravure), 10-3761
Carácas. Capital of Venezuela, with a univer. sity and a cathedral. La Guayra is its port. Picture, 19-6979
Carack, a ship, 11-3916
Caractacus, British chief, 4-1320
Picture, 4-1321
Caramels, recipe, 11-3856
Carat, unit of weight, 19-7227
Caravaggio, Michelangelo Amerigi da, It:llatl painter, 3-1108
influence on Le Nain brothers, 5-1874
influence on Ribera, 4-1496
naturalism of, 9-3069
Picture, The Lute Player, 9-3070
Caravans in desert, description, 18-6743
Pictures, 18-6739; (gravure), 5-1602
Caravels, ships, Il-3916
Caraway seeds, 8-2996
Carbides. In chemistry these are compounds of carbon either with the metals or with certain non-metallic elements such as silicon. Iron carbide and calcium carbide are the most important carbides. Carbides are used in iron smelting and in the manufacture of acetylene gas.
Carbohydrates, digestion of, 6-2085
use as food, 6-218i
Carbolic acid, or phenic acid ( $\mathrm{CoH} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ ). Arimportant organic substance used as an antiseptic or disinfectant. It is found almost exclusively in coal-tar, produced by the destructive distillation of coal or wood. A further distillation of the coal-tar produces the carbolic acid.
Carbon, chemical element
and protoplasm, 2-664
compounds of, 12-4406
in electric lamps, 16-5938
Carbon dioxid
cause of death, 4-1331
formed by burning carbon, 4-1232
given off in breathing, 1-312
heavier than air, 18-6693
how body gets rid of, 4-1330
in blood, 3-937
plants use, through chlorophyl, 2-616
Carbon monoxid, or carbonic oxid (CO). $\Lambda$ gas made up of carbon and oxygen, and deadly poisonous. It is formed by the breaking-up ol carbonic acid, and its general sources are the coal or charcoal fire, illuminating gas and the exhaust from a gasoline engine. It is colorless and odorless, and burns with a pale lavender flame. A furnace or stove gives off carbon monoxid if the drafts are not open sufficiently to permit enough oxygen to enter and combine with the CO to form $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$. It is highly dangerous to remain in a room where a gasoline engine is going unless doors and windows let in a good supply of fresh air. Especially should this be remembered in garages and in the engine-rooms of motor boats, for the quantity of CO given off by a gasoline engine mounts rapidly and is deadly in the extreme. To detect carbon monoxid in the air a rloth mojstemed with patladium chlorid may be used; if CO is present in any quantity, a brown color will appear on the cloth. Palladium chlorid may be secured at the drug store
Carbonic-acid gas ( $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ ). Also called carbon dioxid or choke damp. A gas made up of carbon and oxygen. It is given into the air when people and animals breathe, and in daylight it is absorbed by plants, which make it into food for themselves. It dissolves in water. In large quantities it is deadly to animal life, for it is poison to the lungs. It can be used in aerated or mineral waters as a drink and is harmless to the stomach. It is a colorless, odorless gas 22 times as heavy as hydrogen. It will not hurn. nor will it suphort hurnine.
Carboniferous period, see Geology-CarboniferCarborundum.
lakes artificial abrasive which takes the place of emery. It is produced in the

Carborundum (entinuel)
electric furnace from smelting a mixture of coke, sand, sawdust and salt.
Carbuncle, garnet cut with curved surface, 19-7226
Carburetor, in automobile, 19-7029, 7032 diagram of, 19-ív32
Carcassonne, France, 10-3612; 11-3820
Picture, old cathedral (gravure) 17-6171
Card tricks, set Tricks-card
Cardiff. Commercial capital and port of South Wales, at the junction of the Taff with the Bristol Channel. The export centre for the South Wales coal-field, it has risen rapidly in importance during the last century, the population in 1801 having been less than 2,000. It has large steel and copper works and considerable manufactures, and is noted for its fine docks.
height of tides at, 7-2542
Cardinal. A high dignitary of the Catholic Church and a member of the Sacred College (or counselors of the pope). When a pope dies the new pope is elected by the cardinals from the members of the Sacred College. A cardinal is appointed by the pope, and is a prince of the Church and ranks next to the pope.

## Cardinal-birds, 8-2973

* account of, 14-5024

Pictures, 8-2969, 2975; (in color) 10-3623
Cardinal-fower, description, 18-6572
Jarew, Lady Elizabeth, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Carew, Thomas, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Carex, Marsh, plant, note and picture, 16-5878
Carey, Henry, author of Sally in our Alley, 10-3609
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Caribbean Sea. Part of the Atlantic lying between South and Central America and the West Indies.
Caribou, animal, 4-1447-48
hunted by Indians, 7-2558, 2562
skin used by Eskimos, 7-2566
Picture, 4-1442
Caribs. A family of American Indian race who inhabit central Brazil and the Guianas and the Lesser Antilles. The Caribbean Sea is named for them.
resistance to Europeans, 19-7098-99
Carleton, Will (1845-1912). American poet.
Carlisle Indian School, opening of, 19-7240
Carlotta, Empress of Mexico, 19-7138
Carlsen, Captain, polar explorer, 8-2983
Carlyle, Thomas

* life and writings, 9-3311-14
influence of his Life of Cromwell, 11-3848 Pictures.
portrait, with mother, 15-5619
among his books, 9-3311
news of burned manuscript, 9-3313
Carman, William Bliss, Canadian poet, 14-5108 See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Picture, portrait, 14-5102
Carnation, flower, description, 19-7170
Pictures, flowers (gravure) 19-7178
Carnegie, Andrew (1835-1919). A ScottishAmerican capitalist who made an immense fortune in the United States as a producer of steel. Much of his wealth he gave to found libraries bearing his name. In 1911 he established the hearing his name. In Now York and had endowed it before his death, with $\$ 125,000,000$ to be used for promoting civilization. Carnegie matle public pifts amomiting to $8350,00 n, 000$ before he died.
Carnelian, semi-precious stone
l'iln, Lill color), farme 19-9 minister called Carnot, Lazare. French war minister catied 1753 ; died, Magdeburg, 1823.
as war minister, 6-2200
Carolina, royal grant, 1663, 2-553 Sce also North Carolina; South Carolina
Caroline Islands. Group of about 500 Pacific islands, discovered by the Portuguese in 1527. Purchased by Germany from Spain in 1899, in 1914 the whole archipelago, including Yap and Ponapé, passed to Japan. By the Treaty of Versailles Japan took the mandate for the islands.
massive ruins on, 9-3302
Carolw, Christmas, see Christmas-Poetry

Carp, fish, account of, 15-5632, 5634
lake carp not a carp, 15-5634
Carpaccio, Vittore, Italian painter, 3-1104; 4-1461-62
Picture, St. Stephen in dispute with doctors, 4-1454
Carpathians. Mountain range in Central Europe, encircling the plain of Hungary. It reaches its highest points in the High Tatra of Czecho-Slovakia, 8,750 feet, and in the Transylvanian Alps of Rumania, 8,250 feet.
description of, 13-4690
Carpeaux, Jean Baptiste, French sculptor,
13-4706
Picture, study for La Danse, 13-4705
Carpel, part of flower, 2-506; 3-1013
Pictures, 2-509
Carpenters' Hall. A historic building on Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, associated always with the First Continental Congress.
Pieture, 18-6833

## Carpentry

crating, directions for, 7-2514-15
directions for making
bench-hook, 17-6262
bird house, 1-341
blackboard, 14-5006
boat, flat-bottom, 16-5983-84
bookcase, 8-2877
boxes
blacking box, 7-2378-79
general-utility box, 7-2377-79
hanging flower-box, 6-2262-63
knife-and-fork box, 13-4734
mitre-box, 17-6263
nail-box, 17-6262-63
plant box, 3-893
scrap-box, 6-2262
tool-box, $1-234$
window-box, 2-513-14
cutting-board, 6-2259-60
dog's kennel, 16-5766
doll's house, $3-1150$
flower stand, 8-2875-76
footstool, 6-2263-64: 12-4373-74
furniture, rustic, $13-4736$
furniture, toy. 5-1765-66
garden seat, 10-3506-07
loom, 14-4997-98
picture-frames, 4-1393-94
plant stand, 7-2645-47
shelf, 14-4999
shirt-waist closet, 8-2876-77
ski, 16-5979
sled, 6-2041-42
stage, model, 14-5203-04
stage for amateur theatricals, 16-5763
stands, 8-2878-79
stool, $9-3117$
submarine, toy, 10-3503-04
summerhouse, 13-4849-50
table from cheese-box, 14-5006
tents, home-made, 2-624
tool rack, 17-6262
tray, 4-1283-84
wall cabinet, 15-5597
wall-rack, 7-2379
wheelbarrow, 9-3253-54
workbench, 11-4013-14
writing-board, 2-749
nailing boxes, 8-2741
tools for, 1-232-34

Why durs a carpenter seldom use nails in oak? 14-5084
Carpet-knight. Term of contempt for a man who leads a life of idle luxury instead of fighting his battles in the world.
"Carpetbaggers" in South, after Civil War, 7-2444
Carracci, Agostino, Italian painter, 3-1108
Carranza, Venustiano, president of Mexico, 19-7140
Carrara. City in Italy long noted for its marble Ancient Roman tools are often found in the quarries.

Pictures, 13-4575
Carrara marble, notes, with pictures, 13-4575
Carrel, Alexis, French-American surgeon, medi cal discoveries, 15-5492-93
Picture, portrait. 15-5493
Carrière, Eugène Anatole, French painter, 8-2714
Picture, portrait of Anatole France, 8-2709

Carroll, Lewis, pen name of C. L. Dodgson
Alice in Wonderland, quotations and summary, with illustrations, 3-1089-98; 4-1179-85, 1333-42
letters to little girls, 16-5689, 6035
writing of Alice in Wonderland, 9-3198-99
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Pictures, portrait, 9-3193
First telling of Alice in Wonderland, 9-3192 Carrots, vegetable, 7-2624
wild, description, 15-5392, 5396
Pictures, 7-2620; wild carrot, 15-5396
Carruth, William Herbert, see Poetry Index for poem and note
"Carrying coals to Newcastle," meaning of expression, 7-2612
Carson, Christopher (1809-68). Generally known as Kit Carson. A famous American hunter, trapper, Indian fighter and Western scout.
Carson City. Capital of the State of Nevada. It is situated about 12 miles from Lake Tahoe, near the base of the Sierra Nevada, and is in a fertile agricultural district
Cartagena. Seaport of Colombia, exporting sugar, coffee, tobacco, cattle, hides, dyewoods and rubber. Founded in 1533, it has a cathedral and a university and the best harbor on the Caribbean coast.
Cartagena, Spain, formerly New Carthage,
14-5042
Pieture, 14-5052
Carter, fish
Picture (in color), 16-5782
Carteret, Sir George, and colony of New Jersey, 2-552
Cartier, Jacques, French explorer

* expeditions to Canada, 2-678-79

Carthage, ancient city and state in Africa
destruction of city by Rome, 4-1196
history, 18-6808
in the Eneid, 6-1986-88
legendary founding by Queen Dido, 3-1114
Punic Wars, with Rome, 4-1194-96, 1362, 1364
Cartier, Jacques, French explorer
explorations in Canada, 1-246
Poem about. Jacques Cartier, by T. D. McGee, 15-5418
Picture, portrait, 1-245
Cartilage, early form of bone, 5-1561
Cartoons, in moving pictures, how made, 2-456
Cartouche, royal sign, 3-814
Cartwright, Edmund, inventor of power loom, 19-7204
Picture, portrait, 19-7201
Caruso, Enrico. An Italian operatic tenor possessing a voice of extraordinary power. Born, Naples, 1873; died, August 2, 1921. Sang in grand opera in practically every important city in the world.
Carving, see Woodcarving
Cary, Alice, hymn-writer, 12-4438
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Cary Lucius, 2d viscount Falkland, in English Civil War, 11-3852
Cary, Phobe, hymn-writer, 12-4438
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Casabianca, Giacomo Jocante, story of bravery, 19-6881
Casablanca. Chief Moroccan Atlantic port, with a fine modern harbor. It is connected by railway with Rabat and Fez.
Casgrain, I'Abbé, French Canadian author, 15-5367
Cash register. A kind of adding machine and cash box which makes a record of the money received for every purchase and adds the sum to that already in the drawer of the register: in addition it shows the customer what he has been charged. Figures are shown on registering keys, and pressure on one or more of these keys records the sum added to the drawer. James Ritty, of Dayton, Ohio, invented the first cash register in 1879.
Cashaw, West Indian name for mesquite, 13-464]

## Cashew nuts, 6-2278

Casimir III, king of Polana, 13-4680
Caslon, William, English type-founder, 9-3388
Caspian Sea, largest lake in the world, 7-2538

## Cassandra

Question about
Who was Cassandra? 8-3014
Cansatt, Mary, American painter, died in 1926, 10-3450

Cassatt, Mary (continued)
Picture, Mother F'eeding her Child (gravure), 10-3464
Cassava, furnishes tapioca, 5-1624
Picture (in color), 8-2997
Cassia, plant, 8-2911-12
Cassia bark, 8-2995-96
Cassine, shrub, leaves used for beverage, 13-4783
Cassio, fish
Picture (in color), 16-5786
Cassiopeia, constellation, legend about, 6-1970-71
Picture, position in sky, 9-3037
Cassiques, of oriole family, 8-2970
Cassites, ancient people, ruled Babylonia, 2-652
Cassowaries, birds, 13-4657
Picture, 13-4654
Castes, in India, 8-2700, 2702
origin of, 8-2821
Castile. Old and New Castile comprise roughly the whole of the centre of Spain, and contain Madrid, Toledo, Burgos, Segovia and Valladolid. They formerly made up the most important Spanish kingdom, their union with Aragon in 1479, under Ferdinand and Isabella, being the beginning of modern Spain
geographical position of, 14-5040
Castilloa elastica, tree, produces rubber, 8-2790
Casting vote. Deciding vote given by the presi-
dent or chairman in certain cases where the vot-
ing on both sides is equal.
Castle Dangerous, by Scott, note on, 11-4070
Castle Dangerous, fort
defense by Madeline de Verchères, 11-4089-91 Castles
châteaux of France, 18-6492, 6494-95
English, development of, 18-6489
Heidelberg castle, 18-6498
on the Rhine, legends of, 18-6503-07
sand, how to build, 12-4495-97; 17-6257
Pictures
in Denmark, 15-5295
in England, 7-2297; 18-6488; (gravure), 7-2304
in France (châteaux), 18-6497, 6499, 6501
in Germany, 12-4163; 18-6505-06; (gravure), 12-4178-79
in Ireland, 8-2929, 2931, 2937
in Portugal, 14-5189
in Spain (Alcazar), 14-5045, 5047; 15-5465; (gravure) $15-5473,5475,5477$
in Sweden, 15-5306

## Castor

Qurstion about
Who were Castor and Pollux? 17-6288
Castor, binary star
Picture, showing relative positions of stars, 11-3923
Castor-oil plant, 8-2912
Pictures, 8-2909; (in color), 8-2999
Cat-tail, see Cattails
Catacombs, underground galleries, 2-576, 578
Picture, 2-577
Catalepsy. A medical term for a seizure in which the victim becomes unconscious, yet his body keeps the attitude assumed when he was smitten.
Catalina Island, California, radio station at, 17-6370
Catalonia. Old province of Spain, in the extreme northeast of the peninsula. The Catalans are hardy and hard-working, with a dialect of their own, and their country is one of the chief Spanish industrial centres, especially around the great port of Barcelona. A strong separatist feeling has existed in Catalonia for centuries. progressive spirit, 14-5048
Catalpa tree, 13-4642-43
Picture, in winter, 13-4643
Catalufa, fish
Picture (in color), 16-5787
Catalysis, chemical process, 13-4532
Catapult. A forked stick shaped like the capital letter $\overline{\boldsymbol{Y}}$. To each of the prongs a piece of elastic band is fastened, and the two elastics are joined by a square piece of leather. If a piece of stone is placed in the leather, which is pulled back and then let go, the stone will be thrown some distance. In ancient times a catapult was an engine of war used to throw darts of great size. French mortars used in the World War worked on the same principle.
Cataract, disease of eye, 10-3686
Question about
What is cataract of the eyes? 12-4505

## GENERAL INDEX

Catbirde, 9-3139; 13-4838
Pictures, 9-3135; 13-4833
Catch-ball, game, directions for, 4-1400
Catchfly, flower
Picture, English catchfly (in color), 14-4993
Catchıng a Tartar. Popular phrase for meeting more than one's match, Tartars having been considered formidable savages.

## Caterpillars

damage done by, 18-6532
life history of, 18-6527-30
of goat moth, 18-6528
of silk-moth, 18-6529
Pirturrs (i11 color), 18-65:3-47
Catesby's leucothoë, plant, description, 19-7089 Picture, 19-7091
Catfish Family, account of, 15-5632
Picture (in color), sea catfish, 16-5:86
Cathcart, Charles Murray, 2nd earl, in Canada, 4-1486

## Cathedrals

American
St. John the Ilivine, New York City, 17-6216
St. Patrick's, New York City, 17-6216
Belgian
Antwerp, 17-6161
Bruges, 17-6161-62
Tournai, 17-6161
Dutch
Utrecht, Haarlem, Dordrecht, 17-6162

* English, 16-5969-72

Durham, 16-5964
Ely, 16-5971
Exeter, 16-5971
Lichfield, 16-5969
Lincoln, 16-5970
Liverpool, 18-6492
Peterborough, 16-5970
Salisbury, 16-5969
St. Paul's, London, 12-4356-58; 18-6491
York Minster, 16-5970
French, 17-6155-60
Amiens, 17-6159
Bayonne, 17-6160
Beauvais, 17-6158
Bourges, 17-6159
Chartres, 17-6158
Le Mans. 17-6159
Notre Dame, Paris, 10-3437; 17-6158
Rheims, 17-6159
Rouen, 17-6159
Strassburg, 17-6160
German
Aix-la-Chapelle, 16-5723
Cologne, 17-6161
Irish
Queenstown, 8-2933
Italian
Florence (Duomo, Santa Maria del Fiore), 5-1738-39; 17-6162
Milan. 17-6162
Pisa and others of Romanesque period, 16-5725
Siena, 17-6163-6t
Venice, St. Mark's, 4-1456; 16-5718-19
Russian
Vasili, at Moscow, 16-5857
Spanish, 17-6164
Burgos, 17-6164
Granada. 18-6502
Seville, 17-6164
See also Church architecture
Pictures, 8-3010-11
American
New York, St. John the Divine, (gravure), 18-6686
New lork, St. Patrick's (gravure). 18-5686
Washington, D. C., St. Peter amt sit. Panl, 5-1543
Austrian
Vienna, St. Stephen's (gravure), 17-6171
Belgian
Antwerp, 17-6155, 6157; (gravure), 17-6167 English

Bristol, 16-5965
Canterbury, 16-5965; (gravure), 16-5973
Exeter, 16-5975
Gloucester (gravure), 16-5974, 5976
Hereford (gravine), 16-is94
Liverpool, 18-6502
Iondon, St. Paul's, 12-435?

Cathedrals-Pictures-English (continued)
Peterborough (gravure), 16-5975
Rochester (gravure), 16-5974
Salisbury (gravure), 1-72; 16-5976
Wells, 16-5963
Winchester (gravure), 16-5976
York Minster (gravure), 16-5973
French
Albi (gravure), 17-6172
Amiens (gravure), 17-6167, 6172
Avignon (gravure), 16-5723
Bordeaux, St. Indlé 10 -35-5
('arcassotine (srature), 17-6)171
Chartres, 17-6157; (gravure), 17-6169
Laon (gravure), 17-6167
Le Mans (gravure), 17-6168
Paris, Notre Dame $10-3437$; 12-4469. (gravure), 1-72; 17-6168
Rheims, 8-3011; (gravure), 17-6166
Rouen (gravure), 17-6160
Senlis (gravure), 17-6171
Strassburg, Alsace-Lorraine (gravure),

## 17-6166

German
Aix-la-Chapelle (gravure), 16-5723
Berlin (gravure), 12-417:3
Bonn (gravure), 12-4177
Bremen (gravure), 12-4180
Cologne, 18-6503; (gravure), 17-6170
Ratisbon (gravure), 17-6110
Ulm (gravure), 17-6167
Worms (gravure), 16-5724
Italian
Florence, Duomo (gravure), 5-1747
Milan (gravure), 17-6169
Orvieto (gravure), 17-6172
Palermo (gravure), 16-57こ3
Pisa (gravure), 16-5721
Siena (gratrure), 17-6170
16-5721-22
Latvian
Riga, 16-5861
Mexican
Mexico City, 19-7135
Norwegian
Trondjem, 15-5299
Polish
Lemberg, 13-4681
Warsaw, st. John's, 13-4687
Portuguese
Lisbon, 14-5189
Rumanian
Bucharest, 14-4928
Russian
Leningrad (gravure), 16-5722
Moscow, 16-5857
South American
Buenos Aires, 19-7037
Lima, Peru, 19-6974
Montevideo, 19-6981
Spanish
Burgos (gravure), 17-6166, 6171
Saragossa, 14-5047
Seville (gravure), 17-6172
Valencia, 14-5049
Swedish
Lund, 15-5305
Catherine, St., story of, 6-1 \%.94
Picture, from painting, 6-1995
Catherine II, empress of Russia, 16-5693-94
influence on Russian literature, 19-6906
Catherine de Medici, influence, 10-3434, 3436
Catherine of Aragon, wife of Henry VIII, $5-1114,1 \times 16$
Catherine-wheel, origin of name, 6-1994
Catholic Church

* Early leaders of the church, 8-2843-50
* Men of the Crusades, 7-2583-89
and Holy Roman Empire, 11.3962 beginning of temporal power, 11-3960
interdict on England, under Kirg John, 5-1570 members given civic rights in Fngland, 7-2298 members given civic rights in Fho fomks Saints
Cato, Marcus Porcius, censor of Rome, 4-1364
writings, 16-5910
Picture, portrait, 16-5907
Cats
* Big cats and little cats, 2-493-502
and seeing in the dark, $5-1807$
drawing of, how to make, 11-3855
Fgyptian, ancestor of domestic, cat, 2 nifl

Cats (continued)
fables about, by Æson
Belling the cat, 2.540
Cat and the mice, 13-4752
first appearance in geologic eras, 5-1784
hair standing on end, 4-1420
kept in post offices, 8-2658
native cats of Australia, 7-2509
sensitive to high-pitched notes, 18-6439
story about, Fox and the Kitten, 7-2352
forms about
Cat's Tea-party, 5-1782
Dobbin's Friend, by M. M. Dodge, 5-1887 Kitten and the Falling Leaves, by William Wordsworth, 14-4956
Retired Cat, by William Cowper, 5-1780
Questions about
Do cats and dogs ever cry? 17-6179
What happens inside a cat when it purrs? 18-1594
Why does a cat always fall on its feet? 8-2719-20
Picture (gravure), 2-497-98
Cat's-ear, weed, 19-6940
Picture, with note, 19-6931
(in color) 14-4996
Cat's valerian, see Valerian-Great or Cat's
Catseye, semi-precious stone
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225

## Catsheads, of a ship, 14-5003

Catskill Aqaeduct. Carries water to New York City.
description and pictures, 14-5054-60
Catskill Mountains. A group of mountains in lew lork sitate, west of the Hudson River: famed for scenery. The highest is Slide Mountain ( $4,205 \mathrm{ft}$.).
Catspaw, how to make, 9-3378
Cattail, plant. description, 16-5876
Pirture 16-.isi
Cattail grass, note and picture, 10-3653
Cattaro. Jugo-Slav cathedral city and port on the Irliatic

Pirture, 17-6348
Cattegat. Broad strait between Sweden and Denmark, forming part of the connection between the Baltic and North seas.

## Cattle

* Great cattle family, 4-1259-64
breeds, English, 4-1262
descended from aurochs, 4-1260
Hindus regard as sacred, 8-2702
importance of, 4-1259-60
in America, brought from Europe, 4-1261
in Europe, 4-1260-61
meat preparation in stock-yards, 7-2512-13
production and industry in U. S., 9-3207
Southwon status, industry in, 13-1.)24
브 also Inimals domestir.: Emllocks
Cattle, Wild; Dairies; Meat industry and trade
* F'irlur", 4-1258-61
ancient Egypt, 3-821
breeds
originating in Great Britain (in color) facing 4-12.54
some famous dairy breeds (in color) faci!ts 4-12.
various breeds of (gravure) 4-1268
ranch in Montana, 18-6435
scenes on Western farms, 15-5276-78
Cattle, Wild
in England, 4-1260
in India, 4-1263
Pictures
by Landseer, 4-1258

Catullus, Caius Valexius, Roman poet, 16-5910
Caucasus, struggle against Russia, 15-5378
Caucus. In politics, a party committee that aplonints candidates and decides on polices at eler tions. The term orisinated in the Tonited States.
Cauliac, Gui de, see Chauliac, Guy de
Cauliflower, development from cabbage,
$7-2618$
Picture, 7-2619


## Causation

Qucstion about
Is there a reason for everything that happens? 16-5740
Cavaliers. Name for Royalists in the English Civil War in the middle of the 17th century. settlement in Virginia, 2.555

Cavalry. The name given to soldiers who are
trained to ride and fight on horseback.
Cave-men, sce Man, Prehistoric and primitive
Cavell, Edith
death of, 17-6396
Cavendish, Henry, English physicist

* life and experiments, 4-1250; 16-5804

Picture, 4-1250
Cavendish, Sir Thomas. English navigator, third man who sailed round world; born, Trim ley, Suffolk, about 1555 ; died at sea, 1592.
Caves
Carlsbad, N. M., 18-6436
Grottoes, Va., 14-4900
Mammoth, Ky., 4-1298-1304
Margaret River, Western Australia, 7-2473
Caviare, eggs of sturgeon, as food, 15-5630
Cavour, Count Camillo. Sardinian statesman, one of the chief founders of Italian liberty; born, Turin, 1810 ; died there, 1861.
and irrigation in Italy, 7-2544
and Italian unity, 12-4412
Cavy, animal. Picture, 3-1130
Cawnpore. Industrial city in the Indian United Provinces, with many tanneries and cotton, woolen and jute mills.
massacre in Indian mutiny, 8-2828
Caxton, William, early English printer

* life and work, 9-3384, 3386
printed first books in England, 5-1686
printed Malory's Morte d'Arthur, 1-305
Pictures, portrait, 9-3383
Edward IV visiting Caxton, 9-3387
from books printed by Caxton, 9-3381
reading proof from printing-press, 9-3387
with Abbot of Westminster, 1-302
Cayenne, see Guiana, French
Cayenne pepper, see Pepper
Cazin, Jean Charles, French painter, 7-2372
Cecil, William, see Burleigh, Lord
Cecilia, St., story of, 6-1998
Pietures, 6-1998; 7-2478
Cecilians, class of animals, 15-5458
Cedar bird, 9-3139; 13-4836
Cedar trees, description, 11-4105; 13-4634-36
red cedar is a juniper, 11-4105
varieties, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 2 5 0}$
Question about
What are the cedars of Lebanon? 15-5361
Pictures, 11-4105; 13-4634; 14-4911
Cedars of Lebanon, 15-5363
Celandine, plant, 17-6280
Pictures (in color)
greater celandine, 13-4880
lesser celandine, 13-4877
Celebes. One of the most important of the
Inutch East Indies. It has an area of 72 , nuf square miles, and produces large quantities of rice, corn, sugar, spices, tobacco, coffee and timber, while gold and coal are mined. Macassar is the capital.
population, 15-5568
Celery, vegetable, 7-2616
Picture. 7-2620
Cellini, Benvenuto. Italian sculptor and crafts. man; born, Florence, 1500 ; died there, 1571 ; wrote a famous autobiography.
Cells, Electric, see Electric batteries
Cells, Living, 2-437
* single cell, 2-661-64
discovery by Robert Hooke, 13-4669
* in blood, 3-803-06, 935-39
in muscles, 5-1804
in skin. 4-1418
made of protonlasm, 2-663
Picture, leaf cells, 2-503
Celluloid
Question about: Why does celluloid catch fire

Cellulose, in paper-making, 3-1054
in shoes, 5-1551
Celts, or Kelts. People of the round-headed Al. pine type. They are divided into two sections by their language-the P-Celts and the Q-Celts. Thus, Kinsale and Penrhyn are similar in that the first syllable is Celtic for "head." The Celts apparently migrated from Asia Minor through the Balkans up the Danube to the former Celtic lands of Bohemia, Gaul, Ireland and Britain. art in Ireland, pictures with notes, 8-2941
entry into Ireland, 8-2929
in Great Britain. 1-321
in Switzerland, 16-6000, 6002


## GENERAL INDEX

Cement, how made, 7-2305
Cennini, Cennino, book on painting, 2-698
Cenotaph
Question about: What is a cenotaph? 3-981
Cenozoic age, geological era, 2-634
Censor, Roman official, $\mathbf{~ - 1 3 6 4}$
Censorship of press, in England, from 1530 on, 9-3389
Centaur. In Greek mythology, one of a race of monsters, half man and half horse

Picture, in sculpture, by Barye, 13-4705
Centaury, flower
Pictures (in color), 14-4892, 4995
Centigrade scale of temperature, 7-2648; 14-4902; 15-5573
Centimeter, measure of distance, 14-4902
Centipedes, 16-6020
Pictures, 16-6019

## Central America

archæology, museum exhibit, 18-6615
history and description, 19-7142
map, 19-7133
Picture, 19-7137
Centre of gravity, explanation, 14-5177
Centrifugal force, 14-5035-36
shown by breaking of fly-wheel, 15-5364
shown by twisting balls, 7-2380
Centripetal force. A force in nature which makes things in motion tend to move toward the centre. Opposite of centrifugal force.
Century of change in art, * 6-2229-40
Century plant. A popular name for the American Aloe, Ogava Americana, which was supposed to flower only once in each hundred years. This was a myth of course.
Cephalopods, class of molluscs, 16-5898
Cephisodotus, Greek sculptor, 12-4328
Cerberus, Pluto's three-headed dog, 9-3238
and Hercules, 9-3084
Cereal crops

* Great cereals, 5-1850-57
* Story of wheat, 5-1755-63
* What man can do with a plant, 4-1469-75 account of, 5-1623
cheapness as food, 7-2423
map, showing sources, 19-7247
various kinds as food, 7-2423-25
Cerebellum, part of brain, functions of, 8-2841
Cerebrum, part of brain, structure of, 8-2943-44
Ceres (Demeter), goddess, 9-3227
Cernauti, Rumania, 14-4922
Cervantes Saavedra, Miguel de
* Don Quixote, quotations and summary, 5-1629-38
life and writings, 19-7127-29
Cervera y Topete, Pascual, commanded Spanish Heet, Santiago, 10-3590
Cesalpino, Andrea, see Cæsalpinus
Cettinje. Old capital of Montenegro, JugoSlavia.
Ceuta, Africa, and Prince Fernando, 4-1257
Ceylon, island, 9-3184
liofurs:
native girl tapping rubber, 4-1409 rice field, 5-1 $5:-$
tea industry, 2-763-71
Cézanne, Paul, French painter, 8-2710, 2712 I'irturrx
Portrait of himself, 8-27:2
The Smoker, 8-2709
Chabas, Paul, French artist, 8-2858
Picture, on the River in Summer (gravure) 8-2862
Chad, Lake. Large African lake in the borderland let weren the sudatl and the saharat. Its area is rapidly shrinking owing to the encroachment of the desert, and a town which stood on its shore 75 years ago is now 20 miles away. visited by Hugh Clapperton, 2-467
Chadwick, John White, sel l'oulry Inelex for poem and note
Chæronea, Battle of, 338 B.C., 3-1082
Chaffuch, European, bird, 8-297.3 lirtur (in ulior), 9-.31:3
Chaillu, Du, African explorer, 2-465
Chairs, styles of, 18-6767-76
toy, directions for making, 5-1765-66

Cane-lottomed Chair, lyy W. M. Thackeray 8-2763
Pictures, 3-817; 18-6767, 6769, 6773, 6775, 6776
Chalcedony, seml-precious stone
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225

Chaldæa, in Mesopotamia
agriculture and temples, 2-650
architecture, 14-5208-09
influence on Babylon, 2-650, 652
old names for, 2-650
picture writing, 2-650, 652
Chalk and chalk rocks
description, 5-1660
in Cretaceous period, 5-1659
made by sea-creatures, foraminifera, 2-634
made of shells, 7-2314
Challener, Frederick S., Canadian painter, 10-3703
Challenger, ship, in antarctic exploration, 14-5090
Châlons-gux-Marne. Ancient city of Champagne, France, with many old buildings and a 13th-century cathedral. It trades in Champagne wine. Near here in A.D. 451 the Romans and Goths defeated Attila and his Huns.
Chamber of Commerce. An organization made up of the leading business men of a city or town to protect and promote their own commercial interests and the interests of the community.
Chamberlin, Clarence D., American aviator, 1-181, 184
Picture, with plane, 1-183
Chambers, William, English architect, 18-6491
Chameleons, 14-5234
Why does chameleon change its color? 12-4506
Pieture, 14-5233
Chamois, animal, 4-1378 Picture, 4-1374
Chamois leather, how prepared, 5-1550
Chamomile, flower
Pictures (in color)
corn chamomile, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 9 7}$
wild chamomile, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 9 8}$
yellow chamomile, $15-5400$
Champ de Mars. Great plain to southwest of
Paris laid out in 1770 in imitation of Roman Campus Martius. It became a great parade and training ground for soldiers.
Champagne. French wine-growing district east of Paris, in the basins of the Seine, Aisne and Marne, Rheims and Epernay are the chief centres of the wine trade; other towns are Troyes, with large textile industries, and Châlons-sur-Marne.
Champaigne, Philip de, Flemish artist, 5-1874
Champlain, Samuel de, French explorer

* account of, in Canada, 2-679-80
expeditions, 2-679
founded city of Quebec, 2-680
made Five Nations hate France, 1-246, 248
Pictures
portrait, 1-245
surrendering to English, 2-681
Champlain, Lake, discovery, 2-680
Champollion, Jean François, study of Rosetta torle 10.."-1
Chancel, invented first match, 1-309
Chancellor, Richard, opened trade with Russia, 5-1817: 8-2982
Chancellorsville, Battle of, 7-2436
Chancery, Courts of, 13-4812
Channel Isles, $\because, 11 l^{\circ} \mathrm{from}, ~ 4-126 ?$
Chanson de Roland, see Song of Roland
Chanute, Octave, pioneer aviator, 1-172
Chapais, Thomas, French Canadian author, 15.

Chaparral-cock, belongs to cuckoo family, 10-5367 Chapaltepec (Hill of Grasshoppers). A. rocky hill on the outskirts of the city of Mexico. The Aztecs used it as a site for some kind of worship. At the end of the 18 th century the Spanish viceroy built a palace on the hill. Later the Emperor Maximilian made this palace his headquarters. It is now the presidential residence. A military school and an observatory are also situated on the hill. In 1847 it was taken by the United States.
Characin, li心h
Pictures, (in color), 16-5785
Charades, 15-5511: 18-6521. 6640
Charcoal. lis. in stmeiting iron 6-1936
Charcot, Jean, Antarctic explorer, 14-5094
Charcot, Dr., and hypnotism, 12-4444
Charderon, Erancine, artist
Picture, Sleeping Child, 14-4941

## GENERAL INDEX

Chardin, Jean Baptiste Siméon, French painter, 5-1882
Picture, Grace before Meat, 5-1875
Chardonnet, Count Hilaire de, discovered artificial silk, 13-4828
Chares of Lindus, sculptor of Colossus of Rhodes, 7-2604
Chargé d'affaires. Official in diplomatic service. He acts with full powers at minor courts, and may take charge of affairs in the temporary absence of an ambassador
Charge of the Light Brigade. Charge of 600 Light Dragoons, Lancers and Hussars at Balaclava in the Crimean War, October 25, 1854.
Chariot. The ancient chariot was a two-wheeled car or vehicle used in war, in racing and in processions as well as in the comings and goings of daily life. In the time of Queen Elizabeth of England the word had come to mean a four-wheeled state coach. Later it was used to describe an ornate pleasure vehicle.
Chariot, toy, directions for making, 15-5334
Charities, character's in mythology, 9-3228
Charity
story about, King's Guest, 16-6029
Poem.s about
Ahab Mohammed, by J. M. Legaré, 18-6755 Queen and the Flowers, by Alfred Austin, 6-2033
Charlemagne, or Charles the Great and Alcuin, 14-5248
and the Netherlands, 15-5558
in French folklore, 18-6559-60
influence on architecture, 16-5725
lands ruled by, 11-3960
reign of, 10-3430
Picture, with school children, 10-3433
Charles $\mathbf{I}$, king of England

* life and character, 11-3845-47
and Earl of Strafford, 11-3850
and Nova Scotia, 2-682
appearance, in Van Dyck's portraits, 11-3845
Carolina grants, 2-553
reign, and Civil War, 6-1976-78
Pictures
portrait, by Van Dyck, 11-3848
portrait, with parents, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 5}$
portrait, with William Harvey, 8-2727 scenes in life, 6-1972, 1975
Charles II, king of England
* reign of, 6-1979-81
and William Penn, 2-552-53
Carolina grants, 2-553
defeat at Worcester, as Prince Charles, 6-1978
granted charter to Hudson's Bay Co., 12-4338 invited to be king of Virginia, 2-555
Charles I, the Great, king of France, see Charlemagne
Charles III, the Simple, king of France, gave land to Northmen, 10-3431
Charles V, king of France, encouraged art 4-1221
Charles VII, king of France, and Joan of Arc, 10-3434; 16-5820
Charles IX, king of France, 10-3434
Charles X, king of France, 10-3572
Charles $\mathbf{V}$, king of Spain and Holy Roman emperor, 14-5044
and the Netherlards, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 6 0}$
reign of, 11-3963-64
Charles XII, king of Norway and Sweden, 15-5294
Charles XIV (originally J. B. J. Bernadotte), king of Norway and Sweden, 15-5294
Charles Martel, Frankish ruler
at battle of Tours, 10-3430
Charles of Orleans, medieval French poet, 18-6560-61
Charles River, Massachusetts
Pocm about: To the River Charles, by H. W. Longfellow, 7-2638
Charles's Wain, name for constellation Great Bear, 6-1971
Charleston. Capital of the State of West Virginia, situated at the confluence of the Kanawha and Elk rivers. It is an important shiphine point for coal, salt and timber. Axes, glass, engines, furniture, fire-brick and boilers are important manufactures. Natural gas, coal and oil are found in the neighborhood.
Charleston, S. C., notes and pictures, 14-48.99
Picture, St. Philip's church (gravure), 18-6685

Charlock, wild mustard, description, 15-5393-94 yields product mustard, 8-2996 Picture, 15-5393
Charlotte Amalle, see St. Thomas
Charlottetown. Capital of Prince Edward Island. Founded by the French in 1750 and known as Port la Joie. Passed to the British in 1763 and renamed in 1768 for Queen Charlotte.
Charon, character in mythology, 9-3238
Charpentier, Charlotte, wife of Sir Walter Scott, 7-26:6
Charter, Great (Magna Carta), see Magna Carta Charter Oak. A tree in Hartford, Connecticut, around which an American historical legend grew up. In 1687 Governor Andros demanded the surrender of the colonial charter by the colonists. Captain Wadsworth hid the document, it is said, in a hollow tree, where it remained for two years. The oak was blown over in 1856, but a monument has been erected to mark the spot.
Chartres, France, cathedral, 17-6158-59
Pictures
cathedral (gravure), 17-6169
details of cathedral, 17-6157
Chartreuse, Ia Grande. French Carthusian monastery, founded by St. Bruno in 1084. The vast 17 th-century building near Grenoble is now the property of the French Government.
Charts, sea maps, use by ships, 12-4427-28
Charybdis, personified whirlpool
in mythology, 9-3236
description of whirlpool, 17-6284-85
Chase, William M., American painter, 9-3336 Picture
From a still-life painting, 9-3325
Chat, Yellow-breasted, variety of warbler, 13-4840
Château de Blois, see Blois
Château de Pierrefonds, see Pierrefonds
Château-Thierry. During the World War, from July 15 th to 18 th , 1918, American troops successfully held the German forward movement at Château-Thierry, France.
Châteaubriand, François, Vicomte do. French
philosophic writer, the most famous of his day; born, St. Malo, 1768 ; died, Paris, 1848.
influence on France, 18-6716
Châteaux, see Castles
Chatham, 1st earl of, see Pitt, William, 1st Earl of Chatham
Chatham Island, population, and nation ruling, 9.3188

Chattahoochee River. American river, rising in Habersham County, Georgia. Flows into Apalachicola River. 500 miles.
Chattanooga, Tenn., notes and pictures, 14-4897
Chattel. Personal property, wealth, goods or stock that can be transferred or moved.
Chatterers, birds, account of, 9-3286
Pictures (in color)
pompadour chatterers, 10-3621
red chatterer, 12-4371
Chatterton, Thomas, English poet, 6-2027
Chaucex, Geoffrey, English poet, 1-100

* life and writings, 1-300-05
* Canterbury Tales, summaries of parts, 13-4767-73
father of English poetry, 1-321
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Pirtures
reading his poems, 1-298
with poem of Occleve, 1-299
Chauliac, Guy de, medical writings, 8-2725
Chaulieu, Gui de, see Chauliac, Guy de
Chavez, Peruvían aviator, 1-174
Chavez, Pird, 13-4832
Chebec, bird, 13-4832
Checkers, how to play, 15-5338
Checks, Bank, save use of money, 16-5682
Cheor Boys, Cheer, Sebastopol is Taken, song, origin of, 10-3608


## Cheese

food value, 7-2325
microbes that help make, 2-558
Cheese, Cottage, how to make, 3-896
Cheese-box, how to make table from, 14-5006
Cheetah, animal, description, 2-501 Picture (gravure), 2-500
Chemicals, use in industry, 13-4530-31
Chemistry

* Chemistry in the world's life, 13-4529-32


## GENERAL INDEX

Chemistry（continued）
＊compounds，12－4403－06
compounds made by protoplasm，2－664
＊How the elements are built up，12－4289－92 use of in tireworks，13－4825
＊Wonder of matter．12－41．j5－53
See also Electro－chemistry；Elements，Chemical For list of main articles，sre 20－i622－23
Chenab Canal，in India，7－jt
Chenonceaux，Château of．Picture，18－6501
Cheops，Fis sptian ling，sec Khutu
Cheops，Pyramid of， 860 Pyramids of Egypt
Chepman，Walter，early printer，9－3386， 3388
Cher Ami，pigeon，story of，7－2319
Poem themt．（Clier Ami，1）．S．（．，by H．W．Far－ ringtom，6－21．5
Cherbourg，French city，11－3821

## Cherries

wild，11－4020：12－4383，4394；13－4778－79
Question about．Why is there a stone inside a cherry？7－2362
sictures，6－2061
wild，13－479
wild，flower of，13－4880
wild，fruit of，11－4027
wild，red，11－ $40 \div 3$
wild，showing tree，flower，leaf，12－4394
Cherry，Andrew，song－writer，10－3608
Pirture，portrait．10－3605
Cherry－bird，13－4836
Cherry galls，cause of，10－3580
Chervil，flower
Picture，rough chervil（in color），13－4877
Chesapeake，ship，defeat by Shannon，5－1704； 17－6330
Chesapeake and Ohio Canal，13－4787
Chesapeake Bay．Deep inlet in the east coast of America，receiving the waters of the sustue－ hanna，Potomac，Rappahannock and James rivers．Near its head is Baltimore．
Chess，how to play，5－1771
Chess apples，whitebeam＇s fruit，12－4382
Chestnut trees
（lestrun fon thy fungi，12－4．5．
not related to horse－chestnut，12－4382
note on，12－4511
uses．12－4515
sarieties，12－4248
Pictures，12－4511
Spanish chestnut，12－4259
Chestnuts，account of，6－2276， 2278
Pictures，6－2274；（in color）11－4025
Chevet，architectural term，16－5720
Cheviot Hills．Range stretching for about 35 miles between England and Scotland．Cheviot， 2，676 feet high，is its highest point． ser also 4－1436
Chevrotains，or mouse deer，4－1448
Chew，ençineer，heroism of，9－3066
Cheyenne．Capital of Wyoming，and a stock－ raising centre．Annual celebration of Frontier Mays at Cheyenne is a great event．
Cheyenne River．American river，rising in east ern Wyoming．Flows into Missouri River． 500 miles．
Chibchas，Indian tribe of South America， 19－6858， 6860
conquest by Spain，19－6862
Chicago， 111.
＊history and description，19－7105－24 Art Institute，19－7122
Board of Trade Building，with picture，19－7111
Cahokia Court House，19－7112
convention city，19－7124
Field Museum of Natural History，19－7122 fire in 1871，19－7110， 7112
industrial and commercial centre，17－6044
industry and trade，19－7118， 7120

libraries，19－7122
music．19－7122， 7124
name，origin of．19－7106
parks，19－7120－2．2
plan for improved city．19－7117
population，1920，8－2676
population，races represented，19－7117－18
railroads，19－7107
Sauganash Hotel，19－7107
schnols and colleges，19－7122
sculpture，14－1．．．
from B．F．Ferguson fund，19－51：
transportation fiwhth．．．19－7t．l
Jnion Station，note and picture，19－7109

Chicago（continued）
water supply，19－7107
W＇orld＇s Columbian Exposition，8－2670；19－7112
influence on architecture，18－6684
writers，19－7124

municipal stadium，7－2312
stockyards，9－3209
views past and present（gravure）， 19－7113－16
See also starred article above
Chicago Drainage Canal，17－6044；19－7110
Chicago River made to flow backward，19－7110
Chicago University，19－7122
note and picture，19－7123
lictures，19－7108－09
Chickadees，birds，13－1764， 4766

fieftries
こroup of，13－4ラた
（hestnut－lackerl chirkather（its（．．ntw）iacing 14－5140
Oregon chickadee（in color）facing 14－5140
Chickamauga，Battle of，7－2436
Chicken hawks，see Hawks－Cooper＇s hawk
Chicken snake，15－5414
Chicksns，see Poultry
Chickering，Jonas，made iron frame for grand piano，5－1796
Chickweed，description，15－5394－95
picture，15－5395
Chicory，account of，15－5388－89
used with coffee，7－2624
l＇ictures，15－5389；（in color）15－5．612
Chiff－chaff，bird
Picture，（in color）8－2900
Chigetai，animal，6－2020
Chigger，parasite，16－6020
Chilblains
Question about．What causes chilblains？ 9－3355
Child，Lydia Maria，see Poetry imfex for joem and note
Child labor，sce Children－laws to protect
Child life，see Children
Child welfare
＊in N．Y．city，15－5621－28
Childe Roland，Arthurian knight，story of， 9－3245
Children
 15－5621－28
and alcohol，8－2682
aptitudes， $12-4181-82$
care and hygiene in N．Y．city，25－5622， 5624

huties oft in lavse 8－：765
first use in sculpture， $12-4467$
firnd suitable for，11－3958

in fhina，2－135
in（in：man 12－11：－
ill Ial： $1!1$ 2－，$-1+$
laws to protect，14－4915－16
lihration for，15－ッチント，55：
play，value of， $8-2841$
table of height and weight，by ages，9－3257
An Hlan lBuys

All the Children，9－？．－if
Babyland，by George Cooper，17－6379
Be Patient with the Children，14－5240
Children＇s Hour，by H．W．Longfellow， 14－1：1．
Good－Children Street，by Eugene Field，
Pittypat and Tippytoe，by Eugene Field， 10－3484
The Discoverer，by Edmund Clarence Sted－ man，16－586f
What Bobbie Would like，by F．F．Weather－ 12－4 T1
Questions about
 14－50：

Children＇s Crusade，story of，7－2588
Children＇s literature，American，14－5014－16
Chile
＊
＊history，19－7036， 7038

Chile (continued)
natural resources, 29-7038
nary of, note and picture, 19-7039
nitrate industry, 19-7038
races in, 19-7040
ruins of, 19-6980
Tacna and Arica, possession of, 19-7038
war with Bolivia, 19-6978
war with Peru, 19-6980, 6982
Pictures, 19-7039, 7049, 7050
Chili, see Chile
Chilli, Mexican name for capsicum, 8-2992
Chillingham cattle, England, 4-1260
Chillon, Castle of, note and picture, 16-5999
Chimborazo, volcano, height of, 7-2313
Chimera, imaginary creature, 1-356
Chimney swallow, see Swallows-chimney
Chimneys
qulstions about
Why are some chimney pots very long atmel bent? 3-1116
Why does a chimney smoke? 8-3014
Why does a factory have a tall chimney? 4-12.?2
Why dres smoke go ull the chimney? 8-3015 Why must a big chimney have such a broad base? 7-2487
Chimpanzee, account of, 1-208
Pictures (gravure), 1-209, 211-12
China

* description and history, 2-421-36
adoption of Western military methods, 2-433
ancestor worship, 2-436
architecture, si Architecture, Chinese
is a republic, 2-436
cities, pictures, with notes, 2-431, 434-36
commerce, early times, 2-429
customs, with pictures, 2-430
girls, customs concerning, 2-436
examination centres, 2-434
foot-binding, $2-436$; 18-6455
Great W'all, 2-424, 429, 435
early Chinese writings found in, 3-1054
Pictures, 2-421, 435; (gravure), 2-426
houses and dwellings, 5-1657
language, see Chinese language
legends and stories, 5-1579-80
Story of the willow-pattern plate, 4-1532
literature, see Chinese literature
map, 2-423
Marco Polo's description, 1-84-85
population, 2-421: 5-1605
porcelain-making, 5-1664
queue (figtail), introduction ly Manchus and recent abolition, 2-436
railroads, $\mathbf{2 - 4 . 3 4}$
relations with Mongolia, 18-6588
relations with W'estern nations, 2-432-34
religions, 9-3088-92
rice cultivation, 5-1854, 1856
silk industry, 15-5307
size, 2-421
stamps, rare, 16-5887
Taining rebellion, 2-432-33
tea production, 2-761-72; 7-2532, 2536
World War, part in, 2-436
Sfer also ('hinese.
$\therefore$ Pictures (nartly gravure), 2-421-35
children at school, 5-1605
Faux-Namiti Bridge, 1-37
house of upper class, $\mathbf{5 - 1 6 5 7}$
rice fields among the mountains, 5-1853
rubber tappers, 4-1405
tea industry, 2-763-72 water-wheels, 15-5431 women with small feet, 18-6455
China (porcelain), see Pottery
China grass, account of, 8-2788
cloth from. 5-1627
China Sea. Part of the Pacific lying west of the chain of islands fringing eastern Asia. It incolmes the lellow sea and the Galf of siam, it chief ports being Nagasaki, Shanchai, looochow, Canton, Hong-Kong, Manila and Singapor,
Chinch-bug. A small black bug with white wings which is very destructive to wheat and other grains in the United States and the West Indies.
Chinchilla, animal. Picture, 3-1131
Chinchona, see Cinchona
Chincho
in Japan, 2-562

Chinese (continued)
in Korea, 2-562
maper, invention and use of, by Chinese, 3-1053-54; 10-3550
silk discovered by, 15-5307
Pocm about: Heathen Chinec, by Bret Harte, 4-1381
Chinese encyclopedias, 2-429, 432
"Chinese Gordon," see Gordon, Charles George
Chinese-Japanese War, 1894-95. Broke out over trouble between the two nations in Korea. China was defeated on land and sea, and in the Treaty of Peace signed April 16, 1895, she had to give Formosa to Japan, grant independence to Korea and pay a heavy indernnity to Japan.
Chinese language, 15-5460
geographical names, 2-421-2?
no alphabet, 10-3548

## Chinese literature

classics, 15-jach
general subjects of, 15-5460
poetry, example of, 15.5460
Chinese stories, see China-legends and stories
Chinese wall, see China-Great Wall
Chinkapin, nut. 6-2? :
Chinquapin, see Chinkapin
Chintreuil, Antoine, French painter, 7-2370
Chipmunks, 3-11 28
legend about: Why the chipmunk has black stripes, 17-6204
Picture. 3-1129
Chippendale, Thomas, English furniture-maker, 18-6768, 6770
Chisel, tornl. how to use, 1-2??
Chital, animal, 4-1446
Chitons, molluses, description, 19-6889 Picture, shell, 19-6886
Chivalry, see Knights; Arthur, King
Chlorine, part of salt, 3-925
use to purify $\mathbf{N}$. $\mathbf{Y}$. water, 14-5060
Chloroform
discovery of use as anæsthetic, 8-2729-30 effect on life, 2-662
Chlorophyl, green coloring matter in plants absent in fungi, 10-3723
in seaweer, 4-1276
necessary to make protein, 6-2188 use, 2-615-16
Chocolate, account of, 7-2536
how to remove stains of. $2-$ fils
Chocolate creams, recine, 11-3856
Chokeberries, 13-4777-78; 16-5730-32
fruit of, 12-4512
Picture, 16-5730
Choking, cause and cure, 4-1328
Chomedey, Paul de, see Maisonneuve, Sieur de
Chopin, Frédéric Francois, Polish musical com. poser, 13-4686; 19-7150

* life and work. 19-6921-22
friendship with George Sand, 19-6922 Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Chopin, René, French Canadian poet, 14-5110
Chopsticks, use in China, with picture, $2=430$
Choughs, birds, 8-2892, 2894
Picture (in color), 9-3281
Chousingha, animal. 4-1444
Christ, see Jesus Christ
Christchurch, New Zealand, 7-2572, 2576
Pictures, 7-2580
Christian art and symbolism, early forms, 2-575-82
Christian Science, founded by Mrs. Eddy, 14-5269-70
Christiania, see Oslo
Christianity
history
Constantine gave liberty to, 2-578
* Early leaders of the church, 8-2843-50
* Some famous monks. 13-4859-69
in early France, 10-3429-30
introduced into
Denmark, 15-529?
Fincland, 4-1322, 1430
Ireland, 4-14.34
Norway, 15-5292
* influence on art. 2-575-82: 12-4470 persecutions under Marcus Aurelius and Diocletian. 5-1865-66
persecutions under Nero and Domitian, 5-1862-63
See al8o Missionaries; Saints
Poem about. Paulinus and Edwin, by F. T. Palgrave, 6-2246


## GENERAL INDEX

Christina, queen of Sweden, and colony, New Sweden, 2-552
Christmas
carol-singing custom, 17-6105
carols, see Christmas-poetry
celebration of, 6-2094
charade, 7-2650-51
gifts should be addressed carefully, 8-2656
in Plymouth colony, Massachusetts, 3-974
in Puritan colonies, 6-2094
Santa Claus, and Christmas customs, stories about, 17-6102-04

* Christmas Carol, by Dickens, summary, 17-6115-21
Tale of Christmas Eve, 17-6098-99
tree for birds, how to make, 7-2381
fortry
A Christmas hymn, by Alfred Domett, 18-6466
Birth of Christ, by S. C. Hamerton, 17-6108 Christians, Awake! by John Byrom, 17-6106 Christmas Carol, by J. G. Holland, 14-4955 Christmas Morning, by Edwin Waugh, 17-6107
God Rest You Merry, Gentlemen, 17-6105
Good King Wenceslas, $\mathbf{3 - 8 4 4}$
Hymn on the Nativity of my Saviour, by Jonson, 17-6107
Little Children, Wake and Listen! 17-6108
Old Christmas, by Mary Howitt, 9-3275
Old Christmas, by Sir Walter Scott, 17-6106
Once in Royal David's City, by Mrs. Alexander, 17-6108
The First Nowell, 18-6466
Three Kings, 18-6465
Visit from St. Nicholas, by C. C. Moore, 4-1517
Christmas basket, for dolls, 6-2043
Christmas Carol, by Charles Dickens, summary, * 17-6115-21

Christmas Gymkhana, a party, 7-2517
Christmas Island. Lonely British island in the
Indian Ocean, under Straits Settlements admin-
istration. Its 2,000 people work its phosphate
deposits.
Christmas rose, flower, 19-7170 Picture and note, 14-4979
Christofori, made first piano, 5-1796
Christopher, St., story of, 6-1992 Pirture. 6.1993
Chromatic scale, in music, 18-6698-99
Chrome leather, definition, 5-1550
Chromonica, improved harmonica, 19-6963
Chronometers, clocks for ships, 12-4422, 4427
invented by Harrison, 17-6404, 6406
paper, how to make, 12.4500
Chrysanthemum
wild Chinese flower is ancestor of all chrysanthemums, 2-594
Pictures, different varieties (gravure), 19-7177-78
Chrysoberyl, precious stone
Picfure (in color), facing 19-7225
Chrysolite, 19-7230
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Chuck-will's-widow, bird, 9-3372; 14-5022
Chungking. Chinese port on the upper Yang-tse-kiang, with an immense trade in skins, timber, leather, furs and silk. The port was not opened to foreign trade until 1891.
Church, Frederic E., American painter, 9-3332-33
Pictures, Cotopaxi, 9-3335
Parthenon (gravure), 10-3458

## Church

clergy, power, and reasons for, 8-2843
history. ... (Christianity-history; Missionstr!s
orLunization, Middle Ages, 8-2843
Church and State in Middle Ages, 8-2844, 2846-47
Church architecture
American, 18-6680-82, 6689
of New York city, 17-6214, 6216

Byzantine influence. 2-580-81
*
early Christian churches, 2-578-80: 16-5715-25

Fr, $\quad$ h, Renaissance influence, 18-6496, 6498

* 「intr 17- i, i...-

Italian, 17-6162-64
Renaissance and Baroque influence, 18-6500 Romanesque style, 2-581; 16-5719-20, 5725

Church architecture (continued)
Spanish, 17-6164
Renaissance influence, 18-6502
See also Cathedrals

* Pictures, 16-5965; (gravure) 16-5721-24; 17-6165-72
American (gravure) 18-6685-86
American country church, showing Greek influence, 18-6681
English, 16-5963-65; (gravure) 16-5973-76
German (gravure) 12-4173, 4176-7s, 4150
Charchill, John, see Marlborough, 1st duke of
Churchill, Winston. American historical novel-
ist; born, St. Louis, 1871. See 13-4823
Churns, description and use, 1-373
Question about: Why does a milk churn taper at the top? 10-3477
Pictures and notes, 1-382
Cibber, Colley, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Cicadas, insects, 17-6072
Picture, 17-6063
Cicero, Marcus Tullius, Roman orator, 4-1198; 4-1368
as a writer, 16-5911
Picture, portrait, 16-5907; (in group) 4-1367
Cid, The, literary collection, 19-7127
Cigar boxes, objects made from cabinet, 15-5597
toy violin, 9-3113-14
Cilia, lining of windpipe and bronchi, functions, 4-1329
Cilicia, transferred from France to Turkey, 18-6678
Cima, Giovanni Battista (da Conegliano), see Cima da Conegliano
Cima da Conegliano, Italian painter, 3-1104
Cimabue, Giovanni, Italian painter, 2-697
work in Florence, $\mathbf{5 - 1 7 3 6}$
Pictures, portraits, 5-1734-35
Betrayal by Judas (gravure) 2-696
Cimarron River. American river, rising in
Raton Mountains, New Mexico. Flows into Ar-
kansas River. 650 miles.
Cinchon, Countess of, cinchona named for, 8-2910
Cinchona, tree, account of, 8-2909-10 Pictures, 8-2913; leaf and flower (in color) 8-2999
Cincinnati, Ohio. City flnely built on two
plateaus on the right bank of the Ohio River.
Cincinnati has a large waterfront; its many in-
dustries include men's factory clothing, malt
liquors, foundry and machine-shop products,
printing and pork-packing.
commerce and industries, 17-6046
settlement, date of, 17-6047
pirturcs
view of city, 17-6047
where Ivory soap is made, 17-6039
Cincinnatus, Roman hero, story of, 4-1193
Cinderella, story of, 19-7222-24
Cinema, see Moving pictures
Cinnamon, 8-2995
l'irtures
harvesting and preparing for market, 8-2993 plant (in color) 8-2998
Cinquefoil
marsh cinquefoil, 16-5731, 5734
Picture, marsh cinquefoil, 16-5731
Pictures (in color), 16-5882
creeping cinquefoil, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 8 7 8}$
spring cinquefoil, 14-4994
Cintra, Portugal
licture, Castle of Pena, 14-5189
Cipango, old name for Japan, 2-564
Cipher, in The Gold Bug, 5-1900-04
Circassians of Russia, 16-5850
Circe, sorceress, 6-1986: 9-3236
Picture (gravure), 9-3232
Circle
area of, 3-1113
drawings from, 5-1658
360 degrees, origin of, 11-4132
Question about. Can we square a circle? 3-1113
Circulation of blood, see Blood-circulation
Circus Maximus, Rome
l'i, liri éhariont race' 10-3.744
Cirrhitid, fish
Picture, banded cirrhitid (in color) 16-5788
Cirras clouds, description, 8-2923 Picture, 8-2926


## GENERAL INDEX

Ciscoes, fish, belong to salmon family, 15-5635 Cities in mediæval Germany, 11-3963

Question about: How do garden cities differ from other cities? 7-2612
Citizenship, duties of, 19-7185-86
Citron, 6-2058, 2060
Citrus fruits, account of, 6-2057-60
scale checked by ladybirds, 18-6730-31
Civets, animals, description, 2-502
Picture (gravire), 2-500
Civil War, American, 7-2427-44
Civilization
depends on differences in people, 19-6878 Greek influence on, 2-708-09
Clams, description, 19-6888
Clapperton, Hugh, African explorer, 2-467 Yicture, portrait, 2-465
Clara, St. (1194-1253). Abbess who was born at Assisi and entered a Benedictine nunnery against the wishes of her parents. She was much influenced by St. Francis, and founded the order of Poor Clares.
Clare, John, English poet, 12-4228
See also Poetry Index for poem and note Picture, portrait, 12-422
Clare, Richard de, 2d Earl of Pembroke, and
Clark, Captain A. H., writer on clipper ships, 11-3919
Clark, George Rogers (1752-1818). American soldier and Indian fighter who played an important part in the American Revolutionary War. His conquest of the Northwest strengthened the claims of the American commissioners in negotiating peace in 1782-83. The Virginia Legislature granted him a tract of land for his services.
Clark, William, see Lewis and Clark expedition
Classical art, see Art, Classical
Claudius I, Roman emperor, 5-1861-62 Picture, statue of, 5-1861
Claudius, Appius, made Appian Way, 8-3016
Clavichord, musical instrument, invention of, 5-1796
Pictures, 5-1795; 19-6901
Claws
Question about: Why must we cut the claws of aged birds? 12-4400
Clay, Henry, American statesman, life, 10-3490, 3492
Picture, portrait, 10-3493
Clay, Maud Hogarth, artist
Picture, Horses in the Harvest Field, 6-2011
Clay
holds water on earth's surface, 6-2249
making objects from, directions blocks, 9-3248
tea tiles, 13-4620
dishes, 7-2512; 14-5199-5200
toy food for dolls. 6-2043-44 use for pottery, 5-1663
Clayes, Gertrude des, Canadian painter, 10-3704
Clayton, Dr., experiments with coal-gas, 3-990
Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, 1850. A treaty between the United States and Great Britain in which both nations agreed to respect the neutrality of the proposed canal across the Panama isthmus. This treaty was abrogated in 1901 by the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.
Claytonia, 17-6275
Cleaning, directions for, various articles, $\mathbf{1 5} \mathbf{- 5 3 3 5}$ Question about: Why does hot water clean things better than cold? $4=1355$
Cleisthenes, Greek leader, 3-1074
Clematis, flower, description, 19-7170
Pictures, 19-7169
double-flower (gravure), 19-7174
Lord Neville's, flower of (gravure), 19-7174
Clemenceau, Georges. Premier and Minister of War, France, November 16, 1917, to January 7, 1920. Famous French statesman and journalist. Born, 1841. One of the great organizers of victory over Germany. Presided at Peace Conference at Versailles in 1919.
Clemens, Samuel Langhorne
life and writings, 13-4817-18
Pictures, portrait, 13-4817
home in Hartford. Conn., 13-4815
Cleopatra, queen of Egypt
and last of the Ptolemies, 3-821
kept Antony in Egypt. 4-1368
Cleopatza's Needle, see Obelisks
Clerac, and microphone, 17-6246

Clerk Maxwell, James, Scotch electrician
and electromagnetic theory, 4-1253
and printing pictures in color, 9-3390
and theory of light, 16-5809-10
electrical discoveries of, $\mathbf{1 7 - 6 2 3 8}, 6241$
Picture, portrait, 17-6235
Clermont, France, meeting at, before First Crusade, 7-2584
Clermont, Fulton's steamboat, 17-6400
Picture, 17-6399
Clethra, shrub, account of, 15-5608
Picture and note, 15-5604
Cleveland, Mrs. Frances Folsom, wife of Grover Cleveland, 2-396
Picture, portrait, 2-391
Cleveland, Grover, president of U. S.
administrations, 8-2670-71; 11-3943-44

* life of, 19-7193-96

Pictures
portraits, 19-7194; (gravure), 11-3946
home in Princeton, N. J., 19-7195
Cleveland, Ohio. On the south shore of Lake Erie, the chief port of entry on the Great Lakes and the second largest manufacturing centre. The city is finely situated on elevated land. Its most important manufactures are iron and steel and kindred industries. The making of women's clothing, printing and publishing, and shipbuilding are also leading industries. It has a unique plan of regulating its street railways.

I'ictures, 17-6043
Click beetles, 18-6628
Cliff-dwellers, Indian, 5-165
ancestors of Hopi Indians, 9-3028
Colorado cliff-dwellings, 7-2290
Pictures, 1-163; 18-6427
See also Pueblo Indians
Clifford, Edward, artist
Picture, portrait of Father Damien, 7-2321
climate

* The rain that raineth every day, 8-2921-24
* What climate means to us, 8-2663-68
* Why the seasons come and go, 8-2791-94
causes, 6-2171
continental, definition of, $8-2666$
extreme, definition of, 8-2666
influence on art, 6-2229
influence on industry and progress, 8-2668 maritime, definition of, 8-2666
seasons, explanation of, 8-2791-94
Question about: Why is it hotter at the Equator than in Maine? 9-3101
For full list, spe 20-7621
Clinton, De Witt (1769-1828). An American lawyer and politician. His great service was the promotion of the Erie Canal project.
and Erie Canal, 13-4882-86
Pictures, portrait, 5-1694
locomotive named for, 5-1611
Clinton, George, vice-president of U. S.
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3948
Clinton, Sir Henry (1738-95). British soldier, who held important command in America from 1775 to 1782 ; commander-in-chief from 1778.
in the South, 4-1166
refuses to reinforce Cornwallis, $4-1172$
unable to save Andre, 11-3996
Clintonia Borealis, plant, 17-6279
Clio, muse of history, 9-3228
Clipper ships, 11-3919-20
Picture, Fly'ing Cloud, 11-3917
Clisthenes, sri Cleisthenes
Clive, Robert. English general and statesman; born, Styche, Shropshire 1725; killed himself, London, 1774 ; conquered Bengal by the battle of Plassey, 1757.
in India, 6-2100; 8-2826
Clockmaker; or Sam Slick, by Haliburton,
comment on, 14-5105
* quotations and summary, 10-3527-34

Clocks
electric, diagram and explanation, 16-5803
how constructerl, 16-5800
learning to tell time, 6-2267
See also Chronometers
Question about: Why has an old clock four minute spares instead of fiven 6-22..7
Clodion, Claude Michel, French sculptor, 13-4703 Cloisonne. Process of enameling in which the different colors of the pattern are set in compartments of metal, the whole forming a smooth surface.
Clontarf, Battle of, 8-2932

Close season. Period of the year when the killing of particular kinds of birds and fishes is forbidden, the object being to protect them from extinction.

## Cloth

woolen and worsted, 15-55:7
See also Clothing; Cotton-manufacture; Silk; Whosl: Wiarl mantifartme
Question about: rian a spider's web be marle
Mto ल(ith" 16-.-. 4 ?
Clothespin race, game, 3-903
Clothespin toy, how to make, 3-898
Clothespins, dolls made from, 3-1030

## Clothing

* Plants that clothe us. 8-2783-90
harmful if tight, 4-1325
how to clean, 15-5335
obtained from plants, 5-1626
woolen, and heat of body, 15-5577
Sec al:n s.ewine-mending
For list of main articles, see 20-7626
Gurations alorllt
Why do we wear light things in summer and dark in winter? 14-5086
Why is tight clothing bad for us? 8-3013
Clotho, one of the three Fates, 9-3228
Cloudberry, account of, 11-4019
Picture, fruit (in color), 11-4021.
Cloudburst, explanation of, 18-6692
Clouds
* formation, kinds, and description, 8-2922-28
names of classes, 14-5087
value in tempering heat of sun, 8-2924
weight of, 2-629
Poems about
My Menagerie, by Mrs. Elder, 4-1516
The Cloud, by P. B. Shelley, 18-6647 Questions about
Are new clouds always being made? 11-4134 Are the clouds part of the earth, and do they go round with it? 1-313
Can gravitation pull a cloud down? 16-5746 Does a cloud weigh anything? 10-3580 How do clouds stop sunlight? 4-1453 How does a soft cloud make a noise when it thunders? 3-978
How is it that clouds have regular shapes? 14-5087
What is it like above the clouds? 14-5220
Where are the clouds wher the sky is quite clear? 13-4595
Which side of the cloud is the thunder on? 12-4280
Pictures, showing varieties, 8-2925-28
Clouet, François, Flemish painter, influenced by Frumb art, 4-1227
Picture. Princess Elizabeth of Austria, 4-1224
Clouet, Jean, Flemish latintir, in, illachctal 1, French art, 4-1227
Clough, Arthar Fugh, English poet, 12-4231
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Ciove
Picture, tree, leaf and flower (in color), 8-2998
Clove-pink, name for carnation, 19-7170
Clover
as forage plant, 7-2410-12
bees needed for fertilization, 18-6721-22
description, 17-6128
meadow clover, note on, 17-6122
rabbit-foot clover. 14-4974-76
stone-clover, 14.4974-76
Question about: Why do farmers grow clover one year and wheat the next? $4.11 \ldots$


## Pictures

growing in Manitoba, 7-2411
mfarlow clover, 17-6122
rabbit-foot, or stone-clover, 14.4975 red clover (in color), 15--1.11 (in color white or Dutch clover, 13-4870; (in color) 14.4!4? yellow hop clover (in color), 15-5612
Cloves, account of, 8- 9 -
lovis I, king of the Franks, 10-3430
Pirture, baptism of, 10-3431
Clovis II, kin二 of F阝anc..
note on, and picture as boy king, 10-3431
Clù-mosses, $10-\ldots, 14$
in Carboniferous period, 3-884; 4-1296


Cluniac Order of monks, 16-i,
Cluny, France, abbey church, 16-5720

Clyde. One of the most important rivers in the world, in western Scotland. It rises in the Lowther Hills and flows through Lanarkshire into the Firth of Clyde at Dumbarton, its basin being the chief industrial centre in Scotland and famous particularly for its shipbuilding trade. 106 miles long, it passes Lanark, Hamilton, Glasgow, Clydebank, Dumbarton, Port Glasgow, Grenock and Gourock. The Medwin. Mouse, South Calder, Kelvin, Duneaton, Doug.
las, Avon and White Cart are tributaries.
Clytæmnestra and sacrifice of Iphigenia,
11-3808-10
Cnossus, see Knossus
Coach-whip, snake, 15-5414
Coal
\% account of, 3-785-802
age in earth's crust, 3-i86
amount mined in U.S., Great Jritain and Germany, 10-3399
and iron smelting, 6-1936
anthracite, $3-788 ; 8-3012$
use in making water-gas, 2-638
where mined in U. S., 11-3773
benzol a by-product, 13-4542
bituminous, 3-788
use in making coal-gas, 2-635
by-products from making coal-gas, and uses, 2-636
See al8o Coal-tar
countries producing, $3-788,790$
Antarctica. 14-5089
Belgium, 15-5498
France, mines in, 11~3818
Germany, 12-4166, 4168
Russia. $16-58.54$
Spitzbergen, discovery there, 13-4712
United States, 3-790; 9-3210
Central states, 17-6040
Southern states, 13-4526
depth below surface, 3-786
gases contained in. 14-5221
history of use, 3-785
made from plants, 1-157; 3-785-86; 4-1296; 7-2415-16
quantity of plants to make a seam, 4-1295
mining, 3-792, 794
machines used, 3-796-97
relation to industries, $3-788$
relation to inventions, 3-790, 792
relation to World War, 3-788, 790
supply available, 3.792
supply greater than petroleum, 13-4539
See also Coal-countries producing
use for electric power, 3-794
varieties, 3-786-88
Qutstions: aluout
How did men find that there is coal in the earth? 8-2718
How did the great coal forests come to be ouried? 10-3581
What is the difference between anthracite and other coal? 8-3012
Why does coal burn, and not a stone? 17-6285 Pictures, 3-785-802
breakers, $3-799$
diagram showing fossils in rocks, 4-1297

* making of coal-gas, 2-637, 639-45
mine in Pennsylvania, 11-3775
mines, diagrams, 3-786, 789
mines, scenes in, 3-791, 793, 795-98
storage, 3-801
truck for moving, 3-802


## Coal-gas

* how made, 2-635-36

Pictures, illustrating manufacture $2-635,637-45$
Coal-oil, see Kerosene
Coal Sack, hole in Milky Way, Il-.."- ${ }^{\circ}$
Coal-tar, chemical products from, 13-4531-3?
Coalition. In politics the temporary combining or different parties or states to achieve a sifelial object.
Coamingg, part of a ship, 14-5003
Coast patrol, Boy Scout aid in, 12-4457
Coati, animal, 3-872
Coin a! 3-:-
Cob, 6...-
Cobalt (Co). A metallic element which does not occur in a pure state, but is found in cobaltite and smaltite. Oxid of cobalt is used to give the blue color to china and pottery. Canada pro!.... 90 per cent of the world's cobalt.

## GENERAL INDEX

Cobden，Bichard．English statesman，a great advocate of free trade and peace；born near Midhurst，1804；died，London， 1865
Cobego，animal，description，1－315
Coblenz，Germany，note on，12－t171
Pictures，12－4171；（gravure），12－4180
bridge across Rhine，1－40
Cobra－de－capello，15－5414
Cobras，snakes，15－5414
l＇i．tures，15－5＋0！
Coca，shrub，produces cocaine，8－2913
Cocaine，drug，account of，8－2913
Coccosteus，prehistoric fish，4－1176 Picture：4－11－
Cochin China．French Indo－Chinese colony，cov－ ering about 26，476 square miles，largely in the Mekong delta．The soil is very fertile，produc－ ing rice，rubber，cotton，coconuts and tobacco． Saigon，the capital，is a thriving port．
Cochineal insect，17－6078
Cochrane，Grizel，heroism of，10－3465
Cochrane，Sir John，rescue of，10－3465
Cock of the rock，bird，9－3286
Picture（in color），Columbian，10－3621
Cock of the woods，name for pileated wood－ pecker，13－4764
Cockatoos，birds，10－3614
Pictures，8－2756；10－3615
Leadbeater＇s cockatoo（in color），12－4369
Cocklebur，14－5160， 5162
Picture，14－5160
Cockles，molluses，description，19－6888 Pictures，19－6882，6886；shells（in color） 19－6894
Cockroaches，17－6070
Picture（in color），facing 18－6720
Cockshutt，Henry
Picture，portrait，by Grier，10－3703
Cocoa，7－2536
Question about：Is cocoa good for us？15－5366 Pictures，cacao tree and pods，7－2535
Coconut balls，recipe for，11－3856
Coconut candy，recipe for， $10-3771$
Coconut fibre，8－2788
Coconut fudge，recipe for，2－752
Coconuts，account of，6－2280
husk makes coir rope，11－3791
Question about：How does the milk get into the coconut？16－5846
Pictures，6－2275， 2279 coconut－palm，5－1625
gathering in Philippines，6－2277
Cocoons of silkworms，description of，15－5309 Pictures，silkworms，15－5313，5315－16
Cocytus，an infernal river，9－3238
Cod，see Codfish
Cod－liver oil
prepared on trawlers，note and pictures， 11－4057
Code Napoléon．The first code of French civil law；compiled by Napoleon＇s direction；promul－ gated 30th Ventose in the year XII（March $31,1804)$ ．
Codfish
eggs，number of，15－5542
trawling for，11－4052

Codfish Family，a（c．ontut of．16－5नテ：！－ら！
Cody，William $\mathbf{F}$ ．（1845－1917）．Famous Ameri－ can scout，known as＂Buffalo Bill．＇
Colenterata，group of aquatic animals，19－7060
Coffee
＊cultivation and preparation，6－2177－84
account of，7－2536
brought to Arabia from Abyssinia，18－6740
history of use，6－2177
Question about：Why do tea and coffee keep us awake？4－1451
Pictures
showing cultivation and preparation， 6－2177－84
leaf．flower and fruit（in color），8－3000
loading at Santos，19－7048
plant with flowers and fruits，7－2534－35
Coffer fishes，16－5900
Picture，16－5895
Cogan，Felix，artist
Picture，Erasmus and scholars at Basle，14－5249
Cohesion，force，explanation，10－3477
in various liquids， $10-3730$
Cohosh，Black，plant，16－5728
Coimbra，Portugal．Picture，14－5182
Coimbra，University of，fommed 1290，14－5184

Coins of various countries，16－5681
tricks with，see Tricks－coin
use in making drawing of cat，11－3855
Questions about
How did the words＂In God We Trust＂come on a coin？4－1453
What are the grooves round a coin for？ 11－4134
Pictures，ancient coins，16－5680
Coir，coconut fibre，8－2788
Coir rope，from coconut，11－3791
manufacture，with pictures，11－3794
Coke，3－688
discovery of use in smelting iron，6－1936
how made from cual，6－1938
solid remainder in gas－making，2－636
use in máking witter－gas，2－tiss
Colbert，Jean Baptiste，and French art，5－1876
Cold，opposite of heat
＊Hot things and cold things，15－5423－27
absolute zero，15－5424－25
other zero points，15－5573
sense of
exposure not felt if customary，8－2720
located in skin，4－1419－20
Ouestions about
Is our blood cold when we feel cold？7－2485
What makes our teeth chatter when we are cold or frightened？10－3475
Why does a piece of ice make a drink colder？ 13－4827
Cold（ailment）
causes deafness，9－3308
dulls sense of smell，11－3956
Questions about
How do people catch colds from one another？ 10－3580－81
Where does a cold come from and where does it go？7－2610
Why do we get hoarse when we have a cold？ 4－1354
Cold－frame，violets in，5－1767
Cold Harbor，Battle of，7－2440
Cold storage，warehouses， $2=5.31$
Question about：Who started the idea of cold storage？5－1607
picture，view in warehouse，2－5．33
Cole，Thomas，American painter，life，9－3332
l＇ictures
Destruction， $9-3331$
Mountain Ford（gravure），10－3458
Coleone，Bartolommeo，sce Colleoni，Bartolommeo
Coleoptera，name for beetles，18－6624
Coleridge，Hartley，English poet，12－4229
Picture，portrait，12－4227
Coleridge，Samuel Taylox，English poet
life，poetry，and association with Words－ worth，7－2353－58
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
＇icture，portrait，7－2353
Colet，John，English scholar，life and influence， 14－5250－51
Pictures，portrait，14－5247
Pictures，portrait，
statue of， $14-525$ ？
Colfax，Schuyler，vice－president of U．S．
l＇icture，portrait（gravure），11－3948
Colies，birds，9－3371
Coligny，Gaspard de．Admiral of France and Huguenot leader；born，Châtillon－sur－Loing， 1519；murdered in Paris on St．Bartholomew＇s Day， 1572.
Colima，volcano，Mexico．Picture，7－2318
Colin Clout＇s Come Home Again，by Spenser， 3－1120
Coliseum，Rome，see Colosseum
Collar－bone，broken，first aid for，13－4847
Collecting
boy＇s home museum，11－4018
feathers，14－5005
rocks，13－4623
seaweeds．15－5593－94
shells，14－，20n1
stamps，14－5111－12；16－5887－88
wood，16－！らい？
College of the City of New York，note and pic－ ture，12－4312
Colleges and Universities
difference between，12－4307－0．S
songs and college spirit，18－6514－15
state，list of，12－4310
＊T＇niterl Stat．心．12－4？（1T－10
Colleoni，Bartolommeo，statue of，in Venice， 4－1459；13－4645

Colleoni, Bartolommeo (continued)
Pictures, monument and statue (gravure), 4-1468; 13-4614
Collies, dogs. Pictures (gravure), 2-715
Collins, Michael, Irish leader, 8-2940
Collins, William, English poet, 6-2028-29
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Picture, portrait, 6-2029
Collodion varnish, 5-1551
Cologne, Germany, account of, 12-4172
cathedral, 17-6161
painters, 4-1344
Pictures, 12-4171
bridge of boats across the Rhine (gravure), 12-4172
cathedral (gravure), 17-6170
Colombe, Michel, French sculptor, 13-4700
Colombia, account of, 19-6976
Panama revolted from, 1-362
union with other countries, 19-6975
Colombo, capital of Ceylon, 9-3184 Picture, Hindu temple, 9-3185
Colon, not in Canal Zone, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 9 4}$
Colonel. An army officer in command of a regiment. Sometimes the title of colonel is conferred as an honor although the recipient is not in military service.
Colonial history, see Canada-history; United States-history-colonial period
Colonies, American, see Canada-history; United States-history-colonial period
Colonies, English, sef England-colonies; also Canada; United States-history-colonial period
Colonies, Roman, purpose, 4-1194
Colonna, Vittoria. Michelangelo's friend and helper; born, Marino, near Rome, 1490; died, Rome, 1547.
Color, see Colors
Colorado. State in the Rocky Mountain system; area, 103,948 square miles; capital and largest city, Denver; agricultural products and stockraising are important; silver, gold, lead, coal and petroleum are extensively produced. Abbreviation, Colo. Nickname, the "Centennial State." State flower, the columbine. Motto, "Nil sine Numine" (Nothing without God). "Colorado" comes from the Spanish word meaning "red." First settlement, thought to have been made at Denver, about 1859.
described in Western States, 18-6425-36; 19-6841-50
gold rush, 1850, 18-6430
made a state, 11-3943
mineral wealth, 9-3208, 3210
Pictures
almond orchard, 7-2554
Chasm Lake, 7-2287
civic centre, Denver, 19-6845
flag (in color), 19-7191
Mesa Verde Park, 7-2286; 18-6427
mountains of oil shale, 13-4539, 4550
mountain scenes, 18-6431, 6436
Skyline Drive, 9-3031
Colorado beetle, damage to potatoes, 18-6732 Colorado Platean, 19-6842
Colorado River. Longest in the United States after the Mississippi and Missouri. Rising in the Rocky Mountains, it flows 2,000 miles into the Gulf of California, draining about 225,000 square miles. Much of its basin consists of an arid plateau, but in places irrigation is being carried out.

See also Grand Canyon

## Colors

* Where color comes from, 17-6079-82
animals can see colors we cannot, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 7 9}$
complementary colors, 2-687
differ in wave-length, 11-3922
eye's perception of, 11-3804
fading, reason for, 4-1354
in fral 16-…1;
in painting, see Painting-color
in plants, $\mathbf{3 - 8 7 6}$
* light and what makes it, 16-5807-12 primary, for eye, and in painting, 11-3804 prism separates colors, 16-5810
produced by reflection of light, 17-6082
Qufstions aboul
Have things any color at night? 8-2874 How do fireworks get their colors? 13-4825 How does color get into a bud before it is

Colors-Questions about (continued)
How does the seed make the color of a plant? 14-5087
How many colors has the rainbow? 7-2486
Is there a color our eyes cannot see? 10-3579
Is there any color in the sea? 11-3841
What causes the change in color of the sea? 6-2124
Why cannot we wash the color out of soap? 16-5846
Why do some colors change in artificial light? 7-2360
Why does a thing go yellow with age? 14-5085
Why, if we look at red, do we afterward see green? 2-687
Colosseum, Rome, 4-1200
building of, 5-1863
last fight at, 9~3064
Pictures, 8-3010; 9-3065; (gravure), 4-1207
Colossus of Rhodes, account of, 7-2604: 12-4467
Picture, reconstruction (gravure), 7-2607
Colt, Samuel, inventor of rapid-firing pistol, 19-7210
Coltsfoot, flower, description, 17-6274
Columba, St., Irish missionary, 8-2842, 2844, 2930
Picture, first sight of Scotland, 8-2842
Columbia. Capital of the state of South Carolina, on the east bank of the Congaree River, below the junction of the Broad and Saluda rivers. Its manufactures are chiefly in cotton and fertilizers. Here is the University of South Carolina

Picture, ruins of Millwood, 14-4899
Columbia, fishing schooner, note and picture, 11-4058
Columbia River. Rises in British Columbia; crosses international boundary between Canada and the United States, and after flowing across Washington forms part of the boundary between Washington and Oregon, and empties into the Pacific Ocean
named by Robert Gray, 5-1703
Columbia River Highway, Oregon. Picture, 19-6847
Columbia River Platean, 19-6842
Columbia University, N. Y. City
King's College, note and picture, 10-3496
Picture, with note, 12-4309
Columbian Exposition, Chicago, see ChicagoWorld's Columbian Exposition
Columbine, flower, description, 15-5602, 5604 ; 19-7170
varieties and description of, 18-6665
wild columbine, description, 17-6279
Pictures (in color), 14-4984; (gravure) 19-7175
Columbus, Christopher

* discovery of America, 1-86-89
and Henry VII of England, 8-2978
San Salvador, first American land discovered, 19-7097
ships of, 11-3916
Poem about. Columbus, by Joaquin Miller, 2-485
Pictures
portrait, 1.86
landing in America, 1-82, 240
telling the King of Spain his discovery, $\mathbf{1 - 8 7}$
Columbus. Capital of Ohio and a railway and commercial centre. Iron founding and the manufacture of margarine and rolling stock are the principal industries.
Columbus, packet-ship, race of, 11-3919
Columbus Day, 6-2087-88


## Columns

in Egyptian architecture, 14-5 211
in Greek architecture, 15-5343-44
Picture
Doric, Ionic, Corinthian. $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 4 3}$
Combassou, birds, belong to Weaver family, 8-2970
Comber, fish. Picture (in color), 16-5783
Combination lock, explanation of, 6-2022
Pictures, 6-2024-25
Comedy, definition of, 8-2685
Comenius, Johann Amos, educator, $17-6342$
life and influence. 14-5252
Picture, portrait, 14-5247
Comet, Bell's steamboat, 17-6400
Picture, 17-6399
Comets

* account of, 10-3666-71

Comets (continued)
diagram of path, 10-3665
possible origin and composition. 10-3668, 3670
What tail is made of, 10-3665-00
Pictures, 20-3667-69
Comfrey, plant, description, 16-5880
Picture, common comfrey (in color), 16-5883
Comines, Philippe de, French writer, 18-6563
Commerce

* Trade between nations, 15-5589-91
development through trade, 10-3673-74
in South Sea Islands, 9-3304
increases value of labor through greater power to exchange, 18-6487
influence on exploration, 8-2982
international, beneficial to both parties, 18-6487
Commerce and Labor, Department of, see United States-Commerce and Labor, Department of
Committee of Public Safety. An all-powerful committee set up on April 6, 1793, by the Convention in the French Revolution.
Committee of the Whole. In a legislative body when all the members sit in a deliberative rather than a legislative character (that is, they debate and consult upon a question before them) they are said to form a Committee of the Whole. Committees of Correspondence. Committees of American colonists that came into existence before the American Revolution. These committees prepared and circulated among the colonists statements of grievances against the British Government. Then they discussed and planned measures of redress.
Commodity, term in economics, 14-5243
Commodus, Iucius 压lus Aurelius, Roman emperor, 5 -1865
Common carrier. One who for hire, and inviting the patronage of the public, undertakes to convey persons or things from one place to another. Railways, steamship lines, express companies are examples of common carriers.
Commons, House of, Canada, see Canadagovernment
Commons, House of, England, see House of Commons
Commonwealth, in England, 6-1978
Commune, in France, 10-3573, 3576
Como, Iake of. Beautiful lake in northern Italy, fed by the Adda. Lying due north of Milan, it is 55 square miles in extent, being about 43 miles long, and from one to two and a half miles broad.

Picture, 12-4409
Companion-hood of a ship, 14-5003
Compauion-ladder of a ship, 14-5003
Companion-way of a ship, 14-5003
Company of One Eundred Associates (also called Company of New France), 2-680, 682
Compass
description, 12-4421
gyro-compass, 12-4422
how to use a watch as, 16-5768
mariner's, 16-5797
how to read, 16-5984
use on shipboard, 12-4421-22
wireless, inventors of, 17-6248
Picture, gyro-compass, 12-4429
Compass, Points of, finding from stars, 11-3787-90
Compass in drawing, how to use knife, 16-5886
Composite Family, in botany, 13-4874
Compounds, Chemical, sff Chemistry-compounds
Comte, Auguste, French philosopher, 18-6716-17 Question about. What new way of thinking was started by Auguste Comte? 7-2609
Comus, poem by Milton, account of, 4-1236
Comyn. Scottish noble, 12-4210
Conan, Iaure, pen name of Félicite Angers 15-5367
Concepcion. Chief port of southern Chile.
Concert of Europe. Since the Congress of
Vienna (1814-15) the name given to an agreement between the great powers to take combined action on questions of common interest.
Concord. Mass.
Pictures
Alcott home, 14-5007
Emerson home. 13-4631
"Old Manse." Hawthorne's home, 13-4631
statue of minute man, f-1174

Concord. Capital of the state of New Hampshire, on the Merrimac River. Nearby are the extensive granite quarries, Carriages, silverware, harness, furniture, flour, cotton and woolen goods, pianos, etc. are manufactured.
The Boston and Maine Railroad carshops are here.
Concord, Battle of, 4-1163-64
Poem about. Concord Hymn, by R. W. EmerSon, 11-4032
Pictures, $4-1163$; 18-6834

## Concreto

* How man makes stone, 7-2305-07
directions for use
dog-house, 17-6259-60
drinking-basin, 14-5117
steps, 12-4499
walk, 11-3854-55
invented by Romans, 15-5347-48
reinforced, 7-2307
Question about: Why is concrete used for building purposes? 17-6285
Pistures, showing manufacture and use, 7-2306-12; 17-628-87
Condé, Prince de, saved by Duchess of Ferrara, 19-6881
Condiments, see Spices
Condors, birds, 10-3760
Pictures, 10-3755; (gravure), 10-3763-64
Condottieri. Bands of adventurers in Italy in the 14 th century and onward who hired themselves to anyore who would pay them.
Conduct of life
Poems about
See list, 20-7676
Conduction, heat transmission, explanation,
Conductors, Orchestra
Question about: What does the orchestra con.
Cone-ductor do with his stick? 7-2487
Pictires, molluscs, description, 19-6892
Pictures
Coney Biblera8; (in color), 19-6894
Coney, Biblical name for hyrax, 6-2139
Coney Island
Picture, beach, 17-6217
Confederate States of America
flags, pictures in color, 19-7191
money of, 7-2438
organization, 7-2430
return of states to Union, 8-2669
ships that attacked Union commerce, 7-2438
Song, Dixie, 17-6250
Confucius, Chinese philosopher
* life and teachings, 9-3090, 3092
influence in China, 2-424
Wrote Book of History, 15-5460
Picture of statue, 9-3085
Conger eel, see Eels-conger eels
Conglomerate, rock, description, 17-6386
Congo Free State, Belgian, 18-6812, 681
Congo River, account of, 18-6806, 6812,6814
Stanley traced its course, 2-470
Congress, Library of see Library of Congress
ongress Colors, first official American flag, 19-7182
Congress of U. S., see United States-Congress Congressional Record. Official printed reports of the proceedings of both houses (Representatives and Senate) in the Enited States ConentaIt is not always an exact account, because members are allowed to revise their speeches before they are printed, and sometimes permission is given to members to have printed in the Record speeches which were never delivered in the Congress. The Record under different names has been published since 1799
Coniston, Lake. One of the largest lakes of the English Lake District, in Furness, Lancashire. It is 5 miles long and half a mile broad. Conjuring, see Tricks
Connard, Philip, English artist, 8-2860
Connaught, Duke of, governor-general of Canada, and Sir Richard Owen, $2-593$
Connaught. Western province of Ireland, comprising Galway, Leitrim, Roscommon, Sligo and Mayo. Mountainous and boggy, with several large lakes, it has only two towns, Galway and Sligo, with more than 10,000 people. Area, 6,863 square miles.
Connaught Tunnel. A double-track tunnel, about 5 miles long, through Selkirk Mountains, Canada, on Canadian Pacific Railway.


## GENERAL INDEX

Connecticut．One of the original thirteen states of the［hited sitates：atora，t．96．）sullate miles； （apital，Hartiord．Manlulathares of mans sort are important，at Bridgeport and New Haven， the largest city，especially．Building stones are found．Abbreviation，Conn．Nickname，the ＂Nutmeg state．＂State Hower，the mountain laurel．Motto，＂Qui Transtulit，Sustinet＂（He Who Transplanted Still Sustains）．＂Connecti－ cut＂comes from the Indian word meaning ＂River of Pines．＂First settlement，thought to have been at Windsor，about 1633 ．
described in Northeastern States，10－3401－08 11－3773－82： $12-4145-54$
founded．2－554－5．

ratified Constitution，20－755！
sicmers of fonstitution from（＂mmenticut， 20－7：7
signers of Declaration of Independence， 20－7556
p＇ictures

> Calitul at llaytford, 18-bitia?

hills，20－：．，：！
shaw Mansion．New London，12－4154
Yale U＇niversity，12－4309；（gravure），18－6687
Connecticut River．American river，rising in Connecticut Lake，New Hampshire；empties into Jomer lslatnt sommal． 1111 moltes


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\text { II i! } 1911
$$

Conquerors of disease，$*$ 15－5481－93
Conquerors of the sea，＊17－6397－6408
Conrad，Joseph．Fhalish movelict of Polish ritentater：lorn in the Ikrathe，18．7：died 1924.
mastery of English，11－3899
Conservation of energy，law of，13－4667－68 15－5570

## Consonants

classification，10－3561
explosive，13－4593－94

Constable，John，English painter
life and work，6－2230－32；7－2328， 2330
lictures，portrait．7－2327
Cornfield，6－2．！
Hay Wain，6－．：
Constance．Ancient German cathedral city on the Lake of Constance，trading in linen．Here Jolnit Huss wats limmed． 141
Constance，Lake of．Second largest lake of the Alpine region，lying between Switzerland，Ger－
 it is drained by the Rhine
Constant Warwick，first frigate，11－：．＇61
Constantine XIII，Byzantine emperor，at fall of Constantine I，king of Greece，14－4918
Constantine the Great， and his mother．St．Helena，5－169i $\because$－

reign，and adoption of Christianity，5－1858 1866


Constantinople
capture by Turks，1453，13－： 16
 13－1：い い
improvements under Constantine and wices－ sors，16－5716
m：ul．．lital by Constantine，2－5jf
St．Sophia，ree St．Sophia，Constantinople sieges and captures，13－4801


Constantius I，Chlorus，and St．Helena，5－1691
Constantza，I：umania，14－7！2．2
Constellation，Amerisan ship，17－1：：－
Constellations，dia＜tims of，various hours， 11

Constitution（Old Ironsides），ship
 $1 \cdot, \ldots$
$4-1380$

firlum wilh 110tに，11－：3！5！

Constitution of U．S．，sec U．S．－Constitut1on
Consular service．That branch of the govern－ ment of a sovereign state which comprise： agents and assistants commissioned to reside in foreign towns or cities to protect the inter－ ests of its own citizens as well as his govern ment＇s commercial interests．As a rule a men－ ber of the consular service has no diplomatic powers．
Consulate，in France，6－2：03
Consumption（economics），17－6359－62
Contempt of court．The law term enirn（o）（H）en disreapect or disobedience to the rules or order：－ of a conrt：also to an unreasonable interraption of the proceedings of a court．

## Contentment

Pofms＂lomit Me Kingdom Is，by Sir Edward Dyer，9－3334
（）Silfeet fontent．He Thomas lockier，9－：！：3：
Question＂homt：Why ate we neser satisfied 2－686
Continental Congress，1774，4－1162
Continental Congress，Second，17
Continental Shelf，the sea－covered plain that horders the shome of a continent or anl island it is like a platform from which the dry latid riars in relief．The width of the shelf varies comsindeably．The abrujnt drop of the edme to the depth of ocean is called the continental slope．

## Continents

Qucstion about：What is the lost continent？ 8－ごラ－1
Contraband．Anything which the law：of country forbid to be either imported or exported Contract．An agreement or bargain between two or more people or groups of people in which each signer binds himself to carry out certain provisions mentioned in the agreement．
Conundrums，wr Fididle
Conure，bird
Picture（in color），10－3624
Convection，heat transmission，explanation， 15－．1 126
Convectional rain， $8-24,3$
Conventions in art，necessity of，8－2710

## Convolvulus

European sea convolvulus，14－5158， 5163
field，see Bindweed
Picture（in color），14－4982
Picture and note，1－331
Cook，Eliza，see Poetry Index for poems ancl
Cook，Erederick Albert，explorer，14－50． 1
Cook，Capt．James．English navigator：born Marton，Yorkshire，1728；killed in Hawaii，177！ at Bering Strait，8－2984
discovered Great Barrier Reef．7－2578
discoveries in South Seas．3－861：7－2571－72

first crossed Antarctic Circle，14－50s？
howned chart sit．La wremere River，7－2：ill


Cook，Mount，New Zealand，7－2574， 2576
Cook Islands，government and population， $7-2576,2578 ; 9-3188$
Cook Strait，New Zealand，7－2574
Cooke，Sir William Fothergill，and invention of teleqraph，17－6237
Cookie－cutter，from tin can，2－748
Cooking
how to measure for，1－234
jelly，how to make，1－130
cake．9－？．．：$f_{1}$ ：11－1015
candy，see Candy－recipes
how tor make butter and coltage＂hots． 3－896 11 －1！りS
notatoes，3－904
potatoes，3－904 for tea－party，9－3376
For list of main articles，sfe 20－7637－38 ？．．．stiman nhwal
Why do we cook the food we eat？4－1 1．in Why does boiling make an egg hard？13－1827 Coolidge，Calvin，president of TT． artministration．8－2674；11－：1954
Pirflues

[^1]radio line－cut，17－6366

## GENERAL INDEX

Coolidge, William David, discoveries in X-rays, 16-5943-44
Coolidge tube, in X-ray machine, 16-5943-44
ノicture, 16-5937
Coon, see 1Raccoon
Cooper, Anthony Ashley, see Shaftesbury, 1st earl of
Cooper, George, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Cooper, James Fenimore, American author

* life and writings, 13-4626, 462.
* Last of the Mohicans, quotations and summary, 1-267-78
Picture, portrait, 13-4628
home, Otsego Hall, 13-4625
Cooper, Peter (1791-1883). An American inventor, manufacturer and philanthropist, born in New York City. He founded Cooper Union between 1857 and 1859. Greenback candidate for president, 1876.
built first engine in America, 5-1615
founded Cooper Union, 17-6218
Cooper Union, New York city, 17-6218
Cooper Hewitt lights, description, 18-6597-98
Co-operation, extent and value, economic 18-6485-87
Co-operative stores in Labrador, 7-2500
Cooperstown, N. Y
Picture, Otsego Hall, 13-4625
Coosa River. American river, rising at the junc-
tion of the Oostenaula and Etowah rivers,
Georgia. Empties into Alabama River. 350 miles.
Coots, birds, 11-4130
Picture. 11-4129
Picture (in color), 8-2897
Coots, name for one kind of marsh-hens, 14-5020
Cope, John, attack on Jacobites, 15-5641
Copenhagen, capital of Denmark, 15-5296 Pictures, 15-5295
Copenhagen, Battle of, 6-2203
Copernican system of astronomy, and Galileo, 1-280, 282
Copernicus, Nicholas, astronomer, life and teach ing, 1-202, 205
Picture, portrait, 1-201
with his book, 1-205
Cophetua, King
Porms about
Beggar Maid, by Lord Tennyson, 2-736
King Cophetua and the Beggar Maid, 2-487
Picture, King Cophetua and the Beggar Maid, 2-734
Copley, John Singleton, American painter, 9-3326
Pictures
Portrait of Mrs. Sylvanus Bourne, 3-969 Portrait of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Izard, 9-3324 Portrait of Lady Wentworth, 9-3321
Copper $(\mathrm{Cu})$. One of the important commercial minerals. It is red in color, soft, and in its natural state occurs in irregular masses. Ofter it is united with sulphur, iron, etc., and these combinations have a characteristic bluish, greenish or goldish color. Cuprite, malachite, azurite, chalcocite, chalcopyrite and bornite are the best-known copper ores. The United States is the world's greatest copper-producer. Canada and South America have also great deposits.
boiling and melting points of, 8-3014
feathers of birds, turacos, contain copper, 10-3.in:
in Canada, on Arctic coast. 7-2562
in Peru, with picture, 19-6983
in Cnited States
Alaska. 16-5790
Anaernida. Mrentana, 9-2.215 Miッhican, 17-fif? probluction in I . S., 9-32ne uses of $9-$-? 2 Os
Pirtures, works at Anaconda, Montana, 9-3215
©opperhead. snake, 15-5416
Pieture. 15-5414
Soppermine River. A river of northern Canada, flowing into Coronation Gulf. Discovered by Samuel Hearne in 17\%1. Visited hy Sir John Franklin in 1821. 525 miles
Copra, definition of, 9-329f
Coracles, primitive boats, 11-3914
Coral, marine poly
* aecount of, 19-7068-69
in Jurassic period, 5-1545

Coral (continued)
islands made of, 9-3296; 19-7068-69
Pictures, 19-7067
in Silurian period, 3-1033
Coral root, flower
Picture (in color), 13-4879
Coral snakes, 15-5414
Corbet, Richard, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Corcoran, W. W., brought back Payne's body. 18-6511
Corday, Charlotte, killed Marat, 6-2134; 10-3.5it Pictures, portrait, 6-2127
on her way to death, 6-2129
Cordeliere, ship, 11-3916
Cordilleran Highland, 1-154
Cordilleras, definition, 1-114
of Canada, 1-114
Cordova. Ancient and picturesque Spanish city in Andalusia, being inclosed by massive turreted walls. Famous in Moorish times, it has a cathedral built as a mosque in the 8 th century. the most magnificent of its kind in Europe. mosque, 15-5468
l'ictures (gravure)
columns and arches of mosque, 15-5474, 5477
Coreopsis. Picture (gravure), 19-7178
Corfu, Greek city, 14-4918 Pictures, 14-4920-21, 4927
Coriander seeds, 8-2996
Corinth Canal, note and pictures, 13-4788
on map, 14-4919
Corinthian Order, in archstecture, 15-5342-43, 5345
Coriolanus, Roman, 2-585-86; 4-1193
Cork. Second city and port of the Irish Fres State, and capital of County Cork. Standing 11 miles above the entrance of the Lee to Cork Harbor, it has a great export of agricultural and dairy produce, and is the commercial and manufacturing centre of Munster. There are Anglican and Catholic cathedrals.
Cork. Southernmost county of Ireland, in Munster. Agriculture and some mining are carried on; dairying is important; and Cork, the capital, Queenstown, Youghal and Kinsale are prominent as ports. Area, 2,890 square miles.
Cork, how obtained, 12-4379
toys made from, 2-514-15

Corkwing, fish. Picture (in color), 16-5781
Cormon, Ferdinand, artist
Picture, Victors after Salamis, 3-1077
Cormorants, birds, 11-3882
Pictures. 11-3883; (in color), 8-2898; 9-313n
Corn, maize, account of, $5-1856$
as feed for animals, 7-2412; 15-5282
as food, 7-2424
bread, made from, 1-372
breeding new varieties, 4-1474
English use word for wheat, 7-2414
most valuable crop in U. S., 8.2678
production in north central states, $15-5280$. 5282
Pictures, 5-1850; (in color), 8-2998
Picture, with note, 7-241d
Corn (on foot)
()"wtion nlwut. What is a corn? 1-148

Corn-borer, European, 18-6734
Corm-cockle, weed, 15-5394-95
Pictures, 15-5395; (in color) 15-5398
Corn Laws, Finclanti, influtnce of sones in abolishing, 3 -1135
Corn-root aphid, notes and pictures, 17-6065
Corn salad, flower
Pictures (in color), 15-5397-98
Gorncrake, bird, 11-4130
Cornea, part of eye, 10-3684
Corneille, Pierre. French poet and writer of plays; first great dramatist of France; born, Rouen, 1606 ; died, 1684. Pirture portrait, 18-6559
Cornel, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4987
Cornelia, motker of the Gracchi, 4-1364-65
story, calling sons her jewels, 11-3811
Picture. 11-3811


York.
submarine cable of, 12- 1293
Cornell University, note on, 12.4311
Picture, library, 12-4311

Cornflower, 14-4980
movement to brush pollen on bee, 2.746
national flower of Germany, origin, 17-6181
note on, 14-4978
Pictures, 14-4978; (gravure), 19-7176; (in color), 15-0398
Cornstarch, little food value, 7-2424
Cornwall, Barry (Bryan Waller Procter), see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Cornwall, England
Phœenicians traded with, 11-3912
Pictures
coast at Kynance (gravure), 7-2303
harbor of Fowey (gravure), 7-2301
village of Cadgwith (gravure), 7-2302
Cornwallis, Charles, second earl and first marquis (1738-1805). British soldier and statesman Though opposed to war with the American colonies, he served faithfully from 1776 until he surrendered at Yorktown in 1781. He was Gov ernor-General of India 1786-93; viceroy of Ireland 1798-1801, and was again appointed to govern India in 1805
defeats Gates at Camden, 4-1172
surrenders at Yorktown, 4-1172
Picture, portrait, 4-1161
Corolla, part of flower, 2-506
Corona, light around sun, 9-3178
Coronado, Francisco Vasquez de. The Spanish explorer of the Southwester part of the United states of America. In 1539 he marched northward from Mexico to Colorado and Kansas and discovered the Grand Canyon of the Colorado River. He is supposed to have been born about 1500 and to have died about 1545.
explorations, 1-244, 246
Coronation chair, Westminster Abbey, 5-1680
Coronation stone, Scotland, taken to England by Edward I, 5-1680
Coroner. A county or municipal officer who holds inquests on the bodies of persons who have died violent deaths.
Coronium, element of corona, 9-3178
Corot, Jean Baptiste Camille, French painter, 7-2370-71
Story of a day (from letter), 16-6034-35
Pictures (gravure)
Bent Tree, 7-2375
Evening, 7-2376
Landscape, 7-2376
Corporations, limited liability, 15-5360
Corpse plant, name for Indian pipe, 18-6572
Corpuscles, blood, see Blood-cells
Correggio, Antonio Allegri da, Italian painter 3-1107-08
Pictures
Madonna and St. Jerome (gravure), 3-1111 Madonna of the Basket, 3-1105
Corsairs, see Pirates
Corsica. Island department of France; area 3,367 square miles; capital, Ajaccio. Rugged and picturesque, it rises to nearly 900 feet in Monte Cinto and Monte Rotondo, the people being engaged chiefly in stock-raising and fishing, though large quantities of olives and chestnuts are grown. It belonged to Genoa up to 1768 , when it was sold to France; but it was not till the defeat of the patriot Pasquale Paoli in 1796 that the French finally occupied it. Bastia, Bonifacio, Calvi and Corte are among the principal towns.
birthplace of Napoleon, 11-3820
Cort, Henry, invented puddling furnace, 6-1938 Cortereal, Gaspar, Portuguese explorer, 2-677
ortes. Hernando Spanish explorer 1 , 12
Cortes, Hernando, Spanish explorer
conquest of Mexico, 1-244; 19-7132-33
Pictures, portrait, 1-245
in Mexico, 1-254
Corunna, Battle of, 6-2206
Corvas, old Roman gangway, 11-3914
Cory, William, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Cosimo, Plero di, Italian artist, 2-699
Cosmic dust, explanation, 15-it2?
Cossacks. A Russian military tribe living originally on the stepres about the lower lom and the Dnieper rivers. Later, bands spread to sileria, the lantasils and m-iलrn limssia Refore the Russian Revolution in 1917 the Russian army had several noted cavalry regi. ments recruited from Cossack tribes and known by that name.

Costa Rica. Republic of Central America: area 23,000 square miles; capital, San José. Coffee sugar, cacao, hides and hardwoods are exported. Limon, on the Atlantic, a banana port, connects by rail with Puntarenas on the Pacific
description, 19-7142
Picture, coffee gathering, 6-2179
Coster, Lourens Janszoon, and invention of movable types, 9-3382

## Costumes

American children, colonial period, 3-968
Armenian, 10-3629
Crete, ancient, 2-449
Dutch, 10-3630
Eskimo, 10-3629-30
French, 10-3510
German, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 1 0}$
Hindu, 11 -4081
Hungarian, 10-3628-29
Indian, directions for making, 9-3251-52
bead belt for, 9-3114-15
Italian, 10-3627-28
Japanese, 2-572: 11-4081
Russian, $10-3630-31$
soldier's, directions for making, 15-5339
Spanish, 10-3628
Swedish, 10-3627
Pictures
American, colonial period, 3-969, 971
dresses worn by wives of U. S. Presidents 2-393
Austro-Hungarian, 17-6345
Belgian, 15-5494
Dutch, 15-5559
foreign dolls in costume (in color), facing 10-3510
Greek, 14-4930
peoples of central Asia, 18-6589
Persian, 3-922-23
Portuguese, 14-5185
Rumanian, 14-4924
Shakespearian characters, 3-835, 837, 839-41. 982-83, 987-88
See also names of countries under subhead 'Pictures'
Cotes, Mrs. Everard (Saxa Jeannette Duncan), Canadian novelist. 15-5370
Cotingas, birds of South America, 9-3286
Cotman, John, English painter, 6-2230
Cotopazi, volcano, height of, 7-2313
Cottage cheese, how to make, $3-896$
Cottage industries, industrial system, 4-1306
Cotterill, $\mathbf{H}$. B., quotation from translation of Odyssey, 11-3912
Cottle, Joseph, Bristol bookseller
published poems of Coleridge and Lamb,

## Cotton

boll-weevil, see Cotton boll-weevil
cloth, how to test, 5-1774-75
cotton-gin increased use of, 6-1912
countries producing, 14-5167
cultivation, 5-1626
proportion to other crops, Southern states, 13-4524
Egyptian cotton, 14-5168

* manufacture. 14-5167-68
first cotton-mill, 9-3214
* mill processes, with pictures, 14-5170-76 United States, 9-3214; 14-5168 pests, 18-6722
Pima cotton, 14-5168
* plant, its history, and use for clothing,

8-2782-84; 14-5167
U. S. production, 8-2678
sea-island cotton, 14-5168
in U. S., 8-2678
seeds, see Cottonseed
Pictures

* preparation and manufacture, 14-5169-7ô cotton-field near mill, 13-4525
cotton-picking in the Sudan, 8-2783
cotton-picking in U. S., 8-2782; 13-4517 cotton plant (in color), 8-2997 flower and boll, 14-5169 mills, 14-5165
Cotton boll-weevil, insect
damage to cotton crop, 5-1626; 8-2784
destroyed by cotton-leaf worm, 18-6722-23
hestroyed by egrets, 11-4007
life-story, with pictures, 18-6729
Cotton-gin, effect on slavery in U. S., 6-1912 invention and value, 6-1912; 14-5167; 19-7205

Cotton-grass, note on, 16-5733 Picture, 16-5733
Cotton-leaf worm, destroys boll-weevil, 18-6722-23
Cotton-mouth, see Moccasins
Cottonseed
products made from, 8-2783; 14-4890, 5168
use of, 8-2678
Cottus, fish
Picture (in color), 16-5783
Coucal, variety of cuckoo, 10-3501 Picture, 10-3499
Couch-grass, relative of wheat, 5-1755 Pictures, 10-3649; (in color), 10-3524
Cougar, see Puma
Count of Monte Cristo, by Dumas, summary, * 18-6573-80

Count Eobert of Paris, by Scott, note on, 11-4069 Counterfeit. An imitation of an original object made with an intention to defraud by claiming the copy is the original. Coins and paper money are the most frequent objects of counterfeiting.
Counterpoint, in music, explanation, 19-6902
Counting. Question about.
Why do we count in tens? 12-4397

## Country

Poems about
Boy's Song, by James Hogg, 2-607
Child's Wish in June, 4-1383
Country Faith, by Norman Gale, 6-2036
Laughing Brook, by Elizabeth Scantlebury, 6-2153
My Will, by A. C. Benson, 10-3740
Shepherd's Cot, by William Shenstone, 3-1007
Under the Greenwood Tree, by William Shakespeare, 6-2152
Useful Plough, 4-1384
Wish, by Samuel Rogers, 3-846
Questions about
Can country people see better than town people? 12-4398
Is the country more healthful than the town? 10-3579
Country dances, English, see Morris dances
County Hall, London. Picture, 12-4359
Couplet, in poetry, definition, 1-216, 223
Courage, stories of, see Stories. Golden deeds
Courbet, Gustave, French painter, 7-2475-76
Pictures, landscape, 7-2477
Stag Fight, 7-2477
Coureurs de bois, French Canadian trappers, 12-4337-39
Courlan, bird. Picture, 11-4009
Coursers, birds, 11=4010
Court-martial. A court composed of military or naval officers called together to try offenses against military or naval law committed by officers or men serving in either branch of the service.
Courtrai, Belgium
Pictures
Broel Bridge, 15-5499
Hôtel de Ville (gravure), 17-6171
Courts. In law, courts are official organizations or tribunals for the public administration of justice.
Couse, E. Irving, American painter, 10-3455
Cousin, Jean, French painter, 5-1874
Coustou, Guillaume, French sculptor, 13-4702
Coustou, Ficolas, French sculptor, 13-4702-03
Covenant, Scotch
under Charles I and Charles II, 2-441
Pictures
Religious service on lonely moor, 7-2625
Wedding in Scotland during persecution of Covenanters, 2-441
Coverdale, Miles, finished Tyndale's Bible transiation, 1-30f
Covering of our bodies, * 4-1415-20
Cow, sce Cattle: Milk
Cow blackbirds, ser Cowbirds
Cow-peas, 7-2614
Pictures, 7-2623
Cow poison, see Larkspurs
Cow-wheat, flower
Pictures (in color)
common yellow cow-wheat, 14-4988 crested cow-wheat, 14-4992 crested cow-wheat, $\mathbf{1 4 - 4 9 9 2}$
Cowbane, description, 16-5880
Cowbirds, 8-2970: 14-5141
lay eggs in other birds' nests, 10-3500
Pictures, 8-2969

## Cowboys

songs of, 18-6515
Cowfishes, name for coffer fishes, 16-5900 Picture (in color) 16-5787
Cowley, Abraham, as essay writer, 8-2865
Cowpens, Battle of, 4-1171-72
Cowper, William, life and writings, 6-2030 hymns of, $12-4438$
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Pictures, portraits, 6-2027, 2029; 12-4439
portrait, with parents, 15-5619
Cowries, use as money, 19-6892
Pictures, shells, 19-6886; (in color) 19-6896
Cows, see Cattle; Milk
Cowslips
American, see Marsh marigold
English flower, description, 17-6128
Picture and note, 17-6122; (in color) 15-5611
Coz, Kenyon, American painter, 10-3453
Coyotes, animals, 2-599
Picture, 2-601
Coypu, animal. Picture, 3-1130
Coysevoz, Antoine, French sculptor, 13-4702-03
Cozens, J. R., artist
Picture, Santa Giustina, Padua, 6-2233
Crab-grass, fodder-grass, 7-2410
Crabapple, account of, 11-4019
ancestor of cultivated apples, 4-1387
Pictures
fruit (in color), 11. 4021
showing development, 4-1387
Crabapple tree, description, 12-4383, 4388
Picture tree flower and leaf, 12-4388
Crabbe, George. English poet of rural life;
born, Aldeburgh, Suffolk, 1754 ; died, Trowbridge,
Wiltshire, 1832.
character of writings, 12-4227
visit to Sir Walter Scott, 7-2632
Picture, portrait, 12-4227
Crabs

* account of, 16-5950-54
giant crab of Japan, 16-5956
fable about, by شsop, 4-1186
varieties, $16-5950,5953$
Pictures, 16-5949-55
Cracow, Poland
description, 13-4690, 4692
legend of founding, 13-4679
pageant of Konik, 13-4680
trumpeter on Our Lady's Church, 13-4680
Pictures, 13-4689 castle, 13-4679
Cracow, University of, 13-4680, 4682
Craddock, Charles Egbert (pen name of Mary N.
Murfree), American author, 13-4819
Cradle, for cutting grain, 19-7210
Cradle songs, sff Lullabies
Craft Guild. Association of workmen in 14thand 15 th-century England who lived and worked at the same craft in the same quarter of the town.
Craik, Mrs. Dinah Maria Mulock, see Mulock, D. M.

Crake, bird
Picture, spotted crake (in color), 9-3284
Cram, Goodhue and Ferguson, American architectural firm, 18-6684
Cramp, causes of, 10-3475
Question about: What causes cramp? 12-4278
Cranach, Iucas, the Elder, German painter, 4-1344
Picture, Katharine von Borg, 4-1346
Cranberries, 6-2068; 16-5734
jelly, how to make, 1-130 $1 \mathbf{1 - 4 0 2 2}$
Crane. A hoisting machine for moving heavy
objects either vertically or horizontally. The
parts of a simple crane are an upright post, a swinging lower arm, hoisting tackle and motive power (man or mechanical).
Crane-flies, account of, 17-6418-19
Picture (in color), facing 18-6721
Cranes, hirds, 11-4010
Pictures, 11-4009
South African crowned crane (in color),

## 12-4372

Cranesbill, flower, 18-6570
Pictures (in color), 14-4981, 4987
meadow cranesbill, 16-5882
mountain craneshill, 14-4994
Cranmer, Thomas. Archbishop of Canterbury;
born, Aslockton, Nottinghamshire, England, 1489; burned at Oxford, 1556.

Cranmer，Thomas（continued）
arranged Book of Common Prayer，5－1817 Pictures，portrait（gravure），5－1821
Crater Lake National Park，description，7－2290 Pictures，7－2：81；18－6436
Craters on moon
description and explanation，10－3542－43 Pictures，10－3538－39， 3541
Crating，directions for，7－2514－15
Crawish，see Crayfish
Lrawford，Francis Marion，novelist，14－5008
fictur perlatt．14－5008
Crawford，Isabella valancy，Canadian poet， 14－．i111
Crawford，Mrs．Louisa Macartney，author of Kathleen Mavourneen，10－3611
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Crawford，Thomas，sculptor，14－4934
Crawford Notch，New Hampshire．Picture， 7－ごこと
Crayish，16－5955－56
Cream，food value，7－2324－25
separated from milk，1－382－83
Questions about
Are microbes necessary to produce cream？ 2－4 4 ； 1
What causes cream to form on milk？4－1354
Cream－separators，see Separators
Creation，Assyrian account，on tablets，2－657
Creation，The，oratorio by Haydn，19－6917
Crécy，Battle of，5－1682
Crecli，Lorenzo di，Italian painter，2－699
P＇irtures
Madonna and Child，2－690
The Virgin（gravure），2－696
Credit．In business，confidence of a seller in a pirchaser who does not pay cash but prom－ ＂Es to pay at a future date．
credit，Letter of．An order from a bank in one plicue that enables the holder of the order to re－ ceive money in another place or places．The holder pays into the bank or puts up security guaranteeing the sum of money for which the letter of credit is made out．
Credit Mobilier of America．A joint－stock financial company chartered in Pennsylvania in 1863．It became the centre of a congressional scandal through its alleged corrupt operations in connection with the building of the Union Pacific Railroad，1872－73．

## Creek Indians

Alabama uprising crushed，1814，5－1705
Creepers，birds，account of，9．3136
brown，account of，13－4766
California，or tawny，14－5139
Pictures（in color） blue creeper，10－3621
tree creeper，9－3281
Creeping soft grass，note and picture，10－3657 Crémazie，Octave，French Canadian poet，14－5110
Cremona．Ancient Italian city on the Po，with
fine catnedral and the highest belfry campanile in Italy．It was formerly famous for its violins， the most frmons maker lu－ing stradjvarius．
Creon，king of Thebes，and Antigone 6－2008
Creosote，prevents decay of wood， $15-5620$
Cresilas，Cretan sculptor，12－43
Cress， $7-2616$
directions for growing，2－748
Pictures
growing on a wet sponge，7－2516
lark - －flowered bitter cress（in color），16－5884 marsh yellow cress（in color），16－5883 penny cress（in color），14－4994
Cretaceous priod，sec Geology－Cretaceous period
Crete．Important Greek island lying across the southern end of the Egean Sea；area， 3,320 sthare miles：chiof towns．Candiat and（＂anea． Thonsh monntaimons，it contains firtile valleys
 but it is famous chiefly for its splendid Minoan ruins at Knossos，the most remarkahle of their ruins at Knossos，the most remarkahle
kind．It became part of Greece in 1914.

art．painting．2．448－49

influence on Greek art，2－449－50
of present day，14－4917－18
Pictures，14－4927
ancient art，2－448－49，452－54
iases and statuettes，ancletit，21－3989

Crotinism，disease，cured by thyrold extract， 9－3222
Crewel stitch，directions for，with pictures， 16－5 8 y1－y2
Cricket，game，rules for， 14 －5116
Poom about．Torch of Life，by Sir Henry Newbolt，8－3005
Crickets，insects，17－6068
l＇uem alout．On the Grasshopier and the Cricket，by John Keats，18－6799

Crimea．Peninstila on the north coast of the Blark sea．It was under Turkish rule from 1475 to 1792 ，when it was：cetted to liussia．
Sebastopol and Simferopol are the chief towns．
Crimean War，7－2299；10－3573；16－5694，5704－05
Crimes，in law，13－4813
Crinkle－root，17－6279－80
Crispin，St．，story of，6－1997
Crispinian，brother of St．Crispin，6－1997
Cristobal，Panama Canal Zone
Pictures，10－3595
Croaker Family，fish，16－5780
Croatia．District of Jugo－Slavia，formerly part
of Hungary．It is mainly agricultural and pas－ toral；Zagreb，or Agram，the capital，being the only considerable town．The people are 65 per cent Roman Catholic Croats and 35 per cent
Greek Orthodox Serbs．
Crock of Gold in the Plain of York，legend， 17－6324
Crockett，Samuel Rutherford，author，11－3898
Crocodiles
＊account of，14－5228－29
fight with rhinoceros，5－1830
use of，as scavengers， $1-97$
Pictures，14－5226
Crocus，flower，19－7172
wild crocus，see Pasque flower
Poem about．The Crocus，by Mrs．H．E．King， 12－4472
Crœesus．Last and most magnificent of Lydian
kings；reigned $560-546$ B．C．，patron of Solon and Asop．
conquered by Cyrus the Great， $\mathbf{3 - 9 1 2}$
story，talk with Cyrus，8－2963
Crofts，Ernest，artist
Pictures
Burial of Charles Stuart at Windsor，6－1975
Cromwell riding through York，11．3844
Evening of Waterloo（gravure），6－2211
Wellington on his march to Waterloo （gravure），6－2211
Croker，Thomas Crofton，Irish writer，9－3197
Crome，John，the elder，English artist，6－2230 Pirture，Poringland Oak，6－2231
Crommelin，Louis，and linen in Ireland，9－3317 Crompton，Samuel，inventor of spinning－mule． 19－7203－04
picture，portrait，19－7201
Cromwell，Oliver
lift hist rharacter．11－3＜16－is
and his granddaughter， $1-126$
as leather in＂ivil lwint Protertor of the Commonwealth，6－1976－78
Carlyle＇s estimate of，9－3312；11－3848
repression of Irish uprising，6－1978；8－2934
form about．Tol the Lurd ioneral Cromwell， by John Milton，12－4349
Pirturts
paintins，hy Ford Madox Brown，11－344？ painting，in group with Milton，4－1241 portrait，with mother，15－5616 portrait，miniature by Richter（gravure）． 1－67
riding through York，11－3844
semese in his life，6－1917，1：47！
Cromwell，Richard，short rule of，6－1978
Cromwell，Thomas．English statesman，Henry TII＇s ricar－etnerai for the sumpression of the monasteries；born about 1485 ；beheaded， 1540. and Henry VIII，5－1816－17
Cronos，god，9－3226
Crookes，Sir William．English chemist and physicist；born，London，1832；died there，1919； invented the radiometer．
experiments with vacuum tubes，12－4290；
warnine on wheat suphly，5－17．， 16
Crops，Rotation of，sce Rotation of crops
Crosby，Frances Jane，hymn－writer，12－4438
Cross－ball，gam＂，ditwctmons for wlajing， 4－1400

## GENERAL INDEX

Cross－bearers，botanical family，13－4872－73
Cross－breeding，plants，15－5384
Crossbills，birds，8－2474；14－5145
l＇icture（in color），9－3ン3ご

## Crosses

Pictures，ancient Irish，8－2943
Crossing the Line．Crossing the Equator．Dat－
mi：back in some form or other to pasan clays．
the Crossing of the Line was marked by an elaborate ceremonial in which Neptune played
the principal part，and men making the passage
for the first time were subject to very rough，if
good－natured，handling．
Crosstrees of a ship，14－5004
Crouch，F．N．，wrote music of Kathleen Ma－ vourneen，10－361
Crow blackbird，name for bronze grackle，13－4766 See also Grackles
Crow－tits，birds，one kind of babbler，9－3285
Crowberry．Picture（in color），11－4025
Crowds
Question about：Why do we get headache in a crowded room？8－2873
Crowfoot，Water，16－5870－71
Picture，16－5870
Crowfoot Family
buttercups in，15－5392
Crovin Point，captured by Americans，4－1164
Crows
＊Crow and his family．8－2ss9－96
description of， $8-2890 ; 13-4766$
fiable athout．hy Asup，2－ito
fight with a heron，11－4006
of western North America，14－5140
rain crows，name for cuckoos，10－3501
Uurs：ion about
What do we mean by＂As the crow flies＂？ 7－2486
Pictures，8－2895
nest，13－4765
piping crow，9－3135
Pictures（in color） crimson fruit crow，12－4370
European carrion crow，9－3281
European hooded crow，9－3281
Cruickshank，William，Canadian painter， 10－3702
Cruisers of U．S．navy，18－6816
Crusades
＊Men of the Crusades，7－2583－89 capture of Constantinople，1204，13－4801 enthusiasm for，in France and England， 10－3432
first and second，and Louis IX of France， 16－5818－19
helped freedom of French cities，10－3432
St．Bernard preached on，13－4862
third，and Richard I of England，5－1570
＊Picturcs，7－2582－89
Crustaceans，class of animals，16－5949－50
in Silurian period，3－1031
Crying
Ouestions about
Do cats and dogs ever cry？17－6179
Why does a lump rise in my throat when I cry？6－2123
Crying proverbs，game， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 9 8}$
Cryptogams，non－flowering plants， $10-3721-24$ reproduction of spore－bearing plants in Car－ boniferous period，3－884
l＇ictures，five kinds，10－3720
Crystal，use in radio sets，17－6366
Crystallization．When a liquid or vapor solidi－ fies by cooling or evaporation and its molecules unite into a regular form（crystal），the process is called erystallization．
Crystals，snow，14－4906
Cuba，island of｜r゙ust Tnulu．e
American control，19－7102
and Spanish－American War，10－3590
government， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 9 0}, 3592$
history，19－7101－02
products，19－7102
Picture，load of skins leaving tannery，5－1558
Cubism in painting，8－2714
Cuckoo bread，Hatht fol Wonl sulpel，18－655ी
Cuckoo meat，name for wood sorrel，18－6570
Cuckoo－pint，flower，17－6122－23
I＇ictures，17－612？
showing fertilization（in color），17－6075
Cuckoos，birds
＊account of，10－3497－3502

Cricicoos（rontinuced）
ground cuckoo，14－5148
have no nests，8－2970
of North America，13－4830
reared by pipits，9－3136
Poem about：To the Cuckoo，by William W＂ordsworth，6－203：

＇irlures（in culur），8－2895 yellow－billed cuckoo，13－4842
Cuckoo＇s mate，name lor wryneck，9－3．368
Cucumber－root，Inaian，18－6：，－
Cucumber tree，description，12－4386
Cucumbers，account of，7－2614， 2616
licture，in an English greenhouse，7－262：
Cudgel，game，10－3،64
Cudweed
l＇ictures（in color） malsh culweed，16－5882 seaside cudweed，14－498． wood cudweed，14－4984
Culebra Cut，l＇anamai（＇anal，desoription，l－i，$; 1$
Pieture，1－366
Cullen，Maurice Galbraith，Canadian painter， 10－3703
lictures
Cache River in the Laurentians（gravure）， 10－3706 Early morning，Lac Tremblant， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 1 0}$
Cullinan，largest diamond，19－7233
Culloden，Battle of，15－5642
Cumberland，Duke of，William Augustus and Jacobite rebellion，15－5642
Cumberland River．American river，risine al
the junction of Poor and Straight Forks rivers，
Kentucky．Flows into Ohio River． 650 miles．
Cumulus clouds，8－2922－23 Hictures，8－2925－28
Cunæus，and Leyden jar，4－1246
Cunaxa，Battle of，3－1081；14－525
Cuneiform writing，2－648，650，652， 654 characteristics and extent of use，18－6670
in Tel－el－Amarna tablets，2－654 of Babylonia，10－3546
Cunningham，Australian explorer，3－863
Cunningham，Allan，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Cuore，book by E．de Amicis，story from， 18－6482－84
Cupid（Eros），god of love，9－3228
Curacao，island，account of，19－7104
Curassows，birds of South America，12－4368 Picture．12－4367
Curchod，Susanne，see Necker，Madame
Curcuma，plant，yields tumeric，8－2996
Curd，formed from milk，7－2324
Curfew，explanation of，7－2363
Poem about．Curfew Bell，by R．H．Thorpe， 7－2363
Curiosity，mental stimulus，12－1442
Curlews，birds，11－4012
stone curlews，11－4009－10
Picture，11－4011；（in color）9－313n
Curling，game，account of，10－3698；14－5114－15 Picture，with note，10－3695
Currants
developed from wild fruit，6－2064
red－flowered，19－6934－35
wild black，11－4020
wild red，11－4020
Zante，imported to U．S．，6－2062
Pictures．6－2061， 2063
red currant（in color），11－4025
wild black（in color）， 11.4023
red－flowered currant，flower，19－6935
Currents，Ocean，7－2542 cause．16－5960
Curtains，Window，how to make，17－6387－88
Curtis，Charles，vice－president of $\mathbb{U}$ ．S．
Pirture，portrait（gravure），11－3945
Curtis，M．A．，classification in mushrooms， 11－3906
Curtiss，Glenn K．，aviator
built hydroplane，1－172－74
ノい－リバ
early biplane， $\mathbf{1}-175$
Curzon，Alfred de，artist
Picture．Psyche（gravure），9－3229
Cuscuses，animals，7－2504 Pirture（gravure），7－2508
Cusi，name of Inca Pachacuti，19－6860
Custer，George Armstrong（1839－76）．American
soldier born in Ohio．He graduated from West

## GENERAL INDEX

Custer, George Armstrong (continued)
Point in 1861 and during Civil War rose from lieutenant to major-general of volunteers; returned to regular army as lieutenant-colonel in 1866 and was constantly engaged in fighting Indians; attacked much larger force of Sioux Indians on the Little Big Horn in Montana and was killed with his whole force. He was one of the bravest soldiers America ever had.
Customs duty. A tax placed by the government of a country on goods brought in from a foreign country. In some countries this tax is placed also upon goods exported to other countries
Cut-paper compositions, how to make,
13-4845-46
Cut-water, bird, name for skimmer, 11-4122
Cuthbert, Saint, note on, with picture, 8-2847
Cutlery, manufacture, 4-1305-13
'ictures, of manufacture, 4-1305, 1307, 1309-13
Cutter, sailing vessel, rig of, 11-4086-87
Cutting-board, directions for making, 6-2259-60
Cuttlefish, account of, 16-5898
as food for whales, 6-2218
like imaginary creature, the kraken, 1-358 Picture, 16-5895
Cutty Sark, clipper ship, 11-3920
Cuvier, Georges, French scientist
identified Mosasaurus, 5-1660
life and work, 2-590-91
Pictures, portrait, 2-589; (in group), 2-588
Cuyp, Albert, Dutch painter, 5-1592
Picture, River Scene with Cattle, 5-1591
Cuzco. Ancient city of Peru, having been founded in the 11 th century by Manco Capac, the first Inca. It was captured by Pizarro in 1533. It has one of the finest cathedrals in south America and abounds in Inca remains.

See also 19-6860
Pictures, 19-6857, 6865
Cyaxeres, king of Media, 3-912
Cycads, plants, plentiful in Triassic period, 4-1402
Cyclone, explanation of, 18-6692
Cyclopedias, see Encyclopedias
Cyclops, in mythology, 9-3236
Cylinders, of automobiles, 19-7029
Cypress trees, description, 12-4250
Pictures, 12-4250; 19-7141
Cypripedium, see Lady's slipper
Cyprus, island, 9-3182
Cyrenaica. Italian North African colony containing remains of ancient Cyrene. Benghazi is its chlef port. lo- 3548
Cyrus the Great, king of Persia
and Jews, 3-912; 19-7157
extended empire, 3-912
Picture, restoring sacred vessels to Jews, 3-917
Cyrus the Younger, king of Persia defeated by Darius II, 3-916
Cytherea, orchid, description, 19-6928
Czecho-Slovakia
formation and territory, 18-6459

* history and description, 17-6342-44 map, 17-6197
population, 5-1606
portion added from Hungary, 17-6340
rare stamps, 16-5887
Pictures, 17-6343
Czernowitz, Rumania, see Cernauti


Dabchick, bird, variety of grebe, 11-41.30 Picture (in color), 9-3283
Dabs, fishes, 16-5779 Pirture. 16-5779
Dachshunds, hunting dogs, 2-718 Picture (gravure), 2-716
Dacia, Roman province, 14-4918
Daddy-long-legs, English name for crane-fly, 17-6418
Dædalus, builder of Labyrinth, Crete, 2-449 story of his flying, 12-4197
Qucstion about. What is the story of Dædalus? 9-3354

Dæmon, patron saint of every man, 9.3234
Daffodils, flowers
description, 17-6124, 6127
paper, how to make, 12-4501
Pocms about
The Daffodils, by William Wordsworth, 1-102
Fair Daffodils, by Robert Herrick, 7-2527
Pictures, 17-6127; (in color) 14-4992
Daffydowndilly, see Daffodils
Da Gama, Vasco, see Gama
Dagnan-Bouveret, Pascale Adolphe Jean, French painter, 7-2480
Picture, Blessed Bread, 7-2477
Daguerre, Louis Jacques, inventor, 18-6593
Dagyr, John Adam, shoemaker, 18-6442
Dahlias
Pictures, varieties (gravure), 19-7174-78
Dahomey. French West African colony between the Gold Coast and Nigeria. Porto Novo is the capital, and corn, palm-oil, kola nuts and dried fish are the chief exports.
Dail Eireann, parliament of Sinn Fein, 8-2940
Daimler, Gottlieb, and first motorcycle, 19-7015
Dairies, sanitation of, 10-3508-09
Pictures and notes, 1-381
Daisies
flower made of tiny flowers, 13-4874
how the daisies go to sleep, 2-684
mountain varieties, 18-6661
oxeye daisy, 15-5390, 5396
Poems about
A Daisy at Christmas, by James Montgomery, 18-6468
Buttercups and Daisies, by Mary Howitt, 1-323
To a Mountain Daisy, by Robert Burns, 14-5128
Pictures
English daisy (in color), 14-4994 European daisy, 13-4870
Michaelmas daisies (gravure), 19-7179 mountain daisies, 18-6659, 6663 oxeye daisy, 15-5396 white daisy (in color), 15-5611
Daisy-asters, flowers, description, 18-6661-62 Picture and note, 18-6657
Dakin, Hemry Drysdale, and hypochlorite of soda, 15-5493
Dalai Lama, leader of Buddhists in Tibet, 18-6591
D'Albret, Jeanne, see Navarre, Queen of
Dale, Sir Thomas, governor of Virginia, 2-544
Dalin, Olaf von, swedish author, 19-7014
Dallas, George M., vice-president of U. S. Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3948
Dallas. Second city of Texas; centre of rich agricultural region; largest inland cotton market in U. S.; industrial and commercial city of state; important educational centre.
notes and pictures, 14-4892, 4898
Dallin, Cyrus E., American sculptor, 14-4939 Picture of sculpture, signing the Mayflower covenant, 7-2525
Dalmatia, 17-6346
Dalmatians, hunting dogs, 2 -718
Picture (gravure) 2-716
Dalou, Jules, French sculptor, 13-4706
Picture, Peasant Woman, 13-4705
Dalton, Charles, and fox-raising, 13-4693
Dalton, John. English chemist, founder of the atomic theory; born, 1766; died, 1844.
Damascus. Ancient Syrian city with over 200
mosques. Once famous for damask and sword-
blades, it makes silver and gold ornaments, cottons, woolens and silks.
seized by French, 18-6678
Picture, cloisters of the great mosque
(gravure), 16-572
Damghan, Persia
Picture, Minar, 3-921
Damien, Father Joseph
life and work for leners, 7-232n-22
Picture protrait hy Edward Clifford, 7-9321
Damietta. Ancient Egyptian port near the
mouth of the chief eastern branch of the Nile
Damocles
Question about. What was the sword of Damorles? 15-5362
Damon and Pvthlas. story of. 9-3064
Dampler, Capt. Willam. English navigator; born, 1652 ; died, 1715.

Australian explorations, 3-860-61; 7-2463

## GENERAL INDEX

Dampier，Capt．William（continued） and Alexander Selkirk，9－3296
Picture，with native，3－860
Dams
Ashokan dam，14－5055－56
Assouan dam，Egypt，7－2546
Boise River，U．S．，Arrowrock dam，7－2546
Bow River，Canada，7－2546
highest in the world， $\mathbf{7 - 2 5 4 6}$
Kensico danl，14－5056
Pictures
Arrowrock dam，7－2552
Assouan dam，7－2553
Bow River dam，Canada，7－2551
dam across Ganges Canal，Dhanauri，7－2543
Gatun dam，Panama Canal，1－363
Kensico dam，N．Y．，14－5056
Keokuk，Iowa，16－5656
King Lake dam，Washington，15－5428
Muscle Shoals．7－2312
Roosevelt dam，7－2552
Tugalo dam，Georgia，15－5428
Damsel fish
Pictures，in color，16－5787－88
Dana，James Dwight，geologist，19－7054－55 Picture，portrait，19－7051
Dana，Richard Henry，Jx．，author，13－4628－29 note about，9－3357
＊Two years before the mast，quotations and

## Dancing

folk dances，N．Y．city，15－5624
Morris dances，directions for，10－3504； 18－6785－86
Dancing－school，description，in South in colo－ nial times，3－972
Dandelions，account of，15－5388－89
Picture，15－5389
Danegelt．Tax levied first in 991 by Ethelred
the Saxon king，with the object of bribing the
Danes to keep away from England．
Danelaw，part of England given to Danes， 4－1434
Danes，in Ireland，8－2930， 2932
invasion of England，4－1432
See also Northmen and Vikings
Picture，invasion of England，4－1428
Daniel，prophet of Israel，in Babylon，2－659－60
interpreted handwriting on wall，2－660
Daniell＇s cell，electric，description，16－5672
Danish literature，19－7011－12
Danish West Indies，account of，19－7104
bought by U．S．，10－3594
Dannecker，Johann Heinrich von，German sculptor， $13-4<.5$
D＇Annunzio，Gabriele，Italian author，17－6154
Dante Alighieri，Italian poet
＊life and writings，17－6150－52
Giotto＇s portrait，how painted，5－1736
influence on Italian unity，12－4408
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Picture，as he appears on his tomb，17－6149
Danton，Georges Jacques．French revolution ary，the greatest of the Jacobins；born， 1759 ； guillotined at Paris， 1794.
in French Revolution，6－2134
Picture，portrait，18－6714
Dauube．Most important river of Central Eu－ rope，and one of the finest in the world．It rises in Germany，in the Black Forest，and flows into the Black Sea through Austria，Czecho－Slovakia， Flungary，Jugo－Slavia，Bulgaria and Rumania， It is 1,725 miles long，with 300 tributaries and a drainage basin of 315,000 square miles．The most important cities it passes are：Ulm， Regensburg and Passau in Germany；Linz and Vienna in Austria；Pressburg in Czecho－Slo－ vakia；Budapest in Hungary；Pustchuk in Bul－ garia；and Braila，Galatz，Ismail and Sulina in Rumania．Its chief tributaries are the Iser，Inn， Raab，Waag，Drave，Save，Morava，Theiss， Sereth and Pruth．River steamers can go up it to Linz，but ocean steamers cannot pass the Iron Gates．
sぃ ロ7ふの 17－6198
Danzig．Ancient Baltic Hanseatic port，for－ merly German，but now under the League of Nations．It stands in a small territory at the mouth of the Vistula．
now a free city，18－6461
Daphne，Greece
Picture，church and monastery（gravure）， 16－5723

Daphne，Trailing，flower
Picture（in color），15－5609
Daphnis，in mythology，9．3236
Darby，Abraham，discovered smelting with coal， 3－790
Dardanelles．Narrow strait connecting the
Agean Sea and the Sea of Marmora，and dividing Europe from Asia Minor． 47 miles long and from three to four miles broad，it was known to
the ancients as the Hellespont
Dare，Virginia，first English child born in America，3－965；17－6336
Dar－es－Salaam，Tanganyika，9－3054
Pictures，9－3055， 3058
Darius I，the Great，king of Persia as a ruler，3－912， 914
attack on Greece，3－914， 1076
Picture，palace at Persepolis，3－915
Darius II，king of Persia，3－916
Darius III，king of Persia，3－916
Darius，Palace of，Persepolis
built on platform，14－5209
burned by Alexander the Great，11－3876
Picture，reconstruction，3－915
Dark
Questions about
Is it darkest just before dawn？12－4506
Why are some people dark and some fair？ 19－7246
Why can＇t I see in the dark？5－1807
Why do dark things look smaller than white things？6－2122
See also Light
Darley，Felix Octavius Carr，artist
Picture，Sherman＇s army on march to sea， 7－2439
Darling，Grace，3－1035
death of，4－1331
Pictures，3－1034
Darling River，Australia，discovered by Sturt， 3－863
Darmel，grass．Picture（in color），10－3523
Darning，lesson in，11－3857
Darnley，Lord，husband of Mary Queen of Scots，5－1818；12－4214
Dart River，England
Picture（gravure），7－2303
Darters，birds，11－3882
Picture，11－3883
Dartford warbler，bird，9－3278
Dartmouth College，beginnings of，12－4308
Darwin，Charles Eobert，English scientist
＊life and teachings，2－593－95
as an author，11－4002－03
Picture，portrait，2－589
Darwin，Sir George，study of moon，10－3536
Dasyure，animal
Picture（gravure），7－2507
Data．Facts，statements，and so on，forming material for more general assertions．The word，
from the Latin，means＂things given．＂
Date line，meaning of， $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 4 5}$
Dates
＊account of，6－215＇7－58
as food，5－16：－4
date－palm，description and uses，5－1624
6－2157－58
recipes for，stuffed and with fondant，2－i52
use by Arabs，18－6740
Pictures，growing and gathering of，6－2157， 2160－61
Daturas，thorn－apples，13－4782－83
Daubigny，Charles François，French painter， 7－2370
Pictures
Boats on the River Oise，9－3071
Sunset（gravure），7－2375
The Water（iate，9－311．
Dauchez，French painter，8－2856
Daudet，Alphonse．French novelist and satirist：
born，Nimes， 1840 ：died，Paris， 1897.
Game of billiards（story），4－1528－30
Last class（story），19－7220－21
Daughters of the American Revolution．A pa－ triotic society for American II omen organize． 3 in Washington，D．C．， 1890 ．Membership is lim－ ited to women who can furnish proof that one ancestor at least aided in establishing America：！ independence
D＇Aulnoy，Comtesse，sce Aulnoy，Comtesse d＇
Dauphin．The title of the eldest son of the king of France until the Revolution of 1830 ， when its use was abolished．

David，St．Patron saint of Wales，became pri－ mate of the Cambrian church and founded many churches and monasteries．His festival is Mareh 1.
David，kin
1－1：1e1
story of，19－i001－03
and Tiglath Pileser I，2－654
tight with Goliath，13－4583
Victures（gravure），from statues
by Donatello，13－4614
by Michelangelo，1－65，68；5－1742
by Verrocchio，13－4614
David I，king of Scotland，12－4208
1•111，12－1－＂
David，Gérard．Flemish painter；born，Ouden－
 character of painting，4－1226－27
Picture，Adoration of the Child，4－1224
David，Jacques Louis，French painter，6－2077－80 lirthor．
Coronation of Josephine by Napoleon， 6－2079

Mlle．Charlotte du Val D＇Ognes，6－2076
＝avid，Laurent Olivier，French Canadian author， 15－5：31
David，T．W．Edgeworth，antarctic explorer with Mawson in Antarctic，14－5093
David Copperfield，by Charles Dickens
\＆tumtatirns atul summary，8－2－7．3－\1
bives experiences from author＇s boyhood，
Iavidson，John，see Poetry Index for poem and not
Davies，Arthur B．，American painter， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 5 5}$
Davies，W．F．，English poet，12－4234
ar alsw l＇uetry Index for puem and note
Da Vinci，Leonardo．s．Vinci
Davis，Jefferson（1808－89）．American soldier thel＂flicial，born in Kontheky．Hf sumduater？ from West Point；later resigned from army，but
 tor and Secretary of War；president of the＇rom－ federate States，1861－65．
becomes president of Confederacy，7－2442
birthclay a holiday in South，6－2090
imprisonment and release，after Civil War， 7－244ㄹ

## Pietures

portrait，with note，7－2431
fomse in lírommond．V：A．，14－4893
Davis，John．Finglish navisetor：horn，sand－ ridge，Devonshire，about 1550 ；killed by pirates， Malacca Strait． 1605
discovered Davis Strait，8－298こ－ 3

## Davis，Mary

Picture，portrait，by Sir Peter Lely，6－2002
Davis，Richard Harding，author，14－5！n
Davis Strait named for John Davis，8－－：＇，？
Davits 1 in is－hin， 14 －र．川n！
Davy，Six Eumphry．English chemist；born， Penzance， 1778 ；died．Geneva， 1829 ；invented the

and Michael Faraday，4－1251－52
discovered that nitrous oxid is anæsthetic， 8－ッラッ！

electric arc，3－593：16－5！ $1:$
Picture．Making his first exneriments，3－9．91
Dawes，Charles G．，vice－president of U．S． Picture，portrait（gravure）．11－3945
Dawes Act，1w－ahmont riohtio ，｜ $\mid$｜ $\mid$ ． 1 ． 19－7

Dawson，Sir John William，Canadian geologist， 4－117
life of，19－705f
Pieture，portrait，19－7055
Dawson City，Yukon，how reached，7－2558
Day．John，printer，9－3．358
Day－1ily，19－717
Daye，Stephen，printed first book in America 18－4．．．．
Daylight－saving：


## Days


，A11．．A1 spinning of the earth，1－236 AWinition of，11－41
 14－5217
length changed by earth＇s motion， $1-18$

Days（m，
length of，in summer and in winter，8－2792
I＇rem bor rhyme）about．Thirty days hath september，2－739
Questions about
Has the day always been divided into twenty－ four equal hours？11－4132
How can we tell the number of days in another world＇s year？11－3977
What is a day？14－5：17－1
Where does the day begin？16－5S45
Who arranged the days？11－4131－32
Why are shadows longer at the end of the day？4－1230
Days we celebrate，＊6－2087－94
Dayton．City of Ohio，manufacturing machinery，
rolllus stork and textiles．
De profundis．Latin for＂out of the depths．
Dead，Feast of the，Japan，2－5．74
Dead－letter Office，U．S．
receives carelessly addressed mail．8－2656
Dead－nettles，14－4980
Picture，14－4978
Dead Sea．Lake in Palestine occupying the deepest part of the great rift containing the Jordan．Lying 1，292 feet below sea－level，it is about 340 square miles in extent，and its water is so salt that no animal life is able to exist in
it；and human beings are unable to sink in it．
It is fed from the north by the Jordan，but has no outlet．
location of，2－584－85
Guestion ulout．Why cannot fish live in the bearl šea？17－51ヶ0
Deadly nightshade，see Nightshade－deadly
Deaf and dumb
Alexander Graham Bell＇s work for，17－6242， 6244
alphabet，how to use，18－6523
Deafness
as cause of dumbness，14－5222
cold or scarlet fever may cause，9－3308
Dealfish．Picture（in color），16－5782
Death
Me－1 who went to kill death，by Chaucrer 13－4770
looms ulusut
Apologia，by Edmund Gosse，8－3004
Baron＇s Last Banquet，by A．G．Greene． 13－474？
Crossing the Bar，by Lord Tennyson．4－13S？ Death of the Flowers，by W．C．Bryant， 18－6799
Prospice，by Robert Browning，3－1006 The Sleep，by Mrs．E．B．Browning．8－2765 Two Men，by C．N．Gregory，11－4033
Question about．Should we be afraid to die？ 15－5．519
Death adder，smake，15－： 114
Death of Nelson，song，10－3608
Death tick，beetle，superstition about，18－6629－30 Picture，18－6625
Death Valley，California，note and picture，I－156
Debate．In arkum＋nt ol disclission froftrern

 adopted to govern such arguments．
De Baudricourt，Robert，and Joan of Arc，16－5，820
Deblois，Captain J．S．，and whale hunt，4－1189－90
De Bougainville，Louis Antoine，x，Bousain ville，Louis Antoine de
Debt，imprisonment for，7－2298
Debussy，Clande Achille，Irrnch composer． 19－6926， $7152-53$
Decameron of Boccaccio，account of，17－f15？． 61：．
Jii！ime，earrien where written，17－f15．3
Decamps，Alexandre Gabriel，Irnith juinter， $6-2 \cap 8$.
Decatur，Stephen，American naral officer
hravery in Trinoli，17－632？
（l）lifited－hin Macedonian，17－6329
note on，17－63．37
Pirture，portrait，17－6327
Deccar，southern part of India，8－2696
De Celles，Alfred，！renth（：anadian author， 15－5367
December．I．．．tin for the $10 t h$ month rackoning





## GENERAL INDEX

Decemviri．The Council of Ten appointed in 451 B．c．to administer government and draw up new laws for the Roman Repubiic，
Decimal system of numbers，12－4397
Decimeter，measure of distance，14－4902
Decius Mus Publius，sacrifice of self to save Rome，11－3806
Declaration of Independence
and Independence Day，6－＜ 092
list of signers，with facsimiles of signatures， 20－7532
signing of， $1776,4-1166$
text and introductory note 20－7553－56
Declination compass．A compass used for meas－ uring the variation of the mosnetic needle from the astronomical meridian．
Decline and Fall of the Euman Empire，by Gibbon，9－3202－04
Decoration，see Design；see akso main articles， 20－7635
Decoration Day，observance of．6－2092
Dedeagatch，port，14－4926
Deed．A legal paper or document signed and sealed by the person whose wish it expresses and for whom it has been drawn up．The com－ mon usage of the word deed is as a contract for conveying real estate from one party to another either through a sale or as a gift．
Deer，description，4－1441，1446－48
Pictures，4－1440，1443，1445， 1447
Deerfield，Mass．，Indian attack，3－778
Deerhound，dog．Picture（gravure），2－716
Defender of the Faith．Title conferred by Pope Leo X on Henry VIII in 1521 in acknowledgment of a treatise written against Luther．
Defenders of liberty，$*$ 13－4583－91
Deferred annuity．An annuity is an investment of money entitling the investor to a regular income，frequently until death occurs．A de－ ferred annuity is an annuity on which payment is deferred or delayed until the beneficiary has reached a certain age．
Defoe，Daniel，English author
＊life and writings，4－1450－S1
＊Robinson Crusoe，extracts and summary， 2－665－75
Tale of Bob Singleton；extract，12－4486
Picture，in pillory，4－1476
De Forest．Lee，and wireless telephony，17－6248， 6368
Picture，portrait，17－6235
Degas，Edgar，French painter，8－2711， 2714 Picture，A Dancer，8－2711
De Gerlache，Adrien，see Gerlache
De Hooch，Pieter，see Hooch，Pleter de
Dei gratia．Latin for＂by the grace of God＂； frequently written D．G．
Dei Manes，gods of underworld
Decius sacrificed himself to，11－3806－07
Deimos，monn of Mars，9－3293
Derker，Thomas，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Delacroix，Ferdinand Victor Eugène，French painter，6－2081－82；7－2369
Picture
Janizaries on the Charge，6－2082
Delagoa Bay．Natural harbor on the east coast of Africa，containing the Portuguese port of I．orenzo Marques．It was discovered in 1502 hy Antonio de Campo，a follower of Vasco da Cama．
relaine，breed of sheep，15－5576
De la Mare，Walter．English poet；born，Charl－ ton，Kent， 1873
poetry of，12－4234
Nee also Poetry Index for poem and note
Deland，Mrs，Margaret，author，14－5010－11 Picture，portrait，14－5011
De la Roche，Mazo，Canadian novelist，15－5370
Delaroche，Paul（Hippolyte），French painter， 6－2から
Picture，Last hours of Queen Elizabeth（gra－ （1ヵre）．5－182．
De la Rue，Warren，invented oil process，3－996 De Laval，Carl Gustaf，inlinted（ream－sep）ara－ Delaware，Second smallest state：area，2，370 square miles；capital，Dover．Wilmington is the largest town．｜．．．．a＇hir pakin＂and knittine are leading industrips butt asrieulture is important． Alhereiation．Iet Nickname．the＂Diamond State．＂state flownr，the peach hloscom．Motto．


Delaware（coniinued）
named after Lord De La Warr，Governor of Vir．
ginia．First settlement near Wilmington， 1638
described in Northeastern States
10－3401－08；11－3773－82；12－4145－54
founded，2－552
origin of name，2－544
Penn gained possession，2－553
ratified Constitution unanimously，20－7559
signers of Constitution，20－7574
signers of Declaration of Independence， 20－7557
slavery in，7－2430， 2432
Pirtures
Cæsar Rodney，18－6830
capitol at Dover，11－3773
Du Pont Highway，10－3407
flag（in color），19－7190
Ridgely house，Dover，12－4153
Delaware River．American river rising in the Catskill Mountains and flowing past Philadel－ phia into the Atlantic．It is navigable up to Trenton， 130 miles from its mouth． 360 miles． Trenton， 130 miles from its mouth． 360 miles． world．

Pictures，longest suspension bridge in world， 1－34
scene of Washington＇s crossing，10－3403
Del Cano，Sebastian，sce Cano
De Lesseps，see Lesseps
Delft．Ancient Dutch town，burial place of Grotius，Leeuwenhoek and Van Tromp．Here Villiam the Silent was assassinated．
Delhi，India
architecture，Mohammedan，15－5471
description，8－2698， 2700
siege，in Indian mutiny， $8 \mathbf{- 2 8 2 8}$
Picture，panoramic view（gravure）8－2831
Delian League，Greece，3－1080
Delicious apple，origin of，11－4133
De Lisle，Rouget，see Rouget de Lisle
Della Robbia，Luca，see Robbia，Luca della
De Long，George Washington，arctic explorer， 13－4714－15
De l＇Orme，Philibert，French architect，18－6495 Delos，island

Pictures，ancient sculpture，11－3991
Delphic oracle，3－1078
Delphinium，see Larkspurs
Del Sarto，Andrea，sce Sarto
Delta
Question about．What is a delta and how is it made？5－1607
Demand，economic term，definition，16－5934
Demand and supply，see Supply and demand
Demavend，Mount，Russia，16－5848
Demerara．A river of British Guiana emctying into the Atlantic at Georgetown．An eariy set－ tlement on its banks gave Demerara its naine． 200 miles．
Demerara sugar，origin of name，9－3190
Demeter（Ceres），goddess，9－3227
De Mille，James，Canadian author，15－5369
Democrates，architect of Temple of Diana， Ephesus，15－5344
Demon star，name for Algol，11－3926
De Morgan，William，novelist，11－3899
Democracy，form of government，5－1788
Democratic Party．One of the major political parties in the［nited states tracing back to， Thomas Jefferson．It was called Republican at first，then Democratic－Republican，but about 1828，the second half of the name was dropped． In general the party has favored in the past strict construction of the Constitution，low tar－
iffs，and broad suffrage，though this is not so true to－day
and Jefferson，5－1702；11－3938
dropped part of name，11－3939
Demosthenes．Greatest Athenian orator；born， Pæania．Attica， 383 B．C．；died，Calauria， 322 в C．
led Greeks in struggle against Macedonia， 2－707：3－1082
resisted Philip of Macedon，2－707
Picture，portrait，2－701
Demotic writing，business writing of Egyptians 10－35 1
Dendera，Temple of．Pictures，14－5206
Denisom，Merrill，Canadian dramatist， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 7 4}$
Denkli，for raising water
Picture，7－2547
Denmark
agriculture，15－5296

## GENERAL INDEX

Denmark (continued)
cities and towns, 15-5293, 5298
colonies, West Indies, sold to U. S., 19-7104
description, 15-5296-98
history, 15-5291-92, 5294
literature, see Danish literature
mals, $15-534$, 5: 11
national song, accolint of, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 1 2}$
song, patriotic, King Christian stood beside the mast, 17-6252
territorial changes since World War, 18-6459 Pictures, 15-5295
Dennis, Richard Molesworth, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Denny, William, builder of steamboats, 17-6402
Density, definition, 2-385-86
low measurell, 2-3) 6
Densmore, James, and invention of typewriter, 19-7 $\because 1$
Dentatus, Manius Curius, Juman slatesiman story of 3-889
Picture, refusing bribe, 3-889
Dentine, part of tooth, 6-1930
Denver. Capital of Colorado with a university, a Catholic cathedral and many fine buildings The centre of a great mining district, it has smelting and refining works, and trades also in cattle.

Picture civic centre, 19-6845
Denys, St. Athenian, called Dionysius, who was made Bishop of Athens by st. Paul, and afterward sent by St. Clement to convert the people of Paris, finally suffering death at their hands on Montmartre. The patron saint of France.
Department stores, see Stores
Depth bomb, description, 18-6816
De Quincey, Thomas. English author and essay ist: born, Greenheys, Manchester, 1785; died, Edinburgh, 1854.
as essay writer, 8-2866-67
Picture, portrait, 8-2865
Derby, Conn., Howe Company, 9-3042
Dermis, inner layer of skin, 4-1416
De Roberval, sce Roberval
De Roncoulles, Madame, governess to Frederick the Great, 11-4043
Derrick, explanation, 14-5004
Dervish. A Mohammedan belonging to a special religious order and supposed to lead a life of chastity, humility and poverty, like the monks of Christendom. There are different orders or brotherhoods, of which the three burders or brotherhoods, of which the three bust-
known are: the Whirling, or Spinning, Dervisties; the Howling IDervishes; and the Wan-
dering Dervishes
Derzhavin, Gabriel, Russian poet, 19-6906
Descartes, René. French essayist and scientist,
founcler of modern philosophy; born, La Haye,
Touraine, 1596 ; died, Stockholm, 1650

Picture, portrait, 18-6559
Dss Clayes, Gertrude, sce Clayes
Desdemona, character in Othello, 3-984
Desflts

* account ot, 7-2416-17, 2421
* Feopies st the desert, 18-6735-43 in America, 7-2421
in Arizona, 9-3025-32
in Arabia, 18-6674
in Australia, 7-2468
in trade-wind belts, 8-2666-67
main deserts of the earth, 6-2170-71
Gobi, 18-6586
 Pringle, 6-2035
Pictures, 7-2417; 18-6737-39, 6742 American scenes, 9-3027, 3031-32
rain of merchandise in desert of Central Asia. 5-1-.!

Deshines, Simon, arctic explorer
expeditions across Siberia, 8-2984
Desiderio, Italian sculptor, $13-\neq 605$
Design
Arabesque, 15-5466

cloth decoration, tied-and-dyed method, 1-232 geometrical drawing-card, 17-6264 history
in ancient pottery of Crete, 2-448 in ancient pottery of Greece, 2-450-51

Design (continucd)
making stencils for, 3-1155
pottery, directions for making, 14-5199
printed with sticks, 1-129-30
Pictures, Cretan vases, ancient, 2-448
Greek vases, ancient, $2-450-51$
Desman, animal, description, 1-320
Desmodus, bat, sucks blood, 1-316, 318
Des Moines. Citpital of Lowa, sithated at the confluence of the $R$ c.ccoon and Des Moines rivers. The surrounding $\mathbf{r e}$ yion is rich in vast deposits of bitmminous coat which has greatly aided the industrial frowth of the city. Its site is pie
turesque, on gently rolling hills.
Des Moines Rivel: American river, rising in
Lake Shetek, Minnesota. Flows into the Mis sissippi River. 450 miles.
De Soto, Hernando, explorations, 1-244
lirtures
portrait, 1-245
exploring in America, 1-249
Despreaux, Nicholas Boileau-, French critic
influence on literature, 4-1357
Destouy, Auguste, inventor, 18-6445
Destroyers of $1 . N$ Nill 18-5 16
Picture, torpedo-boat destroyer, 18-6821
Detector, use in radio sets, 17-6366
Detroit. Fourth largest city of U.S. A., in
Michigan. It has great manufactures of automobiles, besides tobacco, leather, druss, machin ery stoves and varnish, while its lake and river traftic is enormous.
descriptive notes, 17-6041-42
Hull's surrender, Wrar of 1812, 3-945
retaken from British, War of 1812, 5-1704
story, Wacousta, by Richardson, 9-3141-49
Pictures, 17-6041-42
Deucalion and Pyrrha, story of, 3-1114-15
De Valera, Eamon, leader of Sinn Fein, in Ireimul. 8-2!
Dovereux, Robert, sce Essex, $2 d$ earl of
Devereaux, J. Fi., American locomotive, 5-1617
Devilfishes, description, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 7 7 4}$
Devil's club, plant, 19-6936
Devil's paint_brush, weed, 15-5390-21
Picture, 15-5391
Devon, breed of cattle, description, 4-1262 Picture (gravure), 4-1268
Devonian period, "f (ienlum-I Ievomian period
De Vries, Hugo, Dutch hotanist, comments or plamt-br"ding. 4-13ss-911
Dew, formation of, 8-2922
Poem about. A Million Little Diamonds, 10-3644
Dewar, Sir James. Scottish chemist famous fol his work in the liquefaction of gases; born Kincardine, 1842; died, 1923
experiments with liquid air, 15-5425
Dewberry, fruit, 11-4020
Picture, fruit (in color), 11-40:3
Dewey, George (1837-1917). Admiral of the
Unitad states Nitrs In ixss destroyed the
Spanish fleet in Manila Bay
victory at Manila, 10-3588
Dewing, Thomas, American painter, 10-3454
De Wint, Peter, Dutch-English painter, 6-2234
Picture, Bray on the Thames, 6-2233
De Witt Clinton, train, 5-16:8
Picture, compared with modern locomotive, 5-1611
Dewpoint, temperature water condenses at,
Dexters, breed of cattle, 4-126:
Dholes, wild doss, 2-602
Diabetes, discovery of cure, 15-5493
iadumenus, statue by Polyclitus, 13-4218
Diagramma, fish
Picture, striped diagramma (in color), 16-5786
Dial telephone, descrintion and use, 17-6188
Diamond-back, rattlesnake, 15-5416
Diamonds

artificial, how made, 16-5944, 5946
cutting of, 19-7....
famous stones, 19-7232-34
sources of supply, 19-7:2
Oucstion about. Are there any diamonds in the sky? 2-458
Picture, Cullinan diamond, 19-7225 Pictures (in color) facing 19-7225


P'icture, statue, 12-4464

## GENERAL INDEX

## Diana of Ephesus

not the same as Greek goddess， $9-3277$ temple，see Ephesus
Diaphragm，part of body，structure，4－1326
Diaries in English literature，＊5－1727－30
Diatoms，one－celled plants，3－881
make up ooze in sea，7－2539， 2542 Picture，4－1275
Diatonic scale，in music，18－6698－99
Diaz，Bartholomeu．Portuguese navigator；born about 1445；lost at sea， 1500. sailed round Cape of Good Hope， 9.3048
Diaz，Porfirio，president of Mexico，19－7138， 7140
Diaz de la Peña，Narcisse，French painter，7－2370 Picture，Storm（gravure），7－2376
Dibdin，Charles，author of sea songs，10－3606 See also Poetry Index for poem and note Picture，portrait，10－3605
Dickens，Charles
＊life and writings，8－2731－37 as crusader against public abuses，8－2734－35 visits to U．S．，8－2736－37
writings
＊David Copperfield，quotations and summary， 8－2773－81
＊Old Man Named Scrooge，adaptation from Christmas Carol，17－6115
scene from Nicholas Nickleby，16－5683－89 See also Poetry Index for poem and note Pictures
portrait，in his study，8－2731
portrait，with characters from books，8－2733 portrait，with parents， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 6}$
Dickinson，John，American writer，12－4450
Dickinson，Mary Lowe，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Dicksee，Margaret，artist
Pictures
Sir Thomas Lawrence as a Boy，7－2329 Swift and Stella，5－1619
Dicotyledons，group of plants，3－885
developed in Cretaceous period，5－1660
Dictaphone，account of，1－265 basic idea of，17－6136
Picture and notes，1－264－65
Dictator．A person possessing unlimited powers or authority；one who rules absolutely．The name comes from the Latin word dictare，to dic－ tate．In times of anxiety and danger the ancient Romans appointed dictators for six months．
Diderot，Denis．French philosopher and writer： born，Langres，Champagne，1713；died，Paris， 1784.
worked at L＇Encyclopedie，18－6715
Dido，queen of Carthage，story of，3－1114 story of，in Fneid，6－1987－88
Diego Garcia，island，9－3184
Diervilla，plant，description，15－5608
Dies iræ，Latin for the Day of Judgment；lit－ erally，＂day of wrath．＇
Diesel，Rudolf，inventor of Diesel engines， 17－6406
Diesel engines，use in ships，17－6406
Diet，see Food
Diffusion of air in the lungs，4－1330
Digestion
＊Food end its uses，6－2185－88
bread，ease of digestion，7－2424
meats，ease of digestion，7－2568
milk，ease of digestion，7－2384
process of digestion
in stomach，6－2083－85
in intestines，6－2085－86
pepsin aids，6－2084
value of hydrochloric acid，6－2084 sugar，ease of digestion，6－2187 See also Food
Question about．Why is new bread more indi－ gestible than old？7－2486
Digitalis，mertirime．
extracted from foxglove，17－f13：1
Dijon．Capital of Cote－d＇Or，France，with a university and a beautiful Gothic cathedral．An important railway centre，it has flour and to－ bacco manufactures and an active trade in wine．
Dikes，Holland，15－天：isif
Poem about，Leak in the Dyke，by Phoebe
Cary 5－1777
Dillon，John，Irish leader，8－2！：4，
Dime，experiment showing refraction，12－4156 Dimple

Question about．What makes a dimple？12－4506

Dingan，Zulu king，9－3048
Dingo，Australian dog，2－712 Picture，2－603
Diniz，king of Portugal，14－5184
Dinornis，extinct bird，and Sir Richard Owel 2－5． 93
Picture．2－593
Dinosaurs，prehistoric animals，1－95；4－1402 si\％e of，14－5ンシ．
Pictuts，4－1＋1！
Dinotherium，prehistoric animal，5－1784
Diocletian，Roman emperor，reign of，5－1865－66 ordered catacombs closed，2－576
Diogenes．Greek Cynic Fhilosopher who lived in
a tuk；born，sinope，Asia Jinor，about 412 b．r．
died，Corinth， 323.
Dionysius，king of Sicily，as a teacher，8－2963
Dionysius，tyrant of Syracuse and Damon and Pythias，9－3064
Dionysius Exiguus，monk
and the Christian year，11－4151
Dionysius Thrax，Greek grammarian，3－702
Dionysus（Bacchus），Greek god，9－3227；16－5750
Diphtheria，antitoxin for，15－5492
Diplodocus，prehistoric reptile，size of，2－634 Pirture 1－25T
Diplomacy．The art or science of the carrying－ on of political relations between independent countries．Ambassadors are the highest in rank of the diplomatic representatives of a country Each important power or，nation sends ambas－ sadors to the other important powers．An am－ bassador，aided by a staff of trained helpers， conducts all state business leetwren his own country and the country to which he is sent．
Diploprion，fish．Picture（in color），16－5786
Dipper，name for constellation Great Bear． 6－19： 1
Dippers，birds，14－5147
Picture（in color），8－2898
Diptera，two－winged insects，17－6418
Dipterus，prehistoric fish， $\mathbf{4 - 1 1 7 6}$ Firfure，4－1177
Dipylon vases，ancient Greece，2－450 Picture，2－450
Directions，see Compass，Points of
Disarmament，Washington Conference， 1921 8－2674
Discobolus，statue by Myron，12－4220 Picture，12－4219
Discordia，goddess of discord，9－3234
Discount．In husiness dealines，at discount is a reduction made in the total of a bill for goods purchased if the purchaser pays cash．
Discovery，ship，in antarctic exploration，14－509？ Diseases
and chemical industry，13－4531
＊discovery of cures，15－5481－93
germs cause，2－558－59
insects cause，15－5488－92；18－6731－33
rats carry， $3-1134$
Questions about
Are we creating many new diseases？9－3355 Are we healthier than our ancestors？12－428i Do diseases ever disappear？14－5086
Why are not all diseases infectious？8－287？ Why are there some illnesses that we cannot get twice？2－461
Dishes
casting in plaster molds．directions for． 7－3511－12
of clay，how to make，14－5199－5200
See also Pottery
Picture，made by children，14－5190
Dislocations，first aid for，13－4847－48
Disputes
Question about．Why cannot two people decide disputes？6－‥5
Disraeli，Benjamin，Earl of Beaconsfield．Ving
lish prime minister and novelist；born，London 1．11！：dient thole．1－Q1． as a movilist，11－3\91－92 Pictures，portrait，11－3891 portrait，in group， $\mathbf{7 - 2 2 9 5}$ portrait．with mute．19－716 portrait，with parents， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 9}$
Dissenters，given civic rights in England，7－2：98 Distance

Questions about
How can we judge real or pictured distance？ 3－1 1： 6
How did the Jiomans measure distance 2－463

## GENERAL INDEX

District of Columbia．The federal district con－ taining the capital of the United States；area 70 square miles．Authority for establishing it Was given in the（onstitution（20－7．fit）and the site was selected by Congress．A tract lying on both banks of the Potomac and containing 100 square miles was ceded by Maryland and Virginia，but in 1846 the Virginia cession was returned．There is comparatively little manu－ facturing except for governmental purposes and most of the people depend directly or indirectly upon the government for a livelihood．Since 1874 the district has been governed by three commissioners appointed by the president．The residents have no vote though they pay taxes， but Congress pays a part of the expenses．

Nu．IVashington
Divers，sce Jiving
Divers，birds，11－4129－30
Picture，11－4129
Divine Comedy，poem by Dante，account of， and excerpt，17－6151－52
Divine right of kings，a theory of government in which the king could do no wrong．
supmorted hy Jamme I and Charles I of Eng－ land，6－1974． 1976

## Diving

＊description，12－4185－92
＊directions for，19－6955－58
how to breathe properly，4－1330
air breathed by diver purified with potash， 12－4186－8i
depth of，12－4185
diving－bell，12－4191
diving－dress，12－4185，4190， 4192
for sponges，8－2916－18
submarine air－room，12－4186
treasures recovered by，12－4186
Questions about
Why do we rise to the surface when we dive？18＝6557
Why must a diver have lead on his boots？ 16－5842， 5844
＊Pictures，with notes，12－4185－92
sponge fishing，8－2917－18
Divining rod．A forked rod，usually a branch of
hazel，sometimes used for discovering water or minerals underground．
Division of labor，see Labor，Division of
Dixie，smmer．｜ow writtern，18－t．．．11－
Dixville Notch，New Hampshire．Picture，7－2422
Dizziness
！！ustion almut．Why Jowe askythincs spin atound when we atre divgn？15－0．19
Dnieper．Jiviry of soluth lilssia－the third largest in Europe．Iaishle in the Valdat Hills．
 the corn－growing Ukraine，famous for its rich
 Fkaterinoslav，and empties into the Black Sea near Kherson．The Desna，Pripet and Beresina are its largest tributaries． 1,200 miles
Dniester．River rising in the Carpathians，in
 mania into the lilatck sir kot mile．s
Dobson，Austin．English poet and biographer；
born，Plymouth， 1840 ；died，Eoling， 1921.

Sec alio Poetry Index for poem and note
Dobson，Willam，British painter，6－こいい！
Picture．Portrait of Endymion Porter，6－2003
Dock，Great water，or Giant，16－5874， 5876 Picture 16－585
Doctor Johann Faust，note on，17－6268
Doctors of medicine，see Physi，insi－
Dodder，parasitic plant，1－332；19－6939
Dodecanese，islands，18－6459
Dodge，John，and sewing machine，19－7212
Dodge，Mary Mapes，writer for children，14－5015

Dodgson，Charles Lutwidge，…＇arroll，L．wis
Dodona，a wood，in mythology，9－3237
Dodos，extinct birds，1－94
itconmt il． $12-$
Dog days，origin of phrase，9．
Dog fennel，name for thoroughwort．19－7094
 Pinture，19－7094
Dog－hobble，plant，description，19．7083 Picture，19－7091
Dog rose
Pictue，fruit（in color），11－4027

Dog star，sce Sirius
Dog－tooth violet，on Pacific coast，19－6927－29
Doge．The chief magistrate of Genoa or Venrea in the days when those cities were independent republics．
Doge＇s Palace，Venice，4－1456， 1458
Dogfish，description，16－5893
Pictures，16－5895
common dogfish（in color），16－55783
Dogger Bank．North Sea submarine ridge pro－
Viding the chief fishing－ground of the Grimsby
Yarmouth and Lowestoft trawlers．Naval battlf
in World War， 1916.
note and picture，11－4056
Dogs
＊Friendly dogs，2－711－18
＊IVild rhuss，2－ラ96－602
African hunting dog，dhole， $\mathbf{2 - 6 0 2}$
ancestors of，2－711－12
Azara＇s dog，2－602
breeds of，2－712，717－18
bush dogs，2－602
crab－eating dog，2－602
dingos，in Australia，2－712
drawing of，how to make，4－1394
Eskimo sledge－dogs，2－717；7－2564
fables about
The dog and the shadow，11－3986
The dog and the wolf，17－6323
The dog in the manger，by Esop，14－4946
The old hound，4－1342
first appearance in geologic eras．5－1784
hunting dogs，2－718
intelligence， $2-712,717$
kennel，concrete，17－6259－60
kennels，how to make，16－5766
N Newfoundland，2－710， 718
raccoon dog，2－602
St．Bernard，2－710， 718
shepherd，2－717
stories about
Dog that knew his master，11－4139
Dogs who have done their bit，16－5735－38
Stickeen，12－4195－4
usi，to draw sleds，16－579t－95
Puems alont
Dog and the Water－Lily，by William Cowper． 7－2528
Elegy on the Death of a Mad Dog，by Oliver foldsmith，3－1141
Fidelity，by William Wordsworth，11－4115 Questions about
Do cats and dogs ever cry？17－6179
Why does a dos go round and round before it lies down？4－1231
＊Pictures，2－i10－19
dog－team，12－4339
dos－teams bring fed，7－2 194
Find of the Trail，by Maud Earl，2－711
＊various breeds（gravure）．2－713－16
wild dogs，wolves，etc．，2－597－603
Dog＇s－tail，fodder－grass，7－2410
Picture，with note，10－3655
Dogwood，trees，13－4774，4778－79
of Pacific coast，19－693．6－37
Pictures，13－4774．4779；19－6955
fruit（in color），11－4022
Doldrums
Qucstion about．What parts of the ocean are
Doll dressmaking，directions，2－619－20
Armenian doll，how to dress，10－3629
honnet for baby do11，12－1501
Dutch doll，how to dress，10－3630
Eskimo doll，10－3629－30
French doll，10－3510
German doll，10－3510
Hindu doll，11－4081
Hungarian doll， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 2 8 - 2 9}$
Italian doll，10－3．627－28
l：matnese doll，11－4081
Russian doll，10－3630－31
S：anish doll，10－3628
Swedish doll．10－3627
Pictures
fonnion diblls in（onstume（in enlor）facing 10－3510
Dollar，gold，16－5681
Dollman，J．C．，artist
Pictures


## Dolls

Christmas basket, how to make food for filling, 6-2043-44
clothespin dolls, $3-1030$
cork, how made, 2-514
dressmaking, see Doll dressmaking
Feast of Dolls, Japan, 2-574
Indian, how to make from straw, 18-6645
jewelry for, how to make, 4-1399
John Chinaman doll, made from peanuts. 3-512
mending head, 13-4737
Red Riding-Hood, how made, 2-516-17
Poem about. Lost Doll, by Charles Kingsley, 14-5129
Pictures
clothespin dolls 3-1030
colonial period, American, 3-973
made by Hopi Indians, 18-6620
Red Riding-Hood doll, 2-516-17
Doll's house, directions for making, 3-1150
Dolomites. Limestone mountain group in the Trentino, with jagged peaks and magnificent scenery.

## Dolphins

account of, 6-2218
varieties of, 6-2220
Picture, 6-2213
Domenichino (Domenico Zampieri), Italian painter, 3-1108
Domesday Book, 4-1439
Domestic animals, see Animals-domestic
Domestic architecture, see Architecture-domestic
Domestic science. For list of main articles, ser 20-7637-39
Domett, Alfred, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Dominic, St., life of, 13-4864
Picture, portrait, 13-4859
Dominica. British West Indian island, largest of the Leeward group; area, 305 square miles; capital, Roseau. It produces limes, cocoa, coconuts, oranges, spices and coffee, and has hot springs and a boiling lake.
Dominican Republic on island of Haiti, 19-71007101
rare stamps, $16-5887$
See also Haiti
Dominion Police, Canada, 16-5834

## Dominoes

games played with, 12-4375
tricks with, 12-4498
Domitian. Roman emperor, 5-1863
Domremy, France, birthplace of Joan of Arc, 16-5820
Don. River rising south of Moscow and sweeping through central Russia into the Sea of Azov. It passes Voronesh, Novo Tcherkask and Rostov, and drains 166,000 square miles, its chief branch being the Donetz. 1,125 miles,
Don John of Austria, see John of Austria
Don Marquis, sec Marquis, Donald Robert Perry
Don Quixote, by Cervantes, note on, 19-7128-29

* quotations and summary, 5-1629-38

Donatello (Donato di Eetto Bardi), Italian sculptor, 5-1739-40: 13-4604-05

## Pictures

Gattamelata statue (grav̌ure), 13-4615 groups of children (gravure), 13-4610-11 head of statue of David (gravure), 13-4614 portrait. 4-1455
singing gallery in chureh of san Lorenzo (gravure), 5-1745; 13-4610-13, 4616
statue of Donatello, 5-1735
statue of St. Georze (gravure), 13-4613 young child's head, 13-4615
Donelson, Fort. sif Fort Tonelson
Donizetti, Gaetaro, Italian musical composer, 19-6924

## Donkeys

account of, 6-2018-20
fable about, Donkey's wish, 15-5538
origin and use, 6-2020
Sre alsn Asses
Question abrut. How can a sonkey eat a thistle, thornc and all? 6-2124
Pirtures. 6-2n17. 20 119
Donkey's tail. Putting on, same. 18-f.519
Donnacona Indian chirf, welenmed Cartler and whs kilnapleul he lim, 2-fin
Ton't pive up the ship." when sair, 5-1704
Doodle-bugs, see Ant-lions
Dooloy, Mr, see Dunne, Finley Peter

## Doors

Question about. Why are the doors of rooms generally in a corner? 16-5962
Pictures, of burglar-proof ones, with notes 6-2024-25
Dor bug, see June bug
Dorcas, Christian disciple, story of, 1-124
Picture, 1-124
Dordrecht, Holland
Pictures, 15-5561
Doré, Paul Gustave, French painter
Picture, Cyrus the Great restoring sacred vessels to Jews, 3-917
Dorians, ancient Greek people, 3-1072, 1074
Doric Order, in architecture, 15-5343
Dormouse, 3-1133
Picture, 3-1129
Dorr's Rebellion. In 1842 Thomas William Dorr started a revolutionary movement to change the State Constitution in Rhode Island. He was sentenced to life imprisonment for high treason in 1844 but was released three years later and had his civil rights restored in 1851. Rhode Island adopted a new constitution a few months after Dorr's Rebellion.
Dortmund-Ems Canal, Germany, 13-4786
Dory, fish. Picture (in color), 16-5783
Doryphorus, statue of Polyclitus, used as Canon. 12-4218
Dostoevski, Feodor, Russian novelist, 19-6911
Picture, portrait, 10-3493
Dotterels, birds
Picture (in color), 9-3283
Doudney, Sarah, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Doughty, Thomas, American painter, 9-3332
Douglas, Sir James, called Black Douglas, and Bruce's heart, 12-4210
Douglas, Katherine, see Barlass, Kate
Douglas, Stephen Arnold
and Kansas-Nebraska iill, 7-2429
life, 10-3495
Picture, portrait, 10-3493
Douglas, William, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Douglas fir, wood of, 12-4249
Douglas spruce, wood of, 12.4249
Douglass, Frederick (1817-95). American Negro
orator and anti-slavery leader; minister to Haiti, 1889-91
Doulton, Henry, English potter, 5-1664
Douro. River of Spain and northern Portugal. Rising in the Pico de Urbion, it flows into the Atlantic below Oporto, passing Soria and Zamora in Spain and an important wine-growing district in Portugal. $485^{\circ}$ miles long, it is navigable for 90 miles, and has a basin of 37,500 square miles.
Douw, Gerard, Dutch painter, 5-1594
Pirturr. Young Mnther, 5-1591
Dover. Capital of the state of Delaware, and the county seat of Kent County. It is on the St. Jones River, 48 miles from Wilmington, in a good fruit-growing region and has fruit-canning and evaporating works.

Picture, Capitol, 11-3773
Dover. Kentish port on the Strait of Dover, with an important passenger-steamship traffic with Calais. The Roman Dubris, and later chief of the Cinque Ports, it was very important in the Middle Ages; the ancient castle has a fine Norman keep.
Doves, birds

* Pigeons and the doves, 12-4283-88
fabln about, Dove and the ant, by Esop. 14.4946
mourning or turtle dove, 12-4288; 14-5020-21, 5144
Poem about. The Dove, by John Keats, 3-1142 Pictures, 12-4287
nest, 13-4765
turtledoves, 12-4287
Pirturs. (in (mlor)
European rock dove, 9.3284
European stock dove, 9.3130
turtle doves, 8-2897
Dow, Gerard, see Douw, Gerard
Down. Maritime county of northern Ireland, area, 957 square miles; capital. Downpatrick. Cotton- and flax-spinning and the manufacture of linen and musin are leading industries, Newry and Newtownards being among tine chief towns Here are the Mourne Mountains.


## GENERAL INDEX

Down in the deep, deep sea, * 12-4185-92
Doyle, Sir Arthur Conan. English novelist and physician; born, Edinburgh, 1859
historical and detective stories, 11-3898
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Drachenfels, mountain of the Rhine, legends of, 18-6503-04
Drafts, of ships, 14-5003
Dragoman. Interpreter to an embassy or consulate in the Near East; also an agent for travelers. The word is from the Arabic. In Western Europe "courier" is used.
Dragon-boat, Festival of the, China, 2-430
Dragon-fly, larva of, 17-6066
Pictures (in color), facing 18-6720
Dragons, imaginary animals, description, 1-354 in legends, may have been woolly rhinoceros, 5-1828
Pictures, 1-358
Chinese, 1-355
flying-dragon, 1-354
St. George's fight with, 1-357
Drain pipes, earthenware, invented by Henry Ioultin, 5-166t
Drake, Edward I., and petroleum well, 3-996; 13-4534-35, 4543
Drake, Sir Francis, English mariner

* life and adventures, 14-4962-65
and Armada, with pictures, 5-1819
description of, for game, 8-3023
and potatoes, 7-2618
mended ship with asphalt in Trinidad, 19-7103 message, "Cantharides," about Armada, 18-6723 trip around world, 1-250; 8-2980; 14-4964
Poem about. Drake's Drum, by Sir Henry Newbolt, 16-5924
Pictures
portrait, 1-245; (gravure) 5-1821
scenes from his life, 14-1963
Drake, Joseph Rodman, author, 13-4629 See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Poem about. On the Death of Joseph Rodman Drake, by Fitz-Greene Halleck, 3-1142
Drake, ship, capture by John Paul Jones, 17-6326
Drakensberg Mts., Africa. Pictures, 9-3046, 3049
Drama
Canadian, 15-5374
English, see English poetry and English prose Hindu, 15-5461
Japanese, 15-5461
(ire ulst Plays
Dramatis personæ. Latin for "characters in a play.'
Dramatists of Shakespeare's time, 2-721-22
Draper, Herbert, artist
Picture, Heaven that Lies about a Child, 7-2635
Draper, John W., took first photograph of a person, 18-1.?
Drave. Largest tributary on the right bank of the Dammhe. li=ince th the Twen, it forme mueh of the boundary between Jugo-Slavia and Hungary. 465 miles
Dravidian architecture, in India, 15-5471
Drawing
animals, how to draw
camel, 6-2165
cat, 11-3855
cow, 18-6642
dog, 4-1394
frog, from circles, 5-1658
giraffe, 6-2165
horse, 2-628
monkey, 6-2165
owl, from circles, 5 -1658
panther, 6-2165
distorted pictures, how to make, 18-6644
faces. directions for making, with picture, 17-6261
rualit of line 5-17.16-11
queer pictures built up from squares, 2-753 rathit 's ears. trink inthr... 19-6.e.t
should express qualities of objects, 2-445
silhouette portraits, how to make, 19-7077
trick drawlas. 17-6"! 1
See also Lettering and main articles, 20-7635
Drawing a plg, game, 18-6519
Drawinc-card, how to use, 17-6264
Drawn-thread work, directions for, with pic-
Drayhorse. '.... 小. .1...... fo-2hl|


Dreadnanght. slif) P'tlure, 11-3917


## Dreams

causes of 5-1749
Ouestions about
Do animals have dreams as We do? 12-4398
Do we see ourselves in dreams? 17-6179
How do we know we have dreamed when we wake up? 6-2123
Why do I dream? 9-3099
Drebbel, Cornelius, made early submarine, 1-197
Dred Scott decision, meaning, 7-2429
Dredging, methods of, with pictures, 14-5082-83
Dreiser, Theodore, author, 14-5012
Dresden, Germany, note and picture, 12-4171
Picture, (gravure), 12-4179
Dresden china. A kind of fine porcelain first made in 1710 at Meissen, near Dresden, Germany, by Johann Friedrich Böttger, a chemist.
Dressmaking, see Doll dressmaking; Sewing
Dreyfus, Alfred, confined at Devil's Island, 19-7104
Drinking-basin, concrete, how to make, 14-5117
Drinkwater, John. English poel and dramatist. Abraham Lincoln and Mary Stuart are two of his best plays. Born, Leytonstone, Essex, England, 1882.
poetry on the stage, 12-4234
Dritzehn, Andrew, and Gutenberg, 9-3382
Driver, Stephen, named U. S. flag Old Glory, 19-7184
Dromedary, kind of camel, 5-1598
Drone-flies, 17-6423
Drongos, birds, 8-2968
Dropworts, plants, account of, 16-5880 note and picture, 16-5875

## Drowning

avoided by floating, 11-4082
directions for first aid, 17-6147-48
Drugs
effect on blood cells, 3-937
effect on sweating, 4-1419
See also Medicines
Drum, toy, how to mend, 13-4737
Drummond, Henry, author, 11-4003
Drummond, William Henry, Canadian poet 14-5108
Picture, portry ind, 14-5109
Dry cell, note and picture, 16-5664
Dry farming, in the West, 18-6432, 6434
Dryads, in mythology, 9-3237
Dryden, Joha

* life and work, 4-185:-5?
as essay writer, 8-2865
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Pieture, portrait. 4-1357
Drydock, Dewey, 17-6406
Drygalski, Erich von. antarctic explorer, 14-5094 Dublin. Capital of the Irish Free State. A Scandinarian settlement, during the Middle lew it was the eapital of the lineliwh riale while in the 18th century an Irish parliament was held here. It is important chiefly as a commercial centre, but there is a large brewing and agricultural irade, and much live stock is exported.

Picture, Sackville Street. 8-2935
Dublin Castle. Pictures, 8-,
Ducat. countries of Europe. It was issued first in the 11th untury hy lanew 11, Muke of Apmla, and pore the frilnwing latin insirpitims: "sit tihi, Christe, datus, quem tu resis, iste ducatus" (lard, thom rulset this dothes. th there in it medi-

Duccio di Buoninsegna, Italian painter, 2-691

Du Chaillu, Paul Bellosi. Iremeh Arican ex-
 (Leningrad), 1903; brought bodies of gorillas fromilation
Duck-billed platypus, see Platypus
Duck hawk, wee Perestine falmon
Dnck under the water, stme, $8-2=13$
Ducks

* account of, 11-3888-90
anecdote of, by Jack Miner, 8-2814
eider ducks, 11-3890
wood ducks, 14-5018
Questions about
How can a duckling swim without being taught? 15-5518
Why dres a duck keep dry in the water? 10-3580

Ducks（continued）
Pictures，11－3886－87
wood duck，14－5019
Pictures（in color）
American wood duck，12－4370
canvasback，12－4369
eider duck，8－2897
Gadwall duck，9－3284
king eider duck，12－4370
Mallard duck，8－2898
mandarin duck，12－4371
pintail，9－3282
pochard ducks，9－3132
shoveler duck，9－3130
teal ducks，8－2899
tufted ducks，9－3129
Duckweed，plant，4－1278
strange leaves of，2－615
Dudevant，Madame，see Sand，George
Dudley，Robert，see Leicester，Earl of
Duff，S．W．，translator of Eneid，see Poetry Index for translation
Dufferin and Ava，Marquis of，governor－general of Canada，4－1492
Duffield，Gं．，hymm－writer，$\quad \mathbf{1 2 - 4 + 3 8}$
Dug－out，primitive boat，11－3909
Dugong，sea mammal，6－ッ．214 Picture，6－2219
Du Guesclin，Bertrand，Constable of France， 10－3468
Picture，portrait．10－3，468
Duiker，animal．Picture，4－1440
Duluth．I＇ort at the w＋stern end of Lake Su＝ perior，in Minnesota．It has a splendid harbor and an immense trade in grain and timber．
Dulcimer，musical instrument，5－1795
Duma．Representative assembly of the Russian empire under the Tsarist régime．First formed in 1905，it worked under constant difficulties intil the Revolution of 1917

See also 16－5696
Dumas，Alezandre，the Eldex．French histor－ ical novelist and writer of plavs；born，Villers－ Cotterets，near Soissons，1803；died，Puys，near
Dieppe， 1870 ．Wrote or signed 257 novels．
＊Count of Monte Cristo，quotations and sum－ mary，18－6573－80
note on，18－6573
Pirfures mortraits．18－65：5．3．6716
Dumas，Eealier，French painter
Picture，Napoleon as a boy at school（gravure），
Dumbness
Qustion about．What makes smmes allatrently healthy people dumb？14－5222
Du Moncel，Théodore Achille Iouis，and micro－ hone，17－6246
Dunbar，Scotland，force of waves at．7－2542
Duncan $\mathbf{I}$ ，king of Scotland，12－ 2206
Duncan，Mary Lundie，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Duncan，Norman，Canadian author，15－5371
Duncan，Sara Jeannette，sce Cotes，Mrs．Everard
Dunciad，The，by Pope， $4-1359$
Dundee．Third largest Scottish city and port， on the Firth of Tay，in Forfarshire．Has great jute，hemp and flax manufactures，considerable shipbuilding，preserving，dyeing and engineer－ shipbuilding，preserving，dyeing and engineer－ ing industries，and is the chief
Dunedin．（hi解 mathitatmrise rentre of Now
Zealank，in sumth Islamd．It is alson a great wni－ versity and educational centre．
settlement of，7－2572， 2576
Pictures，7－2580
Dunk－a－doo．name for bittern，14－5020
Dunkirk．Northermmost lant of lraryta，on tho Strait of Dover．It has a fine harbor and con－ siderable manufactures

Dunlin，bird．Picture（in color），8－2898
Dunlop，J．B．，invented tire，4－1406
Pirture，on the Dunlop rubber estate，4－1405
Dunluce Castle，Ireland．Picture，8－2931

 Senttish thinker athl whmblmon of the Winche at ixford，then lewame mariacon of therologr． He removed to the Continent and won a reputa－ tion for vast learning．It was from Dums，ap－ plied satirically to a stupid person，that our word＂dunce＂came．

Dunstan，Saint，Archbishop of Canterbury，inc Hutnce of，8－2x 15
Picture，reproving King Edwy，8－2848
Duodecimal system of numbers，12－4397
Duomo，Florence，sce Florence
Dupleix，Joseph François，Marquis．French sol．
dier and administrator born，Landrecies，1697； died，Paris， 1764.
opposed Clive in India，8－2826
Dupré，Jules．French landscape－painter；born，
Nantes，1811；died，L＇Isle－Adam， 1889.
method of painting，7－2370
Ficture，（ireat oak（eraviure），7－2374
Duran，Carolus，French painter，8－2857－58
Durand，Asher B．，American painter，9－3332 Picture，landscape，9－3335
Durazzo．Ancient Dyrrhachium，Adriatic port． fousht by the serbialls as an olltet to ，he sea in 1912；opposition of Italy and Austria－Hun－ gary gave the port to Albania．
Durban．Commercial capital and port of Natal， with a fine modern harbor．A very handsome place，it is the greatest port on the African east coast，and exports much coal．

Picture， $9-3053$
Durbar．Court or council of a native ruler in
India；also an official reception or state cere－ mony．Specially magnificent durbars at Delhi have marked the proclamation of successive British sovereigns as emperors of India．
Direr，Albrecht，German painter and engraver． $4-13+1-4.5$
in Venice，4－1461
l＇irtures
portrait，4－1455；in group，4－1463
Adoration of the Magi，4－1346
drawings，4－1348
Nuremberg Town－band，19－7071
Portrait of a Young Man，4－1347
Portrait of Jerome Holzschuher，4－1347
Stephen Baumgartner as st．George， 4－1347
Durham，John Ceorge Iambton，1st earl of， governor－general of Canada
actions and report after rebellion of 1837－38， 4－1483－84
restored peace in Canada，3－946
Durham．Northern English county；area，1，013 square miles；capital，Durham．Containing one of the chief English coal－fields，it also produces iron，lead，salt and limestone；while the ship－ building，glass，chemical and woolen industries are important．
cathedral，16－5964
Picture，cathedral，16－5965
Durham，breed of cattle，description，4－1262
Durra，cereal，5－1856
bread made from，1－372
D＇Urville，antarctic explorer，14－5090
and Loyalty Islands，9－3304
Picture，portrait，14－5089
Duse，Eleanora．Italian tragedienne．Born， Vigevano，Italy，1861，died，Pittsburgh，Pa．， 1924，while on tour．She was Italy＇s greatest atetress and was the inspimation of many of Gabriele d＇Annunzio＇s plays．
Diisseldorf．tirrman tily on the Phine with Dust iron and cotton industries．
Dust
in space outside earth，10－3665
Qupstions about


Dustin，Mrs．Hannah，escape from Indians，3－778
Dutch belted，breed of cattle，4－1262
Dutch East India Company，early settlement in ふいいh Ifrica，9－？い
Dutch Guiana，see Guiana，Dutch
Dutch painting，see Painting，Dutch
Dutch West India Company，furmed in $1621_{4}$ 19－7099
Dutchman＇s breeches，plant，17－6275
Pirture，17－6272

## Duty


Ni，list，miler heading＂Conis＇let $r$ Life＂ 20－7676
Duveneck．Frank，American painter，9－3336
Duxbury，Masi
Pictur，Jnhn Alfen l．onses，2－5． 12
Dvorák，Anton，composer，19－6925－26
Dwale，see Nightshade－deadly
Dwarf cornel，see Bunch－berry

Dwellings，see Houses
Dwina，Northern．Russian river flowing into the White Sea． 1,000 miles long，it drains $140,-$ 000 square miles，and is free from ice for half the year．
Dyaks．Head－hunting cannibals of Borneo who belong to the Malayan division of the Oceanic Mongols．They live in huts built on piles．
Dyck，Sir Anthony van，see Van Dyck，Sir Anthony
Dyeing．The coloring by artificial means of silk，wool，cotton，straw，fur，leather，etc．，so that the colors thus given will not be removed easily through washing，light or other natural bleaching influence．The art of dyeing is very ancient and extended to all known peoples of the world．
Dyer，Sir Edward，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Dyer，John，poet，6－2028
Dyer＇s weed，flower
Picture（in colol＇），14－4390

## Dyes

＊plants producing，9－3152－54
aniline，13－4531－32
coal－tar．13－4531－32
from plants，5－1627
Dyewood，name for logwood，9－3153
Dying Gaul，statue，formerly called Dying Glad－ iator，12－1！60，$+\frac{165}{}$
Picture（gravure），4－1208
Dykes，we likes
Dynamite．A powerful explosive consisting of nitroglycerint with some itherrtrent．It is ex－ plorder hy a prycussion fust erontaining fulmi－ nating mercury．It has a disruptive force ten times as great as sunpowder．
Dynamos，see Electric generators
Dyspepsia．Stomach trouble or gastric derange－ ment whereby the nowers of digestion are im－ paired．
Dziggetai，animal，6－2＂－


E Pluribus Unum．The motto of the Finited States，from the Latin meaning＂Out of Many，
 Gireat Seal recommended to the Continental
Eads，James B．（1820－87）．American engineer and bridge builder．
Eagle．I gold coin of the［＇nitur］statces value $\$ 10)$ ，from the eagle on the reverse．There are also a gold double eagle（\＄20），a half eagle（\＄5） and a quarter eagle（\＄2．50）
Eagle－rays，name fo！fluiltis！ifs，16．5：74

## Eagles

＊account of，10－3756－58
fable allout，by Esop，4－1186

Pictions
golden eagle（in color），9－3129
sea eagle，10－：：－


Eakins，Thomas，American artist，10－：； Picture，Chess－players（gravure），10－3464

## Ear


＊Our wonderful canals，10－3425－27 diagrams showing structure，9－3305， 3307 earirum，9－3．306， 3308
first aid in bleeding，15－5600
how to remove something from，11－10－2 power to distinguish sounds，18－6438 Qumtimo alumt
Where should we look for the ears of $a$ fros？10－：


Ear－shells，Hollu－．．．小．－－ibthon，19－1；：？

Earl．Maud， 1111

Earl．Tille whirh in foudal time smeant that its holder was ruler of a county．In fireat lirit．

Earl（rontinurd）
ain and Ireland an earl ranks below a marquis and above a viscount．It corresponds to the title of count as used on the Continent．Hence， an earl＇s wife is a countess．
Rarle，Ealph，American painter
Picture，Lady Williams and child，3－969
Early，Jubal Anderson（1816－94）．American sol． dier，born in Virginia．He graduated from West Point，but resigned from the army to practice law；served in the Mexican War；entered the Confederate service，and served to end of war．
in the Shenandoah Valley，7－2442
Early days of Greece，＊11－3987－94
Early leaders of the Church，＊8－2843－50
Earrings
Question about
Are earrings good for the eyes？1－187
Ears，see Ear

## Earth

＊Big ball we live on，1－17－25
＊Earth and the moon．10－3535－44
＊Face of the earth，6－2169－76
＊Forests，woods and deserts，7－2415－21
＊How fire and water made the world，2－525－27
＊How sun and wind made the hills，2－629－34
＊How the earth was made，1－141－44
＊Inside the wonderful ball，2－385－89
＊Mountains and glaciers，7－2313－18
＊Firers and the seas，7－353才－42
＊This great world of ours，1－43－47
＊What climate means to us，8－2663－68
＊Why the seasons come and go，8－2791－94 area，square miles on surface，6－2169
axis slanting of，1－2．2
belts of vegetation，6－2170
contre heat of，2－3s
changes in，since first crust formed，1－20， 22
changes during Primary and Secondary geo－ logic eras compared，4－1401
sircumference，how measured，16－5742
cooling of，in early periods，1－144
crust，changes in，through time，facing 3－773
density of，2－386
diagram，showing position of sun and moon， 10－3535
dissipation of energy，15－5571－72
distance from sun and length of year，9－3180 \＆-1 H－1
＊formation of 2－5：ラーシ
heat of，and radium，2－387－88
interior heat，theories about．1－144
lost continent between Asia and Australia， 8－2717－18
maps
food plants，19－7247
show ing parts known，different periods，1－42 slowing waths of erlipses of the sun，16－inti showing time zones，16－5841
showing wr rld transportation，1－48
with note， $\mathbf{I - 4 5}$
motion
picture map showing rate of travel，1－239 llum of，1－24
spinning，effects of，1－22
Three wavs the earth moves，1－235－39
flumine on axic athd thatiling round sun． Mart abll＊xhlatation．1－15－19
＇a！＂ine：rale．Foles anil Equator．14－in35－36 oricin，theories of，1－143－44
population，1－46
rommdness，proved by appearance of ship $\mathbf{1 - 2 \%}$ shape of $7-264.3$
at early period，2－525
wize．2－
Ni\％e．2－\％
ज．
（1mblared with universe，1．17
in man！of kijus，9－3n？：
＊strata，or layers．2－631－34

weight compared to Mercury，9－3290
Sce al80 Geology：Glaciers：Mountains；Phys－ ical geography
Questions about
 （1），ouncl with it？1－31：？

 through the earth？15－5365
（ inlal the．asth maturt all the things that are horn？13－1827
Do the people of the Poles spin around like a to！？ $6 \cdot-25$ 2

## GENERAL INDEX

Earth－Questions about（continued）
Does everything in the air move with the earth？16－5746
Does the earth ever bump into anything？ 16－5740－41
Has the earth a light of its own like the sun？12－4398
How did men find out the earth＇s circumfer－ ence？16－5742
How do we know that the earth is in mo－ tion？15－5517
How does the earth turn without shaking？ 8－3013
If the earth is a ball，why does an earth－ quake shake only part of it？18－6554
If the earth is shrinking，shall we ever be toppled off？14－5218
If we could go wh traveling upward，where should we end？17－6175
Is the earth getting smaller all the time？ 6－2122
Is the earth quite round？7－2603
Is the inside of the earth a vast hollow？ 7－2610
Why did not the earth burn up when it was a ball of fire？4－1233
Why do we not feel the earth going round？ 11－3842
Why is the world light when the sun is behind clouds？16－5744
Will the earth ever be cool right through？ 18－6553
Will the world become like the moon？ 1－313
Would the earth seem to be up in the sky if we were on the moon？ $4=1452$

## Pictures

as seen from moon， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 3 7}$
crust of the earth in different ages（in color）． facing 3－773
diagram of orbit，9－3290
diagram showing why days vary in length， 8－2791
showing size，compared with flames of sun， facing 9－3171）
showing size，compared with sun，11－3921 showing size in solar system，9－3179
showing slant of axis，now and in future， 1－238
stages in formation，2－63？
＂Earth－bread＂from lichens，5－1628
Earth pillars
Pictures，with notes，6－2074
＇Earthly Paradise，＂name given to Damascus， 7－2543

## Earthquakes

in Japan，2－5．65
Questions about
How does an earthquake register itself on a machine？14－5219－20
If the earth is a hall，why does an earth－ quake shake only part of it？18－6554
What makes the earth quake？5－1811
Pictures
in Japan，1923，2－573
Earthworms
life history of，19－7143－47
Pirture，19－ 14 ？
Earwigs，insects，17－6070
Pictures（in color）facing 18－6720
Easel．Иणぃw to make，4－1w！？
East Cape，named by Captain Cook，8－2984
East India Company
became ruler of Bengal，8－2828
gave up power，after mutiny，7－2299
chils of．11－：3！1
East Indies．Archipelago lying between Asia and Australia，the greater part belonging to Holland．The Dutch East Indies include Su－ matra，Java，Celehes，tha，Mulneas atml barts of Borneo，Timor and New Guinea，and have altogether an area of 733,642 square miles．
lost continent．8－2717－18
East Jersey，Inmeriearl colony，2－55？
N＂
East of the Sun and West of the Noon，story by Kay Neilsen，5－1845－49
Easter，variatiom of late．6－2n9！
Qurstion about．How is the date of Easter fixed？16－5959
Easter eggs，how to make，10－3505
Easter Island，9－3298
Eastern Empire，see Byzantine empire

Eastern literature，see Oriental literature
Eastman，George，discoveries in photography， 18－6594
Eating，importance of chewing，6－1932
Nice also lood
Eaton，Wyatt，Canadian painter，10－3702
Eberle，Abastenia St．工eger，American sculptor， 14－4！ 40
Ebernberg，castle，legend of，18－650t
Ebony，wood，how to know，16－5982
Ebro．Only large Spanish river flowing into the Mediterranean．Rising in the Cantabrian Moun－ tains，it enters the sea near Tortosa，passing Logroño，Tudela and Saragossa． 440 miles．
Ecce homo．Latin for＂Behold the man．＂The expression used by Pilate when Christ appeared before the mob；also the title of a book by Sir J．R．Seeley and of famous paintings by Cor－ reggio and by Guido Reni．
Ecclesiastical architecture，see Church architec－ ture
Echidna，egg－laying mammal，7－2594－95
Pictures，7－2591
Echinoderms，group of marine animals，19－7069
Echo，character in mythology，9－3237
Echo，reflected sound，14－5：2t
in Mammoth Cave， $4-1302,1304$
question about，and answer，game，8－2742， そうか1
Question about．What makes an echo？12－4504
Eclipses，how calculated，16－5844
in 1925，description，9－3170
map showing paths，16－5843
Question about．How can we foretell an eclipse of the sun？16－5844
Pictures，sun in eclipse，9－3170， 3172
Economics，study of，14－5－ 43
＊Co－operation，18－6485－87
＊Distribution of wealth，17－6091－94
＊How wealth is created，15－5357－60
＊Money and why we use it，16－5679－82
＊Spending and saving，17－6359－62
＊Trade between nations，15－5589－91
＊Value，supply and demand，16－5933－36
＊Wealth and what it is，14－5243－46
For list of main articles，sue 20－7597－98
Ecuador．Equatorial republic of South Amer－ ica；capital，Quito．It lies among the Andes， and contains some of their highest peaks，not－ ably Chimborazo and Cotopaxi，the highest volcano．Cotton，cocoa，indiarubber，coffee，to－ bacco and medicinal plants are exported，chiefly through the port of Guayaquil．
description，19－6976－78
was joined to Colombia，19－6976
Pictures，19－6977
Eddas，ancient literature of Iceland，19－7009－10
Edentates，animals without efficient teeth， 7－2393－2400
Edessa，during Crusades，7－2586－88
Edgar，king of England，4－1436
fleet of，11－3916
ricture，in buat with vassal kings，8－2843
Edgar，Sir James，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Edgar，Pelham，Canadian historian．15－5368
Edgeworth，Lady，heroism of，8－2708
Edgeworth，Maria，author，6－2257；11－3894．
Picture，portrait，6－2255
Eddy，Mrs．Mary Baker，founder of Christian Science．14－5269－70
Picture，portrait，14－5．266
Edict of Nantes， 1598 ．Religious freedom in France estahlished．Huguenots were given equal political rights with Catholics，
Edinburgh．Capital of Scotland，on the Firth of Forth．An important commercial and edu－ cational centre，it is one of the finest and most historic places in Great Britain，among its many famous buildings being the castle，Holy－ rood l＇alace．the．Tollonoth，the rathedrals of St． Giles and sit．Mary，and John Kunx＇s house． The miversity，foriniterl in 158.8 ，has a famous medical school．It now includes the port of Leith on the Firth of Forth．
finmatine of．4－1

Ediphone，spe Dictaphone
Edison，Thomas Alva．American inventor
＊life and inventions．17－613．3－36
inventions
electric light．3－994：16－5938
kinetoscope，18－6594

E\&ison, Thomas Alva-inventions (continued) storage battery, 16-5678 talking machine, $1-262$
Pictures
portralt, 17-6132, 6243; 19-7058 portrait, with parents, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 5}$ with his first talking machine, $1-26{ }^{\circ}$
Edison batteries, description, 16-5678
Edition de luxe. French for a luxurious edition of a book.
Edmonton, Alberta, great fur market, 12-4342
Education

* Men who gave us schools, 14-5247-54 Canada, 4-1486 French Canadian, 8-2950-51 influence of United Empire Loyalists, 14-5104
public schools established, 4-1486
England
free education developed, 19 th century, 7-2293
under Alfred the Great, 4-1434
France, 11-3821, 3824
Germany, 12-4172
Indians, 19-7238-42
Ireland, early church schools, 8-2930
medical, in Middle Ages, 8-2724
Philippines, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 9 4}$
Poland, before partition, 13-4682
Spain, 14-5048
Spartan, 3-1074
United States, 9-3220
* Colleges and universities, 12-4307-10 and Horace Mann, 14-5254 colonial period, 3-966, 970
of girls, before modern era, 14-5268
Southern states, 14-4890
Pictures, 12-4309-18
See also Colleges and Universities
Educational games, see Games, Educational
Edward the Confessor, king of England, 4-1436
Edward I, king of England, life and reign, 5-1679-80
and Scotland, 13-4586
death of, note with picture, 5.1681
Edward II, king of England, 5-1680
Edward III, king of England, life and relgn, 5-1680, 1682
encouraged wool industry, 15-5576
tomb in Westminster Abbey, 5-1683
Edward IV, king of England, reign of, 5-1686
Edward V. king of England
murdered in Tower, 1-147-49; 5-1686
Picture, in Tower, with his brother, 1-149
Edward VI, king of England, reign of, 5.1817
Picture, portrait, by Hans Holbein (gravure), 5-1823
Edward VII, king of Fingland
Antarctic land named for, 14-5092
foreign policy, 7-2300
Picture, meeting princes in India, 8-2823
Edward, "the Black Prince," son of Edward III, 5-1682-83
radio picture, 17-6364
Edwards, Jonathan, 12-4447
Picture, portrait, 12-4445
Edwin, king of England, $4=1430$
Poem alout. Paulinus and Edwin, by F. T. Palgrave, 6-2246
Eel-goby, fish
licture (in color), 16-5787
Eel-pout, name for hake, 16-5780
Eels, account of, 15-5637
conger eels, 16-5778
eggs, number of, 15-5542
Pictures
conger eel, 16-5773: (in color) 16-5781
Egbert, first king of England, 4-1430
Egfrid, kins of Northumberland, and Cuthbert. with picture, 8-2847
Egg hat, game, directions for, 4-1400
Eggleston, Edward, American historian, 13-4823


## Eggs

as fuod. 7-256y
blrds' egg.
beauty of thamuln's egge, 12-4868
color, 3-1116
protection of, 8-2760
tutterflies uria moths', 18-6Eこ6-2? derelopment of, in trout. 15aiti3! Easter eggs, how to make, 10-3505 tishes. Immense number, 16-5542 how hatched, varluus reptiles', 7-2592

Eggg (continued)
laid by mammals, 7-2591-95
source of all life, 7-2591-92
toy boat from eggshell, 11-4083
Questions about
Does a heh know that chickens will come oul of her eggs? 12-4281
Is the white of the egg part of the chicken? 8-2871-72
Why cannot we break an egg if we hold it lengthwise? 12-4400-01
Why does a bad egg float and a good egg sink? 18-6553
Why have the eggs of birds so many colors? 3-1116
Why is a silver spoon blackened by egg? 18-6552
Pictures, eggs of American birds (in color), 13-4844
Eglantine, Fabre d', see Fabre, Philippe François Eglantine, see Sweet briar
Egmont, Mount, New Zealand, 7-2574
Egrets, birds, account of, 11-4007
feathers, cruelty of using, 11-4007
protection of, 14-5019
Pictures. 11-4004; 14-5017, 5019
Egypt. Kingdom of northeast Africa, almost entirely within the Nile basin; area, 350,000 square miles; capital, Cairo. A centre of civilization for thousands of years, and later a Roman province, 30 B.c.-A.D. 639, it was conquered by Moslem invaders, and became Turkish in 1517; the British occupied it 1882-1922. Egypt depends for its prosperity on the summer flood of the Nile, which fertilizes $5,400,000$ acres. Irrigation is enormously aided by the Assouan Dam and Assiout Barrage: the water stored by them enables huge crops of barley, wheat, beans, cotton and lentils to be raised. The people are engaged chiefly in agriculture, and are mostly Moslems, but there are over \&54,000 Coptic Christians and ahout 200,000 Europeans. Antiquities abound, notably the Pyramids and the ruins of ancient Thebes near Luxor. Alexandria, Port Said, Tanta, Assiout, Zagazig, Suez and Damietta are the chief towns.
climate, influence on architecture, 14-5210
huts of Egyptians, 5-1657
irrigation long practicerl, by simple method,

## 7-2543

Pictures
Assouan dam, 7-2553
cotton-carrying, 14-5169
wool-carrying on Nile, 15-5574

## Egypt, Ancient

* history, 3-807-21
conquest by Assyria, 2-656
agriculture and irrigation, 3-808
architecture, see Architecture, Egyptian
art, see Art, Egyptian
Hebrews in, 3-815-16, 818
horses of, 6-2014
immortality, belief in, 3-809-10, 814
leather, use of, 5-1549
literature, 3-814: 15-5463
medicine and surgery, 8-272?
models showing daily life, 3 -810
mummies, 3-812
musical instruments, 13-4594
use of harn. 5-1795
obelisks, 3-816
notterv industry, 5-1669
pyramids, 3-808-09; 14-5. 211
religion, 1-290: 3-810, 812, 814: 11-3875
worshiped Nile River, 7-2538
shins and boats, 11-3910-11
sphinx, 3-815; 11-3875
temples, description, 14-5211-12
time, how reckoned, 11-4132
tombs, 1-290-91; 3-808-10, 815; 14-5211
wall paintives, 1-291-92; 3-818
Writing, 10-3546
on papyrus and parchment, 10-3548, 3550
Question atrut. Why did the Feryptians use straw for their bricks? 12-450
Pictures, 3-807-21
boat collecting wool, 15.5574
Egyptian potter, 5-1663
from Book of the Dead. 15-545.9
linen from mummy, 9*3319
models of boats and other utifects, 3-807. 809: 11-3911


## GENERAL INDEX

## Egypt, Ancient-Pictures (continued)

mummy picture, 2-452
Nile gods: bas-relief from temple, 11-3873
pyramids, $3-811,819$; (gravure), $7-2606$; 14-5214
sculptures (gravure), 11-3877-79
sphinx, 1-352; 3-819; (gravure), 11-3878
temples, 3-813; (gravure), 14-5213-16
Tutankhamen, relics (gravure), 3-frontis. wall paintings, 1-289; 3-820-21; (in color), 1-293-95
Ehrlich, Paul, German physiologist
discovered salvarsan, 15-5492
l'icture, portrait, 15-5481
Eiders, ducks, 11-3890
Pictures (in color)
king eider duck, 12-4370
northern eider duck, 8-2897
Eidophone, definition, 10-3554
how to make, 17-6145
Eielson, Carl B., Alaskan aviator, 1-184
Eiffel Tower, Paris, height, 18-6556
'icture, 17-6234
Einstein, Albert
theories of light, 16-5808-09
theory of relativity, 14-5181
Eira, ship, in arctic exploration, 13-4713
Ekaterinburg, Russian mining centre in the
Urals, with iron and copper industries and two cathedrals. Tsar Nicholas II and the royal family are said to have been killed there in 1918.

Elaine, of Astolat, story of, 16-5823-24
Eland, animal, 4-1443
Picture, 4-1442
Elasmosaurus, prehistoric animal, 5-1660
Elba. Italian island off the coast of Tuscany; area, 90 square miles; capital, Porto Ferrajo.

Napoleon's retirement in, 6-2207
Elbe. German river rising in Bohemia and flowing into the North Sea. Navigable for most of its course, it passes Dresden, Meissen, Magdeburg, Hamburg, Altona and Cuxhaven, and has an immense trade. The Moldau, Eger, Havel and Saale are its tributaries, and its basin covers 57,000 square miles. 725 miles.
Elberfeld. German textile, dyeing, and ironand steel-making centre in Rhenish Prussia. It is connected with Barmen by a hanging railway.
Elder, Mrs. Lilla T., see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Elder, Swamp, shrub, 13-4780, 4782
Elder tree, account of, 12-4384
marsh elder, 14-5161-62
things to make from branch of, 9-3254
Pictures
fruit of (in color), 11-4025
marsh elder. 14-5161
tree and blossom, 12-4385
El Djem, Tunis
Picture, Roman Colosseum (gravure), 15-5353
El Dorado. Literally "the gilded," an imaginary city or district abounding in gold, supposed by the Spaniards of the 16 th century to be $n$ South America.
Eleanor of Castile, wife of Edward I of England memorials, Eleanor crosses, 5-1680; 16-5971 saved husband's life, 5-1679
Picture, Queen Eleanor's cross, Geddington (gravure), 7-2303
Election. The choosing by vote to fill an office or to membership in a society, as by ballot, uplifted hands, or by word of mouth. In law, the choice of an alternative course.
Election Dav. 6-2093; 20-7565
Electoral College. In the United States the body of presidential electors of a state, also the whole body of presiriential electors comnosed of the electoral colleges of the several states.
Electric batteries, discovery, 16.5671
first Voltaic cell, 4-1251
storace batteries. 16_5676-78
varieties of. and explanation, 16-5672-73
Pictures. various types, with explanation, 16-5654-68

## Electric bells

how constructed, 16.5798, 580n
Pinture, with explanation, 16-5801
Electric dynamo. 4-1252
Electric elevator, description, with diagram, 4-1217-19
Electric fish, gives electric shocks, 4-1243; 16-5665

Electric Surnaces
account of, and uses, 16-5944, 5946-48
Picture, with explanation, 16-5947
Electric generators

* account of, 16-5673-74
discovery by taraday, 4.1252
explanation, with diagrams, 16-5667
in automobile, 19-7032
Picturcs, 10-3681; 16-5665, 5668, 5806; 17-6367
Electric lamps
are lamp, 16-5937-38
description, 3-994
how made, 16-5939
in moving-picture studios, 18-6597-98
kinds of, 16-5937-40
use in diving, 12-4187
See also Electric lighting
Question about. What makes the glow in an electric light? J-1608
Picture; diagram showing how light is produced, 16-5939
Electric lighting
* history of invention, and explanation, 3-993-94 how to fix in cellar, 6-2167
how to repair extension cord. 6-2045
Electric locomotives, see Locomotives, Electric
Electric machinery; first machine invented by Guericke, 4-1244
Electric measurements, 16-5674-75
Electric meterg, 16-5675
Electric power, in U. S., 9-3212; 15-5430
Electric power distribution, 16-5673-74 transmission, 16-5675
Plectric ray, see 'lorpedo, fish
Electric shock, treatment for, 16-5981
Electric sun, 16-5948
Electric switchboard
Picture, with explanation, 16-5669
Electric transmission, see Electric power distribution


## Electricity

* Electric light and heat, 16-5937-48
* Men who found electricity 4-1243-54
* Story of electricity, 16-5665-78
* What electricity can do, 16-5797-5806
conductors of, Gray's experiments, 4-1246
currents, 4-1246, 1248
discharges of, in thunderstorm, 16.5670
Edison's inventions, 17-6133-36
electric waves, see Hertzian waves
experiments to try at home, 5-1773-74
first manufacture by chemical action, 4-1251
fog dispersal, connection with, 3-981
history of study of, 16-5665-73
how produced by water power, 15-5429-30
in raindrops, 8-2924
in the atom, 12-4290-92
name, derivation, 4-1244
negative, $4-1246$
how generated, 5-1773
nerves' response to, 13-4596
positive, 4-1246
how generated, 5-1773
relation to light and heat, 17-6080-81
stimulates sense of smell, 11-3956
uses on ships, 12-4416, 4421
See also Telegraph; Telephone; also headings beginning with Electric
For list of main articles, see 20-7632
Questions about
Does electricity affect the growth of plants? 7-2609
What is meant by a fuse in talking about electricity? 6-2250
Electrochemistry
electric batteries, 16-5671-73
storage batteries, 16-5676-78
Electromagnetic theory
stated by Clerk Maxwel1, 4-1253
Electromagnetic waves, see Radio waves
Electromagnetism, 16-「671-74
Henry's quantity magnetism, 4-1252
Oersted's discoveries in, 4-1251
Sturgeon's invention, 4-1253
use in industries, 16-5796-5802
Electromagnets
* description and uses, 16-5797-5802
improved by Joseph Henry, 17-6238
Pictures, 16-5796, 5799
Electrons
atoms formed of, 12-4289-90
discovery of, 12-4290
by Sir James Thomson, 4-1254
alectrons（continued）
motion of，12－4292
movement in atom，16－5808－09
relation to ether，8－2874
relation to light，16－5808－09
relation to matter，12－4159
theories about．13－\＄666－68
Flectroplating，process，explanation and use， 4－1308，1311；16－5802，5804
Pictures，4－1308， 1311
Electroscope，detects electricity，16－5670
directions for making，5－1574
Electrotyping，account of，9－3390
Elegy，definition，l－223
Elements，with their chemical symbols and atomic weights

| Aluminium | Al | 27.1 | Molybdenum |  | 96 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Antimony | sb | 120.2 | Neodymium | Nd | 144.3 |
| Argon | Ar | 39.9 | Neon | Ne | 20.2 |
| Arsenic | As | 74.96 | Neoytterbi |  |  |
| Barium | Ba | 137.37 | （see Ytt | biu |  |
| Beryllium or |  |  | Nickel | 入i | 58.68 |
| Glucinum | Be | 9.1 | Niton | Nit |  |
| Bismuth | Bi | 208 | Nitrogen | N | 14 |
| Boron | B | 10.9 | Osmium | （1）． | 190.9 |
| Bromine | Br | 79.92 | Oxygen |  |  |
| Cadmium | Cd | 119.4 | Palladium | Pd | 106.7 |
| Cæsium | Cs | 132.81 | Phosphoru | P | 31.04 |
| Calcium | Ca | 40.07 | P＇latinum | Pt | 195.2 |
| Carbon |  | 12 | Potassium | K | 39.1 |
| Cerium | Ce | 140.25 | Praseo－ |  |  |
| Chlorine | Cl | 35.46 | dymium | Pr | 140.9 |
| Chromium | Cr |  | Radium | Ra |  |
| Cobalt | Co | 58.97 | Rhodium | Rh | 102. |
| Columbiu | Cb | 93.1 | Rubidium | Rb | 85.45 |
| Copper | Cu | 63.57 | Ruthenium | Ru | 101.7 |
| Dysprosiu | Dy | 162.5 | samarium | Sa | 150.4 |
| Erbium | Er | 167.7 | scandium | Sc | 44.1 |
| Europium | Eu | 152 | Selenium | Se | 79.2 |
| Fluorine |  | 19 | Silicon | Si |  |
| Gadoliniu | Gd | 157.3 | Silver | Ag | 107.8 |
| Gallium | Ga | 70.1 | Sodium | Na |  |
| Germanium | Ge | 72.5 | Strontiu | Sr | 87.63 |
| Glucinum |  |  | Sulphur |  | 32.06 |
| （see Ber | lium |  | Tantalum | Ta | 181.5 |
| Gold | Au | 197.2 | Tellurion | Te | 127.5 |
| Hafniur | Ha |  | Terbium | Tr | 159.2 |
| Helium | He |  | Thallium | Tl |  |
| Holmium | Ho | 163.5 | Thorium | Th | 232.15 |
| Hydrogen | H | 1.008 | Thulium | Tm | 168.5 |
| Indium | In | 114.8 | Tin | Sn | 118.7 |
| Iodine | I | 126.92 | Titanium | I | 48.1 |
| Iridium | Ir | 193.1 | Tungsten | $1{ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |
| Iron | Fe | 55.84 | Uranium | ＋ | 238.2 |
| Krypton | Kr | 82.92 | Vanadium | V | 51 |
| Lanthanum | La | 139 | Xenon | X | 130.2 |
| Lead | Pb | 207.2 | Ytterbium |  |  |
| Lithium | Li | 6.94 | or Neoyt－ |  |  |
| Lutecium | IM | 175 | terbium | Y＇ | 73 |
| Nagnesium | Mg | 24.32 | Yttrium | Y | 89.33 |
| ancanese | Mn | 54.93 | Zin | Zn | 65.37 |
| rcury | Hg | 200.6 | Zirconium | Zr | 90.6 |

＊account of，12－4289－92， 4403
classification，12－4291－92
different lights，or spectra，of atoms，16－5812 five necessary to life，2－664
kinds not found on earth，14－508
relation to hysirngen and helium，1－20
vary in tendency to combine， $12-4405$
Elephant Island，14－5101

## Elephants

＊account of．6－2139－47
training of．8－2715
use by Carthage in war，4－1194
Question about．Has an elephant a bone in its trulk？7－2？6．
Pictures．4－1195；6－2139－47
drinking in the Ganges，8－2827
Gwalior state elephants（gravure），8－2836 showing skeleton，7－2361
warking in rice fi．l．1．5－1く57
Elensls．tample of reres，9－3227
Elevators
＊How elevators go up and down，4－1215－19 invention of，19－721？
fífuris． $4-121$ i－19
elevators in the Middle Ages， 4.1216
Elevators，Grain
Pictures，1－377；8－2802
in Salina，Kansas，17－6039
Rumanlan，at Braila，14－4928

Elgar，Sir Eaward，English musical composer， 19－6926
Picture，portrait，19－6912
Elgin，James Bruce， 8 th earl of，governor－gen－ eral of Canada，4－1486， 1488
Elgin，Thomas Bruce，7th earl of，took statues from Parthenon，8－3009；12－4222
Elgin marbles，statues in British Museum， 8－3川19；12－4ン2゙
E1 Greco，see Greco，El
Elijah．An Israelitish prophet whose dramatic story is told in the Books of Kings．He fear－ lessly rebuked the evil doings of King Ahab， always asserting the superiority of Jehovah to the other gods．He held no official position， sometimes communing in the desert alone， sometimes appearing at court．Finally he ex－ perienced translation，being carried on a whirl－ wind to heaven．
Eliot，George，pen name of Mary Ann Evans Writings of，11－3896
Pictures，portrait，11－3891
portrait，with father， 15.5619
Eliot，Henrietta Robins，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Eliot，John，missionary to Indians，18－6634－36
Picture，preaching to the Indians，18－6635
Eliot，Sir John
defiance of Charles I，6－1976；11－3848－49
Picture，portrait，11－3845
Elizabeth，queen of England，5－1817－20 and Mary Queen of Scots，12．4214
and Sir Walter Raleigh，14－4966－67
sardonyx ring and Earl of Essex，19－7229－30
sent ambassador to India，8－2823
Pictures
portrait by Zucchero（gravure），5－1821
portrait，with parents，15－5617
scenes in her life（gravure），5－1824
Elizabeth，sister of Louis XVI of France，and Marie Antoinette，6－2010
Elizabeth Christine，queen of Prussia，11－4046
Elizabeth of Eungary，St．Born at Preshurg．
Hungary，1207，daughter of King Andrew II of Hungary＇and a lover of the poor from child－ hood．She died in 1231，at the age of 24 ，from hardship，after living in a dilapidated hut and devoting her life to caring for the poor．
Elizabethan age，England
broadening of thought，2－722
dramatists，2－721－22
English literature in，3－1117－25
music of，16－5743－44
Elizabethan sea－dogs，＊14－4959－71
Elk，animal，4－1＋4र
American，or wapiti，4－1446
incorrectly called moose，4－1448
Picture，4－1443
Elleck，fish．Picture（in color），16－5781
Ellerton，John，hymns of，12－4437
Sre also Poetry Index for poem and note
Elliott，Charles Ioring，American painter， 9－3330
Picture．Portrait of Mrs．James C．Griswold， 9－3329
Elliott，Charlotte，hymn－writer，12－4437
Elliott，Ebenezer，＂Corn Law rhymer，＂3－1135； 12－4229
Picture，portrait．12－4227
Ellis Island，in New York Harbor，since 1891 S Immierant station
Ellsworth，Isincoln．American engineer and Holar explorer．Tinrn， 18 \＆ 1 ．Ifter graduation from Columbia University went on important geological and exploring expeditions in Canada， Yucatan and the Andes．In 1925 accompanied Captain Roald Amundsen on his unsuccessful attempt to reach the North Pole by airplane． In laPf was nuf of the farthrs of the Ammindsen－ Ellsworth－Nobile expedition which crossed the lala from suitzherean to llaska hy the airship Norer in May，ly？f．Filsworth financed，in larere part，these last two expeditions．
Elm trees
description，and varietfes，12－4252
flowers and fruit．17－6273－74
note on．12－15：16
Pirturs，12－1 $\because 5:$ ， 1516
Fnglish．fruit if（in molor）．11－4n？8
Elsie Sexies of books，note on，14－5015
Elsinore，or Felsingör．Danish port on the Sound，In which Shakespeare lays the scene of Hamlet．

Ely. City of Cambridgeshire, England. The splendid cathedral, begun about 1083, embraces every style of architecture from Early Norman to Late Perpendicular.
Elyot, Sir Thomas, stories from his book Governour, 8-2963
Elysium, account of, 9-3237
Emancipation Act, 1829 . Act which freed Roman Catholics from civil and religious disabilities in the United Kingdom.
Emancipation of the Slaves. Act of August, 28,1833 , by which slavery was abolished throughout the British colonies.
Emancipation Proclamation of Lincoln, terms of, 7-2436
Picture. Lincoln and Cabinet discussing Emancipation Proclamation, 7-2426
Embargo. As applied to shipping, a government decree forbidding the entry or departure of commerce at ports, if on enemy's ships a hostile embargo, if on domestic a civil embargo. Applied generally, a prohibition imposed by law on commerce in any branch.
Embroidery
directions
huckaback table-cover, 14-5118
sampler, 19-7081-82
table-cover in appliqué work, 16-5891-92
patterns, Hungarian, 10-3628
Picture, ancient Egyptian and Arabian, 9-3319 Embryo. A young organism in the early stages of development. In botany, the germ which forms within the ovule on fertilization and which becomes the principal part of the seed; in physiology, the unborn young up to the time of birth.
Embryology. The science which deals with the formation and development of embryos.
Emelye, Romance of the Iady, by Chaucer 13-4771
Emerald, account of, 19-7228
"evening emerald," name for peridot, 19-7230 Picture (in color) facing 19-7225
Emergencies, see First aid
Emeritas. Latin for "retired"; generally applied to a professor.
Emerson, Ralph Waldo, life and writings, 13-4630
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Pictures
portrait, by Tobin, 13-4630
portrait, with parents, 15-5616
home at Concord, Mass., 13-4631
Emery. A variety of cormindum, containing chiefly alumina and oxid of iron. It occurs both massive and disseminated, being found in Asia Minor as lumps in crystalline limestone. Most of the emery used in America comes from Turkey, but emery occurs in Massachusetts, New York, North Carolina and Georgia. On account of its great hardness it is used for grinding. cutting and polishing.
Emigration. The departure from the place of abode for residence in another. Immigration is the same but viewed from the point of view of the country which receives the new-comer, or immigrant. In the United States admission is regulated by quota from each country ( 2 per cent of the number of persons born in that country who were residents of continental United States as shown by the 1890 Census). In Canada it is by selection.
Emilias, Prince, of Hesse Darmstadt, story about, 4-1256
Emin Pasha (Eduard Schnitzer). African explorer, 2-47n
Picture nortrait 2-165
Emmet, Bobert (1778-1803). Irish patriot and orator, a leader of the United Irishmen who in 1803 headed an unsuccessful rising in Dublin. Escaped to the mountains, but returning to take leave of his fiancée, he was arrested, tried for treason and hanged.
Emmett, Daniel Decatur, song-writer, 18-6511-12

## Emotions

* account of, 12-4441-44
effect on body through suprarenal glands, 9-3223
effect on character, 12-4441
relation to instincts, 12-4441-43
relation to poetry, 4-1379
Question about: Whhy do we hecome exclted when we are pleased? 17-6179

Empress of Britain, shîp, lounge
Picture, 12-4428
Empress of Scotland, ship. Picture, 12-4414
Ems. German river rising in the Teutoburgei Wald and flowing into the Dollart near Emden. 210 miles.
Emus, birds, 13-4657
Picture, 13-4654
En passant. French phrase meaning "in pass-
ing"; by the way; also a term used in chess.
Enamel, of tooth, 6-1930
Enameling in Babylonia and Persia I-292, 297
Enchanted Cave of Richmond Hili, legend,
17-6324
Enchanted lyre, explanation of, 17-6237
Enchanted Mesa, Arizona
Pirture, 9-3027
Encke's comet, 10-3671
Enclosuxe acts, England, effect on agriculture and laborers, 7-2294
Encyclopedias
early ones, by Chinese, 2-429, 432
Roger Bacon's, 13 th century, $5-1572$
Question about: What does encyclopedia mean? 1-74
Encyclopedists, group of French writers, 18-6715
Endeavor, ship of Captain Cook, 7-2571
Ender, Eduard, artist
Picture, Shakespeare reciting before Queen Elizabeth, 2-725
Enderby brothers, and antarctic exploration, 14-5090
Endicott, John, Puritan leader, 2-548
Endive, vegetable food, 7-2616
Energy
radiant, given to earth by sun, 8-2664
usefulness may be lost, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 7 1}$
Energy, Conservation of, sec Conservation of
Engadine. Valley in the Swiss canton of Grisons, traversed by the Inn. Here are St. Moritz and Pontresina
Eingine, Traction, see Traction engine
Engineering
For list of main articles, see 20-7629-32
Engines, efficiency of, as to work vs. heat produced, 15-5570-71
automobile, 19-7029-32
internal combustion, 17-6406
reciprocating, 12-4416
Question about Why does a railway engine puff? 15-5366
Pictures
oil-electric, 16-5678
on shipboard, 12-4424-26
reciprocating on ship, 17-6405
See also Diesel engines; Gas and oil engines; steam enyimes, Locomotive.
England. Southern and largest country of Great Britain; area, 50,900 square miles; capital, London. Divided from Scotland by the Cheviot Hills, it contains in the north the Lake District, the Pennine Chain, and the Cumbrian Mountains, with Scawfell Pike ( 3,210 feet): the centre and east are generally flat, and the south largely undulating downland. The largest rivers are the Thames, Severn, Trent, Great Ouse and Yorkshire Ouse, but the Tyne, Tees, Lower Avon and Mersey are among the most important. The chief industrial areas are in the North and North Midlands, where coal is found over a large area. Northumberland and Durham are famous for their shipbuilding and chemical trades: Lancashire for cottons and engineering: Yorkshire for woolens, worsteds, iron and steel; Cheshire for salt; and the Midlands for hardware, pottery, hosiery and lace. London, however, is easily the most important commercial centre, while agriculture and stockraising flourish almost everywhere. There are valuable North Sea fisheries. The greatest industrial centres are Birmingham, Manchester, Sheffeld, Leeds; and Bradford, Liverpool, Bristol, Hull, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Portsmouth, Plymouth, Southampton, Sunderland and Birkenhead are famous as ports.
atriculture. ser I ariculture-Fnglanत
architerture. ser Architecture. Fnalish
army, reorganized by Lord Haldane, 7-2300
art, see Architecture, English; Painting,
English: Sculpture, English
canals, 13-4786

England (continued)
colonies and dependencies

* Outposts of empire (islands and smaller dependencles), 9-3181-91
* African, 9-3047-58

South Africa, 9-3048, 3050
American
compared with French, 3-777-78 restrictions on trade, 4-1158-59

* Australia, the great south land, 7-2463-73

British Empire, extent of, 14-4959 founded by Elizabethans, 14-4959 population, 5-1605-06
Canada, relations with, $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 3 4}$ See also Canada
India

* How India became an empire, 8-2821-36
* India, the pearl of the East, 8-2695-2702 Pictures (gravure), 8-2829-36
* Ireland, story of, 8-2929-42
islands in Polynesia, 9-3298
* New Zealand, the beautiful dominion, 7-2571-79
relation to mother country, 7-2299
West Indies, 19-7099-7100, 7102-03
commerce
early trade with India, 8-2824
with Russia, founded by Chancellor, 8-2982
education
free education developed, 19 th century, 7-2293
under Alfred the Great, 4-1434
European continent, formerly part of, 16-5840 flag, 19-7182
foreign relations
under Charles II, 6-1980
under Cromwell, 11-3847
fruit, 6-2057
furniture, 18-6768-72
geologic history in Cretaceous period, 5-1659 government
king's power lessened under Hanoverians, 6-2097-98
oppressive laws, early 19 th century, $7-2298$
prime ministers, growing power of, 6-2097-98
vote granted to various classes, 19 th century, 7-2298
See also England-Parliament
history (arranged chronologically)
early period
* earliest times to end of Roman period, 4-1315-24
* after Roman occupation to William the Conqueror, 11 th century, 4-1429-39
Norman Conquest to Tudor period
* Norman Conquest through reign of Henry III, 5-1565-72
* Edward I to Henry VII, 5-1679-86 peasant uprising under Wat Tyler, 5-1683 war with Wales under Edward I, 5-1679-80 Wars of the Roses, 5-1686
wars with France, 14 th and 15 th centuries, 5-1682-84; 10-3433-34
wars with Scotland, 13 th and 14 th centuries, 5-1680
Tudor period
* Henry VII to Elizabeth, 5-1813-20
* Elizabethan mariners, 14-4959-71

Stuart period

* James I to William and Mary, 6-1973-81
* Civil War, Cromwell's time, 6-1976-78; 11-3846-52
Jacobite rebellion, 6-2098
and Prince Charlie, 15-5639-44 John Milton and English history, 4-12:28
18 th century through Napoleonle Wars
* From the Stuarts to Napoleon, 6-2097-2103 French Revolution, effect of, 6-2101-02 wars with American colonies, 6-2100-01 See also Revolution, American
wars with Napoleon, 6-2102-03; 2201-08
* 19th century, 7-2293-2300

War of 1812, with U.S., 5-1703-06
Boer War, 7-2299-2300
For limean of main article
For list of main articles, see 20-7589
Pictures, about history, sce articles above marked with stars
industries
change from agriculture to inanufactures, 7-2293-96
geographical division of labor, 14-5245
in Napoleonic Wars, 6-2103
in Stuart period, 6-1980

England-industries (continued)
wool industry, 15-5576
established by Edward III, 5-1683

* Ireland, relations with, 8-2932-40

Labor party, 7-2300
legends
of places, 17-6324
See also Arthur, King
Magna Carta granted, 5-1571
manufactures, development in 19th century, 7-2293-96
map, when joined to Europe, 16-5840
name, meaning, 2-461
navy
beginning, under Alfred, 4-1432
customs, 4-1354
18th-19th centuries, 11-3918-19
reorganized by Admiral Fisher, 7-2300
under Alfred and Edgar, 11.3914, 3916
painting, see Painting, English
Parliament
and-Charles I, 6-1976
electoral reform, early 19th century, 7-2293. 2298
first meeting, 5-1572
presiding officers, 11-4135
Samuel Johnson, reporter in, 5-1870
Pictures, Parliament dissolved by Cromwell. 6-1977, 1979
patriotic songs, see England-songs, patriotic poetry, see English poetry
population of Great Britain, 5-1665-06
religion
Christianity introduced, Roman period, 4-1322
Christianity preached, Anglo-Saxon period, 4-1430
history of church to King John, 8-2844-50 Roman wall, with pictures, 4-1318-19, 1323 sculpture, see Sculpture, English
slavery in, 8-2845
social conditions
18th century, 6-2101-02
19th century, 7-2293-98
songs and song-writers, 10-3606
songs, patriotic
A Hymn of Empire, by F. G. Scott, 10-3483
England, My England, by W. E. Henley, 7-2365
God Save the King, by John Bull, 18-6651
Rule, Britannia! by James Thomson, $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{- 4 8 6}$
Ye Mariners of England, by Thomas Camp bell, 2-609
tariff, see Tariff in England
wars, see England-history
wealth, growth in 19 th century, 7-2296
wool production, 15-5576
See also British Isles
Poems about
Homes of England, by Mrs. Felicia Hemans, 3-845
Land of Hope and Glory, by A. C. Benson, 6-2150
Recessional, by Rudyard Kipling, 19-6872
Who Dies if England Live? by Rudyard Kipling, 15-5422
sef also Fingland-songs, patriotic
For list of main articles, see 20-7589-92
Questions about
What does the name England mean? 2-461
Why did the ancients call England Albion? 16-5741
Pictures
Old World England in moat and castle, 7-2 297

* various scenes (gravure), 7-2301-04

See also pictures in English historical articles English, Thomas Dunn, wrote Ben Bolt, 18-6514 English. The people of a composite race who Inhabit England. The prevailing race is longheaded, descended from the Nordic Saxons and their kindred peoples from Northern Europe. The short dark Mediterranean Iberians and the tall round-headed Celtic descendants of the Bronze Age have been absorbed by these AngloSaxons. The amalgamation of the stolid, just, sympathetic, haughty and dominating Saxon and the quick-witted, imaginative, impulsive and mercurial Celt has produced a people of over 120 millions, who inhabit the United States of America, Canada, Australia. New Zealand and South Africa, as well as their English homeland.

## GENERAL INDEX

English architecture, see Architecture, English English Channel. Narrow sea dividing England and France. 350 miles long, it is 100 miles wide at its Atlantic entrance, but narrows to 20 miles at the strait of Dover.
English Chronicle, see Anglo-Saxon Chronicle
English fiction, see Fiction
English history, see England-history
English language

* How the first English books fixed the language, 1-299-306
influence of invention of printing, 9-3384
influence of Norman Conquest, 5.1565
used for laws first under Henry III, 5-1572
Ouestions about
How many English words do we use? 1.75
How many words has the English language? 16-5961
English painting, see Painting, British
English Pale, in Ireland, when established, 5-1683


## English poetry

and love of nature, 4-1513
history, in chronological order

* Earliest English poetry, 1-321
* Great writers of Shakespeare's time, 3-1117-25
Shakespeare's sonnets, 2-722-24
* John Milton, 4-1235-42
* classical period, 17 th-18th centuries 4-1357-59
* nature poets of the 18th century, 6-2027-30
* Master of the people's songs (Burns), 6-2135-38
* Byron, Scott, Shelley and Keats, 7-2489-93
* Wordsworth and his friends, 7-2353-58
* Tennyson, 10-3469-72
* Story of the Brownings, 10-3687-91
* Victorian and Georgian poets, 12-4227-34
* Writers of the hymns, 12-4435-40

See also England-songs and song-writers; Poetry
Fnglish prose
critical writers, 11-4003
drama, early history, 2.721
Shakespeare's plays, 3-833-38, 983-88
history, in chronological order

* writers before Elizabethan age, 1-299-306
* Greatest Book in English (Bible), 2-473-76
* writers of Shakespeare's time, 3-1117-25
* Bunyan and Defoe, 4-1477-81
* Swift, Addíson and Steele, 5-1619-22
* Diary-writers, 5-1727-30
* Johnson and his friends, 5-1867-72
* Tellers of Tales, 6-2253-58
* Scotl and his stories, 7-2625-32
* Dickens and Thackeray, 8-2731-37
* essay writers, 8-2865-69
* Historians, 9-3201-05
* Carlyle and Ruskin, 9-3311-16
* novelists, 11-3891-99
* writers of our time, 11-3999-4003
picture-map of authors and scenes, 11-4000-01
style, development of, 5-1619
English sparrow, see Sparrow
English walnuts, account of, 6-2276
Picture (in color), 11-4026
Engraving
in early German art, 4-1344
of Albrecht Dürer, 4-1345
of Hans Holbein, 4-1348
Ennius, Quintus, Roman poet, 16-5908
Ensilage, fodder in silo, 7-2413
Entebbe, British headquarters in Uganda, 9.3054
Entre nous. French for "between ourselves."
Environment, adaptation to, see Adaptation
Envoy, part of poem, 11-4030
Eocene period, see Geology-Eocene period
Eohlppus, ancestor of horse, 6-2012-13, 2016
Eole, William, artist
Pictures. frescnes about Scotch history, 12-4207, 4211
Eos, goddess of the dawn, 9-3228, 3233
Fozoôn, sea creature, 3-774
Epacts, meaning of, 16-5959
Ephesus
Temple of Diana, 15-5344-45
building of, 12-4459
Picture, Temple of Diana, reconstruction (gravure) 7-2608
Epic poetry, definition and origin, 1-215
Epictetus, philosopher, 2-709

Epicurus. An eminent Greek philosopher whe is supposed to have taught a doctrine of refnad voluptuousness. The term epicure is applied to-day to one devoted to the delights of the table.
Epidauria, a wood, in mythology, 9-3237
इpidaurus, Greece. theatre, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 4 6}$
Epidemic. Spreading widely, as an epidemir
disease is one which attacks many persons at
the same time.
Epidermig, outer layer of skin, description, 4-1416, 1418
Epigonus, sculptor, 12-4460
Epimetheus, story of, in mythology, 9.3233
Eviphyte, a plant growing on another, 9-3268
Epithalamion, poem by Spenser, $3-1120$
Epstein, Jacob, sculptor, born in New York, working in England, 13-4858

## Equator

enormous rainfall at, 8-2666
seasons at, 8-2794
temperature remains same, 8-2792
Questions about
Does the Equator go round faster than the Poles? 14-5222
Why is it hotter at the Equator than in Maine? 9-3101
Equilbrium, explanation of, 14-4903
kinds, illustrated by tops, 14-4901
relation to centre of gravity, 14-5179-80
what stable equilibrium is, 7-2361
See also Balance
Question about: What do we mean by stable equilibrium? 7-2361
Equinoxes, meaning of, 8-2792
Equity. In English and American law a body of rules supplementary to common and statute law. In England the rules and doctrines of equity were incorporated into the laws of the land in 1873, and in the United States the same merging of law and equity has taken place in most states.
Erasmus, Desiderius, Dutch scholar, 14-5248, 5250
Fictures, portrait, 14-5247
scenes in his life, 14-5249
Erato, muse of love lyric, 9.3228
Erebus, in mythology, account of, 9-3238
Erebus, ship, 8-2987; 14-5090-91
Erebus, Mount, discovered by Sir J. C. Ross, 14-5090
Erechtheum, Athens, 15-5344
caryatids of portico, 12-4222
Pictures,
north porch (gravure), 15-5350
south portico and caryatids, 3-1068; 12-4217
Erfurt. Ancient cathedral city and textilemanufacturing centre in central Germany.
Ergot, disease of rye, 5-1852
Eric the Red, founded colony in Greenland, 1.241
Ericson, Ireif, Norse adventurer
explorations, North American coast, 1-241; 15-5292
Ericsson, John (1803-89). Swedish-American engineer and inventor. He came to the United States in 1839, and for fifty years was a leading engineer
and ship Monitor, 7-2434
inventions, including screw propeller. 17-6402, 6404
Pictures, portraits, 7-2437; 17-6397
Erie, Lake. Southernmost of the Great Lakes, lying between Ontario, Canada, and the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Michigan. 9,600 square miles in extent, it is 250 miles long with an average breadth of 40 miles; it is frozen in winter between December and April, but the Welland Canal, which avoids Niagara, allows navigation between Erie and Ontario throughout the summer. Toledo, Sandusky, Cleveland, Firie, Ashtabula and Buffalo are the chief ports. Erie, Iake, Battle of, 17-6331

## Erie Canal

* account of, 13-4881-88
effect of trade, 6-1914
new barge canal, 13-4888
Pictures, 13-4883-87
Erfs. goddess of discord. 9-3234
Eritrea. Italian territory on the Red Sea, occupled in 1890 . It exports hides, butter, palmnuts, gold, ostrich festhers and mother-of-pearl. Its capital, Asmara, is connected by railway with the port of Massawah.

Erivan．Capital of the government of Erivan in Armenia，on the Sanga．
Erl King，song，how Sciubert wrote music for， 19－6y21
Ermine，animal，3－873
Picture，3－869
Eros（Cupid），god of love，9－3228
Erratic boulders，definition，6－2070 left by glaciers，7－2316
Hicture，6－2073
Eryngas，Sea，see Sea－hollies
Erzerum．Capital of Turkish Armenia，6，200
feet above sea－level．
Esarhaddon，king of Assyria，2－656
l＇icture，portrait（bas－relief），2－657
Escalator
Question about．What is the principle of an escalator？11－3976
Escholtzia．Picture，flower（gravure），19－7180
Egcurial，or Escorial，Spanish building，18－6500
Eskimo dogs，2－717
Pictures，2－711；16－5735
Eskimos
aid in Polar exploration，13－4708， 4710
blond，discovery by Stefansson，13－4722 dwellings of，5－1657
igloo，or house，description，7－2485
＊in northern Canada，description，7－2562－69 life of，8－2977－78
＊Pictures，7－2561－66 hut，tent，and group of women，8－2981 returning from walrus hunt，7－2557
Esparto grass，8－2 心
Esquimaur，see Eskimos
Essays
Essay on criticism，by Pope，4－1359
true essay，definition，8－2866
＊writers of，English literature，8－2865－69
Essen．Great German iron－and steel－making
centre，headquarters in the Ruhr coal－field of
the Krupp engineering works．
Essex，Robert Devereux，2d earl of，and Sir Walter Raleigh，14－4967－68
story of sardonyx ring from Queen Elizabeth， 19－7229－30
Essex，ship，captured Alert，5－1704
Essling，battle at，6－2206
Esterbrook，Richard，established first pen fac－ tory in America，10－3550
Estergrom，Hungary，17－6340
Esthonia
account of，18－6461
＊description，16－5860
map，13－4685
Etching．From a Dutch word meaning＂to feed＂ or＂to eat．＂In art，the process of engraving upon glass or metal by the corroding action of arri．A plate is covernd whth it ground（some preparation of wax or varnish）that will resist acid．The drawing is scratched into the ground with a point；the plate is bathed in an acid which eats into the metal where exposed．When the ground has been removed the plate is inked， then wiped，and impressions are taken from it upon Jiater－
by Brangwyn and Muirhead Bone，8－2860
by linmtranit．5－17
trocles，king of Thebes，quarrel with brother． 6－2008
＂Eternal City，＂name for Rome，2－576
Fthelbert，St．King of Kent，who，with his people，was converted by St．Augustine in 597. He founded the great cathedrals of Canterbury and Rochester and the Church of St．Paul in London

Picture，portrait（in group），2－475
Ethelred，kink of Finclamu，4－1 18，f
Ether（of space）
＊descripition，13－4f，（fis－ffes
formation of stars in，1－20
light－waves carried by，12－4156－57 sound－waves not carried by，17－6313－14 vibrations of，in sight and sound，11－3804 （lucxiom＂h，rut What（d）we mean by the ether？8．2874
Ether，Sulphuric，as anæsthetic，8－2729－30 contents of．8－こと
Ethics．The science of the ideal human char－ actor，dealins with such thinus as the nature of the highest good，and the origin and worth of the sense of duty．
Etna，Mt，sce Atna

Eton，English school，founded by Henry VI， 5－1686
Etrich，Herr，aviator， $\mathbf{1 - 1 7 4}$
Etruscans，tribe of Italy
decline of， 4 －1193－94
settlement，4－1191－92
Eucalyptus oil，used as medicine，B－2909
Eucalyptus trees
account of，9－3262
adaptation to drought，4－1281
description and value of，8－2909
jarrah，one variety，12－4249
Picture，blossom and leaves，8－2909
Euclid，Greek mathematician，founded science of geometry，2－701－02
2－701
Euclid of Megara，Greek philosopher，pupil of Socrates，2－702
Picture，portrait（in group），2－704
Eugene，Prince of Savoy，11－3966
Eulachon，fish，16－5776
Eulenspiegel，Till，see Howleglass
Euphrates River，Asia，2－647，650；18－6669
Eurasians，definition of，3－1115
Eureka，meaning of，with story，11－3842－43
Euripides，Greek dramatist，16－5752－53
Picture，portrait，16－5747
Europe．Second smallest，but most important of the continents，having well over a hundred people to the square mile．Its area is estimated at $3,885,828$ square miles．The most remark－ able feature of Europe is its immense length of coast－line，measuring nearly 50,000 miles，as compared with Africa＇s 15,000 miles；it has many inland seas and large numbers of islands． Two－thirds of its area consists of a great plain stretching across Northern Europe from the Ural Mountains to the North Sea；but in the north are the mountains of Scandinavia and in the south the great Alpine system．The Iberian， Italian and Balkan peninsulas each have their own mountain ranges．Europe is generally well watered，and has many fine rivers，notably the Volga，Danube and Rhine，which are all impor－ tant waterways．A great part of its area is under cultivation，and large crops of cereald are grown，especially in Russia．Great Britain， Belgium，Germany，Spain，Austria，Sweden and the Ural Mountains have great mineral wealth； Rumania，Poland and Russia produce large quantities of petroleum．The population is fairly evenly divided between the Teutonic， Latin and Slavonic races：the Teutons include the English，Germans，Dutch，Flemings，Danes， Norwegians and Swedes；the Latins the French， Spanish，Portuguese，Walloons，Italians，Ru－ manians and Greeks：and the Slavs the Rus－ sians，Poles，Slovenes，Slovaks，Czechs and Serbs．The population of Ireland，Wales，Brit－ tany and the Scottish Highlands consists largely of Celts；while on the Continent there are several non－Aryan races，including Finns Magyars，Turks，Tartars，Bulgarians and Basques．Of the 28 European states， 11 are kingdoms and 15 republics， 2 are principalities while Ireland is a self－gverning dominion of the British Empire．
forest land in，7－2416
history
＊changes since World War，18－6457－63
See also names of countries
literature，compared with Oriental，15－5459 mar．18－fis 5 ，
population．5－1606
European War，August 4， 1914 to November 11， 1918，sef World War，1914－18
Eurus，southeast wind，in mythology，9～3234
Eurypterids，crustaceans，4－1175
Eustachian tube，air pressure in，2－687 and threar．9－3．3ns
Euterpe．muse of lyric pnetry，9－3228
Euxine Sea．Picture，14－5258
Evald，Johannes，si，Fwald
Evangeline，country of
Pictures．Cape Blomidon；old willows， 3.940
Evans，Edgar，on Scott＇s antarctic expedition， 14－-116
Pieture，portrait，14－5100
Hvans，Mary Ann，see Eliot，George，pen name
Evaporation，definition of，8－2921
explanation，3－981
Evaporator，invention to produce fresh water from salt water，12－4416

## GENERAL INDEX

Evelyn, John, English author
estimate of Pepys, 5-1728
"Great Fire of London"
(extract from his Diary), 8-2819
life and Diary, 5-1730
quotation about holly, 12-4385
Pictures
John Evelyn discovers the wood-carver, Grinling Gibbons, $5-1729$
Pepys finds John Evelyn at his diary, 5-1726 Evening primroses, see Primroses
Evening star. One of the planets (as Venus, Jupiter or Mercury) when seen shining in the western sky after sunset.
Evening star flower, 18-6656
Hicture, $\begin{gathered}\text { 18-6657 } \\ \text { Everest, Mount }\end{gathered}$
highest mountain in world, 8-2695; 18-6553
Everglades, swamp in Florida, note and picture, 1-156
Evergreens, falling of leaves, 2-510
Everlasting, plant, pearly everlasting, 19-6940
Picture, pearly everlasting, 19-6931
Evidence. In law: (a) a document or instrument by which a fact is made evident; (b) a witness-one who furnishes testimony; (c) testimony-information tending to make clear the tact in question in a trial or legal investigation.
"Evil One"" name for wolverine, 12-4341
Evolution. The theory that all species, genera, orders, classes, etc., of animals and plants now existing are derived or descended from a few simple forms of life, or even from one.
Ewald, Carl, Danish author, 19-7011-12
wrote fairy tales, 9.3199
Picture, portrait, 9-3193
Ewald, Herman Erederik, Danish novelist, 19-7011
Ewald, Johannes, Danish poet, 19-7011
Ewing, Mrs. J. H. G., see Poetry Index for poem and note
Ex cathedra. Latin for "judicially" or "officially"; literally "from the chair."
Ex libris. Latin for "from the books," used in book plates and followed by the name of a per-
Ex nihilo nihil fit. Latin for "from nothing Ex officio. Latin for "by virtue of one's office." Ex officio. Latin for "by virtue of one's oif
Ex post facto. Latin ex, from; post, after; factus, done; done afterward, or referring to a former state of facts. An ex post facto law is one which operates on matters which had taken place before it was passed.
Excelsior. Latin for "higher."
Excise, a tax or duty upon commodities of domestic production, levied upon their manufacture, sale or consumption. It usually taxes expenditure on luxuries, such as tobacco and spirits. Such duties were not general in the Inited States before the Civil War.
Excitement
Question about. Why do we become excited when we are pleased? 17-6179
Exempli gratia. Latin for "for example"; frequently written e.g.
Exercises, Physical, home exercises, 15-5332
Exeter, Capital of Devonshire, England. Still partly surrounded by walls, it has a medieval guildhall
cathedral, 16-5971
Picture, cathedral (gravure) 16-5975
Exmoor. Moorland tableland in Devonshire and Somerset in which the Exe rises. The scene of Blackmore's novel Lorna Doone is laid in it Its highest point is Dunkery Beacon. 1,707 feet. Experiments
botanical. 2-616
electrical, to try at home, 5-1773-74
fairy fountain, 2-627
how to make a miniature whirlwind, 4-1398
on eye, to show need of blood, 5-1811
on overtones from a plano, 19-6852-53
on potatoes, 3-1154
to show atmospheric pressure, 18-6784
to show how gas is made, 2.635
with air, 19-7083-84
with bread and yeast, 2-626
with water, 2-622-23; 19-7083-84
wooden balls that twist and turn, 7-2380
See also Tricks

## Expiration, in breathing, 4-1329-30

Explorers

* Explorers of Africa, 2-465-71
* Explorers of North America, 1-241-54
* Men of the Northern Sea-gates, 8-2977-89
* Men who made the world known, 1-83-90
* Men who found Australia, 3-૪5y
* North Pole men, 13-4707
* South Pole men, 14-5089

Explosive. A substance, such as dynamite, gunpowder or nitroglycerine, which by its combus tion or decomposition will generate a gas with so great rapidity that it can be used in firearms or for blasting.

Question about, What keeps a shell from falling to the ground? 2-686
Extension cord, how to repair, 6-2045
Extradition. The act of delivering or givingover by one state or nation to another, as whe? a fugitive from justice is sent back by the state or country in which he has taken refuge.
Eyam, England, plague at, 9-3063
Eyck, Hubert van, Flemish painter
character of painting, 4-1222
introduction of oil painting, 4-1222, 1460
Picture, Adoration of the Lamb, 4-1223
Eyck, Jan van, Flemish painter
as portrait painter, 4-1222, 1225
introduction of oil painting, 4-1222, 1460
Picture, Portrait of a man and his wife, 4-1223
Eyde, Samuel, inventor, 16-5804
Eyebright, parasitic plant, description, 1-332
Picture (in color), 14-4993
Eyebrows
Question about: What are our eyebrows for? 11-3840

## Eyes

* Story of the eye, 10-3683-86
* Wonderful curtain, 11-3801-04
aid sense of balance, 10-3426
animals without, in Mammoth Cave, 4-1299
blind spot, 11-3891
color of, 10-3685
development, from those in lower animbld forms, 10-3683-84
fishes have no eyelids, 10-3474
insects', 11-4134
of vertebrates and invertebrates compared, 10-3684
range of vision, 19-7245-46
removing dust or grit, 11-4082
* retina, or curtain, 11-3801-04
temborary blind sput. 14-1450
Picture, portion magnified, 11-3801
rods and cones, 11-3801-03
yellow spot, 11-3801-02
Nre tixo "ptiral illusions; Sight
Gurstions ubeut
Are earrings good for the eyes? 1-187 Are pictures of the things we see printed $0 n$ the eyes? 16-5960
Can country people see better than town people? 12-4398
Can we see everything with our eyes? 10-3730 Io a horse's eyes magnity? 17-tilis
How can we see with our eyes shut? 7-2359 Is there a molor onr eyes cammot see? 10-3: ? ? What is cataract of the eyes? 12-4505
What is the use of having two eyes? 3-xis
What makes the pupil of the eye grow larger and smaller? 14-5218
Why can we hear better when we shut our eyes? 12-4279
Why cannot we see very small things with our naked eyes? 14-4952
Why do some faces in pictures seem to fol10W us? 8-?.18
Why do we see lights when we get a blow on the eye? 13-4596
Why does an onion make our eyes water? 3-1111
Why have we two eyes? 9-3100
Pictures
diagrams, 11-3801
showing optic nerves, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 8 3}$
of fish, 10-368
of fly, 10-3684
of insects, magnified, 13-4672-74
of man, 10-3684-86
Eve's wonderful curtain, * 11-3801-0
Eyre, Edward John, Australian explorer, 3-864
Picture, in desert, 3-862
Eyre, Louis, American architect, 18-6684


Faber, Frederick William, hymn-writer, $12-4440$ F'abius Mazimus. Surnamed the Delayer, Roman general; flourished 233-203 B.C.; wore out Hannibal by his defensive tactics.

## Fables

explanation of, 2-539
in French literature, 18-6562
of Canada, 15-5373-74
of India, 10-3718
of La Fontaine, note on, 18-6712
Fables, Examples of
by Esop, 1-58; 2-539-40; 3-1102; 4-1186, 1342; 6-1969; 11-3986, 4144; 13-4752; 14-4946; 15-5538: 17-6323-24
Look under Asop, in index, for detailed list of titles
Castle-builder, by Jean de La Fontaine, 12-4270
Fox without a tail, 12-4487
of India
Ape and the wedge, 10-3718
Brahman and the goat, $10-3718$
Brahman and the pots, 10-3718
Lion and the cat, $10-3718$
Tiger and the traveler, 10-3718
Reynard the fox, 8-2965-66
Fabre, Philippe François, French poet, 10-3. 612
Fabriano, Gentile da, Italian painter, 3-959
Fabricius of Acquapendente, studied circulation of blood, 8-2725
Face
drawings of, how to make, with picture, 17-6261
index to character, 4-1416
Questions about
Why do our faces keep warm without clothes? 8-2720
Why do some faces in pictures seem to follow us? 8-2718
Why does a face in a mirror seem crooked? 17-6285
Why dries my face turn white when I am frightened? 16-5958
Facile princeps. Latin for "easily first."
Facta non verba. Latin for "deeds not words."
Factorles
organization of, 17-6092-93
owned by stores, 10-3674
ownership of, 17-6091
sife also Manufactures
Question about. Why does a factory have a tall chimney? 4-1232
Picture, 17-6091
Factum est. Latin for "it is done."
Fading, color, reason for, $\mathbf{4 - 1 3 5 4}$
Faed, John, artist
Picture, about Robert Bruce, 12-4207
Faed, Thomas, artist
Picture, Burns and Highland Mary, 6-2137
Faenza. Anclent city of northern Italy, famous for its manufacture of the kind of pottery known as faience. It is surrounded by medieval walls and has a 15 th-century cathedral: silkspinning and sulphur-refining are carried on.
Faerie Queene, by Edmund Spenser, account of, 3-1119-20
Paerles, see Fairies
Fahrenheit, Gabriel Daniel, made thermometer, 7-2648; 15-5573
Fahrenheit thermometer, 7-2648
scale of temperature, 14-4902-03
Fainting, treatment for, 16-5981
Qurstirns alorut
Why do smelling-salts revive us? $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 3 0}$
Why do we sometimes faint at very sudden news" 10-: : 31
Fair Maid of Perth, by Scott, note un, 11-tilo
Fairbanks, Charles W., vice-president of $^{U}$. $S$.
l'irture, mirtyant IEravure) 11-3.94k
Fairfax, Thomas, Lord. Enelish soldier; born,
Denton, Yorkshire, 1612; died, Nun Appleton,
Yorkshire, 1671 ; a Parliamentary leader.
at Marston Moor and Naseby, 11-3846
Picture, portrait, 12-3845

Fairies
legend about, Brownie of Snaefell, 15-5537
See al8o Fairy tales
Poems about
Arming of Pigwiggen, by Michael Drayton, 3-847
Culprit Fay, by J. R. Drake, 4-1271
The Fairies, by William Allingham, 2.485
Fairy Life, by William Shakespeare, 6-2152
Fairy Lullaby, by William Shakespeare, 6-2153
Fairy Song, by John Keats, 2-606
Fairy Tempter, by Samuel Lover, 8-2906
Goblin Market, by C. G. Rossetti, 9-3103
Kilmeny: a Fairy Legend, by James Hogg, 16-5863-66
Queen Mab, by Thomas Hood, 3-1138
Queen Mab and Her Fairies, 7-2636
Fairmount, W. Va., oil well, picture and note, 13-4543
Fairy-cap, name for foxglove, 17-6127
Fairy horn near Gloucester, legend, 17-6324
Fairy rings, fungi, 10-3722-23; 11-3905
explanation, $5-1628$
Question about. What makes a fairy ring? 4-1356

## Fairy tales

Aladdin and the wonderful lamp (in brief), 12-4193
Ali Baba and the forty thieves, 2-537
Beauty and the beast, 18-6607
Boy at the giant's castle, 19-7008
Brownie of Snaefell, 15-5537
Childe Roland to the dark tower came, 9-3245
Cinderella and the glass slipper, 19-7222-24
East of the sun and west of the moon, 5-1845
Fairies and the hunchbacks, 10-3442
Fairies of St. David, 2-404
Fairy maid of Van Lake, 15-5441
Forbidden room, 15-5439
Fruit of happiness, by Howard Pyle, 11-3832-36
Giant of the peak, 15-5537
Giant who had no heart in his body, by Kay Neilsen, 4-1525
Giant with three golden hairs, 5-1841
Giant's plaything, $\mathbf{5 - 1 5 7 5}$
Goblins in the gold-mine, 4-1523
Hansel and Grethel, 6-1965
Hop-o'-my-thumb, 17*6317-19
Jack and the bean-stalk, 10-3597-99
Jack the Giant-Killer, 18-6793-94
King of the Golden River, by John Ruskin. 6-2221-28: 7-2343-50
Land of youth, 7-2601
Little Red Riding-Hood, 18-6474
Little tiny Thumbeline, 18-6787-90
Magic boy fiddler of Sicily, 11-3983
Magic tinder-box, 6-2105
Miss Dollie and Captain Blue, 14-5255
Mona and the forsaken Merman, 1-59
Music of the willing heart, 5-1688
Noureddin and the wenderful Persian, 13-4755
Olaf of Orchard Farm, 12-4301
Pair of magic slippers, 2-402
Poet, goblin and donkey, 15-5537
Prince who was poor, 15-5529
Prince's five servants, 13-4749-51
Princess Florina, 7-2458-59
Princess, who became a goose girl, 11-3830
Princess's golden ball, 14-5193
Puss in boots, 10-3441
Rapunzel's golden ladder, 9-3352
Remarkable rocket, by Oscar Wilde, 14-5260
Rum-pel-stilt-skin, 11-3981
Scramblepipe tries to understand, 3-854
Selfish giant, by Oscar Wilde, 4-1187
Shepherd-maid and the sweep, 11-3903
Silent princess, $13-4557$
Sindbad the sailor, $19-7215$
Sleeping beauty, 19-7006-07
Snowdrop and the dwarfs, 7-2597
Son of a gun, 19-6998-7000
Story of Faithful John, 11-3901
Tale of Jenny Martin, 10-3713
Three bears, 16-5825
Three nights in the enchanted castle, 11-3984 Tom Thumb, 18-6611-12
Twelve dancing princesses, 4-1521
Undine, the story of a water nymph, 11.4141
When Betty lost her way, 10-3716
Wind sings down the chimney, 5-1576
Witch's ring, 2-541

Pairy tales (continued
Wizard's castle in the air, 10-3444
Yellow Dwarf, 15-5443-44
Eaixy tales, * writers of, 9-3193-99
Eairy's petticoat, name for foxglove, 17-6127
Fait accompli. French for "accomplished fact."
An expression frequently used in conversation.
Faith, concrete ship
fictures, with notes, 7-2311
Falconer, E.s, wrote Killarney, 10-3611
Falconet, Etienne Maurice, French sculptor, $13-4703$
Falconry, sport, 10-3754
Falcons, birds, 10-3753-54
Pictures
Greenland falcon (gravure) 10-3764
peregrine falcon (gravure) 10-3761; (in color) 8-2899
Falkirk, Battle of, 13-4586, 4588
Falkland Islands, account of, 9-3188
wolves in, 2-599
Fall River. Port of Massachusetts, with a great manufacture of textiles, especially cotton. It has abundant supply of water power.
Fallish, description, 15-5634
Falling
Questions about
Can we fall off the earth? 12-4504
Why does a falling object turn round?
13-4827
False acacia, see Locust trees
False flax plant, seeds of, 4-1275
False hellebore, see Indian poke
False miterwort, see Foam-flower
False Solomon's seal, see Spikenard, Wild
Falstaff, Sir John, Shakespearian character Pictures, 3-841
Fame
Poem about. In After Days, by Austin Dobson, 7-2365
Famines in India, irrigation to prevent, 7.2544
Faraday, Michael, English scientist

* life and work, 4-1251-52
discovered sulphuric ether is anæsthetic, 8-2729
discoveries in electromagnetism, 4-1251; 17-6236
Picture, portrait. 4-1243
Farman, Henri, French aviator, 1-172 Picture, Farman biplane, 1-175
Farmers
Poem about. A Royal Race, by James McCarroll, 10-3481
Farming, see Agriculture
Farnese bull, marble group, 12.4460 Picture, 12-4463
Farnese Palace, Rome, architecture of, 17-6300 Pintures (gravure) 17-6304, 6308
Faroe Islands, 15-5298
Farragut, David Glasgow (1801-70). American admiral, born in Tennessee. He entered the United States Army in 1810 and had a long and brilliant career.
captured New Orleans, 7-2434
captured Mobile, 7-2438
statue by St. Gaudens, 14-4937
Poem about. Farragut, by W. T. Meredith, 10-3643
Pirture, portrait, 7-2437
Parrington, Harry Webb, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Farther India. Name for Straits settlements
and Malaya.
Farthing. An English piece of money whose Fralue is one fourth of an English penny.
Fascism in Italy, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 5 6 8}$
Fashion, effect on commerce, 10-3674
Fashoda. Sudanese town on the White Nile,
470 miles south of Khartoum
Fates, in Greek mythology, 9-3228
Pirfure (eravure), 9-3229
Father Damien, ree Damien, Father Joseph
Father-lasher, fish. Picture (in color), 16-5782
"Fathers of Confederation," met at Quebec, 1864 , 4-1488
F'atigue
of metals, 10-3729
Question about. What happens when we get tired? 12-4503
Fatimites. Arabian dynasty of Caliphs in Egypt which reigned over North Africa and Syria 909-1171: descended from Fatima, daughter of Mohammed.

Fats
digestion of, 6-2085-86
use as food, 6-2187
Question about. What is the difference between fat and oil? 14-5224-25
Faucets, repairing leaks, $10-3766$
Fauns, in mythology, 9-3236
Pictures, statues, $12-4327,4465$; (gravure), 12-4334-35
Faust, origin of story, 17-6268
Faustinus, Christian martyr, 9-3068
Faux-Namiti Bridge, China
Picture and note, 1-37
Faux pas. French for "false step, or mistake."
Fawcett, John, hymn-writer, 12-4440
Fawkes, Guy, plot of, 6-1974
Fear, influence, as emotion, 12-4441
Questions about
What makes our teeth chatter when we are cold or frightened? 10-3475
Why do we fear a beetle when we know it cannot harm us? $1-310$
Why does my face turn white when I am frightened? 16-5958
Feast of Dolls, Japan, 2-574
F'east of Flags, Japan, 2-574
Feast of the Dead, Japan, 2.574
Feather and fans, game, 8-2744
Feathers
collection of, how to make, 14-5005
pens made from, $10-3550$
structure of, 8-2758, 2760
Questions about
If a feather is lighter than air why does it ever settle? 7-2362
Why do birds cast their feathers every year? 17-6290
February. The second month of the year, named for a Roman festival, februa. It has 28 days ordinarily, but in leap years, that is, in every fourth year, it has 29 davis.
Federal Reserve Board. A board of seven members, at Washington, acting as the directing head of the Federal Reserve system of banking established in the United States by the Federal Reserve Act of 1913. Under this act the country is divided into 12 districts, each with its Federal Reserve bank and some of these have branches. Stock in the Federal Reserve banks is owned by the banks of the district. National banks must belong to the system, and State banks may join. The Federal Reserve Board issues paper money based upon gold, and the 12 banks may in emergencies issue notes based upon commercial paper and other approved securities.
Federal Trade Commission. A non-partisan commission of five members appointed by the president of the United States to "prevent persons, partnerships or corporations, excepting banks and common carriers subject to the acts to regulate commerce, from using unfair methods of competition in commerce."
Federalist, papers about U. S. Constitution,
12-4450: 20-7560
Federalist Party. The term Federalist was first used for those in favor of ratifying the Constitution but soon came to mean those in favor of a strong central government with limited suffrage. It opposed the War of 1812, and went to pieces after it ended.
compared with Republican, 5-1702
Federated States of Malay, 9-3184
Feed for animals
Forage plants, 7-2409-12
Feet
bones of, 5-1677
exercises. 15-5332
of water birds, 11-3881
soles aid in balance, 10-3425
Question about. What hanpens when our foot goes to sleep? 17-6289
Feisal. First king of Iraq, or Mesopotamia; son of King Hussein of Hedjaz. He was created king in 1921.
Feldspar. The name given to a group of minerals made up of silica, alumina and potash or soda. A feldspar is opanue, has a glassy lustre and varies in color from flesh-red to white, with some beautiful exceptions. Feldspars make up about 60 per cent of the world's crust and are the most important part of granites, gnelsses and lavas.
Felling, form of sewing, directions for, 1.338

Felony. The highest class of crimes as they are graded by statute. In most states of the United States it is a crime punishable by death or by confinement in the penitentiary or state prison.
Felt. A fabric of short hair or wool, or of wool and fur, matted together. The matting is accomplished, with the aid of heat and moisture by rolling, beating and pressure. It is used for hat-making, linings for garments, floor coverings, etc.
Fenelon, Francois de Salignac de la Mothe, French author, 18-6714
Picture, portrait, 18-6712
Fenians. The members of the Fenian Brotherhood, an association of Irishmen which was founded in 1857 in New York. Its object was to secure the independence of Ireland, and was unly a part of a world-wide movement.
Fennel, flower, picture (in color) 14-4981
Fer-de-lance, snake, 15w5416
Ferber, Edna, novelist, 14-5012
Ferdinand, surnamed the Catholic. First king of all Spain; born, Sos, Aragon, 1452; died, Madrigalejo, 1516 .

Picture, receiving keys of Granada, 14-5043
Ferdinand I, tsar of Bulgaria, 14-1:926
Ferguson, Benjamin F., left fund to Chicago, 19-7124
Ferguson, Patrick, at King's Mountain, 4-1171
Fexland, l'Abbé, French-Canadian historian, 14-5105
Fermentation. The process of decomposition or breaking-down of a compound organic substance brought about by the action of living organisms or by certain chemical agents. For example, in or bread-making yeast breaks up the sugar into bread-making yeast brea
Fernando, prince of Portugal, hostage to Moors, 4-1257
Fermando Po, Spanisli Thest African island, producing sugar, bananas and yams. Area, 770 square miles.
Eerns
description and method of reproduction, 3-884
in highest group of flowerless plants, 10-3724 multiply rapidly, 1-329-30
number of spores, $13-4826$
Porm about. Fiom and the Anoss, ly Eliza Cook, 12-4273
Question about. In what way does a fern grow? 4-1232
Pictures
fern trees, Carboniferous period, 3-787 Eiant ferns, Australia, 7-2419
spores and growth of new plant, 3-1015

* Pictures (in color) 10-3725-28

Ferrara, René, duchess of, aided Prince of Conde, 19-6881
Ferrara. Capital of province of Ferrara, Italy. a cathedral and university city with ancient walls and many medieval palaces. It manufactures hemp, soap, glass and silk.
Ferrari, Gaudenzio, Italian painter
Picture. St. Catherine bound to a wheel, 6-1995
Ferrets, animals, 3-873
kept in post offices, 8-2658
Pictures, 3-868
Ferrier, Sir David, discoveries about brain, 15-5492
Picture, portrait, 15-5481
Fertilization of flowers, st Flower:fertilization
Fertilizers
artificial, how produced, 16-5946, 5415
 made from atmospheric nitrogen, 16-5804 seaweed used as, 2-587
What (huy are malle from, 9-321f sere also Nituates
Question "bout. Wlit choes manmat matie a plant grow faster? 10-3581
Ferula fetida, yields asafetida, 8-2911
Fescue-grass, 7-2410
sheep's fescue, note and picture, 10-3652
tall fescue, note and picture, 10-3662
picture, 10-......
Fessenden, Reginald Aubrey, aml wirmless telephony, 17-6248, 6368
Fete champêtre. French phrase meaning "outuour feallval."

Fetish. Any material object looked upon witn awe and regarded as having magical powers tprotect frons harm or bring success. It may be natural, as a tree, an animal or any part of ar animal; or artificial, as a carved form.

## F'eudalism

Canadian form, seigniorial system, 2-682
in England, under William the Conqueror, 4-1439
in Germany, 11-3963
relation to heraldry, 1-186

## Fever

need for sweating, 4-1419
Fez. One of the capitals of Morocco, 100 milce east of the port of Rabat. A picturesque walled place, it has a Moslem university
Fiat money. Paper money which is issued by a government to be used as money, although it is not based on coin or bullion. Its value depends upon the soundness of the goveriment issuing it.
Fibre silk, or rayon, how made, $15-5310$
Fickett, Francis, built the Savannah, 17-0. 402
Fiction

* history of fiction-writing in England to 19th century, 6-2253-58
* Dickens and Thackeray, 8-2731-38
* English novelists, 19th century, 11-3891-99
* Scott and his stories, 7-2625-32
* American writers, recent, 14-5007-16
* Canadian, 15-5368-71

French Canadian, 15-5367
Russian, 19-6908-11
Spanish, 19-7127
value, 1-80
See also literature under the name of its country, as French literature, etc.
Fiddler-crab. A small crab called by this name because of a large oddly shaped claw which it waves about in such a way as to suggest fiddling.
Field, Cyrus West, and Atlantic cable, 12-4293-94, 4296
Field, Eugene, American author, 13-4819
See alsn Poetry Index for poem and note
Field, James T., see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Field hockey, see Hockey, Field
Field of the Cloth of Gold, 10-3434
Fieldfares, birds, 9-3140
l'icture, 9-3133
Fielding, Henry, English novelist, 6-2254-56
Picture, portrait, 6-2255
Fiesole, Giovanni Angelico da, see Angelico, Fra, of Fiesole
Fiesole. Ancient Etruscan city near Florence, Italy, inclosed by a cyclopean wall. Its cathedral dates from the 11 th century, and it has remains of a Roman amphitheatre.
Fife, David, developed Red Fife wheat, 4-1470
"Fifty-four forty or fight," meaning, 6-1918
Fighting for the crown, * 5-1679-86

## Figs

* account of, 6-2157-62
sacred fig or bo tree, 9-3261-62
Question about. What do we mean when we say we don't care a fig? $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 9 6 0}$


## Pictures

fruit and tree, 6-2159
life history, 6-2156
plantation in California, 6-2158
Figwort, plant, 16-5880
water figwort, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 7 8}$
Pictures
knotted figwort, flower (in color) 16-5881
water figwort, 16-5878
yellow figwort (in color) 14-4989
Figwort Family, in botany, 13-4876
Eiji Islands, 7-2578
account of, $9-3188,3302,3304$
products, 9-3299
map, showing products, 9-3299
Picture, native man, 9-3297
Filberts, account of, 6-2278
Picture, 6-2274
File-shells, description, 19-6888
Filefishes, description, 16-5900
Picture, 16-5895
Filene, Edward A., merchant, note and portrait, 19-7166
Filibuter. A member of a company banded together, without regard for international law, to invade or revolutionize a forelgn state.

## GENERAL INDEX

Zilibuster. To interrupt or hinder legislation by wasting time in useless speeches, motions, objections, etc., in debate.
Eilippo Lippi, Fra, see Lippi, Fra Filippo
Filling the gap, game, 3-1029
Fillmore, Millard, president of U. S .
administration, 11-3940
life, outline of, 11-3952
Picture, portrait (gravure) 11-3947
Films of moving pictures, how developed, 18-6598
Pictures, 18-6595-99
preparing for screen, 18-6595, 6599
Filter, directions for making, 18-6781
Finch, Francis Miles, see Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Finches, birds

* account of, 8-2972-74
of western North America, 14-5145
purple finch, account of, 13-4832
Pictures
American house finch (in color) 12-4372 purple finch, $13-4833$
Fine. In law, a sum of money exacted as a
punishment for an offense.
Finfeet, birds, 11-4130
Fingers
arrangement of, 5-1676
bones of, 5-1676-77
removing splinters from, 11-4082
Questions about
Why are all our fingers not the same length? 7-2485
Why does a finger lose its feeling when it is numb? 2-460
Picture, magnified cross section, 4-1415
Finisterre. Northwesternmost cape of Spain.


## Einland

account of, 18-6461

* history and description, 16-5859
map, 13-4691
national song, extract, 17-6252
political control, history of, 18-6461
Picture Helsingfors, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 6 1}$
Einnan haddie, form of haddock, 16-5780
Finsen, Niel, medical discoveries of, 15-5492
Fiords, of Norway, 15-5300


## Fir tree

Douglas fir, logs of, note and picture, 8-2677
story about the discontented fir-tree,
15-5323-25
varieties and wood of, 12-4249
Poem about. Fir-Tree (German folk-song), 7-2367

## Firdausi, Persian poet, 15-5463

## Fire

action in forming the earth, 2-525-27
man's first use of, 3.989
way of making, outdoors, 12-4376
ways of making, early, 19-6965-66
ways of making, notes and pictures, 1-308-09
why steam extinguishes, 11-3979
See also Fires; also headings hewinnins Fire Poems about
Armies in the Fire, by R. L. Stevenson, 1-101
Pictures in the Fire, by A. A. Procter, $2-738$ Questions about
Can a fire light itself? 14-4949-50
Does smoke always come from a fire? 15-5517-18
How did men find fire? 9-3353-54
If the gases in water make fire, why does water quench it? 15-5614
What makes flames dance in an open-grate fire? 14-5221
What makes the fire change color? 16-5746
Why do houses seem crooked when we look across a fire? 5-1752
Why does a flame rise to a thing held above it? 11-4133-34
Why does a light go out in water, but flare up in gasoline? 10-3729
Why does a match flare up when turned upside down? 14-5087
Why does a match strike? 1-307
Why does celluloid catch fire so easily? 10-3477
Why does not iron burn in the fire? \&-1356
Why does oil burn more easily than some other things? 5-1751
Why does the fire go out? 11-3839
Why is a fire pail filled with sand? 4-1452
Why is the fire hot? 16-5846

Fire boats, of N. F., description of, 9-3162 Pictures, 9-3169
Fire-damp, in mines
Picture, miner testing for gas, 3-793
Fire departments
firemen, choice and training in New York city 9-3160
in ancient Rome, 9-3157-58
largest in world in N. Y., 9-3159-62
Philadelphia, 1736, 9.3158
Pictures, 9-3161-69
Fire engines
Pictures, 9-3161, 3163
See also Fire prevention
Fire prevention

* When the fire alarm rings, 9-3157-64

Boy Scout aid, 12-4452
in Europe, 9-3164
safeguards on ships, 12-4427
steam fire pump, first one, 9-3159
Pictures, 9-3161-69
Fire-screen, directions for making, 11-3858-59
Fire-tails, birds, see Redstarts
Firearms, improvements through inventions, 19-7210
See al80 Guns
Firebirds, of Hawaii, 15-5450
Firecrest, bird, variety of warbler, 9-3279
Fireflies, light given out by, 18-6629
Fireplaces
Picture, in old New England, 2-547
Fireproofing. The act of making an object or material proof against fire. Asbestos is often used for this purpose.
Fires

* What to do in case of fire, 10-3772
causes of, 9-3159, 3164; 10-3772
fewer in Europe than in U. S., 9-3164
forest, control of, in U. S. national forests, 8-2805-06, 2808
great fire of London, from Evelyn's Diary 6-1980; 8-2819
beginning of, 12-4356
great fires in Canada and U. S., 9-3159
great fires in Middle Ages, 9-3158
losses in America and Europe compared, 9-3164
prevention of, see Fire prevention
Picture, Chicago, damage done by fire (gravure), 19-7113
Fireweed, see Willow-herb
Fireworks
Question about. How do fireworks get their colors? 13-4825
F'irman. Passport issued by the Turkish Gov. ernment under the Sultanate; in India, a license to engage in a particular trade or undertaking; also applied to denote any official detaking; also applied to drom the Ottoman Porte. First aid
* Bones and arteries of our body, 13-4618-19 Boy Scout training, 12-4454 carrying an injured person, 12-4267
* Fractures, dislocations and sprains, 13-4847-48
* Giving first aid to the injured, 12-4266-67
* How to treat broken bones, 13-1532-33

Right way to use a life-buoy, i8-6639
treatment for bleeding, 4-1210-11; * 14-5000-01 treatment for choking, 4-1328

* What to do in case of fire, 10-3772
* What to do in cases of drowning. 17-6147-48
* What to do in many kinds of accidents, 16.5980-81
* What to do in trouble, 11-4082
* Wounded arteries and veins, 15-5599-5600

First living things, 水 1-219-22
Fish, Williston
Last will of Charles Lounsbury (story), 5-1 $1 ; 7$
Fish and fisheries

* How fish and oysters are taken, 11-4051-63 fish as food, 7-2569
in Alaska, 16-5792
in Iceland, 15-5298
in United States, 9-3208
in Northeastern states, 11-4145
l-ading countries for, 11-4051
nets, use of. 11. $4050,4052-53,4056$
See al8o Fishing; Fishes
Pictures
* catching, packing and preserving fish, 11-4050-61
Fish-crow, bird, 14-5023


## GENERAL INDEX

Pish culture, fish hatcheries, U. S. government, 9-3208
Picture, trout hatchery at White Sulphur Springs, 11-4059
Fish hawk, see Osprey-American
Fisher, Mrs. Dorothy Canfield, American novelist, 14-5010
Fisher, John Arbuthnot, ist baron, reorganized English navy, 7-2300
Eisher, animal. Pioture, 13-4697
Fisherman's berd, knot, how to make, 9-3378
Fishermen
Dr. Grenfell's work for, 7-2496-2500
Poems about
The Fisherman, by Barry Cornwall, 4-1384
The Three Fishers, by Charles Kingsley, 15-5522
Fishes

* Life in the waters, 15-5539-42
* Fishes of river and lake, 15-5629-37
* Fishes of shallow seas, 16-577.3-80
* Fishes of the deep sea, 16-5893-5900
abyssal types, 16-5898-99
characteristics, 1-256
color, 15-5541
eggs, trout, development of, 15-5633
electricity produced by some varieties, 16-5665 flying, account of, 15-5542
prehistoric forms
first, in Silurian period, 3-1032
of Devonian period, development, 4-1175-76
with armor, 15-5629-30
skeletons of, 5-1559
underground, lose eyes, 4-1299
without organ of balance, 10-3427
See also Fish and Fisheries; Fishing; al8o names of fishes
Questions aliout
Can a fish see and hear us? 11-3841-42
Do fishes close their eyes and sleep under water? 10-3474
Does a fish feel? 1-187
How do fish live in a frozen pond? 11-3976
How fast is a fish able to swim? 5-1606
How is it that fishes are not salt when caught? 9-3100
How is it that fishes do not drown? 8-2716
If fish breathe under water, why cannot we? 14-5221
Why cannot fish live in the Dead Sea? 17-6180
Why cannot fishes live on land? 11-3841
Why do fish die in a jar of water? 10-3732 Why does not sea water make fishes thirsty? 7-2360
Pictures
angler fish (gravure), 16-frontis.
brain of, 8-2943
in Carboniferous period, 4-1295
in Devonian period, 4-1177
Pictures (in color), 16-5781-88
Fishing
flycasting, directions, 15-5513
See al8o Fish and Fisheries
Pictures
Eskimo flshing through ice, 7-2565 using pound net, 11-4050
Fiske, John, American author, 13-4822-23
Fitch, John. American inventor; born, Windsor,
Connecticut, 1743; died, Bardstown, Ky., 1798.
invented steamboat, 17-6398
Fits, treatment for, 16-5981
Fitzball, Edward, wrote My Pretty Jane, 10-3609
Picture, portrait, 10-3605
Fitzgerald, Edward. English poet; born near
Woodbridge, Suffolk, 1809; died, Merton, Nor-
folk, 1883 .
translated Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyám, 15-5463
Fitzmaurice, Major James C., Irish aviator, 1-182 Fiume, llalv, 17-fi3! since World War, 18-6458
Five Famous Presidents, * 3-1039-51
Five Nations, Indian confederacy, 1-165
opposition to France, reason for, 1-248
See al8o Iroquois Indians; Six Nations
Piver, game, directions for playing, 4-1400
Fives and threes, diminos game. 12-4375
Fizeau, Armand Eippolyte Louis
experiments with measurement of light, 10-3473-74
Ejorde, see Fiords

Flacous, Quintus Foratiuw, and Integer Vitr, 10-3611
Flag, flower, see Iris
Flag Day, holiday, 6-2092
Flag of truce. A white flag set up as a sign inviting the enemy to conference, or carried by an officer who is sent as a messenger to the
enemy. Its meaning is respected and protected.
rlag-wagging, see Signaling-flag-wagging
Flags
national, when adopted, 19-7184
origin and early history, 19-7181
rules for use, 19-7187
state flags of U. S., 19-7184
United States flag, 19-7182-92
first flag of U. S., 6-2092
Poems about
The Colors of the Flag, by F. G. Scott, 10-3482
The Flag, 15-5650
Flag Day, by Minna Irving, 15-5650
Star-Spangled Banner, 17-6249
Pictures, flags of U. S. (in color) 19-7189-92
Flags, game, 3-1029
Elagstaff, Arizona, observatory, 1-287
Flame, effect of sound on, 19-6850
Questions about
What makes flames dance in an open grate fire? 14-5221
Why does a flame rise to a thing held above it? 11-4133-34
Flamingoes, bircls

* account of, 11-3890
description, 14-5018
Pictures, 11-3889
Picture (in color) 12-4371
Flamsteed, John, first Astronomer Royal, 1-283 Picture, portrait, 1-281
Flanders, part of Belgium, description, 15-5496-5502
painting, see Painting, Flemish
Poem about. In Flanders Fields, by John McCrae, 16-5924
Pictures, 15-5494-5506
Flashlight, explanation of, with diagrams 16-5664
Flatfish, description, 16-5778
life-history, with pictures, 16-5772
Flatiron building, N. Y. city. Picture, 9-3213
Flaubert, Gustave. French writer; born, Rouen,
1821; died, Croisset, near Rouen, 1880.
Flax
* account of, 8-2784, 2786
cultivation, 5-1627
manufacture into linen, 9-3317-22
Pictures, 8-2785 flower (in color) 8-2997 gathering and preparation, 9-3320-21
Flax lily, see Phormium
Flaxman, John, English sculptor, 13-4854
Flaxseed. Picture of flower (in color) 16-5882
Fleabane
blue fleabane, note on, 14-5160
varieties and description, 18-6661
Pictures
blue fleabane, 14-5160 yellow fleabane (in color) $\mathbf{1 4 . 4 9 8 3}$
Picture (gravure) 19-7174
Fleas, account of, 17-6424
Fleawort, flower. Picture (in color) 14-4986
Flecker, James Elroy, English poet, 12-4234
Fleming, John Ambrose. English electrical en-
gineer; born, Lancaster, 1849.
and wireless telephony, 17-6248
Picture, portrait, 17-6246
Fleming, Marjorie, story of, 10-3717
verse by, 12-4214
Fleming, Sir Sanford (1827-1915). Born, Kir-
kaldy, Scotland. Came to Canada, 1845. Fa-
mous Canadian engineer.
and time zones, 16-5842
Flemish painting, see Painting, Flemish
Flesh
(Justion about
What is meant by the saying that all flesh is grass? 2-689
Fletcher, John, English dramatist, $\mathbf{3 . 1 1 2 5}$
Fleur-de-lis, or 111 y
emblem of France, origin, 17-6181
See also Iris
Question about. What did the fleur-de-lis mean
in the history of France? 3-1115
Flexner, simon, physician, 15-5488


## GENERAL INDEX

Plickers, birds, 13-4763; 14-5134
Picture, redshafted ficker (in color) facing 14-5133

## Flies

* account of, 17-6420-24
diseases caused by, 17-6420
found in amber, explanation of, with pictures, 13-4824
Hessian fly, 18-6734
life history of housefly, with pictures, 18-6727
reproduction from larvæ, 17-6424
Poem about. Spider and the Fly, by Mary Howitt, 12-4269
Questions about
Can a fly hear ordinary sounds? 11-3978
Can a fly see all ways at the same time? $11+4134$
How does a fly walk on the ceiling? 2-457
Is a fly stronger than a man, comparing their size? 16-5844
Where do all the flies go in the winter? 12-4399
Pictures, 17-6416
grubs, pupæ and adults, 17-6421
Pictures (in color) facing 18-6720-21
Flinders, Matthew. English navigator; born, Donnington, Lincolnshire, England, 1774; died, London, 1814; published Voyage to Terra Australis.
explored Australian coast, 3-862
Picture, portrait, $\mathbf{3 - 8 6 3}$
Elint, use to get fire, 3-989; 19-6965
Elintlocks, muskets, description, 19-6965
Flixweed, large seed production, 9-3293-94
Floating
Question about. Why does a stick float? 17-6178
Floating-meadows
formed by microscopic seaweeds, 4-1276
in lakes, 4-1278
Flodden Field, Battle of, 12-4211-12
James IV killed, 5-1818
Pictures connected with, 12-4211
Flood, Henry, and Irish Parliament, 8-2935
Flood (deluge)
Babylonian story of, 2-657-58
Greek story of, 3-1070
Question about. What was the old Greek story about the flood? 3-1114
Flora, goddess of flowers, 9-3235
Floras, local divisions of plant life, 12-4507
Florence. One of the most important cities of Italy, famous for its beauty, its splendid art collections, and its great place in history. On both banks of the Arno, it still has remains of its old wall and of Roman baths and an amphitheatre; its medieval churches and palaces are among the most beautiful in Europe
architecture, Renaissance period, 17-6298
* art and architecture, 5-1735-40

Baptistery gates, 5-1737-38; 13-4604
Brancacci Chapel, frescoes by Masaccio, 2-699
churches, 17-6163
Duomo (Santa Maria del Fiore), 17-6162-63 Brunelleschi's dome, 5-1738-39
history, 5-1735

* painting, 2-691-99

Renaissance period, 2-697-99; 3-957-58 palaces, 17-6298
Pictures, 17-6296-97
Baptistery gates, 13-4603; (gravure), 5-1741
famous buildings (gravure) 17-6303, 6306, 6308
scenes connected with art, 5-1734

* various scenes (gravure) 5-1741-48

Floricans, birds
Pictures, 11-4005
Pengal florican (in color) 12-4:i.?
Florida. Southernmost Atlantic state; area, 58,666 square miles; capital, Tallahassee. It has a lovely climate and luxuriant vegetation. In the cultivated regions cotton, sugar, tobacco, and many kinds of fruit flourish amazingly. Lumber and tobacco products are the chief manufactures. Jacksonville, the largest city, Pensacola, Tampa and Key West are the chief towns; Palm Beach and Miami are famous winter resorts. Abbreviation, Fla. Nickname, "Everglade State" State flower, orange blossom. Motto. "In lint wr trust." "Florida" comes from the spanisl. worts meaning "Feasl of Flowers" (Easter Sunday). First settlement. st. Augustine, 1565.

Elorida (continued)
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900
discovered by Ponce de Leon, 1-242
divided into East and West Florida, 6-1910
fruit-growing in, 6-2057
made a state, 11-3940
returned to Spain by Great Britain, 6-1910
seceded from Union (Jan. 10, 1861), 7-2430
sold to U. S., 6-1910
sponge industry, with pictures, 8-2916-20
Pictures
flag (in color), 19-7190
Jacksonville and Miami, 13-4527
St. Augustine, 18-6828
scene in the Everglades, 1-156
sponge fisheries, 8-2917-19
taking fish in pound net, 11-4050

## Florida moss, 9-3268

Florin. An English coin of silver worth 2 shillings, in use since 1849. The name, derived from the Latin florm (flower), was first given to a gold coin stamped with a lily issued at Florence in 1252. There was a gold florin issued in England by Edward III in 1343-44. The Italian city of Florence also issued a florin.
Flounders, fishes, and flounder family, 16-5778-79
Picture (in color) 16-5784

## Flour and flour mills

* How flour is made, 8-2795-2802
invention of roller mills, 8-2798
experiment to find what flour contains, 2-626
grinding, invention of roller process, $19-7214$ history, early, 8-2795-96
development, 1-372
process of manufacture, 1-376; 8-2796-2802
whole wheat four, 1-372
Pictures
manufacture, packing and storing flour, 8-2797-2802
showing manufacture, 1-376-78
Flower-box, Hanging, how to make, 6-2262
Flower-box, Window
how to make, 2-513-14
Flower-peckers, birds
Picture, orange-breasted (in color) 10-3621


## lower-pots

Question about. Why has a flower-pot a hole in the bottom? 18-6554
Flower stand, directions for making, 8-2875-76
Flowering rush, see Rush, Flowering
Elowerless plants, * 10-3721-28

## Flowers

* Families of plants, 13-4870-80
* Flowers and fruits, 3-1013-16
of North America
* of eastern North America, 17-6273-82; 18-6567-72
* of Pacific coast, 19-6927-40
* of the Middle West, 18-6655-67
* of the South, 19-7085-95
* Flowers of rocky places, 15-5601-12
* Flowers of the garden, 19-7169-72
* Flowers of the marshes, 16-5727-34
* Flowers of the poets, 17-6123-31
* Flowers of the seaside, 14-5157-65
* Flowers of the stream, 16-5871-84
* Plants of two worlds, 14-4972-96
* Roadside plants and weeds, 15-5387-5400 adaptation to insects, 5-1609
arranging of, 2-620
fertilization, 2-506-09; 3-1013-14; 5-1609; 15-5613
aid of insects, 17-6064, 6073-76 bees, 17-622
artificial fertilization, 15-5384
fragrance used to attract insects, 19-7246 movements when insects come, 2-746 of chicory, 15-5388
of date palm, 6-2158
of fig, 6-2156, 2162
of fleur-de-lis, 18-6568
of orchids and lady slippers, 17-6281-82
of yucca flowers, 18-6661
See also Reproduction-plant
Picture8, 2-509
how to preserve, 11-3853
largest in world, 1-332: 9-3266
national flowers, 17-6180-81
ut grasse: iesi iptim, 10-3520, $35 \because 5$
paper, direqtions fur making, 22-4500-0 i parts of, 2-506: 3-1013-14
ith rose, 13-4と:

Flowers (continued)
perfume made from, 3-904
protecting against cold, 5-1767
seeds, how spread, 3-1083-87
state flowers of U. S., list of, 17-6181
See also Plants
Porms about
Buttercups and Daisies, by Mary Howitt, 1-323
The Crocus, by H. E. King, 12-4472
The Daffodils, by William Wordsworth, 1-102
A Daisy at Christmas, by James Montgomery, 18-6468
Dance of the Flowers (German folk-song), 7-2366
Death of the Flowers, by W. C. Bryant, 18-67949
The Flowers, by W. B. Rands, 6-2244
The Last Rose of Summer, by Thomas Moore, 16-5922
Miss Poppy, by F. E. Weatherley, 6-2244
The Moss Rose, by F. A. Krummacher, 19-6987
To a Mountain Daisy, by Robert Burns, 14-5128
To the Fringed Gentian, by W. C. Bryant, 19-6873
The Violet, by Jane Taylor, 2-489
We are the roadside flowers, by Bliss Carman 17-6283
The Wild Rose, by Goethe, 19-6987
Nee also names of flowers: as, Violets Questions about
Can flowers talk to one another? 3-879 Does a flower sleep at night? 15-5520 Does a plant go to sleep? 2-685
Were all flowers once wild? 6-2121
What is the secret of a flower's power to grow? 2-461
When bees take honey from flowers do flowers get more? 4-1233
Where does a flower get its smell from? 10-3734
Why are some flowers sweeter at night? 19-テン16
Why do some trees flower and others not? 8-2720
Why does the sun fade carpets and not flowers? 4-1354
Why should we have state flowers or national flowers? 17-6180
Pictures, 13-4870-71
daisies open and closed, 2-684
flowers and insect visitors (in color) 17-6073-76
garden flowers (gravure) 19-7173-80
parts of, 2-508-09
Pictures (in color) 13-4877-80; 14-4981-96. 15-5397-5400, 5609-12; 16-5881-84

* of useful plants, 8-2997-3000

Fluids
pressure, 15-5285, 5288-89
scientific definition, 15-5285
Flukes, worms, 19-7147
Picture, 19-7145
Flume, use in lumbering, 16-5986
Fluorine, boiling point of, 8-3014
Fluorite, or fluorspar (Cafes). Con-ists of
 grains or 1-9:stals with a glaser llstre and it is generally translucent, though not transparent. In color it may be white. violet hlar. Mar-


 as a $111 x$ and as an agent in enathelines.
Flushing. Butch frort at the monlth of the Scheldt, on Walcheren Island. On this port the butch plint to build new forts.
Ely-bug, 18-6724
Fly-casting in fishing, directions, 15-5513
Fly-honeysuckle, 15-5608
Ely poison, plant, 19-7089
Picture, 19-7093
Fly the garter, zame, 3-115.3
Fly-wheels
Question about. Does a fly-wheel ever explode? 15-33:
Flycatcher Family, birds, members of, 13-48:31-3:
 14-5, 1!
crested, account of, 13-4832

Flycatchers (continued)
scissor-tailed or swallow-tailed, 14-5022-23
varieties of, $9-3280$
Pictures, 9-3287
scissor-tailed flycatcher, 14-5023
Pictures (in color)
Indian black-naped flycatcher, 12-4372
New Guinea broad-billed, 10-3624
pied flycatcher, 9-3130
spotted flycatcher, $9-3129$
rlying
Questions about
Why cannot we fly in the air as we swim in the water? 16-5961
Why does a flying bird not fall to the ground? 7-2611
See also Aviation
Flying Cloud, ship. Picture, 11-3917
Flying Dutchman. Phantom ship said to have been seen at various times by seamen, especially about the Cape of Good Hope. She appeared always under full sail, and was regarded as a warning of disaster. Captain Marryat's story The Phantom Ship is based on the tradition.
Flying fish. Picture (in color) $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 7 8 5}$
Flying-foxes, destructiveness of, 1-318
Picture, 1-319
Flying-lemur, see Cobego
Flying lizards, 14-5230
Flying-squirrels, 3-1132
Pictures, 3-1129

## Foam

Question about. Why is foam white? 17-6176
Foam-flower, description, 17-6279
Foch, Ferdinand. Marshal of France, generalissimo of the Allied armies, 1918: born, Tarbes, 1851. Played an important rôle at the Battle of the Marne, when commanding an army corps. Presented Armistice conditions to German representatives.
Fodder
Forage plants, 7-2409-12
Fog
effect on sound 2-586
how formed, 8-2922
Questions about
What causes a fog? 17-6285
Where does the fog go when it clears up suddenly? 3-981
Why does a fog deaden sounds on the sea? 4-1451
Fogg, Phileas, hero of Verne's Around the Orld in Eighty Days, 12-4235-44
Foley, John Henry, British sculptor, 13-4854
Folk dances, see Dancing
Folklore, European, in Middle Ages, 1-299-300 See also Fairy tales
Follen, Eliza Lee, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Follow my leader, game, 3-1029
Followers of the golden age, * 12-4327-36
Fonck, René, French aviator, 17-6292
Fondant, recipe for, 11-3856
Fontainebleau, Château of, 18-6495
Fontainebleau school of painting, 7-2370
Foochow. (Thinese fort trading in cottons, tim
ber, paper, tea, matches, spices, cereals and ores.
Food

* Bread by which we live, 7-2423-25
* Fiond and its uses, 6-218.7-88
* Meat as a food, 7-2567-69
* Nature's wonderful food (milk), 7-2323-26 average diet amounts, 6-2188 calories needed daily, 18.6694 conditions affecting quantity needed, 6-2188 containing sugar, 10-3416
different kinds needed, 6-2185-88
* digestion of, 6-2083-86
map of fruits, nuts, cereals, 19-7247
not needed by tired person, 12-4503
prices of foods compared, 7-2423
sources, 7-2531-36
sumly
insufficient for living creatures produced, 13-4827 of world, 14-5225
sier alst (irains: Alilk
For list of main articles, see 20-7624-26 Gurstions atmot
Whe started the idea of cold storage? 5-1607 Why do we cook the food we eat? 4-1450 Will the world's food supply ever run short? 14-5225


## Food (continued)

Pictures
diagram of various foods, 6-2185
plants yielding food (in color) 8-2997-3000
Fools, Court, origin and history, 19-7216
Poem about. Fool's Prayer, by E. R. Sill, 2-488
Eool's parsley, 14-4976-77
Picture, 14-4977
Foot, see Feet
Foot-binding, in China, 2-43 5
Football, American game, history and description, 19-6960-61
Footner, Hulbert, Canadian novelist, 15-5369
Footpaths in the air, * 1-27-41
F'ootprints, how to follow, 3-1024
Footstool, directions for making, 6-2263-64
Forbes, Captain "Bully" 11-3920
Forbes, J. Colin, Canadian painter, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 0 0}$
Forbidden City, part of Peking, 2-434
Force Bills. By the United States Congress, in 1833, to meet nullification threats by certain states, a bill granting the President power to execute the tariff laws by force if necessary; in 1871 the Enforcement Act, or the Ku Klux Act, was passed giving the President power to suppress violations of the XIV Amendment; in 1890 an act providing for Federal supervision of elections passed the House but failed in the Senate.
Ford, Edward Onslow, English sculptor, 13-4856 Picture of statue, Peace, 13-4855

## Ford, Henry

and division of labor, 14-5246
development of his automobile industry, 19-7208, 7210
Picture, portrait, 19-7201
Fore and aft, meaning of term, 14-5002
Foreau, French painter, 8-2. 6
Forecastle of a ship, 14-5004
Foreshortening. A representation of a figure or part of a figure according to the laws of perspective so that it diminishes in actual extent according to the angle at which it is seen, but conveys the impression of its entire length. For examples see figures in the painting on 3-822.
Forest-flies, account of, 17-6422
Forest rangers, U. S., duties of, 8-2806, 2808 Pictures, 8.2805-12
Forests and forestry

* Forest and its guardians, 8-2803-10
* Forests, woods and deserts, 7-2415-16
conservation of forests, 8-2803-04
Act of 1891, United States, 8-2804
finding your way in forests, $4-1285$
fires, control of in U. S. national forests,

$$
8-2805-06,2808
$$

in early times, 7-2415
in mythology, 9-3237
influence of temperature, 4-1281
National forests, U. S., 8-2803-12
use and need for saving, 8-2680
New Zealand, 7-2573
trees that die, number of, 11-4095
value of forests, $\mathbf{7 - 2 4 1 6 ; 1 1 - 4 0 9 4 - 9 5}$
See al8o Trees
Poem about. Forest Hymn, by W. C. Bryant, 10-3741

* Pictures, 7-2415-22; 8-2803-12

Forests, Petrified, see Petrified forests
Forests, woods and deserts, * 7-2415-22
Forget-me-not, nlant
called scorpion grass, 16-6012
description, 16-5880
drooping, description, 18-6665-66
false, descrintion, 18.6665
legend about 13-4875
of mountains, description, 18-6665
Pictures
drooping forget-me-not, 18-6657
false forget-me-not, 18-6657
Pictures (in color) 14-4992; 15-5612 mountain forget-me-not, 15-5609
Forkbeard, fish. Picture (in color) 16-5784
Forks, history, use and manufacture, 4-1305-13 Pictures of manufarture. $4-!$ !. 0 - -13
Formaldehyde $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$. Dissolved in water, is
used as a powerful disinfectant.
Formalin, remedy for oat smut, 5-1 $5:-$
Formicarium, case for ants, 12-4264
Formosa, island, acquisition by Japan, 2-566
Eort Carolina, Huguenot colony in Florida, 1-246

Fort Dearborn, on site of Chicago, history, 19-7106
Picture, model of (gravure), 19-7114
Fort Donelson, attack on, 1862, 7-2433

## Eert Duquesne

Braddock's expedition against, 1755, 3-780-82 Virginia's expedition against, 1754, 3-780
Fort Erontenac, built by Frontenac, 1673, 2-683 on site of Kingston, 6-1958
Fort Garry, Manitoba, and Riel rebellion, 4-148y attack on, 1862, 7-2433
Fort Marion, St. Augustine, note and picture,
18-6828
Fort Monroe. A United States military posi situated at OId Point Comfort, Virginia, and commanding the entrance to Hampton Roads. Jefferson Davis was confined here.
Fort Moultrie. A fort situated on Sullivan's Island at the entrance to the harbor of Charleston, South Carolina, noted for its defense against the British during the Revolutionary War.
Fort Nasgan, now Albany, N. Y., founded 1615 , 2-550
Fort Norman, Canada, oil discovered, 7-2560
Fort Resolution, on Great Slave Lake Pictures, 7-2559
Fort Stanwix, now Rome, N. Y., where first U. S. flag was used in battle, 19-7183
Fort Sumter, Charleston, S. C., attack on, 1861, 7-2432
Fort Ticonderoga, see Ticonderoga
Fort Washington, on Hudson River, captured by Howe, 4-1166
Fort William, Ontario, at head of Lake Superior. 6-1956
Fort William Henry, on Lake George
Indians massacred English, 3-782
Fort Worth Centre of a large agricultural and stock-raising district in Texas, with meat packing and cotton industries.

Pictures
Federal helium plant, 14-4891
Main St., 14-4898
Forth Bridge, Scotland
building of, with pictures, 1-30-32
description, 1-28
Picture, 1-27
Fortuna, goddess of luck, 9-3234
Fortunes, telling, for Hallowe'en, 18-652?
Question about. Can people tell our fortunes? 15-5518-19
Fortunes of Nigel, by Scott, note on, 11-4070-71
Fortuny $\mathbb{y}$ Carbo, Mariano José María Bernardo. Spanish painter, 8-2854
Forum of Trajan, Rome, $4-1200$
Fosberry, Ermest, Canadian painter, 10-3709
Fossano, Ambrogio da, see Borgognone, Il
Fossils
how made, 1-94
in layers or strata, show history of life, 2-631-34
study of, by Cuvier, 2-590
Sir also Animals-history
Pictures, showing history, 2-633
Cambrian period, 3-907
Carboniferous period, 4-1297
Cretaceous period, 5-1661
Devonian period, $4=1177$
Eocene period, 5-1785
Tiras-ic perand. 5-1.iti
Pliocene and Pleistocene periods, 6-1926-27 Silurian period, $3-1033$
?oster, Stephen Collins, song-writer, life of, 18-5i511
See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Eoucault, Jean Bermard Iéon, experiment with

Founding of the nation, * 4-1429-39
Fountain of Youth, in mythology, 9-3236
Fountain-pens, how to clean, 15-5335
Fountains
Poem about. The Fountain, by J. R. Lowell. 2-607
Picture, near Florence (gravure) 5-1742
Fountains, characters in mythology, 9-3226
Fouquet, Jean, father of French art, 4-1227
Four centuries in Europe, * 18-6489-6502
Four-o'clock bird, 9-3138
Fourth of July
oticervance. 6-2n9?
Pleture, scenes in New York City, 6-2095

Fowler，Daniel，Canadian painter，10－3700
Fowler，John，designed Forth Bridge，1－28
Fowler＇s service tree，name for mountain ash， 12－4382
Fox，Charles James．English statesman；born， London，1749；died there，1806．Rival of Wil－ liam Pitt．Introduced the India Bill，1783；sup－ ported the cause of the American Colonies in Parliament in the Revolution．
Fox，George．English itinerant preacher， founder of the Scciety of Friends；born，Fenny Drayton，Leicestershire，England，1624；died， 1691.

Fox and geese，game，with checkers，15－5338
Fox in the hole，game，3－1153
Foxes
＊account of，2－602
colors of，in fur－farms in Canada，13－4693 fables about
Fox without a tail，12－4487
Reynard the fox，8－2965－66
fables ahout，by む̇心口
The fox and the crow，2－540
The fox and the goat，6－1969
The fox and the grapes，11－3986
The fox and the wolf，15－5538
stories about
Bear in the well，18－6480
Fox repaid in his own coin，by Chaucer， 13．4768
Hungry fox and the kitten，7－2352
Pictures，2－601，603；14－4900
silver fox，13－4693， 4695
Foxgloves，flowers，17－6130
note on，17－6127
Pictures，3－1013；17－6127
with visiting bee（in color）17－6074
Picture（gravure）19－7178
Foxhounds，hunting dogs， $2-718$
Picture（gravure）2－716
Foxtail，grass，10－3521， 3661
floating foxtail，10－3654
Pictures．10－3661
floating foxtail，10－3654
magnified（in color）10－3521
Fra Angelico of Fiesole，see Angelico，Fra，of Fiesole
Fra Filippo Lippi，see Lippi，Fra Filippo
Fractures
first aid for．13－4847－48
Fragonard，Jean－Honoxé，French painter，5－1881 Picture，Portrait of boy as Pierrot（gravure）， 5－1 7 ！
Fram，ship，in arctic exploration，13－4715－16
Frames of pictures，how to make，4－1393－94
Erance，Anatole．A most distinguished French novelist，poet and literary critic；born，Paris， 1844；died， 1924.
extract from M．Pigeonneau，18－6719 Pictures
portrait，18－6719
portrait by Carrière，8－2709

## France

agriculture，see Agriculture－France architecture，see Architecture，French art，8ee Architecture，French；Painting， French；Sculpture，French
boundaries，11－3814
canals，11－3816，3818；13－4787
（＇hristmas rustmms 17－ケlいこ－03
cities，11－3820－21
climate．11－3814
colonies．11－3823－24
American，11－3823
compared with English．3－777－78
＊early exploration and colonization， 2－477－x：3

Nee also New France（Canada）
Asian，11－382
Hall 19－ilい！
in Africa，10－3572；18－6808－11
in India，struggle with English，8－2826
in West Indies，19－7099－7104
islands in Melanesia，9－3．302
islands in Polynesia，9－3298
Syria，18－6678
＊description，11－3813－22
education，11－3821． 3824
un．hl－91．f1．11！－4．－11 3－11
foreign relations with U．S．during H．．\II．H can levolutionary and Napuleonic prluds， 5－1702

France（continued）
French Foreign Legion，17－6285， 6288
government，11－3822－23
local，12．3823
present constitution adopted，1875，1C．3576
States－General，or Parliament，before Revo－ lution，10－3564， 3566
history（arranged chronologically）
before Revolution
＊Roman occupation to French Revolution， 10－3429－40
invasion of Northmen，4－1436
under Louis IX，16－5818
Hundred Years＇War，5－1682－84；10－3433－34
See also Gaul
＊Revolution，6－2127－34；10－3563－70
and English history，6－2101
and French literature，18－6715－16
Bastille destroyed，16－5741
causes，6－2101，2127－28
influence of American Revolution，10－3564
U．S．，action of，5－1702
Pictures，6－2126－33
Napoleonic period
＊Napoleon and his conquerors，6－2199－2208
＊Napoleonic Wars，10－3570－72
wars against Germany and Austria，
11－3966， 3968
since Napoleon
Republic established， $1848, \mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 7 3}$
Second Empire and present Republic， 10－3573－76
Franco－Prussian War，11－3972
World War，11－3824
industries，11－3818
language，see French language
laws，Napoleonic Code，6－2204
legislature，11－3823
liferature，see French literature
maps，10－3429；11－3812
mountains，11－3814， 3816
national emblem，the lily or fleur－de－lis， 17－6181
painting，see Painting，French
Parliament，see France－States－General； France－legislature
population，5－1606
products
agricultural，11－3818
minerals， 11.3818
silk， 11 －3818
races of，11－3821－22
railroads，see Railroads－in France
religion，time of Reformation，10－3434
rivers，11－3816
sculpture，see Sculpture，French
social conditions
before Revolution，10－3563－64
Middle Ages， 10.3432
under Louis XIV， $10-3440$
songs of，and their Writers，10－3612
The Marseillaise，12－4472
writing of， $3-1135 ; 10-3605$
stamps，rare，16－5888
States－General，or Parliament，formation of 10－3433
territory added since World War，18－6458
water power，15－5430
For list of main articles，see 20－7593－94
Pictures
Paris（gravure），11－3825－28
Nee also all starred articles above
France and her neighbors，＊13－4699－4706
France in America，sce（＇anada－－history：F＇rench Canadians；New France；United States－his－ tory－colonial period．
Franceschi，Piero dei（Francesca Piero della）， Italian painter，2－699
Picture，Portrait of a Lady（gravure）2－696
Franchise，Elective．The right of suffrage，that is，of voting at public elections．
Francia，José，ruler of Uruguay，19－6982
Francis of Assisi，St．
life and teachings，6－1991
cultivated forests， 8 －2804
Giotto＇s frescoes of his life，2－698
influence，2－692， 697
Pictures
preaching to birds，by Giotto，6－1990
d，ith if lh＋saint，by Giotto（gravure），2－696
Prancis II，emperor of Holy Roman Empire
－$\{:$ up crown of Hois Roman Empire，
11． 3966 ， 2968

## GENERAL INDEX

Francis I, emperor of Austrig, see Francis II, emperor of Holy Roman Empire
Francis I. King of France, soldier and patron of the artists of the Renaissance; born, Cognac, 1494: died, Rambouillet, 1547; he reigned from 1515.
court of, 10-3434
influence on architecture, 18-6495
sent expeditions to America, 2-677-79
Francis II, king of France
husband of Mary Stuart, 10-3434
Prancis Joseph (1830-1916). Emperor of Aus
tria, king of Bohemia, and apostolic king of Hungary. He came to the throne in 1848 and reigned until his death.
Franck, César, French musical composer, 19.7152

Franco-Prussian War, 10-3573; 11-3972
Francolins, variety of partridge, 12-4364
Picture, 12-4367
Frankfort. Capital of the state of Kentucky, is 55 miles by rail east of Louisville and is in the heart of the "Blue Grass" region. There are manufactures of lumber, flour, chairs, shoes, tobacco, hemp, glass, etc.
Frankfort-on-Main, Germany, 12-4170
Frankincense
from turpentine, 9-3151
Java, name for benzoin, 9-315
Franking privilege. The right to send mail
matter free of charge.
Franklin, Benjamin
life and writings, 12-4447-50; 10-3487-88 4-1248, 1250
as fire chief, 9-3158
discovered lightning is electricity, 4-1248-50
invented instrument for storage of electricity, 16-5676
Pictures
portrait, 10-3491
portrait, in group, 4-1167
bust by Houdon, 13-4703
experimenting with lightning, 4-1249
hauling paper to his shop, 12-4449
honored at the court of France, 10-3486
Martin portrait, 12-4448
music stand, 12-4450
Franklin, Sir John
life and arctic explorations, 8-2986-88 Pictures
portrait, 8-2977
portrait, in group, 8-2985
final scenes of fatal expedition, 8-2989
Franklin, district of Canada, 4-1490
Franklin, State of, now Tennessee, 6-1908
Franz Josef Land, discovery of, 13-4712
Jackson's exploration of, 13-4714
Fraser, James Earle, American sculptor, 14-4939 Picture
End of the Trail, 1-266
Fraser, John, Canadian painter, 10-3700
Fraser, Iovat, English nainter, 8-2860
Fraser, Simon (1776-136\%). A great Canadian fur-trader and explorer. Discovered Fraser River, 1806. A partner in the Northwest Company. He refused a knighthood offered for his services as an explorer.
explorations of, 12-4337
Eraser, William Alexander, Canadian author, 15-5372
Fraser. British Columbian river, named for the explorer Simon Fraser, the most famous salmon stream of Canada. Rising in the Rockies, it flows into the Pacific near New Westminster, and is navigable for about 100 miles, there being a great canning industry on its lower course: the river furnishes great facilities for transport of timber. 750 miles.
Frauenhofer, Joseph von, inventor, 16-5811
Frauenhofer's lines, in spectrum, 16-5811
Fraunces' Tavern, New York City
Washington's farewell to officers there, 5-1696
Frazee, John, American sculptor, 14-4933-34
Eréchette, Iouis, French Canadian poet, 8-2950; 14-5110

## reckles

Qupation about. What are freckles? 4-1450
Frederick I. Barbarossa, emperor of Holy Roman Empire in Third Crusade, 7-2587
life and reign, 11-3962-63, 3967
struggles with the popes, 11-3962
Picture, proclaimed king, 11-3967

Frederick I, king of Prussia
founded schools, 11-3971
Picture, in a school-room, 11-3971
Frederick II, the Great, king of Prussis

* life, 11-4043-49

Carlyle's life of, 9-3312
entertainnuent of Bach, 19-6916
reign of, 11-3966, 3971
Pictures
portrait, 11-4048
welcomed by subjects, 11-3971
Frederick III, German emperor, 11-3972, 3974
Frederick William I, king of Prussia
relations with his son, Frederick the Great, 11-4043-44
Frederick William ( $1620-88$ ). "The Great Elector," who as Elector of Brandenburg (1640-88) secured the independence of Prussia from Poland.

Picture, portrait, 11-3969
Free cities. Cities or towns with government and laws of their own, forming each a state by itself. In the Middle Ages the towns of Northern Europe (Germany, etc.) in the Hanseatic League were generally free towns. Certain cities as parts of the German Empire were called imperial cities. The free cities that still hold their freedom are: Hamburg, Lübeck and Bremen. Up to 1866 Frankfort-on-Main made a fourth.
Free-Soll party. A political party in the United States, formed in 1848. It was opposed to the extension of slavery in such parts of the country as had not been formed into states. In 1854-56, with additions from certain other groups, it grew into the Republican party.
Free speech, Eliot's defense of against Charles I,
6-197b
Free trade. Trade without restrictions, as commerce between countries unhampered by cus-toms-duties. In a more limited sense it is used for international trade free of all duties except such tariffs as will be enough to cover revenue and police
Freedmen's Bureau. The popular name for the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandones Lands, created in 1865 by the War Department of the United States and existing until 1872. Its function was to look after the welfare of the emancipated negroes in such matters as necessities of life, land provision, education, civil rights, etc.
Freedom, see Liberty
Freedom of a city. Privilege enjoyed by a freeman of a city; honorary freedom of a city ol borough is given from time to time to persons of distinction.
Freeman, Edward Augustus, historian, 9-3205
Ficture, portrait, 9-3201
Freeman, Mrs, Mary E. Wilkins, American author, 13-4819
Froemasonry. A modern name for the principles of the Order of Freemasons. The order has an elaborate system of symbolic ritual, many grades of officers, and a number of secret signs and passwords. It is founded upon the principles of truth, charity, brotherly love and mutual assistance.
Freetown, capital of Sierra Leone, 9-3056
Picture, 9-3055
Freezing
Qucstions about
Why does shallow water freeze first? 8-2874
Why is it that the sea does not freeze?
11-39/S
Frémiet, Emanuel, sculptor, 13-4706
Picture, statue of Joan of Arc (gravure)
16-5813
Fremont, John Charles (1813-90). American explorer, soldier and politician born in Georgia. Between 1842 and 1853 he made five exploring expeditions into the western country, and took part in the capture of California; U. S. Senator from California, 1850-51; Republican candidate for the presidency, 1856. In 1861 he was appointed major-general but his military career was not a success. From 1878 to 1882 he was governor of Arizona Territory
explored Rocky Mountains, 6-1918
presidential candidate, 7-2429
French, Daniel Chestex, American sculptor, 14-4937-38
statue of Lincoln, 5-1542

## GENERAL INDEX

French，Daniel Chester（continued）
Pictures
Abraham Lincoln（statue），3－1038
The Angel of Death and the Sculptor， 24－4937
Minute man，at Concord， $4-1174$
French，John，Farl of Ypres．English field mar－ shal，commanded British Expeditionary Force during first months of the World War．Born， Ripple，Kent，1852；died， 1925.
French．Inhabitants of France，and a mixture of all three types of the Caucasic division of man．The central and southern provinces are mainly Celts of Alpine stock，while part of the south is inhabited by Basque Iberians of Medi－ terranean stock．In the north and northeast are descendants of Teutonic invaders of the Nordic stock，but most of the Teutons have been ab－ sorbed by the Alpine races．
French Academy，founding of，18－6711
French and Indian wars，3－782－84
King George＇s War，3－779
King William＇s War，3－778
Queen Anne＇s War，3－778－79
See also United States－history－colonial period；Canada－history；New France－ history
French architecture，see Architecture，French
French art goes out of doors，＊7－2475－82
Erench Canadian cattle，description， $4-1262$
Picture（gravure），4－1268
French Canadians
＊French in Canada，8－2949－56
and fur trade in Canada，12－4337－39
literature，8－2950；14－5110；15－5367
de Gaspé and Gérin－Lajoie，14－5106
song，Chant National，by Basile Routhier， 17－6256
Pictures，8－2948－56
French Equatorial Africa，18－6810
Erench Foreign Legion
Question about．What is the French Foreign Legion？17－6285， 6288
French Guiana，see Guiana，French
Ereach in America，see Canada－history；French Canadians；New France；United States－his－ tory－colonial period
French language
beginnings of， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 3 2}$
in Enslams，in Norman times，5－15，6t
French leave，meaning of expression，13－4596
French Lessons and Ehymes
lessons
at the hotel，14－4947－48
buying presents for home，15－5528
day at Versailles， $16.5 \cdots$ ，
a doll and a quarrel，18－6566
familiar things in a schoolroom，5－1764
familiar things on a motor ride，8－2888
first day in Paris，14－5126
hurrying to the boat， $12-4490$
in sight of the sea，12－1402
little visitor，19－6954
10st kes，16－
man who disappeared，19－6866
new governess，18－6464
noise in the chimney，17－6374
old apple woman，19－i248
on the way to Paris，13－4757－58
party on the boat，13－4592
picture stories，11．3838，3998， 4064
ride in the train．12－12\％6
shopping，15－5330
tea－party，14－5198
risit to fair：lathr，18－f， 10
visit to the Louvre，17－6312
We：zr，in it 1urt\％17－r
nursery rhymes，in French．14－5132；18－6756
Sur le pont d＇Avignon，6－－－
stories
L＇Amour rit aux de clefs，13－1758
La chance de Jacques le Simple，14－4：18
Comment Gotham acquit une mauvaise re－ putation，12－4489
La jeune fée du Lac Van，6． 2115
Le malin fermier et le nain，5－1乃t＂？

Le rot，le noble et le paysan，21－4144
French literature

She alet 1ratic．．－－nones：Irench Canadians－ ｜ftratatltre
Erench painting，see Painting，French

French Eevolution，see France－history－Revo－ lution
French seams，how to make，1－338
French West Africa，18－6810
Freneau，Philip，author， 13.4629
Fresco，painting，definition，2－697
Freytag，Gustav，German author，17－6414－15

Friar＇s balsam，9－3152
Friction，causes heat，1－307；11－3840
Friday，consecrated to Venus，9－3227
how named，12－4203
Friedland，Battle of．Victory of Napoleon，with 70，000 French，over 55,000 Russians and Prus－ sians on the river Alle in 1807．Ten days later capoleon concluded the treaty of Tilsit with the Tsar Alexander on a raft on the Niemen． Nee al8o 10－3571
Picture，by Meissonier，10－3569
Friend to fisher folk，＊7－2495－2500
Friendly Islands，see Tonga Islands
Friendship
Proem：a＇رのルt
My Old Friend，by A．C．Benson，12－4271
Old Friends，17－6378
Súlist，20－f6
Question about．Should we like one friend more than another？2－161
Friesecke，Frederick C．，American painter，
10－3455
Frietchie，Barbara（1766－1872）．Heroine of Whittier＇s poem of same title．
Frigate birds
＊account of，11－3884－85
Picture，11－3883
Frigates，ships，11－3918 Pictures．11－3915， 3920
Frigga，goddess，wife of Odin，12－4203
Fringed cup，plant，description，19－6930， 6932
Fringed polygala，see Polygala，Fringed
Fringillider，family of birds，14－5023－24
Eritillary，flower，description，16－5876
note on， $16-5873$
Picture，16－5873
Frobisher，Sir Martin，English mariner
＊life and explorations，14－4960
search for Northwest Passage，8－2982
story of arctic gold，13－4708
Picture，portrait，8－2977
Froebel，Friedrich Wilhelm August，German edu cator，14－5253－54
Picture，portrait，14－5247
Frog－hoppers，insects，17－6072， 6077
Erogbit，plant，16－5871－72
Pictures，showing growth by buds，4－1277
Frogfish
red frngfish，16－5899
Pictures（in color）， $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 7 8 5}$
red frogfish，16－5788
gmouths，birds，account of，9－3374
Picture，9－3367
＊life history of，1－256，258；15－5453－54， 5456
fables almint，by EEOD
The fox and the frogs．11－4144
The frngs who wanted a king．2－539
how differ from toads，15－5454
skeleton of，5－1560
toy，made from wishbone，15－5595

Can a frog live inside a stone？4－1231
Has there ever been an actual shower of frogs？10－3581
Where should we look for the ears of a

P＇utü，15－． 4 Frogbit
Frog＇s bit，see Frogbit $\quad$ Froissart，Jean．A celehrated French medieval
Froissart，Jean．A celehrated European history；born，
Valenciennes， 1337 ；died，Chimay，Belgium， 1410 ． chronicles of，5－1683；18－6562－63
Frolic，ship．beaten by Wasp．5－1704；17－6330
Froment，Nicholas，painter of Avignon school， 4－12：－
Fromentin，Eugene，French painter and author， 6－2がン
Frontenac．Comte Louis de Brade de（162n－98）．
 －fle，with the dlernguins arrainst the Trompois． Finn．maeml Fremeh exploration in the West． First period in Canada，1672－82；second period， First p
built Fort Frontenac，2－682

Frost, Robert American poet; born, San Francisco, 1875.
Frost

* Master Jack Frost, artist, 14-4904-12 formation of, 8-2922
Poems about
Frost Looked Forth, 6-2148
Jealous Jack Frost, by Frederic E. Weatherly, 17-6108
Qurstions about
How does frost help the farmer? 11-4135
Why does the thaw burst the waterpipes? 4-1450
* Pictures, 14-4905-12

Erostbite, treatment for, 16-5980
rrostfish, name for scabbard fish, 16-5900
Froth-fies, insects, 17-6072, 6077
Froude, James Anthony. English historian;
born, Devonshire, 1818; died, 1894.
habit of inaccuracy, 9-3205
Fructose, sugar from fruit, 10-3416

## Fruit

* Figs and dates, 6-2156-62
* kinds, and uses to plant, 3-1014, 1016
* Most important fruits, 6-2057-68
how formed, 2-510
map, showing sources, 19-7247
methods of improving varieties, 15-5385
preservation of, 11-4084
reason for stones, 3-978; 7-2362
United States production, 8-2680
use for decoration, 11-4019
value as food because of salts, 6-2187
varieties, dry and soft, 3-1016
wild, 11-4019
See also names of fruits
Question about. What is the difference between
a. fruit and a vegetable? 13-6693
* Pictures, 6-2056-68, 2156-61
cross sections, showing seeds. 2-507
tropical (in color), 8-3000
* wild fruits (in color), Ii-4021-28

Eruit culture, grafting, account of, 16-5959
Fry, Elizabeth, 7-2296

* life of, 16-5699-5706

Fuchsia, plant, description, 19-7171
Picture, flowers of (gravure). 19-7174, 7180
Fudge, recipes for, $\mathbf{2 - 7 5 2}$
Fuel
for outdoor fire, 12-4376
See also Coal
Fuel foods for body, 6-2185-88
Fugitive Slave Law, difficulty of enforcing, 7-2428-29
Fuji-Yama, Japanese mountain
description, 2-568
height of, 7-2313
position and height, $\mathbf{2 - 5 6 0}$
Pictures, 2-560; 7-2317
showing nearly bridges. 1=26
Fulke-Greville, Sir, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Faller, George. American portrait, landscape and figure painter; born, Deerfield, Massachusetts, 1822 ; died, Boston, 1884.
life and work, 9-33?3-3।
Picture, Winifred Dysart (gravure), 10-3461
Fuller, Margaret, life of, $\mathbf{1 3} \mathbf{- 4 6 3 2}$
Fuller faucet. 10-3766
Fuller's earth. A clay-like substance found deposited in certain parts of the world and used for "fulling," or cleansing wool and cloth. It has the properties of absorbing grease and clarhas the properties of absorbing grease and clar-

Fulmars, birds. Picture (in color), 9-3281

## Fulton, Robert

* inventions, including steamboat, 17-6398-640t offered Napoleon a submarine, 1-197
Pirtures
portrait, 17-6397
with Napoleon, 17-6401
Eumitory, flower. Pictures (in color), 14-4993; 15-5611
Funchal. Capital, cathedral city, and port of the Portuguese island of Madeira. Famous as a health resort, it is also a coaling station.
Fundamental Constitutions, form of government, pronosed for Carolina, 2-553
Fundy, Bay of
tides
high tides, I-106; 7-2542
possible power from tídes, $18-655$ \%

Funen. Second largest of the islands of Denmark; area, 1,133 square miles; capital, Odense. Fungi

* account of, 10-3722-24
and plants, 1-333
feed on other life, 3-882
growing of, $4-1356$
number of spores, 13-4826
wheat rust, account of, with pictures, 5-1757. 1762
See also Mushrooms
Question about. What makes a fairy ring? 4-1356
"Funnybone", account of, 5-1805
Funtumia elastica, tree, produces rubber, 8-2790
Fur-raising industry
* Fur-farming in Canada, 13-4693-96

Fur trade
Canadian

* history and development, 12-4337-42
beginnings, 2-679
Frontenac compelled Indians to sell to French, 2-682-83
monopoly of de Monts, 2-679-80
of Hudson's Bay Co., 12-4338-40
early trade, western U. S., 18-6426
Euries, ministers of vengeance, 9 -3238
Picture by Burne-Jones, 9.3225
Furnaces
Pictures, for making steel, with notes, 6-1941-45
Eurnaces, Electric, see Electric furnaces
Siemen's invention, 19-7207
Furmiss, Harry, British illustrator
Pictures
illustrating Alice in Wonderland, 3-1088-98 illustrating $\mathbf{A}$. Christmas Carol, 17-6114-21
Furniture
* Art of furniture-making, 18-6767-75
how to know woods in, 16-5982
in American colonies, 18-6772, 6774
in England, 18-6768-72
refinishing, directions for, 4-1392
rustic, how to make, 13-4736
toy, directions for making, 5-1765-66
upholstering, directions for, with pictures, 12-1373-74
veneered and solid, 4-1284
See also Chairs
Question about. Why does furniture make a noise at night? $9-3100$
* Pictures, 18-6767-76
made by Duncan Phyfe, 18-6775
Furniture, Box
directions for making, 3-893-94; 6-2262-64: 7-2377-79; 8-2875-79
Louise Brigham's development of, 3-891-93
Pictures, 3-891-93; 6-2262-63; 7-2378-79; 8-287579
Furze, flower
Picture, 13-4870; (in color) 14-4983


## Fuse

Question about. What is meant by a fuse in talking about electricity? 6-2250
Fuse-boxes, explanation, 16-5675
Fust, John, and Gutenberg, 9-3383-84 Picture portrait, 9.3.383
Future life, see Immortality
Fyke Nets, in fishing, 11-4052-53


Gabelhorn, Mount, Pictures, 7-2315
Gaddi, Taddeo, Italian painter, 2-698
Gadsden flag, presented to Congress by Christopher Gadsden, 19-7182
Gadsden Purchase. A tract of 45.535 square miles of land purchased by the United States from Mrxico in $185 t$ for the sake of settling hicuutes over houndaries. It lies in what is now Arizona and New Mexico. The treaty was negotiated by James Gadsden, then minister to Mexico.
Gaff, wart of a ship, 14-5nn 4
explanation of. 11-4086-87
Gage, Thomas, made governor of Massachusetts, 4-1162
Gagen, Robert $\mathcal{F}_{0}$, Canadian painter, 10-3703-04

## GENERAL INDEX

Gagnon, Clarence, Canadian painter
paints habitants, 10-3703
Picture (gravure), Quebec Village Street, Winter, 10-3707
Gaillardia, Hower, 18-6660
ticture (gravure), 19-i180
Gaini cattle, India, description, 4-1262
Gansborough, Thomas, English panter

* life and work, 6-2109-11; 7-2331-32
as a landscape painter, 6-2230
Pictures
portrait, 7-2327
portrait, in group, 7-2333
Ballie Family (in color) 7-2339
Biue Boy (in color) 7-2340
Lady Georgiana Spencer (gravure) 6-2118
Marsham Family (gravure) 6-2119
Miss Haverford (gravure) 1-68
Miss Linley and Her Brother (gravure) 1-68 Mr. Poyntz (gravure) 6-2114
Painter's Daughters (in color), 7-2340
Galago, animal. Picture (gravure), 1-212
Galahad, Sir, knight of the Round Table, 19-6949-52
Poem about, Sir Galahad, by Lord Tennyson, 3-1006
Pictures, 19-6947, 6951
Galápagos Islands. Group oi Pacific islands
700 miles west of Ecuador, of which they form
part. They are remarkable for peculiarities of the fauna and flora.
Galatz, Rumania, 14-4922
Galax, plant, description, 19-7088-89
Galba, Servius Sulpicius, Roman emperor, 5-1862-63
Gale, IVorman, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Gale, Zona, author, 14-5011-12
Galen, Greek physician, 8-2724
Hicture, portrait, 8-2721
Galena, use in radio, 17-6366
Galena and Chicago Union Railroad, 19-7107
Galicia. Formerly the largest province of the
Aulicia. Formian Empire, but now part of Poland. It is Austrian Empire, but now part of Poland. It is posits. Lemberg and Cracow are the chief towns.

See also 17-6192, 6194
Picture, oil wells, 13-4548
Falicia. Old northwest province of Spain, containing Corunna, Ferrol, Lugo, Vigo, Pontevedra and the cathedral city of Santiago
Galilee, Sea of. lakt in northern Paltstine. lying 680 feet below sea-level. Sixty-four scuare miles in witant, it is fed by the. Jomda!, and abounds in fish; the ancient city of Tiberias and the ruins of Capernaum and Chorazin stand on its shores.
Gallleo, astronomer

* life and work, 1-279-82
and invention of twlescope, 13-1671
discovered dark spots on sun, 9-317:3
discovered law of falling bodies, 1-280
discovered Saturn's rings, 10-3411-12
invented improved microscope, 13-1669 invented pendulum, $\mathbf{1 - 2 7 9}$
invented thermometer, 15-5573
trial before Inquisition, $\mathbf{1}=280,282$
tried to measure speed of light, 10-3473 Pictures
portrait, 1-281
on trial before the Inquisition, 1-279 scenes from his lift. 1-205
Gail, St., missionary from Ireland, 8-2930
Gall-files, account of, 10-3580
Gallatin, Albert, American statesman
* life and work, 10-3489

Picture, portrait. 10-3491
Galle, Johann Gottfricd, first saw planet Neptune, 10-3414
Galleasse, ship, descrintion, 11-3916
Galleon, ship. description, 11-3916
Galley of at shin, 14-5.no
Galley-ships of Greece and Rome, 11-3912, 3914 Gallinules, biris
atcom11) of, 11-1130
name given to marsh-hens, 14-5020 Pictures
Florida gallinule (in color) 9-3283 virolet (En)limate (in color) 10-3f.0
Gallipoli. Turkish port whoh gives the (iallinoll Peninsula its name. Here the Allies in the World War falled in their blow at Turkey.

Galloway, breed of cattle, 4 -1262
Picture (gravure) 4-1268
Galsworthy, John. English ncvelist and writer of plays; born, Coombe, Surrey, 1867.
See also 11-3899
Galt, John, author, 11.3894
Galton, Sir Francis, and heredity, 15-5614
experiments in sound, 18-643y
Galvani, Luigi (or Aloisio), Italian scientist experiment with frog's leg and electricity, 4-1250
Picture, portrait, 4-1243
Galvanometar, mirror, explanation, 16-5801-02
Galveston. Cotton port on an island oft the coast of Texas.
Galway. County of Connaught; area, 2,370 square miles; capital, Galway. In the west is Connemara, one of the wildest and most beautiful parts of Ireland.
Gama, Vasco da, Portuguese explorer in South Africa, 1497, 9-3048
voyage round Cape of Good Hope, 1-89
Picture, portrait, 1 -89
Gambia, Africa, 9-3056
Gamboge, a gum resin, 8-2913
Picture of plant producing (in color), 8-2999

## Games

anagrams, 18-6520
animal
"What is its name?" 8-2880 "Zoo-guess," 5-1776
ball
bouncing and keeping score, 2-519-20
pass ball, 9-3122
See also Ball games
basket race, 7-2517
bean-bag throwing, 9-3116-17
blindfold games, 18-6519
botanical puzzle game, 16-5771
bowls, 4-1400
checkers, 15-5338
chess, 5-1771
cotillion, $\mathbf{7 - 2 5 1 7}$
cricket, 14-5116
curling, 14-5114-15
digit game, with wheel, 2-521-23
domino games, 12-4375
driving match, 7-2517
egg and fan race, 7-2517
field hockey. how to play, 16-5885-86
football, American game, 19-6960-61
for parties, 3-903
Christmas Gymkhana, 7-2517
Hallowe'en, 18-6522
"Jenkins savs," 6-2167
for tiny children, 8-2743-45
fox and geese (with checkers), 15-5338
fruit and vegetable stand, 4-1505-08
game of thinking. $\mathbf{8 - 2 9 6 0}$
golf for boys and girls, 9-3247-50
history, in colonial America, 3-975-76
hoop games, 12-4496
hopscotch, with cards, 4-1510-11
ice-hockey, 14-5113-14
jump-peg, how to make and play. 1-339
lacrosse, 14-5115-16
marble games, 17-6389
Match mine," 7-2520
moral effect of, 10-3636-37
outdoor, 3-1029, 1153; 6-2164; 10-3769; 11-3855 beach, 17-6257-58
boys', 18-6523
For shecial same, look under its name ir: main alphabet
pocket game, 4-1508-10
progressive games. 8-2885
proverb games, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 9 8}$
relav race, 9-3121
rhyme-making, 18-6518
ring-toss, 14.5117
snap, card game, 15-5514
Stickerchief, 11-3859
"Stop," 7-2522
swimming games, 8-3024
telling stories with sticks, 1-231
tennis, 13-4621-22
three deep, 7-2385
train, to play on, 12-4502
"What is it?" 8-? 0 "3
"What is wrong?" 18-6639
"Where is it?"' 6-2168
""Who says?" 5-1647-53
"Why is it?" 8-2742

Games (continued)
For list of main articles, see 20-7639-44
Sce also Puzzles; Tricks; also names of games,

## as Baseball

Games, Educational
colors, to teach
animai games, 5-1647-53
making a dictionary, 6-2052-53
drawing, to teach
drawing puzzles, 8-2749
matching pictures, 8-2751-55
geography, to teach, 9-3375-76
"Where is it?" 6-2168
numbers, to teach (arranged in order of difficulty)
match mine, 1-347-48
keeping score, 1.347
bouncing ball, score for, 2-519-20
digit game, with wheel, 2-521-23
basket-ball score, 3-1018-21
fruit and vegetable stand, 4-1505-08
pocket game, 4-1508-10
hopscotch, 4-1510-11
score-keeping, 5-1893-97
telling time, 6-2267-69
pocket game, 6-2270
beginning subtraction, 6-2272
subtraction, 7-2523-24
progressive games, 8-2886
practice with digits, 9.3123
weighing, $9-3125$
spinners, 9.3126
counting, 9-3255
measuring, 9-3256-58
Neighing, 9-3256-58
jumping game, 10-3511-12
playing cafeteria, 10-3515-16
measures, 10-3517-18
making change, 10-3633-34
reading, to teach (arranged in order of difficulty)
reading words, 4-1287-94
fruit and vegetable stand, 4-1505-08
about animals, 5-1647-53
action words, 5-1893-97
making a dictionary, 6-2049-54
sound games with words, 6-2055
making a word-file, 7-2386-89
practice games, 7-2389-91
page line game, 7-2390
sound games with words, 7-2519-22
testing games, 8-2747-48
sound games with words, 8-2883-84
stops and commas, 19-7080
harder sound games, with words, 9-3258-59 reading money, 9-3256-58
time, learning to tell, 6-2267-69
writing, to teach (arranged in order of difficulty)
writing words, 4-1290-94
fruit and vegetable stand, 4-1505-08
making a dictionary, 6-2049-54
practice game, 7-2383-84
three deep, 7-2385
making a word-file, 7-2386-89
testing games, 8-2747-48
matching pictures, 8-2751-55
relay race, 9-3122
digits, 9-3123
to distinguish objects, weight, sound, 1-345-47, 350
to learn cloth materials, 1-349-50
word to parents, 10-3636-37
Games, Fublic
in ancient Rome, 4-1198
Question about. What were the ancient Olympic games? 12-4401
Picture, chariot race in ancient Rome, 10-3744 Ganges. Most important Indian river, rising in the Himalayas and flowing through a fertile plain and a vast delta into the Bay of Bengal. It drains 390,000 square miles, its discharge of silt discoloring the sea 50 miles from its mouth; the Jumna, Gogra, Gumti, Son and Gandak aro large tributaries. The chief towns it passes are Cawnoore, Allahabad, Benares and Patna, and Calcutta stands on the Hoogli mouth. The Ganges is considered sacred by the Hindus. 1,557 miles.
mud carried by, 7-2537-38
Pictures
crowds bathing, 8-2699
state barges on, 7-2540

Gangrene, Lister's discovery about, 15-5483
Gannets, birds, 11-3884
l'ictures, 11-38১.j
alighting at nest, 11.3882
Picture (in color) 9-3282
Ganymede, cupbearer of the gods, 9-3228
Garburg, Arme, Nurwestan nolellst, 1 - -1012
Garden cities, explanation, 7-2612
Garden gate, game, 8-2743
Garden seat, how to make, 10-3506-07
Gardening
dwarf trees, how to grow, 9-3118
fruit trees on the dining-table 9 -3118
how to save trees by tree surgery, 10-3626
indoor, growing plants without soil, 7-2515-16
protecting plants against cold, 5-1767
selection of plants, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 8 2}, 5384$
See also name of plant, for directions for growing it; as, Mustard
Gardens

* Flowers of the garden, 19-7169-72
for children, N. Y. city, 15-5623
Poem about, My Garden, by T. E. Brown, 18-6797
Gardiner, Samuel Rawson, historian, 9-3205
Picture, portrait, 9-3201
Gardiner, Bishop
Picture, portrait by Matsys, 4-1223
Garfield, James Abram, president of U. S., 8-2670
administration, 11-3943
life, outline of, 11-3953
Picture, portrait (gravure) 11-3946
Garfish, fish
Picture (in color) 16-5784
Garyaney, bird
Picture (in color) 9-3284


## Gargantua

Question about. Where do we read about the giant Gargantua? 7-2484
Gargle. A liquid medicine for cleansing or stimulating the back parts of the mouth and the throat. The liquid is churned about by muscular movement and gentle respiration, then ejected from the mouth. Gargling is one of the best treatments for sore throat.
Gargoyle. A spout projecting from the roofgutter of a building to discharge water. Gargoyles have been used in almost every period of architecture, but the name is most closely associated with the grotesque spouts of Gothic buildines.
Garibaldi, Giuseppe, Italian patriot, 13-4588, 4590
and Italian unity, 12-4412
Pictures
portrait, 13-4583
meeting King Victor Emmanuel, 13.4589
statue of, 13-4582
Garland, Hamlin, author, 14-5007-08
Garlic. A bulbous plant resembling the onion. It has a strong odor and a pungent flavor, and is much used in cooking, especially in Southern Europe and in Oriental lands
Garneau, Alfred, French Canadian poet, 14-5110
Garneau, François Xavier, Canadian author, 14-5104-05
Garnet, account of, 19-7227
Garonne, French river, 11-3816
Garrick, David, wrote song, Hearts of Oak, 10-3606
Picture, portrait, 10-3605
Garrison, William Iloyd
published The Liberator, 11-3939
Garter snakes, 15-5413
Picture, 15-5413
Garvin. Mrs. John, see Hale, Katherine
Gary, Blasco de, and invention of steamboat, 17-6397-98
Gary, Elbert H. (1846- ). American business man, head of the United States Steel Corpora. tion. Gary, Indiana, planned as model home for steel workers, was named in his honor,
Gary, Indiana, development of, 17-6038
Gas (Illuminating)

* history of discovery and use, 3-989-93
* where gaslight comes from, 2-635-45
meters, in gas works, with picture, 2-645
pipes in streets. With nicture, 2-f, 4.
Question about. Why does a shade move when hung over the gas? 12-4401
Pictures
* showing manufacture and piping, 2-635, 637 . 639-45

Gas and oll engines

* automobile engines, explanation, 19-7029-32 diagrams with explanation, 19-7030-31
gasoline engine, how it works, 13-4540
internal-combustion engines, invention of, 19-1015-16
two-stroke engine, with pictures, 19-7028
use in boats, 17-6406
Pictures
building and testing engines, 19-7021
section of 4 -cylinder engine of a motor car, 19-7024-25
Gas-making, see Gas (Illuminating)
Gas mantles, light from, 2-636
Gas switch
Picture, with explanatory note, 9-3101
Gas warfare. The use of poison gases, tear gases and others to cripple an enemy's forces. Suffocating gases were used about 431 B.C. in the war between Athens and Sparta. In the Middle Ages similar means were employed. The first gas attack in the lloorld Wrar was. latmehted by the Germans at Ypres, April, 1915.
Gascons, in France, 11-3821-22
Gascony. Old French duchy, in the extreme southwest, united in 1052 to Guienne. The Gascons are famous in literature for their thriftiness and fiery temper.


## Gases

acetylene, $13-4530$
Boyle's law of pressure, 15-5289
expanded by heat, with pictures, 15-5573
experiment to show, 19-7083-84
have no cohesion, 10-3730
in blood, 3-937
specific gravity, 14-5038
Question about. If the gases in water make fire, why does water quench it? 15-5614
Gaskell, Mrs. Elizabeth Cleghorn Stevenson, author, 11-3896
Picture, portrait, 11-3891
Gasoline
in automobile engine, 19-7029
inflammable, reason, $10-3730$
obtained from petroleum, 13-4540
use for lighting, 13-4540
Question about. Why does a light go out in water, but flare up in gasoline ! 10-3729
Gasoline engines, sef (ias and oil enwints
Gaspé, Philippe de, French Canadian author, 14-51116
Gastropods, description, 19-6889
Gates, Ellen M. H., sce Poetry Index for poem and note
Gates, Horatio (1728-1806). Revolutionary soldier, born in Finsland. He served in firitishis army under Braddock but remained in Anmric. and later joined Revolutionary army; received high command, but failed as a leader. at Saratoga, 4-1168
desired to supplant Washington, 4-1170
failed in the South, 4-1172
Picture, portrait, 4-1165
Gatling, Richard, inventor of machine sun. 19-1210
Gatun Lake, Panama Canal, 1-364
Picture and note, 1-363
Gatun locks, Panama Canal, 1-362-64 Picture and note, 1-363
Gauge, or gage. An instrumpnt or apracatus for gauging or measuring size, force, capacity, te
Gauguin, Paul. French impressionist painter; born, Paris, 1848; died, West Indies, 1903.
Gaul, France in early times
Cæsar in, 4-1198-99, 1366
Gauls, ancient tribe of Europe
burned Rome, 309 B.C., 4-1194
Gauntlet. In medieval armor, the glove for protecting the hand. It was made entirely of metal om of romadrel: and mates ot stal infon leather. Earlier examples were attached to the armor for the arm; later styles were separate.
Gaus, wild cattle of India, 4-1263 Picture (gravure) 4-1266
Gautama, scr limilha
Gautier, Théophile. Noted French romantic novelist, poet and literary critic: born, Tarbes, 1811; died, Neuilly, near Paris, 1872.
story of his cat, 11-3837
Gay. John
Picture, portrait, by Kneller, 6-2003
See also Poetry Index for poem and note

Gay-工ussac, Joseph Joulg, French chemist:
born, 1778; died, 1850 ; established the laws concerning union of gases
law explained, $15-5425$
Gayal, cattle, 4-1263
Picture (gravure) 4-1266
Gaza. Ancient city of Palestine, once a Philistine stronghold.
Gazelle-camel, extinct animal, 5-1600
Gazelles, animals, 4-1444
Picture, 4-1445
Gazettes, early name for newspapers, 7-2483
Gean, name for wild cherry, 12-4383
Greckos, lizards, 14-5230
لictures, 14-5231,5233
Geddes, Jenny. An old woman opposed to prelacy who took up her stool to throw at the Bishop's head in St. Giles's Cathedral, Edinburgh, in 1637.

## Geese

account of, 11-3885, 3888
anecdotes of, by Jack Miner, 8-2816-18
story about
Geese who kept guard of Rome, 11-3982
Pictures, 11-3886-87
African pigmy goose (in color) 12-4369
gray lag goose (in color) 8-2898
red-breasted goose (in color), 12-4370
wild geese in Miner sanctuary, $8-2815$
Geikie, Sir Archibald (1835-1924). An eminent Scottish geologist.
Geissler's tubes. Sealed vessels so constructed as to show the effects of electricity when passed through rarefied gases. The result is a display of light varying in color and intensity
Gelatin. A substance obtained from certain animal tissues when treated with hot water or acids. It swells but does not dissolve in cold water, and dissolves in hot water. When its solution made with hot water cools, it has the form of a tremulous jelly.
Gelert, dog, story of, 5-1693
Gemini, constellation. legend about, 17-6288
Gems

* history and description, 19-7225-34

Pictures (in color) facing 19-7225
Gemsbok, animal, 4-1444
General Grant National Park, California, 7-2290-91
General Sherman Tree, sequoia, 7-2290-91
Generations, Alternation of, 3-884
in jellyfishes, 19-7060, 7065
Genesis. The first book of the Old Testament in the Bible. The word is derived from a Greek word meaning origin, source, beginning. The book gives the stories of creation, the flood, the scattering of races and the lives of the early Hebrew patriarchs.
Genet, animal. Picture, 2-496
Geneva. Historic Swiss city, stronghold of Calvin in the 16th century, and now seat of the League of Nations. Standing at the exit of the Rhone from Lake Geneva, it is a well-built nlace with a 12 th-century cathedral, a university and fine modern buildings. Watches and jewelry are manufactured.
See also 16-6006, 6008
Geneva, Lake. Largest lake in the Alpine region, covering 225 square miles. It lies between Switzerland and France, and is traversed by the Rhone, its waters being famous for their transparency and blueness. Geneva, Vevey, Montreux, Villeneuve and Ouchy, the port of Lausanne, are the principal Swiss towns on its shores, and at the east end is the castle of Chillon. Ser also 16-6000

Pirture, 16-5999
Geneva Convention, 1864. International agrepment lu $\because$ spuct those who attend sick aws wounded in war.
Genevieve, $\mathbf{s t}^{\text {t. Patron saint of Paris, reputed }}$ to have saved the city from Attila by her prayre in 4. 1 .

Picture, Bishop and St. Genevieve, by Cha-
Genghis Khes, 7-2478
Gendi. Suirits havingiz Khan over certain plates frosonc or things, particularly powerful Armons. loth entul ambl last. in drabian and Mohammedan lore, who took part in human affairs and were sometimes under the control of magic. In this sense qenif is the same as jinn of which the singular is jinni.

## GENERAL INDEX

Genius, patron spirit of every man, 9-3234
Genoa Chief port and one of the most important manufacturing cities of northern Italy, with iron-working, fruit-preserving, sugar, cloth and cotton industries. Once a powerful republic, sharing with Venice the trade of the East, Genoa still has many fine Renaissance palaces and ancient churches; its cathedral dates from 985. Among its citizens were Columbus and Mazzini
See al8o 12-4413
architecture, Renaissance period, 17-6299
Picture, 12-4413

## Genre painting

Brueghel, "father of genre painters," 4-1227
explanation of term, 5-1588
from Rembrandt, 5-1711
of Dutch artists, 5-1588
of Hogarth, 6-200a
Genteel lady, game, 8-2745
Genth, Iillian, American painter, 10-3455
Gentian Family, in botany, 13-4875
Gentians
fringed, account of, 16-5732
of Pacific coast, 19-6939
Pine Lands gentians, 19-7086
Poem about. To the Fringed Gentian, by W. C. Bryant, 19-6873

## Picture

Pine Lands gentian, 19-7087
Pictures (in color)
common autumn gentian, 14-4985
field gentian, 14-4994
marsh gentian, 16-5882
Gentile. Literally "one who belongs to a gens,
or clan." In the Scriptures, anyone not a Jew;
in later writings sometimes anyone neither a
Jew nor a Christian.

## Geography

* Face of the earth, 6-2169-76
game, maps made into pictures, 9-3375-76
See al8o Earth; Sea; Physical geography
For list of main articles, arranged by countries, 8ee 20-7615-16
Pictures, varied scenes, 6-2173-76
Geography, Physical, see Physical geography


## Geologists

Dana, James Dwight, 19-7054-55
Picture, 19-7051
Dawson, Sir William, 19-7056
Picture, 19-7055
Lyell, Sir Charles, 2-592
Miller, Hugh, 6-2069-70
Smith, Dr. William, 6-2069

## Geology

* How fire and water made the world (i.e., early formation of earth's surface), 2-525-27
* How sun and wind marle the hills tearly period, crust formation), 2-62 $\{-3:$
* How to know the ricks. 17-6.3 (-
* Stony book of nature, 6-2069-70
historical periods, brief account of 2-634
historical periods (arranged chronologically) Cambrian period. 3-905-06 animal life, 3-906
location of rocks, 3-905 Pictures, 3-907
Silurian period, 3-1031-32
location of rocks, 3-1032 Pictures, 3-1033
Devonian period, 4-1175-77 location of rocks, 4-1176 Pictures, 4-1177
Carboniferous period, 4-1295-97 animal life, 4-1296
description, 13-4535
plant life, 4 -1296
Pictures, 3-787
showing fossils in rocks, 4-1297
showing plants and animals, $4-1297$
Permian period, 4-1296
Triassic period, 4-1401-03
location of rocks, 4-1401-02 Pictures, 4-1403
Jurassic period, 5-1545-47 location of rocks, 5-1545 Pirtures, 5-1547
Miocene period, 5-1784
Cretaceous period, 5-1659-60
rocks raised above sea, Eocene period, 5-1783
Pictures, 5-1661
Tertiary period, 5-1783-85

Geology-historical periods (continued)
Eocene period, 5-1783-85
location of rocks, 5-1783
Pictures, 5-1785
Oligocene period, 5-1784
Pliocene period, 6-1925-26
Pliocene and Pleistocene periods
Pictures, 6-1926-27
Pleistocene period, 6-1925-28
North America, geology, 3-773-75
changes in surface, 1-157-59

* strata of rocks, what they show, 2-631-34
study of, 6-2069
See also Geologists; Rocks; Strata
For list of main articles, sce 20-7614-15
Qucstion about. Why is the Wallace Line of importance? 2-587
Pictures.
geological formations explained, 6-2072-73
showing typical forms, 6-2071-75
various periods of geology, 11-3925
Geometry, Euclid's studies in, 2-701-02
George, St., patron saint of England
and the dragon, $1-54$
Pirtures
Baumgartner as the saint, by Dürer, 4-1347 drawing by Dürer, 4-1348
fight with the dragon, 1-357
painting by Mantegna (gravure), 3-1112
statue by Donatello (gravure), 13-4613
with dragon and princess, 1-55
George I, king of England
could not speak English, 6-2097-98
George II, king of England
Georgia grant, 2-554
main interest in Hanover, 6-2097
George III, king of England
character, 6-2097
delayed peace with United States, 5-1695
policy toward colonies, $4=1159,1162$
statue in New York melted for bullets. 17-6208, 6210
George XV, king of England
meeting with Sir Walter Scott, 7-2632
Picture, portrait by Hoppner (gravure) 6-2120 George $\mathbf{v}^{\mathbf{V}}$ (1865- ). King of Great Britain and Ireland, succeeded his father King Edward VII, May 6, 1910. Married Princess Mary of Teck. Had 6 children: 5 sons, Edward Albert, Prince of Wales, Albert Edward, Duke of York, Prince Henry, Prince George and Prince John: and one daughter, Princess Mary.

Antarctic land named for, 14-5093
George, Henry (1839-97). American writer on economics. Chief works, Progress and Poverty, The Land Question, Protection or Free Trade.
George Washington Highway, note and pictures. 14-1く?
Georgetown, canital of British Guiana, 9-3190
Georgetown, Malay Peninsula, 9-3184
Georgetown University, note and picture, 12-4316 Georgia. Soviet republic in Transcaucasia; aret, 25,760 square miles; it has great agricultural and mineral resources, including rich deposits of manganese, iron, lead, petroleum and copper, and contains the important towns of Tiflis, the capital, Kutais, Poti and Batum.
taken by Russia, 16-5694
Georgia. Cotton state bordering the Atlantic; area, 59,265 square miles; capital and largest city, Atlanta. Besides cotton and corn, it produces much fruit, rice, wheat, sugar and tobacco. The chief manufactures are cotton. lumber, fertilizers and cottonseed products. The mineral resources are considerable. Savannah, Macon and Augusta are the chief towns. Abbreviation, Ga. Nickname, "Cracker State." State flower, Cherokee rose. Motto, "Wisdom. Justice, Moderation" "Georgia" was named after George II of England. First settlement, Sarannah. 1733.
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900
founded as refuge for debtors, 2-554
in Revolution, $\mathbf{4 - 1 1 7 0 ; 5 - 1 6 9 5}$
ratified Constitution, 5-1698: 20-7.5.,
seceded from Union (Jan. 19, 1861), 7-2430
signers of Constitution, 20-7574
signers of Declaration of Independence, 20-7557
Sherman's March to the Sea, 7-2440
Pictures
Atlanta and Augusta, 14-4898

Georgia－Pictures（rontinued）
flag（in color），19－7190
home of Joel Chandler Harris，12－4816
Sherman＇s March to the Sea，7－2439
Stone Mountain，13－4518
Tugalo dam at night，15－5428
Georglan Bay，Lake Huron，description，6－1956
Geraint and Enid，story of，17－6320－23
Geranium，flower，description，19－7170 wild，description，18－6570
See also Herb Robert
Geranium Family，in botany，13－4873
Gerhardt，Paul，German poet，17－6268
Géricault，Jean Louis André Théodore，French painter，6－2081
Gérin－Lajoie，Antoine，French Canadian author， 14－5106
Gerlache，Adrien de，antarctic explorer，14－5091 Picture，portrait，14－5089
Germ－plasm，explanation，15－5613－14
German architecture，see Architecture，German
German East Africa after World War，9－3054 now called Tanganyika Territory，18－6811

## German literature

＊account of，17－6265－71，6409－15 folk－songs，7－2366－67 See also Myths and legends－German
German painting，see Painting，German
Germander，flower
Picture，wood germander（in color），14－4992
Germander speedwell，flower，14－4980
Pictures，14－4979；（in color）13－4880
Germania，ship，in arctic exploration，13－4710
Germanicus，Cæsar，Roman general，5－1861
Germany．Republic of Central Europe，with an area of 182,213 square miles and a popula－ tion of about $60,000,000$ ．It consists of a federation of states，of which Prussia，Bavaria， Wurttemberg，Baden and Saxony are the chief， and is the most important manufacturing coun－ try of the European continent，having nearly 50 towns with over 100,000 people．In 1912 its annual mineral produce was valued at nearly $\$ 3,000,000,000$ ，the coal－fields of the Ruhr and Saar valleys，Saxony and Upper Silesia being especially important，though iron，lead，zinc， silver and salt are also mined．Rye，wheat， sugar－beet，wine and potatoes are the chief crops，and textile，engineering，chemical，paper， iron，steel and hardware the chief manufactur－ ing industries．Among the greatest cities are： Berlin，the capital，Munich，Leipzig，Dresden， Cologne，Breslau，Frankfort，Düsseldorf，Nurem－ berg，Hanover，Magleburg，Stuttgart，Chemnitz and Mannheim．The greatest ports are Ham－ burg，Bremen，Königsberg，Stettin，Kiel and Lubeck．On November 9，1918，the abdication of the German Emperor was announced and from that date Germany became a Republic
＊Fuilding of Germany，11－3959－74
＊Germany as it is to－day，12－4160－80
agriculture，12－4164， 4166
architecture，see Architecture，German
area，12－4162
art，see Architecture，German；Painting，Ger－ man；Sculpture，German
canals，13－4786
cities，12－4168， 4170
colonies
in Africa，after Worid War，9－3050 Pacific isiands lost by her， $9-3300,3302$ Pacific islands，how divided after World War，7－2．． 8
Samoa，10－3592
description，12－4161－72
education，12－4172
forestry，first conservation movement，8－2803 history，11－3959－74
history（arranged chronologically）
struggle against Rome，11－3960
establishment of Holy Roman Empire 11－3962
struggle between Popes and Emperors， 11－3962－63
Peasants＇War，under Charles V，11－3963 Reformation，11－3964 Thirty Years＇War，11－3964
＊Frederick the Great，reign of，11－4043－49 Napoleonic Wars，11－3966， 3968 confederation，after Congress of Vienna， 11－3968
confederation under Bismarck，11－3970

Germany－history（continued）
Franco－Prussian War，10－3573
Empire established，1871，11－3972
in World War，11－3974
industries，12－4166， 4168
intellectual influence，12－4172
labor conditions，12－4168
legends，see Myths and legends－German
literature，see German literature
map，11－3973
minerals，12－4166
national flower，the cornflower，17－6181
painting，see Painting，German
physical geography，12－4162， 4164
population，5－1605
religion before Christianity，11－3959
rivers，12－4162
sculpture，see Sculpture，German
social life，12－4172
song，Die Wacht am Rhein，by Schnecken－ burger，17－6253
territorial losses since World War
18－6461－62
For list of main articles，see $\mathbf{2 0 - 7 5 9 4}$
＊Pictures，12－4160－80
historical，11－3959－71
life of children，12－4167
＊various scenes（gravure）12－4173－80
Germs，see Microbes
Geronimo，Algerian slave，martyrdom of 19－ないい
Gerry，Elbridge，vice－president of U．S．
Picture，portrait（gravure），11－3948
Gerrymander．In United States politics，an ar－ bitrary arrangement of the political divisions of a state，without regard for natural bound－ aries，in order to give some party an unfair advantage in election．
Gershwin，musical composition based on jazz， 19－7153
Gesner，Abraham，and kerosene，3－996；13－4534
Gessart，Jan，wf：Gussaert，Jan
Gesta Romanorum，stories from，8－2961－62
Gettysburg，Battle of，7－2436
Gettysburg National Cemetery
Pretures，with notes，18－6837－38
Geysers，explanation and description，2－i30， 733 Pictures，2－728， 731
Glarials，Indian crocodiles，14－5230
Picture，14－5226
Ghats．Mountain ranges fringing the east and
Gheel，Belgium，care for insane，8－2728
Ghent．Ancient Flemish capital，at the junction of the Lys and Scheldt．Here are splendid medi－ eval buildings，including the magnificent cathe－ dral，belfry，cloth hall，university，and Bégui－ nages，while there are textile，iron，leather and sugar industries．

Pictures，15－5506
Quai aux Herbes，15－5499
Ghent，Treaty of
ended War of $1812,3-945$ ；5－1706
Gherkin，kind of cucumber，7－2616
Ghetto．That quarter of a town or city，par－ ticularly in Italy，which was set apart for the Jews and to which they were compelled to con－ fine their residence．
Ghibellines，party in Florence，5－1735
Ghiberti，Lorenzo，Italian sculptor，13－4604
＊life and work，5－1737－38
Pictures
portrait，5－1735
gates for the Baptistery，Florence，13－4603： （gravure），5－1741
Ghirlandaio（Domenico Bigordi or Corradi）， Italian painter，2－699
Pictures
Virgin with infant Christ（gravure），2－693 The Visitation．2－690
Giant dock，see Dock－great water
Giants，men of great size
list of，and possible reason for size，9－3224 Question about．Where do we read about the giant Gargantua？7－2484
Glant＇s Causeway，Ireland
description，6－2070
how formen，2－526
Picture，8－2931
Gibbon，Edmard，historian
life and qualities as historian，9－3202－04
Pictures
portrait，9－3201
as a young man in Rome，9－3203

## GENERAL INDEX

Gibbon，John Murray，author，15－5374
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Picture，portrait，15－5374
Gibbons，James，Cardinal Born，Maryland， 1834
died，1921．An American Catholic church dig－
nitary．He was created a Cardinal in 1886.
Gibbons，Grinling，Einglish decorator，13－4854
and John Evelyn，5－1730
Picture，5－1729
Gibbons，apes，1－208， 213
Hicture，1－212
Glbbous TMoon．A term applied to the moon when more than half full．Gibbous is from a Latin word meaning＂hump－backed．
Gibraltar，British possession，9－3181－82
Picture，Rock of Gibraltar，9－3187
Gibraltar，Strait of．Strait dividing Europe
from Africa and connecting the Atlantic with the Mediterranean Sea． $8-13$ miles wide，it is dominated by the fortress and Rock of Gibral－ tar；on the Moroccan shore are the ports of Ceuta and Tangier．
Gila monster，lizard，14－5232

> Picture, 14-5231

Gilbert，Captain，named Gilbert Islands in Micronesia，9－3302
Gilbert，Alfred，English sculptor，13－4854， 4856
Pieture of statue，Perseus Arming，13－4855
Gilbert，Sir Humphrey，English mariner
attempted colony in Newfoundland，1－251
life of，14－4962
Picture，taking possession of Newfoundland， 14－4961
Gibert，Sir John，English painter
Picture，Shylock and the merchants on the bridge in Venice，3－983
Gllbert（Gilberd），William，English philosopher experiments with electricity，4－1243－44；16－5666 Picture，showing Queen Elizabeth an electrical experiment，4－1254

## Gilbert Islands

account of，9－3302
belong to British Empire，9－3302
population，and nation ruling，9－3186
Gilboa dam，Schoharie Creek
Picture，in construction，14－5054
Gllder，Richard Watson，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Glding，preparation of gold leaf， $15-5520$
Gilgamesh，hero of Assyria，2－657
Giliaks，Siberian race，16－5851
Picture，16－5851
Gill－net，in fishing，11－4052
Gill－over－the－ground，14－4980
G＋1llot，Joseph，and manufacture of steel pens， 10－3550
Gilman，Samuel，wrote Fair Harvard，18－6514
Gilmore，Fatrick Sarsfield，song－writer，18－6514
Gimlet，tool，how to use，1－233
Ginerra．Poem about．Ginevra，by Samuel Rogers，6－2032

## Ginger

account of，8－2996
wild，description，17－6278
Picture of plant（in color），8－2998
Giocondo，Fra Giovanni，Italian architect，4－1458
Giorgione，In（Giozgio Barbarelli）．Italian painter，3－1106；4－1462
Pictures
portrait．4－1455
Portrait of a General 4－145
Giotteschi，followers of Giotto，2－698
Giotto（or Giotto di Bondone），Italian artist life and work，2－697－98；5－1736－37
designed campanile，Florence，5－1737；17－6163 Pictures
Death of St．Francis（gravure），2－696
The Flight into Egypt（gravure），2－6．97 Giotto＇s tower，Florence（gravure），5－1746－47 St．Francis preaching to the birds，6－1990 statue of，5－1735
Gipsy．A member of a vagabond race which made its appearance in the easiern part of Europe about the 14th century and is now found in almost every part of the world．The name reflects a popular belief that these people came from Egypt originally．
Gipsy moth，how introduced into U．S．，18－6734 note and picture，17－6069
Pictures（in color）．18－6534
Gipsywort，plant．16－デヶ゙い
note on，16－5879
Picture，16－5879

Giraffe，animal，4－1445
description of，for game，8－2880， 3023
drawing of，how to make， $\mathbf{6 - 2 1 6 5}$
Picture，4－1440；18－6813
Giraffe－camel，extinct animal，5－1600
Giralda，tower in Seville，15－5466
Picture，15－5469
Girardon，François，French sculptor，13－4700， 4702－03
Girardot，Georges，artist
Picture，Columba＇s first sight of Scotland， 8－2842
Girgenti，Sicily
Picture，Temple of Concord（gravure）15－5352
Girl I Left Behind Me，song，popularity of， 10－3608
Girls，in China，2－436
See also Camp Fire Girls
Question about．Why does a boy＇s voice break and not a girl＇s？4－1230
Pocms about
Maidenhood，by H．W．Longfellow，14－5240
My Playmate，by J．G．Whittier，18－6466
Three Years She Grew，by William Words－ worth，18－6467
Girodet－Trioson，Anne Louis，French painter
Picture，Napoleon when a boy，6－2103
Gironde，mouth of the Garonne，11－3816
Girondins，party in French Revolution，6－2134
Gisborne，Thomas，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Gizeh
pyramids，see Pyramids of Egypt
Sphinx，see Sphinx in Egypt
Pictures
pyramids，3－811；（gravure），7－2606；14－5214 Sphinx，1－352；3－819 walls of a tomb（in color），1－295
Glacial epoch
description and effects，6－1925， 1928
effect on suil of northeastern U．S．，10－3404
in North America，1－158
lakes caused by，1－158
making of Great Lakes，6－1955－56
remains of，in rocks，6－2070
Picture，marks left on the rocks，6－2069
Glacier National Park，description，7－2281 Picture，7－2283

## Glaciers

＊account of，7－2316
explanation of，11－3819
extent in prehistoric times，7－2316
how formed，6－2250
Mer－de－glace，in Alps，11－3819
of Norway，largest in Europe，15－5298， 5300
See also Glacial epoch
Pictures，6－2176；7－2315，2318；1．1－3819
Francis Joseph，New Zealand，7－25i0 Grindelwald，17－6086
Gladiators．In old Roman timess men whe fought to give the people entertainment．Some－ times they fought against other gladiators， sometimes against wild animals．These fights took place in arenas before large audiences． Picture．12－4459
Gladiolus，flower．Picture（gravure），19－彳180
Gladstone，Willam Ewart．Enclish statesman： born，Liverpool，1809；died，Hawarden Castle， Flintshire，1898；prime minister four times．The Irish Church was disestablished and two Home Rule Bills were brought before Parliament and defeated in Gladstone＇s terms of office．

Pictures，portrait，15－5618 portratit，in groum，7－2295
Glamorgan．County of South Wales；area， 813 square miles；capital．Cardiff．The main indus－ try is coal－mining，the anthracite mines being the most important in Gireat liritain；but the tinplatiner smeltin and oil－refining industries are considerable．Here are the ports of Cardiff， Swansea and Barry．and the mining centres of Rhondda，Merthyr，Tydfii．Aberdare and Ponty－ pridd；other places of note are Llandaff，Caer－ philly and Neath．

## Glands

＊Our wonderful glands，9－3221－24
definition．4－1418
ductless．9－3222－24
of bowel．6－2n85－86
of ear，9－3306
of stomach，6－2083－84
produce chemical substances needed by body． 3－939

Glands (oontinuri)
slleat. sur sirfat-glands
use in body, 4-1452
Pictures, diagrams of two glands, 9-3221
Glasgow, Ellen, novelist, 14-5011
Glasgow. Lat-rst whtish rity and port, and stomind liskest in firwit liritain. Standing on the Clyde, 23 miles from its mouth, it is in the heart of the iron- and coal-mining district of western Scotland, of which it is the commercial and rallway rentre shiphtulding. iron-founding, engineering, and the making of locomotives are all important, but there are also textile, rubber, chomical. glas amd many othar manufactures, while the shipping trade is considerabile. The eathmiral of st. Munso was besun in the 12 th century, and the university founded in 1450

## Glass

* How glass is made, 18-6745-52
history of manufacture, 18-6745-46
how in menti, 13-t7:
optical glass, 13-4670
value to science, $18-6745$
Qul. tirns: alrout
Does a light-wave go through glass? 11-3977
Why do we put al shom in a slass before pouring in hot water? 9-3354
Why roses slass mot break if put in cold water and boiled? 15-5518
Why does hot water crack thick glass more easily than thin? 13-4828
Why is it difficult to write on glass? 11-4133 Why will glass not bend like steel? 3-879 Pictures, manufacture, 18-6744, 6747-52
Glass-snake, 14-5232
belief about. 1-359
Glasses, Musical, history and description, 15-5333
Glasswort, plant, 14-5158, 5164
jointed, called marsh samphire, 14-5164
Glastonbury. Ancient town in Somersetshire, Enclamu, famous as a plate of minrimage in the Middle Ages. Here are remains of one of the finest abbey churches in England, besides several monastic buildings. Near by are prehistoric lake-villages.
Glaucus, a sea god, 9-3235-36
Glaze on pottery
how made, 5-1668
in ancient times, 5-1663-64
Glen, William, song-writer, $10-3610$
Gliders, model, how to make, 2-625
Globe flowers, 15-5606
Pictures, 15-5606; (in color) 15-5610
Globe Theatre, Southwark. Picture, 2-720
Globefishes, account of, 16-5900
Picture, lesser spotted globefish, 16-5897
Globigerinæ, make up ooze in sea, 7-2539
Gloria Patri. Iatin for "ismy lir to the
Father.
Glory of the Snow, flower, 19-7172
Gloucester. Capital of Gloucestershire, on the Severn. One of the most historic English cities, it has a splendid cathedral, largely Norman in style, a 12th-century church, and remains of ancient walls. There are railway shops and agricultural trades.
legend of fairy horn, 17-4....
Pictures, cathedral (gravure), 16-5974, 5976
Gloucester. Famous fishing port in Massachus. 11 !

Gloves, how to mend, 11-3858

## Glow-worms

description, 18-if,
Poem aloout. Nightingale and Glow-worm, by

rem. -firm about. Why does a glow-worm

$$
-1
$$

Gluck, Christoph Wilibald, German musical composer
life and work, 19-6916-17, 707:.-:
Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Glucose, sugar from fruits and vegetables. 10-" $1!1$
Glue
for mood, kinds of, 4-1395
Question about. Why does glue hold wood to-

Gluten, substance in flour, 2-626
Glutton, Nrorth American, animal, losses caused by, 12-4341

Glycerine, or glycerol $\left(\mathrm{CsH}_{5}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}\right)$. A sweet sirupy liquid which is colorless and odorless. It is obtained by the saponification of the natural fats and oils which are compounds of it with various acids. User as an ointment, as a solvent and vehicle for medicines, as a preservative in food products, as an adulterant in wine, beer, etc., and largely for the manufacture of nitroglycerine.
Glycon, Athenian sculptor
Picture, Farnese Hercules, 12-4465
Glyptodons, prehistoric armadillos, $\mathbf{7 - 2 3 9 8}$
Picture, 1-93
Gnatcatcher, bird, description, 14-5025
Gnawers and burrowers, * 3-1127-34
Gneiss, rock
description, 17-6386
in North America, 3-773-74
Gnossus, see Knossus
Gnu, animal 4-1444
Picture, 4-1443
Go-devil, oil machine, 13-4542
Goa, Portuguese population, 14-5188
Goat-moth caterpillars, 18-1
Goat-sucker, name given the nightjar or nighthawk, 1-353; 9-3372; 13-4831
Goatfish
red goatfish, 16-5775
Picture (in color), 16-5785

## Goats

* general account of, 4-1377-78
fable about, by Esop, 6-1969
milk of, 7-2323
use in Labrador, 7-2500
Pictures, 4-1369, 1373-74
Goat's beard, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4986
Goat's-rue, flower
Picture (gravure), 19-7176
Gobelin, Jean. French tapestry-maker; born, probably Rheims; died, probably Paris, 1476.
His tapestries became world-famous.
Gobi, Desert of, 6-2170; 18-6586
description, 7-2421
Gobies, fishes, 16-5776
God
Poem 8 about
Child's Thought of God, by E. B. Browning,
Each in His Own Language, by W. H. Carruth, 4-1514
God Mrxes in a Mysterinus Way, by Wim. Cowper, 3-1141
God Only Knows (German folk-song). 7-2366 Hound of Heaven, by Francis Thompson. 8-2901
For full list, sce 20-7680-81
Godavery River, India, 8-2696
Godetia, flower
Picture (gravure), 19-7180
Godfrey of Bouillon
death of, 7-2589
governed Jerusalem after First Crusade
7-2586
Godiva. Lady, story of, 17-6295
Pirtur. F'marling Witich her hushand, by E. Blair Leighton, 17-6295
Gods and goddesses, see Myths and legends
Godwin, Earl, Saxon nobleman, 4-1436
Godwits, birds, 11-4012
Picture, 11-4011
Goes, Hugo van der, Flemish painter, $4-1226$ Pictures
Adoration of the Shepherds, 4-1223
Christ in the Manger, 4-1221
Goethals, George $\overline{\mathbf{W}}$., built Panama Canal, 1-360, 362
Goethe, Johann Wolfgang von, German author
* life and writings, 17-6110-12
comment on Greek literature, 16-5748 See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Pictures, portrait, 17-6412 house at Weimar, 17-6411
Gog and Magog, London, story of, 14-5194-95 Pictures, statues, 14-51:5,
Gogh, Vincent van, Dutch painter, 8-2712, 2714
Gogol, Nicholas, Russian novelist, 19-6908-09 Picture, portrait. 19-6905
Goitre. An frnlargerment of the thyroin gland in the anterior part of the neck, commonest in inhabitants of mountainous regions, especially, it is said, where lime prevalls largely as a geo-

Goitre (continued)
logical foundation. X-ray treatment is chiefly used, and also iodine.
Golconda, India, its wealth a proverb, 8-2696
Gold (Au). The most malleable and most ductile of the metals and undoubtedly the first to be used by man. It is a soft, heavy yellow metal and is found usually in quartz veins. Nuggets and grains found in stream beds were washed out of quartz veins. Silver, tellurium and platinum are often found alloyed with native gold. North America, Australia and South Africa are the big gold-producing areas of the world.
boiling and melting points of, 8-3014
discovery in Australia, $7-2466$
gold rush to California, 6-1922; 18-6430; 19-6. 48
gold rush to Colorado, 1849-50, 18-6430
history of use, 18-6549
in New Zealand, 7-2576
may be made from mercury, 12-4292
mines
in Alaska, Fukon, and Klondike regions, 7-2558: 10-3584: 16-5790
in California, 19-6843
in Rhodesia, 9-3n:
in South Africa, 9-3052
in Victoria, 7-2466
in Western Australia, 7-2470
placer deposit, definition, 16-5790
production in U. S., 9-320
production in world since 15 th century, 18-6550
story about, Archimedes and king's crown, 11-3842-43
Questions about
Is there gold in the sea? 13-4594-95
What becomes of all the gold? 18-6549
Why does silver tarnish in the air while gold does not? 10-3477
Pictures
mine at Chinese, Calif., 19-6843
sluicing in a New Zealand mine, 18-6549
washing gold, 6-1921
Gold-bug (story), by Edgar Allan Poe, summary and excerpt, * 5-1899
Gold Coast, Africa, 9-3056
Picture, 9-3058
Gold leaf, how made, 15-5520
Gold-thread, flower, account of, 17-6278-79
Goldbeater's skin
Question about, For what purpose is goldbeater's skin used? 15-5520
Goldcrests, birds, variety of warbler, 9-3279 Picture, 9-3279
Golden chains, name for laburnum, 12-4386
Golden Deeds, stories of, see Stories, Golden deeds
Golden earrings, name for laburnum, 12-4386
Golden Fleece, Quest of the, story, 3-1100-01
Golden Gate, San Francisco, 19-6848
Picture, 19-6849
Golden Find, ship of Sir Francis Drake, 14-4965 Golden Forn. Inlet of the liosporus forming the harbor of Constantinople. It is crossed by Galata Bridge, connecting the Turkish district of Stamboul with the Christian district of Pera.
Golden numbers, meaning of, 16-5959
Golden rain, name for laburnum, 12-4386
Golden robin, see Orioles-Baltimore
Golden stone, see Peridot
Golden years in Europe, * 17-6155-72
Golden years of Greece, * 12-4215-22
Goldenrod
seaside varieties, 14-5156, 5162
Picture, seaside, 14-5156
Goldfinches, birds
account of, $8-2973$; $13-4832,4834$
western, 14-5145
Poem about, Return of the Goldfinches, by Sylvia Lynd, 10-3738
Picture, nest and eggs, 8-2971
Pictures (in color), 9-3131
American goldfinch, 12-4370
green-backed goldfinch, facing 14-5140

## Goldfish

account of, 15-5632, 5634
care of. 3-1026-28
Goidfish globes, how made, 18-6750
Goldilocks, flower
Pictures (in color), 14-4987; 15-5609
Goldoni, Carlo, Italian dramatist. 17-6154

Goldsinny, Jagos, flsh
Picture (in color), 16-5783
Goldsmith, Oliver

* life and writings, 5-1872
as a writer of fiction, 6-2256
as essoy writer, 8-2865
note on, 15-5645
Samuel Johnson's friendship for, 5-1871-72
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Pictures
Oliver Goldsmith and his flute, 5-1871
Oliver Goldsmith in town, 5-1870
showing Vicar of Waketield tw Johnson, 6-2258
Vicar of Wakefield, illustration of, 6-2255
walking with Doctor Johnson, 5-1869
Golf, game
directions, 9-3247-50
Question about. Does a roughened surface improve a golf ball? 16-5742
Pictures, 9-3248-49
Golf, Field, game, 6-2164
Gomer, Estevan. Fortuguese navigator woric.
ing under Spanish colors, explored the Atlantic
coast from Maine to Carolina in 1525.
Gomez, Juan Vicente, president of Venezuela, 19-6! 5
Gompers, Samuel, note and portrait, 19-7166
Good Friday. observance as a holiday, 6-2094
Good Hope, Cape of. Southwesternmost point of Africa, 30 miles south of Cape Town. Discovered by Bartholomeu Diaz in 1487; doubled by Vasco da Gama in 1497; it has given its name to the Cape Province
Good King Henry, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4983
Gooclall, Fredericis, artist
Picture, boat collecting wool on the Nile, 15-5574
Goodrich, Samuel Griswold, books for children, 14-5014
Goodwin, Albert, artist
Picture, wreck from Spanish Armada, 5-1819
Goodwin, Eannibal, discoveries in photograpliy, 18-65.94
Goodwin Sands, English Channel, 9-3102
Goodyear, Charles, and sewing machine, 18-6445
Goodyear, Charles
discovery of vulcanization of rubber, $\mathbf{4 - 1 4 0 6}$
inventions in rubber industry, 19-7211
Goodyear welt sewing machine, invention of, 18-6443
Goosanders, ducks, 11-3890 Pictures, 11-3886; (in color) 9-3129
Goose, see Geese
Goose grass, flower
Picture (in color), 13-4877
Goose march, game, 8-2744
Gooseberries
developed from wild fruit, 6-2064
wild, 11-4020; 15-5608
Picture and note, 15-5604
Pictures, 6-2063; (in color) 11-4022
Goosefoot Family of plants, 7-2618
members of, 14-5158
Gopher snakes, 15-5414
Gophers, 3-1128
Gorals, animals, 4-1378
Picture, 4-1372
Gorboduc, first English tragedy, 2-721
Gordian knot
Question about. What was the ancient Gordian knot? 8-3013
Gordius, made king of Phrygia, 8-3013
Gordon, Alfred, Canadian author. 14-5109
Gordon, Charles George (Chinese Gordon). English general and administrator, pioneer of British rule in the Sudan; born, Woolwich, 1833 killed, 1885, at the Mahdi's capture of Khartoum; suppressed the Taiping rebellion in Chin.
in Taiping rebellion. 2-f......
Gordon, Charles Willazm (Ralph Connor), author, 15-5.369
Gordon, George P., made improvements in print

Gordon Riots, 1780. Organized by Lord George fiombon as a motert actin-t relaxation of preaalties against English Roman Catholies.
Gorgas, W. C., in ratal Yome, 1-3tit

Gorges, Sir Ferdinando (c. 1566-1647). The founder of the state of Maine and sometimes called the father of English colonization in

GENERAL INDEX

Gorges, Sli Ferdinando (continued)
America. In 1622 Gorges and John Mason received a grant of land between the Merrimac and Kennebec rivers from the New England Council and made a settlement at Saco, Maine.
Gorgons, imaginary creatures, description, 1-355-56; 9-3236
and Perseus, 15-5442-43
Picture, 1-355

## Gorillas

account of, 1-207
tame gorilla, story of, 1-297-08
first specimens seen in Africa, 2-465
Pictures (gravure), $1-209,211$
Gorizia. City of northeast Italy, with a cathedral and an ancient castle. It has leather, paper, soap and pottery manufactures, but was much damaged during the World War.
Gorki, Maxim. Modern Russian writer; born, Nijni Novgorod, 1868. After an early life of extraordinary hardship he published volumes of short tales of the underworld in a strong, new vein, which made him famous. He has written a number of plays also.

Picture, portrait, 19-6905
Görner Grat, glacier, Switzerland, 7-2316
Gorse, note and picture, 1-331
Goshawk, American, 10-3759; 13-4761
Picture, 10-3755
Gossaert, Jan, called Mabuse, Flemish painter, 4-1227
Gosse, Edmund, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Gota Canal, Sweden, note and picture, 13-4787
Gotch, T. C., artist
Picture, In the Days of the Folk Song, 16-5739
Gotham, England, story about, 6-2108
Göthe, Johann Wolfgang von, see Goethe
Gothenburg, or Göteborg. Chief port of western
sweden, on the Cattegat. A cathedral city, it has shiphuilding, fishong, iron-founding and brewing industries and a great export trade.
Gothic axchitecture, see Architecture, Gothic
Gothic art, influence on Renaissance, 2-691
Goths, barbarian tribe of Europe
invaded and conquered Rome in 408-10 A.D., 4-1195, 1200; 11-3960
Picture, Goths entering Rome, 4-1195
Goujon, Jean, French sculptor, 13-4700
decorations in the Louvre, 18-6496
Picture, Nymph of the Seine, 13-4699
Gould, Hannah Flagg, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Gould, Sabine Baring-, sif Baring-Gould
Goulden, Richard R., British sculptor
Picture, memorial to Margaret Macdonald, 13-4858
Gounod, Charles François, French musical composer, life and work, 19-6925
Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Gourd Family, vegetables in, 7-2614
Gourgues, Dominique de, and Fort Carolina, 1-246

## Government

* Ourselves and the nation, 19-6875-78
* Government and Taxes, 13-4553-56
* Law-the Power Supreme, 13-4811-13
* Laws that we should know, 14-4913-16 national government, reasons for, 5-1787-88 See also names of countries under subhead "government": as United States-government
Govemour, book by Sir Thomes Elyot, stories from, 8-2963
Gower, John, English poet, 1-304
Goya I Iucientes. Erancisco, Spanish painter. 4-1500
Pletures
Bull Fight, 4-1499
Donna Isabella, 9-3074
The Parasol, 4-1499
Goyen, Jan Josephszoon van, Dutch painter, 5-1592
Gozzoll, Benozzo, Italian painter, 3-698 Pictures (gravure)
Lorenzo de Medici, 5-1745
One of the Three Wise Men, Q-696
St. Augustine at Rome, 2-695
Gracchus, Gaius Sempronius, Roman statesman, 4-1365
Gracohus, Tiberiug Sempronius, Roman statesman, 4-1364-65
Grice ib Dien. Irench for "Thank God,"

Graces, in mythology, 9-3228
Grackles, birds
account of, 13-4766
of southern U. S., 14-5023
Picture, 8-2969
Grafly, Charles, American sculptor, 14-4939
Grafting, in fruit culture, 15-5385
Question about. What is meant by grafting? 16-5959
Grain elevator. A building for storing or cleaning grain during its transshipment by rail or water. Generally made of steel or re-enforced concrete. In the usual type the main body of building contains bins for storing the grain, and surmounting structure contains operating machinery and working rooms.

See also Elevators, Grain

## Grains

* Bread by which we live, 7-2423-25
* Great cereals, 5-1850-57
grinding, primitive method, India, 8-2697
kinds used for bread, 1-371
See also Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rice, Sorghum Rye, Corn (maize) and Millet
Pictures, harvesting and milling, 1-374-78
Gram, unit of measure, 14-490ン
Grammar, early discoveries of Dionysius, 2-702
Gramophone, see Talking machines
Grampians. Chief Scottish mountain system, extending almost throughout the Highlands. Ben Nevis, 4,406 feet, is its highest peak; other peaks are Ben Macdhui, Ben Lawers, Cairngorm and Ben Lomond.
Grampus, seo Killer whale
Granada, Spain
Alhambra, 15-5466-68
cathedral, 18-6502
lost to the Moors, 14-5044
l'ictures
Carrera de Darro, 14-5052
Moors surrender to Ferdinand and Isabella. 14-5043
See also Alhambra
Grand Army of the Republic. A voluntary association organized in 1866 of men who served in the Inion army or navy during the Civil War in the United States. Its objects are in maintain and strengthen fraternal feelings, perpetuate the memory of those who have fallen, and assist the widows and orphans of deceased members.
Grand Canyon National Park, description, 7-2282
Picture. 7-2287
Grand Canyon of the Colorado, 19-6842
description, 7-2282, 2284
Pictures, 6-2175; 7-2287
Grand Falls. The highest waterfalls in the world, 2,000 feet high. On the Hamilton River. Labrador.

See al80 15-5430
Grand Rapids. City of Michigan, trading in lumber, fruit and agricultural produce.
Grandfather Clause. In some of the Southern states of the United States a clause in the constitutional provisions restrictive of the suffrage, which have been made since 1890 , exempting from property and literacy restrictions men or descendants of men who voted before 1867 .
Granite. Igneous rocks composed of quart\% or feldspar and mica, amphibole or pyroxene. Granite gets its name because of its granular structure. It is an important building-stone.
contains elements necessary to life, $\mathbf{2 - 5 2 5}$
description, 17-6386
of New England, 11-3773-74
quarry in South Carolina, with picture. 13-4528
Vermont production, and picture of quarry, 11-37:5
Qucstion 'about. Why has every pavement a curb of granite? 5-1752
Granny's Wonderful Chair, story from, y-3347-50
Grant, James Augustus, African explorer
explorations with Speke, 2-471
P'rtur, mortrait, $2-+65$
Grant, Sir Robert, hymns of, 12-4438
Grant, Ulysses Simpson, president of United States

* life, 3-1050-51
life, outline of, 11-3953 administration, 8-2669: 11-3943
as general, 7-2433, 2436-41

Grant, Ulysses Simpson (continued)
Indian policy, 19-7236
tomb in New York City, 17-6214
See also United States-history-Civil War Pictures
portrait, 3-1039
portrait, by Nast, 7-2441
portrait (gravure), 11-3946
tomb, New York City, 3-1041
Granulation. The plocess of forming, or crystallizing, into grains, as the granulation of sugar.
Grape-hyacinths, flowers, 19-7172
Grapefruit, 6-2058, 2060

## Grapes

* account of, 6-2060, 2062
varieties, 6-2062
See also Wine
Pictures, 6-2057, 2061
Concord grapes, 10-3402
grape-growing in Europe, 6-2065
Graphite. Pure carbon, black or steel-gray in
color. It is found in scales, flakes, masses or earthy lumps. It soils the fingers, makes a mark upon paper and feels greasy. It is a very soft mineral. It is used to make pencils, stone polish, foundry molds and lubricants for heavy machinery. Graphite is found in most countries of the world.
used for lead pencils, 9-3354
Graphophone, set Talking machines
Grapsus strigosus, crab, 16-5954
Grass, see Grasses
Grass of Parnassus, 16-5730, 5732
Picture, 16-5730
Grass pink, orchid, description, 18-6567
Grass stains, how to remove, 2-618


## Grass tree

account of, 9-3266
Picture, 9-3260

## Grasses

* Great grass family, 10-3519-26
* Splendor of the grass, 10-3647-64
account of, as forage plants, 7-2409-10
bamboo, a grass, 9-3154
beauty of, 10-3648
flowers of, 10-3520, 3525
how spread to new lands, 10-3647
importance to man, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 4 7}$
prairie wool, Canada, 1-112
stem, structure and height, 10-3520
use in making huts, 5-1656
varieties, with pictures, 10*3649-64
water in soil affects varieties grown, 7-2410
See also Cereal crops; Wheat
Poem about, Voice of the Grass, Boyle, 6-2153
Questions about
What is the ordinary garden or field grass made of? 14-4952
Why does grass turn yellow after being made into hav? 15-5516
Pictures, 10-3525. 3649-64
* Pictures (in color), 10-3521-24

Grasshoppers, 17-6068
fable about, Ant and the Grasshopper, 1-58 Poem about, On the Grasshopper and the Cricket, by John Keats, 18-6799
Picture (in color), facing 18-6720
Grattan, Henxy. Irish writer and statesman, who was presented with $\$ 250,000$ by Irish people for his services to the Irish cause; born, Dublin,
1746; died, London, 1820; buried in Westminster Abbey.
and Irish Parliament, 8-2935-36
Gratz, Rebecca, of Philadelphia, 19-7164
Grave-mounds, or barrows, in England, 4-1317
Graves, Alfred Percival, translated folk-songs, 7-2366
See also Poetry Index for poams and notes
Gravitation

* explanation of, 13-4795-96
and earth's shrinkage, 14-5218
and feathers, 7-2362
cause unknown, 13-4796
* centre of gravity, 14-5177-81
effect on weight, 14-4903
experiments showing, 2-622
falling bodies
falileo's discoval of lan ot, 1-2より increase in speed, 14-4903
force varies, Poles and Equator, 7-2603; 14-5035-36

Gravitation (rontinued)
forces opposing, 14-5181
not affected by temperature, 14-5086
relacion to nebulæ, 1-142
relation to tides, 2-583-84

* snecific gravity, 14-5035-38
weight varies according to distance, 2-286
Question.s about
Can gravitation pull a cloud down? 16-5746
Can we fall off the earth? 12-4504
Do things weigh heavier or lighter when hot or cold!' 11-3977
Does a plumb line always hang straight? 2-587
Does the earth try to pull a tree down: 2-687
Has each planet a law of gravitation? 1-187
What keeps a shell from falling to the ground? 2-686
Why does a stick float? 17-6178
Why does gravitation not pull down bodies lighter than air? 8-3012
Why does not the water fall out of a revolving pail? 5-1609
Why is a needle no heavier when magnetized? 11-3976
Gravity, centre of, see Gravitation-centre of gravity
Gray, Asa, botanist, 19-7054
Picture, portrait, 19-7054
Gray, Elisha, inventor, 17-6242
and invention of telephone, 17-6184
Gray, Capt. Robert
named Columbia River, 5-1703
Gray, Stephen, English electrician
discoveries, 4-1246; 16-5666
Pictures, portrait, 6-2029
churchyard of the Elegy, 9-3337
Gray, Thomas, English poet
* life and writings, 6-2028-30

Elegy, 25 ways of saying first line, 17-6388
Samu $=1$ Johnson's criticism of, 5-1871
See al8o Poetry Index for poem and note
Graytish, sce Dogfish
Grazing permitted in United States national forests, 8-2804, 2806
Great Barrier Reef, Australia
discovery by Captain Cook, 7-2578
Great Bear, or Plough, constellation
diagram showing movement of stars, 10-3783
in map, with note, 9-3036
in mythology, 9-3233
legend about, 6-1971
Pole star and Pointers, diagram, 11-3787
stars of, names and movement, 11-3784, 3786
Great Bear Lake. Lake in northern Canada.
occupying 14,000 square miles and discharging
into the Mackenzie River through the Great Bear River.
Great Britain, official name, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 18-6557
name used after Scotland joined England, 6-1981
See also England (used for convenience, both for England proper and for British Empire, to keep material together); also Ireland; Scotland; Wales
Great Charter (Magna Carta)
granted to England by King John, 5-1571
Stephen Langton supported, 8-2850
Picture, King John signing, 5-1564
Great Dane, dog, 2-718
Picture (gravure), 2-716
Great Divide. Popular term in America for the watershed of the Rocky Mountains.
Great Dividing Range, in Australia, 7-2466
Great Eastern, steamship, 17-6403
laid Atlantic cable, 12-4294
Pictures, laying Atlantic cable, 12-4295
Great fiction in its full tide, * 11-3891-99
Great Greeks, * 2-701-09
Great Ice Barrier. Antarctic rampart.
Great Kanawha River. American river, rising in the Blue Ridge Mountains, North Carolina. Empties into the Ohio River. 450 miles.
Great Lakes. Area in square miles, with greatest length and breadth in miles, and depth in feet

|  | Lemith | Braidth | Depth | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Superior | 360 | 160 | 1,180 | 31,810 |
| Michigan | 307 | 118 | 870 | 22,400 |
| Huron | 206 | 101 | 750 | 23,010 |
| Erle | 241 | 57 | 210 | 9,940 |
| Ontario | 193 | 53 | 738 | 7.540 |

Great Lakes（continued）
cities on，and their industries，17－6044， 6046
＊description，6－1955－58
fish of，11－4053
trip through，6－1956， 1958
water level lowered， $19 \cdot 7110$
Pictures，6－1955；15－5283
fleet of lake freighters，8－2669
Great light ghines，＊2－575－82
Great Mogul，name for Indian ruler，8－2824
Great Rift Valley， $2-58 t-\delta 5$
Ma1j，2－j4．，
Great st．Bernard．Historic Alpine pass be－ tween Switzerland and Italy，with a famous hospice near its summit； 8,108 feet high．
Great Salt Desert．Desert in northeast Persia．
Great Salt Lake．Salt－water lake in northern Utah，covering about 2,360 square miles．Its waters are so dense that the human body cannot sink in it，and the evaporation of its salt has be－ come an important industry．On its shores is Salt Lake City．
discovered by Bonneville，6－1916
Mormon suttl，ment on，6－19シ0，192－2
Great Slave Iake．Lake in northern Canada，
covering 10,700 square miles and drained by the
Mackenzie River．
Picture，7－2559
on map，1－107
Great Wall of China，2－424，429， 435
early Chinese writings found in，3－1054
Pictures，2－421，435；（gravure）2－426
Great Western，steamship，17－6402
Picture，17－6403
Greatest book in English，＊2－473－80
Greathead，Henry，inventor of lifeboat，19－7207 Picture，portrait，19－7201
Grebes，birds，11－4129－30
Pictures，11－4129
nest，13－4765
Pictures（in color）
black－necked or eared，9－3281 European little grebe，9－3283 great crested，9－3284
Greco，El（Domenico Theotocopuli），Cretan painter in Spain，4－1495
Pirtures
Portrait of an Unknown Man，9－3073
St．Basil，4－1494

## Greece，Ancient

＊Great Greeks，2－701－09
architecture，see Architecture，Greek art，see Art，Greek
character of Greek thought，2－702－03
cities，origin of， $3-1070$
colonies， $3-107=$
education，beginning of academies，16－5741
government，3－1074
＊history，to Roman conquest，3－1069－82 citime in litiy rक川thtared hy Tionlw．4－1194 overthrew civilization of Crete， $\mathbf{2 - 4 4 9}$ March of the Ten Thousand，14－5257－58 Persian Wars，3－914，916，1074－80；11－3992， 3994；13－4583－84
influence on art，11－3992
horses of，6－2014
influence
on modern world，2－701－03，708－09
on Rome and other countries， $3-1082$ ；4－1198
literature，see Greek literatir．
locks and lock substitutes，6－2021
music of 19－6：\％い
use of monochord，5－1795
mythology and religion，3－1070；16－5750
 Roman

sculpture，sef Sculpture，Greek

（1．＂．．．．．ns i．．｜｜ns｜m－11，11－il：
writers，see Greek literature：Greek philosophy
For list of main articles，see 20－7588－89
Picturrs，3－1068－79

－1101．w11 न ： $11-3909$
Greece，Modern
boundaries，14－4917
लities，14－4918
description，14－4918
history freed from Turks，14－4917 in W゙orld Wiar，14－1：41：－1 wax with Turkey，1921－23，13－4806；14－4918

Greece，Modern（continued）
map，14－4919
song，Hymn to Liberty，17－6255
sponge fishing，8－2915
territorial changes since World War，18－6458 59， 6462
＊Pictures，14－4920－21，4927， 4930
Greediness
Poem about．Greedy Boy，by Mrs．Elizabeth Turner，3－844
Greek architecture，see Architecture，Greek
Greek Church，Slavonic nations joined，13－4798
Greek Kalends
Question about．What is meant by the Gree！ Kalends？5－1752
Greek language，English words from，16－5748

## Greek literature

＊account of，16－5747－53
Goethe＇s comment on，16－5748
in Renaissance，13－4800
influence on Roman，16－5908
poetry，Gilbert Murray＇s tribute to，2－709
writers in Periclean Age，3－1080－81
Greek philosophy
Socrates，Plato，Aristotle，16－5915－20
Greek sculpture，see Sculpture，Greek
Greeks
in ancient Egypt，3－821
influence，Renaissance period，3－823－24
influence on Venice， $4-1456$
Greeley，Horace（1811－72）．A famous American journalist and politician；in 1872 ran unsuccess－ fully for president．
Greeley，Colorado，18－6434
Greely，A．W．，arctic explorer，13－4714
Green，John Richard，as a historian，9－3205
Picture，dictating English history，9－3200
Green River．American river，rising in Lincoln County，Kentucky．Flows into the Ohio River． 350 miles．
Green（color）in nature，reason for，2－460
Green turtle，14－5235
Greenaway，Kate，19－6994
Pictures，illustrations of nursery rhymes， 19－6994
Greenback．Popular name given to the legal－ tender notes first issued by the United States Government during the Civil War；so called be－ cause the back of the note has always been printed in green ink．
Greenback party．A party known as the In－ dependent party opposed to the retirement or the reduction in amount of the greenbacks．It held its first convention in 1874．In 1877 it was absorbed into the National party，which adopted its currency policy and was known thereafter as the Greenback－Labor party．
Greene，Albert Gorton，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Greene，Edmund Fiske，see Fiske，John
Greene，Wathanael（1742－86）．American Revo－ lutionary general，born in Rhode Island．He served with great credit throughout the Revo－ lution．
at Cambridge，4－1164
commanded in the South．4－1172
widow befriended Eli Whitney，6－1912

Greene，Eobert，English dramatist，2－721；3－1124 Greenfinches，birds，8－2972

Picture（in color），9－3131
Greenland．Huge island of North America，ly－ ing mainly within the Arctic Circle；it is re－ ing kable for the immense ice－cap which covers its interior，the only habitable areas being nar－ row strips along the coast．Its area is 827,000 square miles；the population is mainly Eskimo： the fular luar．re ind．．．r antl musk－ox ar．．the chief land animals．Whale and seal oil．furs and eiderdown are exported，and the fisheries are important．Greenland was colonized by the Norsemen in the 10 th century，but the foundes of the present Danish colony was the missionary Hans Egede，who settled in Godthaab in 1702. Other settlements are：Godhavn，the capital， Sydproven，Christianshaab，Julianshaab and Upernavik．
account of，15－5298
colony from Iceland，before 1000，1－241
discovered by Leif the Lucky，15－5292
name，how given，13－4708

Pictures，15－5290

Greenlets, birds, 9-3139; 13-4836, 4838
Greenough, Horatio, American sculptor, 14-4934
Greenough, John, and invention of sewing machine, 19-7213
Greenshanks, birds
Picture (in color), 9-3130
Greenwich, England, east and west reckoned from, in meridians, $1-19$
Greenwich Observatory, founding of, 1-283 Greenwich Time

Questions about. What is Greenwich Time? 5-1808
What is meant by a time zone? 16-5845
Picture, time zones based on Greenwich time, 16-5841
Gregorian Calendar. The calendar now in general use, introduced by Pope Gregory XIII in 1582, replacing the Julian calendar, which counted the year as $3651 / 4$ days, though it is really a little less. By 1582 the vernal equinox was coming on March 11 instead of on March 21. Ten days were dropped, and it was provided that in the future the even centuries ( 1600,1700 , etc.) should not be leap years unless they could be exactly divided by 400 . This calendar was not adopted in England until 1751, when it was necessary to omit eleven days, calling the day after September 2, 1752, September 14.
Gregory I, the Great. Pope 590-604; born about 540 ; died about 604. He was a Poman of noble family who gave up public office and devoted his life to the church, being elected pope in 590. He founded six Benedictine monasteries, sent St. Augustine to Britain, and had great influence on church music, arranging the Gregorian chants.
and English slaves, with picture, 8-2846
life and influence, 8-2844
Gregory VII, Pope (Hildel)rand)
believed church should rule state, 8-2847
failed to start a Crusade, 7-2584
struggle with Henry IV of Germany, 8-284748; 11-3962
Picture, Henry IV begging forgiveness, 8-2849 Gregory, Charles Noble, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Grenada. Southernmost of the British Windward Islands; area, 133 square miles; capital, St. George's. Beautiful and fertile, it produces cacao, coffee, sugar, nutmegs, mace and cotton. products, 9 -3190
Grenade, A shell filled with powder or other explosive, designed to be thrown by hand among the enemy and to explode on impact. An ancient missile revived, improved upon, and much used during the Werrld War
Grenfell, Sir Wilfred Thomason, missionary and physician, 7-2495-2500
Picture, portrait, 7-2497
Grenoble. Old capital of Dauphiny, France, on the Isere. It has a university and a 15 th -century cathedral, and manufactures kid gloves.
Grenville, Sir Richard, English mariner

* life of, 14-4965
flight on the Revenge, with Spaniards, 14-4965
Poem about. The Revenge, by Tennyson, 13.4739

Picture, sinking of the Revenge, 14-4961
Grenville Canal, Canada, account and picture, 6-1963
Gresham, Sir Thomas. English merchant, founder of the Royal Exchange; born, London, about 1519; died there, 1579
Gresham's Law. Derives its name from Sir Thomas Gresham, founder of the Royal Exchange of London. He said: "When two sorts of coin are current in the same nation, of like value by denomination but not intrinsically, that which has the least value will be current and the other as much as possible will be hoarded." That is, that bad money drives out good money -true only when the sum of the two is greater than the demand.
Gretna Green. rinaway marriages at, 18-6557
Greuze, Jean Baptiste, French painter, 5-1882 pirture
three heads, 5-1873
Pictures (gravure)
Broken Pitcher, 5-1877
Fidelity, 5-1879
Innocence, 5-1880
Scene of Family Life in Old France, 5-1879 Young Rogue, 5-1878

Grey, Lady Jane, queen of Eingland, 5-1817 and Swiss friends, 16-6004, 6006
Greyhounds, 2-717
l'icture (gravure), 2-i15
Griboyedov, Alexander, Russian dramatist, 19-6907
Grieg, 玉dward, Norwegian musical composer, life and work, 19-6925
Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Grier, Edmund W yly, Canadian painter, 10-3703 licture, Fortmit of Henry Cockshutt, 10-3703
Grieve, Lieut.-Commander, aviator fight of, 1-178
Griffin, imaginary creature, description, 1-355
Grijalva, Juan de. Spanish explorti: horn fuca Segovia, 1489 ; died in Nicaragua, 1527 ; explorei of Mexico, which he christened New Spain.
Grillparzer, Franz, Austrian dramatist, 17-6409 Picture, portrait. 17-6410
Grimm, Jakob Ludwig Karl, German writer, 17-6 113
Wrote fairy stories, 9-3194
Pictures, portraits, 9-3193; 17-6414
Grimm, Wilhelm Karl, German author, 17-6413 wrote fairy stories, 9-3194 Picture, portrait, 9-3193
Grimmelshausen, Christoph von, German writer, 17-6268
Grindelwald, Switzerland l'ictures, 17-6086-87
Griselda, Chaucer's story of, 13-4767
Grison, animal, 3-852
Gristle, early form of bone, 5-1561
Gromwell, flower
Pictures, (in color)
corn gromwell, 14-4992; 15-5397
seaside smooth gromwell, 14-4981
Groningen. Agricultural centre and university
city in Dutch Friesland.
Gros, Antoine Jean, French painter, 6-2081
Picture, Battle of Aboukir, 6-2082
Grosbeaks, birds
account of, 8-2973; 13-4832; 14-5144
blue, 14-5024
cardinal, see Cardinal-birds
pine, description, 8-2974
Pictures, 8-2975
Pictures (in color)
black-headed grosheak, 12-4372 evening grosbeak, facing 14-5140 rose-breasted grosbeak, 13-4841
Grosseteste, Robert, influence of, $\mathbf{8 - 2 8 5 0}$
Grotius, Hugo. Intch jurisl, statuman and
poet, founder of international law; born, Delft, 1583 ; died, Rostock, Germany, 1645.
escape from prison, 11-3805
Grottoes, Va.
Pictures, caverns of the Shenandoah, 14-4900
Ground-hog Day. February 2, when the little woodchuck is commonly supposed to emerge from his winter sleep. If the day is cloudy, he stays out, anticipating an early spring; if it is sunny, he returns to his hole.
Ground-ivy, 14-4980
note on, 14-4979
Picture, 14-4979
Ground-aut, 14-5165; 17-6280
'i.flrr and mote, $14-\therefore 1 \mathrm{f}, 1$
Ground runners, cuckoos, account of, 14-5148
Ground-tackle of a ship, 14-5003
Groundsel, seaside plant, 14-5165
description, 15-5390
note on, 15-5391
Picture, 15-5391; (in color), 14-4989
Grouse
Canada, account of, 13-4760
ruffed, account of, 13-4760
Oregon ruffed grouse, 14-5135
sand, account of, 12-4363
sooty, or blue, account of, 14-5135
Pictures
black grouse (in color) 8-2897
nest, 13-4765
red grouse (in color) 9-3129
ruffed grouse (in color) 13-4841
sooty or blue grouse, 14-5136
Grouse Family, of birds, 12-4363-64
Growing West, * 6-1905-1924
Growth
in Hlat, $2-7.3-15$
Quextions atout
Jon we yrmw as mach one jear as another? 14-5085

Growth-Ouestions about (continued)
What is the secret of a flower's power to grow? $2-461$
Why do we ever stop growing? 3-978
Why does a tree stop growing? 9-3356
Grundy, Mrs. Name taken from a phrase in Thomas Morton's play Speed the Plough (1798),
"What will Mrs. Grundy say"" is the question asked, and Mrs. Grundy has come to typify overstrict conventionality of behavior.
Grunewald, Mathias, German painter, 4-1344
Guacharos, birds, account of, 9-3374
Guadalajara. Second city of Mexico, with a magnificent cathedral. It has a large trade and many manufactures.
Guadalquivir. River of Andalusia, Spain, rising in the sierra del Pozo and passing Cordova and Seville on its way to the Atlantic. It is navigable for ocean steamers to Seville. 350 miles.
fed by melting snows, 14-5050
Gnadeloupe. Group of French West Indian islands including Grande-Terre and Basse-Terre the last containing the Soufriare volcano (4,869 feet). Coffee, caca, sugar, vanilla, sweet potatoes and tobacco are produced, the chief ports being Basse-Terre, the capital, and Point-aPitre.
Guadiana. River of southern Spain and Portugal, draining 32,000 square miles. Rising in La Mancha, it flows past Merida and Badajoz into the Atlantic. 520 miles.
Gualberto, Glovanni (or John Gualbert), story of, 9-3244
Guam, island
account of, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 9 2}$
taken from Spain by U. S., 9-3300, 3302
lirture, sehool building, 10-3583
Guanacos, wild llamas, 5-1600
Picture (gravure) 5-1604
Guanajuato, Mexican city, note and picture, 19-7137
Guano, obtained from Atacama desert, 7-2421
Guans, birds of South America, 12-4368
Picture, 12-4367
Guarani Indians, South America, Jesuit mission to, 19-6862
Guarantee. Soinething given by way of security; guaranty. An undertaking to provide for the payment of some debt in case of the failure of another to pay.
Guard the block, game, 10-3769
Guardian. One who has the care and control of another, as of a mincr or a person incapable of managing his own affairs.
Guarneri, Antonio Giuseppe, violin-maker, 18-6700
Guatemala. Northernmost Central American republic; area, 42,353 square miles; capital, Guatemala. It exports coffee, bananas, timber, sugar and hides.
Guava, fruit
Picture (in color) 8-3000
Gqayaquil. Port of Quito, capital of Ecuador, exporting tobacco, hides, bark, cotton, rubber, quinine and cacao.
Guelder-rose, bush, 11-4020; 17-6131
note and picture, 14-4972
Picture, fruit of (in color) 11-4026
Guelphs, party in Florence, 5-1735
Guericke, Otto von, German scientist
demonstrated power of vacuum, 4-1244
first electric lamp, 16-5666
invented first electrical machine, 4-1244
firtwres
portrait, 4-1243
demonstrating power of vacuum, 4-1245
Guernsey. Second largest of the Channel Islands; area, 25 square miles; capital, St. Peter Port. Market gardening, cattle-raising and fishing are the chief industries.
Guernsey, breed of cattle, 4-1262
Pictures, (in color) facing 4-1258
Guerriere, ship, beaten by Constitution, 5-1704: 17-6329
Guiana, former name for Venezuela, 14-4967 Guians, British acconit of, $9-3140$ : 19-7103 described by Raleigh, 14-4967 history, 19-6975
Gulana, Dutch, 15-5568; 19-6975
Guiana, French, 19-6975, 7104
Guido Eent, sec Renl

Guienne. Largest of the old provinces of France, containing the great port of Bordeaux. The chief British conquest in the Hundred Years' War, it was the last surrendered.
Guild. An association of members belonging to the same class or engaged in kindred pursuits or interests. Guilds of merchants were common in the Middle Ages.
C uildhalls. Flemish, 17-6162
Guilford Court House. Battle of the American Revolution, fought March 15, 1781, near present city of Greensboro, N.C., between Cornwallis and Greene, resulting in American defeat.
result of, 4-1172
Guillain, Simon, French sculptor, 13-4700
Guillemots, birds
Pictures, 11-4125
black guillemot (in color) 8-2897
Guillotine, description, 6-2132
Guinea, Name applied to practically all tropical West Africa. French Guinea, north of Sierra Leone, has an area of 92,640 square miles, and produces tobacco, gum, cotton, wax, ivory and nuts; Portuguese Guinea lies north of French Guinea, while Spanish Guinea is a small territory on the Bight of Biafra.
Guinea, Gulf of. Immense gulf in the west coast of Africa, containing the Bight on Biafra and the Bight of Benin.
Guinea fowl, 12-4366, 4368
Picture, 12-4362
Guinea-hen flower, description, 16.5876
note on, 16-5873
Picture, 16-5873
Guinea-pigs
as pets, 13-4738
Picture, 3-1131
Guizot, Françis, Pierre Guillatume. French statesman and historian; wrote histories of Pevolution in England, civilization in Europe, and civilization in France; born, Nimes, 1787; died, Val Richer, Normandy, 1874.
Gulf Stream
account of, 7-2542
map, 13-4826
Question ulout. How big is the Gulf stream and how fast does it flow? 13-4826
Gulliver's Travels, by Jonathan Swift

* criticism, summary of portions and quotations,


## 3-947-56

Gulls, birds
accouilt of, $11-1122,4124$
anecdote about black-backed gull, 11-4124
varieties, 11-4122
Question about. Where is there a monument to the sea-gull? 17-6288
l'ictures, 8-2759; 11-4121, 4123
Pistures (in color)
black-headed gull, 8-2897
European gull, 9-3281
great black-backed, 9-3283
herring gull, 9-3282
lesser black-backed, 9-3282
Gulper, Elack, description, 16-5899
l'icture (in color), 16-5:88
Gum arabic, 9-3151-52
Picture, trees in the Sudan, 9-3155
Picture (in color), 8-2997
Gums, plants producing, 9-3151-52
Gun cotton. Obtained by soaking cotton in a mixture of nitric and sulphuric acids. This produces a series of cellulose nitrates which produces a series of cellulose nitrates which ignition only in large quantities or when confined, but may be exploded by detonation when free.
Gundulf, built Tower of London, 12-4?.54
Gunpowder. I hawk or brown explosive substance consisting of a mixture of potassium nitrate, sulphur and charcoal, used in gunnery and in blasting. Believed to have been invented by the Chinese, its use was known in Europe in the 14 th century. It is manufactured in grains of different sizes for different purposes and is being superseded for many flrearms by smokeless powders.
first used, in battle, 5-1682
Guns
breech-loading, invention of, 19-7210
bullet ririven by gas, $\mathbf{1 3} \mathbf{- 4 5 9 4}$
fintlock musket, description, 19-6965
machine guns, invention of, 19-7210
of a battleship, notes and pictures, 28-f824

Gans (continued)

## popgun, see Popgun

See also Shells,
What keeps a shell from falling to the ground? $2-686$
Why do we see the flash from a gun before we hear the noise? $10-3475$
Gunwale of a ship, 14-5002
Guppy, fish. Picture (in color), 16-5785
Gurnards, fishes, 16-5776
Picture, 16-5777
Pictures (in color), 16-5786 flying gurnard, 16-5786 gray gurnard, 16-5782
lanthorn gurnard, 16-5782
streaked gurnard, 16-5783

## Gusher, Oil, 13-4535-38

Pictures, 13-4546-47
Gustavus 1, Vasa. Swedish king and hero;
born, Lindholmen, Upland, 1496; died, Stockholm, 1560 .
note and picture, 15-5293
Gustavus II, Adolphus. Swedish soldier, king and national hero; born, Stockholm, 1594; killed, Lützen, Saxony, 1632; reigned from 1611 and saved the Protestant cause in the Thirty Years' War.
note and picture, 15-5293
tries to found colony in America, 2-552
war in Germany, 11-3964

## Gutenberg, John

life, and invention of printing, 9-3381-84 Picture, portrait, 9-3383
Guthrie, Thomas, and Ragged Schools, 17-6140
Gutta-percha, account of, 8-2790
Fictures, 8-2789
Picture (in color), 8-2997
Guy Mannering, by Scott, note on, 11-4071
Guy of Warwick, story of, 14-5196-47
Guynemer, Georges, French aviator, 17-6291-92

## Gwalior, India

Pictures
fort and palace (gravure), 8-2831
Jama Masjid, 15-5478
Gwathmey inhaler, description, 8-2730
Gwyn, Nell, actress
Picture, portrait, by Sir Peter Lely, 6-2003
Gye, Dr., and cancer germ, 13-4671
Gymnasium, a building or other place for the teaching and practice of athletic exercises. In ancient Greece it was a public place for physical training, especially for competitors in the public games. It held an important place in the community. At first an open spot among trees and beside a stream, it later developed into an elaborate establishment with baths, porticos, etc. Sometimes mental training was added to the physical. Three famous gymnasia in Athens tivere the Academy, Lyceum and Cynosarges.
ricture, in ancient Sparta, 3-1075
Gymnosperms, plants with naked seeds, 12-4219
Gymnuras, animal, description, 1-2.20
Gypsum. A non-metallic light-colored mineral found in beds or granular masses. It splits easily in one direction and can be cut with a knife. When heated at high temperature gypsum falls to a powder known as plaster of Paris. It is also ground to powder and used as a fertilizer. Pure white gypsum is called alabaster. Gypsum is found all across the United States and Canada.
in Mammoth Cave, 4-1300
Gypsy moth, note and picture, 17-6069
Gyro-compass, 12-4422
of Leviathan, 12-4429
Pieture, 12-4429
Gyroscope. A scientific model or instrument consisting of a heavy-rimmed flywheel capable of rotating at high speed on a pair of bearings contained in a ring, or gimbals. Designed to illustrate experimentally the dynamics of a rotating body such as the spinning-top, hoop and bicycle, and also the procession of the equinox and the rotation of the earth. It has been applied in stabilizing rolling ships at sea, in directing tornedoes, in the eyrn-compass. which has been thus made independent of magnetism, in various schemes for monorail transportation and in airplane-stabilizers which operate against tipping. Scientists hold out great hopes for its use in the future.


Haakon, king of Norway, 15-5294
and Scotland, 12-4208
Haarlem. Centre of the Dutch tulip trade, with one of the largest and finest churches in Holland.
l'icture, Great Church (gravure), 17-6172
Faarlem school, Dutch painting, 5-1590
Habeas corpus
act passed in reign of Charles II, 6-1980
Question about. What does habeas corpus mean? 18-6553
Habitants in Canada

* Canadian habitants, 8-2952-56
in colonial times, under seigniorial system, 2-682
Poems about
De Bell of St. Michel, by W. H. Drummond, 10-3483
Ole Tam on Bord-a Plouffe, by W. H. Drummond, 10-3479
Pictures, 8-2952-56
typical dwelling, 10-3478
Habitat, meaning of term, 15-5365
Habits
Question about. Can we break ourselves of bad habits? 3-1116
Haclenda, in the Spanish use, a landed estate. In Spanish America, an establishment in the country where agriculture, mining, manufacturing or stock-raising is carried on; more specifically, a farm that is under cultivation and has a good country house.
Hackberry, in winter, 13-4642
Haddock, fish
account of, 16-5780
Pictures, 16-5779; (in color), 16-5783
Hadrian, Roman emperor
life and reign, 5-1864
encouragement of art, 12-4468, 4470
Picture, statue of, $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 6 5}$
Hadrian IV, Pope, ser Adrian IV
Hadrian's Wall, Great Britain, 5-1864
Hæmoglobin, ser Hemoglohin
Hafiz Persian poet, 15-5463
Hafnium, element recently discovered, 12-4291
Haggard, Rider, author, 11-3898
Hague, The. Administrative capital of the Netherlands, the parliament sitting in the old castle of the counts of Holland. Here is a magnificent picture gallery. The Hague is the worldcentre of international law.

Sce also 15-5566
Haig, Donglas, Earl. Scottish fleld-marshal; born, 1861; commanded the British army, 191519. During this period were fought the battles of the Somme, of Arras, the Hindenburg line, Messines, Ypres and Cambrai, and finally the great disasters and triumph of 1918. For his services he was raised to the peerage as Earl Haig of Bemersyde and given a grant of Haig of
Hail, 8-2923-2
Question about. What is the difference between snow and hail? 18-6556
Hail, Columbia! song, origin, 18.6512-13
Hainault. Once an independent countship, but now a province of Belgium; area, 1,437 square miles. It contains the important coal-mining district around Mons and Charleroi.
Haines, Frederick S., Canadian painter, 10-3704
Hair
ropes from, 11-3792
structure, 4-1420
Questions about
Why do some people lose their hair? 13-4827 Why does hair grow after the body has stopped growing? 7-2486
Why does it not hurt when we cut our hair? 8-2873
Why is Grandmother's hair gray? 17-6290
Pictures
magnified strand, 4-1415
showine glands and miscles attached, 4-1417 Hair compasses. Compasses in which a spring aitached to one of the legs tends to press the other leg out. Ey means of a fine screw the

## GENERAL INDEX

Kair compasses（continued）
distances of the legs apart can be adjusted very accurately．
Hair grass，tufted，note and picture，10－3663
Haiti
American control，19－7101
and Toussaint l＇Ouverture，13－4591；19－7100
divided into two republics， $19-7100$
independence declared，1804，19－7100
population，19－7101
Spain surrendered to France，19．7100
Hake，fish，16－5780
Picture，16－5777
Hakluyt，Richard，3－1120， 1122
described Spanish galleon，11－3917－18
Halberstadt．Picturesque old cathedral city in
central Germany．
Halcyon，mythical bird，9．3374
Haldane，Richard Burdon，1st viscount
reorganized linglish army，7－シ3nn
Hale，Edward Everett（1822－1909）．Distin－ guished American clergyman，essayist and nov－ elist．See 13－4815
＊Man Without a Country，quotations and sum－ mary，7－2401－08
Hale，George Ellery，astronomer，1－288
Picture，portrait，1－281
Hale，Katherine，Canadian author，14－5110
Hale，Nathan
＊life，and execution as a spy，11－3995－96 Poem about．Nathan Hale，by F．M．Finch， 4－1381
Picture，statue by MacMonnies，11－3997
Maleakala，volcano，Hawaii，7－2290
Half－tones，form of illustration，how made， 3－1065
Haliburton，Thomas Chandler
＊Clockmaker；or Sam Slick，quotations and summary，10－3527－34
comment on his Clockmaker；or Sam Slick， 14－：10．7
life and writings，14－5105
Picture，home at Windsor，Nova Scotia， 14－5103

## Halibut，fish

account of，16－5778－79
Pictures，16．5777；（in color）16－5781
Halicarmassus，Asia Minor，tomb of Mausolus， sir Mausrlus
Halifax．Canadian port，capital of Nova Scotia The terminus of the C．P．R．and the C．N．R．，it has one of the finest harbors in the world，with accommodation for the largest ships on the trans－ atlantic service，and it is open in the winter months．Shipbuilding and manufacturing indus－ tries are carried on，and there are exports of fish and lumber．It is also a naval base for the Canadian navy．

Dalhousie University，see Dalhousie Uni－
Hall，Charles Francis，arctic explorer，13－4710
Hall，G．E．，invented breech－loading gun， 19－7210
Fall of Fame，New York University Picture，17－6215
Hallam，Arthur Henry，friend of Tennyson， 10－3470：12－4343
Hallam，Henry，historian，9－3205 Picture，portrait，9－3201
Halle．University city and railway centre in Prussia．Birthplace of Handel
Halleck，Fitz－Greene，author，13－4629 Sce a78o Poetry Index for poems and notes
Hallelujah，name for wood－sorrel，14－4972
Halley，Edmund，astronomer，1－283－84
Picture，portrait；1－281
Halley＇s comet，1－283－84；10－3666 Picture．10－3668
Hallowe＇en Gamue and tricks to मlay，18－6．ラン？ meanine of，17－6263
Fall＇s Chronicle，Shakesperian source，3－1118
Hallucination．The percention of \＆ivirnal things which have no reality，such as the sight of a pursuer where no figure exists．Generally an experience of a slick mind．Mostly visual or auditory；occasionally relating to taste，smell or touch．
Hals，Frans，Dutch painter
＊life ：thad work S－1．ix．I．nm
compared with Rembrandt，5－1712
pictures
Man with a Sword，5．1587

Hals，Frans－Pictures（continued） men in group，12－4181
Portrait of a Man and his Wife，9－3075
Portrait of a Woman，5－1590
Woman and a Child（gravure）， 1.69
Hamadan，Persia
Pictures
general view，3－921 tomb of Esther，3－919
Hamadryads in mythology，9．3237
Hamadryas，snake，15－5414
Hamah，Syria，water－wheel at，7－2545
Hamath，ancient name for Hamah，7－2545
Hamburg，Germany，12－4170
note on，12－4160
Picture，12－4160
Hamel，Theophile，Canadian painter，10－3700
Hamerton，S．C．，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Hamilcar，Carthaginian leader，peace with Rome， 4－1194， 1196
Hamilton，Alexander
＊life and work，10－3488－89
and Federalist party，5－1702
death of，5－1703
papers in the Federalist， $12-4450$
tariff proposals，5－1700
Pictures
portrait，5－1694；10－3491
portrait by Trumbull，9－3328
portrait（in group），5－1699
house，Hamilton Grange，N．Y．City，10－3496
Hamilton，Iady（Emma Hart），painted by Romney，7－2334
Hamilton，Bermuda，population，9－3191
Hamilton．Iron－and steel－manufacturing cen－ tre in Ontario，Canada，trading also in textiles and tobacco．Centre of Niagara fruit district． Founded in 1778 by Loyalists，it has Anglican and Roman Catholic cathedrals．

Picture，4－1483
Hamites．People of the Mediterranean type of the white race who have inhabited all Africa north of the Sudan since prehistoric times． They are divided into Eastern and Western branches－the Eastern including the Egyptians， Nubians，Abyssinians and Gallas；and the West－ ern including the Berbers，Tibus and Fulahs．
Hamlet，by Shakespeare，story of，16－5761－62 criticism，3－984－85
Picture，3－840
Hamlin，Hannibal，vice－president of U．S．
Picture，portrait（gravure），11－3948
Hammer
how to hammer nails，19－7079
how to use，1－233
Nasmyth＇s invention of machine－raised ham－ mer，19－7206
Question about．Why will a hammer break a stone when a piece of wood will not？ 10－3477
Hammerfest．Northernmost town in the world on an island of Norwegian Finmark．Fishing and sealing are important．
Hammerhead，bird，11－4008
Picture，11－4004
Hammerhead，shark，16－5894
Hammock，directions for making，10－3631－32
Hammurabi，king of Babylon
laws of，2－651－52；18－6672
Picture，portrait（tablet），2－651
Hampden，John
in English Civil War，11－3850
refused to pay king＇s tax，6－1976
Picture，portrait，11－3845
Hampshire．County of southern England；area， 1,623 square miles；capital，Winchester．Here are the Isle of Wight and New Forest，and the ports of Southampton and Portsmouth．
Hampton Court，English palace，and Henry VIII， 5－1817
architecture of，18－6490
Hampton Normal and AgTicultural Institute，
opening of，19－7240
Hampton Roads．The lower part of the estu－ ary of the James River，Virginia：an important military point，fortified by Fort Wool and For－ tress Monroe．It is important commercially also．During the Civil War the site of two en－ gagements．
Hamsters，animals，3－1133
Picture，3－1129
Hamsun，Knut，Norwegian novelist，19－7013－14

Hancock, John (1737-93). American patriot born at Quincy, Mass. President of Provincial Congress; of Continental Congress; governor of Massachusetts, $1780-85$, and 1787-93.
escaped from British at Lexington, 4-1163
first signer of Declaration of Independence, 20-7553
Picture, portrait, in group, 4-1167
Hancock, Thomas, inventor, $4-1406$
Hand
bones of, 5-1676
use in monkeys and man, 8-2841
Questions about
Why do our hands become warm after playing with snow? 6-2124
Why have we lines on our hands? 11-384?
Why is our right hand stronger than our left? 12-4280
Picture, muscles of, 5-1804
Hand, measurement for horses, 6-2252
Handel, Georg Friedrich, German musical composer

* life and work, 19-6914, 6916
music, character and influence, 19-7071-72
Pictures, portrait, 19-6912, 7072
Eandkerchief
wizard's pocket-handkerchief, trick, 7-2382
Hangchow. Port of China, on Hangchow Bay.
Hanging flower-box, directions for making, 6-2262
Fanging gardens of Babylon, see Babylonhanging gardens
Hanging lantern, directions for making, 6-2263
Hangnests, see Orioles
Hankau, China, centre of tea trade, 2-434
Eannibal, Carthaginian general
campaign against Rome, 4-1196
use of elephants, 6-2145-46
Picture, Hannibal's army crossing Rhone River, 4-1195
Fanno. Carthaginian navigator, first explorer of the west coast of Africa; lived probably 5 th century b.C. He went as far as Sierra Leone and founded some towns.
saw first gorilla, 2-465
Hanover, House of, claim to British crown, 11-3964
Hansa, ship, in arctic exploration, 13-4710
Hansard. Official report of proceedings in Par-
liament, named for Luke Hansard, printer to the
House of Commons in the early 19 th century.
Hanseatic League, in medieval Germany, 11-3963
Hansel and Grethel (story), 6-1965
Hanson, Nikolai, antarctic explorer, 14-5092
Hanssen, Helmer, Antarctic explorer, 14-5096
Hapsburg famiy, rulers in Europe, 17-6191-92 founder, 11-3963
Harbin. Great trading centre in northern Man-
churia. It was a fussian military hase in the
Russo-Japanese War, and in 1918 a fighting
centre in the World War.
Hard-hack, shrub, 19-6934
l'irture, 19-6931
Harding, Chester, American painter, 9-3330
Harding, Warren Gamaliel, president of U. S. administration, 8-2674; 11-3950
life, outline of, 11-3954
Picture, portrait (gravure) 11-3947
Hardy, Thomas, novelist, 11-3896 as a poet, 12-4229, 4233
poem, The Dynasts, ranks high, 12-4233
Picture, portrait, 11-3891
Harebells, flowers, 17-6130 note on, 17-6125
of mountains, description, 18-6666
Pictures, 17-6125; (in color) 14-4983
Hares
account of, 3-1134
fable alout, by Esop, 3-5.39
Porms. alout
Epitaph on a Hare, by Cowper, 7-2529
Song of the Two Hares (German folk-song) 7-2366
Pictures, 3-1126, 1131
Hare's ear, flower
Picture (in color) 15-5398
Hare's lettuce, weed, 15-5390
Hargreaves, James, inventor of spinning-jenny, 19-7202
Hark, Hark, the Lark, song, how Schubert wrote music for, 19-6921
Earlem Eeighte, Battle 01, 4-1166

Harlequin, character on stage
Qucstion about. Where did the idea of Har. lequin come from? 7-2487
Earlequin, duck, 11-3d89
Harmonic, sce Overtones
Harmonica, how to Ilay, 19-6962-6?
Harmony, Musical see Music-harmony
Harold, king of England, 4-1436, 1439
Pictures, scenes in his life, 4-1435, 1438-39
Harp
in ancient times, 5-1795
ancient Egypt, 13-4594
Picture, harp of ancient Egypt, 19-6899
Harp Tank, early fire engine, note and picture, 9-3161
Harper's Ferry, West Virginia, note anā picture, 13-4521
John Brown at, 7-2430
Harpies, imaginary creatures, 1-356; 9-3236
Earpignies, Heari Joseph, French painter, 7-2372
Picture, A Late Summer Scene near Herisson, 9-3076
Farpsichord, musical instrument, 5-1796
Picture, 5-1797
Earriers, birds, 10-3759
Pictures, 10-3755
Jardine's harrier (gravure) 10-376i
marsh harrier (in culor) 9-3284
Montagu's harrier (in color) 9-3282
Harriers, hunting dogs, 2-718
Harriman, Edward Henry (1848-1909). Ameri-
can capitalist, financier and railmay magnate.
Harris, Joel Chandler, American author
life and writings, 13-4816; 9-3139
Pictures, portraits, 9-3192; 13-4814 home at Atlanta, Ga., 13-4816
Harris, Robert, Canadian painter, 10-3702
Harris, Timothy, tried to mold pin-heads, 9-3042
Harrisburg. Capital of Pennsylvania, on the
Susquehanna River. A flourishing manufactur-
ing town, it has iron, steel and engineering in-
Harrison, Benjamin, president of the U. S.
administration, 8-2670; 11-3944
life, outline of, 11-3953-54
Picture, portrait (gravure) 11-3947
Harrison, Henry Sydnor, novelist, 14-5012
Harrison, John, inventor of chronometers, 17-6404
Pictures
portrait, 17-6397
at work on his clocks, 17-6404
Harrison, Mrs. S. Frances, Canadian poet, 14-5109
Harrison, William Eenry, president of U. S. administration, 6-1916; 11-3939-40
life, outline of, 11-3952
took Detroit from British, 5-1704
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3946
Hart, James, American pair er, 9-3332
Hart, William, American painter, 9-5332
Harte, Francis Bret, American author, 13-4818 See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Picture, portrait, 13-4814
rrartebeest, animal, 4-1444
Hartford. Capital of Connecticut. An old clty, with a busy trade and a great machinery industry; has several large insurance companies. Many important literary people have lived in Hartford.
convention, New England leaders, 1814, about leaving Union, 5-1705-06
fuunded, 2-554
Picture, State Capitol, 18-6683
Eartford Convention, 1814, see Hartford
Fiartog, Dirk, exploration of Australian coast, 3-859-60
Hart's tongue, fern
Picture (in color), 10-3726
Hartwell, Charles Ieonard, British sculptor Picture of bust, Sylvia, 13-4853
Harun-al-Rashid. Most magnificent Abbasside ruler of Bagdad, famous as the caliph of the Arabian Nights; reigned 786-809. tomb of his wife, Zobeide, 15-5468
Harvard, John
and Harvard College, 2-550
left library to Harvard, 12-4308
Picture, grave of , 12-4150
Harvard University
founded, 2-550; 12-4308
Pictures, views, 1830 and present day, 12-4306

## GENERAL INDEX

## Harvest

Porms about
Harvest Time, by E. P. Johnson, 15-5421
Song of the Golden Sea, by Jean Blewett,
Harvey, William, discoverer of circulation of blood

* life and methods of study, 8-2725-27
discovered circulation of blood, 3-939; 4-1209
l'icture, portrait, with Charles I, 8-2727
Harz Mts. Range in central Germany, culminating in the Brocken, 3,745 feet. Length, 60 miles.
Hasa, Arabia, 18-6676
Hassam, Childe, artist, 10-3456
Pirture, Isle of shoals (eraviure), 10-3463
Hastings, Warren. English statesman; born,
Churchill, Oxfordshire, 1732 ; died, Daylesford,
Worcestershire, 1818; first governor-general of India.
in India, 8-2828
portrait, by Lawrence, 6-2109
Hastings. Seaside resort and ancient Cinque Port in East Sussex, 62 miles from London. Here is a ruined castle built soon after 1066 and near by, at Senlac, was fought the battle of Hastings. The borough includes St. Leonards. Hastings, Battle of, 4-143!

Normans sang Song of Roland, 10-3430
Hatasu, queen of Egypt, see Hatshepsut
Hatherell, John. artist
Picture, Bailiff's Daughter of Islington, 11-4031
Hathor, Egyptian goddess, 3-812
Hats
cause of baldness, 13-4827
soldier's, how to make, 15-5339
toy, making from paner, 4-1396
Hatshepsut (or Hatasu), a queen of ancient Egypt, 3-816
scont rut exploring experlition, Il-?910
temple built by, 14-5212
Hatteras, Cape. Bold island headland off the coast of North Carolina; violent storms occur in the vicinity
Hauksbee, Francis, ser Hawkshee
Haukwitz, Godfrey, made matches, 19-6966
Hausas. Compact race of Sudanese Negroes who live in central and western Sudan. They are a peaceful and industrious race of some $20,000,000$ people, whose melodious language is used in trade from Lake Chad to the Niger.
Havara. Capital of Cuba, with a famous trade in cirars and tohacen. Founded in 1519 , it is the largest city in the West Indies, and has a cathedral, many fine buildings, and a spacious and sheltered harbor. Sugar is a great export.

Pirture apmoash to Havana, 19-in9f
Favelock, Sir Henry. English general; born, Bishop-Wearmouth, Durham, 1795 ; died, Lucknow, 1857; relieved Lucknow in Indian Mutiny. Havergal, Frances Ridley, hymn-writer, 12-4437 l'irture. mortrait. 12-1439
Havre, Ie. Important French port at the mouth of the Seine. It has shipbuilding yards, flour mills, and sugar and gasoline refineries, and exports wine, textiles, paper and agricultural produce

See also 11-3821
rivture. Thwn Tall, 10-357 6
Hawailan Islands

* account of, 10-3584-88; 15-5447-51
agriculture, 15-5450
craters resemble moon's. $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 4 4}$
customs of natives, 7-2320-f1
explorers, early, 10-3.54
joined U. S., 10-2.586
leper colony at Molokai, 7-2321
polmulation and rallus, 10-? iv6
position in Polynesia, 9-3300
story of, Kapiolani defies goddess Pe-le, 2-446
Tolrancifu, 7-2ann

National Park, 7-2291

nineannle plantation, 9-3301
Hawfinches, hird=
Pietire (in color), 8-2897
zawkbit, flower
joicturne (in (oncor)
meadow hawkbit, 15-5399
rough or hairy, 14-4993

Hawker, Harry G., English aviator
flight of, 1-178
Hawkesbury River Bridge. This steel girder bridge of seven spans is 1,000 yards long and carries the railway connecting the big cities of New south wales.
Hawkeye apple, old name for Delicious, 11-4133
Hawkins, Anthony Hope, author, 11-3898
Hawkins, Sir John, English mariner

* life and adventures, 14 -4960
a slave-trader, 14-4962
introduced first potatoes to England, 1563, 7-2618: 14-4960
slave-trading trips to West Indies, 19-7099
Hawkins, John Isaac, used iron frame in piano, 5-1796
Hawks
* account of, 10-3758-59
buzzards, 10-3756
Cooper's or chicken hawk, 13-4760-61
duck hawks. see Falcons
of North America, account of, 13-4761-62
of southern part, 14-5021
of western North America, 14-5148
See also Harrier; Hobby; Merlin
Pictures
Cooper's or chicken hawk, 13-4760
European buzzard (in color), 8-2900
European sparrow hawk (in color), 8-2898
marsh hawk (in color). 9-3129
merlin (in color), 9-3281
nest, 13-4765
sparrow hawk making raid, 10-3755
Hawk's beard, flower
Pictures (in color), 14-4985
biennial, 14-4995
marsh hawk's beard, 14-4987
smooth hawk's beard, 14-4990
Hawksbee, Francis, the elder
electrical discoveries, 4-1244; 16-5666
Hawksbee, Francis, the younger
scientific lectures of, 4-1244
Hawkshawe, Mrs., see Poetry Index for poem
and note
Hawksmoor, Nicholas, English architect, 18-6491
Hawkweed, flower
mouse-ear, description, 15-5388, 5390
orange, see Devil's paint-brush
Picture, mouse-ear, 15-5391
Pictures (in color)
hawkweed picris, 14-4985
mouse-ear hawkweed. 13-4878
wall hawkweed. 14-4984
Hawthorn, account of, 12-4384
English hawthorn called may, 12-4393
Pictures
fruit (in color), 11-4024
tree, flower and leaf, 12-4393
Hawthorne, Charles W., American painter, 10-3455
Hawthorne, Nathaniel, American author
life and writings, 9 -3196; 13-4632-33
Pictures
portrait, 9-3193; 13-4633
home at Concord, Mass., 13-4631
Hay, Col. John. American statesman, author and poet; ambassador to Great Britain, 1897-98; Secretary of State, 1898-1905. Born, Salem, Ind., 1838: died, Newbury, N.Y., 1905. Advocated "open door" policy of trade with China. One of Lincoln's personal secretarifs and coauthor of a famous "Life" of Lincoln.

See Poetry Index for poem and note
Hay
amount produced by different grasses, $\mathbf{1 0 . 3 5 2 6}$ cause of odor, 10-3618
cause of yellow color, 15-5515
horse-rake, use of, 19-7211
may catch fire from microbes, 14-4949-50
note, with picture, 7-2411
plants used for, 7-2409-12
U. S. crop, 8-2678

Value of, 7-2412
See nlan Grasses
Hay Fever. An irritation of the mucous membrane of the eyes, nose and respiratory tract, accompanied sometimes by fever and asthma. Generally recurs annually about the same time of the year and lasts till first frost. Supposedly caused by inhaled pollen of certain plants. Relieved by sea and mountain air, and sometimes by sernm tradment.

## GENERAL INDEX

Hay-Pauncefote Treaty. Negotiated in 1901 by John Hay, Secretary of State for the United States, and Lord Pauncefote, British ambassador at Washington. Defined the policy of the United States in the construction of the Panama Canal, and specifically aprogated the ClaytonBulwer Treaty, which had formerly regulated the matter
Haydn, Josef, Austrian musical composer

* life and work, 19-6917-18
music, character and influence, 19-7072-73
Pictures, portraits, 19-6912, 7073
Haydon, Joe, song-writer, 18-6514
Hayes, Isaac I., arctic explorer, 13-4710
Hayes, Rutherford B., president of U.S. administration, 8-2669-70; 11-3943
disputed election for presidency, 8-2669-70
life, outline of, $\mathbf{1 1 - 3 9 5 3}$
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11.3946
Hayne, Paul Eamilton, American author, 13-4815
Hayne, Robert $X$., speech on states' rights 10-3494
Hayti, see Haiti
Hazel, bush, 6-2278
Hazelnut, fruit, 11-4020
Pictures, 6-2274; (in color) 11-4023
Hazlitt, William, English writer
character and writings, 8-2867
Picture portrait. 8-2865
Head and the limbs, * 5-1673-77
Headaches
Questions about
Why do some people get headaches before a thunderstorm? 5-1751
Why do we get headache in a crowded room? 8-2873
Health
See Food; Digestion; Lungs
Questions about
Are we healthier than our ancestors? 12-4280
Is the country more healthful than the town? 10-3579
Health, Department of. An organization, central, state or provincial, or municipal, which cares for the problems of public health. The United States Public Health Service and the Canadian Dominion Health Department handle the problems affecting the nation generally, such as quarantine service, food-and-drug laboratories, opium and narcotic drugs. Local departments look out for pure water and milk, in
spection of schools and control of communicable
diseases
Healy, Timothy M., Irish leader, 8-2940


## Hearing

* Marrel of hearine. 9_3305-10
* Waves of sound, 17-6313-16
explanation of, 5-1750
location of cells in brain, 8-2947
sense lacking in most insects, 11-3978
See also Sound
Ouestions alout
Why are blind people so quick at hearincr? 6-2125
Why can we hear better when we shut our eyes? 12-4279
Why do we hear better on water than on land? 3-980


## Heart

* Heart and what it does, 4-1209-13
affected by running, 7-2610
description of, 4-1211-13
instrument for measuring its beats and sounds, 16-5son
old belief about, 8-2726
position of, 4-1210
rate of beating, 4-1210
Question about. What makes the heart beat? 5-1752
Heart of Midlothian, by Sentt
original of, Jeannle Deans, 12-4224
Hearthrug hide and seek, game, 3-903
Heartsease, flower, 17-6130-31 note on, 17-6126
Picture, 17-6126; (in color) 15-5397


## Heat

* Flectric light and heat, 16-i937-48
* Heat and temnerature 16-5661-63
* Hot things and cold thines 15-.5123-27
* How heat works for us, 15-5569-73 bolometer measures heat waves, 17-6080 nan be turned into motion, or work, 15-5569-70

Heat (continued)
caused by vibration, illustrated by iron,
12-4167
conductors and non-conductors, 15-5427
effect on size, 15-5425
from sun, 8-2664: 9~3172
greater in dark things, 3-877
Joule's law, as to relation to work, 15-5570
latent and sensible, 16-5661
not always due to burning, 11-3839
produced by body, 14-5218
produced by friction, 11-3840
produced by radium, 2-388
relation to light, 12-4157-58
relation to motion, 13-4666-67
sense of, located in skin, 4-1419-20
specific heat, 16-5663
ways of transmission, 15w5426
For list of main articles, spe 20-7621
Nee also Cold
Questions about
Do things weigh heavier or lighter when hot or cold? 11-3977
When water is boiling, why can it not be made hotter? 13-4595
Why are dark things warmer than light things? 3-877
Why are some days hotter than others? 18-6556
Why does a full bottle keep hot longer than one half full? 10-3475
Why does heat crack wood? 17-6289
Why does heat make paper curl up? 9-3356 Why does heat make things seem to quiver? 5-1751
Why does hot water crack thick glass more easily than thin? 13-4828
Why does hot water take up more room than cold? 16-5960
Why does iron feel colder than wood? 4-1451 Why is the fire hot? 16-5846
Reath, John E., inventor, 19-7210
Heath, Sir Robert
Carolina granted to, $\mathbf{2 - 5 5}$.
Heath, plant
purple, and cross-leaved, 17-6129
I'ictures, 17-6129
ciliated heath (in color) 14-4989
sea heath (in color) 14-4981
showing fertilization of flower (in color) 17-6076
Heath Family, in botany, 13-4874-75
fruits belonging to, 6-2068
Heath hen, variety of grouse, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 3 6 4}$
Heather, plant, 13-4875
and fungus, $\mathbf{1 - 3 3 3}$
of Pacific coast, description, 19-6938-39
Heather-bell, name for harebell, 17-6125
Heating and ventilation. The providing of a uniform moderate temperature and the displacing of foul air with pure. Problems of sanitary engineers in construction work. Heating is either by direct or indirect radiation, the former when heat is generated in the room or when hot water or steam is conveyed to radiators. Indirect radiation involves the bringing-in of air heated by passage over some central station In both systems good ventilation is needed.

## Heaven

Porm.s ahout
The Better Land, by Mrs. Felicia Hemans, 18-6648
The Blessed Damozel, by D. G. Rossetti, 8-290
Heavjsege. Charles, Canadian poet, 14-5106
Hebbel, Friedrich Christian, German dramatist, 17-6414
Picture, portrait, 17-6413
Hebe, cupbearer of the gods, 9-3228
Heber, Reginald, missionary and hymn-writer, 12-4.437
Picture, portrait, 12-4439
Hébert, Louis Phillppe, Canadian sculptor, 14-5075

## Hebrew language

clearmess, 2-173-i4
oldest inscription known, 7-2483
Hebrew University, near Jerusalem, note and picture, 19-7159
Hebrews, ser lew:
Hebrides. About 100 inhabited and 400 unin-
habited islands off the Scottish west coast
They lie in two groups, the Inner and the Outer.

Hebrides (continued)
the chief islands of the former being Lewls and North and South Uist, and of the latter Skye, Mull, Islay and Jura. Fishing and stock-raising are the chief industries. Total area, 3,000 square miles.
Eecla, volcano, height of, 7-2313
Hectograph, use for school paper, 15-5507
Hector, Prince of Troy, in Iliad, 6-1983-84
Hector, Annie French, we Aiexander, Mrs.
Hedgehogs, animals, 1-318, 320
Picture, 1-317
Hedin, Sven, explorations in central Asia, 18-6588, 6590
Hedjaz, Arab kingdom, 18-6675
home of Mohammed, 18-6675
Hegira, Mohammed's flight, 11-4131
Heidelberg, Germany
castle, 18-1;4)
Picture, City Hall, 17-6265
Picture (gravure) 12-4174
Heidelberg skull of primitive man, its period, 6-1928
Heidenstam, Vernher von, Swedish author, 19-7014
Feight
growth in, 14-5085
how to measure tall objects, 3-899
of children, table of, 9-3257
of tree, how to measure, 17-6145
Questions about
Are we taller in the morning than at night? 10-3732
How do we know the height of a mountain? 11-3840
Why do things seem blurred when seen from a great height? 7-2612
Feight of Land, Canada, 1-110
Heilmann, Andrew, and Gutenberg, 9-3383
Heilmann, Anton, and Gutenberg, 9-3383
Eeine, Eeinrich, German author, 17-6412-13
Ar al8o Poetry Index for poems and notes
Picture, portrait, 17-6413
Heir. The person entitled by law to succeed to an inheritance. In English and American law the term has reference to the person or persons to whom the real, as distinguished from the personal, property descends.
Hejnal, Polish custom, 13-4680
Helen of Troy, 6-1983
Helena, St., mother of Constantine the Great
story about, 5-1691-92
Picture, Vision of St. Helena, 5-16r,2
Helera. Capital of Montana, situated at an elevation of 4,200 feet, overlooking the fertile agricultural district of Prickly Pear Valley. The Last Chance Gulch, which runs through the city, has yielded valuable gold deposits
Heliades, daughters of the Sun, 9-3233
Helicom, Mount, in mythology, 9- 287
Heligoland. (i,mman Nimt! sea i心land, alout 45 miles from the mouth of the Elbe. British from 1807 to 1890 , it was then ceded to Germany, who used it as a fortress up to 1919 , when it Was di-unantlul. Throitl! romliy, it has suffered severely from erosion, and is now only three miles in circumference.
Eeliograph, explanation of, 10-3732-33 forerunner of telegraph, 17-6235
Picturos, 8-280
Hellopolis, Egyptian city, consecrated to the
Helios, in ancient mythology, 9-320n
statue of, Colossus of Rhodes, 7-2604
Fellotherapy, treatment for tuberculosls, 15-5622, 5626
Heliotropes, wild, description, 18-6662
Helium

Forth Worth plant for manufacture of, 14-4891
11ntc in 417n. 11-352?

Hell, in ancient mythology, 9-3237
Hell Gate Bridge, note and picture, $\mathbf{I}-34$ Hellebore, 14-;
hlack hellehore, or Christmas rose, 14-4979

Fellemes, term for Greeks, 3-1070: 11-3988
Helm, -1...flim in , i. 14-~..
Helmholz, Herman Iudwig Ferdinand von. German physiologist and physicist; born, Potsdam, 1821: died, 1894 ; inventor of the ophthalmoscope.

Héloisse, wife of Abelard, 13-4864
Helpful Things about a House, see main articles, 20-7639
Helsinki, or Helsingfors. Capital and chief port of Finland, on the Gulf of Finland. One of the pleasantest cities in Europe, it has a university. a fine harbor, and a great export trade.
Helst, Bartholomeus van der, Dutch painter
Picture, Portrait of unnamed woman, 8-2719
Helvetian Republic. Switzerland as reorganized by Napoleon.
Hemans, Mrs. Felicia, English poet, 12-4229
See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes Picture, portrait, 12-4227
Hematite ( Fe 2 O ). One of the commonest of the ores of iron, varying in color from red to black. Sometimes it is found in rounded shape and sometimes in solid earthy-looking masses. It is known in all parts of North America. Also called specular iron.
Heming, Arthur, Canadian author-artist, 10-3709: 15-5372
Hemlock, Water, see Water-hemlock
Hemlock tree
bark used as food, 12-4515
description, 13-4636, 4638
picture, 13-4634
Hemlock water dropwozt, plant, description, 16-…0
Hemming, directions for, $\mathbf{1 - 3 3 8}$
Hemoglobin, in blood cells, 3-804-06
Hémon, Lonis, French author, 15-5367
Hemorrhage, meaning of term, 14-5000
Hemp
account of, 8-2786, 2788; 11-3791
growth in Kentucky, with picture, 13-4523
l'icture (in enlor). 8-299;
Hemp Agrimony, plant, description, 16-5880
note on, $16-5877$
Picture. $16-5<97$
Hemstitching, directions for, 6-2047
Hemy, Thomas ML, artist
Picture. Wreck of Birkenhead, 3-886
Hen hawks, we Hawks-Conper's hawk
Henbane, large number of seeds, 9-3394
Henderson, Richard, and Daniel Boone, 6-2192 helped organize government in Tennessee 6-2197
Hendricks, Thomas A., vice-president of U. S. Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3948
Henley, William Ernest
poetry of, 12-4232-33
Sir alson fobity Index for poems and notes
Henner, Jean Jacques, French painter, 8-2858
Henri, Robert, American painter, 10-3454-55
Henri Grâce à Dieu, ship, 11-3916
Henrietta Maria, wife of Charles I of England bad influence on Charles I, 11-35
daughter of Marie de Medici, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 3 6}$
Maryland named for, $2-550$
Henry I, king of Fngland
life and reign, 5-1566, 1568
and Ireland, 8-2932
and the church, 8-2846
imprisoned his brother Robert, 7-2585
Henry II, king of England
life and reign, 5-1568, 1570
and Scotland, 18-4208
and the church, $8-2848$
Henry III, king of England, 5-1571-72
Henry IV, king of England, 5-1684
Henry $\mathbf{V}$, king of England
life and reign, 5-1684
and French wars, 10-3434
Henry VI, king of England, 5-1684, 1686
Henry VII, king of England
life and reign, 5-1813-14
and John Cabot, 8-2978, 2980
marriage united the houses of York and Lan

- -ur. 5-16:6

Henry VIII, king of England
life and reign, 5-1816-17
and Ireland, 8-2934
Pivturis
portwait. liy Finltiein (gravire), 5-18?2 Foundation of St. Paul's School (gravure)
Henry IV, king of France
reign of, 10-3.3.36
encouragement of art, 5-1873
his mother's sacrifice, 13-4581

## GENERAL INDEX

Henry IV, emperor of Holy Roman Empire struggle with Pope Gregory, 8-2847-49; 11-3962
I'churs, at Canoss: 8-2549 at IVいrms, 11-:3?61
Henry, Prince of Portugal, "the Navigator" influence on exploration, 1-89; 14-5184
Henry of Navarre, prince, see Henry IV, king of France
Henry, Joseph, scientist and inventor, 17-6238 electrical inventions, 4-1252
Henry, O., pen name of W. S. Porter, 14-5009-10 Picture, portrait, 14-5010
Henry, Patrick (1739-99). A Virginia orator and statesman of the period of the Revolution. opposed adoption of Constitution, 5-1698
St. John's Church, note and picture, 18-6830
Henry, Fort, sec Fiort Hemry
Henry IV, play by Shakespeare Picture, 3-841
Hens, see Poultry
Henshaw, Julia W., books on flowers, 15-5373
Henson, Matthew, reached Pole, 13-4721
Hepaticas, flowers, 17-6275
Poem about. Hepaticas, by Archibald Lampman, 15-5422
Picture, 17-627
Hephæstus (Vulcan), god, 9-3227
Hepplowhite, George, furniture-maker, 18-6771 Picture, characteristic chair design, 18-6773
Heptarchy. Seven Angle and Saxon kingdoms
in England - Kent, Sussex. Wessex, Essex,
Northumbria, East Anglia, Mercia.
Hera (Juno), goddess, 9-3226
Hera, lost statue of Polyclitus, 12-4218
Heracles, see Hercules
Heraclitus
Poem about, with note. Heraclitus, by William
Heraldry
account of, 1-186
lion of Scotland. 12-4208
Herb Bennet, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4991
Herb Robert, flower, 14-4974-75; 18-6570
Picture, 14-4975; (in color), 13-4880
Herbert, George, hymns of, 12-4438
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Herbert, John Rogers, artist
Picture, First preaching of Christianity in Great Britain, 4-1431
Herbs as medicine, 5-1626
Herculaneum, Italy
ruins of, 4-1200
wall-paintings, 2-451
Hercules, son of Juniter
brief account of, 9-3228
labors of, 9-3083-84
legends of, 6-1971
rescued Alcestis from death, 8-2705
Pictures
slaying the hydra, 1-359
statues, 9-3083. 12-4465; (gravure), 12-4336
Herder, Johann, German author, 17-6270-71
Picture, portrait, 17-6269
Heredity
Question about. Why are we like our parents? 15-5613-14
Pictures, portraits illustrating, 15-5615-19
Hereford. Capital of Herefordshire, England.
There are a fine cathedral, begun about 1079 , and many old buildings.

Picture (gravure), cathedral, 16-5974
Hereford, breed of cattle, 4-1262
Pictures, 15-5276; (in color), facing 4-1259
Hereros, natives of Southwest Africa, 9-3052
Hereward the Wake. Anglo-Saxon hero, de-
fender of the Isle of Ely against the Normans;
flourished about 1070 .
Hergesheimer, Joseph, novelist, 14-5012
Herkimer, Nicholas (c. 1715-77). American soldier of German descent, probably born in the New York county which now bears his name; fought in the French and Indian War: was morfally wounded at the bloody battle of Oriskany, August 5, 1777.
defeated British forces, 4-1168
Herkomer, Sir Hubert von. English landscape
and portrait painter: born, Waal, Bavaria, 1849 died, Bushey, Hertfordshire, 1914.
died, Bushey, Hertfordshire, 1914
Hermann (German hero 11-3960 ${ }^{\text {Hermes }}$
Pictures, statues of (gravure), 12-4335; 13-4609

Hermit crabs, 16-5950-54
Pictures, 16-5951-52
with sea-anemone, 16-5953
Hermit thrush, see Thrushes
Hermitage, home of Andrew Jackson
Picture, 11.3941
Fermon, Mt. Southernmost peak of Lebanon in Syria. 9,166 feet.
Hero and Ieander. A priestess of Aphrodite and a youth of Abydos, who met secretly in the former's tower, on the Hellespont, to which Leander swam nightly. He was drowned ont stormy night, and Hero cast herself into the sea to be united to her lover in death.
Fero of Alexandria. Greek scientist and mathematician: lived in Alexandria about 100 B.C.: he is credited with the invention of a steam engine
Hero stories, see Stories, Golden deeds
Herod I, king of Judea, 19.7157
Herodotus, Greek historian, 16-5751
account of Egypt, 3-820
Picture, portrait, 16-5747
Herons, birds

* account of, 11-4005-07
in North America, account of, 14-5018, 5020
Pictures, 11-4004; (in color), 8-2899
Héroult type, electric furnace, 16-5947
Herrera, Juan de, Spanish architect, 18-6500
Herrick, Robert, English poet, 6-2027
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Poem about. With a Copy of Herrick, by Ed mund Gosse, 12.4348
Herring, fish
account of, 16-5775-76
eggs, number of, 15-5542
lake, see Lake herring
pickling and packing, notes with pictures, 11-4055
Pictures, 16-5779: (in color) 16-5784
ELerschel, Caroline, astronomer, 1-284
Picture, portrait, 1-281
Herschel, Sir John Frederick Willam, astronomer, 1-286
made model of sun and planets, 9-3180
Picture
portrait, with father, 15-5617
Herschel, Sir William, astronomer, 1-284, 286 Picture, portrait, 1-281
Hertz, Heinrich Rudolph, German physicist
life, 4-12..3
discovered electric waves, 4-1254
Picture, portrait, 17-6235
Hertz, Henrik, Danish poet, 19-7011
Hertzian or electric waves, 4-1254
and D. E. Hughes, 17-6246
and light, 17-6080-81
Clerk Maxwell's theory, 17-6240-42
Herzegovina. With Bosnia, Herzegovina was occupied by Austria from 1908 to 1918 , when it became part of Jugo-Slavia. Mostar is the principal town. Originally Herzegovina was a part of Dalmatia and was occupied by a slavic race in the seventh century
added to Austria, 17-6194, 6196
Herzen, Alexander, Russian author, 19-6908
Herzl, Theodore, Jewish leader, 19-7162
Hesiod, Greek author, 16-5749-50
Hesperia, origin of name, 9.3233
Hesperides, in mythology, 9-3237
Eesperornis, prehistoric bird, 8-2758
Hesperos, in ancient mythology. was Venus, the -1..11ng star, 9-3.333
Hesselus, Gustavus, portrait painter in American colonies, 9-3325
Hessian fly, damage from, 18-6734
Hessians, in American Revolution, 4-1164
Hessonite, a variety of garnet
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Hestia (Vesta), goddess of fire, 9-3226
Hevea Brasiliensis, tree
vi. hes I'ara rubber. 4-1 10.

Hewitt, C. Gordon, and conservation, 15-5373
Hewlett, Manrice, author, 11.3898
Heywood, Benjamin, and fox-raising, 13-4693
Heywood, Thomas, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Hezekiah, king of Judah, and Sennacherib 2-: 5 6
Hiawatha, lewnnd of, 19-6985
Hibernation, winter sleep of animals probabl. arioin. 4-1375
Hickory, dickory, dock, game, 8-2744
Hickory nuts, 6-2276

## GENERAL INDEX

Hickory trees, 12-4248
shag bark, 13-4640-41
Picture, shagbark, in winter, 13-4641
Hickson, William Edward, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Eidalgo y Costilla, Miguel, Mexican leader, 19-7136
Hiddenite, semi-precious stone
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Gideyoshi, Japanese ruler, 2-564
Hiding, directions for, in open country, 2.749
Hierarchy. The governing and ministering body in the Church distributed according to its several ranks. Applicable only to Roman Catholic Church and those Christian communities which retain the distinctions of ecclesiastical order and authority.
Hieroglyphics, writing of Egyptians, 10-3546 Rosetta Stone, clue to, 3-814
Question about
Why are old sign writings called hieroglyphics? 7-2486
Picture, walls of Egyptian tomb, 10-3547
Eigh-holes, birds
account of, 13-4763; 14-5134
Picture, redshafted flicker (in color) facing 14-5133
High priest. The chief of the Jewish priest-
hood. Office seems to have originated during the Captivity, when the chief priest in Jerusa-
lem became the official representative of the na-
tion. His duties lay in the administration of the
sanctuary and the sacred service.
\#ighfliers, variety of pigeon, 12-4284
Eighwater shrub, 14-5161-62
Picture, 14-5161
Hilda, St. Princess of Deira who was made abbess of a monastery at Hartlepool by St. Aidan, and afterward founded her famous abbey at Whitby. She died in 680, after a life of great wisdom and piety, during which she was consulted by kings and rulers.
Fildobrand, see Gregory VII
Fill, Aaron, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Hill, George William, Canadian sculptor, 14-5075
Hill, James Jerome (1838-1916). Born near Guelph, Ontario, Canada. Became American citizen and great railway-promoter.
Hill, Rowland, suggested use of postage stamps. 8-2653
Elli-robing, birds, one kind of babblers, 9.3285 Picture, 9-3287
Eillingford, R., artist
Picture, scene in Peninsular War, 14-5043
Hills, how formed, 2-629-34
Question about. Why do the hills look blue at a distance? 9-3102
Elmalaya Mts., 18.6584
on map, 8-2694
Picture, Mount Kinchinjunga, 7-2317
Find and the Panther, poem by Dryden, account of, 4-1358
Findenburg, Field-Marshal Paul von. Born. 184\%; educated, Military Cadet Corps. Com-mander-in-chief on the Eastern Front and FieldMarshal, 1914; Chief of Staff of Armies in the Field, 1916; retired, 1919; elected President of Germany, April, 1925
Hinduism, religion, 8-2700, 2702
Hindustan, northern part of India, 8-2696
zip-joints, in man
ligaments hold body erect, 5-1562
Eipparchus, Greek astronomer, 1-201
Edpparion, ancestor of horse
Picture, 6-1926
Hippocrates, "the father of medicine," work and influence, 8-2722-23
influence on medical study, 2-702
Hippocratic oath, taken by゙ phy:ivians, 8-2723
Eippopotamus, account of, 5-1723-24
tow how to make 2-511-12
Pictures, 5-1717-23
Eissar animals, India, 4-1262
Eistorians

* Amerícan, 13-4820-23

Canadian, 14-5105: 15-5367

* English, 9-3201-05, 3312 of ancient Greece, 16-5751
Eistory (stur?
game abrout. "What is it?" 8-3023 notebook, how to make, 17-63.92
Sec also names of countries-history

Fistory (continued)
historical poems, see 20-7679
historical stories, see 20-7699-7700
Hitches, sailors', how to make, 9-3378-79
Hittites, art shows Assyrian influence, 11-3876
Hoang-ho, river in China, see Hwang-ho
Eoarfrost, description, 14-4905
Hoarseness, cause of, 4-1354
Hoatzin, primitive bird, 8-2758
account of, 12-4368
Pictures, 12-4363
Hobart, Garret A., vice-president of U. S.
Picture, portrait (gravure) 11-3948
Hobart. Capital and port of Tasmania, with a fine harbor. It has flour-mills, tanneries, sawmills and foundries, and exports apples, gold, tin and copper.
Hobbema, Meyndert, Dutch artist, 5-1592
Picture, Avenue at Middelharnais, 5-1587
Hobbes, Thomas. English political and philosophical writer, author of The Leviathan; born. Malmesbury, 1588; died, 1679.
Eobby, European, bird, 10-3756
Pictures, 10-3755; (in color) 9-3282
Hobby-horse
Poem about. Hobby-Horse (German folk-song), 7-2367
Hockey, Field, how played, 16-5885-86
Hockey, Ice, game
how played, 10-3694
in Canada, 10-3693-96
rules for, 14-5113-14
Pisture, 10-3695
Hodgson, William Noel, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Hoe, Richard M. (1812-86). American inventor of a printing-press

Picture, portrait, 9-3383
Hoe type revolving machine, 9-3389-90
Hofer, Andreas, patriot of the Tyrol, 13-4588 Pictures, portrait, 13-4583
as governor of Tyrol, 13-4589
Hoffman, Heinrich, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Hoffmanin, Ernst Theodor Wilhelm
Nutcracker and the king of mice, (story), 10-3600-04
Hog-nosed snake, see Pufti-adder
Hogarth, William, English painter
characteristics of his art, 6-2004-05
life and work, 7-2327-28
Pictures
Portrait of himself, 7-2329
Portrait of Polly Peachum, 6-2005
Portrait of the Artist and his Dog. 6-2005
Portrait of the Artist's Sister, 6-2005
The Artist's Servants, 9-3072
Hogg, James, poet, 12-4228
as song-writer, 10-3610
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Picture, portrait, 10-3605
Hogz, see Pigs; Boars, Wild
Eohenheim, Theopirastus Bombastus von, see Paracelsus, Philippus Aureolus
Fohenlinden, Battle of. Great victory of the
French under Moreau in 1800 over the Austrians. Poem about. Hohenlinden, by Thomas Campbell, 3-1009
Hohenzollerns. Family name of the roval house of Prussia. In 1871 the Hohenzollern William I became German Emperor. Frederick III followed in 1888 , and William II in the same year.
With the defeat of Germany in the World War, the Hohenzollerns were deposed, and the exKaiser now resides in Doorn, Holland.
Hokku, type of Japanese poem, 15-5460-61
Holbein, Hans, the Elder, German painter, 4-1345 Picture
Death of Mary. 4-1347
Holbein, Hans, the Younger, German painter life and work, 4-1345, 1348
painting in England, and influence there, 6-2000
Pictures

* group of pictures (gravure) 4-1349-52 Portrait of Edward VI (gravure) 5-1823
Portrait of Henry VIII (gravure) 5-1822
Holberg, Iudwig von, Norwegian baron, Danish dramatist. 19-7011
picture, portrait, 19-7009
Hold of a ship, 14-5002
Hold fastl Let gol, game, 8-2743


## Eolidays

Days we celebrate, 6-2087-95
See also names of holidays
Holland, John P. (1841-1914). Born in Ireland. Emigrated to the United States; invented the modern submarine.
Holland, Josiah Gilbert, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Holland, Norah M., Canadian poet, 14-5110
Holland. Maritime kingdom of western Europe area, 12,587 square miles; capital, The Hague Flat and low, it is intersected by a network of waterways, including the mouths of the Rhine, Maas and Scheldt, and there are about 2,000 miles of canals. Agriculture, including dairy farming, cattle-raising, and the cultivation of bulbs, is very important, and there are many and varied manufactures. The ports of Amsterdam and Rotterdam are easily the largest cities; others are: Utrecht, Haarlem, Leyden, Groningen, Arnhem, Dort, Deventer, Nijmegen, Delft and Flushing. Nearly all the people are Protestants. The Netherlands have always had a powerful mercantile marine, and their colonies
have an area of 788,000 square miles.
colonies, $15-5562,5564,5566,5568$
in South Africa, 9-3048
in West Indies, 19-7099-7104

* description, 15-5555-57, 5566-68
* history, 15-5556-64
land reclaimed from sea, 17-6288
map, 15-5557
painting, see Painting, Dutch
resources, 15-5566
song, patriotic
Let him in whom Dutch blood flows, 17-6252
struggle with Portuguese in Brazil, 19-1040, 7042
trade with Japan, early, 2-564
universities, $15-5568$
For list of main articles, see 20-7595
Poem about. Leak in the Dyke, by Phœbe Cary, 5-1:77
Pictures, 15-5554-67
paintings of scenes in Holland, 5-1591
Holley, Marietta, American author, 13-4817
Holly trees
* account of, 12-4384-86, 4389
varieties, 11-4020
western, see Oregon grape
Pictures
fruit (in color), 11-4026
tree, flower and leaf, 12-4389
Holmes, Hogden, invented machine to take seeds from cotton, 6-1912
Holmes, Oliver Wendell, American author
* life and writings, 13-4728
note and portrait, 13-4724
See also Poetry Index for pinems and notes
Holstein, taken from Denmark by Prussia, 11-3970
Holstein (Holstein-Friesian), breed of cattle, 4-1262
Pictures, 9-3211; (in color), facing 4-1258
Holston River. American river, having its source at the junction of the North and South Forks rivers, Tennessee. Flows into the Tennessee River. 350 miles.
Holy Alliance (1511-72). Between the Pope, Spain, Venice and Switzerland; also an alliance in 1815 between the Tsar of Russia, Emperor of Austria, and King of Prussia. Its object to perpetuate the existing royal houses by a joint resistance to change.
Holy Cross, Mount of. Picture, 18-6431
Holy Roman Empire
and Germany. 11-3962
and Italy, 12-4tos
Francis II, last ruler, 11-3966, 3968
Holyrood. Famous abbey ruins and Scottish royal palace near Edinburgh. The abbey, founded in 1128 by David $I$, was reduced to ruins in 1768: the palace, first built 1498-1503, was finally rebuilt by Charles II in 1671-79.

Poem abont. Holyrood, by W. H. Ogilvie,
Poem rhont.
Home, Grizel, see Hume. Grizel
Home, Sir Patricy, see Hume, Sir Patrick Home,

Poems about
Home, Sweet Home, by J. H. Payne, $1-322$ Home no more Home to Me, by R. L. Stevenson, 9-3110

Home, Sweet Home, how written, 18-6510
Home Rule blll for Ireland passed in 1914, 8-2938
Homer, legendary Greek poet
account of, 16-5747-48
description of ancient ship, 11-3912
Iliad, story of, 6-1983-84
observation on lightning, 16-5666
Odyssey, story of, 6-1984-86
parodies of, 16-5748-49
Pope's translations of, 4-1359
Pictures
homage of poets, 16-674.9 statue of, 6-1983
Homer, Winslow, American painter, 10-3448-49 Pictures
Northeaster (gravure), 10-3459
The Wreck (gravure), 10-3459
two sketches, American Civil War, 7-2443
Homeric, ship
Picture, promenade of, 12-4431
Honduras. Most undeveloped of the Central American republics; area, 44,275 square miles; capital, Tegucigalpa. Cattle, fruit, timber, indiarubber, sarsaparilla and indigo are exported.
Honduras, British. British Central American colony; area, 8,598 square miles; capital, Balize. Cedar, logwood, mahogany, bananas, sponges and tortoiseshell are exported.
account of, 9-3190
settlement of, 19-7103-04
Picture, 9-3181
Honey
from laurel, poison, 13-4776
U. S. production, 1919, 9-3208
use for sweetening before sugar, 17-6221-22
Question about. When bees take honey from flowers do flowers get more? 4-1233
Picture, bees and honeycomb, 17-6223
Honey-eaters, birds, 9-3138
Honey-guides, birds, 9-3370
Honey-locust, tree, 12-4508-14
Picture. 12-4514
Honeycreepers, birds, 8-2972
Honeysuckers, birds
Picture, cardinal honeysucker (in color),

## 12-4370

Foneysuckle
glaucus, 15-5605, 5608
hillside varieties, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 0 8}$
meadow honeysuckle, see Clover
note on, 15-5605; 17-6125
wild, name for azalea, 13-4776
pictures, 17-6125
glaucus honeysuckle, 15-5605
Pictures (in color), 13-4878; 17-6073 fruit, 11-4024
Hong-Kong. British Chinese colony, comprising Hong-Kong island and the Kowloon peninsula; area, 391 square miles; capital, Victoria. HongKong has a splendid port, ranking fifth in the world in order of tonnage entered and cleared. It became British in 1842 .
account of, $9-3186$
description, 2-436
Pictures
peak overlooking harbor, 9-3185
Victoria, the capital, 2-431
Honi soit qui mal y pense. French for "Shame he to him who thinks ill of it" - the motto of the Order of the Garter. An exclamation popularly believed to have been uttered by Edward III of England when he tied about his leg a garter which the Countess of Salisbury had dropped while dancing.
Honolulu, Hawaii
description, 15-5448
population, 10-3584
Pirtures. 15-5449
Hooch, Pieter de, Dutch painter, 51-1594
Hood, John Bell (1831-79). American soldier born in Kentucky. He graduated from West Point, but entered Confederate service in 1861. and was rapidly promoted.

## against Sherman, 7-2440

defeated by Schofield and Thomas, 7-2440
Hood, Thomas, poetry of. 12-4229
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Pieture. portrait, 12-4227
Hood, Mount, Oregon, description and picture, 9-3206
Hoogh, Pleter de, see Hooch, Pleter de
Hoogli River, Indla, not navigable, 8-2698

## GENERAL INDEX

Hook of Holland. Dutch cape at the mouth of the New Waterway, an artificial channel leading to Rotterdam. The voyage from Harwich in Essex to the Hook of Holland takes seven hours.
Hooke, Robert, and the telephone, 17-6241
studies with microscope, 13-4669
Picture, portrait, 13-4671
Hooker, Sir Joseph, (ultivaten rul,ber specis, kッW Ciarlens, 4-14")
Hooler, Joseph (1814-79). American soldier born in Massachusetts. He graduated from West Point and served with crcdit in the Mexican War. In the Civil War he served first in the East; commanded Army of Potomac Jan.June, 1863; was relieved after defeat at Chancellorsville, and afterward served in the West.
at Chancellorsville, 7-2436

Hooker, Rev. Thomas, helped found Hartford, $2-54$
Hoop-snake, belief about, 1-359
Hoopoes, birds, 9-3373
Pictures, 9-3369; (in color), 9-3130
Hoops, games played with, 12-4496
Hoot owl, 13-4762
Hooter, name for blue grouse. $14-1$ ? ${ }^{2}$ ?
Hoover, Herbert C., president of U. S.
administration, 8-2674: 11-3950
life, outline of, 11-3954
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3945
Fope, Anthony, 1,seunnoym, st, llawk:m: Anthony Hore
Hope diamond, account of, 19-7234
Hopewell, ship of Frobisher and Hudson, 14-4971
Hopi Indians, of Arizona desert, 9.3028
note on, with picture, 18-6620
Pictures, 9-3029
Hopkins, Esek, and U. S. navy, 17-6326
Hopkinson, Francis, wrote Battle of the Kegs, 18-4.512
Hopkinson, Joseph, wrote Hail, Columbia! 18-6513
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Hopper, E., hymn-writer, 12-4438
Hoppner, John, English painter, 6-2112
Countess of Oxford (in color), 7-2338
George IV, king of England (gravure), 6-2120 Mrs. Gardiner and Her Children, 6-2112
Mrs. Jordan (gravure), 6-2116
Sackville Chilaren (gravure), 6-2118
Hops
kilns for drying, 7-2484
use of, 11-4020
Picture (in color), 11-4022
Hopscotch, game, 3-1153
with cards, game, 4-1510-11
Horace (Quintus Horatius Flaccus), Roman poet, 16-5911-12
his song, Integer Vitæ, 10-3611
Pictures, portrait, 16-5907; in group, 16-5906
耳oratius
form arout. How limatins Kint the prolge, by Lord Macaulay, 10-3639
Horehound, flower
Pictures (in color)
black horehound, 14-4990
white horehound, 14-4984
Horizon, distance from eye, 19-7245-46
Hormones, products of glands, 9-3224
Horm. The connective tissue of the epidermis hardened and thickened till it forms a tough fibrous material. Sometimes borne on the heads of animals, as in a stag; sometimes forms most of outer covering, as in armadillos or turtles; of outimes arms the feet or toes, as in birds, reptiles and mammals. Used in the manufacture of many useful and ornamental articles: handles for umbrellas, knives, forks, combs, etc.
Horn, Cape. somthernmost boilit if south
 Chile. A tare rack 1 , ton font h, $h_{1}$ ata! hintorious for its storms, it was discovered in 1616 by thio Imach naviator schomton, who named it after Howrn in Holland.
Hornaday, William Temple, scientist
study of animal intelligence, 8-2716
Zornbeam, tree, 13-4640
description, 12-4246, 4257
Pictures, 12-4257
in winter. 13-4639
Hornbils, birds, 9-3373-74
Plotures, 9-3366-67

Horneblende. A mineral, the black, dark green or brown variety of aluminous amphibole. Il contains iron and occurs as crystals and in columnar, fibrous and granular form.
Horned pout, see Bullheads
Hornel, E. A., artist
Pietheres
The Listeners in the Wood, 9-3309
Summer, 18-15525
Hornet, ship, victory over Peacock, 5-1704; 17-6330
Hornets, description, 17-6230
Picture, (in color) facing 18-6721
Horoscope. The representation made of the as pect of the heavens at the moment of a person's birth. By it an astrologer professes to be able to tell the events of the person's life. Casting a horoscope is an ancient form of fortune-telling. Horrocks, Jeremiah, astronomer, 1-282
Hors de combat. French for "out of the fight";

## disabled.

Horse, Wooden, Trojan war, 6-1982-88
Horse-chestnut trees
account of, 12-4381-82, 4387
fowers of,' 17-6274
not related to chestnut, 12-4382
Pictures
fruit (in color), 11-4027
tree, flower and leaf, 12-4387

## Horse latitudes

Question about. What are the Horse Latitudes mentioned in sea stories? 7-2486
Horse mackerel, see Tuna
Horse power, meaning of term, 2-689
Horse-racing, game, 3-903
Horseradish, 7-2624
Horses

* Horse family. 6-2011-20
breeds of, 6-2016, 2018
early forms, 1-95; 6-2012-13
early use in war, 6-2014
hoofprints, picture and note, 3-1024
hoofs correspond to nails, 14-5220
how first tamed, 6-2013-14
in America, before Ice age, 6-2013
in Great Britain in early times, 6-2014
of Arabs, 18-6736
photographs in motion, by Muybridge, 18-6594
story about, Black Diamond, 15-5326-28
Poems about
Arab's Farewell to his Steed, by Mrs. C. S Norton, 2-608
Bell of Atri, by Longfellow, 19-6869
Dobbin's Friend, by M. M. Dodge, 5.1887
The Horse, by Jane Taylor, 15-5522
Oustioms ahout
Do a horse's eyes magnify? 17-6178
How is a horse measured? 6-2252
Why do horses need to wear shoes? 15-5366
Why does a horse wear blinkers? 9.3356
Pictures
different parts of, with names, 6-2016
illustrating various breeds, facing 6-2010-11
in Parthenon frieze, 3-1069
Kentucky breeding farm and race-track, 13-4521
Mongolian wild horse, 6-2017 types of, 6-2015
Horsetails, plants
account of, 10-3724
in Carboniferous period, 3-884; 4-1296
Pictures, 10-3720
Horseweed. Picture, 9-3396
Horsley, Sir Victor, discoveries about brain, 15-5492
Picfuri. pmrtrait, 15-ㄱ181
Horus, a god of ancient Egypt
legend of, 3-810, 812
Hosmer, Frederick Lucian, sur Poetry Index for poem and note
Hosmer, Harriet, American sculptor, 14-493.
Hospital of St. Cross, oldest almshouse in Eng band 18-1:4
Hospitallers. order of monastic knishts (founded, 1050); same as Knights of St. John of
 Rhodes. The badge of the order is the well known Maltese cross.
Hostage. A person given as a pledge or secur ity for the performance of the conditions of a treaty or agreement.
Hot springs in New Zealand, 7-2574

Hot Springs Reservation, Arkansas national park, 7-2291
Hot Time in the Old Town To-night, song by J. Haydon, 18-6514

Eôtel Cluny, Yaris, 18-6494-95
Hôtel de Rambouillet, French salon, 18-6711
Hôtel de ville. French for "town hall.
Hottentots. A nickname given by the first colonists to the primitive race that originally ranged all over south Africa, but to-day is confined mainly to Great and Little Namaqualand. They are gradually being merged into the Bantu and other races.
in Cape Colony, 9-3047
and Robert Moffat, 2-468
Houdon, Jean Antoine, French sculptor, 13-4703-04
statues made in U. S., 14-4933
Pictures
bust of Benjamin Franklin, 13-4703 Louise Brogniart, 13-4705
Hough, Emerson, novelist, 14-5010
Hounds, see Dogs
Hound's tongue, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4990
Hours
Question about. Has the day always been divided into 24 equal hours? 11-4132
Hours, in Greek mythology, 9.3228
House of Commons, Canada, see Canada-government
House of Commons, England
Question about. Who is the speaker of the House of Commons? 11-4135
See also England-Parliament
House paper-chase, game, 8-2744
Houses

* How early people were housed, 5-1655-58 Eskimo snow-house, 7-2564
huts of various peoples, with pictures, 5-1656-57
in Japan, 2-572
modern frame house, with picture, 5-1658
northernmost in America, 7-2556
primitive, of stone, 5-1657
Poem about. My House, by Louis Untermeyer, 6-2242
Question about. Why do houses seem crooked when we look across a fire? 5-1752
Pictures
African natives building roof, 9-3057
early lake-dwelling, 11-3965 early types, 8-3010
huts of Isle of Skye, 15-5639
$\log$ cabin of pioneer, 6-2189
of American Indians, 1-164; 17-6201
of South Sea islands, 9-3303
South Sea house, on piles, 9-3295 trapper's cabin, 12-4338
various types of dwellings, 5-1655-58
Houses of Parliament, London, England Picture, 12-4359
Housing in Canal Zone, 1-366-67
Eousman, Alfred Edward, poetry of, 12-4234
Houston, Sam (1793-1863). An American soldier and political leader. Defeated the Mexicans at the battle of San Jacinto in 1836. Conspicuous in the early life of Texas.

Sam Houston Day in Texas, 6-2094
Houston. Railway and commercial centre in
Texas, trading in cotton, rice, sugar and lumber.
Hover-flies, 17-6423
How, William Walsham, as hymn-writer, 12-4436
Picture, portrait, 12-1439
How the earth was made, * 1-141-44
How life roes round and round, * 1-11i-21
How man learned to write * 10-3545-53

How man makes stone, * 7-2305-12
How our bodies are built up, * 5-1559-63
How plants serve mankind. *5-1623-28
How sun and wind made the hills, $* 2$-629-34
How to eat. * 6-2083-86
Howard. Alice $G$., sef Pnetry Thifer. for pnem and note
Howard, John, prison reformer, 7-2296
Howard. Thomas, spe Arundel. Farl $\cap f$
Howe, Elias, inventor of sewing-machine, 19-7213
Picture, portrait, 19-7201
Howe, John Treland, invented machine to make solld-headed pins, 9-3042
Zowo, Joseph, Canadian leader, 14-5105

## Eowe, Mrs. Julla Ward

wrote Battle Hymn of the Republic, 18-6513 Sce also Poetry index for poem and note
Howe, Eichard, fourth viscount and first ear (1726-99). British admiral who commanded in American waters, 1766-i8.
in America, 4-1166
Howe, Samuel G., American surgeon
bravery in Greco-Turkish war, 13-4580
Howe, Sir William (1729-1814). British soldier, who led the storming party at Quebec and the attack at Bunker Hill. In 1776 he succeeded Gage in the chief command of the land forces, while his brother, Lord Howe, commanded the fleet. Both were opposed to making war on the colonists, and both resigned in 1778.
around New York, 4-1166
around Philadelphia, 4-1168-69
delays sending aid to Burgoyne, 4-1168
Howe Coinpany, for making pins, 9-3042
Howells, William Dean, American author, 13-481.
Picture, portrait, 13-4819
Howitt, Mary, see Poetry Index for poems and
Howitt, William, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Howleglass, the merry jester, stories of, 8-2962
Huang-ho, river in China, see Hwang-ho
"Fub of the Universe," name for Boston, 17-6177
Huckaback, a kind of linen
making table-cover from, 14-5118
origin of name, 14-5118
Euckleberries, 6-2064, 2068; 13-4776
Picture, with note, 13-4777
Eudson, Henry

* life of, 14-4971
arctic explorations, and death, 8-2983
claimed Hudson River for Dutch, 2-550
discovery of Hudson River, 1-251
set adrift by his crew, 11-4109
Poem about. Henry Hudson's Last Voyage, by Henry van Dyke, 11-4109


## Pictures

portrait, 1-245; 8-2977
adrift in Hudson Bay, 11-4109
in the Half Moon, 1-247
Fudson, Thomas, teacher of Sir Joshua Reymolds. $7-\cdots 332$
Hudson, William Henry, author, 11-4002
Hudson Bay. Inland sea in northeast Canada, covering 400,000 square miles. It is connectec? with the Arctic Ocean by Fury and Hecla Strait and Fox Channel, and with the Atlantic by Hudson Strait, but is open for navigation for only three months in the year. Henry Hudson explored it in 1610
Hudson River, also called North River. River of New York State. It rises in the Adirondack Mountains and is $30 n$ miles long, having, with the Mohawk, a drainage area of 13,370 square miles. Troy, Albany and New York stand on its banks, and it is tidal and navigable up to Troy. Course through beautiful scenery. On its banks stands historic West Point. Above New York are the fine Palisades.
discovery by Henry Hudson, 1-251
Palisades, formation of, 4-1401
Hudson River school of painting, 9-3332, 3334; 10-3447
Hudson River tunnels. There are four double tunnels under the Hudson River: Pennsylvania Railroad Station, New York, to Weehawken, N. J., completed in 1910; Hudson and Manhattan Railroad System, north tunnels from Jersey City to Morton St., New York, finished in 1908: south tunnels from Jersey City to Cortland, Church and Fulton Sts., New York, comnleted 1.909; Holland tunnel, the New York-New Jersey Ifhimblar Tunnel, hecum in 1920 and hy 1926 tirnnel structure completed from Broome St., New York, to Provost St., Jersey City.
Fudson's Bay Company

* account of. 12-4338-40
sold land to Canadian government, 4-1489; 12-1310
Picture trading post. Fort Resolution, 7-2559
Huenefeld, Baron Gunther von, passenger in T:remen 7-1..
Euerta, Victoriano, president of Mexico, 19-7140
Huggins, Six Willam, astronomer, 1-286
Picture, portrait, 1-281
Eugh Capet, king of France, 10-3432
sughey, Davla Fdward, inventor, 17-6244, 6246
Ficture, portrait, 17-6243
Eughes, Thomas, English author
note on life, 14-5149
* Tom Brown's Schooldays, quotations and

Eugo, Victory, 14-5149-55
extract from novel, Ninety-three, 18-6717-19

* Les Misérables, quotations and summary, 11-3861-72
note about, 11-3861
rank in literature, 18-6712
See also Poetry Index for poem and note Pictures, portraits, 18-6559, 6717


## Euguenots

colonies in America, 1-246
in North Carolina, 2-553
given religious freedom in Canada, 2-679
massacre of St. Bartholomew's Day, 10-3436
persecuted in France, 10-3434, 3440
Euia bird, 8-2895
Picture, 8-2895
Hull, Fdward, and age of Welsh coal-fields, 3-786
Yull, Isaac, captain of the Constitution, 17-6329
Hull, William, American general surrender at Detroit, 1812, 3-945
Eull, Professor, and theory of light, 16-5809-10
Eull of a ship, 14-5002
Hulls, Jonathan, patented a steamboat, 17-6398-99
drawings of his vessel, 17-6399
Picture, portrait, 17-6397
Eumanism, Renaissance period, definition of, 17-6297
Humayun, father of Akbar, 8-2824
Picture, portrait, 8-2821
Eumboldt, Alexander von, German naturalist, 2-591
Pictures, portrait, 2-589 portrait (statue), 2-596
Humboldt glacier, 7-2216
Humboldt River. American river, rising in Elko
County, Nevada. 375 miles.
enters Great Basin, 19-6841
no outlet, 19-6841
Hume, Alexander, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Fume, David, as essay writer, 8-2865
Hume, Grizel, heroism of, 2-441-43 Picture, 2-440
Hume, Sir Patrick, Covenanter, 2-441-43
Humery, Conrad, aided Gutenberg, 9-3384
Humidity. The moisture or aqueous vapor present in the air. When it becomes visible it is called dew, fog, mist, haze, cloud, rain, etc., according to the size of the drops of water or the method in which the vapor condenses. The point at which the air reaches complete saturation is designated by 100 on this continent; par-
tial saturation, by smaller numbers.
Kumming-birds
account of, 9-3371; 13-4831; 14-5143
habitat in U. S., 14-5022
Pictures, 9-3366
rufous humming-bird (in color), facing 14-5133

## Enmor

Poetry
Blind Archer, by Conan Doyle, 7-2526
Butterfly and the Snail, by John Gay, 7-2638 Darius Green and his Flying-machine, $k$ 'J J. T. Trowbridge, 18-6795

Discontented Apple, by Weatherly, 5-1888 Dispute between Nose and Eyes, by William Cowper, 11-4116
Elegy on the Death of a Mad Dog, by Oliver Goldsmith, 3-1141
Heathen Chinee, by Bret Harte, $4-1381$
The Horse, by Jane Taylor, 15-5522
John Gilpin, by William Cowner, 5-1639
Limericks, by Edward Lear, 2-490-91; 3-1012 The Mountain and the Squirrel, by Emerson, 3-846
Priest and the Mulberry tree, by T. L. Peacock, 16-5708
Retired Cat, by William Cowner, 5-1780
Terrible Ball, by M. M. Dodge, 3.848
Tragic Story, translated by W. M. Thackeray, 3-1139
The Wind and the Moon, by Macdonald, 16-5711

Hamor-Poetry (continued)
Wonderful One-Hoss Shay, by O. W. Holmes, 9-3269
Hundred Days. March 29 to June 22, 1816, Napoleon's short reign from the time he quitted
Elba to his abdication after defeat at Waterloo.
Eundred Years' War, between France and
England, 10-3433-34
Eungary. Central European country occupying the greater part of the Great Plain of the Danube; area, 36,000 square miles; capital, Buda-
pest. Though greatly reduced in size since 1918 ,
it still retains some of the most fertile agricul-
tural regions in Europe, and grain of the highest quality is produced. Agriculture and stockraising are practically the staple industries. The people are mostly Magyars, and nearly all Roman Catholics; Szeged and Debreczen are the largest towns.
*. history and description, 17-6339-42

* history, combined with Austria, 17-6192-96
joined to Austria before Thirty Years' War, 11-3966
Kossuth's struggle to free, 13-4590
map, 17-6197
monarchy now, under a regent, 18-6460
Rumania controls southern part, 14-4922
stamps, rare, 16-5888
territorial losses since World War, 17-6340; 18-6460
See al8o Magyars
Pictures
city scenes, 17-6338
showing life of the people, 17-6341


## Funger

Qurstions about
What makes us say we are hungry? 5-1808
Why do we not growl like an animal when we are hungry? 14-5086
Huns, invasion of Europe, 18-6586, 6588
Hunt, Leigh, English author
as essay writer, 8-2866
at burning of Shelley's body, 7-2492
friend of Keats, 7-2493
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Picture, portrait, 8-2865
Hunt, Walter, and sewing machine, 19-7213
Hunt, William Holman, English painter, and Pre-Raphaelites, 6-2236
Picture, Hireling Shepherd (gravure), 6-2238
Hunt, William Morris, American painter, 9-3333
licture, Flight of Night (gravure), 10-3462
Hunt the ring, game, 8-2743
Hunt the slipper, game, 8-2743
Hunt the stag, game, 12-4496
Hunter, John, physician, 8-2728
Picture, portrait, 8-2721
Hunter, William, physician, 8-2728
Hunting
by Eskimos, 7-2565-66
Indians as hunters, 12-4341
Poem about, Hunting Song, 6-2153
Picture. Eskimo throwing spear, 7-2565
Funtington, Anna Hyatt, American sculptor, 14-4940
Picture, Jeanne d'Arc, 14-4935
Hunyadi, John. Hungarian soldier and ruler: born, Hunyad, Transylvania, 1387; died, Semlin, 1456 .
resisted Turks, 13-4798
Furdle games for little children, 5-1891
Huron, Iake. One of the flve Great Lakes, lying between Ontario and Michigan. 23,200 square miles in extent, it is connected with Lake Erie by the St. Clair and Detroit rivers; the Sault Ste. Marie canals, which avoid a series of rapids, provide a navigable waterway to Lake Superior.
and the country adjacent. 6-1956
Hurricave, from a Caribbean word, the name for a very violent wind-storm in the West Indies. It is now used to denote such a wind, sometimes accompanied by thunder, liehtning and rain, in other parts of the world, chiefly in tronical regions. In the China Sea and the East Tndies these storms are called typhoons.
Trusband who was to mind the honse (story), by Kay Nellsen, 3-1099
Huss, John. Bohemian re'iglous reformer; born Husinetz, near Budweis, 1369; burned at Constance, Baden, 1415.
persecuted, 13-4798
work of, 17-6342

Hussein, Ibn Ali, king of the Hedjaz, 18-6674-75 Hussey, Obed, invented reaping machine, 19-7210 Hussite Wars (1419-36). Between followers of John Huss in Bohemia and the forces of the German emperor and the pope.
Hutchinson, Mrs. Anne, life, 14-5267-68
Huts, sce Houses
Huxley, Thomas Henry, English scientist, 2-596; 11-4002
Picture, portrait, 2-589
Huygens, Christian, astronomer, 1-283
Hwang-ho, or Yellow River. Second river of China. Rising in the Kwen Lun, it drains 400 , 000 square miles in northern China, the immense quantities of yellow earth it carries down into the Gulf of Pechili having given the Yellow Sea its name. It is of little use, however, for navigation, and passes few large towns except Lanchow and Tsinan. 2,700 miles.
floods of, 2-422
Hyacinths, flowers

## account of, 19-7172

description of, for game, 16-5771
wild, note on, 17-6126
Pictures
English hyacinth (in color), 14-4987
wild hyacinth, 17-6126
Pictures (gravure), 19-7180 grape hyacinth, 19-7180
Hyades, in mythology, 9-323?
Hybrid. The offspring of the union of a male of one race, variety, species or genus with the female of another. By many plant-and animalbreeders the term hybrid is limited to the cross between different species, crossbreed being used for a cross between races or varieties of the same species. A mule is the offspring of a donkey and a mare.
Hyde, Edward, first earl of Clarendon. English statesman and historian; born, Dinton, Wiltshire, 1608; died, Routen, 1674.
history of the Great Rebellion, 9-3201-02
Eyde, Edward, 3rd earl of Clarendon
proprietor in Carolina, 2-553
Pieture, portrait. 2-549
Hyderabad. Fourth largest Indian city, capital of the Nizam's dominions, which form the largest and most populous of the internal states.
Bydra, fabulous monster
Picture, Hercules slaying hydra, 1-359
Hydrangea, Wild, 19-7092

## Pioture, 19-7093

Hydraulic cranes, note on, 15-5432
Hydraulic elevator
description, 4-1216-17
diagrams, 4-1218-19
Hydrochloric acid, in stomach, 6-2084
Hydrogen
and protoplasm, 2-664
atom, electricity in. 12-4290-91
boiling point of, $8 \mathbf{- 3 0 1 4}$
liquefied, 15-5426
relation to chemical elements, $1-20$
specific gravity, 14-5038
sulphureted, how removed from coal-gas, 2-636
Hydrometer, account of, 14-5037
Hydrophobia, 15-5482
Hydrophytes, class of plants, 16-5727
Hydroplane, definition of, 1-174
Hyenas, animals, 2-502
Picture, striped hyena (gravire), 2-498
Hygeia, goddess of health, $9-3234$
Hygiene
of children, see Children-care and hygiene Sce also Fond: Fxercises
Hygiene, Public. sof Public health
Hygrometer, measurer of moisture, 3-1028
Hymen, god of marriage, 9-323t
Hymns
Ahide with Me by H. F. Lyte. 12-4319
All Things Bright and Beautiful. ly Mrs. Alexander, 12-4273
Angels Holy, High and Lowly, by Stuart Blackie, 10-373?
Blessed Are They That Mourn, by W. C Bryant, 19-6873
Child's Evening Prayer, by A. P. Graves, 2-611
Crossing the Bar, by Tennyson, 4-1382 Day Thou Gavest, by John Ellerton, 6-2243 Eternal Father, Strong to \&ave W. Whiting, 19-6871

Eymns (continucd)
Eternal Ruler of the Ceaseless Round, by J. W. Chadwick, 6-2150

Evening Hymn, by J. D. Burns, 13-4741
Faith, by Ray Palmer, $13-4740$
Gentle Jesus, Meek and Mild, by Charles Wesley, $9-3270$
God Moves in a Mysterious Way, by Wm. Cowper, 3-1141
God of Justice, Our Salvation (Serbian Hymn), 17-6255
God of Our Fathers, Known of Old, by Rudyard Kipling, 19-6872
Have Pity, Lord, by J. G. Saxe, 13-4600
He That is Down, Needs Fear No F'all, bs John Bunyan, 15-5553
I Think when I Read that Sweet Story of Old, by Mrs. Luke, 18-6651
Jesus Bids Us Shine, by E. H. Miller, 12-4350
Jesus, Lover of my Soul, by Charles Wesley, 16-5867
Jesus, Tender Shepherd, by M. L. Duncan, 13-4742
Lead, Kindly Light, by John Henry Newman, 12-4435
Lord, it Belongs not to My Care, by Richard Baxter, 16-5867
Lord of All Being, by O. W. Holmes, 4-1514
Mine Eyes Have Seen the Glory, by Julia Ward Howe, 17-6251
Now the Day is Over, by Sabine BaringGould, 11-4034
O God, Our Help in Ages Past, by Isaac Watts, 5-1781
Once in Royal David's City, by Mrs. Alexander, 17-6108
Rock of Ages, by A. M. Toplady, 7-2364
Spacious Firmament on High, by Joseph Addison, 13-4600
Sun of my Soul, by John Keble, 4-1382
Thy Way, Not Mine, O Lord, by Horatius Bonar, 13-4599
Twenty-third Psalm (metrical version), by Joseph Addison, 2-486
See also Christmas-Poetry
Hymns, Authors of, 12-4435-40
Hyperion, father of the Sun, $9-3233$
Hypnos, god of sleep, 9-3235
Eypnotism, and suggestion, 12-4443-44
Eypochlorite of soda, kills microbes, 15-5493 Hypodermic Injection. The introduction of medicines beneath the skin with a hypodermic syringe attached to a slender hollow needle, Sometimes preferable to giving by the mouth, especially when a rapid result is desired. Narcotics are most frequently administered thus. Hypodermic means "beneath the skin."
Hyrax, animal, account of, 6-2139-40
Picture, 6-2145

"I Don't Care a Fig," origin of, 16-5960
I spy, game, 3-1029
Tasí, Pumania, scf Jassy
Ibañez, Vicente Blasco, Spanish author, 19.7130 Picture, portrait, 19-7125
Iberian peninsula, see Spain
Iberians. The people of Mediterranean type who are believed to be some of the first immlgrants to South Europe from North Africa. It is supposed they settled at the mouth of the Iberus (Eluro) River in eastern Spain. Their descendants are the Basques of the Pyrenees. The Picts of Scotland are also held to be Iberian it urimin. Ni, nlso 14-5n4?
Iberville, Plerre le Moyne $a^{\prime}$ (1661-1706). A great naval officer of New France. In 1698 he discovered the mouth of the Mississippi and founded the colony of Louisiana.
Thex, wild goat, 4-1378
Picture, 4-1:7.4
Tbis, bird, 11-4009
Pictures, 11-4004 (in color) 12-4371
African wood ibis (in color)
scarlet ilis in color) $12-4372$
Ibsen, Henrik, Norwegian dramatist, 19-7012-13 Pirrure, Furtarait, 19-1009

## GENERAL INDEX

Icarus, son of Dædalus, story of, 9-3354; 12-4197
Ice

* How we get our ice, 2-529-35
artificial, 2-531-35
cutting and distribution of, $\mathbf{2 - 5 3 0}$
expansion and contraction, 4-1355
household ice machines, 2-535
Questions about
Do we get a pound of ice from a pound of water? 14-5086
Why do we find ice slippery? 7-2362
Why dues a pisce of ice make a drink colder? 13-4827
Pictures
bringing ice to the city, 2-528
cutting ice, $2-530$
making artificial ice, 2-531, 532, 535
making ice for cutting, 2-529
Ice age, xu filacial moch
Ice-hockey, see Hockey, Ice
Ice yachting, account of, 10-3698
l'icture, 10-3698


## Icebergs

-i\%e. 4-13:-.
Question about. Why does an iceberg float? 4-1355
Picture, near coast of Newfoundland, 8-2665
Iceberry, description, 15-5386
Iceland
language is original Scandinavian, 19-7009
literature, early sagas, 19-70ut-1
Iceland-moss, form of lichen, 3-882
Ices, made without freezer, 11-4088
Ich dien. (irrman for "I serve": thre motto of
the Prince of Wales, which, surmounted by three
ostrich feathers, forms his official crest.
Ichneumon fies, variety of wasps, 17-62.32 life history, with pictures, 18-6725
Picture, (in color) facing 18-6721
Ichneumons, see Mongoo:e
Ichthyornis, prehistoric bird, 8-2758
Ichthyosaurus, prehistoric reptile, $\mathbf{1 - 9 5}$; 2-632; 5-1546
school-girl found skeleton, 5-1546, 1548 Pictures, 1-93; 4-1403
Ictinus, architect of the Parthenon, 12-1222
Idaho. Northwestern state; area, 83,888 square
 Mining, lumbering and stock-raising are carried out on a large scale. Lead, zinc, gold, silver, copper and other metals are mined. Nickname,

"Esto perpetua" (May it last forever). "Idaho"
comes from the Indian words meaning "Light on the Mountains." First settlembent, I'ioneer City, 1862.
described in Western States, 18-6425-36;

$$
19-6841-50
$$


irrigation in, 7-2546.
made a state, 11-3944
Pictures
Arrowrock dam, 7-2552
Big Salmon River, 18-6431
flag (in color), 19-7091
Great Shoshone Falls, 19-6841
luad-ilver minn. 19-6: f:
Ideas, Association of. 11-t11f,8
Idia fasciata, insect. 17-6423
Iduna, goddess in old Norse mythology, story about. 15-5328-29
Igloo, !
(qustion ritwit. What ll" aratic explorers
Igor, Prizce, Raid of, Russian epic poem, $19-690^{-1}$
Igorrotes, tribe in Philippines, 10-3588 Piofure, village, $10-:$.
Iguanas, lizards, $14-2: 22$
rirture, 14-523.
Iguanodon, prehistoric animal, 1-95; 5-1660

Tguazu River, descrintion, 19-6863
Diad, by Homer, story of, * 6-1983-84

Illecillewaet Valley, Canada. Pirture, 1-155
Illimani. A villifio in the foolivian Andes

 20,800 feet high.

Illinois. Known as the Prairie State, a North Central state. It ranks first in the production of corn and cattle- pig- and horse-rearing, while coal is extensively mined. Chicago, the largest city, has an immense meat-packing trade, and manufactures of every sort are carried on. Other towns are Springfield, the capital, Quincy and Peoria. Area, 56,665 square miles. Abbreviation, Ill. Nickname, the "Prairie State." State flower, the wood violet. Motto, "State sovereignty-national union." "Illinois" comes from an Indian word, meaning "the River of Men." First settlement thought to have been at Kaskaskia, 1695.
described in the North Central States,

## 15-5273-84; 17-6037-48

history
explored by Father Marquette, 18-6631-34
first public building at Cahokia, 19-7112
France wished Great Britain to hold, 5-1695
hardships of early settlers, 6-1910
in Northwest Territory, 6-1908
made a state, 6-1910; 11-3938
presidents from, 8-2676
settlement of Chicago, 19-7106
in the Corn Belt, 15-5280,5282, 5284
manufactures, 19-7118
origins of population, 15-5273-74
Pirflies
Evanston, 19-7123
fag (in color), 19-7190
Iincoln's home at Springfield, 1I-3941
New salem (restored). 3-10 $18-49$
Quincy, waterfront, 16-5653
steel manufacture in, 6-1048-49
stockyards, Chicago, 9-3208
Tniversity, Woman's Building, 12-4307

Illinois, University of
Picture. Woman's building. 12-4307
Illinois and Michigan Canal, 13-4787
Illinois River. American river, formed by junc-
tion of Kavkinkee and les Plaines rivers. Flows into the Mississippi. 435 miles.

## Illness

Question about. Why are there some illnesses we cannot get twice? 2-461
Mlumination of manuscripts, ser Manuscripts, Illumination of
Illusions, Optical, see Optical illusions
Il Penseroso, poem by Milton, account of, 4-1236 extract from, 1-327
Il Pleut, Bergère, sonf, account of, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 1 2}$
Imagination and art, 1-62-6.3
Imitation of Christ, book by Thomas a Kempis, influence of, 13-4866
Immermann, Karl Leberecht, German author, 17-6409-10
Picture portrait, 17-6410
Immigration
Uniterl States, 9-3218, 3220
foreign-born, percentage of, 12-4152
foreign population in North Central states, 15-5274
foreign population in Northeastern states, 12-4152
foreign population in Southern states small. 13-4518
limiteli lis "omeress in 1321, 9-?220
present law, provisions of, 11-3950
rumter *xplanation of, 9-: 2290
Poem abont. The Naturalized Alien, by Lurana Sheldon, 15-5650
Immortal three, * 16-5915-20
Immortality
IVuptian belief in, 3-809-10, 814
svimbols, in "arly ("hristian latinting, 2-578

Porms about
At Last, by J. G. Whittier, 7-2637
Intimations of Immortality, by William Wordsworth, 7-2633-36 Forlict. N...20--6く1
Immunity. In me.lioinc, thr rasistance to a given disease. This may arise from the presence of substances in the blood unfavorable to the lateretia. of from the absente of nobirisinment required by the bacteria. It can be promoted by inoculation.
Impeachment. The calling to account for some hish offon-.. In $1: n \leqslant l a n d$ th. Hons. of Commons irmu: hre alll the House of Lords determines. In the United States for federal crimes

## GENERAL INDEX

Impeachment（continued）
the House of Representatives impeaches and the Senate determines．In most states the rule is the same．
Imperator，title used by Augustus，4－1199
Impressionism
in music，Debussy＇s influence，19－7152
in painting
influence of French naturalism，7－2475
method，and influence in French art，7－2480－82 later developments，post－impressionism， 8－2710－14
Impressment of seamen and War of 1812，5－1702， 1704
＂In \＆bee－line，＂meaning of expression，7－2486
＂In God we trust＂
Question about．How did the words＂In God we trust＂come on a coin？4－1453
Incandescent lamps，see Electric lamps
Incas．The reigning order in ancient Peru from the 13 th to the 16 th century．The rule of the Incas was absolute but very mild；the sovereign was the head not only of the state and the army but of the priesthood．The word Inca is often used for the whole Quichua race，which is Indian．
account of，19－6860－61
conquest by Pizarro，19－6861－62
Picture，Inca throne at Cuzco，19－6857

## Inchcape Rock

Pocm about．Inchcape Rock，by Robert Southey，7－2527
Inclined plane．In engineering an inclined track on which trains or boats are raised or lowered from one track to another．In mechanics it is a plane that makes an oblique angle with the line of the horizon．
Incognito．Italian for＂unknown＂；used in Eng－
lish for privately or under an assumed name．
Often written incog．
Income
Increase of，yields diminishing satisfaction， 17－6360
wise and foolish spending of，17－6361
Income tax
allowed by amendment to U．S．Constitution， 5－1793
Incubator．A device for the artificial hatching of eggs，including an egg－chamber uniformly heated，a self－regulating source of heat，and provision for ventilation of the egg－chamber． There are many different types．
Independence Bell，see Liberty Bell
Independence Day，4th of July observance，6－2092
Picture，scenes in New York City，6－2095
Independence Hall，Philadelphia notes and pictures，18－6830－31 Picture，18－6825
Indez Expurgatorins．Latin for＂List of for－ bidden books＂：a list of books forbidden to Roman Catholics first issued hy Pope Paul IV in 1557．The list is prepared by the Congrega－ tion of the Index，a body of cardinals and their assistants．

## India

architecture，see Architecture，Indian
buffaloes，4－1264
caste system，8－2700， 2702
cattle，4－1262
cities，reason for growth，8－2698
climate，8－2696， 2698
＊description，8－2695－2701
fables． $10-3718$
forests，bad effects of cutting，11－4095
government，8－2702
East India Company＇s rule given up，
history

$$
8-2828
$$

＊How India became an empire，8－2821－28 England＇s power established， 18 th century， 6－2100；8－2826， 2828
English，French and Portuguese trade，begin－ ning of，8－2824
invasions by Aryans，Persians，Greeks and Arabs，8－2821－22
mutiny ：gainst Fncland，7－2ッ64：8－2いご Worli War．number of men sent． $7-2$－ 000 home life，with picture，8－2697
irrigation，primitive methods，7－2543 modern reservoirs to prevent famine，7－2544 isolation of，8－2694， 2696
literature，15－5461

India（continued）
manufactures，8－2698
hand spinning and weaving，14－5168
map，8－2694
native princes，8－2702
population，5－1605
ports，8－2698
pronunciation of names，8－2698， 2700
rainfall of． 8 － $2+i f i$
religions，8－2700，2702；9－3085－88
sea route from Europe，discovery， 1.89
tea cultivation，2－762－72
See also Ceylon
＊Pictures，8－2695－2701，2821－27
bridges，old－fashioned，1－41
＊Indian scenes（gravure），8－2829－36
irrigation in， $7-2547$
natives，types of，8－2825
oxen as beasts of burden， $4-1261$
spinning silk，15－5317
tea production，2－661－72
typical huts， 5.1657
India－rubber，see Rubber
Indian bean，name for catalpa，13－4642
Indian corn，see Corn
Indian cucumber－root，plant，18－6572
Indian fig or prickly－pear，9．3268
Pirturex，9－3こft－ti．j
Indian Ocean．One of the five great oceans．It lies between Asia，Africa and Australia，and contains Madagascar，Zanzibar，Mauritius，Re－ union，Ceylon，Socotra，the Seychelles，the Mal－ dives，and the Cocos islands．Occupying 27，500， 000 square miles and draining $5,000,000$ ，it hes a maximum depth of 20,340 feet，and an average depth of 12,000 feet．
Indian pink，see Arethusa，orchid
Indian pipe，plant，18－6572
note on，18－6569
Picture，18－6569
Indian poke，plant，18－6570， 6572
Indian summer．A period of mild weather oc－ curring in October and November with clear sky and hazy atmosphere．The origin of the term is American，but the reason for giving it this name is unknown
Indian Territory，formation of，19－7238
Indian turnip，see Jack－in－the－pulpit
Indiana．A state north of the Ohio River；area， 36,345 square miles；capital and largest city， Indianapolis．Agriculture，mining and manu－ facturing are all important．Abbreviation，Ind． Nickname，＂Hoosier State，＂State flower，tulip－ tree．Indiana was named after the Indians First settlement，Vincennes，about 1705
described in North Central States，15－5273－84； 17－6037－48
history
attached to Quebec（1774），3－941
France wished Great Britain to retain， 5－1695
hardships in the Northwest Territory， 6－1908－10
made a state，6－1910；11－3938
in the Corn Belt，15－5280，5282，5284
Indianapolis only large city not on water， 17－6046
literary men，born in state，13－4823；14－5010， 5012
only president from state，8－2676
steel mills at Gary，17－6038
Pictures
American Legion Building，17－6045
flag（in color）．19－7190
public library，Indianapolis（gravure）， 18－6687
University of Notre Dame，12－4316
Washington Street，Indianapolis，17－6045
 way centre，with extensive manufactures of mill－ ing machinwry．drugs．furniture．wholwhs aurl starch．Large oil and coal fields are in its vi－ cinity．

Pictures，17－6045
Amwricall Lersion Buildiner 17－6045
public library（gravure），18－6687
Washington Street，17－6045
Indians
agriculture，1－161
modern farms．19－7242
notes and pictures，19－7239
art of I－196
handicrafts，with pictures，19－7241

## andians (continued)

Canadian
and Canadian government, 16-5831-32
Lacombe's mission to, 15-5375-77
citizen's rights in $U$. S.
Dawes Act and Burke Bill, 19-7236
voting rights conferred, 1924, 19-7235
clothing
directions for making, 9-3251-52
materials used, 9-3252

* customs of North American tribes, 1-160-62 family life, 1.162-63
demand for, as workers, 19.7242
dolls, how to make from straw, 18-6645
dwellings of, 5-1658
education, 19-7238-42
food
bark, $12-4515$
ground-nuts and wild plums, 14-5165
tamarack bark, 12-4378
government, nature of, $\mathbf{1 - 1 6 2}$
hair-dressing, Hopi Indians, 9-3029
handicrafts, see Indians-art of
history, 1-160-65; 19-7235-44
hunters and trappers, expert, 12-4341-42
* Last of the Mohicans, by J. Fenimore Cooper. 1-267-78
legends, 17-6199-6205
about sun, moon and stars, 6-1970
medical care, by U. S. government, 19-7242. 7244
missionaries to Indians
Black Robe and White Heart, story, 25-5375
California missions, 18-6826
John Eliot, 18-6634
French, 3-778
Jesuits in South America, 19-6862
Marquette, 18-6631-34
named by Columbus, 9-3190
number in Canada and U. S., 1-165
number in U. S., 19-7235
number in U. S. in 1923, 19-7244
* of the United States. 19-7235-44
of Arizona desert, 9-3028, 3030
reservations in U. S., forming of, 19-7235-38
of South America, 19-6858
origin in America, theories of, $\mathbf{1 - 1 6 0}$
physical characteristics, $1=160$
picture writing, 10-3545-46
pipe of peace. 18-6553
positions reached in present day, 19-7242
relations with white men.
Cartier and Indians, in Canada, 1534, 2-678
enslavement of, south America, 19-6862
French and English compared, 3-777-78
with L. S. government, 19-7235-44
religion, $1-162$; 19-7244
signals for communication, $\mathbf{5 - 1 7 6 8}$ statues of, 14-4939
treachery in trading, 12-4342
treaty, 1820, about new homes, 19-7238 tribes and racial groups, Canada and UT. S., 1-165
United States Bureau of Indian Affairs, 19-7236, 7238
* Wacousta, by John Richardson, 9-3141-49 See also Five Nations; Iroquois Indians; Six Nations
Poems about
The Arctic Indian's Faith, by T. D. McGee, 10-3481
An Indian at the Burial-place of his Fathers, by W. C. Bryant, 18-6650
Song of Hjawatha, by Longfellow: extract, 19-6985-86
Pistures, 1-164; 19-7235-44
chieftains (in color) facing 19-7235
fight with white settlers, 6-1921
medicine dance of Winnebago Indians, 6-1915
of South America, 19-6859
on Peegan Reserve, Canada, 16-5835 Pueblo and Hopi Indians, 9-3029 Roanoke Indians 300 years ago, 17-6334-36 scenes in government schools, 19-7243 showing life nf, 17-rシ01
Indictment. In law, a written statement charging one or more persons with an offense, presented on oath by a grand jury.
Indirestion. causes nightmares, 9-3099
Indigo bunting, hird. 14-50ンt
Indigo plant, produces dye, 9-3153

Indo-Europeans, sce Aryans
Induction coils, explanation, 16-5802
Indus Eiver, 8-2696
Inertia, law of, 13-4668
Infection, explanation of, 8-2872
Infectious diseases
white blood cells aid recovery, 3-936
Inferno, Dante's idea of, and excerpt, 17-6151
Ingelow, Jean, poetry of, 12-4232
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Inglefield, Sir Edward Augustus, arctic explorer. 13-4708
Picture, portrait, 13-4707
Ingres, Jean, French painter, 6-2080
Pictures
Portrait of the artist, $9-3071$
Portrait of M. Bertin, 6-2079
World's Poets pay Homage to Homer, 16-5749 Inheritance tax. A charge on the succession of property from a deceased person to his heirs. in Canada and the United States, 13-4555-56
Initiative and referendum. Initiative is a political device originating in Switzerland, and since 1902 gaining foothold in the United States, which aims to secure for the voters more direct participation in legislation. In some states a measure supported by the petition of a certain proportion of voters must be acted upon by the legislature; in others, the measure must be placed upon the official ballot to be voted upon by the people themselves. The referendum has been long used in the United States. Leerislatures have submitted many important bills to the vote of the people, and in some states any act of the legislature must be so submitted on petition of a given proportion of the voters.
Injunction. A writ whereby a person is required to do, or refrain from doing, certain acts. The first kind is the mandatory writ, the second the preventive.

## Ink

invented by Egyptians, 10-3550
invisible, how to make, 2-626
made from sloe juice, 12-4383-84
printing ink, 9-3390
spots, how to remove, 15-5335
Questions aliout
How does rubber rub out ink? 5-1809
Why does blotting-paper absorb ink? 10-3578 Why does ink stain while water does not? 6-2252
Ink-berry, shrub
belongs to holly family, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 7 8 3}$
Inkerman. A ruined town in the Crimea, Russia, near Sehastopol. Here on Nov. 5, 1854, the English and French defeated the Russians, who had made an unexpected attack on the English camp. The battle was severe and losses on both sides were great.
Inman, Henry, American painter, 9-3330
Inman, Henry, American painter, 9-3. George, American painter, 10-3447-48
Pictures (gravure)
Coast-scene, 10-3463
Peace and Plenty, 10-3463
Wood-gatherers, $\quad 10-3463$
Innocent III, Pope
power over England, 8-2848, 2850
Innocent $X$, Pope
Picture, portrait by Velasquez (gravure) 4-1504
Innsbrvck, in the Tyrol, 17-6192
Picture, 17-6198
Inoculation. The introducing of bacteria into an individual in order to induce a mild form of the disease, which, by setting up the right blood condition, will prevent future attacks. Formerly limited to smallpox, but now extended to many diseases. During the World War soldiers were inoculated against typhoid fever and cholera.

## Inquisition

and St. Dominic, 13-4864
Spanish, 14-5044

## Insanity

and Philippe Pinel, 8-2728
history of treatment, 8-2728
Insecticides, various kinds, 18-6733
Insectivora, insect-eating animals, 1-318-19
Insects

* Insect friends and foes, 18-6721-34
* The mighty insect, 17-6063-78
and fertilization of flowers. 17-6064, 6073-76 adaptation to flowers, 5-1609

Insectg-and fertilization of flowers (continued) fertilization of orchids, 13-4876
pollen of flowers carried by insects, 3-1014 as causes of disease, 15-5488
breathing apparatus, $17-6064,6066$
changes during growth, 17-6066
early forms in Carboniferous period, 4-1296
injurious
aided by weeds, 9-3391-92
destroyed by birds. 8-2762
destruction of crops, 17-6078
how introduced into U. S., 18-6734
increase of, because of man, 18-6732 war against, 18-6733
plants that catch insects, 1-330-32; 2-746 sundew, 2-742
trumpet plant, 19-7092
powers of multiplication, 17-6063-64
relation to commerce, 17-6064
resembling sticks and leaves, 17-6070
senses of, 18-6531
eyes, 11-4134
hearing sense lacking in most, 11-3978
in beetles, 18-6624
See also names of insects: as, Beetles; Flles; Mosquitoes; Butterflies; Moths
For list of main articles, see 20-7606-07
Poem about. Butterfy's Ball, by William Roscoe, 3-1008
Pictures, 17-6063-77
(in color), facing 18-6720-21
parts of, magnified, 13-4672-78
visiting flowers (in color), 17-6073-76
Inside the wonderful ball, * 2-385-89
Inspiration, in breathing, 4-1329-30
Instinct
how differs from intelligence, 12.4281
in animals, 14-5220-21
in butterflies, 18-6527
in dogs, 4-1231
motive for our actions, $\mathbf{1 - 3 1 0}$
of hunger, in man, 5-1808
relation to emotions, 12-4441-43
Instruments, Musical, see Musical Instruments
Insulators on telegraph poles, 16-5962
Insulin, and diabetes, 9-3224
discovery of, 15-5493
Integer Vitæ, song, note on, 10-3611
Interdict, an order of the Pope, explanation, $5-1570$
Interest, on money, explanation, economic, 17-6093
Question about. When will money have doubled itself at compound interest? 18.6550. 6552

Interior, Department of, see United States-Interior, Department of
Interior Continental Plain, Canada, 1-112
Interlaken, Switzerland, note and picture, 16-6007
Internal-combustion engines, see Gas and oil engines
Internal revenue. In the broadest sense, the revenue derived by a government from taxes other than those on imports. In a narrower sense, items of revenue from stamps, legacies, spirits, tobacco, etc.
Internaiional law. The body of rules which civilized nations regard in their dealings with each other. They are based mainly in the practice of Great Britain and the United States on the customs, treaties, statutes and judicial declsions of civilized nations.
International Ieague, in baseball, 17-6141
Interstate Bridge over Columbia River, note and picture, 1-26
Interstate Commerce Act. An act passed by Congress in 1887 which attempted to regulate commerce between the states when carried on wholly or partly by rail. It made all public carriers liable to regulation, declared that all charges must be reasonable, forbade special rates, and established the Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce the provisions of the act.
Interstate Commerce Commission, establishment, 11-3943
Intestine, see Bowel
Inventions
ald production of wealth, 15-5357-58 need of capital to develop. 15-5359-60 relation to savings, or capital, 17-6362
relation to wages, 19.7214

Inventions (continued)
stimulated by division of labor, 14-5245
value, in lessening labor, 19-7201
See also Inventors; also names of machines and of individual inventors
Inventors, 19-7201-14
Inventory. A detailed list of articles contained in a private house, as furniture, books, and so on; also of goods in shops or warehouses. The word comes from the Latin invenire, to find out.
Invertebrates, definition, 5-1659
eyes of, 10-3684
Invisible ink, how to make, 2-626
Iodine, how to remove stains of, $\mathbf{2}-618$
Ion, explanation, 16.5672
Iona, island
St. Columba built monastery, 8-2844
Picture, St. Martin's cross and ruins, $4-1437$
Ionian Islands. Group of Greek islands, of which Corfu, Zante, Cephalonia and Leucadia are the chief, in the Ionian Sea.
Ionian Sea. Part of the Mediterranean lying between Italy and Greece.
Ionians, ancient Greek people
civilization, colonies and cities, 3-1072, 1074
descendants of AEgeans, 11-3988
descended from Ion, 3-1070
Ionic Order, in architecture, 15-5342-44
Iowa. Prairie state; area, 56,147 square miles; capital and largest city, Des Moines. Agriculture, live stock and coal-mining are the chief industries. Food products are the chief manufactures. Nickname, "Hawkeye State." State flower, wild rose. Motto, "Our liberties we prize and our rights we maintain." "Iowa" comes from the name of a Sioux tribe and means "Sleepy ones." First settlement, Dubuque, about 1833.
described in North Central States, 15-5273-84; 17-6037-48
in Corn Belt, 15-5280, 5282, 5284
included in Louisiana Purchase, 5-1702-03
land along the Mississippi, 16-5654
leads in number of hogs, 9-3207
made a state, 6-1922; 11-3940
water power, 15-5430
Pictures
catching fish to save their lives, 11-4059
cornfields, 7-2414; 15-5279
flag (in color), 19-7190
Keokuk dam, 16-5656
University, 12-4315
Iowa, University of. Picture, 12-4315
Ipecac, medicine
plant that yields it, 8-2910
Ipecacusnha, medicinal plant, 8-2910 Picture (in color), 8-2998
Iphigenia, sacrifice of, 11-3808-10
Ipswich, Mass.
Picture, Hart house, built 1640, 2-547
Irak, see Iraq
Iran, see Persia
Iraq, Arab kingdom, 13-4804
establishment by British, 18-6669
Treland. Island west of Great Britain; area, 32,600 square miles; capitals, Dublin and Belfast. Consisting of the provinces of Ulster Leinster, Munster and Connaught, it is divided politically into Northern Ireland and the Irish Free State: Northern Ircland forms part of the Free State: Northern Ircland forms part of the United Kingdom, while the Irish Free State is pire. The people are nearly all Celts, and mainly Roman Catholics; but in the six counties of Ulster which make up Northern Ireland Protestants predominate. The centre of Ireland is generally flat, and contains the Bog of Allen and many lakes; but the coast is fringed with mountains, the highest of which are MacGillicuddy's Reeks, in Kerry. The Shannon (220 miles) is the longest river in the British Isles, and Lough Neagh ( 150 square miles) the largest lake. Agriculture, dairying and stock-raising are the staple industries, but Northern Ireland has also linen, woolen and shirbuilding trades Cork, Londonderry and Limerick are ports.
art, old handiwork, notes and pictures, 8-2941
1lluminated manuscripts, 2-582; 6-1999
church in, see Ireland-religion
education, early church schonls, 8-2930
emblem, the shamrock, 17-6180
famine of 1847, 8-2936

## GENERAL INDEX

Ireland (continued)
Giant's Causeway, formation, 2-526
government
Home rule bill, 1914, 8-2938
in early days, 8-2929
See also Ireland-Parliament
harps, use of, 5-1796

* history, 8-2929-42
history (arranged chronologically)
early kingdoms, 8-2929
Northmen, invasion of, 8-2930, 2932
given to king of England by Adrian IV, 8-2848
English rule established, 5-1568; 8-2932
under Henry VIII, 5-1817; 8-2934
rebellion crushed by Sir Walter Raleigh, 14-4966
Cromwell's severity in Irish rebellion, 6-1978; 8-2934
war between James II and William III, 8-2934-35
union with England, 8-2936
Sinn Fein uprising, 1916, 8-2938, 2940
Free State formed in southern Ireland, 7-2300; 8-2940
in literature
Maria Edgeworth's stories, 6-2257
industries
cattle and woolen industries formerly repressed, 8-2936
linen-weaving, history of, 9-3317
land
held in common in early times, 8-2929
land question, 8-2929, 2936, 2938
laws
Brehon laws, 8-2929, 2932, 2934
caused trouble with England, 8-2935-36
Parliament, 8-2935-36
in Ulster, 1921, 8-2940
of Sinn Fein, 1921, 8-2940
union with English Parliament, 8-2936 population reduced one-half in 19th century, 8-2936
potato famine, 1846, 7-2618
religion
before Christianity, 8-2929
church and missionaries, early times, 4-1434
early church, 8-2930
Poems about
Bells of Shandon, by Mahony, 14-5238
Brian O'Lin Had No Breeches to Wear, 3-1143
The Irish Harper, by Campbell, 10-3741
Kathleen Mavourneen, by L. M. Crawford, 1-326
The Minstrel Boy, by Moore, 2-484
She is Far from the Land, by Moore, 11-4115
Wearin' o' the Green, 17-6256
songs, Irish, and their writers, 10-3610-11
* Fictures, 8-2929-42

Ballycastle, marine pot-hole, 6-2075
bridge, old-fashioned, 1-41
linen industry, 9-3320-23
St. Columba carries Christianity to Britain, 8-2842
Sneem bridge, Kerry (gravure), 7-2304
Ireton, Henry, life, 11-3852
Picture, portrait, 11-3845
Iris, in Greek mythology, messenger of the goddesses, 9-3228
Iris, part of eye, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 8 4 - 8 5}$
contraction and relaxation, 14-5218
Iris, plant, description of, 18-6568
emblem of France, see Fleur-de-lis
produces orris root, 8-2911
swamp iris, note on, 16-5733
Picture
swamp iris, 16-5733
Picture (gravure), 19-7175
Pictures (in color)
fetid iris, 14-4991
fetid iris, fruit of, 11-4022
yellow iris, flower, 16-5884
Iris Family of plants, 19-7172
Irish Eree State, formation of, 7-2300; 8-2940
Irkutsk. Largest East Siberian city, trading in tea and furs. It has a fine cathedral.

## Iron

* Making iron and steel, 6-1935-54 and sound transmission, 17-6314 dependence on coal, 3-790, 792 history of early use, 6-1935-36

Iron (continued)
how obtained by Greeks and Romans, 6-1935-36
in plants and animals, 3-804-05
production in U. S., 6-1936, 1938; 9-3208
first production in 1624, 6-1936
removal, in pottery-making, 2-689
Questions about
Does a piece of iron get tired? 10-3729
Is iron heavier when it rusts? $10-3578$
Why does iron bend when it is hot? 1-313
Why does iron feel colder than wood? 4-1451
Why does iron float on mercury and not on water? 16-5845
Why does not iron burn in the fire? 4-1356
Why is iron-roofing usually corrugated? 6-2124
Pictures
loading ore on steamer, 6-1937
modern ironworks, 6-1935
open-pit mine, Minnesota, 17-6039

* showing transportation, smelting and manufacture into steel, 6-1940-54
steam shovel getting ore, 6-1934
Iron Gates. Narrow gorge where the Danube cuts its way between the Balkan Mountains and the Transylvanian Alps, on the border of Serbia and Rumania. Here a series of rapids stretching for two miles formerly prevented navigation, but between 1890 and 1900 a passage was made for river steamers by blasting.
Iron rust
composition of, 4-1356
preventing on nails and screws, 11-4079-80
reason it weakens iron, 10-3578
removing and preventing on tools, $2-628$
removing stains of, 2-618
Ironsides, name for Cromwell's soldiers, 6-1976
training and character, 11-3846
Ironsides, name for ship Constitution, 17-6330
Ironwood, tree, 13-4640
Iroquoians. One of the most important linguistic stocks of North American Indians. They have been called the Romans of the New World on account of their proud bearing, warlike spirit and sound political organization. Some of the Iroquoian stock tribes became the historical Six Nations, comprising Mohawks, Oneidas, Cayugas, Senecas, Onondagos and Tuscaroras. Other important tribes were the Wyandots, Nottoways,
Cherokees, Eries and the Neutral Nation.
and French, cause of struggle, 2-680
Picture, museum group, with note, 18-6622
See also Six Nations
Iroquois, Lake, prehistoric lake, 1-108
Iroquois Falls, Ontario
mill of the Abitibi Power and Paper Company, 7-2452
Irradiation of light, 6-2122
Irrawaddy. One of the great rivers of Asla, chiefly in Burma. It forms the most Important Burmese waterway, with an immense rice trade, and passes Bhamo, Mandalay, Prome and Bassein before falling into the Bay of Bengal below Rangoon. 1,500 miles.


## Irrigation

* Making the desert blossom, 7-2543-55
in Egypt, ancient, 3-808
in Inca empire, 19-6861
in Italy, 13-4572
in Sahara desert, 7-2421
in United States, history and recent development, 7-2544, 2546
primitive methods, 7 -2543, 2547
Africa and Asia, 7-2543-44
* Pictures, 7-2543-55
desert and irrigated land, western U. S., 8-2671
primitive water wheel, 14-4929
terraced rice fields of the Philippines, 5-1853
Irritants
Question about. Why does mustard burn our tongue? 8-3013-14
Irving, Minna, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Irving, Washington, American author
* life and writings, 13-4625-26

Rip Van Winkle, extracts, 12-4481-85; 13-4559
Picture, memorial building at Seville, 13-4627
Isabella, surnamed the Catholic. Castilian
queen, patron of Columbus: born, Madrigal, 1451;
died, Medina del Campo, 1504.
married Ferdinand of Aragon, 14-5044
Picture, promises aid to Columbus, 1-88

## GENERAL INDEX

Ischia. Beautiful Italian island at the entrance to the Bay of Naples.
Isfahan, or Ispahan. Persian city famous as a caravan centre. it trades in tobacco, fruit and cotton, and makes pottery and carpets.
description, 3-910
founded, 3-918
Pictures
bridge, 3-911
grand mosque, 3-919
Isinglass. A pure form of gelatin, whitish in color and semi-transparent; prepared chiefly from the swimming bladders of sturgeons from the rivers of western Russia. Elsewhere, as in Canada, Brazil and the West Indies, it is made from cod, hake and other fish. Used in making jellies, cement, court plasters, etc.
Isis, a goddess of ancient Egypt
legend of, 3-810, 812
Isis River, Oxford. Picture, 7-2540
Islam, see Mohammedanism
Islands. Areas of the 15 largest islands:

| Australia | square miles 2,974,581 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Greenland |  |
| cen |  |
| New Guinea | 313,000 |
| Borneo | 286,161 |
| Baffin Land | 236,000 |
| Madagascar | 224,721 |
| Sumatra | 161,612 |
| Great Britain | 89,041 |
| Honshiu (Japan) | 87,426 |
| Celebes | 72,679 |
| South Island (N.Z.) | 58,120 |
| Java | 50,745 |
| Cuba | 44,164 |
| North Island (N.Z.) | 44,130 |

coral, how formed, 19-7068-69
in South Seas, how formed, 9-3296
Isie de France, former name of Mauritius, 9-3182
Ismail, shah of Persia, subdued Mongols, 3-918
Ismail, Rumania, 14-4922
Isobars. Lines passing through places where the atmospheric pressure, reduced to sea-level, is the same.
Isodorus of Miletus, architect, 16-5717
Isodoris of Miletus, architect, $16-5717$
Isolt and Tristram, story of, $\mathbf{7 = 2 4 6 0 - 6 1}$
Isotherms. Lines passing through places having the same temperature over the same period of time.
Ispahan, Persia, sef Isfahan
Israel, kingdom, conquered by Assyria, 19-7156
Tsraelites, sff Jows
Israels, Josef, Dutch painter, 8-2853
Pictures
Children of the Sea (gravure), $\mathbf{8 - 2 8 6 4}$
Helping Mother, 8-2851
The Needlewoman (gravure), 8-25fif
Issus. In ancient geography, a town in Cilicia, Asia Minor, near the head of the Gulf of Issus. Three notable battles were fought here: AlexPnder the Great defeated Darius, 33 B.c.; Septimius Severus defeated his rival Pescennius Niger, 194 A.D.; and Heraclius defeated the Persians under Khusrau, 622.
Isthmus. A narrow neck of land connecting two larger portions, as the Isthmus of Panama connecting North and South America
Italia irredenta, explanation, 18-6458
Italian architecture, see Architecture, Italian
Italian language, characteristics, 13-4574
musical quality, 10-3560-61
Italian literature

* account of, 17-6149-54
influence of. 13-4574
Italian painting, see Painting, Italian
Italian sculpture, see Sculpture, Italian
Italic type, first used by Manuzio, 9-3388
Italy
agriculture, 13-4570
and Jugo-Slavia, 17-6348
architecture, see Architecture, Itallan art
handicrafts, $13-4572,4574$
See al8o Architecture, Italian; Painting, Italian: Smulpture. Italian
artistic leadershin when disunited, $12-4410$
cities, 13-4566. 4576
climate, 13-4570
coal supply, 13-4572
colonies in Africa, 18-6811

Italy (continued)
commerce, 13-4576

* description, 13-4565-76
emigration, 13-4570, 4572
Fascism, 13-4568
geographical position, 13-4565
harbors, 13-4568
history
* fall of Rome to present, 12-4407-12

Holy Roman Empire, 11-3962
19 th century, $13-4588,4590$
union established in 1871, 12-4410-12
industries, 13-4572
irrigation, 7-2544; 13-4572
language, 13-4574
literature, see Italian literature
map, 13-4569
mountains, 13-4568
painting, sec Painting, Italian
population, 5-1606
population, non-Italian, 13-4576
ports, 13-4576
productions, 13-4570
races, 13-4576
railroads, $13-4568,4572$
religion, $13-4576$
rivers, 13-4568
sculpture, sce Sculpture, Italian
song, patriotic, Garibaldi's Hymn, 17-6252
territorial changes since World War, 13-4565. $66 ; 18-6458,6462$
trees, 13-4570
water power, $13-4572$
For list of main articles, see 20-7594-95
Question tibutut. Why is the sky in Italy so blue? 17-6179

* Pictures, 12-4409-13: 13-4567-75

Italy's immortals, * 13-4603-16
Itasca, Lake, 16-5653
It's a Long Way to Tipperary, song, 10-3608
Iturbide, Augustin de, Mexican revolutionist.
afterward emperor, 19-7136
Ivan III, Grand Duke of Moscow, 16-5691
Ivan IV, "the Terrible," tsar of Russia, 16-5691-92
Picture, church refuses blessing to him, 16-5693
Ives, Frederic Eugene, and printing pictures in color, 9-3390
Ivory. Strictly speaking ivory is the material obtained from the tusks of the elephant, which are modified teeth. The name is also given to the inferior material obtained from the teeth of the walrus, hippopotamus, narwhal, sperm-whale and even the wild boar. Considerable ivory is obtained from the tusks of mammoths found in Siberia and elsewhere. (Ser 6-2146.) The chief uses are for billiard balls, knife-handles, pianokeys, toilet articles and ornaments. The nuts from certain species of palm furnish "vegetable ivory," and many substitutes having some of the qualities of the genuine are manufactured.
camel bones as substitute, 5-1596
obtained from the walrus, 3-1000
Picture, cutting up for knife-handles, 4-1307
Ivory-bill, bird, account of, 14-5022
Ivory Coast. Irench West African colony area, 121,590 square miles; chief town, Abidjan. Rubber, palm-oil, cocoa, mahogany, skins and nuts are exported.
Ivory-palm, see Palms
Ivy
Popm about. Ivy Green, by Dickens, 10-3741
Picture, common European, fruit of (in color) 11-4026
Iwakumi Bridge, Japan, note and picture, 1-41


Jabirus, variety of stork, 11-4008 Picture, 11-4004
Jacamars, birds, 9-3365
Jacanas, birds, account of, 11-4012
liitur in inlap 10-362t
Jack and the Bean-stalk, story, 10-3597-99
Jack Frost, .. 1 l'rnet
Jack fruit
Picture (in color). 8-300n

Jack-in-the-pulpit, plant
description, 17-6278
frait of, 11-4020
'icture, fruit of (in color), 11-4025
Jack Tar
Question about. Who is Jack Tar? 7-2486
Jack the Giant-killer, story, 18-6793-94
Jackals, animals, 2-600
Pictures, 2-601, 603
Jackdaws, birds, 8-2891
l'icture (in color), 8-2900
Jackson, Andrew, president of U. S

* life, 3-1043-45
life, outline of, 11-3951-52
administration, 6-1916; 11-3939
contest for presidency, 1824, 10-3490
defeated Creek Indians, 5-1705
in battle of New Orleans, 5-1706-07 ricti:res. portrait, 3-1039 portrait (gravure), 11-3946 Harmitage, his home, 11-3941
Jackson, A. Y., Canadian painter, 10-3703 l'icture, Winter, Georgian Bay (gravure), 10-3707
Jackson, Charles T., and anæsthetics, 8-2729
Jackson, Frederick George, arctic explorer, 13-4714
meeting with Nansen in Arctic, 13-4718 Picture, portrait, 13-4707
Jackson, Mrs. Helen Hunt, American author life and writings, 13-4819-20
* Ramona, summary and quotations, 1-133-40 See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Jackson, Hughlings, discovered law of "brain levels," 8-2683
Jackson, Thomas Jonathan ("Stonewall"). An American soldier, born in what is now West Virginia. He graduated at West Point, served in Mexican War, but resigned in 1852 to teach in the Virginia Military Institute. He entered the Confederate army and soon won a great reputation; fatally wounded at Chancellorsville. at Bull Run, 7-2433
death of, 7-2436
kept Union forces from Richmond, 7-2434 Picture, portrait with note, 7-2431
Jackson. Capital of the state of Mississippi, situated on the Pearl River, 181 miles north of
New Orleans. Its manufactures include cottonseed products, lumber products and mechinery Picture, Capitol, 14-4898
Jacksonville, Fla., note and picture, 13-4527
Jacob and Rachel, game, 3-903
Jacobi, Otto, Canadian painter, 10-370
Jacobins, party in French Revolution, 6-2134
Jacobite rebellion, Inglish history, 6-2098; 15-5640-43
Jacquard, Joseph Marie, inventor of loom for lace, 19-7204-05
Picture, portrait, 19-7201
Jacquard loom
Invention of, 19-7204-05
notes and pictures, 14-5176; 15-5320
Picture, 9-3322
Jade, Precions
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Jadeite, Mexican stone incorrectly called emerald, 19-7228
Jadwiga, queen of Poland, 13-4680
Jaeger, gull, 11-4124
Picture, 11-4123
Jagiello, Lithuanian prince, 13-4680
Jagos goldsinny, see Goldsinny, jagos
Jaguars, 2-501
Pictures, (gravure), 2-498-99
Jainism, form of religion, 9-3088 architecture, 15-5470-71 Pictures, temples (gravure), 9-3095-96
Jalap, medicinal plant, 8-2910
Picture (in color), 8-2999
Jamaica, West Indies
account of, 9-3191; 19-7102
government, 19-7104
taken by English in 1655, 19-7099 Pictures
natives and hut, 9-3187
sugar-cane plantation, 10-3417
James $I_{1}$ king of England
reign in England, 6-1973-if
and Treland, 8-293!
and Sir Walter Raleigh, 14-4968-70
and Virginia Company, 2-543-44, 655

James I (continued)
influence on Charles I, his son, 11-3845
son of Mary Queen of Scots, 12-4214
Picture, portrait, with parents, $15-5618$
James II, king of England
reign of, 6-1981
and rising in Ireland, 8-2934
helped by Louis XIV, 10-3436
last years of, 15-5639
turned over Delaware to William Penn, 2-553
James I, king of Scotland, 12-4212
Kate Barlass' devotion to, 13-4579
prisoner in England, in youth, 5-1684
James II, king of Scotland, 12-4212
James III, king of Scotland, 12-4212
Picture, presented to the nobles, 12-4209
James IV, king of Scotland, 12-4212
married daughter of Henry VII, 5-1814
James $\mathrm{V}_{\text {, }}$ king of Scotland, 5-1818; 12-4212, 4214
James VI, king of Scotland
became James I, king of England, 6-1973
James, Henry, novelist, 14-5009
Picture, portrait, 14-5009
James, Thomas. Hargreaves' partner in the
spinning-jenny invention, 19-7202
James the Great, St. Apostle who is said to have preached the Gospel in Spain, afterward being martyred at Jerusalem by Herod Agrippa He is the only apostle whose death is recorded in the Scriptures.
James River. American river, formed by Jackson's and Cow-pasture rivers, Virginia. Flows into Chesapeake Bay. 450 miles.

## Jamestown, Va.

first iron furnaces, 1624, 6.1936
first legislature, 1619, 2-546
glassworkers settled in, 18-6746
settlement of, 2-544
Picture, first church, 2-542
Jami, Persian poet, 15-5463
Janissaries, or Janizaries, Turkish troops,
13-4798
Janssen, Johann and Zacharius, and compound microscope and telescope, 13-4671
January. The first month of the year, consisting of 31 days. The name comes from Janus, an important Roman god.
in mythology, 9-3235
Japan
architecture, see Architecture, Japanese
cities, 2-570, 572
climate, 2-562
costumes, 2-572
customs, 2-572, 574
notes, with pictures, 2-565

* description, 2-561-74 scenery, 2-566, 568
dwarf trees grown, 9-3118
earthquakes, 2-568, 570
* history, 2-561-74
houses and dwellings, 5-1658
industries, 2-572
notes and pictures, 2-571
literature, 15-5460-61
maps, 2-563
musical instruments, with pictures, 29-6901
national anthem, 17-6254
pirates, early voyages, 2-564
population, 5-1605
races, 2-562
religion, 2-562
Christianity, in 16 th century, $2-564$
war with Russia, 16-5696
Western influence causes changes, 2-564, 566
* Pictures, 2-560-73
bridges, old-fashioned, 1-26, 41
Fujiyama, volcano, 2-560; 7-2317
house 5-1657 irrigation in, 7-2547
silkworm industry, 15-5314, 5316 tea industry, 2-764
weaving silk, 15-5318-19
Japan Sea. Part of the Pacific lying between Siberia, Korea and Japan.
Japanese architecture, see Architecture,
Japanese
Japanese beetle, account of, 18-6734
Japanese book, how made. 3-1156
Japanese Current, or Kuro-Siwo. The Blach Stream (because of the deen blue of its waters). part of the equatorial current of the Pacific. Flows past eastern Formosa, thence north past

Japanese Current (continued)
Japan, where it merges into the easterly drift of the North Pacific.
Japanese earthquake disaster, 1923, 2-568, 570 Pictures, 2:573
Japanese language, 15-5460-61
no alphabet, 10-3548
Japanese literature, 15-5460-61
Japetus, moon of Saturn, 10-3411
Jarrah, or Austrian mahogany, tree, 12-4249
Jasmine. A genus of plants, chiefly native of warm Asia, belonging to the family Oleacere, noted for their perfume. Common jasmine (Jasminum officinale) does not easily survive hard winters. From its flowers oil of jasmine is made. Cape jasmine belongs to the Gardenias, is tropical and subtropical in distribution
Jason, in Euripides' tracedy, Medea, 16-5753 building of Argo, 11-3912
search for Golden Fleece, 3-1100-01
Jasper National Park, Canada
Picture, 7-2419
Jassy, Rumania, 14-4922
Picture, Church of the Three Saints, 14.4931
Java, account of, 15-5568
Pictures, 15-5567
rice field, 5-1857
rice fields, irrigation of, 7-2555
Java, ship, beaten by Constitution, 5-1704
Jay, John (1745-1829). An eminent American
lawyer and statesman; first Chief Justice of the
U. S. Supreme Court.
arranged treaty with England, 5-1702
Picture, portrait in group, 2-390
Jays, birds
account of, 8-2892
blue jays, 13 -4830
of North America, 13-4830
in southern U. S., 14-5023
in western North America, 14-5136
Pictures, 8-2895
blue jay, 13-4833
blue jay (in color), 12-4370; 13-4841
California jay (in color) facing 14-5140
European (in color), 9.3131
nest, 13-4765
Stellar's jay (in color) facing 14-5133
Jay's Treaty. Negotiated in 1794 by John Jay of the United States and Lord Grenville of Great Britain; an attempt to settle some of the unfilled provisions of the Peace of Paris. Terms were published prematurely in the press and an outbreak of popular wrath against Jay and Washington followed.
Jazz, possible use in future music, 19-7153
Jeanne a'Arc, see Joan of Arc
Jeannette, ship, in arctic exploration, 13-4714
Jebel Shammar, Arabia, 18-6676
Jefferson, Thomas, president of U. S.

* life, 3-1042-43
life, outline of, 11-3951
administration of, 5-1702-03; 11-3938
and early political parties, 5-1702
invented improved plow, 19-7211
Pictures
portraits, 3-1039; 5-1694
portrait, in group, 4-1167; 5-1699
portrait (gravure), 11-3946
home, Monticello, with note, 18-6839
Jefferson City. Capital of Missouri, built at an elevation of 600 feet, on the Missouri River, and the centre of a fertile agricultural and rich mineral region where coal and zinc are abundant.
Jefferys, C. W., Canadian painter, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 0 2}$
Picture, Western Sunlight (gravure), 10-3706
Jeffries, Richard, author, 11-3999-4000
Jehan Gir, Indian ruler, 8-2824
Jehu, king of Israel, tribute to Assyria, 2-655
Jel-ad-eddin Mohammed, sep $1 k h a r$
Jellicoe, John Rushworth, Viscount of Scapa. English admiral of the fleet; born in 1859 . With Lord Fisher and Sir Percy Scott aided development of naval funnery. Durin¢ his period of command was fought the battle of Jutland, 1916. In 1917 Jellicoe was succeeted hy sir Navid Beatty and returned to the Admiralty as First Sea Lord until the end of 191\%. After peace was made he visited the Dominions in a semi-official capacity, and in 1920 became gov-ernor-general of New Zealand.
Jelly, how to make, $\mathbf{1 - 1 3 0}$
Jellyfishes, 19-7060, 7065-66
Pictures, 19-7067

Jen-Tsung, Mongol ruler of China, 2-432
Jena. German town in Thuringia, famous for its university and manufacture of optical instruments. Here in 1806 Napoleon defeated the Prussians.
Jenghiz Khan, Mongol ruler of China, $\mathbf{2 . 4 2 9}$
conquests, 18-6588
conquered Persia and Bagdad, 3-918
"Jenkins says," game, 6-2167
Jenner, Edward
discovered vaccination, 7-2485; 8-2728
Picture, portrait, 8-2721
Jenneval, Hippolyte-Louis-Alexandre Dechet, author of La Brabançonne, 10-3612 See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Jennie Wren, bird, 9-3139
Jennings, Sarah, see Marlborough, Sarah Jennings, Duchess of
Jerboas, animals, 3-1133
description, 7-2509
Pictures, 3-1129-30
Jerome, St., life of, 13-4860, 4862
Pictures
portrait, 13-4859
death of, 13-4865
Jersey. Largest and most important of the
Channel Islands; area, 45 square miles; capital,
St. Helier. Market gardening and cattle-raising are important.
Jersey, breed of cattle, 4-1262
Pictures (in color), facing 4-1258
Jersey City. Industrial city of New Jersey, on the Hudson, opposite New York. It has meatpacking, tobacco, glass and chemical factories, sugar refineries, lumber mills and railway workshops.
Jerusalem. Capital of Palestine and most famous holy city in the world, being sacred alike to Christians, Moslems and Jews. Divided into
Christian, Moslem, Armenian and Jewish quar-
ters, it contains the Church of the Holy Sepulchre and the Mosque of Omar.
capture by Nebuchadnezzar II, 2-659
churches built by St. Helena, 5-1692
destroyed by Titus, 70 A.D., $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 6 3 ;} \mathbf{1 9 - 7 1 5 8}$
Hebrew University, note and picture,

$$
19-7159
$$

in Crusades, 7-2586-89
Pictures, mosque of Omar, 15-5476 Solomon's Temple, model of, 19-7155
Jerusalem artichokes, 7-2624
Picture, 7-2621
Jesters, origin and history of, 19-7216
Jesuits, order founded by Loyola, 13-4869
missinns in China, early, 2-432
missions in North America, 3-778; 18-6631-34
missions in South America, 19-6862
system of education, 14-5251-52
Jesuits' bark, cinchona, 8-2910
Jesuit's drops, 9-3152
Jesus Christ
birth of in reign of Augustus, 4-1199
birthday of, 11-4131
Porms about
Hymn on the Nativity of My Saviour, by Ben Jonson, 17-6107
Into the Woods my Master Went, by Sidney Lanier, 10-3740
Once in Royal David's City, by Mrs. Alexander, 17-6108
See alsn Christmas-Poetry: Hymns
Questions ahout
Do we know the actual date of ("hrist's birth? 18-6550
What language was usually spoken by Jesus Christ? 10-3474
Pirfures
portraits, from catacomb of St. Calixtus, 2-577
one attributed to St. Luke, 2-577
Among the Doctors, by Luini, 3-11n3
And Pilgrims of Emmaus, by Velasquez, 4-1497
Betrayal by Judas, by Cimabue (gravure), 2-69f
The Infant, by Murillo, 4-1494
The Last Supper, by Leonardo, 3-830
Washing Peter's Feet, by Ford Madox Brown (gravure), 6.2237
With Saints, 12-4469
See also Madonna
Jet, variety of lignite, 3 -788
Jewel-weed, note and picture, 15-5607

## Jewelry

Pictures
ancient Irish, 8-2941
Anglo-Saxon, 4-1437
See also Necklaces
Jewett, Sarah Orme, American author, 13-4819

## Jews

* achievements, 19-7162-68
architecture, $14-5210$
art shows Assyrlan influence, 11-3876
Babylonian captivity increased learning of. 18-6672
charities, 19-7167
civic rights given in England, 7-2298
* history, 19-7155-62
history (arranged chronologically)
in ancient Egypt, 3-815-16, 818
Egypt's influence on, 3-818
two kingdoms, Judah and Israel, 19-7156-57 carried into captivity by Tiglath Pileser III, 2-655
return from Babylon, 3-912
downfall of Jerusalem, 70 A.D., 5-1863; 19-7158
Arch of ritus shows Roman conquest, $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 0 0}$ in America, 19-7164, 7167
in political life, 19-7162, 7164, 7167
literature, 15-5464
lost tribes, 19-7156-57
method of reckoning time, 11-4131
musical and dramatic leaders, 19-7162
orthodox and reformed parties, 19-7160 persecution of, 19-7158, 7160
Poland allowed them to settle, 13-4680
St. Bernard's defense of, 13-4862
scholarly achievement, 19-7164
survival as a race, reasons for, 19-7158
Zionism, 18-6676, 6678; 19-7160, 7162
For list of main articles, sec 20-7597
Poems about
Babylon, by John Buchan, 8-3005
Sound the Loud Timbrel, by Thomas Moore, 8-2764
Pictures
Cyrus the Great, king of Persia, restoring sacred vessels to Jews, 3-917
Hannah delivers Samuel to Eli, 19-71.4
Some famous modern Jews, 19-7161, 7165-66
Jimmu, Japanese emperor, 2-562
Jimson-weeds, thorn-apples, 13-4782-83
Jinghis Khan, see Jenghiz Khan
Jingling, game, 18-65I9
Jingo, Japanese empress, 2-562
Jingoism. Blustering patriotism. The term originated with the phrase "By Jingo!" in a popular song supporting Lord Beaconsfield's threat of action against Russia in defense of Constantinople in 1878.
Jinriksha, carriage of Japan, 2-565, 570
Picture, 2-565
Jiu-jutsu (or "soft art"). The Japanese form of wrestling which makes use of opponent's strength and weight to disable or injure him. It is the application of skill anrl a knowledge of human anatomy opposed to brute force. Now extensively used as a form of physical culture.
Joan, Countess of Brittany, 12-4226
Joan of Arc
* life, 16-5819-21
and French war against England, 5-1684
canonization, 16-5821
influence of, 10-3434
Pictures
Joan of Arc, by Bastien-Lepage, 7-2479
scenes from her life, by Lenepveu (gravure), 16-5816
statue, by Fremiet (gravure), 16-5813
Joao, king of Portugal
rescued Christians from Ceuta. 4-1257
Job. The hero of the Old Testament Book of Job, used as an examane in the di-russion as to the "alls* of suffering. If loses his wealth, his children and his health, but, in spite of his friends, remains firm in his belief in Gcd, and ultimately triumphs.
Job's tears, see Peridot
Joe-Pye-weed, 14-5162
origin of name, 14-5159
Picture. 14-5159
Joffre, Joseph Jacques Césare. Mrarshil oi France, commander-in-chief of Allied armies, 1915-16; born, Rivesaltes, 1852. Stayed the German invasion at the first Battle of the Marne,

Jofire, Joseph Jacques Césare (continued)
1914. The failure of French offensives of 1915, and the successful German attack upon Verdun in 1916 were a great blow to his prestige. Succeeded by Nivelle at the end of 1916 . Sent on a special mission to the United States in the spring of 1917.
Johanan ben Zakkai, Jewish leader, 19-7158
Johannesburg. Largest South African city, in Transvaal. Founded in 1886, it owes its importance to its position as the commercial centre of the Witwatersrand gold-field, and it now covers 82 square miles.

Pictures, 9-3053
Johansen, Frederick Ejalmar, arctic explorer, 13-4716
John the Baptist, st.
Poem about, St. John the Baptist, by Arthur O'Shaughnessy, 15-5647
Pictures, famous paintings and sculpture
by Andrea del Sarto (gravure), 3-964
by Benedetto da Majano (gravure), 13-4613
by Murillo, 4-1494
by Raphael (gravure), 3-964
Jith Madonna, by Michelangelo (gravure), 13-4613
with Madonna, early French, 13-4701
John, king of England
life and reign, 5-1570-71
and Pope Innocent III, 8-2850
Picture, signing Magna Carta, 5-1564
John II, king of France, captured at Poltiers, 5-1682
Johw III, Sobieski, king of Poland, saved Vienna from Turks, 11-3964; 13-4682, 4800, 4802 Picture, statue in Warsaw, 13-4690
John 1, king of Portugal, 14-5184
Johr VI, king of Portugal
raigh in Brazil, 19-7042
John, Augustus, British painter, 8-2859 Pictures
George Bernard Shaw (gravure), 8-2861
Portrait of Mme. Suggia (gravure), 8-2861
John, Sir W. Groscombe, British sculptor, 13-4856
Picture of bust, Evelyn, 13-4853
John Brown's Body, song, origin of, 18-6513
John Dory, fish. Picture, 16-5777
John of Austria, called Don John
victory at Lepanto, 13-4803
John of Bologna, see Bologna, Giovanni da
John o' Groats. Point in Caithness-shire, re-
garded as the northernmost point of Great Brit-
ain. Its name is derived from a Dutchman,
Groot, who built a house nere about 1600 .
John of Montfort, 12-4226
Johns Hopkins University, note and picture, 12-4314
Johnson, Andrew, president of U. S.
administration, 11-3942
impeachment, 7-2444
life, outline of, 11-3953
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3947
Johnson, E. Pauline, Canadian poet, 14-5109
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Johnson, Eastman. American artist, 10-3453
licture, The New Bonnet (graviure), 10-3464
Johnson, Eldridge R., developed Victor talking machine, 1-264
Tohnson, Esther, see "Stella"
Johnson, Jemima (1753-1814), A Kentucky woman pioneer who was the heroine of an Indian attack on Bryan's Station, Kentucky, in 1782.

Johnson, Richard M., vice-president of U. S.
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3948
Johnson, Samuel

* Doctor Johnson and his friends, 5-1867-72

Pictures
portrait, with father, 15-5617
Dr. Johnson visiting Sir Joshua Reynolds, 7-2333
reading Vicar of Wakefield, 6-2258
walking with oliver foldsimith, 5-186?
Johnson, Sir William (1715-74). A famous British officer and Indian-fighter who won his title by defeating the French general Dieskau at Take reorge in $1755 . \mathrm{He}^{2}$ settled in the Mnhawk Valley. New York state and won the confidence of the six Nations. He hecame noted comflemee of the six sathd control of the trihes in that locality. Johnstown, N. Y., is named for him.
and Five Nations, 3-778

## GENERAL INDEX

Johnston, Albert Sidney, general in Civil War sketch of life, 7-2ti
Johnston, Frank H., Lanadian painter, 10-3704 Picture, Northern Night, 10-3704
Johnston, Joseph Eccleston (1807-91). American soldier, born in Virginia. He graduated at West Point; served in U.S. army until 1861 when he entered the Confederate service; held important commands to end of war
in command berore Richmond, 7-2434
opposes Sherman, 7-2438
retreat to Atlanta, $7-2140$
surrenders to Sherman, 7-2442
Picture, portrait, with note, 7-2431
Johnston, Mary, American author, 13-4823
Joints, in body
in limbs, 5-1676-77
in skull, 5-1674
relation to bones and muscles, $\mathbf{5 - 1 5 6 0}$
Picture, how biceps works elbow joint, 5-1805
Joinville, Jean de, wrote History of St. Louis, 18-6562
J6kai, Maurus, Hungarian author, 16-5888
Jollet, Louis
explorations, 1-248
journey down Mississippi River, 18-6632-3
Jolly Miller, game, 10-3769
Jonah. A Hebrew prophet, to whom has been assigned the fifth book of the minor prophets. In this book Jonah disobeyed the command of God to preach to Nineveh, is cast into the sea, swallowed by a whale, repents and forces Nineveh to repent.
Jonathan, friendship for David, 19-7001-03
Jones, Adrian, British sculptor
Picture, Peace Borne in a Chariot, 13-4857
Jones, Inigo, English architect, 18-6490-91
Jones, John Paul (1747-92). A famous naval officer in the American Revolution. Born in Scotland, his real name was John Paul. The Jones he added later. His exploits on the sea won him renown, but the English regarded him as a pirate. Later he served in the French and Russian navies, and died in Paris.
advice on forming U. S. navy, 17-6325-26
and first salute to U. S. flag, 19-7183
buried in Annapolis, 18-6707
in American Revolution, 4-1170
note on, 17-6327

* victories at sea, 17-6326

Picture, portrait, 17-6327
Jones, J. W., and talking-machine inventions,
Jones, Thomas S., see Poetry Index for poem and note
Jones, Sir William, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Jonson, Ben, English poet life and writings, 3-1125
See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes Picture, portrait, 10-3605
Jonson, Cornelius, British painter, 6-2000 Picture, Portrait of Sir John Coke, 6-2003
Jordaens, Jacob, Flemish painter, 5-1586 Picture, Singing the Old Songs, 5-1591
Jordan, Mrs. (Dorothy Bland), actress
Picture, portrait by Hoppner, as Comic Muse (gravure), 6-2116
Jordan. Remarkable river of Palestine, rising near Mount Hermon and flowing almost entirely below sea-level; the Dead Sea, into which it runs, is 1,290 feet below the Mediterranean, and the Sea of Galilee 680 feet. No large town has stood on jts banks, and it has never been navigable. 120 miles.
Joseph, in Egypt, 3-815-16
Joseph, St., of the Studium, hymn by, 12-4436
Josephine, empress of France
birthplace in Martinique, 19-7104
marriage to Napoleon, 6-2200
divorced by Napoleon, 6-2206
death at Malmaison, 6-2208
Picture, Coronation of, by J. L. Daviत. 6-2079
Josephus, Jewish historian, 15-5464; 19-7225
Josselin, Château of, 18-6494
Picture, 18-6497
Joubert, Joseph. French author, 18-6716
Jonffroy, Marquis de
invented a steamhnat 17-h?ng
Joule, James Prescott. Enclish scientist. investigator of thermo-dynamies; born, Salford, 1818; died, Sale, 1889
and relation of heat to work, 15-5570

Journal of the Plague Eear, by Defoe, 4-1481
Journalism, Defoe founded in England, 4-1480 Journeyman, in apprentice system, 18-6442
Joy, George W., British painter

## Pictures

Nelson's Good-bye to his Grandmother (gravure), 6-2209
The Vision of Joan of Arc, 16-5817
Juan Fernandez. Largest of a group of islands lying 360 mules west of Chnle; area, 36 square miles, Alexander Selkirk, hero of Defoe's Robinson Crusoe, lived alone here (1704-09).
Juarez, Benito Pablo, president of Mexico
19-713
Jubilee Bridge, India, note and picture, 1-35
Judas Iscariot
Poem about. Judas Iscariot (last part of poem) by Robert Buchanan, 14-5239
Judas Maccabæus, Jewish hero, 13-4584; 19-7157 Judas tree, 12-43s6
Judgment. In law, the act of determining in the courts what is conformable to law and justice.
Judith, ship of Sir Francis Drake, 14-4960
Juggernaut, festival of, 8-2700
Jugo-slavia

* history and description, 17-6344
national hymn of Serbia, 17-6255
population, 5-1606
portion added from Hungary, 17-6340
since World War, 18-6459
trade of, 17-6346
Prade of, 17-634
Juiva, name for Brazil nut, 6-2280
Julian Calendar. Introduced by Julius Cæsar in 46 B.C., and slightly modified under Augustus, in which the year was made to consist of 265 days, each fourth year having 366 days, and the months the same length, names and order as now, Superseded in 1752 in Great Britain and the English colonies in America by the Gregorian. See Gregorian Calendar.


## Julius II, Pope

and building of St. Peter's, 17-6309
patron of Michelangelo, 3-831; 13-4608
Pictures, portrait by Raphael (gravure), 3-962
Michelangelo's figures for his tomb; Fettered Slave; Moses (gravure), 13-4612-13
Julius Cæsar, see Cæsar, Julius
Julius Cæsar, play by Shakespeare, note on,
3-983-84
July. The seventh month of the year, with 31
days. Named for Julius Cæsar.
Jumbles, almond, recipe for, $9 \mathbf{9 3 7 6}$
Jumbo, elephant, 6-2140
Jumna. Chief tributary of the Indian Ganges, rises in the Himalayas and joins Ganges near Allahabad. On its banks are Delhi, Agra and Allahabad. 860 miles.
Jump-peg, game, 1-339
Jumping
Question about. Why do we jump when we get a shock? 7-2612
Jumping bean
Qurstion about
neos, birds, 13-4835
of Oregon, 14-5147
June. The sixth month of the year with 30 days. Named for the Junius, a Roman gens of clan.

Poem abrout. Vision of Sir Launfal, by J. IR. Lowell: quotation, 4-1515
June-berry, 12-4512, 4514
June bug, description, 18-6628
Juneau, Alaska
site and population, 10-3585
ungfrau. One of the chief mountains of the Bernese Oberland, Switzerland. It has two sister peaks, the Mönch and Eiger. 13,670 feet. Jungle fowls, Indian
ancestor of domestic fowls, 2-593; 12-4366 how differ from hens, 12-4491
varieties. 12-4491
Pisture, 12-4362
Juniper, tree or shrub
so-called red cedar, one variety, 11-4105
Junius Letters. A series of caustic political letters directed against the British ministry and others, $1768-72$. They were signed "Junius," and though the authorship is not certain, they were probably written by Sir Philip Francis.

## GENERAL INDEX

Juno (Hera), goddess, 9-?nnf
Picture, sculptured head, 12-4219
Junto, club founded by liranklin, 12-4449
Jupiter (Zeus), god, 9-3226
statue of, by Phidias, 7-2604
Picture, statue by Phidias, reconstruction (gravure), 7-2608
Jupiter, planet

* account of, 10-3409-10
distance from earth, measured by speed of train, 9-3034
distance from sun and length of year, 9-3180 effect on Comet Brooks, 10-3666
parts of surface move independently, $9-3176$
red spot, changes in, 18-6693
Picture, showing belts and red spot, 10-3410
Jura Mts. Thickly wooded mountain range ly
ing between Switzerland and France. 180 miles
long, it divides the Rhone valley from that of
the Rhine. 5,650 feet.
Jurassic period, see Geology-Jurassic period
Jury system, 13-4813


## Justice

Themis, the goddess of, 9-3227-28
Ulpian's definition, $13-4812$
Justice of the peace. In Great Britain and the United States, a minor judge whose duties are to administer justice in minor cases and commit
for trial to a superior court
Justinian, emperor of Rome
code of laws, 13-4812
introduced silk-making into Europe, 15-5307-08
Jute
account of, 8-2788
makes an inferior rope, 11-3792
Picture (in color), 8-2997
Jute-fibre, uses of, 5-1627
Jutes, where settled in England, 4-1429
Jutland, Battle of. A great naval engagement that took place in 1916 off Jutland between the British and German high-seas fleets. Although the, German fleet escaped, it never emerged again upon the high seas to fight.
Juvenal, Roman poet, 16-5913
Juvenile courts, 14-4916
Juventas, cupbearer of the gods, 9.3228


Eaaba. Sacred shrine at Mecca. It is the point toward which all Mohammedans face during their devotions.
Kabail, see Kabyles
Kabul, Afghanistan, note and picture, 18-6587
Kabyles, Berber tribes, North Africa, 18-6810
Kafir corn, note and picture, 13-4523
Kaffirs, see Kafirs
Kafirs, African tribe
and the Boers, 9-3050
stories and legends, 5-1582-83
Kagu, bird, 11-4010
Picture, 8-2756
Kairouan, sacred city of North Africa, 18-6810
Kaiser. A title meaning "emperor"; from 1871
to 1918 applied especially to the Hohenzollerns
of Germany.
Kaiser Wilhelm Canal, 12-4168
Kakapo, bird, 10-3618
rirturc, 10-3613
Kakas, hirds, 10-3614
Kalahari Desert. Vast arid stretch of country in the west of South Africa, largely in Bechuanaland. It has a general elevation of from 3,000 to 4,000 feet, and stretches 600 miles from north to south.
Kalakaua I, David, king of Hawaii, 10-3586
Kalamazoo River. American river, rising in Hillsdale County, Michigan; flows into Lake Michigan. 200 miles.
Kale, Hlant
curly kale, 7-2618
Pictures
curly kale, 7-2619
sea kale (in color). i4-4982
Ralends, Greek and Roman, 5-1752
Kalevala, fic of Finlan:11. 19-7014
Kalmia, account of, 13-4774, 4776
Kalmucks, Russian nomads, 16-5850

Kamakura, city of Japan, sights of, 2-570
Picture, statue of Buddha, 9.3086
Kamchatka. Peninsula in northeast Siberia containing a lofty chain of volcanic mountains. The climate is cold and damp, and the people get their living chiefly by hunting and fishing. Petropavlovsk on the Pacific coast has a splendid harbor.
Kamehameha, King of Hawaii
Picture of statue, 10-3587
Kaministiquia River, Canada
Pictures, 6-1959
Kamo, Nigeria, 9-3056
Kampala, or Mengo, Uganda, 9-3054
Kane, Elisha Kent, arctic explorer
explorations, 13-4708, 4710
Pictures
portrait, 13-4707
in winter quarters, 13-4720
Kane, Paul, Canadian painter, 10-3699-3700
Kangaroo rats, 7~2503
Kangaroos

* Kangaroos and their kin, 7-2501-10
first seen by Englishmen, 6-2214
Pictures, 7-2501; (gravure) 7-2505. 2507-08
Kansas. Prairie state on the right bank of the Missouri; area, 82,158 square miles; capital, Topeka. It has great agricultural and stockraising industries, the source of an important meat-packing trade at Kansas City, which is partly in Kansas and partly in Missouri. The state produces coal and petroleum, as well as zinc and lead. Nickname, "Sunflower State." State flower, sunflower. Motto, "Ad astra per aspera" (To the stars through difficulties) Kansas was the name of a Sioux tribe. First settlement is thought to have been at Leavenworth, 1854.
described in North Central States, 15-5273-84 17-6037-48
included in Louisiana Purchase, 5-1702-03
Jonn Brown in, $\mathbf{7 - 2 4 3 0}$
Kansas-Nebraska Bill, 7-2429; 11-3942
made a state, 6-1922, 1923; 11-3942
most important wheat state, 15-5278
Pictures
flag (in color), 19-7191
flour mills at Salina, 17-6039
views in Wichita and Topeka, 17-6045
Kansas City. Two cities of U.S.A., one in Kan. sas and the other in Missouri. They are divided by the State Line, although otherwise practically one city, and have a great trade in grain, meat and live stock.
situation, 17-6046
Pictures, stock farms and stockyards, 15-5277
Kansas-Nebraska Act, terms, and effect, 7-2429
Kaolin, clay used in pottery, 5-1663-64
sources, for French pottery, 11-3818
Kapiolani, of Hawaii
defied goddess Pe-le on volcano, 2-446
Kapteyn, J. C., and sun's relation to group of stars, 1-312
quotation about truth, 9-3040
Eapurthala, India
Picture, temples (gravure), 9-3034
Karachi, port in India, 8-2698
Karakoram Mts. Lofty range forming an im mense barrier between Central Asia and Kashmir. Here are Mount Godwin Austen, 28,250 feet, and some of the greatest glaciers in the world.
Karamzin, Nicholas, Russian author, 19-6907
Karlsefni, Snorro, first white child in America, 1-241
Karlsefni, Thorfinn, colony in America, $\mathbf{1 - 2 4 1}$
Karlsruhe. Capital of Baden, Germany, making engines, chemicals and cloth.
Karluk, ship, loss of, 13-4722
Karnak, Egypt
erection of temples, 3-818; 14-5212
Pictures, views of temples, 3-813
(gravure) 14-5213, 5216
Karroo, Great and Iittle. Pastoral tablelands covering 100,000 square miles in the Cape Province of South Africa. On an average they are ahout 3.500 feet high.
Kaschau, Kosice or Kassa. Chief city of Slovakia, Czecho-Slovakia, with a fine Gothic cathedral.
Rashmir. Native state of northern India: area, about 85,000 square miles; capital, Srinagar. Much of it consists of a barren tableland be-


## GENERAL INDEX

Kashmir (continued)
tween the Karakoram range and Himalayas, but in the Jhelum valley is the Vale of Kashmir, one of the most fertile spots in the world.
Kasson, Gunnar, saved Nome from epidemic, 16-5735, 5737
Picture, 16-5737
Katherine, Queen, wife of Henry $V$ of England, 5-1684
Kathleen Mavourneen, song, origin of, 10-3610-11

## Katmai, Mount, volcano, 16-5795

Katrine, Loch. Beautiful scottish lake in Perthshire, in the famous Trossachs region. Scott describes its scenery in The Lady of the Lake.
Katte, and Frederick the Great, 11-4046
Kauai, one of Hawaiian Islands, 15-5448
Kavala, seaport of Agean Sea
rescue by Greek fleet, 17-6395-96
Eazan. Trading centre of eastern Russia, on
the Volga. Formerly a Tartar city, it has a kremlin containing a splendid monastery and a 16 th -century cathedral.
Kearny, Stephen W., American general
in Mexican War, 6-1920
Kearsarge, ship
Picture, battle with Alabama, with note, 7-2435
Keas, birds, 10-3614
Picture, $10-3615$
Keats, John

* life and writings, 7-2492-93
influenced by Homer, 16-5747
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Picture, portrait, in group, 7-2488
Keble, John, hymn-writer, 12-4440
Seo also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Picture, portrait, 12-4439
Ked, parasitic insect, 16-6019
Keel of a ship, 14-5002
Keewatin. Part of the Canadian Northwest
Territories lying west of Hudson Bay and north of Manitoba.

See also 4-1490
Keller, Helen, life, 14-527?
Kellogg, Idaho, note on mines, with picture, 19-6843
Eells. Town in County Meath, on the Blackwater. In the 6 th century St. Columba founded here a monastery in which the Book of Kells was written; ancient remains include St. Columba's House, a round tower and crosses.
Kells, Book of, illuminated manuscript, 2-582 Picture, page from, 8-2941
Kelp. The name of certain large seaweeds, also applied to the ash obtained from burned seaweed. Formerly much used in the manufacture of soap and glass, but used to-day mainly as a fertilizer, and for that only dried on the coast. Pacific kelp contains five times as much potash as Atlantic kelp.
Eelvin, William Thomson, 1st lord, scientist, 12-4182
discoveries in telegraphy, 17-6241
inventions of, 19-7207-08
siphon recorder, 12-4296
Pictures
portrait, 19-7201
portrait. with father. $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 5}$
Kemble, Fanny. Shakespearean actress and poet, daughter of Charles Kemble; born, 1809 ; died, 1893.

See Poetry Index for poem and note
Kempenfelt, Admiral, lost on Royal George, 11-3918
Poem about. The Loss of the Royal George, by Cowper, 1-324
Kempis, Thomas a, see Thomas à Kempis
Kemyss, Captain, and Sir Walter Raleigh
14-4970
Ken, Thomas. English writer of hymns, one of the famous Seven Bishops; born in England, 1637 ; died. 1711.
hymns of, 12-4438
Picture, portrait, 12-4439
Konia, volcano, height of, 7-2313
Kenilworth. Market town in Warwickshire, four miles north of Warwick. The 12th-century castle, made famous by Scott's Kenilworth, is one of the largest and finest ruins in England.
Kenilworth, by Scott, note on, 11-4070
Kennel for dog, how to make, 16-5766
concrete, how to make, 17-6259-60
Kenneth, king of Scotland, 4-1434

Kensett, J. F., American painter, 9-3332
Kensico reservoir, description, 14-5056
トisture, 14-5056
Kent. Southeastern English county; area, 1,555 square miles; capital, Maidstone. The most 1amous, historically, of the English counties, it was the way by which the Romans, the Jutes, and St. Augustine entered Britain; here are Canterbury, and several ancient Cinque Ports, notably Dover, Hythe and Sandwich. At the mouth of the Medway are Chatham, Rochester and Gillingham, forming an important industrial area; the Isle of Thanet is famous for its water-ing-places; and other notable features are the North Downs, the Weald and Romney Marsh. The most famous seaside resorts are Ramsgate, Folkestone, Margate, Broadstairs and Deal: other places are Dartford, Tunbridge, Tunbridge Wells, Ashford, Sheerness, Gravesend, Faversham and Sevenoaks. Kent is famous for its hops, fruit and sheep, while its fisheries are important. Coal is mined near Dover, and Whitstable has oyster beds.
Kentucky. Largest tobacco-producing state: noted also for its horses; produces coal and petroleum, and manufactures much tobacco; area, 40,598 squere miles; capital, Frankfort. Louisville is the largest town. Abbreviation, Ky. Nickname, the "Blue Grass State." State flower, soldrniod. Mutto, "United, we stand, divided we fall." "Kentucky" comes from an Iroquois word meaning "Land of to-morrow" or "Dark and Bloody Ground." First settlement, Harrodsburg, 1774.
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900
history
considered a part of Virginid, 6-1906
explored by Daniel Boone and others, 6-1906
fifteenth state, 6-1906; 11-3937
in War of 1812, 5-1706
in Civil War, 7-2432-33
life of Boone, 6-2189-95
Nammoth Cave in, 4-1299
Pirtures
birthplace of Lincoln, 18-6838
Daniel Boone as hunter, 6-2193
early days in Kentucky, 6-2191
flag (in color), 19-7190
hemp field, 13-4523
Mammoth Cave, 4-1298, 1300-01. 1303
stock farm near Lexington, 13-4521
tobacco field, 13-4525
Kentucky Eiver. American river, rising in the Cumberland Mountains, Kentucky. Flows into the Ohio River. 250 miles.
Kenya Colony, Africa, 9-3054
Pictures, 9-3057-58
Keokuz, Iowa, dam at, 16-5654, 5656
Picture, dam and locks, 16-5656
Kepler, John (Johann), German astronomer
life and work. 1-206
discovered laws of planetary motion, 13-4795
observation about moon, 10-3540, 3542
Picture, listening to Tycho Brahe, 1-204
Kerosene. A mixture of certain fluid hydrocarbons used for illumination. Has been prepared from bituminous coal and shale (hence called also coal-oil), now produced in immense quantities by the refining of petroleum. Chemically. it is a mixture of several hydrocarbons, chiefly of the methane series.
first manufacture, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 5 3 4}$
uses, 13-4540
sfe alar Petrolemma
Kerry. Rugged western county of Munster, Ireland; area, 1,815 square miles; capital, Tralee. Here are the Lakes of Killarney, and Carrantuohill, 3,414 feet, the highest Irish mountain.
Kerry, breed of cattle, 4-1262
Picture (gravure), 4-1268
Kertland, Philip, shoemaker, 18-6442
Kestrel, bird, 10-3756

Ketch, sailing vessel, rig of, and picture,
11-4086-87
writings of. 12- 143.5
Fettle, Tom, see Poetry Index for poem and note Kettle

Questions about
What makes the kettle hoil? 12-4277
Why does Mother put a marble in the kettle? 5-1809

Iettle-Questions about (continupi)
Why does the kettle not get red-hot when it is heated? 13-4594
Why does the kettle sing? 11-4134
Kettle-stitch, how to make, 12-4262
Kevin, St., Irish hermit, 8-2933
Kew Gardens, ruibber plants raised, 4-1408
Key, Ellen, Swedish author, died, 1926, $19-7014$
Key, Erancis Scott
Writing of Star-Spangled Banner, 18-6512
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Key, telegraph instrument, 17-6050
Keys, see Locks
Khafra, king of Egypt, 3-815
Picture, portrait, 3-817
Kharkov, Capital, university and trading centre of the Ukraine, Russia.
Khartoum. Sudanese capital, at the junction of the Blue and White Nile. Famous as General Gordon's headquarters, it is a railway centre,
and contains a cathedral and the Gordon Memorial College.
Khedive. The title granted in 1867 by the sul-
tan of Turkey to the viceroy of Egypt.
Khirgiz, Russian nomads, 16-5850
Khufu, king of Egypt, 3-808
Picture, Great Pyramid, built by him, 3-811
Rhu-n-Aten, king of Egypt, see Amenhotep IV
Khyber Pass. Mountain highway which from the earliest times has been the road of invaders entering India. Running for about 30 miles among the wild border ranges of Afghanistan,
It is traversed by the trade route from Kabul
to Peshawar.
Kiang, animal of horse family: 6-2080
Picture, 6-2019
Klaochow, fortress in China
in the World War, 2-566
Ridd, William (c. 1650-1701). A British sailor who became the notorious pirate Captain Kidd. He was hanged at Execution Dock, Landon, in 1701. People still search for the treasure believed to have been buried by this pirate.
sify alw, 2-0.5.
Fidneys, work of, 3-939; 4-1213
Kiel. German naval port on the Baltic, near the eastern entrance to the Kiel Canal. It has large shipbuilding yards and a busy export trade.

Picture, Krupp works (gravure), 12-4178
Kiel Canal, note and picture, 13-4789
Kier, Samuel M., and carbon oil, 3-996; 13-4534
Kierkegaard, Sören, Danish philosopher, 19-7011
Kiev, C'krainia
Chronicle of Kiev, 19-6905
description, 16-5858
Picture, Nicholas suspension bridge, 16-5855
Kilauea, volcano, Hawaii, 7-2290; 15-j447
crater of, 2-446
description, 10-3584
fire pit, 7-2291
world's greatest active crater, 9-3300
Pictures, 2-446; 7-2291; 15-5446 lava, 2-525
Kilimanjaro, mountain, Africa height of, 7-2313
temperature at top, 8-2664
Picture. 9-?n夜
Kilkenny, Statute of, 8-2932
Killarnes, sunc, nricin rif, 10-?611
Killarney, Lakes of. Three Irish lakes among beautiful wooded scenery near Killarney, County
Kerry, Ireland.
Pictures, 8-2939
Filldeer, bird, variety of plover, 11-4010; 14-5020
Killer whale, 6-2218-20 Pictures, 6-2215, 2219
Rilmer, Joyce, American poet, 17-6394-95 See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Jilns, cement
description, with picture, 7-2308
Kilns for china, 5-1663-72
Pictures, 5-1670-72
Kilns for hops
Quration alorut. W゙hy has a hom kiln a funnel-

Kimberley. South African cathedral city in Griqualand West, Cape Province. Here are the De Beers diamond mines, the most important in the world, around which the city has grown up since 1870 . It underwent a severe siege by the Boers, 1899-1900.
dlamonds mined there, 9-3052

K:nchinjunga. Second highest mountain in the
Himalayas. 28,150 feet. Picture, 7-2317
Kindergarten and Froebel, 14-5254
Kindness to animals, 5-1810
preached by St. Francis, 6-1991
slaughter-houses, 7-2567
Kinemacolor, moving pictures in color, 18-6598, 6600
Kinetoscope, invented by Edison, 18-6594
King, Mrs. Farriet E., see Poetry Index, for poem and note
King, William Iyon Mackenzie, premier of Canada, 4-1492
as author, 15-5368
Fing, William R., vice-president of U. S.
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3948
King, the Nobleman and the Peasant (story), 3-857
King Arthur, see Arthur, King
King Christian Stood beside the Mast, song account of, 10-3612
King George's War, sce French and Indian Wars
Ring Lake dam, Washington, note and picture, 15-5428
King Iear, play by Shakespeare, note on, 3-985 Picture, 3-987
"King of Beasts," name for lion, 2-494
King of the Castle, game, 17-6257
King of the Golden River, by Ruskin, 6-2221-28; 7-2343-50
King snake, 15-5414
King William's War, see French and Indian Wars
Kingbird, account of, 9-3286; 13-4831 of southern U. S., 14-5023
Pictures (in color), 10-3622; 13-4843 western kingbird, facing 14-5133
Kingcap, name given in some districts to the marsh-marigold, 16-5728
Kinges Quhair, poem by James I of Scotland 12-4212
Kingfishers, birds, account of, 9-3374
belted, 13-4830; 14-5147
Pictures, 9-3367, 3369
European kingfisher (in color), 9-3131 nest and eggs, 9-3369
Senegal kingfisher (in color), 12-4372
small racquet-tailed kingfisher (in color), 12-4371
Kingfishes, 16-5780
See also Whitings
Kinglets, birds
account of, 13-4839
of western North America, 14-5138
Picture, golden-crowned (in color), 9-3132
Kings
Poems about
Beggar Maid, by Lord Tennyson, 2-736
Coronation, by H. H. Jackson, 9-3275
Enchanted Shirt, by John Hay, 1-102
King and the Abbott, $10-3735-36$
King Bruce and the Spider, 15-5521
King Christian Stood Beside the Mast, 17-6252
King Cophetua and the Beggar Maid, ballad 2-487
King Lear and His Three Daughters, 5-1643-44
King's Picture, 18-6648
King's College, predecessor of Columbia University, 12-4308
note and picture, 10-3496
King's Mountain, Battle of, 4-1171-72; 6-1908
Kingsley, Charles, English writer
as a novelist, 11-3892, 3894
poetry of, 12-4231

* Westward Ho, summary and quotations, 14-5027-34
wrote fairy tales, 9-3197
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Pictures
portrait, 9-3193
Norking live the sfa. 11-? Q4?
Eingston. Capital and port of Jamaica, with \& magnificent harbor. A great export and import centre, it has a delightful ciimate, but is subject to hurricanes and earthquakes.
Kingston, rimaria

first Parliament meets, $\mathbf{1 8 4 1}, \mathbf{4} \mathbf{1 4 8 4}$
Finkajou, animaî, 3-872
Picture, 3-868

Kinney, Coates, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Kinnikinnik, or bearberry, 11-4020; 14-5165
Kinzie, John, first white man to live in Chicago, 19-7106
Ktoto, old capital of Japan, description, 2-572
Kipling, Rudyard, author, 11-3899 poetry of, 12-4233
See al8o Poetry Index for poems and notes
Kirby, William, Canadian author, 15-5368
Kirke, Sir David, English adventurer led attack on Quebec in 1628, 2-680
Kirumbos, birds, 9-3374
Kiss-me-quick, name for Herb Robert, 14-4975
Kitasoto, Dr., discovered bubonic microbe, 15-5486
Kitchen
Pictures, in American colonies, 3-967; 18-6508
Kitchener of Khartoum, Koratio Herbert, Earl.
Born Ballylongford, County Kerry, Irelaind, 1850
lost at sea, 1916; conquered the Sudan, 1898; as Secretary of State for War, organized the British army, 1914-15.

## Kites

how to make, 3-900-01; 16-5770-71
Franklin's experiments concerning electricity and lightning, 4-1248-49
Marconi's use, in experiments with wireless, 17-6247
Question about. What power keeps a kite floating in the air? 16-5840
Kites, birds
account of, 10-3756
of southern North America, 14-5021
Pietures, 10-3755
black kite (gravure), 10-3763
common or red kite (gravure), 10-3764
European kite (in color), 9-3130
Kittiwake, variety of gull, 11-4122
rieture. 11-4123; (in color), 9-3284
Elttredge, Walter, song-writer, 18-6514
Kiushius, island of Japan, history, 2-570
Kiwi, bird, 13-4657
Picture, 13-4655
Kleist, E. G. von, and Leyden jar, 4-1246
Kleist, Heinrich Wilhelm von, German author 17-6271
Picture, portrait, 17-6270
Klipspringer, animal, 4-1444 Picture, 4-1445
Klondire gold mines discovery, 10-3584; 16-5790
Klopstock, Friedrich Gottlieb, German poet, 17-6268
Picture, portrait, 17-6270
Knapweed, flower
Picture (gravure), 19-7177
Pictures (in color)
black knapweed, 14-4994
great knapweed, $\mathbf{1 4 * 4 9 8 6}$
Knee-cap, account of, 5-1677
Knee-holly, name for Butcher's broom, 17-6124
Kneller, Sir Godfrey, German painter place in British art, 6-2000
Pictures
Portrait of Dr. John Wallis, 6-2002
Portrait of John Gay, 6-2003
Portrait of Marlborough, 6-2002
Portrait of Sarah Jennings, 6-2002
Knickerbocker, Diedrich, pseudonym of Wash ington Irving, 13-4625
Knife-and-fork box, directions for making, 13-4'734
Knife carving, sce Woodcarving
Knight, Charles R., artist
Picture, Painting of mammoth, 6-2147
Knight, Joseph, wrote music of Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep, 10-3608
Knight and the Ugly Old Woman, by Chaucer, 13-4773
Knighthood. An institution which arose gradually throughout Europe as an adjunct of the feudal system. A knight was bound to the performance of certain duties, as the defense or recovery of the Holy Sepulchre, and observed a code of knightly etiquette. In the 16 th century knighthood came to be an honor conferred on civilians for valuable services rendered, the right to bestow belonging in England to the sovereign. It carries the title of Sir.

## Knights

in mediæval Germany, 11-3963, 3967
See also Arthur, King; Crusades

Knights (continued)
poc'ms about
Love and the Young Knight, by T. G. Roberts, $10-3484$
Sir Galahad, by Lord Tennyson, 3-1006
Picture, vigil at the altar, 14-5197
Knights Hospitallers, Order of
when founded, 7-2586
Knights of St. John, Order of defended Malta against Turks, 9-3182 when founded, 7-2.986
Knights Templars, Order of when founded, 7-2586
Knitting, child's sock, 13-4851-52
Knives

* history, use and manufacture, 4-1305-13
as drawing compass, 16-5886
how to clean, 15-5335
Pictures of manufacture, 4-1305-13
Knossos, Palace of, Crete
age, 14-5212
paintings, 2-448-49
ruins show effect of fire, $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{- 4 4 9}$
Pictures
game board found there, $\mathbf{2 - 4 4 9}$
throne room (gravure), 14-5215
wall-paintings, 2-452-53
Knot, bird, 11-4012
flies from Arctic to Antarctic, 8-2762
Picture, 11-4011
Knot. In seamanship, a measurement of a ship's speed, so called from the knots at regular intervals on the log-line. The speed is reckoned in knots, that is, nautical miles per hour.
Knot-grass, weed, 7-2410
Knot-stitching, directions for, 6-2046
Knots, how to tie, 1-342-43
sailors' hitches and splices, 9-3378-79
Know Nothing party, organization of, 11-3942
Knowles, Elizabeth McGillivray, Canadian painter, 10-3704
note on, 10-3710
Knowles, Farquhar McGillivray, Canadian painter, 10-3704
Picture. Thunder Cloud, 10-3710
Knowles, Sheridan, British painter
Picture, King Wenceslas, 3-842
Knox, John. Scottish statesman, religious re former and writer, leader of the Scottish Reformation; born, Haddington, 1505; died, Edinburgh, 1572 .
Knox, Henry (1750-1806). American Revolu tionary soldier, born in Boston. He served with credit through the whole war, and was Secretary of War (1785-95) both under the Confederation and under the Constitution.
note and portrait, 5-1699
Koala, or Australian bear, 7-2504, 2509
Picture (gravure), 7-2508
Kobe, city of Japan, 2-570, 572
Koch, Robert, German scientist
life and work, 15-5484, 5486
and tuberculosis, 2-559
Pictures, portrait, 15-5481
in his laboratory, 15-5486
Kochanowski, Polish poet, 13-4682
Kodak, camera, invention of, 18-6594
Koehl, Capt. Hermann, German aviator, 1-182
Koh-i-nur, famous diamond, 19-7233
Kohl-rabi, development from cabbage, 7-2618
Picture. 7-2619
Koltsov, Alexis, Russian poet, 19-6908
Konco Free State, see Congo Free State
König, Frederick. German printer; born, Eisleben, Prussia, 1774; died, 1833; inventor of the steam press.
press used by London Times, 9-3389
Pictures, portrait, 9-3383
first cylinder press of, 9-3388
Königsberg. Capital of East Prussia, Germany. on the Pregel. It has a university and a 14 th century Gothic cathedral
Koran, sacred book of Mohammedans
* account of, 15-5464
origin, 9-3091
varied contents, 9-3097


## Korea

* description, 2-566
history
conquered by Hideyoshi, 2-564
Japan in, since 1905, 2-566
resources, 2-566
Pictures, 2-574.

Eoreans in Japan, 2-562
Kosciusko, Thaddeus. Polish patriot and general; born, Mereczowszczyzna, Lithuania, 1746; died, Solothurn, Switzerland, 1817. Fought in American Revolutionary army; and constructed fortifications at West Point; afterward prominent in unsuccessful Polish struggles for independence.
led Polish uprising, 13-4684
Picture, portrait, 4-1161
Tossuth, Louis. Hungarian patriot; leader of revolt against Austria in 1848; born, Monok, 1802; died, Turin, 1894.

See also 13-4590
Picture, portrait. 13-4583
Koweit, Arabia, 18-6676
Krafft, Adam, stone-carver, 13-4699-4700
Krait, snake, 15-5414
Krak, Prince, founder of Cracow, 13-4679
Krakatoa East Indian island lying between Java and sumatra. It once occupied 18 square miles, but in 1883 a tremendous volcanic eruption from an old crater blew away two-thirds of it, hurling thousands of tons of ash and pumice into the air. The explosion was heard 3,000 miles away, and was followed by tidal waves which drowned thousands of people.
Kraler, imaginary monster, description, 1-358 Kranach, Lucas, see Cranach, Lucas
Kreighoff, Canadian painter, 10-3700
Picture, The Toll-gate, 10-3699
Kremlin, in Russian cities, 16-5858
Kronos, god, 9-3226
Kruger, Paul, president of the Transvaal in Boer War, 9-3050
Krummacher, Friedrich Adolf, see Poetry Index for noem and note
Krapp Worls. Great factories at Essen, Prussia, for the making of war munitions and ordnance supplies. Their founder was Frederick Krupp, whose son Alfred introduced the Bessemer steel process into Germany. Limited in their armament production after the World War, they manufacture agricultural implements and machinery of all kinds.
Krus, Kru-boys, or Kru-men. Dwellers by the West African coast from below Monrovia to Cape Palmas. Originally living in the interior of Africa, they have developed a great love for the sea, and are much employed by European skippers trading on that coast. They are hardworking and cheerful, but greedy and brutal
Krylov, Ivan, Russian poet, 19-6907
Ku Klux Klan, after Civil War, 7-2444
Kuala Lumpur, Selangor, population, 9-3184
Kublai Khan, Mongol ruler of China
and Marco Polo, 1-84-85: 2-432
attempt to invade Japan, 2-563
chose Peking as capital, 2-432
Kuching, capital of saratrak, 9-31¢6
Kudos. Greek word meaning "renown"; used in conversational English in a similar sense.
Kudu, animal, 4-1443
Picture, 4-1440
Kum. Persia
Picture, mosque, Fatima's shrine, 3-921
Eumasi, capital of Ashanti, 9-3056
Kumquats, variety of orange, 6-2058
Kunz, George F., authority on precious stones, 19-7234
Eunzite, semi-precious stone
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Kurds. Modern renresentatives of the ancient Medes who are speakers of an Aryan language. They inhahit Kurdistan.
Kurile Islands. Volcanic island chain stretching from Janan to Kamchatka. Most of them are inhabited only during the summer fishing season. The name comes from the Russian word kurit, to smoke, as many of the volcanoes are still active.
Rustenje, I:umania, spo Constantza
Kut-el-Amara, siege of, 8-2802
Kuyp, Albert, see Cuyp, Albert
Kwen Lun. Lofty mountain chain stretching for 2,000 miles through China. Tibet and Kashmir. At its western end it is 20,000 feet high.
Kyak, Eskimo canoe, 7-2566
Kyoto. Capital of Japan 793-1869, and centre of the Japanese artistic industries. It is situated on the island of Hondu, on the Kamagawa River. Jt has an Imperial university with colleges of law, medicine and engineering.


Laberius, Decimus, Roman author, 16-5909
Labiate Family, see Mint Family
Labor, element in economic production
adds value to raw material, $9-3212,3214$
classes of, in manufacture, 17-6092
relation to price, 16-5936
saving of, through invention and organization, produces wealth, 15-5357-58
supply of, governs price, 17-6094
See also Labor, Division of; Laboring classes; Wages
Labor, Department of, U, S., 5-1792
Labor, Division of, 15-5358
in human body and in society, 19-6876-77
in shoemaking, 18-6442
meaning and advantages of, 14-5244-46
Labor Day, observance of, 6-2094
Labor party, England
power, early 20th century, 7-2300
Labore et honore. Latin for "by labor and honor.
Laboring classes in England, 19th century, 7-2シリ3-98
La Brabançonne, national song of Belgium, 10-3612
Labrador
conditions of living, 7-2497-98
Dr. Grenfell's mission to, 7-2497-2500
early explorations, Cabot and Cortereal, 2-677
Pictures, 7-2494-95, 2499
Labrador Current. A cold current moving southward from arctic regions following the western side of Davis Strait. Gff the southeast part of Newfoundland it comes into contact with the Gulf Stream and sets up an eastward drift, the Gulf Streame drift. Causes fogs.
Labrador Peninsula, or Ungava, description, 7-2557-58
Labrador tea, shrub
description, 19-6938
leaves used for beverage, 13-4783
Laburnum trees, account, $\mathbf{1 2}-4386,4390$
Picture, tree, flower and leaf, 12-4390
Labyrinth, in ancient Crete, 2-448-49; 9-9354
Labyrinthodonts, in Carboniferous period, 4-1296
Lac, obtained from banyan tree, 9-3261
Lac insect, 17-6078
Laccadjve Islands, 9-3184
Lace, Jacquard loom for making, 19-7204-05
Lace-bark tree, 8-2788, 2790
Lacewing fly, destroys plant-lice, 18-6730
Picture (in color), facing 18-6720
Lachesis, one of the three Fates, 9-3228
Lacombe, Albert, missionary, 15-5375-77
La Condamine, Charles Marie de, sent first samples of rubber to Europe, 4-1405
Lacquer ware. Decorative articles made of wood, coated with Japanese or other Oriental lacquer in a varnish generally made with resin as the base. About fifteen coats of varnish are applied to make this very durable coat.
how to apply, $9=3120$
Lacrosse, game, rules for, 14-5115-16
Lacteals, vessels for carrying fat, 6-2086
Lactic acid, in milk, 17-6175
Iactose, sugar from milk, 10-3416; 17-6175
Lacuna. Gap, or missing part, especially in old manuscripts. The word comes from the Latin 7acus, lake.
Ladies' tresses, see Lady's tresses
Ladoga, Lake, size, 7-2484
Ladon, a Greek river, and Syrinx and Pan, 9-3236
Ladrone, or Mariana, Islands. Volcanic island group in the northwest Pacific. Discovered by Magellan in 1521, they were sold by Soain to Germany in 1899, and in 1920 passed under Japanese mandate. Guam belonss to the United States.

Sce also Mariana Islands.
Ladybirds, insects
feed on scale insects, 17-6078; 18-6730-31
life history, with pictures, 18-6728
Poem about. Ladybird, Fly (German folk-
song), 7-2367

Ladybugs，see Ladybirds
Iady＇s comb，flower
Picture（in color），15－5400
Lady＇s fingers，flower Ficture（in color），14－4993
Lady＇s slipper，flower account of，17－6282
pink lady＇s slipper，note on，15－5606
pictures
pink lady＇s slipper，15－5606；17－€282
showy cypripedium，17－6272
Lady＇s tresses，plant，16－5732－33
Hictures，16－5733
autumn（in color），14－498f
Ladysmock，flower，17－6128 ricture，and note，17－6122
Lænnec，René Tueophile Ryacinthe
invented stethoscope，8－2724
Is Farge，John，American painter．9－3334， 3336
Picture，Muse of Painting（gravure），10－3462
Lafayette，Marie Jean Paul Yves Eoch Gilbert du Motier，Marquis de（1757－1834）．Distin－ guished French officer who upon the outbreak of the American Revolution arrived from France and was attached to the staff of General Wash－ ington．Wounded at Brandywine；retreated brilliantly from Barren Hill．Jought with Lee at Monmouth，and co－operated by land with French sea attack on Newport．In 1781 he operated against Arnold in Virginia，where Corn－ wallis pursued him．But Lafayette joined with Wayne and forced Cornwallis to retreat to York－ town，where he surrendered．During French Revolutionary wars he perfected the organiza－ tion of National Guard．After excesses of pop－ Hlace he sympathized with the king and had to fly to Flanders，where he was imprisoned by the Austrians．He took no part in public affairs ander Napoleon，but was in French Chamber 1818－34．Revisited the United States in 1824 and was received with great enthusiasm．
activities in French Revolution，6－2128， 2130 ； 10－3566
in America，4－1168， 1172
Pictures，portraits，4－1161；6－2127
Lafayette INational Park，Maine，7－2291 Picture，7－2285
La Fontaine，Jean de．Nost famous French writer of fables；born，Château－Thierry，1621； died，Paris， 1695.

Writings，18－6712
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Picture，portrait，18－6712
La Fontaine，Sir Louis Hippolyte，Bart． Picture，statue by Allward，14－5080
Lagerlöf，Eolma，Swedish author，19－7014
School examination，story from Emperor of Portugallia，13－4753
Lagoon．A sound，channel or lake near to or communicating with the sea．
Lagos，Nigeria，9－3056
Ia Guayra．Port of Caracas，capital of Vene－ zuela，trading in cotton，sugar，hides，coffee， ocoa and indigo．
La Hogue，Battle of．Sea－fight in 1692 between the combined fleet of 99 En lish and Dutch ships and 44 French ships under the Comte de Tourville．The French were preparing an ex－ pedition against England，but weire severely ke－ feated on their own coast
Lahore．Capital and railway centre of the I＇un－ iab，India．with two cathedrals and splendid native buildings．
Lake－dwellings，in ancient Switzerland，18－6000
Picture，early German，11－3965
Iake herring，fish，15－5635
Iake lawyer，name for hake，16－5780
Iake poets，in England，7－2353
Lake Trasimenus，battle of， $4-1196$

## Lakes

＊Great Lakes and the St．Lawrence，6－1955－63 account of，7－2538－39
in Devonian period．4－1176
made by glaciers，1－158－59
salty lakes，western U．S．，19－6841
See also names of lakes：as Torrens，Lake
Question about．What are the largest fresh－ water lakes in the world？7－2484
Lakh o：zpees． $10 n$ ann Indian rupees，eriuiva－ lent at the face value of the rupee to $\$ 48,665$ ． Lakh，or lac，is from the Sanskrit laksha，mean－ ing＂one hundred thousand．＂

Lailberte，Alfred，Canadian sculptor， 14.5078 Poem abrmt．To Altred Laliberté，by Isabel McCaw，10－3483
Picture，statue，Le Défricheur，14－5076
I＇Allegro，poem by Milton，account of， $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 3 6}$ extract from，1－327
Lamartine，Alphonse Marie Iouis，French poet， 18－6717
Lamb，Charles，English writer
as essay writer，8－2867－68
See also Poetry Index，for poems and notes
Picture，portrait，8－2865
Iamb，Mary，see Poetry Index，for poems and notes
Iamb－kill，shrub，13－4776
Iambs
Poems about
Mary Had a Little Lamb，6－2247
Pet Lamb，by William Wordsworth，6－2031
The Lamb，by William Blake，2－606 Pictur
lamb with its mother，4－1372
Lambton，John George，Bee Durham，1st earl os
Lamennais，Félicté Robert de，French author， 18－6717
Lammergeier，bird，10－3759
Picture ：ravure），10－3761
Iamont，James，arctic explorer， $13-4712$
Jamp chimney，invention，3－996
Lamp shades，paper，how to make，18－6777
parchment，how to make，16－5890
Iampman，Archibald，Canadian poet，14－5108
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Iamprey．An eel－like order of aquatic verte． brates widely distributed in temperate regions in both fresh and salt water．They have large mouths with small teeth，a single nostril and seven gill－pouches on each side．Some are edible．The larger kind attach themselves to fish and tear off their flesh with their horny teeth．
Lamps
electric，see Electric lamps
oil，3－996
Lancaster，Joseph，English educator，14－5254
Picture，portrait，14－5247
Lancaster，English faction，5－1686
Picture，choosing a badge，5－1681
Inand
as agent in producing wealth，15－5359
rent of，17－6092－93
United States government land and settlers． 9－3：1．
Land birds of the Northern province，
＊13－4759－66，4829－44
Land Ieague，Ireland，8－2937
Land $o^{\prime}$ the Leal，song，meaning of， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 1 0}$
＂Iand of the morning calm，＂name for Korea， 2－561
＂Land of the rising sun，＂name for Japan，2－56．2
Land Question，Irish，see Ireland－land question
Lander，Richard，African explorer
found mouth of Niger，2－467
Irandes，definition，6－2171
Landlocked salmon，see Sebago
Landolphias，plants，produce rubber，8－2790
Landor，Walter Savage，poetic style，12－4229 Sec also Poetry Index for poems and notes Picture，portrait，12－4227
Landrails，birds
Picture（in color），9－3281
Land＇s End．Westernmost point of Great Brit ain，lrins nine milus foom pen\％ince．in（Corn wall．From here to John o＇Groats is usually considered the extreme length of the island．The
vicinity is noted for its scenery．
Tandscape painting，see Painting－landscape
Landseer，Sir Edwin，English artist
made lions in Trafalgar Square，12－4361
painting of，6－2235
Pirturs
Newfourictland dog，2－710
wild cattle，4－1258
Landseer，Thomas，engravings of brother＇s pic． tures，6－2235
Makers of the flag（address），19－7188
Lanfranc．incthlishop of ranterbury，influence 11f．8－28
Lanfranchi of Milan，medical writings，8－2725
Lang，Andrew，author，11－3999
Iangland，Willam，author of Vision of Piers Plowman，1－305

Iangley，S．P．，American scientist
attempted invention of airplane，1－172－73 invented bolometer，17－6080
Picture，early model of airplane，1－173
Langley，Walter，British painter
Picture，cottage fireside，11－3839
Irangmuir，Irving，and radio inventions，17－6368

Langobards，＊＊Limibards
Langton，Stephen，archbishop of Canterbury influence of，8－2850
Picture，speaking for Magna Carta，8－2850
Language，Universal，3－－
Languages
Aryan，spoken by Hindus and Europeans， 3－2821
differences in sounds，10－3560－61
origin of，8－2871；15－5515－16
statistics of，3－877
See also Chinese language；English language， etc．
Qurstions about
How did men learn to talk？15－5515－16
What language was usually spoken by Jesus Cinrsis：IU－3ま．t
Will all people ever speak the same lan－ guage？3－8\％
Languedoc．Old French province bordering the Gulf of Lyons．In dilcient times it contained some of the largest Roman settlements in Gaul， notably at Narbonne and Nimes，and it was the most cultured part of France up to the Albigen－ sian Crusade．Toulouse，Aigues－Mortes，Mont－ pelier and Carcassonne were among its towns．
Lanier，Sidney，American author，13－4815－16
Nec also Poetry Index for poem and note
Lansdowne，Lieut－Commander，American aviator in command of the Shenandoah， $1-170$
Lansing．Capital of the state of Michigan， 88 miles northwest of I）etroit，it has varied manu－ factures，including agricultural implements， automobiles，gasoline engines，furniture，wag－ ons，electric supplies，etc．Power is supplied from the Grand and Cedar rivers，which meet
here．
Lantern－flies，17－6072
Pictures，17－6071

## Lanterns

hanging，directions for making，6－2263
magic，directions for making，8－3018－22
paper，how to make，18－6777
Laocoön，sculptural group，12－4460 Picture 12－\＄462
Laodamia．Wife of Protesilaus．8－2820
Laon．Historic city of northern France，hav－
ing been the capital of the West Franks．For－ merly a strong fortress，it has a fine Gothic cathuiral ani a hislin？palace．

Picture，cathedral of Notre Dame（gravure），
17－6167
Lao－tsze，founder of Taoism，9－3088， 3090
Picture，in group，9－3089
Ia Paz，capital of Bolivia
note and picture，19－6974
La Pérouse，Comte Jean de．French navigator rival of Captain Cook；born near Albi，1741； lost at sea， 1788.
Lapis－lazuli，description，19－7232
Picture（in color），facing 19－7225
Laplace，Pierre Simon de，French scientist
theory on origin of earth，1－143
Lapland，inhabitants，15－5304
Pictures，5－1656；8－2981；15－5302
La Plata．Wide South American estuary on which Buenos Aires and Montevideo stand．It forms part of the boundary between Uruguay and Argentina． 145 miles broad at its mouth． it receives the Paraná and Uruguay rivers and drantm 1.4 thatum -1 mar miles． 240 miles．
La Plata．Viceroyalty of，19－7033－34
Lapsus linguæ．Latin phrase meaning＂slip of tl．．．to．．n is－immlar phrasf is lupions whimi．
Leapwings，birds

Larboard，meaning of term，14－5003
Larch trees，11－：！
du－．ription and picture，11－4104
Picture fruit（in color），11－4022
Larchmont，ship．Wreck of，14－5120－21
Larcom，Incy，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Lares and Penates，gods of the hearth，9－3234

Largs，Battle of，12．4208
Larks
＊Larks and their friends，9－3133－40
crested，account of，9－3134
fable about by AEsop
The lark and her young ones，15－5538
horned，account of，13－4 ：
in western North America，14－5137
meadow lark not a true lark，13－4，－
short－toed，account of，9－3134
lirtいe，9－3133
Larkspurs（delphinimms），belong to buttercup family，19－717 1
description，18－r，；it？
Picture，hybrid delphinium（gravure），19－717．
Ia Rochelle，France，note and picture，10－3575
Larynz，called voice－box
＊Voice－box and its uses，10－3555－61
man＇s and woman＇s compared， 41230
purpose of，4－1328
Pictures，with note， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 5 5}$
Is Salle，Robert Cavelier，Sieur de
explorations，1－248， 250
visited site of Chicago，19－7105
Pictures
portrait，1－245
searching for Mississippi River，2－676
Lass of Richmond Hill，song，origin of，10－3609
Lassen Peak，volcano，note and picture， $7=259$
Lassen Volcanic National Park，7－2288， 2290
Lassen Volcanic National Park，7－2288， 2290
Lasso，hrw twomies the Micans，by Cooper，quotations and summary，＊1－267－78
Last Supper，by Leonardo da Vinci，3－8：－ Picture，3－830
Latez，juice of rubber tree，4－1409
Latham，Hubert，aviator，1－174
Picture，airplane，1－175
Lathe，copying lathe invented by Blanchard， 19－7
Latin Fingdom of the Crusaders，7－2586－89
Iratin language，spread of，10－3546， 3548
Latin literature，see Roman literature
Latins，tribe of Italy，settlement，4－1191
Latins，tribe of Italy，settlement， ， $\mathbf{L}$－19
degree of，exact measurement by Ficari， 1－283
Ia Tour，Quentin de，French artist，5－1881－82
Latvia，account of，18－6461
＊description，16－5860
map，13－1585
Laud，William，archbishop，and Earl of Strafford $11-3,84$
Laudonniere，René de．A French navieator＇f the 16 th cerntury，who with Fibault fommoled it colony of French＇Huguenots near the St．John＇s River，Florida，between 1562 and 1565.
Laughing jackass，kind of kingfisher，9－3374
Laughter
（lucvtions about
Why do I laugh and cry？1－73－74
Why do we not laugh when we tickle our selves？11－3978
Laura，beloved of Petrarch，17－6152
Laurel，flower
mwuntain laurel，13－4754，4776
name given to rhododendron， $13-4783$
swamp laurel，description，19－6938
Pict ．irs
fruit（in color），11－4024
mountain laurel，13－4774
Laurens，Jean Paul，lrewih paintr．r．8－2，is
Laurentian Platean，description，1－110， 112
い小r：－i lard in world，3－iT3，775
［int．．．．e，3－775
Laurentic，ship，torpedoed in 1917
treasure recovered from，12－4186
Laurier，Sir Wilfrid．Mtomier of＂itnarla，\＆ 14.1
Lausanne．今，… ital of the canton of Vaud；famous as an educa－
 tinilal chtre cathedral．
Lausanne conference，1923，18－6459
Laut，Agnes C．，Canadian author，15－5369
Lava，Fluid rock which flows irom a crack in the earth＇s surface or from a volcano．It is mineral matter dissolved in mineral matter． solution taking place at a high temperature． If it cools rapidly，it produces glass，as obsid－ ian；if slowly，a crystalline rock．If it is full of expanded gases，it produces a cellular tex． ture，as in pumice．Lava flows out in streams or may ris．rflow in sheets

Laval University, Canada, 8-2950
Lavatera. Picture, flower (gravure), 19-7180
Lavender, flower
Picture, sea lavender (in color), 14-4982
Lavery, John, British painter, 8-2859
Lavoisier, Antoine. French scientist, chief founder of modern chemistry; born, Paris, 1743 ; guillotined there, 1794.

## Law

* Law-the power supreme, 13-4811
* Laws that we should know, 14-4913

Babylonian, code of Hammurabi, 2-652
civil law, 13-4813
common law, 13-4811-13; 14-4913
criminal law, 13-4813
habeas corpus, meaning of, 18-6553
ignorance no excuse, 14-4913-14
statute law, 13-4811; 14-4913
to protect children, 14-4915-16 wrongful acts, 14-4914-15
Nre alsn United states-Congress
Question about. What does the law mean by an act of God? 13-4595
Lawrence, St. Deacon to St. Sixtus who, when commanded by Valerian to give up the treasure of the Church, gathered together the poor and cripples of Rome, saying: "These are the chureh's treasures." He was broiled to death over a slow fire about 258 A.i
Lawrence, James, captain of the Chesapeake, 5-1704; 17-6330
Lawrence, Sir Thomas, English painter

* life and work, 7-2335
art of, 6-2112
Pictures
Portrait, 7-2327
Sir Thomas Lawrence as a Boy, by Margaret Dicksee, 7-2329
Boy with a Kid (gravure), 6-2119
Lady Gower (gravure), 6-2114
Mrs. Siddons (in color), 7-2339
Portrait of Warren Hastings, 6-2109
The Calmady Children, 9-3072
Iawrence, Perry's flagship, 17-6331
Laws, see Law
Lawson, Australian explorer, 3-862
Layard, Sir Austen Kenry, Finglish archæologist Assyrian discoveries, 2-649, 654, 655
finds rock crystal lens, 13-4669
Lazaretto. Hospital for the diseased poor, especially lepers; also a building or ship used for lurposes of gharantine The word is Italian, French form of the word is lazarette.


## Laziness

loom rbout. The sluggard, hy Isaac Watts 2-606
Leacock, Stephen Butler, Canadian author, 15-5371
Picture, portrait, 15-5373
Lead (Pb). A soft grayish metal, fairly malleable. It does not occur as a pure metal, and its commonnst form is galena (1'bs. sulphil "f learl). The Tnited itates is a great luathoroducer. Canada also has great deposits of galena and other lead-ores.
comes from uranium, 19-7246
countries producing, $9-3210$
countries producing, $9-3210$ weights, 3-1.023
Missouri mines, 17-6038, 6040
not in lead pencils, 9-3354
uses of, 9-3210
Leadership, economic value, 15-5358-59
Tieads, for measuring water-depth, 12-4422
Ieadville, Colorado, 18-6434
Leaf buds, see Buds
Leaf-cutter bee. 17-6227-28
Leaf insects, 17-6070
Picture, 17-6071
League of Nations
aill to Allstris, 17-fins: 18-fitho
and President Wilson, 8-2674
League of Princes, and Germany, 11-4n4?
Teaks, in hoa's, how to stop, 18-6645
Leanine Tower of Pisa, sce Pisa
Ieap-frog, game, 6-2164
Treap year, reason for, 1-238
Leapino-nole, how to use, 10-3769
Lear, Edward, see Poetry Index for noems and notes

## Leather

* history, sources, preparation and uses, 5-1549-58

Leather (continued)
animal skins used, 5-1550-51
chrome leather, 5-1550
diminishing supply, 5-1551
for shoes, 18-6445
imitations of, 5-1551
probluetion in U. S., 9-3216
Russia leather, 5-1550
l'ictures, 5-1549, 1552-58
Leather-jackets, limio of cranc-fic. 17-6419
Leather sucker, how to make, 3-902
Leavened bread, 1-371
Leavenworth prison barracks. I'icture', 17-6060
Leaves of plants
arransed to get most light, 1-334
experiment to show. starch manufacture, 2-616
give off water vapor, 2-506
of corn, structure, 5-1856
of grasses, description, 10-3525, 3526
of trees
notes with pictures, 11-4097-4108; 12-4251-60, 4387-96
shaking of, 15-5366
structure and work, 2-614-16
variations in seaside plants, 14-5157-58
veins, 2-616
withering, reason for, 2-510
 Cooper, 19-6990
Questions about
Is a leaf of a plant waterproof? 7-2360
What haplems when a luat lats irum a trew? 13-4595
Why do leaves change color in the autumn? 15-5520
Why have leaves so many different shapes? 4-1231
Picture, structure, 2-503
Lebanon. Syrian mountain range rising to over
10,000 feet. Anti-Lebanon runs parallel to it.
()wstion "hon!1. Il hat are the cedals of Leb. anon? 15-5361
I'icture, cedars, 15-5363
Le Brun, Charles, French painter, 5-1876
Le Brun, Madame Vigée, French painter, 5-1889
Fictures
Nadame Le Brun and Daughter (gravure), 5-1880
Portrait of Comte d'Espagne (gravure), 5-1878
Lecky, Sir William Edward, historian, 11-4002
Leclanché cell, description, 16-5672-73
note and picture, 16-5664
Tee, Charles (1731-82). British-American soldier. He served in British army, but came to America in 1773, and was later appointed majorgeneral by Congress. After service in the South he was in command under Washington, and was captured by the British. Long afterward it was discovered that he was willing to betray his adopted country
in New Jersey, 4-1168
Lee, Robert E., general
sketch of life, 6-2088-90
birthday a holiday in South, 6-2088
Picture, portrait, with note, 7-2431
See also United States-history-Civil War
Lee, Sergeant, and first submarine, 1-197
Iee, Sir Sidney. English author and biographer; born, London, 1859: died, 1926
Lee-Hamilton, Eugene, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Keech, worm. Picture, 19-7145
Leeds. Chief centre of the Yorkshire cloth industry, on the dire. In immorant railwas and commercial centre, it has large leather and envineering industries and many other manufac tures, thomsh the woolen trade is murh the most important. There are a university and a Roman Catholic cathedral, while within the city bounds is Kirkstall Abbey.
Ieek, emblem of Wales, origin, 17-6180-81
Leeuwenhoek, Anton van, discoveries with mi. croscope, $13-4670$
Leeward, meaning of term, 14-5003
Leeward Islands, 9-3191
Lefroy, Maxwell, and destruction of blow-flles 18-6,724
Teft-handedness, 9-3059-60

Logaré, James Mathew, see Poctry Index f(l) poem and note

Legend of Montrase，by Scott，note on，11－4071
Legends，sce Myths and legends
Ieghorn．Chiei seaport of Tuscany，Italy，with a good harbor and large shinbuilding yards．It has a 17 th－century cathedral with a facade de－ signed by Inigo Jones，and trades in coral and straw hats
Ieghorn，breed of poultry，12－4492
Fir－（ure（in colur）tacing 12－44y

## Iegislation，s＋e Law

Ieguminous Family of plants
as forage plants，7－2410－11
definition of， $7--61: /$
Ie Havre，French port，11－3821
Leibnitz，Gottfried Wilhelm von，German phl－ losopher，8－589
Picture，portrait，2－589
Leicester，Earl of，Robert Dudley
Picture，portrait（gravure），5－1821
Leif the Iucky（Leif Ericson），explorations of， 1－241：15－5．292
Leighton，E．Blair，artist
Picture，Lady Godiva Pleading with her Hus－ band，17－6295
Leightom，Frederick，lord，English artist
as painter，6－2236
as sculptor，
Pictures $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 8 5 6}$
Pictures
Ancient Britons trading with the Phœenicians， 4－1431
statue，The Sluggard，13－4855
Ieinster．Eastern province of Ireland，compris－ ing 12 counties；area，7，624 square miles．
Ieipzig．Commercial city in Saxony，Germany， farrotls ior its．great printing and book trades， its industrial fairs，its university，and its piano－ forte，paper，chemical and scientific－instrument manufactures．

Picture，Law Courts（gravure），12－4179
Leipzig，Battle of．Fought between Napoleon and the allied Russians，Austrians，Irussians and Swedes in 1813，and known as the Battle of the Nations．Blücher with 60,000 ，Schwerzen－ berg with 240,000 ，and Bernadotte with 135,000 men，pressed Napoleon so hard that his Saxon allies went over to the enemy，and he brought back only a part of his 300,000 men．

Spe also 10－3572

## Leisure

Poem about．Leisure，by H．W．Davies，9－3111
Ieiter＇s tube．Coil of flexible tube which is placed around a body or limb，and through which hot or cold water is poured to raise or lower the temprerature．
Leitrim．Crminty of Cunnaught．Irelant：area， 613 square miles；canital，Carrick－on－Shannon．
Ieland Stanford Junior University，see Stanford University
Lely，Sir Peter，Westphalian painter place in British art，6－2000
Pintures
Portrait of Comtesse de Grammont．6－2003 Portrait of Duchess of Cleveland，6－2003 Portrait of Mary Davis，6－2002 Portrait of Nell Gwyn，6－2003
Le Mans，Francy．
cathedral，17－6159
Picture，cathedral of St．Jullen（gravure）， 17－6168
Le May，Pamphile，French Canadian poet，
Lemberg．（hil．f rity of ‘ialinit．F＇alam！，with
Roman Catholic，Greek and Armenian cathedrals． description，13－4688，thith
Picture，cathedral，13－4681
Lemercier，Jacques，French architect， 18.6496
Lemmings，animals，3－1133
Pinture，3－1131
Lemors，account of．6－2058， 2060

Lemurs，first of monkey tribe，7－2416 use hands，8－2841
Picture．1－212
Iena．Great Siberian river rising in the Baikal
Mountains and flowing into the Arctic． 3,000 miles．
Ie Nain brothers，French painters，5－157 t Picturas
Pratsants at sunper（cravure），5－1878 Piper among the Hills，5－1875
Lenbach，Franz von，German painter，8－2852－53 Picture，portralt of Bismarck（gravure），8－2863

Leдepren，Jules，artist
Pictures（gravure）
Joan at the Coronation at Rheims， $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 1 6}$
Joan of Arc Whelcomed by the Populace 16－5816
Last Hour of Joan，16－5816
L＇Enfant，Fierre Charles，grave of，5－1542
plan for Washington，D．C．，5－1533
Leningrad，Russia，16－5856
Picture，cathedral（gravure），16－5722
Lenoir，Joseph，Canadian poet，14－5104
Lens．（ine of the chati voll－mathins centres of northern France，though much damage was done to the mintes in the wir．
Lens，of the eye， $10-3685-86$
Lenses，how made，13－4670
note and diagram，2－462
ust for magnifying，13－1ヶit？
Lent Lily，name for daffodil，17－6124
Lentils，account of，7－2．61t
Leon，ancient kingdom of Spain，14－5040
Leon．Largest city of Vicaragua，with a cathe－ dral and a university and a brisk trade in agri－ cultural produce，timber and minerals．
Leonardo da Vinci，see Vinci．Leonardo da
Leoncavallo，Ruggiero，Italian musical composer． 19－6425
गi．t－re，portrait，19－6912
Leonidas，king of Sparta

Leonids，shower of meteors，10－3672
Leopardi，Alessandro，Venetian sculptor，

P＇itui，pedestal of Colleoni monument，$\$ 1468$
Leopards，description，2－494 clouded，2－501
Pictures，（gravure），2－498－9？
Leopold，archduke of Austria
in Third Crusade，7－25s
Leopold II，king of Belgium
and Congo Free State，18－6812
Lepanto，Battle of 13－4500， 4803
Lepers，N．．．levilnsy
Lepidodendrons，ancient plants，4－1296
in liesonian rerions，4－11if
Ieprohon，Mrs．R．E．Muluins，Canadian author， 14－51116
Leprosy，disease，7－23：1 Father Damien and the lepers，7－2320－22
Lermontov，Michael，Russian author，19－6908
Lescot，Pierre，French architect，18－fil：
Lese majeste．Fronlh for an oftonse of disue－ ipect constituting a mild form of treason；liter－ ally，＂injured majesty．＂
Leslie，Shane，see Poetry Index for poem and
Les Misérables，by Victor Hugo
＊quotations and summary，11－3861－72
Lesseps，Viscount Ferdinand de．French diplo－
matist and engineer；built the Suez Canal；born，

atul Panama Canal，1－364
and Suez Canal．13－4786
Iesser Bear，constellation
in mytholosy，9－3233
Lessing，Gotthold Ephraim，German dramatist， 17－ドごい－－
I．Suene，Eustache，French painter，5－1876
Lethe，sleep of forgetfulness，9－3238
Letter－boxes
ynutimn about．Whyy dons the slo：of a letter－ box slant upward？18－firis
Lettering，directions for，15－5596－97
Letters

addressing needs care，8－2654， 2656
delivery of，she Pustal service
first use of postace stamps，6－2251
Putm about．How to Write a Letter，by Mrs． Turner，14－4 5
Question about．Why can we not send a letter withent a stamp on it？ $9-3355$
Letters of marque．Commissions to private per．
 ahulished at Congress of Paris， 1856.
Letton，John，arly printer．9－33S6
Lettre de cachet．In France a sealed letter dl－ reatime the arrest and imprisunment uf a persol without trial：abolished by the Revolution．

## Lettace

account of，7－2616
miner＇s．see Miners＇lettuce

Lettuce（continued）
Fictures，7－2620
acrid lettuce（in color），13－4878
ivy－leaved（in color），14－4988
wild lettuce， 9 －3396
Leucothoë，Catesby＇s，19－7089
Toutze，Lmanuel，American painter，9－3333 Picturis．
Milton and Cromwell，12－4434
Washington crossing the Delaware， $4-1169$ Ievant．Name appled to the eastern shores of the Mediterranean，especially to those of Turkey，Syria and Egypt．
Leveling，how spirit level works，18－6553
Leven，Loch．Scottish lake containing several beautiful islands．On one of these，Castle Island，are the ruins of the castle in which
Mary Queen of Scots was imprisoned．
Is Verrier，Urbain Jean Joseph，French astron－ omer
and Mercury，9－3290
discovery of planet Neptune，10－3414
Ieviathan，ship，description，12－4428
Picture，12－4414
Ievulose，sugar from fruit，10－3416
Iewes，Battle of，5－1572
Lewis，Matthew Gregory，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Iewis，Meriwether，see Lewis and Clark expe－ dition
Lewis，Sinclair，novelist，14－5012
Lewis and Clark expedition．5－1－n3．18－6 $\ddagger 26$
Iewis Castle，England．Picture，7－2297
Lewis Island，Hebrides，of volcanic origin， 7－2313
Iexington，Battle of， $\mathbf{4}-1163$
Picture，with note，18－6834
Leyden．Beautiful old Dutch clty，famous for its defense against the Snaniards，1573－74．It has a celebrated university and a fine picture gallery，and manufactures textiles．

Picture，15－5561
Leyden jar，invention of，4－1246；16－5666－70
Ihasa，Tibet，note and picture，1B－6587
Ihermitte，Léor Augustls，French painter， 7－2372
Picture，Payin？the Reapers，9－3076
Liberator，news saper，published by Garrison， 11－3939
Liberia．West African Negro republic；area， $\$ 0,00 \Omega$ square miles；capital，Monrovia．Founded oy the American Colonization Society in 1822 ior the resottlement if iretd slaves．it was recognized as independent in 1847．Palm ker nels and oil，piassava，coffee，cocoa，ivory and kola nuts are exported．
location．18－6811
Liberté，Egalité，Fraternité．French for＂lili－ erty，Equality，Fraternity＂；the motto of the French Repubiic，adopted as a motto by the Revolutionists in 1789.

## Liberty

＊Defenders of liberty，13－4583－91
and English Romantic poets，7－2493
English struggle for，against Stuarts， 6－1974－78
growth in England， 19 th century，7－2298
griesth in Furnif．icth went：r\％il－3 ai：
I＇orm nh，aut．Present Crisis，by J．R．Lowell，
Liberty Bell．Famous bell in Independence Hall，Philadelphia．The bell was ordered from Fngland hy the Pennsylvania fieneral issumti！ in 1751 and arrived in 1752 ．but cracked before it was hunc．It was rerast twicम in Fhilalle？ nhia，and hune．When the Narlapatimy of Tral． riendence was farmally read to the panale．Julve 17．6．the hell was rung hoth forfor．and afor It cracked while tolling for the funtral of Chief Tustice Marshall，fifty－nineyears afterward．The rinem on mase $5 \sin ^{\circ} \mathrm{i}$ is inaccurate historically

Form ahriut Indenandance Bell，15－F64s
Pirtures，15－5648；18－6831

## Librates

children＇s．15－5624．5628
first cirmilating nne in Amprica 12－4449
in ancient Ascyria 2－658：18－6672
New Yark Puhif Titrary $17 \ldots$
traveling libraries in Labrador，7－2500
Pintures
children＇s rnnm．15－＝6？
New York Public Library，17－6213

Library of Congress，5－1534，1536－37
I＇ictures，5－1537，1543
Iibya，Italian name for Tripoli，18－6811
old name for Tunisia，18－6806
Libyans，people of Africa
first used horse，6－2014
Picture，3－817

## Ilchens

＂double plants，＂alga and fungus，3－882； 10－3723－24
uses，5－1628
Pictures，10－3720
Ifchfield．Ancient city of Staffordshire，with $\varepsilon$ splendid three－spired cathedral．Ur．Johnson was born here，his birthplace low being a mu seum．
cathedral，16－5969
Lichtenberger，André，French author
Sad heart of a little Troti（story），14－4945
＂Iicks，＂origin of name，6－2190
Licorice，medicinal plant，8－2913
Liddell，Alice，and Lewis Carroll，9－3198
Lie，Jonas，Norwegian novelist，19－7013
Picture，portrait，19－7009
Lieb，Michael，see Munkácsy
Llebig，Justus von，Baron，German chemist， 2－592
Piclure，portrait，2－583
Liechtenstein．Principality on the Upper Rhine， between Switzerland and Austrian Vorarlberg area， 65 square miles．It is the third from smallest sovereign state in Europe．
Liége．Belgian city on the Meuse，in a great coal－mining district．Besides woolens and leather，it has a great manulacture of iron and steel，the locomotive works at Seraing near by being especially important．Heroically resisted German advance in 1914 until overwhelmed by artillery fire and superior numbers．

## 工ife

＊Life that fills the earth，1－49－52
＊How life goes round and round，1－117－21
＊First living things，1－219－22
＊Very seat of life，2－661－64
＊Alcohol，the enemy of life，8－2681－8
elements necessary for，2－664
first forms of， $\mathbf{2}-117$ ；2－634；3－881
length of man＇s life increasing， $14-5218$
living things，how different from not living 1－49－52
lowest forms of，single cell，2－661－64
variety of，and interdependence，1－91－92
See also Cells，Living
Question about．Is a stone alive？17－6174
Life in the waters，＊ $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 3 9 - 4 2}$
Life that fills the earth，＊1－49－52
Lifeboats
heavy keel makes safer，14－5179
invention of，19－7207
self－righting，17－6406
Question about．What special valve helps llfe boats to keep afloat？ $5-180$
Ilfebooy，directions for using，18－6639
Light
＊Light and what makes it，16－5807－12
＊Where color comes from，17－6079－82
and quivering appearance from heat，5－17ジ： and the spectroscope，11－3922
as measure for distance of stars，11－3784
chemical action of，10－3683
effect on health． $4-1415$
effect on plants． $2-1+5$
experiments，4－1475
electric，see Electric lamps：Electric lighting electromagnetic theory，17－6080－81
experiment with，fairy fountain，2－627
intensity，law of，10－3577；17－6081
medical effects，Finsen＇s discoveries，15－5492
penetration into sea，11－．． 11
radiation pressure，16－5809－10
reflected from clouds，8－2924
reflection，laws of，17－6081－82
refraction，see Refraction，of light
＊relation to color，17－6079－82；11－3804
and color of sea，6－2124
necessary to brine out color，8－2874 some colors invisible to human eye，10－3579 relation to ethirr．sur Light－wave theory relation to heat， $3-877$ ；12－4157－58 relation to mnvement of electrons，16－5808－n9 speed of，10－3473－74：16－5807
for measure ni distance of stars，9－3033－34 See also Light－year

Light（continutis）
sun＇s light pressure on the earth，10－3665
use in our bodies，6－2186
wave theory of， $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 0 7 - 0 8}$
ripples in ether， $13-4666$
travels through ether，12－4156－58
wave of ether，not air，11－3977
waves compared with sound waves，16－5811－12 $\therefore$ also Lighting；Spectrum


 that comes from them？2－458


How rb，fland－sta！smlleht？4－14．5．
 10－\％1－7－：
Is it darkest just before dawn？12－4506
What is meant by phosphorescent light？ 2－586
 － $116=$－6－11－
Thy do metals let light through when beaten thti？5－17511
Why do some colors change in artificial light？ $7-\because 6$.
Why info．．the air not strp the litht of the sun？15－5．520
W＇hy does steam put a light out？11－3979
Why fs it ask at bient？1－is
 behind clouds？16－7．$\frac{1}{4}$
Light and shade
how rendered in pictures，5－1711


Light in painting．．．．Fwomsle－｜c：il
 －. $\operatorname{lin}$ nation，with picture，11－3：2．

Lighthall，William Douw，Canadian author， 14－nilim
Lighthouse，Al．xa：Mria．3－ヘ21：7－＿6n4
I＇（for I gravure），7－25い
Lighthouses
 itself？10－3476
Jir fle．
at Platte Fougere，10－3476


## Lighting


（ A－113 3 3－N．．3． 6

by petroleum products， $13-4540$
early forms，2－635
how man learned to strike a light，1－309
：J1： 1 ．．．．．．．．

## Lightning

［：－$\quad 1$ min Franklin＇s experiments with，4－1248 － $4 .$.
heat lightning explained，8－5．t
．n sulai．！．8－2l．！


What is the force in lightning that kills a man？15－：
 thl＝：
 （but all．．r－6－－1 $\quad \therefore$
Lightring，clipper ship，11－3920
Lightning conductor


Lignite，，（al，3－7．
Iigny，Battle of，6－2：－1．
Lilienthal，Otto，German pioneer aviator，1－172 Lilies

cultivated，notes on，19－7！．
varieties and description，19－7171－72

$\therefore \cdot$. II $y$ ，name for daffodf1，17－6124



－．．．in ．．．－iters ill．
…）．．．．．．waravilias
 $\therefore$ nisla $27 \cdot 1384$

Lilies（continucd）
Pictures
auratum and Madonna－lilies（gravure） 19－і175
garden lilies，19－7168
Turk＇s－cap lily（gravure），19－7177
Lilinokalani，queen of Hawaii，10 ans．


 factures，besides others of tohaceo，paper，sugis and machinery

Lilliput，satirical name for England．3－：4．
Lily－of－the－valley．19－71：－
／＂M信（gravure）19－7178；（in color），14－4987
Lima．Capital and largest city of Peru，seven miles from its port，Callao．Founded in 1535 by Pizarro，it has a fine cathedral and the olfi， ？ university in the western hemisphere；manufac－ tures include textiles，pottery，paper，soap，dye－ suffs and tobacco．
cathedral，note and picture，19－6 ？
centre of Spanish rule of South America， 19－6×64
Limbs，in animals，development of， $\mathbf{1 - 2 5 9}$

## Lime

children need，in food，6－2188

use in mortar，7－2305
Lime，fruit，use on ships，6－2058， 2060
Limerick．Capital of County Limerick，Munsi．．
 standing where the Shannon becomes navigable
 the chief export：there is also trade in lacm
siege of，8－2935


Limestone，
（ $4: \cdots$ in．4－1－9月
rintebs． $3-1$ ns

Limited liability，explanation，15－5360
Limners，name for portrait painters，9－332．




Limpets，molluses，19－6891－92
ノ゙に1月 19－688？


1．．a！．：：11．．．
Linacre，Thomas，founded college for physicians in Vingland， $8-7$.


Lincoln，Abraham，president of U．S．
life，3－1：1：－11
life，outline of，11－3953





 Markham，5－15： 10－3736
Pinturea．portrait．3－1＂？
portrait（gravure），11－39 histtallan with ：．．t．．．18－b． home in Springfield，11－3941

 reading Emancipation Proclamation to Cabl－ net．7－2426 $\therefore$ abiac ！f Fi－sul 3－mis

Lincoln，Joseph Crosby，novelist，14－5011
Lincoln，Mrs．Mary Todd，wief Alr：ism ILin vis．2－395－96
Picfure，portrait，2－391

 an important grain and milling tienl．Ic is alw．
 braska is here．
raska is here．
Iincoln，Lincland．cathedral．26－5970

Lincoln Memorial, Washington, D. C., 5-1542 Picture, 5-1544
Lind, Jenny. Swedish singer; born, Stackholm, 1820; died, near Malvern, England, 1887. Made famous tour of America under management of P. T. Barnum

Lindbergh, Colonel Charles A., 1-180-81
Picture, with plane (gravure), l-frontis.
Linden trees
description and pictures, 11-4103
uses, 12-4378
Iindsay, Lady Anne (Anne Barmard), author of Auld Robin Gray, 10-3607, 3609-10
Line, in arawing, 5-1710-11
Linen

* How we get linen, 9-3317-22
countries producing, 9 -3216
how to test, 5-1774-75
Pictures
* processes in linen-making, 9-3320-23 samples of old linen, 9-3319
Ling, fish, name for hake, 16-5780
Ling, flower. Picture (in color), 14-4989
Lingard, John, historian, 9-320.5
Links, name for torches, 9-3353
Linnæa borealis, see Twin flower
Linnæus, Carolus, Swedish naturalist life and work, 2-589-90
named bird of Paradise, 8-2894
named cacao plant, 7-2536
writings in Latin, 19-7010
Pirtures
portrait, 19-7009
after a botanical ramble, 2-588
Iinne, Karl von, see Linnæus, Carolus
Linnell, John, artist
Picture, Noonday Rest, 12-4503
Linnets, birds, 8-2973
Picture, nest and eggs, 8-2971
Picture (in color), 9-:,
Linoleum, how made, 5-1551
Linotype machine
description, 3-1056, 1060-62
Pictures, 3-1062
Linseed oil, uses of, 8-2786
made from flax seeds, $8-2680$
Lion of Iucerne, monument to Swiss Guards, 3-888; 6-2132
Isionel of Antwerp (Duke of Clarence), in Ireland, 5-1683
Lions
* description and characteristics, 2-493-94
attacks on human beings, 2-494, 501
fable about, by Esop
The fox and the lion, 6-19f!?
sensitive to hiph-pitched notes, 18-6439
story about, Lard of the lions, 2-10t
toy, how to make, 3-895
Pictures, 5-1582-83
in native lair, $2-495$
museum specimen, 18-6621
Pictures (gravure) 2-497, 499-500
Lippi, Fra Filippo, Italian painter, 2-69! Picture, Madonna adoring the Child, 2-69n
Lips, structure and uses, 6-1931
Liquid compass. Dhw in which the "ard is submerged in a rhamber filled with liquid - ficturally 35 jarts of alcohol and 65 of distilled water. hut sombrtimes onl.
Liquidambar tree, 12-4510, 4513
Picture, 12-4513
Liquids
behavior of, 3-879; 15-5285-89
boiling points of, 8-3014
mixing easy if molecules similar, 11-3842
movernent of molecules, 12-11:i!
pressure, experiment to show, 19-i081
Jufstions about
Why cloes the tua run throush a lump of sugar? 3-879
Why does water find its own level? 4-1229
Lisbon. Capital and chief port of Portligal Having been almost destroyed by the earthqlatke of $175 \%$ the city is ernerally mondern. with wide strewts and fime stmares, thr momastery and church of Belem are a splendid monument to the seamen of the nation. Textiles, jewelry, hardware, soap and leather are manufactured.
description. 14-5188
Pictures. 14-5189
Praca de Commercio, 14-5183
public garden, 14-5186

Lisle, Rouget de, see Rouget de Lisle
Lister, Joseph, lord, English surgeon, 15-54.83-85 Pittures
portrait, 15-5485
portrait, with parents, 15-5618
Ligzt, Eranz, Hungarian musical composer and pianist, 19-7150-51

* life and work, 19-6923

Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Iitchi, tree
licture, fruit (in color), 8-9,000
Literary Garland, Canadian publication, 14-5105-06
Iiterature
value and beauty of, 1-79-81
See ulso American literature: Arabian literature; Canadian literature; Greek literature: Oriental literature; Roman literature, etc.
Iithium, specific gravity of, 14-5038
Lithuania

* history and description, 16-5860
account of, 18-6461
adopted Christianity, 13-46S0
map, 13-4685
Litmus paper, from lichens, 5-1628
Little, Arthur, American architect, 18-6684
Little Claus and Big Claus (story), 2-755-56
Little Elk Lake
rfal source of Mississippi, 16-.5653
Little Entente, in Europe, 17-6344
Little Falls, N. Y.
Picture, locks on canal, 13-4887
Iittle Fox River, Canalla. J'icture, 1-10!
Iittle many-legs, * 16-6011-20
Iittle Mothers' League, N. Y. city, 15-5622
Little poor man of Assisi, * 6-1991-98
Little red elephant, flower, description, 18-6664
Little Rock. Capital of Arkansas, built on a rocky bluff 50 feet above the Arkansas River, here spamned by four brideres. 'This rity has larer wholesale interests and trand by rivid and rail in cotton, lumber, and ballxite ore. It manufactures cotton gins and presses, cotton, manuractures cotton gins and arniture, brick and tile.

Picture, Capitol, 14-4897
Live oaks, 12-4246; 13-4638
Liver, use in digestion, 6-2086
Liverleaf, see Hepaticas
Irivermore, Mrs. Mary, life and work, 14-5276 Iiverpool. Port of Lancashire, second largest in England. It has about 27 miles of quays along the Mersey, and over 400 acres of docks; its trade, with America especially, being enormous. Vast quantities of cotton, timber. sugar. cereals, fruit, cattle and tobacco are imported: the manufactured goods of Lancashire, Yorkshire and the Midlands are exported in return. finfres ply to all parts of the world, athel ther. are many manufactures. Liverpool has a unt. versity and a modern cathedral, and covers about 33 square miles.
architecture, 18-6492
effect of British Canal, 13-4786
Pieture, cather? Mal, 18-ti..11.
Liverwort (hepatica), flower, see Ifenaticas
Liverworts, plants, cryptogams, 3-882; 10-3721

Lives of the poets, by Samuel Johnson, 5-1867 1870
Livesay, Mrs. Florence Randal, Canadian author, 14-
Living fossils, * 7-2393-2400
Livingstone, David, African explorer and missionary

* life and explorations, 2-468-70
encounter with lion, 2-501
Picture, Livingstone's last journey, 2-464
Livy, Roman historian, 16-5912
Picture portrait, 16-5907
Lizard, The. Southernmost cape of Great Brit"in. at the tip of the lizard peninsulat of rornwall
Iizaxds, account of, 14-5230-34
Pictures, 14-5231, 5233
Lizard's tail, blant, 19-7088 Picture. 19-7091
 Picture (gravure), 5-1604
Llanos, definition, 6-2171
Llewelyn, Welsh prince
and his dog, Gelert, 5-1693
Llewelyn, last Welsh prince
crown hung in Westminster Abbey, 5-1680


## GENERAL INDEX

Load－line on a ship，14－5003
Picture，14－5003

## Lobsters

account of，16－i995t－55
Question about．Why do lobsters turn red in boilines＂16－5S＋15
Pictures，1－257；16－5951
Local government，taxes，13－4556
Local option．system by which a district is griven bower to decide what course shatl be taken in its area on a particular（fllestlon．The trim is lasually atplied to the sale of intoxi－ cants，local option having been adopted in Can－ ada，Australia，Scotland and elsewhere with barying rusults lit lhe linitud states it has been sumeraided ly lyohibition．
Locard（or Lockhart），Sir Simon，and Bruce＇s hビはT，12－1210
Lochner，Stephen，German painter，4－1343－44
Picture，Adoration of the Wise Men，4－1343
Locke，David Ross，American author，13－4816
Locke，George H．，Canadian author，15－5374
Locke，John．Most famous English philosopher of his day；born，Wrington，Somerset， 1632 ；died， Hish Laver，Essex． 1704.
study wf the mind，11－4066
Lockout，definition，17－6094
Lockport，N．Y．
Picture，locks on canal，13－4885
Locks
＊How a lock is made，6－2021－26
Pictures，with notes，6－2023－26
Locks of canals
＊explanation，13－4785－86
Eric Canal，13－4885，4887， 4888
l＇illiallar Citlal 1－36．2－6it
Pictures，13－4785，4787，4789－90
Little Falls，N．Y．，13－4887
Lockport，N．Y．， $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 8 8 5}$
lonks of I＇anammat＇almal，1－365，$n 6 \mathrm{~S}$
on Rideau River，Ottawa，5－1832
Locksmith，of Middle Ages，6－2022
Lockyer，Sir Norman．Ghslish astronomer； born，Rugby，1836；died，Sidmouth， 1920.
invented astronomical instrument，9－3178
propounded meteoric hypothesis， $1-286$
Pietwre，portrait，1－281
Loco weeds，description，18－6664
Locomotives
earliest locomotive in England，5－1612
early ones in United States，5－1618
clectric．2－1111：16－：
George Stephenson and，5－1611－18
machinery，explanation，2－406－07

（f）ustion alout．Why does a railway emgine Duff？15－5366
Pirtures，2－405－09，411， 418 different modern types，2－416－17 early types， $5-1610-11,1615,1617$ electric locomotive，16－55：！ working parts（in color），2－406－07

## Locust trees

account of，12－4386；13－4780
honey－locust，12－4508
Pictures
flower，with note，13－4774
tree，flower and leaf，12－4381
Locusts，insects，account of，17－6068， 6070 eggs eaten by fly，17－6423

profitable uses of，18－6723
Pictures，18－6733
migratory locust（in color）facing 18－6720
swarm in Algeria，18－6721
Lodestone，natural magnet，16－5797
power of attraction，4－1243
Lodge，Sir Oliver．fonelish scientist，a pioneer of electricity and wireless telegraphy；born， Penkhull，Staffordshire， 1851.

Picture，portrait，17－6235
Lodge，Thomas，English dramatist，2－721
Lodore，Falls of．Srories of cascarles at the upper end of Lake Derwentwater，Cumberland， England．
Lodz．Second largest Polish city，with great
Lofoten Islands．Norwerian island sroul，with
 southernmost is the strong current known as the M：4－1－1 rion．
Log cabins，homes of American pioneers， 5－1658

Iogan，John A．，gencral in Civil War
established Memorial Day，6－2092
Logan，John E．，sec P＇vetry Index for poem and
Logan Sea，prehistoric，in America，5－1545
Loganberries．Picture，6－2061
Logging，see Lumber and lumbering
Logwood，account of，9－3153－54
picture，leaf and flower（in color），8－2998
Iohengrin，story of，8－2957－60
Loire，French river，11－3816
Lombardi，family of Venetian sculptors，4－1459 17－6311
Lombardo，Pietro，Venetian sculptor and archi－ tect，4－1459；17－6311
Lombards
Pepin took land from，11－3960
settled in Italy，11－3960；12－4407
工ombardy poplars，see Poplar trees
Lomond，Loch．Largest and one of the most leatutaful suotlish lakes，lying between lum－ bartonshire and Stirlingshire． 27 square miles in extent，it is 23 miles long and 5 miles broad and is dominated by Ben Lomond． 3,200 feet．
Lomonosov，Michael，Russian author，19－6906
London，England
＊（irtat builders of London，12－4353－61 churehes
St．Bartholomew，16－5964
Temple Church，16－5966
s＇ee ulso Cathedrals，English
gas－light first used，3－492－93
Great Fire， $1666, \mathbf{6 - 1 9 8 0} ; \mathbf{9 - 3 1 5 8 ; 1 2 - 4 3 5 6}$
John Evelyn＇s description，5－1730；8－2819 Great Plague，6－1980
Houses of Parliament，12－4360－61
National（iallery，12－t：igi
Roman London，4－1322：17－6283－84
story aboul，（ing amd Magom．14－5194－95
Tower of London，see Tower of London
Trafalgar Square，12－4361
Poems about
Composed on Westminster Bridge，by Wil－ liam Wordsworth，12－4350
The lleatras 111 Landon Town，by Eolwarl Shillito，10－3737
Question about．How did London begin？ 17－6283
＊Pictures，12－4352－59
Temple church（gravure），16－5975
London，Tower of，see Tower of London
London，Treaty of， 1915
provisions about Albania，18－6463
London Bridge．I，rmer＇across the Thames， London，England．Granite bridge of five arches，
 total length is 928 feet，and its width 63 feet．
London Company，to colonize America，

$$
2-511
$$

Iondon Pricie，plant，note and picture，15－5603
London Weekly News，tirst timglish hewspaper， 7－： 483
Londonderry．Second larsest city of Northern Ireland，capital of County Londonderry．Stand－ ine on the losle，it ：s＝wtroumbl！hy walls，ith！ is fimmous for its lesistituce to James il al itis！
 Africultural produce is exported and line man－ Catholic cathedrals．
siege of，8－2934
Long，Crawford $\mathbf{W}$ ．，and early use of anæsthet－ ic※ 8－ッーシリ
Long dozen．Thirteen．The term is employed in selling articles when an extra article is given with every dozen as an inducement to purchase A variant term is＂hatier＂s dozen，＂
Long Island．An island forming the southeast－ ＂rll section of Niw lork state．Area，1，682
 23 miles．Erouklyn is one of the horouehs of Greater New York City．Manv ponular summer resorts are situated on Long Island．The many market gardens have caused Long Island to be nicknamed＂New York＇s vecetable garden．
Long Island，gattle of．liatte of liovolution
 1776．American army was badly defeated，and


Long mose，9－＊；is
l＇i．t⿲二丨日，9－？－ 6 万
Longfellow．Henrv Wadsworth．13－4726－27
See also Poetry Index，for poems and notes

Zongfellow，Henty Wadsworth（onntinued） Pi＝ur．
purtrelt，13－17＿7
wircamitaca．in Fortlar．c！Ma．12－416？
Hal Honglellow＇s home，13－：
Long＇s Deak，meuntan，7－1＿－＊
Longview，Washington，lumber mills，with pic－
Longview Fazim，Mo．，note and picture
15－－7 ，－i
Lönrot．Elias，ar．d the Kale\％ala，19－7 014
Looking－glass，of Mirror
Looms，… Nuasing
Loons，heds，11－11－0－g
P，cenc．
thactethmates Inon（in color），9－3：3e

Loosestrife，$\because 6$ w－r．if：rupticn，16－3E．6

y－

Pictal：
suntis low．．．．infie 16－：76



Pisfar zith ruit．14－．jess
Iope de Vega，．．．
Lopez，Carlos Antonio，ruler of Uruşus\％， 19－6．．


Lord Dunmore＇s War，s．il Lenfl Eisnt，6－．16，
Loord of the Lions（stc：？），2－－！

Lorenzetti，Pietro．Italian painter．2－．．－
 donna．2－5．f1
Lorenzo，Fiorenzo di，Italian painter，3－：\％j
 Af！ is the－－－min ．．On onosteat rallway rout－

Lories，birds， $10-3 \cdot 10:$
Lorikeets，birds 10 ．
Fi farus fla culor），10－3．839
$\therefore 10$ ，


Loriquets，．．f．gil．．．．．．
Ioris，animal．Picture，1－1！－

livtar＊k
：insid at the Cave of Adullam，5－1893 i．anile．i lmopatre． $5-1 \mathrm{l} 75$
Lorraine．Old French province which contains

taken by finromay in 1 iti wa－cantirnal in Eres．－In ly 18

Lory， 1 ：：
plicir black－capped（in color），10－3：3？？
Los Angeles．roir．．．．．．．？？

 whurt insil．in fruit ：A．A．An incorthe ond oil industries．Noted por the public splr．：


＋al＋2：（an $17-6375$
$\hat{i}$－tinks
C：If．．：m．7－2312
…
Angeles， $6-1, \quad 9-21 T$
… 111 ：！ill．．．．．．．．


Lost Chord．AE Alé ue 10－：ill
Lost Colong of Boanoke，17．．．． 14．－：．41．．
Lost continent burwhan Asiz and Aubtralia
 8－211．1．
Lotto．Lorenzo．T1all．＝3lnt．．－3－11018

Loud speaker，in rad．o，invarition ardi 山ke 17－6189

Loudan，Mouat，Eritish painter
Fi，tri E．Aing the Fair，16－5522
Louis，St．e see Louis IX．King of France
Louls IX，Ane of Erames
＝11f．16－7817－16
c．．．r．Num ur hy Jntr．vills，18－65 52


Pirtirn

dimin：－1．
Ittia al．i．，all and i．．mothe：laral iral 16．－：

Louis XI，Ann：1t：Franca

3141t 18 if．． $1: 10-3435$
PWC日
Louis XII．$\therefore$ 鹃＂f $\bar{f}$ ：ancos

Lotuis EIV，inn－F F：anca
$\because 1-\therefore, 20-\therefore \quad \therefore!1$
3：：a）5－．\％14，

German war and intrigue，11－3．5！ $3+6,5$

Louis XVI．al．－int Frant：

prayer at b－monmere of an， 10.3 sts
－ff ith the fof．m 10－in：

$\ldots: \cdots$ and
thenh ：10－ S ：
risitur
－a！ 1 all $6-$ ： 5
－ertus tharro tha Revolution，6－212\％
1月 $10-$
Louis XVIII，king of France．reign，10－35：2
Louis Pidupue．Ah＝I rea 20．



エuuise．inl an int bric．．．a＂
Lonisiade Archipelago g．r ses，11－3．．．
Louisiade Archipelago，9．．．！
Iruisiana．Ahie ontisulli，the f．o，ath wt the



 in production of sulphur，and aiso has much


 －i／f．：Justice and Confidence．＂Louisiana Was named for Louis XIV of France by Pobert Was named for Louis XI of France by Pobert

… 1111．！ 14－4．．．－：－10

## hustery

De Sotr，＇s extuerlition． $\mathbf{1 -}-\frac{1}{6}$
：31 red and named by Ia Salle，1－348

Mo
．．Whir if ：： 5 5－1T11
Qilley 11 ，$\because$
secarled（Jan．26， 1861 ）． $7 \cdot 24$
in Civil War．13－4
prorluces sulphur and petroleum，13－45：6

：116 11as 19－71\％，
Jh．
sugar plantation， $10-1!17$
mert＝14－3 21



 ．．．．



 4 48
Lomasibury．Charies．Ah－：s．ill if．5－14：7

Iourdes．French pilgrimage town at the foot of the Pyrenees，with a famous shrine in a grotto．It is estimated that 600,000 pilgrims visit yearly the shrine of Our Lady of Lourdes．
Touse，cause of trench fever，18－6732－33
Iouse－wort，parasitic plant，1－332
Louvain．Belgian university city，a famous an－ cient seat of learning．The cathedral and uni－ versity library were destroyed by the Germans in 1914 ，but the splendid town hall remains．

Picture．Town Hall，15－5503
I＇Ouverture，Toussaint，see Toussaint l＇Ouver－ ture
Louvre，palace，now an art gallery，Paris
arehitecture，18－6495－96
Question about．Where and what is the Louvre？15－5362
Picture（gravure），11－3826

## Love

as inspiration to art，1－62
Poems al，out
Abou Ben Adhem and the Angel，by Leigh Hunt，3－1138
The Bargain，by Sir Philip Sidney，19－6991
Bedouin Song，by Bayard Taylor，9－3270
Blind Archer，by Sir A．C．Doyle，7－2526 Disdain Returned，by Thomas Carew，9－3110 The Great Adventurer，8－2767
How do I love thee，by Mrs．E．B．Browning， 15－5647
How Many Times？by T．L．Beddoes， 10－3644
Life in a Love，by Robert Browning，1－325 Love and Friendship，by Thomas Moore， 19－6872
Love and the Young Knight，by T．G．Rob－ erts，10－3484
Love＇s Reasonings，by Charles Mackay， 11－4033
Man＇s Requirements，by Mrs．E．B．Browning． 5－1titi；
A Match，by A．C．Swinburne，8－3006
Passionate Shepherd，by Christopher Mar－ lowe，9－3274
Red．Fed Kuse，by Robert Burns，9－3274 When You are Old，by William Ernest Hen－ ley，16－5866
Woman＇s Shortcomings，by Mrs．E．B．Brown－ ing，13．4743
For fuller list，see 20－7674－75
＂Love－apple，＂name for tomato，7－2614
Love birds， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 1 8}$
Picture，10－3615
Tovelace，Erancis，governor of New York colony started first mail service in North America，

Lovelace，Richard，see Poetry Index for poems
Lover，Samuel，Irish writer
wrote song，Rory O＇More， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 1 0}$
See also Poetry Index，for poems and notes
Low Countries
Question about．What are the Low Countries？ 17－1，2． 4
Lowell，Amy，author，14－5013
Pieture，portrait，14－5013
Lowell，James Russell，American writer
＊life and writings，13－4728－29
essays of，13－4815
verse to Ása Gray，19－7054
See also Poetry Index，for poems and notes Picture，portrait and note，13－4724
Lowell，Percival，astronomer，1－286－87
Lowell．Important industrial city of Massachu－
setts，with cotton，woolen and machinery manu－
factures．
Iower Canada（now Quebec）
＊history，17：1－14 14，3－！11－1
government under Lord Durham，4－1483
 Sifer Ilso（2ueline
Loyalists，those loyal to England in American Revolution
Canadian，in War of 1812，5－1705

Covalty Islands，account of， 9.3304
Loyalty Islands，account of，9－3304
belong to France，9－3．
Loyola，St．Ignatius de，13－4869
Picture，portrait．13－i 5.4
Tozeau，Albert，F＇rench Canadian poet，14－5110
Tibeck．Important German Baltic port，for－
merly head of the Hanseatic Leag＇．．．

Iucas，J．Seymour，British painter
Pictures
Louis XI in peasant＇s hut，10－3435
Sir Francis Drake（in group），5－1819
Iucca．City of northern Italy，with a great trade in olive oil and silk．Once a powerful re－ public，it has an 11 th－century cathedral，nearly 40 churches，and some fine art collections．
Lucerne，Switzerland
description，17－6089
Lion of Lucerne，3－888；6－2132
notes and picture，16－6006－07
Lucerne，Lake of．（one of the most lefalutiful swiss lakes，covering 44 square miles．It is dominated by the mountain peaks of Rigi and Pilatus，famous for the splendid views from their summits；at its west end is Lucene

Picture，17－6085
Lucerne，or alfalfa，fodder－plant，7－2412
Tucifer，in ancient mythology，was Venus，the morning star，9－3233
Iucilius，Caius，Roman poet，16－5909
Lucius Junius Brutus，see Brutus，Lucius Junius Irucknow．City in the United Provinces，India， with silk，glass，muslin and metal industries． siecte of，7－2•99：8－ごメ2
Picture，tomb of Zenab Aliya，15－5480
Lucrece，Rape of，poem by Shakespeare
account of，and quotation，2－723
Tucretius，Roman poet，16－5910
Ludwig II of Bavaria，gave aid to Wagner， 19－6923
Iufbery，Raoul，American aviator，17－6293－94
Lugano，Lake of．Lake on the border of Italy and Switzerland，between Lakes Como and Mag－ yiore．It covers 20 square miles．
Luini，Bermardino，Italian painter，3－1107
Picture，Jesus among the Doctors，3－1102
Luke，Mrs．，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Lukin，Jionel，and invention of lifeboat，19－7207
Lullabies，poems
At Twilight，by W．C．Roberts，11－4114
Cradle Song，by Isaac Watts，14－5241
Cradle Song，by Lord Tennyson，3－848
Cuddle Doon，by Anderson，11－4116
Fairy Lullaby，by William Shakespeare， 6－2153
Gaelic Lullaby， $10-3480$
Good－night，by Jane Taylor，1－324
Hush－a－bye，baby，on the tree－top，8－2770
Lullahy：$\cap$ Lullaby：by IV．（：Bt－nnett． 13－4600
Lullahy of an Infant（＇hief，ly sir Wiallet Scott，2－736
Mother to her Infant，by Thomas Miller， 8－2906
Sleep，Baby，Sleep，14－5238
Sleep，Baby，Sleep，our Cottage Vale is Deep， 3－1143
Sleep Beauty Bright，by William Blake，3－8 18 Son of My Heart（German folk－song），7－2．3g6 Sweet and Low，by Lord Tennyson，1－32？
Lumber and lumbering
＊important timber trees，12－4245－50
＊in United States，16－5985－96
in Northeastern U．S．，10－3408
in Southern states，13－4524
production of lumber in U．S．．8－2680
Waste of lumber in North America，12－1250
wood
defects and blemishes，5－1766－67
defects，reason for，8－3024
durability，table of．10－36．32
how made into puly fur laper，7－21fri－5？ Pirtures
in Western states，18－6428－29
logs by Australian saw－mill，7－2467
logs sent to paper－mill，7－2447， 2449
railroad ties cut from national forest，8－281？
＊Pictures，with notes，16－5987－96
Lumpfish，fish
Picture，（in color），16－5783
Lumpsucker，fish，16－5776， 5778
Picture，16－5777
Luna，the Moon
in ancient mythology，9－3233
Lunch，preparing for picnic，11－4015
Lundstrom，J．E．，invented safety matches， 19－6968
Lundy＇s Lane，or Bridgewater，Battle of． 1814 In the War of 1812 Canadians under Sir Gordon l）rummond comprelled Americans under Ceneral Jaroh，frown toretire from the field．

Lungs，organs of breathing
＊Life and the lungs，4－1325－31
and the heart，4－1212
elasticity of，4－13こ9
furnish oxygen to blood，3－805－06
of scorpions，16－6011－12
position and structure，4－1326
size of surface，4－1329
see also Breathing
Picture，diagram and note．4－1327
Lupines，plants，18－666t Picture 18－6659
Luques，Hernando de，friend of Pizarro，19－6861
Lusiads，The，Hofm hy C＇amoëns，19－7181）
Iusitania，ship，12－4416
Picture，17－6407
Tuther，Martin．German religious reformer
born，Eisleben，near Halle，1483；died there，
1546；leader of the Reformation in Germany．
as hymn－writer，12－4436
at Wittenberg，description of，for game 8－3023
opposed Pope and translated Bible，11－3963－64 portrait painted by Cranach，4－1344
Pictures
portrait，12－4439
portrait，with mother，15－5615
Lutyens，Sir Edwin，English architect，18－6492 Lutzen，Battle of．Fourht in Saxony in 1632 Gustavus Adolphus with 18,000 Swedes defeated Wallenstein with 30,0 on Imperislist $=$ ，but fell in the battle．
Luvini，Bernardino，stc Luini．lemmardino
Luxembourg Palace，Paris，18－！l！t
built by Narie de Medici，5－15it
Luxemburg，15－5498
Iuxor．Upper Egyptian winter resort famous for its remains of ancient Thebes．Among these are the Luxor temple and court of Rameses， while near by is the Valley of the Kings，burial－ place of Tutankhamen and other pharaohs． temples and ruins，3－818：14－5212 Picture temple（gravure），14－5214
Ļall，Mrs．Muntz，see Muntz，Laura
Lycidas，poem by Milton，account of，4－1236
Iycopodium powder，from cluk－m心心es，10－3โ21
Lycurgus，Spartan law－giver，3－1072
Lyell，Sir Charles，Scottish geologist，2－591－92 Picture portrait，2－589
Lyly，John．En区lish boet and writrr of rlays． founder of the euphuist school；born，Weald of Kent，about 1554；died，London， 1606
preceded Shakespeare，2－721
Iyme Regis，fossils fuund in quarries，5－1：54
Iynd，Sylvia，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Iynmouth．England
Picture（gravure），7－2304
Lynn，Ethel，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Lynn，Mass．，shoemaking centre，18－6442
Lynx．Pirtuir（eraviure），2－t！4
Iyon，Mary，American educator，14－5270
Lyons．Third city of France．at the iunction of the Fhome and sanne．The stanhe industry is the manufacture of silk，it being estimated that orer 1 mononn hand and power lowms here that orer engaged in the trade．Other important in－ are engaged in the trade．other important in－ foundings．There are fine 13 th－and 14 th－cen－
tury cathedrals and a famous fair．
Lyre，instrument of ancient times，13－4594
use by ancient Greeks，19－6900
Lyre birds，9－3288
Picture（in color），10－3623
Lyric poetry
definition，1－9n－1nn
varieties， $\mathbf{1 - 2 2 3}$
Lyrids，shower of meteors，10－3672
Lysicrates，winner in the Aramatic rontest of the Dionvsiac games at Athens，about 334 B．C． Choragic Monument of，15－5345
Pieture（gravure） $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 5 0}$
Lysippus，Greek sculptor，12－4332
Picture，Apoxyomenus，statue（gravure）， 12－43．35
Lysol，remerly for wat smut．5－1 in
Lyte，Henry Erancis，hymn－writer，12－1440 see also Poetry Index，for poems and notes Picture，portrait，18－4439
Lytton，Edward Iytton Bulwer，1st baron．Eng－ lish novelist，11－3891－92
See also Poetry Index．for poem and note Picture，portrait，11－3891

Mabuse，spe Cossafrt，Jan
McAdam，John Ioudon．Scottish engineer，the inventor of macadamized roads；born，Ayr， 1756 ； died，Moffat，Dumfriesshire， 1836
MacAlpine，Kenneth，early Scottish ruler
12－4205－06
Macao．Portuguese settlement，established in 1557，at the mouth of the Canton River，China． Macaroni．A wheat paste containing a large percentage of gluten．It is made in the form ot tubes of different diameters．Formerly a prod－ uct peculiar to Italy，now made in China，France， the United States，etc．After the wheat is ground and the bran removed，it is worked into a dough with hot water and squeezed through a cylinder perforated at the bottom with holes of the size required．The strips，usually 3 feet in length，are then dried in the sun．
made from hard wheat，4－1474
Picture，showing drying method，13－4571
McArthur，Peter，Canadian author，15－5371－72
Macaulay，Thomas Babington
＊life，9－3204－05
as a historian，9－3204
as a poet，12－4228－29
as essay writer，8－2866
note on Lays of Ancient Pome，10－3639
See al8o Poetry Index，for poems and notes
Picture，portrait，9－3201
Macaws，birds，10－3616
Pictures，10－3615
blue and yellow（in color），10－3622
red and blue（in color），10－3622
Macbeth，Scottish chieftain，12－4206
Macbeth，nlay hy Shakespeare，rritinism．3－4c．
Macbeth，Mrs．Madg＇e，Canadian novelist，15－5369 Picture，portrait，15－5372
Maccabees，Jewish heroes，19－7157
work of Judas Maccabaeus，13－4584
McCarroll，James，sce Poetry Index for poem and note
MacCarthy，Hamilton P．，Canadian sculptor， 14－5075
McCaw，Isabel，see Pnetry Index for poem and note McClellan，George Brinton（1826－85）．An Amer－ can soldier，born in Philadelphia．He graduaterl at West Point；served in Mexican War；later resigned from army to engage in railroad build－ ing．During the first part of the Civil War hr held high command；Democratic candidate for president，1864；governor of New Jersey，1878－81． at Sharpsburg（or Antietam），7－2434
begins to train army，7－2433
effurts to take Rirhmont．7－2 1 ？
Picture，portrait，7－2437
McClung，Mrs．Nellie，Canadian author，15－5371 Pieture，portrait，15－5371
McCormick，Cyrus Hall，invented reaping ma－ rhi！te，19－1．！l
McCrae，John，Canadian poet，14－5109

McCudden，James，English aviator，17－6293
Macdonald，Allan，husband of Flora Nacdumald． 15－5644
in North Carolina，4－1166
Macdonald，Mrs．Elizabeth Roberts，Canadian author，14－5107
Sec also Poetry Index for poem and note
Macdonald，Flora
aid Eiven Prince Charlie，15－5643－44
in America，15－5644
Macdonald，George，Scottish writer
as author，11－3897
wrote fairy tales，9－3199
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Picture，portrait，9－3193
Macdonald，Sir John Alezander，川remieन い！ Canada，4－1489
and Canadian Pacific Railway，4－1490
and protective tariff，$\$ 1490$
length of term，4－1491
Macdonald，J．E．E．，Canadian artist，10－3704， 3709
Macdonald，Margaret
Picture memorial to her，Lincoln＇s Inn Flelds， 13－18：．8

## GENERAL INDEX

MacDonald，Thomas Food，and talking－machine inventions，1－262
Macdonald，Wilson，C＇anadian author，14－5109
McDonuell，John F．g see Poecry index for poem and note
Macuonough，Thomas，nat al commander，17－6332 Picture，purtriat，17－63ック
Macdougall，William，and Riel rebellion，4－1489
MacDowes，Eaward Alexander，American musi－ cal com ，user，i9－i10
life and wurk，19－69：6
Mace，spice，B－2992， 2994
Mace．A heavy staff or club，and nften a spike， used in the Middle Ages for breaking armor． Often carried before a magistrate or dignitary as a symbol of his authority．
Macedonia．Native kingdom of Alexander the
Great，but now belonging chiefly to Jugo－Slavia and Greece．It is peopled by a great mixt ire of races，including Bulgars，Serbs，Jews，Greeks， Turks and Vlachs
conquest by Rome， $\mathbf{4}-1196$
history，from Philip to Roman conquest 3－1082
Macedonian，ship
beaten by the ship United States，5－1704；
IcBwen，Walter，paintings in Library of Con－ gress，5－1536
MoGee，Thomas D＇Arcy，see Poetry Index，for poems and notes
McGill University
Picture，students playing hockey，10－3695
Macgillicuddy＇s Reeks．Mountain group in County Kerry containing Carrantuohill，the highest Irish moúntain，3，400 feet
Machinery，economic relations
effect on English industry，19th century， 7－2294
savings，or capital，necessary to production， 17－6362
McIntire，Samuel，builder，18－6774
Macintosh，Charles，made waterproof coats， 4－1406
Mackay， $\mathbf{A}$ ． $\mathbf{F}$ ．，antarctic explorer，14－5033
Mackay，Charles，wrote Cheer，Boys，Cheer， Sebastopol is Taken，10－3608
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Picture，portrait，10－3605
Mackay，Donald，shipbuilder，11－3920
McKay，Gordon，and sewing machine，18－6441
Mackay，Mrs．Isabel Ecclestone，Canadian author，14－5110， 5371
Picture，portrait．14－5102
McKay sewing machine，for shoes，18－6442
Mackennal，Sir Bertram，British sculptor Picture，model for bronze group，13－4857
Mackenzie，Alexander，premier of Canada， 4－1490
Mackenzie，Alexander，Scottish explorer explored for fur trade，12－4337
Mackenzie，R．Tait，Canadian sculptor， 14－5076， 5078
Pirtilies
The Onslaught，14－5075
The Supple Juggler，14－5076
Mackenzie，Willam Lyon，Canadian leader， 3－946
Picture portrait，3－946
Mackenzie，district of Canada，4－1490
Mackenzie．Great Canadian river，rising in the
Rockies and flowing into the Arctic．It is nav－
igable for many miles in summer．Including
the Peace River it is 2,350 miles long．
valley of，7－2560
Mackerel，fich，16－5：7
Pictures，16－5777；（in color），16－5783， 5788
＂Mackerel sky，＂clouds，description of，8－2923
Picture．8－2928
McKim，Mead and White，American architectural firm，18－6684
McKinley，William president of U．S．，8－2672

life，outline of，11－3954
Picture，portrait（gravure），11－3947
McKinley，Mt．
hrikht，1－15！：10－？
highest mountain in North America，7－2285， 2288
notwand picture．7－2．－
McKishnie，Archie P．，Canadian author，15－5371
Maclagan，Alexander，see Poetry Index for poem and note

MacLaren，Tan，pseudonym，see Watson，John
hacceluan，Isaac，see $⺊$＇oetry Index，for poem and note
McLennan，William，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Macleod，Fiona，pseudonym，see Sharp，William Naclise，Lan．el，British painter
 Wellington and Blücher after Waterloo，
McMaster，John Bach，American historian， 13－1ここ？
Macmillan，Cyrus，Canadian author，15－5373－74 Pieture，portrait，15－53．3
Macmillan，Donald B．，arctic explorer，13－1722
Pictures of expedition，with notes，13－4723
MacMonnies，Frederick，American sculptor， 14.4938
statue of Nathan Hale，11－3996
Picture，statue of Nathan Hale，11－3997
MacMurrough，Dermod，8－2932
MacNally，Leonard，wrote Lass of Richmond Hill，10－3609
MacNeil，Hermon Atkins，American sculptor 14－4939
Picture，The Sun Vow，14－4935
Macoun，John，Canadian naturalist，19－7056
Picture portrait，19－7056
MacPherson，James，and poems of Ossian， 6－202
Macpherson，Scottish rhyme about，12－4205
Madagascar．Lar＇est island in t＇re Indian Ocean；area，228，000 square miles；capital，Anta－ nanarivo．Peopled by Malagasy races of mixed African and Asiatic descent，it was discovered by the Portuguese in 1500 ，and was for many centuries an independent kingdom；the French established trading posts on the island in the 17 th and 18 th centuries，finally annexing it in 1896．Rice，sugar，hemp，cocoa，coffee，cotton， tobacco，rubber，gums and graphite are produced， and there are important radium deposits． Tamatave is the chief port．

French control of，18－6811
Madder，plant，produces dye，9－3154
Picturcs，（in color），8－2998
field madder，flower，15－5400
Madder Family of plants，8－2909
Madeira．Beautiful Portuguese island off the Moroccan coast；area， 315 square miles；capital， Fumchal．Noterl for its furtility and fine cli－ mate，it produces oranges，guavas，figs，mangoes， bananas，lemons，coffee and wine．
range of temperature，8－2794
Madeira River．Chlef tributary of the Amazon， almost rivaling it in size．It drains 425,000 square miles and is about two miles wide at its mouth． 2.200 miles．
Madero，Francisco，president of Mexico，19－7140 Madison，Mrs．Dorothy Payne（Dolly Madison）， 2－394－95
Picture portrait，8－391
Madison，James，president of U．S．
administration，5－1703－04；11－3938
life，outline of 11－355
motes in Constitution，20－75．is
wrote some of Federalist，12－4450
Picturs：
portrait，5－1694
nortrait（gravure），11－3947
Madison．Capital of the state of Wisconsin， 82 miles from Milwaukee．The University of Wisconsin is here：manufactures include agri－ cultural implements，boots and shoes，gasoline and oil engines，máchine tools，candy，art glass， etc．

Picture，University，12－4315
Madonna，in art
first pictures in catacombs，2－578
in Tt～liッn mintir．．． $3-14$
Pictures，famous paintings and sculptures
Bellini（gravire）， $\mathbf{3 - 1 1 1 0}$
Fonticmlli，2－f4i
Correggio，3－1105；（gravure）3－1111
David．4－1：24
Della Robbiq，sculpture（gravure）， 13.4612
Duccio，2－597
Dürer．4－1246
Florentine artists．2－690
Fra Inerviror．2．－63！
Ghirlandaio，2－693
（intto．O－ti94
Hans Holbein，4－1347；（gravure）4－1352

## GENERAL INDEX

Madonna-Pictures (continucd)
In early French Sculpture, 13-4701
Leonardo, 3-825
Lochner, 4-1343
Matsys, 4-1223
Memling, 4-1224
Michelangelo, 3-827; sculpture (gravure), 13-4613
mosaic in Church of St. Gregory, 2-579
Murillo, 4-1497
Raphael (gravure), 3-961-64
Ribera, 4-1494
Rubens, 5-1584
Van der Goes, 4-1221, 1223
Van der Weyden, 4-1223
Madras. Third largest Indian city and port, on the Coromandel coast. Fort St. George was founded here in 1640 , and the city, capital of the Presidency of the same name, is now the commercial centre of southern India.
won and lost by French, 8-2826
Madrid, capital of Spain, 14-5050
Madrigals
Question about. When were madrigals composed and sung? 16-5743-44
Madura City of southern India, makes brass vessels and cottons. Here is a splendid ancient temple.

Pictures
corridor in the great temple (gravure), 8-2833
Hindu temple (gravure), 9-3093
island shrine, 8-2701
Mæcenas, Caius. Roman statesman, patron of Virgil and Horace; lived 74-8 B.C
Maelström Strong current, once thought to be a whirlpool, between two of the southernmost of the Lofoten Islands, Norway. The word is often used figuratively, signifying stormy events Maes, Nicolaes, Dutch painter, pupil of Rembrandt
Picture, Young Girl Peeling Apples, 5-1593
Maeterlinck, Maurice
as writer of fairy tales, 9-3199
Blue Bird, summary and quotations, 14-5069-74
Mafeking. Administrative centre for British Bechuanaland, South Africa. It is famous for its defense by Sir Robert Baden-Powell in the Boer War, October 12, 1899, to May 17, 1900.
Mafra, Monastery of. Picture, 14-5191
Magdalena. River of Colombia, South America, flowing into the Caribbean Sea. 1,000 miles.
Magdeburg. German commercial city on the Elbe, with sugar, iron and cotton industries. It underwent a terrible sack in the Thirty Years War
Magdeburg, hemispheres, inclosing vacuum, 4-1244
Picture, 4-1245
Magellan, Ferdinand
discovered Mariana Islands, 9-3300
discoveries in South Seas. 9-3295-96
discovery of the Magellan Straits, 1-90
voyage to Pacific Ocean. 8-2980
Picture, monument at Punta Arenas, Chile, 1-90
Magellan Straits, discovery, 1-90
height of tides at, 7-25+2
Picture, 19-6863
Magenta, Battle of, 12-4411-12
Magi (magicians or soothsayers). The priestly order of ancient Media, or Persia. Their religion was similar to that of the Parsees, and included belief in the advent of a Savior. The Gospel of St. Matthew tells of the coming of the wise men, or magi, from the East to worship Christ.
Magic lantern, directions for making, 8-3018-22 Magic scissors, trick, 3-1025
Magic snuare, problem of, 6-2166
Magna Carta (Great Charter)
granted by King John, 5-1571
signing of. description for wame. 8-?,223
Stephen Langton supported, 8-2850
Picture, King John signing, 5-1564
Magnesia, Battle of, 4-1196
Magnesite. A white brittle mineral with a glassy lustre. It occurs in compact or cleavable masses that look like porcelain. It is used for toilet preparations, paper-making and, with asbestos, as a fireproof covering for furnace pipes.

Magnet, see Magnets
Magnetic balance. A device for measuring mag netic forces, the principle being that gravita tional force, due to a known weight, is balanced against the magnetic repelling force between two similar magnetic poles.
Magnetic needle, effect of electric current, 4-1251
Magnetic poles
northern, position charted by J. C. Ross, 8-2986
southern, discovery of, 14-5093
Ross's expedition to discover, 14-5090
Magnetism
and electricity, 16-5671-74
and sur-spots, 18-6694
in toys, magnetic top, 10-3509
See also Electromagnetism
Question about. Why is a needle no heavier when magnetized? 11-3976
Magnets

* electromagnets, description and uses, 16-5797-5802
account of, 16-5797
early experiments with, 4-1251-52
lines of force, 16-5667
use in lifting steel plates, 6-1954
Question about. Do magnets ever lose their magnetic power? 10-3581
Pictures
diagrams showing lines of force, 16-5667
electromagnets, 16-5796, 5799
Magnifying glasses, how they work, 2-462
in the story of the microscope, 13-4669
Magnolia trees, 12-4386
Magnum opus. Latin term meaning "great
work." In English it is frequently applied to the principal literary work of an author.
Magpies, birds
account of, 8-2892; 14-5141
Picture
American magpie, 14-5141
pictures (in color), 9-3131
green magpie, 12-4370


## Magyars

invasion of Europe, 17-6192, 6194
note and picture, 17-6190
Mahan, Alfred Thayer. Eminent American naval historian; born, West Point, New York, 1840; died, Washington, 1914. His book, The Influence of Sea Power upon History, 1660-1783 exercised a great effect upon the policy of nations.
Mahmud of Ghazni, 8-2822
Mahogany, Hawaiian, from koa, 15-5450
Mahogany tree
Australian, name for Jarrah tree, 12-4249
description and value, 12-4249
wood
first piece seen in England, 14-4967
how to know, 6-2048; 16-5982
used for furniture, 18-6768, 6772, 6775
Picture, 13-4641
Mahomet, see Mohammed
Mahonia, shrub, 13-4783
Mahony, Francis Sylvester, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Maidenhair, fern
Picture (in color), 10-3726-27
Mail-order service of department stores, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 7 8}$
Mail service, see Postal service
Mailshells, see Chitons
Main. Chief German tributary of the Rhine. passing Bamberg, Wurzburg, Frankfurt and Mainz. 300 miles.
Maine. Northeasternmost state; area, 33,040 square miles; capital, Augusta. Portland is the largest city, and Bangor is an important town. Agriculture, lumbering, manufacturing, quarrying and shipbuilding are the principal industries. Abbreviation, Me, Nickname, "Pine Tree State" State flower, pine cone and tassel. Motto, "Dirigo" (I direct). The state was named for Maine, an ancient province of France possessed by Queen Henrietta, wife of Charles I of Great Rritain. The first settlement was in Saco. in 16?...
described in Northeastern States, 10-3401-08 11-3773-82: 12-4145-54
failure of settlement at Sagadahoc, 2-544
made a state, 6-1914; 11-3938
manufacture of cutlery, 4-1306
Pine Tree state, 13-4636

Maine (contimud)
potato production, 10-3406
settlement of boundary, 10-3494
Question abo:it. Why is it hotter at the Equator than in Maine? 9-3101
pictures
falls in Penobscot, 12-4151
flag (in color), 19-7190
Longfellow's birthplace, 12-4152
Old Orchard beach, 12-4151
pines, 10-3407
Maine, ship loss of, 10-3590
Mainz, or Mayence. Ancient German city at the junction of the Rhine and Main. It has a fine cathedral and a museum of Roman remains.
home of Gutenberg, 9-3383
legend of founding, 18-6.5n
Mair, Charles, Canadian author, 14-5107
Maisonneuve, Sieur de (Paul de Chomedey), Picture, statue of, Montreal, 4-1482
Maize, cereal, 5-1623, 1856
See also Corn
Pictures, 5-1850; 7-2414
Majano, Benedetto da, Italian sculptor and architect, 13-4607; 17-6298
Pietures
John the Baptist, statue (gravure), 13-4618
Madonna and child (gravure) 5-1745
Majestic, steamship, 17-6404, 6408
description, 12-4428
Pictures, 12-4430-32; 17-6408
Majorana, Major, and wireless telephony, 17-6248
Picture, portrait, 17-6235
Majorca. Largest of the Spanish Balearic Islands; area, 1,325 square miles; capital, Palma.
Majuba Hill, Battle of, 9-3050
Making the desert blossom, * 7-2543-55
Malacca Strait. (Chamel ahout 5nl miles long connecting the Indian Ocean and South China Fiva, and dividing Malay I'eninsula from sumatra.
Malachite, semi-precious stone
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Malaga. Important port in southern Spain, exporting olive-oil, wine, lead, fruit and esparto grass. It has a cathedral and a Moorish castle. Picture, 14-5052
Malamute dogs of Eskimos, 7-2564
Malaria
水 discovery of causes, 15-5488, 5490-91
and mosquitoes, 17-6417-18
eause, and effect in blood, 3-806
cold and fever in, 7-2485
origin of name. 12-4278
Malay Peninsula, British possessions in. 9-3184
Malays. People who live in the Malay Peninsula, Tidor, Ternate, Borneo coastlands, and parts of the Sulu archipelago. They are more recent than the primitive Malavans, whom they have dominated, and in many places supplanted. They originated from a tribe in Sumatra in the 13th century, and, becoming Mohammedans, spread their culture and language throughout the peninsula and archipelago.
in Japan, 2-562
Malbone, Edward, American painter, 9-3330
Malcolm III, called Canmore, king of Scotland, 12-1206. 42018
Maldive Islands, 9-318
Malherbe, François de. French poet, 18-6711
Mallards, ducks, 11-3888
Picture (in color), 8-2898
Malleability. The quality of being extended or shaped by beating with a hammer or by the pressure of rollers. Many metals are malleable, noticeably gold, silver, copper, tin, platinum, lead, zinc (when hot)
Mallet, David, poet
3,nex ble author of Rule, Britannia, 10-3606
Mallow Family of plants
cotton belongs to, $8-2783$
Mallows, plints
marsh mallows, 14-5158
nito.in, 14-4.1
Pictures, $14-4979$
Pictures (in color)
common mallow, 14-4986
, it M Mallow and tree ma:low, 14-4981
musk mallow, 15-5611
Malmö. Third largest Swedish city and port, opposite Copenhagen. It exports timber, matches and dairy produce.

Malope. Picture, flower (gravure), 19-7175
Malory, Sir Thomas, author of Morte d'Arthur. $1-303$
Malpighi, Marcello, Italian scientist discoveries with microscope, 13-4669-70 Picture, portrait, 13-4671
Malplaquet, Battle of. Fought in 1709, during the War of the Spanish Succession, between the French under Marshal Villars and the British and Imperial troops under Marlborough and Prince Eugene. After a desperate struggle the allies forced the French to retire, but the allied casualties were greater than those of the French.
Malta, island, 9-3182
Picture, 9-3185
Malta fever, discoveries of Sir David Bruce, 15.5492

Maltose, in making beer, 5-1852
Mammals, class of animals
characteristics, 7-2591
egg-laying mamnials, 7-2593-95
first ones in Triassic period, 5-1546
origin and development of, 1-258-59
Nre ulxi Animals-classes of mammals
Mammoth, prehistoric animal, 6-2146
fossils of, and size, 6-2147
found in ice in Siberia, 1.94
Pictures, 1-93
woolly mammoth, 6-1927, 2147
Mammoth Cave, Kentucky, 4-1298-130t
Pictures, 4-1298-1303
Mammoth Hot Springs, Yellowstone Park, 2-729
Picture, 2-731
Man
body of, see Physiology
brain, size of, 8-2944
dependence on others, 19-6875-76
effect of climate upon, 8-2663-64, 2667
Question about. Is a fly stronger than a man comparing their size? 16-5844
Picture, skeleton compared with that of an elephant, 7-2361
Man, Prehistoric and primitive

* Cave-men and their pictures, 1-189-96
* life and dwellings of, 5.1655-58
art, in Bronze Age, 1-289-90
dwellings, 14-5208
early surgery, 8-2721-22
fire, discovery of, 9-3353
first appearance, Pliocene period, 6-1925, 1928
in England, 4-1316-17
mastered giant sloth, 7-2397
pins of thorn and bone, 9-3041
writing of, 10-3545-46
Pictures, 6-1926-27
cave-dwellings in Spain, 14-5045
drawings of cave-men, 1-190-96
Mar. in the moon, game, 3 - 903
Man-of-war birds, see Frigate birds
Man who loved plants, * 15-5381-86
Man with the Hoe, poem by Edw in Markham 8-3003
Picture, by Jean Francois Millet, 8-3003
Man withnut a country, by E. E. Hale
* summary and quotations, 7-2401-08

Manakins, birds. 9-3286. 3288
Pictures, 9-3287
orange-headed manakin (in color), 12-4371
yellow-fronted (in color), 10-3621
Manatee, sea mammal, 6-2213-14
Picturc, 6-2219
Mancha, La, district in Spain, 5-1629
Manchester. Commercial capital and centre of the cotton trade of Lancashire, England. Covering over 20,000 acres, it is the greatest purely commercial city in England, and is closely surrounded by a network of industrial towns, of which it is practically one with Salford. In addition to its great textile trade, it is important as an engineering and railway centre, while there are many manufactures. The Manchester Ship Canal, navigable for ships of 12,500 tons, connects the city with Eastham on the Mersey, connects the city with Eastham on the Mersey,
making it a port. It has a cathedral, built in 1421, and a university.
Manchester Ship Canal, note and picture, 13-4789 Manchu dynasty, China. 2-432
Manchuria. Jmportant dewentency of China. in the extreme northeast. The Manchus formerly supplied the rulner dynasty of chima. but their power declined rapidiy during the last century, and the greater part of the population of Man-

Manchuria (continued)
churia is now Chinese. The dependency is rich in minerals and timber, and much millet, wheat, barley and cotton is grown. Mukden, Harbin and Kirin are the chief towns. Area, 363,610 square miles.
settled by Manchus, 2-432
Mandalay. Capital of Upper Burma, India, on the Irrawaddy. Here is a temple with several hundred pagodas.
Mandamus. The Latin for "we command." An extraordinary legal remedy or order issued by a superior court to an inferior court or individual, directing it or him to perform a public duty as required by law.
Masdarin. A Chinese public officer, one of the nine orders entitled to wear a button on the hat. Called by the Chinese Kuan.
Mandarins, variety of orange, 6-2058
Mandeville, Sir John, reputed writer of travels, 1-304
Mandril, animal. Picture (gravure), 1-212
Maned wolf, wild dog, 2-600 Picture, 2-601
Manes, spirits of the dead, 9-3234
Manet, Edouard, French painter, 7-2476
Pictures
The Balcony, 7-2474
Boy with a Sword, 7-2479
Firing Party, 7-2477
Manetho, Epyptian writer, 3-821
Mangel, as food plant, 7-2412
Mangle
Question about. Why are the spokes of a
Mango
Picture fruit (in color), 8-3000
Mangrove, account of, 9-3266
Manhattan Bridge, N. Y. city, 1-29
Manhattan Island, purchase by Dutch, 1626, 2-550
Manihot glaziovii, plant, produces rubber, 8-2790
Manila
capture by Dewey, 10-3588
founded, 1571, 10-3591
Pictures, 10-3589, 3591
Manila hemp, 8-2786, 2788; 11-3792-93
Pictures, plant, and manufacture, 11-3793
Manioc, root-plant, furnishes tapioca, 5-1624 Picture (in color), 8-2997
Manitoba. Canadian prairie province; :Ut. 252,000 square miles; capital, Winnipeg. Wheat, oats, barley and flax are grown, and horses, cattle and swine reared. Winnipeg is the grain market of the eastern prairie region
became province of Dominion, 4-1489 government, 4-1489
Manitoba Lake. In the province of Nastitobat canada. Irea 1, s 17 sifuare miles
Manlius, and defense of Rome, 11-3982
Manlus Imperiosus Torquatus, Titus, Roman consul, 11-3806
Mann, Horace, American educator, 14-5254
Manna grass. Picture (in color), 10-3523
Mannheim. German chemical and dyestuffmanufacturing centre, on the Rhine.
Manning, Fenry Edward, Cardinal. Encrish divine; born, Totteridge, 1808; died, 1892; succeeded Cardinal Wiseman as Roman Catholic archbishop of Westminster.

Picture, portrait by G. F. Watts (gravure), 6-2237
Manoel II, last king of Portugal, 14-5188
Manor house of England, description, 18-6489 Mans, Le, ser Le Mans
Manship, Paul, American sculptor, 14-4940 Picture, Dancer and Gazelles, 14-4935
Mansion, Colard, and William Cavtom, 9-3.3ऽ6 Manson, Sir Patrick. British physician and par"sitolocist, orisinator of a grett ("ampaign arainst the malaria-carrying mosquito; born, Fingask, Aberdeenshire, 1844; died, 1922. Picture, portrait, 15-5481
Mantegna, Andrea, Italian painter, 3-1103 Picture, St. George (gravure), 3-1112
Mantaa. Fortress of northern Italy, on two islands formed by the Mincio. The birthplace of Virgil, it was important $\therefore$ the Middle Ages; its buildings include the old ducal palace, the catheural, and the beautiful church of San Anतrea, containing the tomb of Mantegna. Weaving, tanning and saltnetre industries.
caurch of Sant' Andrea, 17-6299

## Manual trainiog

For list of main articles, 8ee 20-7633-37
Manucci, Aldus, see Manuzio
Manuel $I_{\text {, }}$ king of Portugal, and Vasco da Gama, 1.89

Manufactures
labor, skilled and unskilled, 17-6092
organization of, 17-6091-94
relation to coal, 3-788
Nee also Factories; names of countries or states, also of materials, or industries
l'or list of main articles, see 20-7627
Manure
Question. Why does manure make a plant gr is faster? 10-3581
Manuscripts, Illumination of, 2-582
in France and England, 14th century, 4-1221
in Ireland and England, 2-582; 6-1999
stopped by invention of printing, 4-1221
Pictures of manuscripts, 6-2001; 8-2941,
(in color), 2-477-80
Manutius, Aldus, ser Manuzio
Manuzio, Aldo (Aldus Manutius), printer, 9-338\& Picture, portrait, 9-3383
Manz cat. Picture, 2-496
Manzanita, shrub, 13.4783
Maoris, natives of New Zealand, 7-2571-73
seats in Parliament, 7-2576
Pictures
chief, 9-3297
settlement, 7-2573
Maple leaf, emblem of Canada, 12-4507; 17-6181 Poem about. The Maple Leaf Forever, by Alexander Muir, 19-6874
Maple sugar
production of, 10-3420
where most produced, 10-3420
Pictures, process of making, 10-3424
Maple syrup, how made, 10-342()
Maple trees
blossoms, 17-6273
note on, 12-4256
striped, account of, 13-4777-78
sugar maple, 7-2532; 12-4508, 4511
production of sugar, 10-3420
sycamore maple, 11-4100
description, 12-4248
fruit of, 11-4020
varieties, 12-4248, 4507-08
wood, how to know, 6-2048; 16-5982
Pictures, 12-4256
fruit (in color), 11-4022
striped, 13-47:
sugar maple, 12-4511
sycamore maple, 11-4100
tapping sugar maples, $10-3424$
Maps, game, to make into pictures, 9-3375-76
of world as known, different periods, 1-42
See also names of countries for maps of them
Mara, demon, 10-3477
Marabou, variety of stork, 11.4008
Picture, 11-4004
Maracaibo. Venezuelan seaport near the en-
trance to Lake of Maracaibo.
Maracaibo, Isake. Venezuelan fresh-water la-
goon draining into the Gulf of Maracaibo.
Marat, Jean Paul, in French Revolution, 6-2134 killed by Charlotte Corday, 10-3570
Picture, portrait, 6-2127
Marathon, Battle of, 3-1076; 13-4584 Pheidippides brought news of, 3-887
Marble
Carrara, 13-4575
description, 17-6386
states of U. S. producing. 9-3:- 0
Southern states, production of, with pictures, 13-4528
Vermont production, 11-3773
Marble bag, how to make, 3-1149
Marble Bridge, Pekin, 1-40
Marbles, games, 17-6389
bounce about, 3-1029
Question about. Why does Mother put a marble in the kettle? 5-1809
March. The third month of the year in the Julian and Gregcrian calendars, containing 31 days. Named for Mars, the Roman god of war. March of the Men of Harlech, Welsh song, 10-3612
Marchand. Jean Baptiste, and the Sudan 11.3824

Warching through Georgion song, writter by Work, 18-6513

## GENERAL INDEX

Marchmont，Earl of（Sir Patrick Hume）， 2－141－43
Marco 2－olo，see Polo，Marco
Marconi，Guglielmo，Italian inventor，4－1254 invention of wireless telegraph，17－6247 Pirture portrait，17－fi＝th
Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company，17－6372
Maicus Aurelius（Antoninus），5－1865
Pictures
portrait relief（gravure），1－68
statue of，5－1866
Mardi Gras，literally＂fat Tuesday，＂the last day of Carnival，Shrove Tuesday，celebrated in some cities as in Rome，Paris，New Orleans．
Mardonius，Persian General，3－1078
Marengo，Battle of，6－2203；10－3570
Mare＇s nest
Question about．Why do we use the expression mare＇s nest？10－3477
Margaret，called Maid of Norway，12－4208 betrothed to Edward II，5－1680
Margaret，Queen，wife of Edward IV of England son saved by robber，description for game， 8－3023
Margaret，queen of Scotland，wife of Malcolm III，12－4206
Picture，arriving in Scotland，12－4206
Margaret of Anjou，wife of Henry VI，5－1686
Margaret River，Australia，stalactites in，7－2473
Marggraf，Andreas Sigismund，discovered sugar in beets，10－3418
Marguerites，naner flowers，how to make，12－4500
Maria de Medici，sec Marie de Medicis
Maria Louisa，see Marie Louise
Maria Theresa，empress of Austria
and Frederick the Great，11－4048－49
appeal to Hungarian nobles，with picture， 17－6193
reign of，11－3966
Mariana，queen of Austria
Picture，portrait by Velasquez（gravure）， 4－1504
Mariana，Juan de，Spanish historian， $19-7125$
Mariana Islands，9－3300， 3302
Marie Antoinette，queen of Louis XVI （arransed in wlle of lift
playing at Versailles，10－3564
in French Revolution，6－2134
refused escape through leaving her children， 6－2009
death of，10－3568
Pictures
Marie Antoinette，Louis XVI and their Chil－ dren in Prison，6－2133
Marie Antoinette Walks to her Death，6－2133
Marie de Medicis，wife o！Henry IV of irance， 10－3436
built Imxembnure Palace，5－1874
Marie Louise，empress of France，marriage to Napoleon I，6－2207
Marietta，first settlement in Ohio，6－1908
Marigold，flower
Picture＇s
African marigold（gravure），19－7176， 7180 corn marigold（in color）15－5397
Marigold，Marsh，see Marsh marigold
Mariner＇s compass，see Compass，Mariner＇s
Marines，United States，18－6818
Marion，Francis，in American Revolution，4－1170 Poem about．Song of Marion＇s Men，by W．C． Bryant，11－4032
Picture，portrait，4－1165
Marionette，Living，how to make，5－1769－70
Mariposa lilies，description，18－6662 Picture，18－6663
Maris，Jacob，Dutch painter，8－2853
Maris，Matthew，Dutch painter，8－2853
Picture，Outskirts of a Town（gravure）， 8－分保
Maris，William，Dutch painter，8－2853
Maritza．River of Bulgaria and Turkey，rising in the I：horlope and flowing mast lhilipmonolis and Adrianople into the Agrean． 300 miles．
Marius，Caius，Roman general，4－1198， 1365
Marjoram，flower
Picture（in color），14－4986
Mark，St
body brought to Venice，year 828，4－1455 Pirture，in mosaic，13－4564
Mark Antony，see Antony，Mark

Markham，Sir Clements，obtained cinchona plants from South America，8－2910

Markham，Edwin，poet 14－5013
see also Poetry Index for poems and notes Picture，portrait，14－5013
Markhor，wild goat，4－1378
Picture，4－1374
Marks，Henry Stacy，artist
Picture，Meeting of Parrots，10－3619
Marlborough，John Churchill，Duke of．English statesman and general；born，near Musbury England，1650；died，near Windsor， 1722.
effect of his victories，6－1981
Pictures
portrait，by Sir Godfrey Kneller，6－2002
Marlborough and his Men，6－2099
Marlborough，Sarah Jennings，Duchess of，6－1981 Picture，portrait，by Sir Godfrey Kneller， 6－2002
Marlbrough s＇en va－t－en－Guerre，song，account of，10－3612
Marline－spike，definition，14－5004
Picture，14－5003
Marlowe，Christopher，English dramatist，3－1124 sie also Poetry Index for poem and note
Marmette，Joseph，wrote novels of Canadian
history，14－5110
Marmora，Sea of．Small inland sea lying be－ tween European and Asiatic Turkey．It con－ nects with the Black Sea by the Bosporus and with the Mediterranean by the Dardanelles．
Marmots，animals，3－1132 Pictures，3－1131
Marne．Chief tributary of the French Seine Rising in the Langres plateau，it flows past Chalons and Epernay in Champagne to join the main stream at Charenton．On the Marne the German invasion of France was checked in 1914 320 miles．
Mrrot，Clément，French poet，18－6565
Marque and reprisal．Letters of marque were commissions issued by warring nations to ships commanded by their own citizens or neutrals， authorizing them to make war upon the enemy． Oris in of term from mark，or march，a boundary． Much in use during the 16 th and 17 th centuries rarer at the end of the $18 t h$ ，and finally by the Declaration of Paris abolished by all nations ex－ cept by the United States．
Marquesa Islands
belong to France，9－3298
described by Melville，9－3304
shown on map．9－0．9 1
Marquette，Jacques．missionary
＊life and work．18－6631－34
explorations，1－24．S
visited site of Chicago，19－7105
Picture，statue in Capitol at Washington， 18－6633
Marcmis．Donalत Rebert Rerry，14－inl1
Marrakesh，or Morocco City．Southern capital of Morocco．A trading centre，it makes tiles， pottery and leather．
Marram，name for mat grass，10－3663
Marriage
Guestion alout．Why do all married women wear wedding rings？7－2610
Marrows，account of， $\mathbf{7 - 2 6 1 6}$ Piotures，7－2620－21
Marryat，Frederick，English captain and novelist
＊Masterman Ready，summary and quotations， 18－6757－66
note on，11－3892；18－6757
sea stories，11－3892
Mars（Ares），cod，9－3227
Mars，planet，9－32．91－93
canals on，1－286－87
changes in，18－6593
distance from smm and lencth of its year． 9－：318
possible communication with，4－1353－54
Pictures，9－3291
supposed canals and desert spaces，9－3292
Marsden，Samuel
miseionary to N゙ゃw Zealand，7－2．5ー2
Marseillaise，French national song
author，and influence，10－3605－06；3－1135
in French Revolution，10－3568
note on，12－417．
Marseilles，France
descrintion，11－3820
founded by Ionians，3－1072
situation，11－3816
soldiers from，in French Revolution，10－3566， 3568

Massh, Othntel C., studied prehistoric birds, 8-2758
Marsh carez, see Carex, Marsh
Marsh cinquefoil see Cinquefoil, Marsh
Marsh elder, 14-5161-62
Picture, 14-5161
Marsh-hens, birds, 14-5020
Maxsh-locks, Purple, plant, 19-6934
Marsh marigold, plant, 16-5728; 17-6276, 6278 Picture and notes, 16-5729
Picture (in color), 16-5881
Marsh pennywort, see Pennywort, Marsh
Marsh pinks, or Sabbatias, 14-5165
Marsh red-rattle, see Red-rattle, Marsh
Marsk trefoil, see Buck-bean
Marsh-violet, plant, 16-5728
Picture and note, 16-5729
Marsh woundwort, see Woundwort-marsh
Marshall, Thomas R., vice-president of U. S. Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3948
Marshall Islands
Japan took from Germany, 9-3302
sailing trips of natives, $9 \mathbf{- 3 3 0 0}$
shown on map, 9-3294
whalers gave diseases to natives, 9-3302
Marshallias, plants, 19-7095 Picture, 19-7095
Marshalsea, debtors' prison
Dickens family lived there, 8-2731-32
Marshes
difficult for plant life, 1-330

* flowers of, with pictures, 16-5727-34

Marshmallow, plant, 14-5158, 5161 Picture, 14-5161
Marshmallows, candy, recipe, 11-3856
Marshwort, plant
Picture, procumbent marshwort (in color)
16.5884

Marston Moox, Battle of. Fought in 16\&4. Scots and Parliamentarians besieged York, and Royalist forces marched to its relief under Prince Rupert. Cromwell and his Ironsides turned the tide, and 3,000 of the 18,000 Royalists were slain. The victors entered York. See also 11-3846
Marsupials, class of animals
characteristics, 7-2501-02
Marsupium, pouch of certain animals, 7-2501
Marsyas in mythology, 9-323:
Martel, Charles, see Charles Martel
Martello tower. Small round fort of solid masonry surmounted by a gun platform. The original Martello tower was situated in the Gulf of San Fiorenzo, Corsica, and was named for its inventor. They were erected in large numbers along the south coast of England as part of the coast defenses against Napoleon's threatened invasion, and many of them remain.
Marten, animal, 3-872
Pictures, 3-869, 870; 13-4698
Martial, Latin poet, quotations from, 16-5913
Martial Law. Law administered by the military power of government which has taken the place of the civil government in time of war or other exigency.
Martin, St. (c. 316-400). Roman soldier who, after giving half his cloak to a beggar, had a vision of Our Lord, and was baptized in 356. He afterward became Bishop of Tours, and is said to have made many converts and worked miracles. His tomb is still visited by pilgrims. The patron saint of infantrymen
Martin, David, and Henry Raeburn, 7-2330
Martin, Homer D., American painter, 10-3448
Pietures
Harp of the Winds, also called View on the Seine, 10-3447
Gand luntos (gravure) 10-? 15 ?
Martin, M. Mower, Canadian painter, 10-3702
Martinean, Robert, artist
Picture, Last Days in the Old Home, 8-2681
Martini, Simone, see Memmi
Martinique, island in West Indies, 19-7104
Martins, birds, 9-3285; 13-4836
Pictures, 9-3279
European house martin (in color), 9-3284
Marvell, Andrew, English poet and John Milton, 4-1240
Picturr. portrait in wroarn). 4-1237
Marvelous reptile family, * 14-5227-35
Marz, Karl (1818-83). Eminent economist and founder of modern Socialistic movement, as defined in his programme The Communist Man-

Marz, Karl (continued)
itesto. Led a wandering life because of revolu. tionary activities. Great work Dai Kapital.
Mary I, queen of Lnstalld, 5-1017
Mary II, queen of England, wife of William III, 6-1931
Mary, queen of Hungary
Picture, portrait by Velasquez (gravure), 4-1503
Mary of Modena, wife of James II of England, $6.1 \Rightarrow 81$
Mary Queen of Scots (Mary Stuart)
file, 12-1211; 5-1818, 18-U, 10-3434
first hu
portrait, 12-4204
portrait (gravure), 5-1821
scenes from her life, 12-4213
Maryland. Atlantic state; area, 12,327 square miles; capital, Annapolis. Agriculture, coalmining and varied manufacturing are the important industries. A fertile fruit-growing district, it contains the great port of Baltimore, the largest city in the state. Abbreviation, Md, Nickname, "Old Line State" or "Cockade State." State flower, black-eyed Susan. Motto, "Fatti maschii parole femine" (Manly deeds and womanly words). Named in honor of Queen Henrietta Marie, wife of Charles I of England. First settlement, St. Mary's, 1634.
described in Northeastern States, 10-3401-08; 11-3773-82; 12-4145-54
founded, 2-550, 552
Mason and Dixon's Line, 7-2428
ratified Constitution, 20-7559
remained in Union, 7-2432
signers of Constitution, 20-7574
signers of Declaration of Independence, 20-7557
Star-Spangled Banner, origin of, 18-6512
Poem about. Maryland, My Maryland, by J. Pu Randall, 15-5524
Pictures
bombardment of Fort McHenry, 6-2091
boundary stones, Mason and Dixon's Line, 12-4153
Doughoregan Manor, 12-4153
flag (in color), 19-7190
views in Baltimore, 11-3780
See also Annapolis
Maryland, My Maryland, song, origin of, 18-6513-14
Marzipan, recipes for
eggs, $\mathbf{1 0} 3505$
fruits and nuts, 11-3856
potatoes, 11-3856
Masaccio (Tommaso Guidi), Itallan painter, 2-6!19-9!
Masaryk, Thomas Garrigue, president of CzechoSlovakia, 17-6344
Mascagni, Pietro, Italian musical composer, 19-6925
Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Masefield, John, poetry of, 12-4233
Maskelyne, Nevil, astronomer, 1.284
experiment with plumb-line, 2-587
Picture, portrait, 1-281
Maskinonge, see Muskallunge
Mason, Jo, and manufacture of steel pens, 10-3550
Mason, James M., and Trent affair, 7-2434 Mason, John, founder of New Han:pshire, 2-555 Mason and Dixon's line, 7-2428-30

Picture, stone markers, 12-4153
Masoury, see Concrete
Maspero, Gaston Camille Charles (1846-1915) French Egyptologist who could read hiero glyphics at age of 14.
Mass, twrm in phesies
compared with volume, 2.386
measure of scientists, a gram, 14-4902
not same as size, 14-5086
relation to weight, 14-4903
Massachusetts. One of the smallest but most important states; area, 8,266 square miles; capital and largest city, Boston. Settled in 1620 by the Pilgrim Fathers, it is now a great manufacturine state, containine Worcester, Springfield, New Bedford, Fall River, Lowell, Cambridge and many other husy towns. fishing and quarrying are important. Abbreviation, Mass, Nickname, "Bay State" or "Old Colony State." Flower, mayflower. Motto, "Ense petli

Massachusetts（continueri）
placidam sub libertate quietem＂（With the sword she seeks quiet peace under liberty）． Massachusetts comes from an Algonquian name meaning＂big－hill－small－place．＂First settle－ ment，Plymouth， 1620.
described in Northeastern States，10－3401－08； 11－3773－82；12－4145－54
carly setilentents
Bay Colony，2－548，550，554， 555
Plymouth Colony， $\mathbf{2 - 5 4 8}, 555$
Plymouth Company，2－544
first（＂thal in frited štates，13－178．
Indian troubles，3－778－79
in Revolution，4－1162－64
lexington and Concord，battles of，4－116：3－61
presidents from，6－1916；8－2666
ratified Constitution，20－7559
signers of Constitution，20－7574
signers of Declaration of Independence， 20－7556
pirtures
Alden house，2－547
Boston Massacre，4－1160
Boston
Faneuil Hall，18－6832
Mother Church，14－5266
Old North Church（gravure），18－6685， 6830
Old State House，18－6832
Paul Revere＇s house，18－6832；grave，

## 18－6834

State House，11－3782；（gravure），18－6685
Trinity Church（gravure），18－6686
Brockton，air view，11－3781
Capen house，Topsfield，3－967；（gravure）， 18－6685
cotton mill，14－5174
East Point，Nahant，12－4151
fishing boats， $11-4056,4058,4060$
11：は（in color），19－7190
Harvard University，12－4306
Hart house，Ipswich，2－547
John Harvard＇s grave，12－4150
Lexington and Concord，4－1163，1174；18－6834
Mayflower at anchor，2－545
Mit．Holyoke College，14－5266
Plymouth，views of，2－542；12－4446；18－6827 sialt m honses．12－11－
－llith folles．FMnerson House，12－1313．
Springfield，views of，11－3779
Wincinf．Inm，sonth sulthury，12－11．it
Wellesley College， $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 3 1 3}$
wharves in Boston and Gloucester，12－4147
Massachusetts Bay Colony，2－548，isin
founding and character，2－554
founding and cha
growth of， $2-555$
Massachusetts General Hospital
first hospital to use anæsthetics，8－2729
Massacre of St．Bartholomew＇s Day， 10－3434， 3436
＂Massif Central＂central highland of France， 11－3814， 3816
Massys，Quentin，see Matsys，Quentin
Mastabas，Egyptian tombs，14－5211
Master of the people＇s songs，＊6－2135－38
＂Master Stephan，＂see Lochner，Stephen
Masterman Ready，by Marryat，summary and quotations，＊18－6757－66
Masters，Edgar Lee，author，14－5013
Sce also Poetry Index for poem and note
Mastifis，dogs，2－718
Picture（gravure），2－i13
Mastodon，prehistoric animal
hoax connected with discovery，5－1784
Picture，1－93
Pisture and note，18－6617
Masts of ships，description，11－4086－87
latic mast on hattleship，with binture， 18－6819
of clipper ships，11－3919－20
＂，：．＇i．．nloout．Why does a mast taper toward the top？3－1115
Mat，Wool，directions for making，6－2265－lifi
Mat prass，note and nicture，10－3663
Matabole，Nf：min trim，ind the 13ocrs，9－3048
Matador，Almum－\＆1！＂，12－4？：5
Matches

invention and improvements，notes and pic－ tricks with，10－3767－68

Matches（continued）
Uuestions about
Why does a match flare up when turned up－ side down？14－5087
Why does a match go out when we blow it？ 3－980
Why does a match strike？I－307
Pirtures，manufäture，19－6！166－i3
Maté，beverage，7－2536
Materfamilias．loitin for＂mother of the
family？
Materialism，opposed by Plato，16－5918， $242(1$
Materials．Here is the tensile strength，wro re sistance reckoned in pounds per sthatare inch which various materials offer to separation Their strength varie＇s enormously．
Mffals
Aluminum cast－
ing．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
15,000 vanadium stepl 129,104
Aluminum bars．
Nickel aluminum Aluminum bronze Manganese bronze
Phosphor bronze．
Tobin bronze．．．
Bronze gun metal
Platinum wire．．
Tin．
Gold（cast）．．．．
rold（cast）．

Lead．．．．．．．．．．．． 2,000 Hickory ．．．．．．．．．．15，000

Copper（cast）．．．． 24.000 Maple．．．．．．．．．10，500
Soft copper wire 35,000 White oak．．．．．14，500
Hard copper wire 60,000 Live oak．．．．．．．13，000
Cast iron 20.000 Poplar． 13,000
Cast steel．．．．．．．．．60，000 Redwood．．．．．．．．．8，500
II rowght iron．．．5．n．nn！Spruce ．．．．．．．．．． 14,500
Carbon steel．．．．． 60,000 White pine．．．．．12，000
Nickel steel．．．．．． 80,000 Yellow pine．．．． 11,000
Steel for bridges．$\$ 1,110 n$ Red fir．．．．．．．．．． 10.000

Vanadium steel．． $100,000 \mid$ Teak．．．．．．．．．．14，000
Mather，Cotton，wrote ecclesiastical history of Afo Ensland，12－1447
Picture，portrait，12－4445
Matilda，daughter of Henry I
land granted to Reading Abbey，5－1566
struggle for English crown，5－1563
Matilda，wife of Henry I，see Maud
Matisse，French painter，8－2712
Matronalia，linman festival of Juno，9－3206
Matsys，Quentin，Flemish painter，4－1226－27 Pictures
Portrait of Bishop Gardiner，4－1223
Viruin and（＂hild，4－12．23
Mattathias．Jewish priest and patriot，father of the Maccabees；died， 167 B．C．
Matter
＊Huw flements are built un，12－1コロター！！
＊Transformations of matter，12－4403－06
＊Wonder of matter，12－4155－59
nature of matter，considering electrons， 12－4159
relation to ether and electrons，13－4666－67
three states；solid．liquid，gaseous，12－4157－58
See also Atoms；Ether；Chemistry；Gravitation
Question about．Do we know any kind of matter not found on earth？14－5084
Matterhorn，Swiss mountain，note and picture，
16－5999
Matthias Corvinus．Hungarian king，son of John Hunyadi；born，1440；died，Vienna， 1490 ； r．i：：ned from 1458
Matthisson，Friedrich，wrote Adelaide，10－3612
Mattress for outdoors，directions for maling， 12－4376
？lustiont alomt．Why dones a mattress have leather buttons？15－5620
Maud（or Matilda），wife of Henry I，5－1566
Maud，－h：1（if 1 mmancin．13－17こ2
Maughan，Ioieut．Russell I．，aviator．1－178－80
Maui，one of Hawaiian Islands，15－5448
Mauna Loa，volcano，Hawail，7－2290
Christian convert defied Pe－le on，2－446
Picture，2－446
Maupassant，Guy de．French novelist，a great master of the short story：forn．（hatwall de Miromesnil，Normandy，1850；died，Passy，Paris， 1893.

## GENERAL INDEX

Mauretania，steamship．Pictures，12－4415；17－6403
Mauritius，British possession，9－3182， 3184
Maury，Matthew Fontaine（1806－73）．American naval officer，born in Virginia：noted for his work on ocean currents；entered Confederate navy in 1861；professor Virginia Military Insti－ tute．

Father of the Naval Academy，＂13－f7．1：3
Mausoleum，orisin of word，7－こ6は4
Mausolus，Tomb of，7－2604；12－4331－32
Pisture，reconstruction（graviure），7－26＂5，
Mauve，Anton，Dutch painter，8－285．3
Pirtur＇s
The Meadow，8－2853
Spring，8－2853
Mawson，Sir Douglas，life and explorations， 14－5093－94
Pictures，portrait，14－5089
antarctic scenes，14－5097
Maxim，Sir Hiram，attempted invention of air－ plane，1－172
Maximilian，emperor of Mexico，19－7138
Maximilian I．German king and Holy Roman
Emperor；born，Vienna， 1459 ；died，Wels，Upper Austria，1519；reigned from 1493.

> character, 11-3963

Picture，receiving ambassador，11－3961
Maximilian II．German king and Holy Roman Emperor；born，Vienna，1527；died， 1576
Maximin II，or Maximinus，Galerius Valerius．
Roman emperor and general；born in Illyria； reigned A．D．308－314．
Maximinus Thrax．Roman emperor，235－38： Maximinus I，or Maximin，Gaius Julius Verus， called Thrax（the Thracian）
Maximum thermometer．One that registers by a small indicator the highest temperature re－ corded．
Maxwell，James Clerk，sce Clerk Maxwell，James
May．The fifth month of the year，named for
the goddess Maïa；containins 31 dat゚
May，poetic name for English hawthorn，12－4393
May basket，Paper，how to make，2－750
May－pinks，or arbutus，13－4775－79；17－6274
Picture，13－4779
May rose，name for Guelder rose，14－4972
Mayas，early race in Central America，19－7134
Mayflies，17－6067
Mayflower，Canada，17－6280
Mayflower，ship
carried Pilgrims to Plymouth，2－548
children born on，3－965
Pictures，2－545
signing the Mayflower Covenant，7－2525
Mayflower，see Arbutus；Hepaticas
Maynard，John，heroism of，17－6137－38
Mayo．Rugged western county of Ireland；area，
2158 square miles；capital，Castlebar
Mayor．The chief executive of a municipality； used in England，Ireland and the United States and other countries settled by the English．In early Frankish history the mayor of the palace was the chief officer of the royal household
Mazarin，Cardinal Jules．French statesman，the successor of Richelieu；born，Piscina，Italy， 1602 ；died，Vincennes， 1661.
Maze，puzzle，17－6258
Mazuyer，surgeon，hoax about mastodon，5－1784
Mazzini，Giuseppe，Italian patriot，13－4588， 4590 Pictures
portrait，13－4583
portrait，with mother，15－5617
in prison，13－4589
Meade，George Gordon（1815－72）．American sol－ lier，liorn in phaim．Ife grathatml trant Wi：－ Point．served in Mexican War and during whole of Civil War．After June，1863，he commanded Army of Potomac at Gettysburg，7－2436
Picture，portrait．7－243
Meadow grass，leaves of， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 2 6}$ Picture，10－3525
Pictures，with notes， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 6 0}, 3662,3664$
Meadow honeysuckle，see Clover
Meadow－larks，birds
account of，13－4829；14－5137
in southern U．S．，14－5023
Pict：sre，13－4833
Meadow－rue，herb，16－5728－29
alpine，description，15－5602， 5605
Pictures，16－5729
alpine meadow－rue，15－5605
yellow meadow－rue，flower（in color），16－5881

Meadow－sweet，bush，16－5732
flower，description，16－5876
note on，16－5873
l＇icturf，16－5s
Mealies．sollth $\mid$ Srivan batme fol aliblt Vart or Indian corn；principal food of South African na tives．
Measure for Measure，by Shakespeare
Story of，16－5755－5）
Picture，3－982
Measurements，Electric，sec Electric Mry：：11， ments
Measures，sff Wfights atd menshlias
Measuring
uf stleams，drrations for，19－：いい
of tree，Alrections forl，17－1．11：
Nee ulso Weights and measures
Questions about
How＇ath wh measure a 1 ｜rale＂rmbll！＂ 16－：－！！
How did men find out the callis fllomm－ fertnce？16－i．it
Meat，food
＊Mrat as a fond，7－anti－l；
argument about eating，7－2567－68
in United States，9－3207， 3209
use by children，7－2558－69
pictures
Chicago plant，19－í109
stockyards，Kansas City，15－j277
Meat industry and trade
by－products of meat，7－2．il：
1H－at preparation in stock－yards，7－2512－13
Meath．County of Leinster，Ireland；area， 906 square miles；capital，Trim
Meaux．Old French city on the Marne， 28 miles northeast of Paris，with a splendid Gothic ca－ thedral．It has manufactures of steel and tex－ tiles and a large agricultural trade
Mecca．Moslem holy city，capital of the Hedjaz Arabia．The birthplace of Mohammed，it con－ tains the mosque in which is the sacred Kaaba． visited annually by vast numbers of pilgrims
supreme goal of Mohammedans，18－6675
Picture of Kaaba at，18－6673
Mechlin，or Malines．Ancient Belgian city，fa－ mous for its lace．The splendid cathedral covers nearly two acres，while there is a medie－ val town hall and cloth hall．The railway shops are important
Mecklenburg County，N．C
declaration of independence，4－1164
Medea，Greek sorceress
helped Jason get Golden Fleece，3－1101
Media，ancient kingdom，3－！1？
Medici，Lorenzo de，the Magnificent（1449－92）
 brated Florentine family；patron of scholars and artists．
Medicine，history of

＊World＇s great doctors，8－2721－30

studies of Hippocrates，2－702
Medicine Max．Among the Indians a man who professes to cure sickness，drive away evil
 ＂medicine，＂that is to say，magical power
Medicine plants，＊8－2909－13
Medicines，from plants，＊8－2909－13；5－1626
Pictures，plants producing（in color），8－2994
Medicis，De
fataily ut． $12-411 n$

Marie，5－1784；10－3436
palaces of，17－6298
tombs of，13－4608
finfure i il：iv ure），3－963；5－1743，1745；
13－4til．．
Medick，Black，fortder－grass，7－2 11 ：
Medina．Burial－place of Mohammed，and lew minus of the Hedjaz Railway，Arabia．Ali． Mecca it is the holiest Moslem city．
… 1 18－6675
Medina－el－Zamra，near Cordova，9－3356

 ilization．It contains the Tyrrhenian，Ionial：
 into three basins，the eastern of which is known as the Levant．The Nile is the only great river

Mediterranean Sea (continued)
that flows into it, but there are many large and important islands, notably Corsica, Sardinia, Majorca, Sicily, Corfu, Crete, Cyprus, Rhodes, Malta, the Cyclades and Sporades. Among the greatest ports are Valencia, Barcelona, Marseilles, Toulon, Genoa, Leghorn, Naples, Palermo, Catania, Messina, Venice, Trieste, Piræus, Salonica, Smyrna, Beirut, Alexandria, Tunis and Algiers. The Mediterranean connects with the Atlantic by the Strait of Gibraltar; with the Sea of Marmora by the Dardanelles; and with the Red Sea by the Suez Canal.

## Medlars, trees

Pictures, fruit, 6-2063; (in color), 11-4024
Medulla oblongata in hrain, 8-2840
Medusa, a Gorgon, account of, 9-3236
Picture, ancient mask of, 3-1073
Meer, Jan $\operatorname{\nabla an}$ der, sec Vermeer, Jan (Johannes)
Meerkat, animal. Picture, 2-496'
Meerut. Military centre in the "nited Provinces, India. Here the Indian Mutiny of 1857 broke out.
Meighen, Arthur, premier of Canada, 4-1491
Meissen. Home of the Dresden china industry, on the Elbe, in Saxony. An important place in the Middle Ages, it has one of the loveliest Gothic cathedrals in Germany.
Meissonier, Jean Louis Ernest, French painter, 6-2082
Pictuis
Napoleon at battle of Friedland, 10-3569
Napoleon at the head of his troops (gravure), 6.2212

Mekong, or Cambodia. Great Asiatic river, though generally ton rapid for navication. Rising in Tibet, it flows past Saigon, Cochin China, into the China Sea. 2,800 miles.
Melanesia, part of Oceania, 9-3302
map, 9-3294
meaning of name, $9-3295$
Melbonrne, Australia, 7-2466, 2468
Melchers, Gari, American painter, 10-3455
Picture, Mother and Child (gravure), 10-3464
Melic, grass. Picture, 10-?
Melilot, plant, note and picture, 15-5393
Mellifont Abbey
rirtur Norman haptistery, 8-29!2
Mellville, David, first American to use gas-light, 3-993
Melons
muskmelons, 6-2062
watermelons, account of, 6-2062
Pictures, 6-2059
muskmelon, 6-2063
Melpomene, muse of tragedy, 9-3228
Melting
Question about. How does salt melt snow? 12-4505
Melting-point of various substances, 8-3014
Melville, Herman, author, 13-4629
books about Marquesa Islands, 9-3304

* Moby Dick, quotations and summary, 15-5401-08
note on, 15-5401
Membrane. A thin soft layer or sheath of animal or vegetable tissue. Animal membranes are of three kinds: mucous, lining the cavities communicating externally with the skin, as the mouth and the intestinal canal; serous, lining visceral cavities, as the pleuræ and the joint cavities; fibrous, as the sheaths of tendons and bones.
Memel. Port of Lithuania, exporting grain, flax, timber, linseed and fish.
Memling, Hans, Flemish painter, 4-1225
Pictaits
Death of St. Ursula. 6-1993
Marie Portinari, 4-1228
Portrait of an Old Man, 4-1228
Portrait of an Old
Thomas Portinari, 4-1228
Virgin and Child, 4-1224
Memmi, simone Martini, Italian painter, 2-697
Picture, Angel of the Annunciation (gravure), 2-1;
Memnon, Singing, statue near Thebes
Picture. 3-817
Memorial Daj, S-2092
Memory
* account of, 11-4067
* How to remember poetry, 8-735 brain cells and, 16-5957

Memory (continued)
Poems about
I Remember, I Remember, by Thomas Hood, 3- -1.3
Memory, by T. B. Aldrich, 12-4348
Questions abrut
Why do we forget some things and remember uthers". 8--7丷0
Why do we forget what happened when we were babies? 16-5 $\ddagger 0$
Memphis. Chief commercial city of Tennessee, on the Mississippi, with an active trade in cotton, lumber, live stock and hardwood.

Picture, port of, 16-56;.5:
Men of the northern sea-gates, * 8-2977-89
Men who gave us light, * 3-989-96
Men who gave us schools, * 14-5247-54
Men who made the railways, * 5-1611-18
Men who mapped the skies, * 1-279-88
Ménard, René, French painter, 8-2 -i.6
Mencius. Chinese philosopher, writings, 15-5460
Mendaña de Neyra, Alvaro, discovered Solomon Islands, 9-330t
Mendel, Gregor Johann, and heredity, 12-4499 law of heredity, 15-5614 illustrated in fox-breeding, 13-4694
Mendeleef, Dmitrii Ivanovitch, and grouping of elements, $12-4291$
Mendelssohn, Moses, Jewish leader. 19-7160
Picture, portrait, with note, 19-i161
Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Feliz, German musical composer, 19-7076

* life and work, 19-6922

Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Mending
of rlathing. ser Sewing-mending
of various objects, directions, 13-4737
Mendonca, Henrique Lopez de, see Lopez, in Poetry Index
Mendoza Diego Eurtado de, Spanish author, 19-1127
Picture, portrait, $19-7125$
Mendoza, Pedro de, founded Buenos Aires, 19-6862
Menelaus, king of Sparta, 6-1983
Menendez de Aviles, Pedro
founded St. Augustine, Florida, 1-246
killed Huguenot colonists, 1-246
Menes, litur uf Firs?t. 3-1!
Mengo, native capital of Uganda, 9-3054
Menhaden, fish, 16-5776
Menkaura (or Mencheres), king of Egypt, 3-815 Mennonites. A small denomination of evangelical Christians called after Menno Simons (1492-1559) of Friesland. Their creed contains the usual evangelical doctrines. They reject infant baptism, accept only offices connected with the management of schools, intermarry only with members of the faith, and do not resist violence.
Menopoma, animal. Picture, 15- .
Mens sana in corpore sano. Latin for "a sound mind in a sound body.
Mental disease, see Insanity
Menthol, from peppermint, 8-2996
Mentone. Health resort on the French Riviera, among orange and lemon groves.
Menzel, Adolph Friedrich Erdmann von, German painter, 8-2852
Mercantini, Luigi, sfo Poftry Index for boem and note
Mercator (1512-94). A Flemish geographer whor did mowh work for the Emputror charles $V$ during his campaigns. Famous for his projection, used in nautical maps, in which the meridians are represented by parallel lines and the parallels of latitude cut the meridians at right angles.
Merchant of Venice, play by Shakespeare
criticism, 3-836
story of. 8-2688
Mercury (Herme
Pictures, statues (gravure), 12-4335; 13-4609
Mercury, metallic element, see Quicksilver
Mercury, planet
account of, 9-3289-92
di-tance from sun and length of year, $9-3180$

diagram of orbit, 9-3290
imsehnov wif-W of surface, 9-2.993
Mercury arc lamp. Electric lamp in which light comes from an arc formed in mercury vapor in a. vacuum tube.
mercy
Poem about. Quality of Mercy, from Shakespeare's Merchant of Venice, 11-3932
Mer-de-stace, glacler
1 'icture, 11-3819
Meredith, George, English poet and novelist, 11-3896
poevy uf, 12-1231
Picture, portrait, 11-3891
Meredith, William ${ }^{\text {Ms, }}$ see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Merezhkovski, Dmitri, Russian author, 19-6908
Mergansers, duchs, $11-3 ১ y U$
Pictures, 21-3ゝ১
red-breasted merganser (in color), 9-3284
Mergenthaler, Ottmar, inventor of linotype machine, 3-1060
Picture, portrait, $9-3383$
Mérida. Capital of Yucatan, Mexico, 24 miles from the port of Progreso. Founded in 1542, it has a 16 th-century cathedral, while near by are remarkable ruins of the Maya civilization.
Mérida. Spanish city in the province of Bada-
joz, famous for its Roman remains, including a
bridge of Trajan, 2,575 feet long.
Meridians, explanation, 1-19
Mérimée, Prosper. French novelist, essayist, historian and literary critic; born, Paris, 1803 ; died, Cannes, 1870.
Merino sheep, 4-1376; 15-5576
Picture, 4-1373
Merlins, falcons, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 5 6}$
Pictures (gravure), 10-3763; (in color), 9-3281
Mermaid Tavern
Picture, Evening at Mermaid Tavern, 2-723
Mermaids
account of, 1-358-59
explanation of, 6-2213
Mermen
account of, 1-358-59
story of forsaken one, 1-59
Poem about. Forsaken Merman, by Matthew Arnold, 8-3001
Merrimac, ship, 7-2 434
Picture, battle with Monitor, with note, 7-2435
Merriman, Seton, pseudonym of H. S. Scott, 11-3898
Merry Wives of Windsor, play by Shakespeare Picture, 3-841
Mersey. River of Lancashire and Cheshire on which stand Liverpool and Birkenhead, besides Stockport, Warrington, Widnes, Runcorn, Wallasey, Bootle and New Brighton. Flows from the Peak of Derbyshire into the Irish Sea.
Mertz, Xavier, antarctic explorer, 14-5094
Mesa Verde National Park, Colorado, description, 7-2290
Picture, Cliff Palace, 7-2286
Mesdag, Hendrik Willem, Dutch painter and collector, 8-2854
Picture, Beaching Dutch Boats (gravure),
8-2864
Meshed. Moslem holy city in northeast Persia.
Mesmerism, trick with chair, 7-2651
Mesophytes, class of plants, 16-5727
Mesopotamia
explorations in ruins, 2-648

* history, 18-6669-72
* history and meaning of name. 2-6t7-60 See also Assyria: Bahrlomia: Irmu
Mesozoic age, geolorical era, 2-6.34
Mesquite. A low-growing tuft.d erass ocrurring upon the rancers in the Wiest and surnthwest of the United States. It makes excellent fodder and is valuable for grazing. Picture, 13-4641
Messiah, oratorio by Handel. 19-6914, 7072
Messina, Antonello da, see Antonello da Messina
Messina. Third city of Sicily, with manufactures of muslin, linen and silk, and a considerable export trade. A great part of the city, including the ancient cathedral, was destroyed in the earthqualke of 1908 .
Mestrovic. Ivan, Jugo-Slavic sculptor, 13-485@
Metallurgy. The art or science of preptring metals for use from their ores hy senarating them from mechanical mixture and chemical combination. Includes smelting, amalgamation, refining, etc.


## Metals

Questions about
How did all the metals get into the earth? 19-7246

Metals-Questions about (continued)
Why do metals let light through when beaten thin? 5-1750
See also Minerals; Mines and mining
Picture, Japallese metal working, 2-571
Metamorphosis, of insects, 17-606.
Metaphor. A figure of speech whereby a word or phrase denoting one kind of idea is applied to another by way of suggesting a likeness between them: a shower of blessings; the message wing dits way.
Metaphysics. A branch of philosophy which treats of ultimate reality. There has been much difference of opinion among thinkers as to the scope of the subject, but most agree upon its investigations as to the nature of being.
Metaurus, Battle of the. Fought in 207 B.C. in the Second Punic War at the Metaurus River in Umbria. The Romans defeated the Carthaginian army which Hasdrubal was bringing to the aid of his brother Hannibal.
Metcalf, Whard, American painter, 10-3456
Isetcalre, Sir Charles, governor-general of Canada, 4-1486
Metchnikoff, Elias, scientist
discoveries, 15-5488
Picture, portrait, 15-5481
Meteoric hypothesis of Lockyer, 1-286
Ineteorites, see Meteors
Meteorograph. Device for recording on one sheet various meteorological readings, such as air pressure, wind pressure and temperature.
IIeteorology, science, definition of, 18-6691

## Meteors

* account of, 10-3671-72
diamond crystals in meteorites, 2-458
largest known, 10-3f.i-
Picture, meteorite found by Peary, 10-3671
Meter, measure of distance, 14-4 102
Meters, Electric, see Electric meters
Methuen, Treaty of, 14-5186
Metric system, account of, 14-4902
Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York city, 17-6216, 6218
American wing, notes and pictures, 18-6776
collections of Cretan, Mycenæan and Greek art, 2-451
founding, 9 -3334
models from Egyptian tombs, $3-810$
Picture, 17-6215
Metsy\%, Quen in, ser Mntses, Quentin
Metternich, Clemens Wenzel Nepomuk Iothar, Prince (1733-1859). An eminent Austrian statesman who guided the fortunes of his country during the Napoleonic Wars, and after the Congress of Vienna became the leading statesman of Europe. He stood for all that was reactionary in the period that followed until the revolutions of 1848 forced him to take refuge in England. He returned, but not to take office. Metz, Alsace-Lorraine, note and picture, 10-3438 I' etz, Eattle of, 11.? ${ }^{4}$ ?
Meum et tum. Latin for "mine and thine." Meunier, Constantin, Felcian sculptor, 13-4858
Meuse. River of F'rance, Belgium and Holland draining nearly 13,000 square miles. It rises in the Langres plateau and passes Verdun, Sedan, Dinant, Namur and Liege, joining the Rhine at Gorcum. The region through which the Meuse runs was a noted battle-ground the Meuse runs was a noted
Mexican War, 1846-48, 6-1918, 1920; 19-7138
brief summary of, 11-3940
Mexico. Southern republic of North America; area, 770,000 square miles; capital, Mexico City. The climate and vegetation vary widely, the low-lying coastal regions being tropical and unhralthy. while the contral platean is fenwrally dry and pleasant. The mineral and apricultural resources are very great, silver-mining, especially, having been important since the 16 th century; of late years there has been an immense production of petroleum. Iron, copper, lead, zinc, sulphur, quicksilver, platinum and salt are found, and vegetable products include medicinal plants, indiarubber, dyewoods, frult, sisal, sugar, coffee, cocoa, rice, indico, cotton, corn and tohacco. Guadalajara, Puebla, San Luis Potosi and Monterey are important towns: Vera Criz and Tampico are ports. Once the seat of the Toltec and Aztec civilizations, Mexico was conquered by Cortes in 1519, remalning Spanish up to 1821.


## GENERAL INDEX

Mexico (continued)
description, 19-7131, 7134, 7136
history (arranged chronologically)

under Spanish rule, 19-7134, 7136


19-7136-42
war with U. S., see Mexican War
map, 19-7133
national hymn, 17-6255
natural resources, $19-7134,7136$
Pictures, various scenes, $19-7141$
Mexico City. Capital of Nlexico, founded by Cortes in 1521 on the site of the Aztec capital, Tenochtitlan. In a beautiful valley of a lofty plateau, it has a fine climate and many notable buildings, including the 16 th-century cathedral. Textiles and cigarettes are manufactured. Pictures, 19-7135, 7139
Meyer, Lothar, and grouping of elements, 12-42:1
Meyerbeer, Jacob, German musical composer, 19-69\%4
Meynell, Alice, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Mezereon. Picture, fruit (in color), 11-4"... Miami, Florida
water front, note and picture, 13-4527
Wica An important rock-forming mineral found in thin sheets or flakes. In large sheets it is valuable for use in place of glass as, in thin layers, it is transparent. Ground mica is used as a lubricant and in making fireproof paint. Mica is used in quantity as an insulator in electrical work, White mica is called muscovite; light brown mica is called phlogopite, and dark brown or black mica is called biotite. The province of Quebec contributes most of the world's mica.
Mica-schist, rock, description, 17-6386
Mice

* account of, 3-1133-34

Australian, ${ }^{7}$.
The cat and the mice, 13-4752
The town mouse and the country mouse, 4-1342
toy, how to make, 6-2266
Lion and the Mouse, by Jeffreys Taylor, 3-1189
Mouse and the Cake, by Eliza Cook, 13-4743 To a Mouse, by Robert Burns, 3-1008
Young Mouse, by Jeffreys Taylor, 3-844 Pictures, 1-257; 3-1130
Michael, tsar of Russia, founder of Romanoff dynasty, 16-8,
Michaelmas Day. Feast of St. Michael and All Angels, September 29.
Michelangelo Ruonarroti, Italian artist

* life and work, 3-830-31; 13-4607-08
architectural work, 17-6310
David, statue of, in Florence, $5-1735,1740$ independence in art, 9-...ni! rivtur:
portrait, 1-61

David, statue of (gravure), $\mathbf{1}=65,68 ; \mathbf{5}-1742$ Fettered slave, statue (gravure), 13-4612 figures from Sistine chapel, 3-82 $\therefore$, figures on Medici tombs (gravure), 5-1743 Holy Family, Uffizi Gallery, Florence, $3-827$ Lorenzo de Medici, statue (gravure), $\mathbf{1 3}-4615$ Madonna, with Christ and St. John, bas-relief (Eravure), 13-4613
Moses, statue of (gravure), 13-4613
The Pieta sculpture (gravure), 13-4613

Three Fates, 3-826
Victory, statue of (gravure), 1-71
Michelson, Albert A., physicist, note and portrait, 19-7166
Michigan. State bordering the Great Lakes; area, 57,980 square miles; capital, Lansing; largest city, Detroit. Iron, copper and coal are its chief mineral products; agriculture, lumbering and grazing are important. Automobile manufacturing is the most important industry, but there are many others. Ahbreviation, Mich. Nickname, "Wolverine State" or "Auto State." Flower, apple blossom. Motto, "Si quererls permitsilath athortam circumspice" (If

Michigan (mmtinucd)
thou seekest a beautiful peninsula, behold it here). The name Michigan is an Indian word meaning "big lake." First settlement, Sault Ste. Marie, 1668.
described in North Central states, 15-5273-84; 17-6037-48

## history

included in Northwest Territory, 6-1908
made a state, 6-1916; 11-3939
leads in production of motor cars, 17-6046
life of Henry Ford, 19-7208, 7210
products
copper, 9-3208; 17-6038
fruit, 8-2 680: 15-5284
lumber, 8-2680
salt, 17-6040
Pictures
Detroit, views in, 17-6041-42
flag (in color), 19-7190
St. Mary's River, 6-1961; 15-5283
University, Hill Auditorium, 12-4315
Michigan, Lake. One of the Great Lakes, the only one lying entirely within the United States. 307 miles long and 118 miles broad, it covers 22,400 square miles, its northern half being covered with ice in winter. A huge shipping trade is done in summer by the cities of Chicaro and Mllwatuke on its westorn shore. It is the third largest fresh-water lake in the world.
Michigan, University of
Picture, Hill Auditorium, 12-4315
Mícinski, Polish hero, 13-4680
Microbes

* description, 2-437-39, 557-58
and milk, $2-557-58 ; 7$-2326; 17-6174
blood contains substances poisonous to, 3-939
destroyed by white blood cells, 3-935-36
harmful kinds. 2.558
in wounds, Lister's discoveries, 15-5483-85
Pasteur's discoveries, 15-5482-83
spread disease, 8-2872
in hay cause fire, 14-4949
killed by hypochlorite of soda, 15-5493
Koch's discoveries. 15-5486
live on other living things, 2-438
necessary to dispose of waste, 2-439
rate of multiplication, $\mathbf{2 - 4 3 8}$
single cells, 2-437-38
vegetable rather than animal, 2-438
Question about. Are microbes necessary to produce cream? 2-461
Pictures, 2-437, 439; 3-934
Micrometer. An instrument used with a telescope for measuring minute distances, or thr appartent diameter of objects which subtend minute angles.
Micronesia, part of Oceania, 9.3300, 3302
mian, 9-3244
namu means "small islands," 9-329f
Microphone, invention of, 17-6244, 6246
Microscope
* history and use, 13-4669-71
compound, or double
discovery and principle of, 13-4670-71
use in science, 13-4671
simple, structure of, 13-4670
fictur's
drop of blood in, 3-805
objects under, 13-4669-78
peeps through a microscope, 1-218
showing passage of light, 13-4671
Midas, story of, 16-6030
Middle Ages. A term indefinitely applied to the period between the fall of the Roman Empire and the Renaissance, that 1 s , from the 6 th to the 15 th centuries.
life of peasants, 5-1720
literature, Gesta Romanorum, storles from, 8-2961-62
milling in, 8-2796, 2798
所wer of Church in, 8-281:-511
See also Crusades; Feudalism: Knights
Middlemen, necessity of, 15-5590-91
Middleton, J. I., Canadian author, 14-5109
 Midges, insects, 17-6419-20
Midshipman, fish with luminous sfonts, $11-3841$
Midsummer Night's Dream, by Shakespeare
story of, 8-2685
Pictures, 3-835, 988
Midway Isiand, possession of U. S., 10-3592
Mieszko1, early Polish ruler. 13-467?-8!

Mignard, Pierre, French painter, 5-1876
Mignonette, flower
picture, wild mignonette (in color), 14-1984 I'ictme (graviure), 19-717t
Mihaly, sce Muntiaces
Mihrab, in Mohammedan mosque, 15-5 465
Mikado, Japanese emperor
relation to Shogun, 2-562-64
Milan, Ital
Cardinal Borromeo and the plague, 10-3 $466-67$ cathedral, 17-6162
industrial centre, 13-4576
painters, 3-1107

cathedral, 8-3011; (gravure), 17-6169
famous buildings (gravure), 17-6302
Mildenhall, Sir John, ambassador to India, 8-28:
Mildew. A term used to cover a number of piatht diseases caused by fungus batasites, as well as spots or discolorations caused by microscopic fungi on manufactured articles like leather, paper, cloth. In America mildews have been divided into two classes: trut of peomdery mildews (of which there are 150 species), such as rose mildew, apple mildew, bean mildew, etc.; and downy millews, such as potato rot, limabean mildew, etc. Spraying with Bordeaux mixture or some other reliable fungicide is the great preventive.
Mile, measure of distance
Roman and modern. 2-463
Miles, Alfred EI, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Milfoil, see Yarrow
Militia. Citizens enrolled as a milititry force for instruction, drill and discipline, but called ubon for service only in times of fomereenry In England they are called the special reserve; in Germany the Landsturm and Landuehr. Milk
Nature's wonderful food, 7-2322-26
and microbes, 2-557-58; 7-2326; 17-6174
rare in handlins, f. $10-: .5 \cdots-11$.
chum, reasme fur shajp. 10-3tif
condensing process, discovery of, 10-3508
cow's milli as foud. $7-3.323-26$
how made into butter, 1-373
pigeon's, 12-4285
stain from, 6-2252
Questions about
How does a cow make milk? 4-1452
How does the milk get into the coconut? 16-5846
What causes cream to form on milk? 4-1354
Why does a crust form on boiled milk?
Why does boiling milk flow over the top of the saucepan? 7-2609
Whes does milk turn sontr" 17-bif1-7
Why does milk turn sour in a thunderstorm? 5-1 1:0
Picture, examining milk in a modern dairy, 7-2325
Milk-sugar, preparation of, 10-3420
Milking by machinery, 1-381
Picture, 1-381
Milkmaid, name for ladysmock, 17-6122
account of, 16-5734
Milkweed, plant
climbing milkweed, description, 19-7090
Picture, climbing milkweed, 19-7091
Milkwort, plant
sea. 14-5162-63
Picture
sea milkwort, 14-5163
lietures (in color). 14-4990
chalk milkwort, 14-4985
Milky Way


stars in, 11-3926
stars in, 11-39
Picture, 9-3033
Mill, John Stuart
and hurnine of rarlyce mammernht of hastors of French Revolution, 9-3312
as an author, 11-4003
pirtures
portrait, with father, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 5}$
Millais, Sir John Everett, English painter, and Pre-Raphaelites, 6-2236

Millais, Sir John Everett (continued)
Jiclures
Knight at the Ford (gravure), 6-2239
Lorenzo and Isabella (gravure), 6-2238
Raleigh as a Boy, 5-1812
scene from As You Like It, 3-839
Millennium. i jeraon () 1 , (101) years. The term, which comeos from the Latin, has spectal
 but is also used in the general sense of a long period.
Miller, Emily E., see Poetry Index for poem innl note
Miller, Hugh, geolosist
contribution to science of geology, 6-2069-70
Miller, Joaquin, Dseudonym, sec Poetry Index, for juwlli= illal 1:+1...
 17-6 700
Miller, Bichard, American painter, 10-345.5
Miller, Thomas, see Poetry Index, for poems and lis, William, sce Poetry Index for poem and note
Millet, Francis D., American painter, and decorations at World's Columbia Fair, Chicago, 10-3452
Millet, Jean Francois, French painter characteristics of painting, 7-2371-72

The Angelus (gravure), 1-i
Flock of Sheep (gravure), 7-23I

Mother and her Children (gravure), 7-2373
Shepherdess (gravure), 7-2373
Millet, cereal, 5-
account of. 5-i
millibay
 the term millibar? 14-4952

Milling (flour), see Flour and four mills
Millipedes, account of, 16-6020
Picture, 16-6019
Mills, Clarke, American sculptor, 14-4931.
 of objects manufactured
Millstones, 8-2796
Milnes, Eichard Moncton, su Hourhton. !-t lord. in I'atry lurkes
Miltiades, Greek leader


1. :1 $h$ in prison, 13-! +1

リ.. $1, e_{\text {, portrait, }}$ 13-458.3
Milton, John, English poet



Nee ulso Poetry Index, for poems and $n$.
 Wordsworth, 12-4: !
Pictures, including portraits, 4-1234-41

Milton, Mrs. Mary, wife of John Milton, $4-123 \mathrm{~S}$ Milvian Bridge, Battle of, 5-1866

 elty Imamptat lirit as a enlfotince athat ai= tributin. centre, and for its manuftcial: 14 . .t. terprise. It has access to farm, mine and forest

M11warlis

Pictures, 17-6045
Mind

* account of 11-4065-68
: emotions, 12-4441-1:
instinct and reason, $\mathbf{1 - 3 1 0}$


visualizing power, 12-4'与
iner, Jack
Miner, Jack

Pictwes, portraits, 8-2813, 2814, 2817
Mineral oil. … T..if. T. Wh!
Mineral water: Any llathral wa:m sn it:po....
 has a particular flavor or a medicinal ett. Mineral wool. A fibrous wool-like material, not



## Mineral wool（motinuerl）

fowerful jet of air or steam through melted slag；used as a packing for steam pipes，as it is a poor conductor of heat．

## Mineralogy，19－7054

## Minerals

in Australia，7－2466，2468， 2470
in Great Britain，3－786
＊in United States，9－3208－12
See also Mines and mining，and names of Miners
lungs become black，4－1329
See also Mines and mining
Poem about．Flynn of Virginia，by Bret Harte， 6－224
Question about．Why are miners not killed by bad air？2－460
Miners＇lettuce，plant，description，19－6928
Minerva，goddess，9－3226
Picture，statue in Vatican museum（gravure）， 4－1201
See also Athena
Mines and mining
hydraulic，note and picture，15－5433
＊in United States，9－3208－12
ventilation，2－460
See also names of minerals，as Coal
For list of main articles，see 20－7631
Pictures
gold mines，Australia，7－2465
coal mines，3－793－800
salt．3－929
Ming dynasty，China，2－432
Ming tombs，China， 2.432
Pictures，marble arches，15－5479
stone animals guarding approach（gravure），
2－ 128
Miniatures，small portraits
English painters of 16 th century，6－2000
Picture，Cromwell，by Richter（gravure），1－67
Minim．Unit of liquid measurement in apothe－
cary＇s or wine measure．
Minivet，bird
Picture，short－billed minivet（in color），12－4369
Mink，animal，3－873
fur－farms for，13－4696
Minneapolis．Lar：－city of Minnesota，situ－ ated on the Mississippi River at the Falls of St．Anthony in a popular lake region．The power obtained from the falls，and the grain and timber of the Northwest have made it the fore－ most city of the region，and the largest flour and lumber market in the world．
centre of flour industry，9－3214
trade and industries，15－5280
Pictures，15－5280－81；16－5655；17－6048
Art Museum，17－6048
as it appeared in 1857，17－6048
falls of Minnehaha，15－5281
river views，16－．．isis，
Third Avenue bridge， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 2 8 0}$
Minnehaha，Falls of．Pirtur，15－5281
Minnesingers，of Germany，17－6267；19－6902
Minnesota．American North Central state con－ taining the sources of the Mississippi；area， 84,682 square miles；capital，St．Paul；largest

 and Duluth on Lake Superior are great shipping centres．Iron－mining，flour－milling and meat－ packing are important industries．Abbreviation， Mimn．Nirkname．＂ri川⿲ler stat＂．Flownr moccasin flower．Motto，＂Etoile du Nord＂（Star of the Nowth）．The name of the stitf comes from a Sioux word meaning＂sky－blue water．＂ First settlement，Fort Snelling， 1819.
described in North Central States，15－5273－84； 17－6037－48
made a state，6－1922；11－3939
produces most flour，15－5280
produces most iron ore，6－1936
source of Mississippi River，16－5653
Pirtlits
flag（in color），19－7190
Minneapolis，views in，15－5280－81；16－5655； 17－6048
open pit iron mines，6－1934；17－6039 ships carrying ore，6－1937 St．Juthan＇s Falls，16－‥5－5
St l＇all．viow of，15－ホV81：17－f．n37， 6048 state capitol（gravure），18－6688 trees，15－5275

Minnesota River．American river，rising in Big Stone Lake，South Dakota．Flows into the Mis． sissippi River． 475 miles．
Minnows，fishes， $15-5634$
Minorca，Second largest of the Spanish Bal． earic Islands；area， 290 square miles；capital， Port Mahon．
Minos，Juage of the dead，9－3238
MLinos，king of Crete
palace at Knossos，2－449
Minotaur，legend of
urighn， $2-1+x-44$
Minsk．Chief city of White Russia，trading in flax，hemp，corn，timber and leather，
Minstrels
minnesingers of Germany，17－6267；19－6902
minstrels，or troubadours，of France，17－6149； 18－6560；19－6902
Blondel the minstrel，story，16－5827－30
Porim．s alu，
Lay of the Last Minstrel，by Scott，extract， 17－f：） 7
Minstrel Boy，by Thomas Moore，2．484
Mint．A place where money is coined by public authority．The term is derived from Moneta a surname of Juno，in whose temple at Rome money was coined．
Mint，plant，16－5879
Pictures，16－5879
Pictures（in color）
corn mint，15－5398
horse mint flower，16－5881
marsh whorled mint，16－5884
water－mint，16－5883
Mint Family of plants，13－4876
memlurs．16－5く， 0
Minton＇s Potteries，note and picture，5－1672
Minult，Peter，Dutch colonial governor
and Delaware，2－552
purchase of Manhattan Island，2－550
Minute Men
Question about．What were the Minute Men of America？16．5962
Miocene period，see Geology－Miocene period
Mira Ceti，star，11－3，h
Mirabeau，Comte de（Gabriel Honoré Riquetti） in French Revolution，6－2128， 2130
rivtur，rortrait．6－2127
Miracle plays，account of，2－721
Mirage
willanation．with rictures， $5-180$ f
in Sahara and Syrian deserts，18－6743
Question about．What is a mirage？5－1810
Picture 18－6739
Miriam．Moses＇sister，ordered to watch him in his cradle on the Nile．
Mirror
how made，18－6752
puzzles about，and answer，8．2742， 2881
Questions about
IHy do we sre in a mirror things not in front of it？ $4-1230$
$\Pi$ hy does a face in a mirror seem crooked？ 17－6285
Misérables，Les，hy Victor Husrn
＊quotation and summary，11－3861
Missionaries
from Ireland，early days，8－2930
lives of famous
Robert Livinestone，2－468－70

Vincent de Paul．friend of the slaves，5－1732 （t）Indians
Black Robe and White Heart，story，15－5375 French，3－778
Jesuits in Snuth America，19－6862
Jrihn Filiot．18－fif？？
Marquette，18－6631－34
to leners
Father Damien，7－2320－22
to various countries China．2－432－34
Ensland
Angln－Saxon Deriod， $4-1430$
Ausustine．8－1944
Germar．11－？${ }^{\text {fin }}$
Bnniface．13－4862
Hawail．2－446：10－3586
Ireland，St．Patrick，8－2844， 2930
Janan， 16 th century，2－564
Lahradnr
Dr．W．T．Grenfell，7－2496－2500
New Zealand，7－2572

## GENERAL INDEX

Missionaries-to various countries (continued) Scotland

St. Columba, 8-2842, 2844
South Seas, 9-3304
Picture, first preaching of Christianfty in Great Britain, 4-1431
Missions, Californian, see California-missions

## ussions, Medical

Labrador, Lr. Grenfell's mission to, 7-2498
Mississippi. Fertile American Southern state, producing much cotton, lumber, fruit and grain cotton-seed products are important; area, 46,865 square miles; capital, Jackson; largest city,
Meridian. Abbreviation, Miss. Nickname, "Bayou State." Flower, magnolia. Motto, "Virtute et armis" (By valor and arms). The state's name is derived from two Indian words, $m a s i$, fish, and sipu, river. First settlement, Biloxi, 1699
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900

## history

early explorers, 1-244, 248
French and Spanish claims, 1-252
French attitude after Revolution, 5-1695
land along the Mississippi, 16-5660
made a territory, $6 \mathbf{6} 1910$
made into a state, 6-1910; 11-3938
seceded (Jan. 9, 1861), 7-2430
Vicksburg captured, 7-2436

## Pictures

along the Mississippi, 16-5659
flag (in color), 19-7190
state capitol at Jackson, 14-4898

## Mississippi River

* description, 16-5653-60
decline in shipping and proposed renewal of, 17-6040, 6044
discovery by white men, 1-244
exploration by Joliet and Marquette, 18-6632-33
floods and levees, 16-5654
length, combined with the Missouri, 7-2538
map of delta, 7-2537
mud carried by, 7-2538
source, 16-5653
Pictures. 16-5653-60
Mississippi Scheme or Bubble (1716-20). Financial scheme proposed by John Law, which included sole trading rights on the banks of the Mississippi. Its object was to restore French credit, but it almost brought France to ruin.
Mississippi Valley, claimed by French, 3-77.8
Missouri. Rich Central state; area, 69,420 square miles; capital, Jefferson City; largest city, St. Louis. Coal-fields cover many thousand square miles; lead, copper and zinc mines are important, while great quantities of grain and fruit are produced and cattle and mule breeding are important. Manufactures are large and varied. Ahbreviation, Mo. Nicknames, "Ozark State," "Iron Mountain State" or
"Show Me State." Flower, hawthorn. Motto,
"Salus populi suprema lex esto" (Welfare of the people is the supreme law). The word Missouri was taken from a Sioux tribe of that name. First settlement, Fort Orleans, 1719.
described in North Central States, 15-5273-84 17-6037-48
history
claimed by French, 1-252
included in Louisiana Purchase, 5-1702-03
Lewis and Clark expedition, 5-1703
made a state, 6-1914; 11-3938
Missouri Compromise, 6-1914; 7-2428
secession prevented, 7-2432
in the Corn Belt, $15-5280,5282,5284$
Mark Twain's country, 13-4817-18; 16-5654
mineral production, 17-6038, 6040
St. Louis, growth of, 17-6046
shoe industry, 17-6046; 18-6443
Pirtures
flag (in color), 19-7190
Forest Park. St. Louis, 15-5275
Jefferson Memorial, I7-6047
St. Louis water-front, 17-6047
Loneview Farm near Kansas City, 15-5276
Stockvards. Kansas City, 15-5276
Yost Farm, 15-5276
Missour Compromise, 6-1n12. 1914
Missour Cnteau, hills in Canada, 1-112
Missouri Falls, Montana, 90 feet high.
Mismourl-Misgissippi Ziver, length of, 7-2538

Missouri River. Greatest tributary of the Mis. sissippi, which it joins near St. Louis. Omaha St. Joseph, Kansas City and Jefferson stand on it. 2,950 miles.

## Mist

how formed, 8-2922
Question about. What makes the white mist at night in hot weather? 12-4504
Mistletoe, parasitic plant
account of, 1-332
life stury of, with picture, 8-2870
note on, 11-4020
seed scattered by birds, 3-1086
Question about. Is mistletoe harmful to the trees on which it grows? 8-2872
Picture, fruit (in color), 11-4027
Picture and note, 1-331
Mistletoe Bough, song, story of, 10-3609
Picture about, 10-3607
Mitchell, James, and manufacture of steel pens, 10-3550
Mitchell, Silas Weir, American author, 13-4823 Picture, portrait, 13-1823
Mitchell, Mte, North Carolina, height, 1-154
Miterworts, plants, 17-6279
Mites, insects, 16-6018-20
Pictures, 16-6019
Mitford, Mary Russell, author, 11-3894
Picture, portrait, 11-3891
Mithras, religion of, $9-3234$
Mitre, Bartolomé, Argentine statesman, 19.7034
Mitre-box, how to make, 17-6263
Mizar, star, 11-3924
Picture, 11-3923
Mnemosyne, goddess of memory, 9-3234
Mnesicles, Greek architect, $15-5344$
Moas, extinct birds of New Zealand, 1-94; 13.4655

## Moat

Picture, moated house at Groombridge, Sussex, 7-2297
Mobile, Ala., captured by Farragut, 7-2438
Moby Dick, by Herman Melville

* quotations and summary, 15-5401-08

Moccasin-flower, name for pink lady's slipper, 15-5606
Moccasins, Indian shoes, directions for making, 9-3251-52
Moccasins, snakes
varieties and description, 15-5416
Picture, 15-5413
Mocha, type of coffee, 6-2177
Mocking birds, $9-3139$; 14-502 5
Pictures, 9-3135; (in color), 10-3622
Modena. Ancient city of northern Italy, with a university and a splendid Romanesque cathe dral. The Este Palace contains a fine library and art collection
Modern painters, by Ruskin, note on, 9-3316
Modern wizard, * 17-6133-36
Moffat, Gertrude Macgregor, Canadian poet, 14-5110
Moffat, Eobert, missionary to Africa, 2-467-68 Picture, portrait. 2-465
Mohair. A fine fabric made from the hair of the Angora goat. It is light, smooth, dust-shedding and lustrous. Mohair is used in the manufacture of many fahrics, such as plushes, astrakhans and camel's hair.
Mohammed, Arab leader, 7-258.

* life and teachings, 9-3097-98
decree as to date palm, 5-1626
founded religion, 13-4797
writing of the Koran, 15-5464
Pictures
portrait, 9-3085
dictating the Koran, 9.3091
Mohammed II, Turkish emperor, 13-4798, 4800
Mohammeclanism
architecture, see Architecture, Saracenic; Mosques
in central Asia. 18-f.58s
inmluenced Mrahs tw remmuests. 9-3047-n9 Islam, doctrine of Mohammed, 7-2553 warlike spirit. 13-4797
Mohammedans
and the Crusades, 7-2583-89
in India, 8-2700, 2702
invasion of India, 8-2822
method of reckoning time, 11-4131
Mohawt Indians

Moira, Geraid, British artist, 8-2860


## GENERAL INDEX

Moire，or Fates，in Greek mythology，9－3228 Picture（gravure），9．3229
Moissan，Henri，made artificial diamonds： 16－5．44；
Mokha，or Mocha．Decayed Arabian coffee port on the Red Sea．
Mola，name for deep－sea sunfish，16－5900
Molasses，by－product of sugar， $10-3418$
Molasses candy，recipe for，2－75？
Mold for casting dishes，how to make，7－2511－12
Mold，fungus．thethon and nises．5－1ties
Moldavia，Iart of IRumania，14－1！19，1！2 2
Molecules，12－4158－59
combinations of atoms， $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 4 0 4}$
varying mumber of atoms． $12-4101$
see also Atoms
Moles，animal，1－319－20
of Australia，7－2509
Picture 1－317
Molière（Jean Baptiste Poquelin），18－6711－12 Picture，portrait，18－1
Molinia grass，note and picture，10－3658
Molluscs
＊account of，19－6883－92
prehistoric，size of，19－6884
shells of，12－4278；19－6883－85
Nee also Mussels
Pictures，19－6882
shells of 200 varieties，19－6886－87 chells（in colur），19－1，4．，－1＂
Moloch，or spiny lizard，14－5230
Molokai，one uf H：twaitan Islathls，15－．j $1+8$
 Father Damien in．7－2321
Moltke，Count Hellmuth Karl Bernhard von． Prussian general；born，Parchim，Mecklenburg－ Schwerin， 1800 ；died，Berlin，1891；strategist of the walss of luri．latifs allad $1 \times 70$ ．
Moltke，Helmuth von（1848－1916）．Chief of the German general military staff at the beginning of the World War，and responsible for the gen－ eral conduct of German operations in the in－ vasion of Belgium and the advance upon Paris． In October，1914，he became ill and was super－ seded at the front by General von Falkenhayn． In Berlin he organized the reserves，but died suddenly in 1916.
Moluccas．Dutch East Indian archipelago，in－ cluding Amboyna and Ternate islands．Occu－ pied by the Dutch in 1613，they have ever since been a great centre of the clove and nutmeg trade．Area， 30,000 square miles．
Mombasa，Kenva Colony，9－3054
Picture，9－3058
Momentum．＇The force of motion acquired by a moving body as a result of the continuance of its motion．
Mompesson，Catherine，heroism of，9－3063
Mompesson，William，lewmenn of 9－3＂，
Mona Lisa（La Gioconda），painting by Leonardo da Vinci，3－828
Ponacture，Riviera principality under French pro－
tection．Area， 8 square miles．It consists of
the towns of Monaco，Monte Carlo and La Con－ damine．
Monal，pheasant，description，12－4．365
Pieture，12－4：．，：
Monarchy，form of government，5－1788
Monasteries
architecture of，16－．．．．．


making of illuminated manuscripts，2－582


city in Macedonia，manufacturing carpets．
Monck，Charles Stanley，4th viscount，governor－ ．．．n，eral of Canada，4－1488
Monday，day $4 \ldots$ ．


Mr onet，Clamrle，

influence，8－2709
Pictures

Seine at Argenteuil，7－2477
Money
 cacao seeds used as．7－2530 economic function，25－5？，60

Money（contimucd）
paper money，16－5681－82
Question about．When will money have doubled itself at compound interest？18－6550， 6552 Picture，early coins，16－5680
Moneywort，plant．Picture（in color），16－5884
Mongolia
became province of China， 15 th century，2－132 description，18－6586
location，18－6584
Mongolian races．One of the main divisions of mankind．They are mostly found in Asia，and the Manchus are a typical race．The Mongolic type is characterized by a yellowish skin，broad， flat features with prominent cheek－bones，broad skulls，almond－shaped eyes，and black，lank and coarse hair．They are subdivided into North－ ern，Southern and Oceanic Mongols．
first dwellers in Mesopotamia，2－650
in China，2－429，432
in Japan，2．562
invasions from central Asia，18－6586， 6588
See also Tartars
Mongooses，2－502 Picture，2－496
Monitor，ship，7－2434
Picture，battle with Merrimac，with note． 7－2435
Monitorial system of teaching，14－52．5
Monitors，lizards，14－5232 Picture，14－5231
Monk（or Monck），George，1st aluke of Albe－ masie，proprietor in Carolina，2－553
under Commonwealth and Charles II，6－1979 Picture，portrait，2－549
Monkey flowers，18－6662， 6664 Picture（in color），16－588！
Monkey－nuts，see Peanuts
Monkeys，account of，1－207－08， 213
drawing of，how to make，6－2165
fable about．by Esop
The monkey and the dolphin，4－1342
Ser also Apes
Pictures（gravure），1－209－12
Monkfish，or angel－fish，16－5774
Pictures，16－5777
ringed angel－fish（in color），16－5785
Monks
＊Early leaders of the church，8－2843－50
＊Some famous monks，13－4859 developed handwriting，10－3548 See also Monasteries
Monkshood，plant，description，18－6662
Monochord，musical instrument
explanation of，13－4594
in medieval times，5－1796
used by Greeks， $\mathbf{5 - 1 7 9 5}$
Monocotyledons，group of plants，3－885
Monongahela River．American river，formed by West Fork and Tygart＇s Valley rivers，West Virginia．Joins the Allegheny River at Pitts－ burgh to form Ohio River． 300 miles．
Monoplanes，see Airplanes
Monopoly．The exclusive control of the supply of any commodity in a market．Monopolies are illegal to－day，though formerly the state used to grant these exclusive privileges of trade in cer－ tain articles．
Monotremata，egg－laying mammals，7－25．91
Monotype machine，description，3－1064

Monroe，James，president of U．S administration，6－1912，1914；11－3938
life，outline of，11－3951
Picture，portrait（gravure），11．3947
Monroe doctrine，11－3939
anHuuncompht of，6－191 1
formulated by John Quincy Adams，10－3490
Monrovia．Liberian capital and port，exporting muts and dyewoods．
Mong．Belgian manufacturing and coal－mining centre，famulus for its lovery fothie rhmerh of St．Waudru．A centre of fighting durin 5 the World War．On November 11，1918，the Cana－ dian froops enfered the city of Mons in trimmph Monsoon，a wind that blows constantly in the Indian Ucean and arross somthern Isia，but that alternates its direction，in winter moving from the northeast，in summer from the south－ いいいけ．
－fficut on rainfall，8－2794
Mont Blanc．Highest mountain in Alps，on the hombon of flaty ath Framer．Tholeh the limit of

## GENERAL INDEX

Mont Blanc (ernlimuri)
the snow line is 8,600 feet, ascents are now made practically every day during the summer, the first having been achieved in 1786 . Beneath it is the Mer-de-Glace glacier. 15,780 feet. Picture, 7-2317
Mont Cenis Pass. Highway between France and Italy over the Graian Alps. Beneath the Col de Fréjus a tunnel has been driven, carrying an electric railway between Modane and Bardonecchia. 6,900 feet.
Mont Royal, site of Montreal
named hy Cartier. 2-i.s
Mont Saint Michel, France. Picture, 11-3815
Montague House, beginning of British Museum, 12-4358

## Montagues

Question aloult. Who werf the Capulets and the Montagues? 16-5741
Montaigne, Michel de, French essayist, 18-6565 as essay writer, $8-2865$
Picture, portrait, 18-6559
Montana Large American Northwestern state; area, 146,997 square miles; capital, Helena; largest city, Butte. Containing much of the Rocky Mountain system and part of the Bad Lands, it used to be generally too dry for cultivation, but since irrigation has been carried out agriculture has become important, but stockraising and mining are the leading industries. Copper, coal, silver and other minerals are abundant. Abbreviation, Mont. Nickname. "Stub-Toe State" or "Bonanza State." Flower, bitter root. Motto, "Oro y plata" (Gold and silver). The name comes from a Spanish word meaning "mountainous." First settlement thought to have been at Helena about 1861.
described in Western States, 18-6425-36; 19-6841-50
Glacier National Park, 7-2281
made a state, 11-3944
mineral wealth, 9-3208, 3210
Pictures
cattle and sheep ranches, 18-6435
Hag (in color), 19-7191
Grinnell Lake, Glacier Park, 7-2283
Indians in, 19-7237, 7238
Savenac nursery, Lolo national forest, 8-2810 smelting works, Anaconda, 9-3215
Montauban. French cathedral city on the Tarn, famous as a Huguenot stronghold in the 16 th and 17 th centuries.
Montcalm, Louis Joseph, Marquis de death of, 3-is 4
in Canada, in war against English, 2-683
Monte Rosa. After Mont Blanc the highest mountain in the Pennine Alps. 15,217 feet
Montefiore, Sir Moses, philanthropist, note and picture, 19-7161
Montemayor, Jorge de, Spanish author, 19-7130
Montenard, Frédéric, French painter, 8-2856
Picture, Pastoral Scene, 8-2857
Montenegro. Formerly a tiny independent kingdom, but since 1918 part of Jugo-slavia. Its name means "Black Mountain," and it consists of a wild mountain region, peopled by a brave and hardy Serbian race. After the defeat of the Serbians by the Turks at Kossovo in 1389 , the Montenegrins retired to their mountains and carried on the war against the Turks almost incessantly up to 1912, being the only Balkan people who preserved their independence.
after the World War, 17-6346
Monteregian Hills, Quehec, 1-108
Monterey. Cathedral city of northeast Mexico, in an agricultural and mining region
Monterey, Battle of. An engagement between the U'nited States forces under General Taylor
 1846. After suffering three days' attack upon their city, the Mexicans sued for peace and were allowed to evacuate, and an eight weeks' armistice followed, 6-1920
Dontesquieu, Baron Charles de. French critical writer; horn near Bordeaux, 1689; died, Paris, 1755. Picture, portrait, 18-6713

Monteverde, Italian musical composer, 19-6903 Montevideo, Trucuay. I'iluns, 19-fiのく1

Montfort, Simon de. English statesman, patriot and ceneral: liorn ahonit 1ghi killed at the battle of Eresham, 1265; called first model parliament in England.

Montfort, Simon de (mblimufl)
strugele $11 / 1 / 1$ enry $111,5-1572$
Piclure, Riding into Rochester cathedral, 5-157.3 Montgolfier, Jacques Etienne. French inventor; born near Lyons, 1745; died, Servières, 1799; inventor with his brother Joseph Montgolfier of first balloon.
experiments of, 1-167
Montgomery, James, hymn-writer
sent to prison, 7-2298
see also Poetry Index for poem and note
Montgomery, Lucy Maud, Canadian author, 15-5370-71
Montgomery, Richard
invasion of Canata, 1775-7 5,342
attacks on Montreal and Quebec, 4-1164
Montgomery. Capital of the State of Alabama, 180 miles nurtheast of Mobile, is a large inland cotton market and is the distributing point for manufactured products. It was the temporary capital of the Confederacy.
Month, definition of, 11-4132
Monticello, home of Thomas Jefferson

Montmorency Palls.' Waterfalls in the province of Quebec, Canada; 265 feet high.

Picture, 3-775
Montpelier. Capital of the State of Vermont, on the Winooski River. The principal industries are granite working and the manufacture of saddlery, hardware, clothespins, crackers, patent medicines and machinery. The surrounding region is largely agricultural.

## Montreal

description, seen from river, 6-1962
founding of, 4-1482
Indian village on its site visited by Cartier, 2-6.78
Pictures, two views, $4-1487$
Monts, Pierre du Gruast, Sieur de, settlement in Acadia, 2-679-80
Montserrat. British West Indian island in the Leeward group; area, 32 square miles; capital, Plymouth. Fertile and beautiful, it exports cotton and limes.
products, 9-3191
Moodie, Mrs. Susanna, Canadian author, 14-5 $10.7-0 f$

* Roughiner it in the Bush, summary and quo-

Moody, Dwight Iyman, evangelist, 12~4438
Picture, portrait, 12-4439
Moon
* Earth and the moon, 10-3535-44
attrar-tion for the earth, 10-35:3
description, 4-1449-50
diagrath sowing position of earth and sum. 10-3535
distance from earth, 4-1353
eclipses the sun, 9-3170, 3176
how formerl, 1-2̈. 21,114
tides caused by, 2-583-84
Poems about
Oh, Lorok at the Mnon! by F. L. Follen, 7-2:it. 4
Tu the Moon. hy P. M3. Shelley, 2-fष4
The IVind and the Muon, ly Geurge M:x. donald. 16-5711
Questions about
Are there people on the moon? 16-5846
loos the momm lull the ser?" 2-5: 1 .-
Is there a man in the moon? 4-1449
Why dors the monn \&row brikinter as the sun sets? 18-15.it
Will the world become like the moon? 1-313
Wriuld the सarth sivem to bu up in thr sky if we were on the moon? 4-1452
Pictures
as seen through telescope, 2-24; 10-3538-39, 3543
craters, 4-1449
eclipses the sun, 9-3170, 3172, 3173
four phases, $10-3540$
mountain peaks, 10-3537
new moon, 10-3543
Moons of planets
of Jupiter, 10-3409-10
of Mars. 9-?
of Neptune, 10-3412
of Saturn, 10-3410-12 $19-729$ ?
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Moonwort, fern
Pirtuti in colur), 10.3727


## GENERAL INDEX

Moore, Albert, British painter, 6-2236
Picture, Quartette (gravure), 6-2240
Moore, Anne Carroll, and juvenile libraries,

Moore, Benjamin, discovered nitrogen peroxid in air at seaside, 6-2252
Moore, Clement C., see Poetry Index for poem and note
Moore, Sir John, British general
in war in Spain, 6-2206
Poem alrout. Burial of Sir John Moore, by Charles Wolfe, 2-607
Moore, Thomas, Irish poet, 12-4228
as a song-writer, 10-3610
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Poem about. To Thomas Moore, by Lord Byron, 19-6989
Pictures, portraits, 10-3605; 12-4227
Moore's Creek, Battle of, 1776, 4-1166
Moorhens, see Gallinules
Moorhouse, Hopkins, Canadian author, 15-5370
Moorhouse's comet, 10-3671
Moorings of a ship, 14-5003
Moorish idol, fish
Picture (in color) 16-5787
Moorland, vegetation of, 4-1280
Moors, architecture, see Architecture, Saracenic
Moors in Portugal, 14-5183
Moors in Spain, 14-5042-44
influence on European culture, 3-823
influence on pottery-making, 5-1664
See also Architecture, Spanish
Picture, last king surrendering keys of Granada, 14-5043
Moose, animal, 4-1448
Pictures, 4-1441; 17-6173
Moose-bird, name for Canada and Oregon jay, 13-4830; 14-5136
Moose Jaw. Agricultural and railway centre,
Saskatchewan, Canada.
Moose tick, 16-6020
Moosewood, tree. 13-4777-78
variety of maple, 12-4507
picture, 13-4777
Moqui Indians, 1-161
Moraines, glacial, explanation, 1-158
Morales, Luis de. Spanish religious painter surnamed El Divino (The Divine); born, Badajoz, about 1509; died there, 1586. He was probably self-taught. paintings of, 4-1495
Moralities, early form of plays, 2-721
Moran, Thomas, American painter, 9-3332 Picture, Bringing Home the Cattle (gravure), 10-3458
Moray, fish Picture (in color), 16-5786
More, Sir Thomas
life and writings, 1-306
and Henry VIII, 5-1816
death of, 14-5124-25
Moreau, Gustave, French artist, 7-2482 Picture, St. Cecilia, 7-2478
Morelos y Pavoir, José, Mexican leader, 19-7136
Moretto da Brescia, Italian painter, 3-1107
Pisture. A Nohleman (gravare), 3-1113
Morgan, Daniel (1736-1802). American Revolu-
tionary general, born in New Jersey but a resi-
dent of Virginia. He served at Quebec and Saratoga and in the South.
escapes from Lord Cornwallis, 4-1172
Picture, portrait. 4-1165
Morgan, Fenry, destroyed Panama City, 1-370 Morgan, John Pierpont (1837-1913). American financier, international banker, art-collector and philanthropist.
Morgan, Sarah, mother of Daniel Boone, 6-2190
Morganite, account of, 19-7228
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Morgarten, Battle of, 16-6004
Morin, Paul, French Canadian poet, 14-5110
Morland, George, English artist, 6-2230

* lif. and work 7-3.34

Morley, Christopher, author, 14-5012
Morley, John, author, 11-3999, 4003
Picture, portrait, 11-3999
mormons
church buildings, Salt Lake City, note and picture, 19-6844
history, 6-1920. 1922
settlement in Utah, 18-6430
irrigated Salt Lake Valley, 7-2544

Morning-glory, flower
bush morning-glory, 18-6656
Morocco. North African sultanate; area about 231,000 square miles; capitals, Morocco, or Marrakesh, Fez, Meknes and Rabat. Rapidly growing in prosperity, the French protectorate produces barley, oranges, figs, lemons, dates and almonds; and lead, silver, gold and antimony are mined. Casablanca, Rabat and Mogador are the chief ports. Spanish Morocco is a zone of about 11,000 square miles, containing Tetuan, the capital, Melilla, and the wild Rif country; Tangier is an international port. Morocco was independent up to 1912, when it became a French protectorate.
as a Spanish possession, 14-5046
history, 18-6808
Moroni, Giambattista, Italian painter, 3-1107
Moros, tribe in Philippines, 10-3588
Mozpheus, god of dreams, 9-3234-35
Picture (gravure), 9-3230
Morphine $\left(\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{1}\right)$. The principal alkaloid of opium and a bitter, white, crystalline base. Found sometimes in other plants besides the opium poppy, the wild hops. Used as an anodyne and to induce sleep.
Morris, Lewis, English poet, 12-4232
Morris, William, poetry of, 12-4230
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Morris dances, directions for, 10-350 $\frac{1}{2}$ 18-6785-86
Morrison, Charles, and electric signals, 17-6236
Morse, Samuel $\mathbf{F}$. B., inventor and artist

* life and work, 17-6238
and founding of National Academy of Design, 9-3330
submarine cable in N. Y. harbor, 12-4293
Pictures, portrait, 17-6235
making experiments, 17-6239
Morse alphabet, for telegraph, 17-6050, 6052
Mortar, how made, 7-2305
Morte d' Arthur, hy Malory, its value, 1-305
Mortgage. A conveyance of property, upon condition, as security for the payment of a debt. It is extinguished by payment of the indebtedness on the day when due.
Morton, Levi P., vice-president of U. S.
Pieture. nartrait (errarure). 11-3948
Morton. William Thomas Greene
and discovery of anæsthetics, 8-2729
Mosaics
* in early Christian art, 2-578-81
how made, 13-4564
use in early Christian churches, 16-5716
Pictures, 2-575, 577, 579, 581
modern Italian workshop, 13-4571
Pompeiian, Defeat of Darius, 2-709
St. Mark, 13-4564
Mosasaurus, prehistoric lizard. 5-1660
Moscow, Russia, description, 16-5856-58
Napoleon's army at, 6-2207; 7-2599; 10-3571-72 Pictures, 16-5857
church of St. Basil (gravure), 16-5722 Kremlin. 16.5847
Moselle. River of France and Germany, rising in the Vosges and joining the Rhine at Coblenz It passes Nancy, Metz and Treves. In its lower valley it runs past vine-clad hills which produce
the celebrated Moselle wines. 320 miles.
Moses, Hebrew leader, 19-7156
rules of health and sanitation, 8-2722
Poem about. Burial of Moses, by C. F. Alexander, 14-5237
Pirtures
statue by Michelangelo (gravure), 13-4613 with tables of stone, 13-4811
Mosques
architectural features, $15-5465-66$
description, 13-4807
famous ones, 15-5468
in India, 15-5471-72
Moti Musjia, 8-2700
Pictures, 13-4805, 4807, 4809: (gravure)
15-5474,5476,5478 at Assiout, Egypt, 18-6738 Constantinople mosque of Shah Zade (gravure), 9-3095 Persian. 3-919. 921 Sincranore. 9-3183
Mosquito-hawk, name for nighthawk, 9-3372


## Mosquitoes

* account of. 17-6417-18
* diseases carried by, 15-5488, 5490-91 malaria, 17-6417-18


## GENERAL INDEX

Mosauitoes (continued) influence on history, through transmitting disease, 18-6731-32
Pictures
eggs and chrysalis, 17-6416
emerging from pupal skin, 17-6417
Moss-campion, plant, description, 15-5602-03
of Rocky Mts., 18-6667
Picture 15-5603
Moss pinks, see Moss-campion
Mosses, plants
account of, 10-3724
description and method of reproduction, 3-884
hair-cap moss, life-story, with pictures, 4-1279 Poem about. Fern and the Moss, by Eliza Cook, 12-4273
Pictures, $10-3720$
Mosul, district on the Tigris, 18-6669-70 dispute as to government, 13-4806
Mother Carey's chicken, name for stormy petrel, 14-5130
Mother Hubbard's Tale, poem by Spenser, 3-1120
Mother-of-pearl, layer of shell, 12-4278
Motherhood
importance increases in higher forms of life, 7-2325-26
Poems about
Bravest Battle That Ever Was Fought, by Joaquin Miller, 12-4474
Gray Swan, by Alice Cary, 6-2149
Mother, by Lord Tennyson, 4-1380
Mother's World, by M. H. Alden, 5-1645
My Mother, by Jane Taylor, 2-736
My Mother's Hands, by E. M. H. Gates, 5-1646
Old Arm-Chair, by Eliza Cook, 4-1516 Somebody's Mother, 18-6649
Mother's Day, observance of, 6-2094
Motherwort, flower. Picture (in color), 13-4879
Moths

* Butterflies and moths, 18.6525-32
clothes-moth, 18-6532
life-history of clothes-moth, with pictures, 16-5745
codling moth, 17-6069
damage done by, 18-6532
eggs, 18-6526-27
gipsy moth, 17-6069
how differ from butterfies, 18-6525-26
life-history of, 18-6527-30
means of communication, 18-6530-31
pronuba moth, fertilization of yucca flowers, 18-6661
silkworm moth, 15-5308-09
Questions about
Does camphor keep moths away? 16-5958
Why does a moth fly round a candle? 2.585
Why is the tongue of a moth so lons? 5-1609
Pictures (in color)
American moths, 18-6533-34
European moths, 18-6547
Moti Musjid, mosque at Agra, 8-2700
Motion
gives rigidity and hardness, 13.4667
* laws of, in physics, 13-4665-68
falling body, law of, 14-4903, 5036
inertia, law of, 13-4667-68
measurement of, 14-4901
molar motion, of a mass, 15-5569
molecular motion. or heat, 15-5569, 5423
of earth, see Earth-motion
Questions about
Do all things move in space? 15-5517
If we swing a rope why does it go on swinging? 10-3734
When I walk in a moving train do I move faster than the train? 5-1811
Why are we thrown forward when the traln stops suddenly? 12-4505
Why does a falling object turn round? 13-4827
Motion pictures, see Moving pictures
Motley, John Lothrop, historian and diplomat, 13-4821
Picture, portrait. 13-4814
Motmots, birds, account of, 9-3372-73
Pictures, 9-3366: (in color), 12-4369
Motor cars, see Automobiles
Motor centre, in brain, 8-2947
Motorcycles, first invention, 19-7015
Mott, Mrrs. Lucretia, American reformer, 14-526869

Moufion, wild sheep, 4-1375
Picture, 4-1374
Mound-builders. Primitive peoples who have erected mounds at some stage of their development. In North America mounds have been found in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys. They are generally of earth and filled with skeletons and ceremonial objects buried with the dead.
mount. For mountains, see word following Mount; as Pelvaux, Mount
Mount Desert Island, Maine
Lafayette National Park, 7-2291 Picture, 7-2285
Mount Folyoke College
founded by Mary Lyon, 14-5270
Picture, Mary Lyon Hall, 14-5266
Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, 7-2285, 2288
Mount Rainier National Park, 7-2288
Picture and note. 7-2283
Mount-Stephen, George Stephen, 1st Baron
(1829-1921). Born in Scotland; noted Canadian financier and railway man; first president of the Canadian Pacific Railway.
Mount Vernon, home of Washington, on the south shore of the Potomac.
description, 5-1542
Martha Washington at, 2-392
Picture, tomb of Washington, 3-1041
Picture, with note, 18-6839
Picture (gravure), 11-3947
Mount Wilson Observatory, California
Picture, 18-6436
Mountain ash, tree, 12-4382, 4396
Pictures
tree, flower and leaf, 12-4396
fruit (in color), 11-4027
Mountain asters, see Asters, Mountain
Mountain laurel, 13-4774, 4776 Picture, 13-4774
Mountain-lion, see Puma
Mountains, nineteen highest:
Everest, Himalayas. Frept
Godwin-Austen
(K2 or Dapsang), Karakoram........ 28,250
Kinchinjunga $\mathbf{I}$, Himalayas.............. 28,146 $^{28}$
Makalu, Himalayas.......................... 27.790
Dhaulagiri, Himalayas.................... 26.795
Nanca-Parbat, Himalayas................. 26.620
Nanda Devi, Himalayas...................... 25.645
Tirach Mir, Afghanistan..................... 25.400
Ulug Mustagh, Tibet......................... 25.300
Aling-Gungri, Tibet......................... 24.000
Tengri Khan, Thian Shan................. 24.132
Chumulari, Himalayas....................... 23.930
Trisul, Himalayas.......................... 23,600
Duna"iri, Himalayas.......................... ${ }^{2} 184$
Aconcarua, Andes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2 .nen
Tuminerato, Andes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 23 nnn
Kedarnath, Himalayas...................... 22.770
Panch Chuli, Himalayas................... 22.650
Api, Himalayas............................ 23,399

* Face of the earth, 6-2169-76
* How sun and wind made the hills, 2-629-34
* Mnuntains and glaciers 7-2.a13-16 effect on rainfall, 8-2667, 2923
* flowers of, with pictures, 15-5601-08
formation of, 2-526, 527
high mountains compared, 8-2695
highest in North America. 10-3584
measuring height of, 15-5286-87
variations of temperature on, 8-2668
Questions about
How do we know the height of a mountain? 11.3840

Is a mountain higher in hot weather? 15-5365-66
What are the highest mountains? 18-6553
What is the wind like on a mountain-top? 16-5746
Why do mountains get no higher though snow falls on them? 6-2250
Sie also names of mountains

* Pictures, 7-2313-18
diagram showing formation and strata, 2-631
formation. 2-527
Mourning-doves, see Turtledoves
Mouse. see Mice
Mouse-dog, animal, 3-873
Mouse-ear hawkweed, see Hawkweed-mouse-ear

Mouse tail, flower
Picture (in color), $15-5400$
Mouth, account of, 6-1929-33
Mouth and the teeth, * 6-1929-33
Mouth-organ, how to plas, 19-6362-63
Movement see Motion
Movement of things, $*$ 13-4665-68
Movements of plants, 2-743-46; 1-118
Moving pictures

* Making moving pictures, 18-6593-6606
camera, description of, 18-6597
explanation of, 18-6596-97
invention, 18-6594, 6596
plays, how made, 18-6597-98, 6602
popularity, 18-6600, 6602
stage-settings, with pictures, 18-6601
statistics of, 18-6600
trick pictures, 18-6602
Question about. How are the cartoons made for the films? 2-456
Pictures
preparing films, 18-6595
various settings of, 18-6601, 6603-06
Mozambique, formerly Portuguese East Africa, 18-6814
Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, German musical composer
* life and work, 19-6917-18
music, character of, 19-7073
Pirtolirs
portrait, 19-6912
scenes from his life, 19-6919, 7074
Much Ado about Nothing, by Shakespeare
story of, 16-5757-58
Mucilage. A name applied to jelly-like preparations or watery solutions of vegetable gums. There is mucilage exuding in solid form from plants such as gum arabic, and a solution made by extracting plants such as marshmallow.
Mucous membrane, description, 6=1931
Mud eel, amphibian. Picture, 15-5457
Mud-hen, name for marsh-hen, 14-5020
Mud-hen, name for Marsh-hen, 14-50
Mud-volcanoes, New Zealand, $7-2579$
Mudfish, note on, 15-5631
lives out of water, 15-5541
Pictures, 15-5631
African mudfish, 15-5457
Muezzin. In Mohammedan countries, the name of one who calls the faithful to prayer from the side of a mosque or its minaret. It is considered a meritorious office insuring admission into Paradise.
Mugwump. Name given originally in the United States to independent voters refusing to support the policy of either political party The word is of Indian origin and means "great chief." It was formerly applied in a disparaging sense.
Muir, Alexander, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Muir, John, naturalist
*life of, 19-7057
adventure with dog, Stickeen, 12-4195-97
Picture, portrait, 19-6057
Muirhead, David, British painter, 8-2860
Mukden. Capital and trading centre of Man. churia.
Mukden, Battle of, Russo-Japanese War, 2-566
Mulatto. A person of mixed Caucasian and Megro biood, or Indian and negro blood, usually negro blood, or Indian and negro
of a brownish yellow complexion. family thriving in temperate and warm climates. The common, or black, mulberry, a native of Asia and common in Europe, is seldom seen in North America except in the South and in California. The white mulberry is more common but less palatable. The red mulberry, a native of Eastern North America, is the largest, has deep red fruit and valuable wood.
bark used by Chinese for paper, 3-1054
rescription and pictures, 11-4097
silkworm moth feeds on, 15-5308
Mules, account of, 6-2020
1:at luse than a horse, 9-:308
Mulleln, plant
dife in winter, 2-510
ricture of flower (in color), 13-1879
Müller, Max, e心timit, of Words in English language, 16-5961
Muller, Wilhelm, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
aullets, fishes, 16-5775

Mullets (continued)
Pictures, 16-5777
gray mullet (in color), 16-5781
red mullet (in color), 16-5781
Mulock, Dinah Maria (Mrs. Craik), see Poetry Index for poem and note
Multnomah Falls. Waterfalls in Oregon, 850
feet high.
Mumford (or Mulford), wife of John Eliot, 18-6635
Mummies, Egyptian, 3-812
Pictures
mummy-cases, 2-452; (gravure), 1-66
Mmpms. A popular name for an inflammation of the parotid, and sometimes of the other salivary glands. It is infectious and contagious, and attacks chiefly children. Stiffness about the jaws is followed by pains and swelling beneath the ear, generally first on one side and then on the other, lasting from eight to ten days. Treatment consists mainly in protecting the af fected parts from cold.
Muncaczy, see Munkácsy
Munchausen, Baron

* Adventures of Baron Munchausen, book,
extracts and note, 4-1421-27
Munich. Capital of Bavaria, and fifth largest German city. A very handsome place, it is noted for its university, its splendid art collections and its huge 15 th-century cathedral. There are large brewing, foundry, stained-glass and optical-instrument industries.

Pirture (gravure), 12-4175
Municipal Government. The self-government of a town, city or village. It includes all the activities of the municipality: the public utilities, including ways of transportation and communication, supplying of light and water; disposal of waste matter; protection of property, health, life; education; recreation; charities and correction; and municipal housing. There are in America four varieties of municipal executives; in some cities the mayor is given complete charge of all administrative work, the council being ousted from any share in it, as in Boston and New York. In other cities the mayor is given a limited range of power, the council retaining a hold upon him, as in Chicago, Philadelphia and Los Angeles. Third, there is the Commission plan of government wherein the administrative functions are divided amoner five commissioners, as in Buffalo and St. Paul. Lastly, there is the arrangement by which the supervision of the city's administrative work is given to a manager whom the council appoints and to whom he is responsible. This is called the citv-manaerer plan.
Munkácsy (Michael 工ieb), Hungarian painter
Picture. Milton and his Daughters, 4-1237
Munnings, A. J., British painter, 8-2860
Picture, Mares and their Foals (gravure), 8-2¢f.3
Munro, Neil, author, 11-3898
Münster. Ancient and picturesque German cathedral city in Westphalia.
Munster. Southwestern Irish province, comprising Cork, Clare, Kerry, Waterford, Limerick and Tipperary; area, 9,320 square miles. Muntiac, animal? 4-17:5
Muntz, Laura, Canadian painter, 10-3704
Picture, Madonna with Angels (gravure),
10-23708
Mural painting, sor T'ainting-mural
Murcia. Picturesque old Moorish city in southeast Spain, among orange groves and fruit gardens. It has a fine cathedral and some manufactures.
situation of, 14-5050
Murdock, William
invention of gas-light, 3-990, 992
made model of steam-engine, 5-1612
Picture, toy model, 5-1615
Murfree, Mary Noailles, ser Craddock, Charing Fuhort
Muriatic acid, or hydrochioric acid (HCl). A
 Whose aluerous solution is used extursively in dyeing, in making coal-tar colors, and in preparinte the chlorit of different metals. Colorless in its fomemit odor and taste, and soluble in water, it is the stroneest acid known.
Murillo, Bartolomé Estéban, Spanish painter,
4-1501)

## GENERAL INDEX

Muxillo, Bartolomé Estéban (contimucd)
Pictures
A Spanish Flower-girl, 9-3070
Infant Jesus and the Infant St. John, 4-1494
Infant St. John 4-1494
Madonna and Ángels, 4-1497
Madonna and Child, 4-1497
Murimuth, Adam, chronicle of, 5-1682
Murphy, Emily (Janey Canuck), Canadian author, 15-5371
Murphy, Francis, American painter, 10-3456
Murray Bay, on St. Lawrence River, 6-1962
Murray Biver. Largest Australian river, draining 250,000 square miles. Rising in the Australian Alps, it flows into the Great Australian Pight, in South Australia, forming the boundary between New South Wales and Victoria for most ur its course. With its Murrumbidgee, Lachan and Darling tributaries it forms an immense civer system. 1,120 miles.
Murre, bird. Picture (in color), 9-3132
Muscat. Port of Oman, Arabia, exporting dates, pearls and horses.
Muscle Shoals, Alabama, 13-4522; 14-4889
Picture, Wilson Dam, under construction, 7-2312

## Muscles

* structure and use, 5-1803-05
control of joints, $5 \mathbf{5 1 5 6 0}$
efficiency of, 15-5571
Pictures, 5-1803-05
Muses, nine sisters
list of, with description, $9 \times 3228$
mother was Mnemosyne, goddess of memory, 9-0゙ 234
Museum. An institution for the preservation, study and exhibition of objects of art and objects of natural scientific and literary interest. The term was originally applied to a temple sacred to the Muses. The modern meaning of museum seems to have come from offerings of sacred or historical interest preserved in shrines, churches and monasteries. Museums to-day include art museums, of which the best are the Uffizi and Pitti palaces in Italy, the Louvre in Paris, the British Museum in London, the RijksMuseum in Holland, the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York and the Museum of Fine Arts in Boston. Museums of natural history cover a wide field. Such are the British Museum in London and the Jardin des Plantes in Paris. There are, besides, historical, technological and commercial museums.
boy's home museum. 11-4018
See also American Museum of Natural History, N. Y.; Metropolitan Museum, N. Y.


## Mushrooms

* account of, 11-3905-08
description of, for game, 16-5771
edible varieties, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 2 3 ; ~ 1 1 - 3 9 0 8 ~}$
growth, 5-1628
poisonous, 11-3907
l'ictures
edible and poisonous, American (in color) facing 11-3904-05
growth of, 5-1627
Music
chords
Chopin's use of, 19-7150
dissonant chords in modern music, 19-7153
vibrations of notes in, 18-6696-97
counterpoint 19-6902
discord, cause of, 19-6855
harmony
base in mathematical relations of vibrations 18-6696-98
first use in part-singing, 19-6901 relation to counterpoint, $\mathbf{1 9 - 6 9 0 2}$
hearizg of
* Music and romiso 18-f10n-?9
brain centre for hearing, 9-3062
detected by one ear only, 9-3.305
high notes heard best, 18-6438
history
* Beginnings and srowth af music, 19-1い! ? 6903
* Classic composers and their works, 19-7071-76
* Composers of great music, 19-6913-26
* Romantic composers and music of to-day 19-7149-53
church influence on early development,

Music—history (continued)
classical influence, 18th century, 19-7072
early history, 19-6913
Jewish musicians, 19-7162
impressionism, Debussy's influence, 19-7152
modes, authentic and plagal, 19-6900
programme music, Berlioz a pioneer in, 19-7150
ratios, or relations, between notes, 18-6695-98 romantic movement, beginning of, $19-7076$ definition of, 19-7149
scales

* kinds, and relation of notes to each wthrs, 18-6696-99
explanation of, 19-6898
chromatic scale, 18-6698
diatonic scale, 18-6698
pentatonic, or five-tone scale, 18-6698
tempered scale introduced by Bach, 19-7071-72
story about, Music of the willing heart, 5-1688
* theory of musical sounds, 18-6695-6700

See aliso Musical instruments; Overtones;
Piano; Sound; also names of musicians
Porms about
A. Musical Instrument, by Mrs. E. B. Browning, 5-1779
A Piper, by Seumas O'Sullivan, 9-3110
Orphens and his Lute, by Shakespeare, 8-3004
Piper, Play, by John Davidson, 6-2242
Piping Down the Valleys Wild, by William Blake, 8-2764
Song for St. Cecilia's Day, by John Dryden, 4-1270
Ourstions about
When we sing a note to the piano, why does it answer? 5-1750
When were madrigals composed and sung? 16-5743-4 4
Music for songs, see Songs with music
Music scores, how to mend, 13-4737
Musical glasses, 15-5333
Musical instruments
Folian harp, 8-2742, 2881
from bottles, how to make, 17-6387
history, before piano, 5-1795-96
early forms, 19-6898-99
sound-waves from, 5-1750
stringed
tone, how affected by changes in string 18-6699
various kinds, 19-6899-6900
Wheatstone's invention of invisible playing 17-6237
See also names of instruments; as Piano: Violin, etc.
Question about. What was the first stringed instrument? 13-4594
Pictures, 19-6899-6902
Musk-ox, a nimal, 4-1378
in Barren Lands, Canada, 7-2562
Picture, 4-1372
Musk plant, w, Monliry flowers
Muskallunge, fish, 15-5635
Picture and note, 15-5631
Muskmelons, 6-2062
Picture, 6-2063
Muskrats, 3-1133-34
Picture, 3-1129
Musquash, see Muskrats
Musschenbroek, Pieter van, Dutch scientist, and

Mussels, description, 19-6884-85
and bitterlings, 15-5541
used in building a breakwater, 19-6885
Question ulomt. Ifow douss a mussel build its shell? 12-4278
Firturre, 19-6ixt?
shells, 19-6886; (in color) 19-6893
Mussolini, Benito, Italian leader, 13-4568
Mussulmans, see Mohammedans
Mustard
account of, 8-2996
directions for growing, 2-748
wild mustard or charlock, 15-5394: 8-2996
Question about. Why does mustard burn our tongue? 8-3013-14
Pictures, plant, 8-2990
hedge mustard (in color), 13-4879
wild mustard or charlock, $15-5393$

Mustard Family of plants
weeds of, 15-5392, 5394
Mutiny of the Bounty, 1789. Mutiny of the crew of H.M.S. Bounty, who cast adrift their officers. The Pitcairn Islanders are descendants of the mutineers.
Mutsuhito, emperor of Japan
Picture, portrait, 2-561
Muybridge Eadweard, photographs of horse in motion, 18-6594
My Pretty Jane, song, origin of, 10-3609
mycenæ, Greece
architecture, 14-5212
Schliemann's explorations in ruins, 2-447
wall-paintings, 2-448
Pictures
Gate of Lions, 11-3991
Tomb of Atreus (gravure), 14-5215
Mylm, first sea-victory of Romans, 4-1194
Myllar, Andrew, early printer, 9-3386, 3388
Mylodon, prehistoric animal, 1-95-96
Mynas, birds, 8-2968
picture, 8-2969
Myopia, or shortsightedness. The rays from distant objects are brought to a focus before they reach the retina of the eye and form an indistinct image, and the rays from very near objects converge so as to produce a distinct image. Corrected by the use of a concave lens. Myosotis, flower. Picture (gravure), 19-7180
Myristica, plant, yields nutmeg and mace, 8-2994
Myron, Greek sculptor, 12-4220
Pictures
Marsyas, sometimes called Dancing Faun, made after Myron (gravure), 12-4334 reconstruction of the Discobolus, 12-4219
Myrrh, account of, 8-2913
Myrtle or periwinkle
Pictures, flower (gravure), 19-7180; (in color), 14-4988
Myrtleberries, Bee Whortleberries
Mysore, rebellion against English, 8-2828
Mysore, Sultan of, see Tippoo Sahib
Mysteries, early form of plays, 2-721
Myths and legends
British
Dick Whittington and his cat, 2-758
Earl's daughter and beggarman, 14-5196
Gelert, the faithful dog, 5-1693
Gog and Magog, 14-5194
How Gotham got a bad name, 6-2108
How Lady Godiva helped her people, 17-6295 legends of places, 17-6324
Mona and the forsaken merman, 1-59
Robin Hood and his merry men, 2-397
St. George and the dragon, 1-54
See also Arthur, King
Poems about
Ginevra, by Rogers, 6-2032
King Bruce and the Spider, by Eliza Cook, 15-5521
Chinese, 5-1579-80
Story of the willow-pattern plate, 4-1532
French
Ad-rentures of Reynard the Fox, 8-2965
Love laughs at locksmiths, 7-2352
German
Howleglass, the merry jester, 8-2962

* legends of the Rhine, 18-6503-07

Lohengrin, or the swan-knight, 8-2957-60
Undine, the story of a water nymph, 11-4141 Poems about

Erl King, by J. W. von Goethe, 19-6988
Pied Piper of Hamelin, by $R$. Browning, 1-224
Greek and Roman, 3-1070

* accounts of main gods, 9-3225-38

Achilles and the queen of the Amazons, 1-53
Androcles and the lion, 11-3982
Cupid and Psyche, 19-7005
Dog that remembered Odysseus, $1-146$ Geese who kept guard of Rome 11-3982
Hercules, twelve labors of, 9-3083-84
How Alcestis gave her life, 8-2703-07
Icarus and his waxen wings, 12-4197
Pandora, 14-5259
Penelope's tapestry, $\mathbf{1 - 5 3}$
Perseus, story of, 15-5442-43
Quest of the golden fleece, 3-1100-01
Riddle of the Sphinx, 18-6610
Story of Midas, 16-6030
Why the elm tree grows so tall, 8-2820

Mythe and legende-Greek and Roman (continued) Pictures (gravure), 9-3229-32
Indian
about sun, moon, and stars, 6-1970
Bride of the forest, $17-6203$
Happy land of rest, 17-6200-03
How the bear lost his tail, 17-6199
White lily, 17-6204
Why the chipmunk has black stripes, 17-6204
Japanese
Mysterious portrait, 9-3080
Jewish
Stories from the Talmud, 9-3082; 18-6480
Wandering Jew, 19-7224
Kafir, 5-1582-83
Norse
A Tale of Many Lands, 14-4942
Iduna and the golden apples, 15-5328
Roman, see Myths and legends-Greek and Roman
Saxon
Beowulf, 1-56
various subjects
about days of the week, 12-4199-4203

* about imaginary animals, 1-353-59
about places and things, 15-5537
Qucstions al,out
What is the legend about Queen Dido? 3-1114
Who was Pallas Athene and what was one of her hobbies? 3-1115
myzedema, disease, cured by thyroid extract. 9-3222


Nablus. Ancient capital of Samaria, Palestine. Nabonidus, king of Babylon, 2-660
Tabopolassar, king of Babylonia, 2-658-59;
3-912: 18-6672
Nadaud, Gustave, song-writer, 10-3612
Nævius, early Roman author, 16-5908
Nagana, disease of animals, 17-6422
Nagasaini. Port of Kiushiu, Japan, with large shipyards. It is an important coaling station. Up to 1859 it was the only Japanese port open to Europeans.
and Christianity, 2-564
historic importance, 2-570
Nagoya. Capital of Owari, Japan. It is noted
for its pottery trade and manufacture of cotton and silk.
Nagpur. Capital of Central Provinces, India,
trading in cotton; also noted for oranges.
Nagpur. Division of the Central Provinces,

## India.

Naiads in mythology, 9-3235-36
Naile, public orator of Hawaii, 2-446
Nail-boz, how to make, 17-6262-63
Nails
rust prevention, 11-4079-80
suggestions for hammering, 19-7079
suggestions for nailing boxes, 8-2741
Questions about
Why does a carpenter seldom use nails in oak? 14-5084
Why has a French nail grooves at the top?
Nails (in body)
loss of, 4-1420
structure of, 4-1420
Question about. For what purpose do human beings have finger nalls? 14-5220
Pictures, diagrams, 4-1415
Nairne, Iady (Caroline Oliphant), song-writer, 10-3610
Picture, portrait, 10-3605
Nairobl, Kenya Colony, 9-3054
Nalbandian, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Name-pictures, how to make, 12-4502
Names, children's, in American colonies, 3-966
Namur. Historic Belgian cathedral city at the Junction of the Sambre and Meuse. It is an important industrial centre, with iron and brass foundries, and the manufacture of cutlery, It was captured by the Germans in August, 1914.
Nanalmo. Port on Vancouver Island, Canada,
with lumber and fish-curing industries; also a coal-mining centre.

## GENERAL INDEX

Nancy. Beautiful French city on the Meurthe, with a famous embroidery industry. Its many fine buildings include a cathedral and the old ducal palace of Lorraine. Nancy has a university and a noted school of forestry.
cotton and metal works, 11-3818
Nancy School of hypnotism, 12-4444
Nandid, fish
Picture (in color), 16-5786
Nanking. Ancient Chinese city on the Yang-tsekiang, once famous as a literary and as a manufacturing centre.
important location, 2-434
Nanking, Treaty of, 1842, 2-432
Nansen, Fridtjof
as a writer, 19-7014
voyage in the Fram, 13-4715-18
Pictures.
portrait, with parents, 15-5617
in arctic scenes, 13-4711
Nantes. One of the most important ports of France, on the Loire. A fine modern city, it has many ancient buildings, including the cathedral and old ducal castle of Brittany; in the cathedral is Colombe's splendid monument to the last duke and duchess. There is a large government steam-engine works.
Nantes, Edict of, allowed freedom of religion, 10-3436
Naphtha. One of the products obtained from petroleum, is a volatile, colorless liquid, holding a place between gasoline and benzine. It may also be obtained in the distillation of wood and coal-tar. Industrially naphtha is used in the manufacture of cleaning compounds, paints and varnishes, rubber goods, etc.
Napier, David, and early steamboat, 17-6402
Napier, John. Scottish mathematician, inventor of logarithms; born, Merchiston, Edinburgh, 1550; died there, 1617.
Naples. Largest city and seaport of Italy, and one of the most beautifully situated in Europe. Founded by the Greeks as Neapolis, Naples generally is crowded, dirty and picturesque, though of late years much has been done to modernize it. There is a busy export trade, while fishing and the manufacture of textiles, pottery, gloves, soap and perfumery are carried on. The cathedral of St. Januarius dates from the 13 th century, and the National Museum is rich in aichæolosical treasures from Pompeii.
fine harbor, 13-4576
Picture, 12-4413

## Napoleon I, emperor of the French

life

* Napoleon and his conquerors, 6-2199-2208
* life and wars, 10-3570-72
abdication after Waterloo, 6-2208
at St. Helena, description, for game, 8-3023
became emperor in 1804, 6-2203
crowned king of Italy, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 7 1}$
divorce, and marriage to Marie Louise, 6-2206
escape from Elba, 10-3572
marriage to Josephine, 6-2200
retreat from Moscow, 10-3571-72
and French Revolution, 6-2102
and Haiti, 13-4591
and Italian unity, 12-4410, 4412
and Louisiana Purchase, 5-1702
and Robert Fulton, 17-6401
and Switzerland, 16-6006
benefits to France from his rule. 6-2204
son called King of Rome, $10-3571$
stopped importing of sugar by France, 7-2532 stories about
Bird that Napoleon set free, 14-5124
How the French reached Moscow, 7-2599
wars against Germany and Austria, 11-3966, 3968
Porms about
Death of Napoleon, by Isaac McLellan, 19-6868
Grandmother's Tale, by Pierre de Beranger. 16-5921
Pictures
portrait, 6-2199
portrait, as a boy, by Girodet, 6-2103 portrait, with parents, 15-5619
a captive on shipboard (gravure), 6-2212 as a boy at school (gravure), 6-2209
at battle of Friedland, 10-3569
at St. Helena, 6-2103

ITapoleon I-Pictures (continued)
at the head of his troops, by Meissonier (gravure), 6-2212
Evening of Waterloo (gravure), 6-2211
farewell to his generals, 10-3562
Napoleon monument, Ajaccio, 11-3815
Napoleon III, emperor of the French
and Italy, 12-4411-12
died in 1874, 10-3576
made Maximilian emperor of Mexico, 19-7138 reign of, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 7 3}$
war with Germany, 11-3972
Napoleonic Wars
relation to War of 1812, 5-1703-04
See also Napoleon I
Narbada. River of the Indian Deccan, rising in the Satpura Mountains and flowing into the Gulf of Cambay. It is one of the most sacred rivers of India. 800 miles. See 8-2696
Narbonne. Earliest Roman colony beyond the Alps, having been founded as Narbo in 116 B.c. It stands on the Canal du Midi in Languedoc, France, and is famous for its honey, its uncompleted 13 th-century cathedral, and other relics. Narcissus, character in mythology, 9-3237
Narcissus, plant, 19-7172
Picture, flower (gravure), 19-7174
Narcotic. One of several drugs which benumb the senses, dulling their susceptibility, reducing pain and bringing on sleep. Too large a dose will produce stupor or convulsions. Opium and belladonna are familiar narcotics,
Nares, Sir George, arctic explorer, 13-4713-14 in the Challenger, 14-5090
Picture, portrait, 13-4707
Narkunda, ship. Picture, engine room, 12-4425
Narva, Battle of. Fought between Charles XII of Sweden, with about 8,000 men, and the Russians numbering about 40,000 , who were besieging this Baltic port (1700). Charles won a big victory, Peter the Great fleeing to Novgorod. Narvaez, Panfilo de (c. $1480-1528$ ). A Spanish soldier who led the second Spanish attempt to colonize Florida in 1528. He perished that year with all but four of his followers.
Narwhal, sea-animal, 6-2218; 14-4960
Picture, 6-2219
Naseby, Battle of, 11-3846
Nash, Thomas, English dramatist, 2-721
Nashville. Capital of Tennessee. An important educational and commercial centre, it has four universities and several colleges. Its manufactures are important and its trade extensive. Nashville, Battle of, 7-2440
Nasmyth, James, inventor, 19-7206
Picture, portrait. with father, 15-5615
Nassau. Capital of the British Bahama Islands on New Providence Island.
health resort, 9-3191
Nast, Thomas, artist
Picture, Portrait of General Grant, 7-2441
Nasturtium. The name, coming from the Latin nasus, nose, and tortus, twisted, refers to the acrid odor and pungent taste. Botanically, a synonym for Rorippa, the Cress Family. Horticulturally it signifies a plant of the genus Tropæolum, familiar in gardens. The latter species bear conspicuous flowers of varying shades of yellow and red.
Natal. South African eastern province, including Zululand: area, 35,000 scuare miles; capital. Pietermaritzhurer. The snil is rery fertile sugar and other tropical produce being grown near the coast, and fruit and cereals on the uplands. Sheep and cattle are reared, and coal is mined. Durban is the largest port on the east coast of Africa.
founding of, 9-3048, 3050
joined Union of South Africa, 7-2300; 9-3050
named by Vasco da Gama, 1-89
Picture. Albert Falls, 6-2173
Natick, Mass.
Eliot's mission to Indians, 18-6635-36
National Academy of Design, founding, 9-3330
united with Society of American Artists,
9-3334
National Assembly, in France, 10-3564, 3576
National Association of Audubon Societies,
14-5018
National flowers, 17-6180-81
National Gallery, London, 12-4361
National Guard, in France, 10-3566

National Guard．In the U．S．a term used in most of the states and territories to denote the organized militia．The Dick Bill of 1903 brought tiese state forces under Federal supervision for the first time．By the National Defense Act of 1916 the National Guard was brought more


 active organization and three in the reserve National Ieague，in haseball．17－614
National Parks of United States，7－2281－91 arational songs of various countries，
＊17－6249－56
National Woman＇s Suffrage Association，
formation，14－5269
Nations
improvement of mankind the purpose of， 19－i
structure compared to human body，19－6876
पumidige rhent．Whach is the biogest nation 5－160
Nations，Battle of the，at Leipzig，IO－3572 Natural Bridge，Uitah，note and picture，18－6425 Naturel Bridge，Va．，note and picture，14－4900 Natural gas．The lishtest Hait of crude oil，
 marsh gas and other hydrocarbons．It is found in sedimentary rocks，mostly sandstones，some－ times accompanied by petroleum．When it es－
 brans with a lommons flabse．In time all the
 hole made for it，and the well becomes empty and useless．Natural gas is used mostly in oll districts．
Natural selection，follanatirm，4－1．©
Naturalism in Fi，Wh \％intine 7－975－80
Naturalists，famous ones，＊19－7051－58
Naturalization．＂The act of investing an alien （one born in another country）with the rights
 ject．＂Most countries now grant naturalization after a term of residence in the country．In the British Empire the general law demands resi－ dence under the British flay or service under the British Government for five years out of the －inh fommaliog the application．The last year must be spent in the place where the applica－ tion is made．Married women take the nation－ qlity of their hushands．In the United States the term is continuous residence for at least five years，and the last year must be spent where the application is made．A＂declaration of intention＂must be filed at least two years oefore citizenship is granted．A married woman lifes not take the nationality of her husband． Only white aliens or those of African descent may be naturalized．

## Tature

in Finclisk noetry：18th century，6－nnご－30
Wrird－worth amil hie friends，7－23：．3－5．

Poems about
For full list，see 20－7680
Questinns about
Why is so me a nart rif natirne 2－4．is
Why is so much of nature green？2－460

## Nature study


For list of main articles，see 20－7．si4－7．．．
Nature＇s wonderful family，＊1－91－97
Nauru，island
a．．．．sult ．．f．9－？ 1 c \&

## Nautical Almanac

Question about．What is the book called the Nautical Almanac？2－457
Nautilus，molluse，19－6892
Pirtures，shells，19－6886：（in color），19－6896 Naval Acailemy，U．S．，s＇C Annapolis
Naval Reserve．An organization which can be called into active service in time of war to re－ inforce the regular navy．The Reserve includes volunteers organized and trained for service， some seamen of the merchant marine and some mercantile vessels．
Navarino，Battle of．A decisive sea fieht in the

 fleet of 89 men－of－war was attacken by a Brit－ ish，French and Russian fleet of 24 ships in 1827, and in two hours was completely overwhelmed．

Navarre，Queen or，Jeanne d＇Albret， $13-4581$
Navigation．The science or art of directing ves． sels as they proceed from one place to another It involves a knowledge of methods of deter． mining locations，of arranging courses，of meas． uring distances，etc．
Navy，British，sf INgland－nary
Navy of U．S．，see United States－navy
Nazareth．Ancient town in Galilee，Palestine． the home of Jesus．In ancient times it was in－ significant，but under its modern name，Ein －asira，it had over 7,000 population in $19 \%$ ． more than half Christians．
Ne plus ultra．Latin for＂nothing further．
Neagh，Lough．Largest lake in the British Isles，in Ulster，Ireland． 150 square miles． Neagle，John，American painter，9－3330
Neal，David，American painter
Picture．Oliver Cromwell visits John Milton， 4－1241
Neale，John Mason，hymn－writer，12－4436－37 Nearsightedness，explanation of，10－3686 INebo，Mt．Mountain from which Moses viewed the Promised Land．
Nebraska．One of the North Central states： area， 77,520 square miles；capital．Lincoln． Umaha is the largest city．Agriculture．stock－ raising，meat－packing are the chief industries． Abbreviation，Nebr．Nickname，＂Tree－planter State．＂State flower，goldenrod．Motto，＂Equal－ ity before the Law．＂Nebraska is an Indian word meaning＂wide river．＂First settlement， near Omana， 1847.
described in North Central States，15－5̄273－84； 17－6037－48
in Louisiana Purchase，5－1702－03
in the Corn Belt，15－5280
Kansas－Nebraska Bill，7－2429
made a state，11－3942
Pict．＂is
flag（in color），19－7191
reaping wheat in Washington County，15－5273
smelting plant in Omaha，17－6039
Nebuchadnezzar II，king of Babylonia
＊life，2－659－60
ant thre Tr．w－c．18－f．fi？
huilt hanging gardens of Babylon．2－659
conquered kingdom of Judah，19－7157
madness of，2－653
Picture，madness of，2－653

## Nebulæ

lusimning of sums．1－20
description，1－141－44
gases in，11－4038
kinds，and famous ones，11－4038
Hanntary，josssihle origin，11－4n38， 4040
relation to gravitation， $\mathbf{1 - 1 4 2 - 4 3}$
spiral，9－3040
explanation of，9－3175
outnumber formless nebulæ，11－4038
thenries about，11－4040－42
Pirtures，11－4039－42
diagram of spiral nebulæ showing formatinn of planets，9－3175
nebula of Andromeda，1－21
Necho II king of Egynt
sent Phoenician mariners round Africa．2－465 Neckar．German river，one of the chief tribu iniling of the flhine，which passes Heidelbere a？ni frins the Rhine at Mannheim． 247 miles． Necker．Wadame（suzanne（＂urchod），9－32n2－0？ Necklaces
？！，11s＇，of bunds，rlirectinns for making，4－13y4


Nectar．In mythology，the drink with which the Olympian gods were refreshed．It was car－ ried and poured for them by Hebe and Gany－ mede，the cupbearers of Zeus，and was believed to give to those who drank of it divine vigor and beauty．
Nectar ：inwrers meane for fartilizatinn．5－1 fo？ Nectary，gland in flowers for honey，2－509 Née．Frr！ich for＂horn．＂The expression＂Mrs Smith née Jones＂indicates that Jones was Mrs． Smith＇s name before marriage．
Neerlle．hrt th flot irt watm：2－f2？
hrow to thy art．1－9ns
 when mas nutioert？ 11 －nの7f
Needle－book，directions for making，16－5982
Needle－whir，flower
Pioture（in color），14－4984

## GENERAL INDEX

Needles, The. Three isolate 1 chalk cliffs forming the westernmost point of the Isle of Wight. On one of them stands a powerful lighthouse. Negligence. In law, failure to take due care such as the law requires to protect the interests of others who may suffer injury through the lack of such care.
Negotiable paper, or negotiable instruments. Promissory notes, bills of exchange, checks pay able to bearer or to order of the payee, or other transferable evidences of debt, on which the holder may sue in his own name as if it had been made out to him in the first place.
Negritos. The name applied to the dwarf Negroes of Africa, the Oceanic Negroes of Malaysia, and certain of the Philippine Islands. The Andaman Islanders, the Samangs, and the Aetas are characteristic races outside Africa, while the Batwa pigmies south of the Congo are typical members of the African group.
tribe in Philippines, homes of, 5-1656
Negroes
history in Africa, 9-3047
in U. S.
percentage of population in Southern states 13-4.518
political power in Southern states, 7-2444; 8-2670
provisions about, in U. S. Constitution, 5-1 7.93
schools for, in the South, 14-4890
poetry, see Negroes, Songs of
Question about. Why is the skin of the negro black? 7-2609
2Tagroes, Songs of, 18-6510, 6515
text, or words, of songs
Massa's in do Cold, Cold Ground, by S. C. Foster, 8-2764
My Old Kentucky Home, by S. C. Foster, 8-3002
O Nammy's Pickaninny, hy L. T. Elder, 19-6873
Oh! Roys, Carry me 'Long, by S. C. Foster. 4-1516
Way down upon de Swanee Ribber, by S. C. Foster, 4-1380
Wehemiah, Jewish leader
left Persia to rebuild Jerusalem, 3-916
Neilsen, Kay
East of the sun and west of the moon (story), 5-1845-49
Giant who had no heart in his body (story), 4-1525-28
Hushand who was to mind the hove (story). 3-1099
Neid. Arabia. 18-6676
Nekrasov, Nicholas, Russian poet, 19-6908 Picture, portrait, 19-6905
Neku, king of Egynt, see Necho
Nelligan. Emile, Fionch Canadian poet, 14-5110
Nelson, Horatio, English admiral

* in wars against Napoleon I, 6-2202-05
death of. 6-2204
Nelson Column, London, 12-4361
Pictures
portrait, 6-2199
portrait, with parents, 15-5617
Nelson's good-bye to his Grandmother, by G. W. Joy (gravure), 6-2209
on his flarship (gravure), 6-2210
Nelson, Wolfred, leader in Canadian rebellion, 4-1483
Nelson Column, London, 12-4: 61
Nelson River. Canadian river rising in Lake Winnipeg and emptying into Hudson Bay. 1. fifn mile.s.

Nemea, a wond. in mithology, 9-32.37
Nemesia. Picture (gravure), 19-7176
Nemesis. in mythology, 9-3238
Nemophila

Neosho River. American river rising in Morris County, Kansas; flowing into the Arkansas River. 400 miles.
Nopal. Independent state in the Himalayan fonthills: area. $54.00 n$ souare miles: capital, Khatmandu. The Gurlihas are the ruling race. rehellim1 agai!ast Finclish. 8-2828
Nepotism. From the Yatin mifos, a neshew, a
 memhers of ome's fatmily lecatuse of the relation-
ship rather than because of merit
Neptrine, god of the sea, 9-323i

Neptune, planet

* account of, 10-3412, 3414
discovery of, 10-3414
distance from earth, measurgd by spee 10 train, 9-3034
distance from sun and length of year, 9-3!ソ0
Neptune's cup, lariety of spunge, 19-ill60
Neriouda, river in India, $8-2696$
Nerchinsk, Siberia, range of temperature, 8-2.44
Nereids, in mythology, 9-3235
Nernst, Walter, invented electric lamp, 16-593
Nero, Roman emperor, 5-1862
Pictures, busts of, 5-1862
Nerva, Marcus Cocceits, Roman emperor, $5-1863$


## Nerves

and pain, 11-3840
blood supply, 5-1811
cells, account of, 3-2838
compared to ameba, 2-663
in brain, 8.2444-45
in heart, affected by heat, cold, etc., 4-1212
cold makes numb, 2-460
current, nervous, 8-2838

* fibres, account of, 8-2837-38
in brain, 8-2945-46
motor and sensory, 5-1805
from brain to heart, 4-1212-13
habit affects sensations, 8-2720
of balance, 10-3426
of senses, 13-4596
hearing, structure and use, 9-3310
smell, 11-3956
taste, 11-3957
relation to muscles, 5-1804-05
See also Nervous system
Qucstion about. What happens when our foot goes to sleep? 17-6289
Pictures, 8-2839, 2841
cells, magnıtied, 8-2837
human brain, 8-2947
diagrams, 8-2839
Nervous system
* Forest of nerves within us, 8-2837-41
milk as food for, 7-2325
of worms, 1-187
See also Brain
Picture, diagram of, 8-2841
Nesting-boxes, birds', how to make, 18-663?
Nestors, birds, 10-3614
Nests of birds, 8-2760
edible, 9-3372
Pictures, nests of American birds, 13-4765
Netherlands, see Belgium; Holland
IVets, use in fishing, 11-4050, 4052-53
licture, mending nets, 11-4061
Netting for string bag, how made, 6-2163-64
Nettles, plants, 14-4980
dead-nettles, 14-4980
in England, 4-1275-76
notes on, 14-4978
Question about. What is it that makes a nettle sting" 1-75
Pictures, 14-4978
Picturcs (in color)
red dead-nettle, 13-4879
red hemp nettle, 15-5399
white dead-nettle, 13-4878
yellow dead-nettle, 14-4988
Neuchâtel, Lake of. Largest lake lying entirely within the borders of Switzerland, with an arta of 92 square miles.
Neurosis. (1) A disease of the nerves that occurs without any noticeable break or change in the nerve structure; (2) some action of a neive that gives rise to activity of the mind.
Neutrality. The state of being neutral, or not taking part on either side of a contest or disagreement.
Neva. Russian river which flows from Lake Ladoga and past Leningrad into the Gulf of Finland. 45 miles.
Nevada. Western state; area, 110,690 square miles; capital, Carson City. Largest city, Reno. It is mostly arid and barren, but has valuable silver, gold, copper. lead and other mines Abbreviation, Nev. Nickname, "Sagebrush State," State flower, sagebrush. Motto. "All for our "ombtry" Nivarla is a sbanish word metnine "snow-clad." First settlement, Genoa, 1850.
 19-6841-50
made a state, 11-3942

Nevada (confinued)
mineral wealth. 9-3208, 3210
population, 8-2676
Pictures
flag (in color), 19-7191
Reno, on Truckee River, 8-2675
street in Reno, 19-6847
"Never-Never Country," name for part of Australia, 7-2468
Nevers. Ancient French city on the Loire, with a. beautiful 13 th-century cathedral and manufactures of porcelain and iron.
New Amsterdam, see New York (colony)
"New art," characteristics, 8-2714
influence in Europe, 8-2853
New Bedford. Seaport and cotton-manufacturing city in Massachusetts. Formerly a great whaling port
New Berne, founded, 2-553
New Britain, island, renamed, 9-3188
Hew Brunswick. Canadian eastern province area, 28,000 square miles; capital, Fredericton. It has farming, fishing and lumber industries. St. John is a great port.
history, separated from Nova Scotia, 3-944 minerals, $\mathbf{1 - 1 0 8}$
physical geography, 1-106
Pictures
Grand Falls, 6-2173
Grand Falls Bridge, I. 40
New Caledonia. Chief French Pacific island; area, 7,650 square miles; capital, Noumea. Discovered by Captain Cook in 1774, it became French in 1853. Coffee, fruit, nickel, cobalt and guano are produced.
used as convict settlement, 9-3304
Picture, native house, 9-3303
New Carthage, ancient city in Spain, 4-1364; 14-5042
Now England
agriculture, land unsuited for, 10-3404, 3406 colonial period
colonial customs and child life, 3-965-75 colonial preachers, 12-4446-47
emigration from, 10-3404
foreign element in population, 12-4152
influence of, 10-3401
literature, 12-4445-57
name for grant to Plymouth Company, 2-682 named by John Smith, 2-546
opposed War of $1812,5-1704,1705-06$
pleasure resorts, commercial value, 12 -4148 Sabbath observance, colonial times, 3-974-75 singing in colonial days, 18-6509
threatened to leave Union in 1814, 5-1705-06
See also United States-description; United States-history; Northeastern States; also names of states
New England Confederation. A union of the colonies of Massachusetts Bay, Plymouth, Connecticut and New Haven effected in 1643 for the sake of defense against the Dutch and the Indians and lasting until 1684.
New England Council
successor to Plymouth Company, 2-548
Now English Art Club, influence of, 8-2858
New Forest. Woodland district in Hampshire, England, between the Solent, Southampton Water and the Avon. Much of it was afforested by William the Conqueror to provide a new hunting ground, and two of his sons were killed within it, Richard by a stag, and William Rufus by an arrow. There are now few deer but a distinct breed of ponies
made by William the Conqueror, 4-1439
New France. Name given to the French possession in North America, otherwise known as Canada and Acadia.
government, as French colony, 2-682

* history, to year 1763, 2-677-83

See also Canada
New Granada, part of Peru, 19-6864
united with Colombia, 19-6975
New Guinea. account of, 7-2578
सew Hampshire. New England state; area 9,341 square miles; capital, Concord; largest city, Manchester. Textile-manufacturing, boot- and shoe-making, wood-pulp and quarrying are the leading industries. Abbreviation, N.H. Nickname, "Granite State." State flower, purple lilac. New Hampshire was named after Hampshire, England. First settlement thought to have been made at Dover, about 1623.

Tew Hampshire (continued)
described in Northeastern States, 10-3401-18; 11-3773-82; 12-4145-54
early history, $2-555$
granite in, 11-3773
manufactures cotton, 9-3214
ratified Constitution, 20-7559
signers of Constitution, 20-7574
signers of Declaration of Independence, 20-7556
Story of a Bad Boy, 13-4815
Pictures
Berlin and Mt. Westminster, 11-3781
birches near Bethlehem, 10-3407
farm in winter, 10-3403
flag (in color), 19-7190
Franconia Notch, 12-4151
in the White Mountains, 7-2422
Langdon House, Portsmouth, 12-4154
Peterborough, Colony Hall, 19-6926
New Haven. Largest city and port of Connectlcut, with hardware and cutlery industries; site of Yale University
among largest cities in U. S., 11-3782
founding of, 2-554-55
New Hebrides, 9-3304, 3186
l'irture native house, $9-3303$
New Holland, early name for Australia, 3-860
New Ireland, island, renamed, 9-3 $18 \delta$
New Jersey. Eastern state; area, 8,225 square miles; capital, Trenton. Textiles, particularly silk, automobiles, machinery, phonographs, etc., are manufactured, the chief industrial centres being Jersey Gity and Newark; the latter is the largest city. Fruits and vegetables are extensively grown. Abbreviation, N. J. Nickname, "Jersey Blue." State flower, violet. Motto, "Liberty and prosperity". New Jersey was named after the island of Jersey. First settlement, Bergen, 1617.
described in Northeastern States, 10-3401-08; 11-3773-82; 12-4145-54
early history, $2-550,552,555$
fighting in, during Revolution, 4-1168
manufactures
rank in, 11-3774
silk, 9-3216
talking machines, 1-264-65
New Jersey mlan for Constitution, 20-7559
signers of Constitution, 20-7574
signers of Declaration of Independence, 20-7557
Pirturs
Boardwalk, Atlantic City, 12-4149
Camden-Philadelphia bridge, 1-34
Edison in his workshop, 17-6132
flag (in color), 19-7190
Grover Cleveland's home, 19-7195
Princeton University, 12-4311; (gravure), 18-6687
taking oysters off the coast, 11-4062
Trenton, airview of, 11-3780
New Jersey tea, shrub
leaves used for beverage, 13-4783
New Learnings, see Renaissance
New Mexico. Mountainous Southwestern state; area, 122,634 square miles; capital, Santa Fe. Largest city, Albuquerque. Mining and stockraising are carried on. Dry-farming is impor tant. Abbreviation, N. Mex. Nickname, "Sunshine State" or "Spanish State" State flower. yucca. Motto, "Crescit Eundo" (It grows as it goes). Mexico is an Aztec word which is the title of the Aztec national god. First settlement, Santa Fé, 1598.
described in Western States, 18-6425-34; 19-6841-50
made a state, 11-3949
taken from Mexico, 6-1920
Pictures
before and after irrication, 7-2554
Carlshad Cavern. 1R-6436
flag (in color), 19-7191
forest ranger on patrol, R-2805
Indian reservations, 19-7240-7241
lumbering in Santa Fe forest, 18-6428
near Taos Junction. 9-3032
Old Palace, Santa Fé, 18-6427
sheep in national forest, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 7 7}$
stockraising in state, 9-3211
New Netherland, Dutch colony
early history, 2-550
See also New York (colony)

## GENERAL INDEX

New Orleans. Famous cotton port of Louisiana. Standing about 100 miles from the mouth of the Mississippi, it was founded in 1717 by the French, and still retains some of its French characteristics. The largest commercial city of the South, it has important sugar-refining and manufacturing industries.
capture by Farragut in 1862, 7-2434
description, 16-5660
Pictures
American Sugar Refinery, 14-4891
Jackson Square, or Place d'Armes, 14-4889
waterfront, $16-5658$
New Orleans, Eattle of, 5-1706-07
fictures, 5-1707
New Quebec, northern section in Canada, description, 7-2557-58
New Salem, Illinois, now a state park
Pictures, illustrating Lincoln's life, 3-1048
New Scotland, see Nova Scotia
New South Wales. Oldest Australian state, colonized in 1788; area, 309,432 square miles: capital, Sydney. Here is much of the Australian mountain system, the source of many short streams toward the sea, while an immense area in the interior is watered by the Darling, Lachlan and Murrumbidgee, tributaries of the Murray. The richest part of Australia, New South Wales grows wheat, corn, barley, oats, lucerne, tobacco, sugar, vines and fruit; its vast pastures support millions of sheep and other cattle. Coal is mined at Newcastle and silver at Broken Hill, and tin, copper, lead, antimony and manranese are also found. Sydney, on the magnificent har bor of Port Jackson, is a great commercial and industrial centre and port.
development and difficulties, 7-2468
Pictures, 7-2465
cattle drinking, 7-2462
oxen hauling timber, 4-1261
Sydney, 7-2463
New Sweden, early colony in Delaware, 2-552
New Testament. The second of the two great general divisions of the Scriptures.
New Westminster. One of the largest cities on the mainland of British Columbia, near the mouth of the Fraser River. Here are large lumber and salmon-canning industries.

## New Year

celebration of holiday, 6-2094
Poems about
Death of the Old Year, by Lord Tennyson, 17-6103
Ring Out, Wild Bells, by Lord Tennyson, 17-6109
Song for the New Year, by Edmund Gosse, 6-2243
New York (colony), first called New Amsterdam (arranged chronolngically)
early history, 2-550
surrender to English in 1664, 2-552
naming of, $\mathbf{2 - 5 5 2}$
development of, 2-555
New York (city). Commercial capital of America, and after London the greatest city and port in the world. Founded as New Amsterdam by the Dutch in 1621. The original city stood on Manhattan Island, between the Hudson and East rivers; but it also includes The Bronx, Staten Island, and the west end of Long Island. The Brooklyn suspension bridge and other bridges connect this part of the city with Manhattan. As a commercial and shipping centre New Fork is unrivaled in the western hemisphere; its huge skyscraper buildings and fine parks are famous. The population is very cosmopolitan, and includes more Jews and Irish than any other city in the world.

* IVhat one may see in N゙\&W York. 17-6207-19 American Musamm of Niatural History, see American Museum of Natural History
Board of Child Wielfare, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 2 1}$
Bowling Green, 17-6208
bridges, 1-28-29
Broadway, 17-6210
buildings, height of, 17-6208
Bureau of Child Hygiene, 15-5622
cathedral of St. John the Divine, 17-6216
Chamber of Commerce building, 17-6210
* children, care for, 15-5621-28
churches, 17-6214, 6216
Trinity church, architecture of, 18-6681
Cíty Hall, 17-6210

New York (city) (continued)
Clearing House, 17-6210
College of the City of New York, note on, 12-4312
Columbus Circle, 17-6212
Cooper Union, 17-6218
Custom House, 17-6208
Erie Canal, influence on trade and prosperity, 13-4886
Federal Hall, 17-6210
Fifth Avenue, 17-6212

* fire department, 9-3159-64

Fordham Hospital, note and picture, 15-5487
foreign trade, extent of, 12-4145-46
Fraunces' Tavern, 17-6214; 18-6832
Grant's Tomb, 17-6214
Hall of Records, 17-6210
harbor, first European to enter, 2-677
Herald building, 17-6212
history, early, see New York (colony)
ice supply, 2-529
Jumel Mansion, 17-6214
Metropolitan Life Insurance Building, 17-6210
Metropolitan Museum of Art, see Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City
Municipal Building, 17-6210
museums, 17-6216, 6218
See also American Museum of Natural History; Metropolitan Museum of Art
parks, 17-6212, 6214
population, 1920 , 8-2676
port problems, 12-4146
Public Library 17-6218
schools, 15-5621-22; 17-6218
Stock Exchange, 17-6210
Subtreasury Building, 17-6210
Washington Arch, 17-6214

* water supply, 14-5055-60
* Pictures, 17-6206-19

American Museum of Natural History, 18-6613, 6615
Broadway, view of, 8-2673
Broadway in 1681, 2-556
Broadway in 1890 and at present, 17-6189
Cathedral of St. John the Divine (gravure), 18-6686
churches (gravure), 18-6686
City Hall, 18-6683
College of the City of New York, 12-4312
Equitable Building fire, 1912, 9-3167
Federal Hall, Wall St., the old City Hall, 5-1695
Fraunces' Tavern, 18-6832
Pennsylvania Station, 2-419
Public Library, 17-6213
St. Patrick's cathedral (gravure), 18-6686
seen across the Hudson River, 10-3729
Singer and Flatiron buildings, 9-3213
sky-line, from harbor, 8-2669
State House in 1679, 2-556
Woolworth Building, elevators, 4-1214
Woolworth Building (gravure), 18-6688
New York (state). Middle Atlantic state; one of the original 13 states; area, 49,204 square miles. Largest city, New York; capital, Albany. The most populous state in the Union, it has extensive agricultural and mining industries, but manufacturing is easily the greatest. The Hudson and Mohawk rivers and the Erie Canal form a waterway between the Atlantic and the Great Lakes, and among the largest cities are Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse. Abbreviation, N. Y. Nickname, "Empire State." State flower, rose Motto, "Excelsior." Named for the Duke of York. First settlement, New York, 1613 or 1614, or else near Albany about the same date.
described in Northeastern States, 10-3401-08; 11-3773-82; 12-4145-54
history (arranged chronolocically)
Henry Hudson and Half Moon, 1-247, 251
Dutch claim region, 2-550
Indians in, $\mathbf{1 - 1 6 5}$
English take possession, 2-552
origin of name, 2-55?
royal governors, $\mathbf{2 - 5 5 5}$
signers of Declaration of Independence, 20-7.5. 7
in Revolution, 4-1166, 1168,1172
quarrels with Conn. and N. J., 5-1697
ratified Constitution, 20-7560
Hamilton only New York signer of Constitution, 20-7574
in War of 1812, 5-1704-05

IVew York（state）（continued）
ee also New York City；Erie Canal；West Point，etc．
travel across，in 1791，13－4882
Pictures
among the Adirondacks，12－4151
Capitol at Albany，11－3779
entering Geneva，10－3401
flag（in color），19－7190
fruit farms，10－3402
Half Moon on Hudson River，1－247
rocks and streams，10－3405
See also New York City；Erie Canal；Niagara： West Point，etc．
New York State Barge Canal，13－4888
New Yorker，fire boat，9－3162
New Zealand
＊New Zealand，the beautiful Dominion， 7－2571－81
agriculture，7－2576
bees imported to fertilize clover，18－6721－22
area and length，7－2575
Captain Cook visited，7－2571
climate，7－2572，2574， 2577
forests and lumber，7－2573， 2579
government，7－2574，25？6
in World War，7－2576
number of men sent，7－2300
map，7－2575
minerals，7－2576
named by Tasman，7－2571
plants introduced，4－1276
scenery，7－2574， 2576
wars between Maoris and English，7－2572
water power，7－2576
Pictures，7－2570－81
cultivating New Zealand flax，8－2787
forests，7－2420
power station，15－5435
sherel，going to water，4－1377
New Zealand Alps，7－2574， 2576
Pictures，7－2315， 2318
New Zealand flax，see Phormium
Newark，Canada，see Niagara，Canada
Newark．Largest city of New Jersey，manu－ facturing chemicals，jewelry，cutlery，leather， hardware，clothing and glass．
fifteenth largest city in U．S．，11－3782
Newbold，Charles，invented iron plow，19－7211
Newbolt，Sir Fenry，see Poetry Index for poems and notes．
Newcastle－upon－Tyne．Coal－mining，industrial and shipbuilding centre and port，in Northum－ berland，England．The chief coal－market of the world，it has been an important place since the Middle Ages；there are a cathedral and remains of a Norman castle and walls．
proverb，＂carrying coals to Newcastle，＂7－2612
Newcomb，Simon，astronomer，1－287
estimat．abuut Milky IV ay，9－3010
Picture，portrait，1－281
Newcomen，Thomas，made one of first steam engines，5－1612
Newfoundland，Dominion of．Oldest British North American colony；area， $\mathbf{1 5 5 , 1 3 4}$ square miles：Aapital，st．John＇s．Discovered by John Cabot in 1497，and occupied in 1583 by Sir Humphrey Gilbert，it depends mainly for its prosperity on its valuable fishing and sealing grounds，about $\$ 20,000,000$ worth of fish being exported annually．There are iron－ore，timber and paper industries．
fisheries，first，soon after Columbus，2－677
fishing ships of early days，8－2980
history
Cabot＇s voyage to，8－2980
discovered and claimed for England by Sir
Humphrey Gilbert，14－4962
Picture，coast of，8－2663
Newfoundland dogs，2－710， 718
Pictures，2－710：（gravure），2－713
Newgate，English prison，16－5700－02
Newlands，J．A．R．，and grouping of elements， 12－429
Newman，John Fenry，hymm－writer，12－414n See also Poetry Index for poem and note Picture，portrait，12－4435
Newnes，Sir George，sent out sulthern rooss， 14－5091
Newport，R．I．Piclures，12－4149
Newport News．Seaport of Virginia，on Hamp． ton Roads．It has a fine harbor and one of the largest shipyards in the world．

Newspapers
large circulation through modern printing methods，9－3390
Questions about
How can a newspaper be made for a cent or two？17－617－－？
When did newspapers first begin？7－2483

## Newton，Sir Isaac

discoseries and mfluence，1－242－53
and Ferpler＇s laws of planetary motion，
13－4795
discoveries in electricity，4－1244；16－5666
discovery of law of gravitation，1－142
experiments and theory about light，16－5807， 5810
laws of motion，13－4667－68
study of moon，10－3536
Pictures，portrait，1－281
portrait（in group），4－1247
scenes from his life，1－285
Newton，John，and William Cowper，6－2030
Pieture，portrait，6－2027
Newts，15－， $15-5457$
Pictures，15－5457
led chatres at Wiaterloo，6－2．00s
Niagara，Canada，formerly Newark，6－1958
first Assembly of Upuer Canada met there in 1792，3－944
Niagara Falls．Stupendous falls of the Niagara River，which divides Ontario，Canada，from New York．The cataract over which 12 million cubic feet of water flow in a minute is divided into two by Goat Island：the Horseshoe Falls on the Canadian side are 158 feet high，2，550 feet across，and the American Falls are 167 feet high and 1，060 feet across．The force of the water wears away the edge of the Horseshoe Falls al the rate of $21 / 2$ to 4 feet a year．Electrical power is generated by diverting the waters of the falls through tunnels
description of，6－1956， 1958
Pietures，6－1957；7－2541；12－4151
falls amm jownor house， 15 －is 4 ？
Niall of the Nine Hostages，and St．Patrick，
Nibelungenlied，place in German literature， 17－6266
Nicaragua．Republic of Central Amerlca；area， 49,200 square miles；capital，Managua．The most prosperous parts lie toward the Pacific， the Mosquito Coast on the east being marshy and unhealthy，though the jungles yield cedar， qums and medicinal plants．Coffee，hides，fruit athel rubher are the ehief exports
climate and products，19－7142
rare stamps of， $16-5888$
Nice．One of the larmest French Riviera towns， founded by the Greeks as Nicrea．The old town has narrow and picturesque streets；the new town has splendid boulevards，and is famous as a health resort．
popular as a resort，11－3820
won for France undor Najoleon III，10－3573； 12－4412
Nicholas，St．
and Santa Claus，17－6102－04
story of，6－1997
Pictire helping the poor，6－1990
Nicholas，king of Montenegro，17－6346
Nicholas I．tsar of Russia，16－5694
Njcholas II，tsar of Russia，16－ifing
Nicholas Nickleby，by Dickens，scene from， ＊16－．fis？ 8 －？
Nichols，Ernest Fox，and theory of light， 16－的行－111
Nicholson．Sir Erancis，English officer
captured Port Royal，Acadia，2－683
Nicholson，Judge，and Star－Spangled Banner， 18－6512
Nicholson，William，British painter，8－2 559
Nicholson，William，linelish sifllif－1，ally thw printing－press，9－3389
discoveries in electricity，16－5671
Nickel（Ni）．A sllvery white metal that does not tarnish when exposed to the air．It is not found in a pure state but with cohalt，iron or arsenic．These ores are smaltite，niccolite and millerite．Canada，in the Sudbury region，pro－ duces four－ffiths of the world＇s supply of nickel． Nicol，J．Watson，artist

Pictur．Mtreting hetwecn Rob Roy and Bailie N゙icel Jarvie，7－262？

## GENERAL INDEX

Nicolls，Richard（1624－72）．A British soldier and colonial governor in North America．In 1664，in command of an English fleet，he took New Amsterdam and called it New York．
Nicosia，capital of Cyprus，9－3182
Nicotine（ $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$ ）A volatile and poisonous alkaloid obtained from tobacco，of which it is the base．The liquid it forms is clear，colorless and oily．In combination with acids it produces oungent and acrid salts．
Niehaus，Charles H．，American sculptor，14－4939 Niemen．River rising near Minsk，Russia，and flowing past Grodno，Kovno，capital of Lithu－ ania，and Tilsit into the Baltic． 500 miles．
Niepce，Joseph Nicéphore．French inventor； born，Chalon－sur－Saone，1765：died near there， 1833；co－operated with Daguerre in the invention of photography．
Niepotomice，Poland，memorial mound at 13－4690
Nietzsche，Friedrich Wilhelm，（ierman philosopher，17－6415
Pirture．portrait，17－6415
Niger．Great African river in the French Sudan and Nigeria．Rising on the border of Sierra Leone，it flows into the Gulf of Guinea．Tim． buctoo stands on its upper course． 2,600 miles． a river of the future，18－6806
disenvererl hy Mumen 「＇ark，2－467
Lander traced to its mouth，2－467
Nigeria，account of， $9 \mathbf{9 0 5 6}$
Night
caused hy spinning of the earth，1－2？ 5
length changed live earth＇s motion，1－18
length of，in suminer and in winter， $0-2792$
Poems about
Night，by William Blake，17－6376
Night，by P．B．Shelley， $1 \leq-5240$
Oft in the Stilly Night，by Thomas Moore， 16－6992
Questions about
Haxe things any color at nisht？8－？
Is it rlarkect just heforf dawn？12－4ing
Why are there more stars some nights than others？11－3977
Why is it dark at night？1－78
Nighthawls．hirre
account of，9－3372：13－4831
nightiars，or nighthawks，of sonthern $T$ ．S．， 14－テいつ
western，14－5146
Pictures．9－3．369
eggs，9－3369
Pirfieris（ill crilot）．8－2C39：1．3－4．8：？
Wightingale，Florence，life of，$*$ 16－5699－5706
Nightingales，birds
Virginia nightingale，name for cardinal 8－2973
Porms nbout
Nightingale and Glow－worm，by William Cowper 2－606
Ode to a Nightingale，by John Keats，5－1886
To the Nightingale，by John Milton，14－5238 Pictures，9－3137；（in color），8－2897
Nightjars，birds，see Nighthawks
Nightmares，causes of．9－3099
origin of word，10－3477
Nightshade
black，description，15－5394－95
dead！y
atropine from，8－2912
description，17－6130
note on，17－6126
relative of potato，7－2618
woody，or bittersweet，14－4976
description of，for game，16－57？1
J＇irturos
black nightshade，15－5395
black nichtshade（in color）14－499f fruit（in color）11－4028
deadly nightshade，8－2913：17－6126 fruit＇in color）11－1＂シs
enchanter＇s nightshade（in color）14－4991
woody nightshade or bittersweet，14－4977 wordy nightshade or bittersweet，（in color） 13－4い！
berries（in color），11－4028
Nightshade Family，M1 1
IVihilism．Violent political creed started in the 19 th century and very popular in Russia，where Nihilists assassinated，among others，the Tsar Alexander II in 1881.

Niihau，one of IJawaiian Islands， $15-5448$
N2jni－Novgorod．Russian commercial city on the Volga，famous for its fairs．
meeting－place for merchants，16－5858

Wike，Greek goddess of victory，9－3234
mikko，Japan，description， $2-570$
Pictures
approach to shrines，2－567
stone figures of Buddha，2－569
Nikosthenes，painter of Greek vases，2－45
Nil desperandum．Latin for＂never despair．＂
Nile．Longest African river，draining $1,100,000$ square miles．Rising in Lake Victoria Nyanza． it flows through the Sudan and Egypt into the Mediterranean，which it enters through a wide delta．Its value to Egypt is immense，for its summer flood annually fertilizes a vast area of land．Surplus water is conserved for irrigation by the Assouan Dam，and a still larger dam is being built on the Blue Nile at Sennar in the Sudan．When the Nile is high，it is navigable up to Gondokoro， 2,900 miles from its mouth， but otherwise six cataracts prevent navigation between Assouan and Khartoum．The Bahr el Ghazal，Blue Nile and Atbara are its chief trib－ utaries；Khartoum，Omdurman，Wadi Halfa，As souan．Issiout．Cairo．Jamietta and Rosettid stand on its banks． 3,473 miles．
delta of，5－1607
map of delta，7－2537
early boat，11－3911
sources of，18－6806
sources discovered， 2 lakes，2－471
source of Biue Nile found hy Bruce，2－466
worshiped by old Egyptians，7－2538
Question about．What is the sudd on the Nile？ 8－3016
Pictures
Assouan dam，7－2553
first cataract，7－2541
Ripon Falls，7－2541
trading boats on，7－2540
Nile，Battle of the，6－2203；10－3570
Nile Star，Egyptian name for Sirius，6－1970
Nile Valley，Egypt
agriculture，3－807
irrigation by Assouan dam，7－2546
İilgai，animal，4－1444
Picture，4－1442
Nimbus clouds．Pictures，with note，8－2927
Nimes．Ancient cathedral city of Languedoc， France，famous for its Roman remains．Its chief ancient monuments are a mausoleum baths，two gateways and an amphitheatre to seat 20,000 spectators；close by is the Pont du Gard． the most perfect existing Roman aqueduct Nimes manufactures silk and cotton goods， boots，carpets and shawls．

Pictures，10－3439
Maison Carrée（gravure）15－5351
Pont du Gard，Roman aqueduct（gravure） 15－5351
Nimes，Temple of．Picturr．8－？（ifn
Nimrod．Son of Cush and Erandson of Ham Noah＇s second son，mentioned in Genesis x， $8-10$ as a powerful king and＂a mighty hunter before the Lord．＂Among the ritits he ruled werf Babel，Erech，Accad and Calneh，＂in the land of Shinar，＂which we know botier as Irabylonia． When we speak of anyone now as a Nimrod we refer to his prowess in hunting．
Nimrod，ship，in antarric eviloration，14－5093 Nimrud，modern name for Calah，2－646， 659 Picture，2－660
Nine Holes，game，directions for nlaying，4－1400 Ninebark，note and picture，15－．， 51
Nineteenth century，history，in Great Britain， 7－2293－2300
Nineveh，rity of fscvri
architecture，14－5209
built by Babylonians，2－652
fall of，2－658－59
libraries of clay books，8－657
Picture，Palace of Sennacherib，14－5207
Ningpo．Great port of central China，on the Fung．Famous for its temples，pagodas，stone bridges，library and gold and silver work．
Ninnis，Ifentenant，antarctic explorer，14－5094
Niobe，statues of，12－4330
Picture，Niobe shielding her youngest daugh
ter（gravure）12－4336

Niplgon Iake. In the province of Ontario, Canada. 1,730 square miles in area source of St. Lawrence River, 6-1956
Nipple-wort, flower
Picture, (in color) 14-4996
Tirvana and Buddhism, 9-3086
Nithsdale, William Maxwell, 5th earl of, escape from Tower of London, 12-4225
IItrates. The salts of nitric acid. Some nitrates are used for medicinal purposes. Some are used in the manufacture of indelible ink, some in fireworks and some in photography Nitrate of soda (sodium nitrate) is valuable as a fertilizer, restoring nitrogen to the soil
chemical manufacture and use, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 5 3 0}$
Chilean deposits, 19-7038
Fitric acid (HNOs). An acid obtained by the distillation of sulphuric acid and sodium nitrate mixed together. In a pure state it is a colorless liquid with a strong and unpleasant smell and a corrosive effect on animal and vegetable matter. It is a powerful oxidizing agent. In nature it is found in combination with potash, soda, lime and magnesia. In the arts it is known as aqua fortis, and is used for etching on copper and steel. Industrially it is used in making coal-tar dyes, explosives, etc.
Nitrogen
and protoplasm, 2-664
boiling point of, 8-3014
from decomposed plants and animals, 1-312
in electric lamps, 16-5939
microbes use to enrich soil. 2-557
obtained from air by electricity, 16-5804
produced by electric furnace, 16-5946, 5948
Nitrogen peroxid, in air at seaside, 6-2252
INitroglycerine; more properly, glyceryl trinitrate $\left(\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{5}(\mathrm{NO})_{3}\right)$, A liquid, heavy, oily and highly explosive, in a pure state colorless; produced by the action of a mixture of nitric and sulphuric acids upon glycerine. Though in the open it burns quietly, under percussion or when heated in a closed vessel it explodes, setting free gas of about 10,000 times its own volume. Combined with a clay it makes dynamite for blasting; poured upon cotton, guncotton for ammunition, etc.

> use in drilling oil wells, 13-4541

Nitrous oxid ( $\mathrm{N}_{3} \mathrm{O}$ ). A gas, colorless, trans parent, slightly sweet of taste and odor. It is more generally known as laughing gas, a name formerly given because of its effect upon behavior and facial expression when inhaled in small quantities. Larger quantities cause unconsciousness and insensibility to pain. as anæsthetic, 8-2729
Noah. A patriarch of Bible times, whose life story is told in Genesis $v, 28-\mathrm{x}$. In the great Deluge he saved his family and miny animals (twn of each kind) in the ark which he had built at the direction of God.
Fobel, Alfred, and Nobel Prize, 17-6288
Nobel Prize
awarded to Sir Joseph Thomson, 4-1254
Question about. What is the Nobel Prize? 17-6288
Nobile, Umberto. Italian navigator, airship constructor and flier. Born, Italy, 1885. Built the Norge and was one of the leaders in the Amundsen-Elisworth-Nobile successful transPolar flight, May, 1926 . See Norge

North Pole expeditions, 1-170; 13-4722-23
2robility, The Nobles or titled persons in a state taken together as a body; in Great Britain and Ireland the peerage.
Nocturnes, Roman fire officials, 9-3157
Noddies, birds, 11-4122; 14-5017-18
'irturr. 14-5019
Nodes and overtones in sound, 19-6854
Noël. origin of word, 18-6466
Kogrchi, Hideyo, physician, discoveries in yellow fever, 15-5491

## Noises

caused by irregular sound waves, 18-6438
how different from music, 5-1750
Sipe alan Sound
Qurstirnse nbout
Why ran we hear a noise like waves in a seashell? 5-1608
Why do we see the flash from a gun before we hear the nolse? 10-3475
Why does a nnise occasionally break a window? 7-2611

2Noises-Questions about (continued)
Why does a stick make a noise when swung in the air? 12-4281
Why does furniture make a noise at night? 9-3100
Nolens volens. Latin for 'unwilling or will ing"; in English, willy-nilly.
Nom de guerre. French for "war name": assumed name.
Nombre de Dios, on Isthmus of Panama
Sir Francis Drake's attack on, 14-4963
Nome, Alaska
epidemic, and bravery of Balto, 16-5735
gold mines, discovery, 10-3584
Non compos mentis. Latin for "not of sound mind.
Non-intercourse Act. An act passed in 1809 by the U. S. Congress in requital of certain claims that had been made by France and Great Britain and that affected the commerce of the U. S. and the rights of U. S. seamen. By this act French and British merchant vessels were prohibited from entering U. S. ports, and goods grown in the two countries were excluded from importation.
Non-partisan Ieague. A league formed among the farmers of North Dakota in 1915, and now recognized as a strong political influence in that state, South Dakota, Minnesota and other Northwestern states. The measures it advocates include state ownership of banks, mills, grain elevators, etc.
Nonconformists, given civic rights in England, 7-2298
Nonpareil, bird, description, 14-5024
Nordcaper, kind of whale, 6-2216
Nordenskiold, Nils A. E., Baron, arctic explorer, 8-ㄹ․ 88 ; 13-47I2
Picture, portrait, 8-2988
Nordenskiold, Otto ${ }^{\text {s }}$ antarctic explorer, 14-5094
Nordic races. A branch of the white race in Northern Europe. They are tall, red- or yellowhaired, their eyes gray-green or blue-gray, and long-headed. The Scandinavians to-day and the ancient Goths are typical Nordic peoples.
present status, 15-5291
Norfolk. English eastern county; area, 2,054 square miles; capital, Norwich. Here are Yarmouth, King's Lynn and Thetford, the watering-places of Cromer and Hunstanton, the Broads, and the mouth of the Ouse; fishing and arriculture are important.
Norfolls. Port of Virginia, on an arm of Chesapeake Bay. Lumber, fruit, grain and cotton are the principal exports.
Norfolk Island. British Pacific island, about 400 miles from New Zealand. The descendants of the Bounty mutineers were brought here from Pitcairn in 1856.
Norge. The airship of the Amundsen-Ells-worth-Nobile expedition which sailed from Spitzbergen across the North Pole to Alaska in 71 hours. The Pole was crossed in the early morning, May 12, 1926. The Norge which was constructed in Italy belonged to the semi-rigid type of dirigible, that is to say she had a rigid aluminum armor over half the body only. She was 340 feet long, carried seven tons of fuel and 670,000 cubic feet of gas. She had a cruising range of 3,200 miles. From her body hung four gondolas, three containing Maybach engines and one the steering equipment.
Norivder, Harald, Swedish scientist, discoveries about thunderstorms, $16-5670$
Norman architecture, see Architecture, Norman Norman Conquest of England, see Englandhistory
Normandy. One of the most important of the old French provinces, bordering the English Channel. At the beginning of the 10 th century it was seized by the Northmen under Duke Rollo; their descendants invaded England with William the Conqueror, Normandy being united with England up to 1204. It was twice reconquered during the Hundred Years' War, the French finally romining it in 1450 , Among its towns are: the old canital city of Rouen: the important ports of Havre, Cherbourg and Dieppe; and the waterine-places of Trouville, Etretat and Deauville. It contains also the beautiful old towns of Lisleux. Caen, and Bayeux, Falaise, the birthplace of Willam the Conqueror, and Mont St. Michel.

Normandy (continued)
description, 11-3821
English kings lost, during John's reign, 5-1570
settled by Northmen, $4-1436 ; 10-3432$
Normans in southern Italy, 12-4408
Picture, ship of, 11-3913
Norsemen, see Northmen

## North America

* before white men, 1-153-65
birds
* northern part, 13-4759-66, 4829-44
* southern part, 14-5017-25
* western part, 14-5133-48
discovery by Leif Ericson, 1-241
* exploration, 1-241-54
flowers
* of eastern part. 17-6273-82; 18-6567-72
* of Pacific Coast, 19-6927-40
* of the Middle West, 18-6655-67
* of the South, 19-7085-95
geological history, 1-157-59
geology, 3-773-75
map, 1-152
physical geography, 1-153-58
Nee also names of countries
North Borneo. British colony in the East Indies; area, 31,000 square miles; capital, Sandakan. Timber, rubber, tobacco, sago, rice, gutta-percha, coconuts and rattans are pro-gutta-
North Cape. Headland on the island of Magerö, in the extreme north of Norway. It is frequently visited by tourists in the summertime to see the midnight sun.
when named, 8-2982
North Carolina. South Atlantic state, partially explored by Raleigh's expedition in 1584; area, 52,426 square miles; capital, Raleigh. Largest city, Winston-Salem. Corn, cotton, tobacco, wheat, sweet potatoes and oats are extensively produced; first state in manufacture of tobacco, and second in cotton. Lumbering and furnituremanufacturing are important. Wilmington, the chief port. Abbreviation, N. C. Nickname, "Old North State" or "Turpentine State." Flower, goldenrod. Motto, "Esse quam videri" (To be, rather than to seem). The Carolinas may have been named for Charles IX of France by Jean Ribault in 1562 , or they may have been named in honor of King Charles I of England. First settlement thought to have been made on Albemarle Sound, 1653.
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28;
14-4889-4900
history (arranged chronologically)
discovery and exploration, 14-4966-67;
17-6333-37
granted to Lords Proprietors, 2-553-54
Daniel Boone's home, 6-1906
in the Revolution, $\mathbf{4 - 1 1 6 4}, 1166,1172$
Mecklenburg Declaration, 4-1164
signers of Declaration of Independence, 20-7.5.5
state of Franklin, 6-1908
signers of Constitution, 20-7574
slow to ratify Constitution, 20-7560
seceded (May 20, 1861), 7-2430
in Civil War, $7-2433,2438,2440,2442$
manufactures cotton, furniture and tobacco, 14-4890,5168
presidents born in state, 8-2676
See also Lost Colony of Roanoke, 17-6333-37 Pictures
Capitol at Ralelgh, 17-6337
cotton field and cotton mill, 13-4525
cotton mills at Greensboro, 14-5166
curing tobacco, 13-4525
flag (in color), 19-7190
Indians, 17-6334-36
Old Hickory Highway, 14-4895 picking cotton near Shelby, 13-4517
North Carolina, University of, 12-4308, 4310
North Central States: * 15-5273-84; 17-6037-48
North Channel. Channel dividing Ireland from Scotland and connecting the Irish Sea with the Atlantic.
North Dakota. Northern prairie state; area, 70,837 square miles; capital, Bismarck. Largest city, Fargo. Wheat-growing and stock-raising are carried on; and grain and dairy products are manufactured. Abbreviation, N. Dak. Nickname, "Flickertail State" or "Sioux State." Flower, wild prairie rose. Motto, "Liberty and

Worth Dakota (continued)
Union, one and inseparable, now and forever."
Dakota, a sioux word, means "alliance of friends." First settlement, Pembina, 1812.
described in North Central States, 15-5273-84; 17-6037-48
in Louisiana Purchase, 5-1702
made a state, 11-3944
production of wheat, 15-5278
Sully's Hill National Park, 7-2291
Pictures
alfalfa and wheat fields, 15-5279
flag (in color), 19-7191
North Island, New Zealand, 7-2574
North Magnetic Pole, see Magnetic Poles

## North Pole

* search for, 13.4707-23

Amundsen's flight over, 1-170; 13-4722-23
Picture (gravure), 13-frontis.
Byrd's flight over, $1-170,181 ; 13-4722$
Picture (gravure), 13-frontis
discovered by Peary, 13-4721
length of days and nights, 8-2792
Seo also Arctic regions
Questions about
Do the people at the Poles spin round like a top? 6-2252
Does the Equator go round faster than the Poles? 14-5222
Picture, as Peary left it, 13-4717
North Sea. Branch of the Atlantic lying between Great Britain and the Continent. Its average depth is only 120 feet in the south and 350 feet in the north; it contains the Dogger, Jutland and Great Fisher banks, on all of which vast numbers of cod and herring are caught. Commercially it is of immense importance, its great ports including Aberdeen, Dundee, Leith, Newcastle, Sunderland, Hull, Grimsby, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Bremen, Hamburg, Gothenburg, Oslo and Bergen.
North Sea Canal, Holland, 15-5564
North Star, see Pole Star
Northallerton, Battle of, 12-4208
Picture, 12-4205
Northeast passage to Asia
Nordenskiold first man through, 8-2988
search for, by Willoughby's expedition, 8-2982 Northeastern States: $*$ 10-3401-08; 11-3773-82; 12-4145-54
Northern Ireland. Union of the six counties of Antrim, Down, Armagh, Londonderry, Tyrone and Fermanagh; area, 5,263 square miles; capital, Belfast.
Northern Iights, see Aurora borealis.
Northmen

* character and history, 15-5291-92
and Charlemagne, anecdote, 10-3430
attacks on Scotland, 4-1436
in England
Alfred the Great's victories over, 13-4585-86 invasion of England, 4-1432
in France
invasion of France, 10-3431
settled Normandy, 4-1436; 10-3432
in North America, before Columbus, 1-241-42
in Russia, 16-5691
literature, Icelandic sagas, 19-7009-10
ships, with pictures, 1-243
See al8o Vikings; Danes
Northumberland. Northernmost English county; area, 2,018 square miles; capitals, Alnwick and Newcastle-upon-Tyne. Here are the Tyne, the Cheviots, and a large coal-field; towns include Tynemouth, North Shields, Wallsend, Blyth, Berwick-on-Tweed, Morpeth and Hexham.
Northwest Company, or, Northwest Fur Trading
Company, 12-4338-39
Northwest passage to Asia
* search for, 8-2978-89

Frobisher's search for. 14-4960
Northwest Territories, Canada
became part of Dominion, 4-1489
description, 7-2560
government, 4-1490; 5-1840
work of mounted police, 16-5831-38
Northwest Territory, U. S., history, 6-1908
Northwestern University, Evanston, note and picture, 19-7123
Norton, Mrs. Caroline Sheridan, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Norton, Thomas, author of Gorboduc, 2-721

Norway. Kingelom of northern Europe; area 12.s, 1 (1) squate miles: sapital, Oslo (formerly (bhastiania). It ramsists latery of mommtain fablelambs, amb only there pur cent of its area is fit for cultivation, oats, barley, rye and potatoes bemg the chate crobls. Fishins is the chief occupation, the cod, smelt and sprat fisheries being very important; but the dairyfarming, timber, iron-ore, paper and pottery industries are increasing. The greater part of the population lives along the coast or on the fiords, the large towns of Bergen, Stavanger, Trondhjem and Drammen all being ports. Norway formed part of lenmark from 1397 to 1814, when it was united with Sweden, and it was not until 1905 that it again became a separate state.

* description, 15-5298-530:
cities, 15-5302
history, 15-5291-92, 5294
language, effort to make different from Dansh, 19-7012
literature, 19-7012-14
map, 15-5301
national song, Sons of Dear Norway, 17-6253
shipping, 15-5300
water power, 15-5430
Pictures, 15-5298-5303
Bandak Nordsjo Canal, 13-4790
Midnight-sun on Hardanger Fiord, 8-2793
sawmills, 15-5431
Norway spruce, see Spruce trees
Norwegian literature, * 19-7012-14
Norwich school of painters, 6-2230
Norwood, Robert, Canadian author, 14-5109


## Nose

bleeding, how to stop, 11-4082
structure of, 4-1326; 11-3956
why breathe through, 4-1326, 1328
Pictures, diagrams showing structure, 11-3955
Nota bene. Latin for "note well"; usually written N.B.
Notary pubiic. In law, a public officer with legal authority to put into writing deeds, contracts, etc., and to authenticate them or certify their accuracy, usually under an official seal;
also to take affidavits and administer oaths
Notebook for history, how to make, 17-6392
Notre Dame, cathedral, Paris, 17-6158
Pictures, 10-3437; 12-4469; (gravure), 1-72;
17-6168
Notre Dame, University of, note and picture, 12-t:316
Nottingham. Capital of Nottinghamshire, England. Famous especially for its lace industry, it also has considerable tobacco, engineering and leather trades, a historic castle and a Roman Catholic cathedral. Here Charles Stuart set up his standard in 1642.
Notus, south wind, (the same as Auster), in my thology, 9-3234
Nougat, लanly, rerif! 11-? त, 5
Noun. In grammar, a word that gives the name of anything. It is a part of speech used ds the subject of tll object of a verth, or gorerned by a preposition.
Nova Aquilx, new star, $\mathbf{1 1 - 4} 4038$
Nova Scotia. :analian fastron maritime movince; area, 21,500 scriare miles: capital, Halifax. Much frmit is orown. the Valley of Ammarolis alonte exportiner millions of harrels of amples a year; dairying is important and the wool clip exceeds a million pontms weisht. Arommet syd. ney, Cape Breton Island, there are important coal mines, whilr Halifax is a ervat jurt for transatlantic liners.
history
granted to Sir William Alexander, 1621, 2-682
settled partly by Loyalists, 3-944
minerals. $\mathbf{1 - 1 0 s}$
novels ahout. 15-5.370

sto! alom! 'lankmakrs or. sam Eliok.
$10-3-3$
Pictures, 3-940
Nova Scotian, journal, 14-5111:
Nova Zembla. Russian Arctic archipelago covering about 35,000 square miles.
 November. The eleventh month in our year, consisting of 30 days. In the old Roman year it wis the bisth momth, the nitme renming froms latill nfirm, nine.

Novgorod. Historic cily of northwest Russia having lefen the cradle of the litssi:th nation. It once had 400,000 inhabitants and was called
 dral is modeled after St. Sophia at Constantinople.
before rise of Petrograd, 16-5858
Novikov, Nicholas, Kussian author, 19-690
Noyes, Altrea, English poet, 12-1233-34
see also Poetry Index for poem and note
Noyon. Ancient French city on the Oise, with a fine $12 t h-c e n t u r y$ sathedral. It was a residence of Charlemagne and the birthplace of Calvin.
story of brave maid, 11-3806
Picture, cathedral (gravure) 17-6171-72

## Nucleus

of a cell, 2-662-63
of an atom, 12-4289, 4291
Nuisance. Such behavior or use of one's property as may, though without malicious or criminal intention, do wrong to others by disturbing them in the enjoyment of their property or preventing them from the exercise of common rights.
Nulli secundus. Latin for "second to none.
Nullification and states rights
beginning of disputes on, 11-3939
Calhoun's belief about, 10-3492

## Numbers

learning by games, see Games, Educational See also Arithmetic
Nuremberg. Second largest Bavarian city, famous for its manufacture of toys. Despite its commercial importance, it is extremely picturesque, and has medieval houses, churches and walls. No other large city in Germany possesses so picturesque an aspect.
account of, 12-4170
Frauenkirche, and its clock, 17-6161
Picture, (gravure) 12-4175
Nurse, first scientific, Florence Nightingale, 16-5706
Nursery rhymes, see Poetry Index for first lines and titles
For list. see 20-7683
Nutcrackers, birds
account of, 8-2891-92
Clark's, account of, 14-5141-42
Picture, Clark's nutcracker, 14-5142
Nuthatches, birds, 9 -3136, 3138; 13-4764; 14-5139
Picture, (in color) 9-3131
Nutmegs, 8-2992, 2994
Pictures, plant, 8-2990; (in color) 8-2998

* Natural history of a nut, 6-2275-80
ma!, -howine sombers, 19-7:
toy boats made from, 11-4083
Pictures, 6-2274-79
Nux vomica, 8-2912
Picture, flower and fruit (in color) 8-2999
Nyala, animal, 4-1443
Nyasa, Lake. Southernmost and third largest of the great lakes of Central Africa, lying between Nyasaland, Portuguese East Africa and Tanganyika Territory, 11,000 square miles in extent, it is $350 \mathrm{miles} l o n g$, its greatest breadth liriner 45 miles. Livingstone ard Albrecht Roscher explored it in 18:?
Nyasaland. British Central African protectorate; area, 40,000 square miles; capital. Zomba. It produces cotton, tobacco, coffee, chillies, tea, rubber, rice, corn and wheat, shipped mostly by way of Beira. Blantyre is the chief commercial centre. account of, 9-3052

O. Henry, Den name of William Sydney Porter,

Piclure portrait, 14-5010
Oahu. whe wl Hawaitan I-lands. 15-ㄷ149
Oak-apples
ac....int uf. 12-1?-!
(:11+6. of, 10-"...n
Oak-galls, see Oak-apples

Oak trees
＊description and varieties，12－4245－46， 4253
commercial uses of，12－4379
galls produced by wasps，17－6232
live oak，12－4246；13－4638
pin oak，12－45リ5， 4512
white oak，13－4642
wood of，how to identify，10－3631；16－5̃982
used for furniture，18－6768
Questions about
What is the growth found on many oak trees？10－3580
Why does a carpenter seldom use nails in oak？14－508
Pictures，12－4：53
pin oak，12－4509
Turkey or moss－cupped，fruit of（in color） 11－40こ8
Oakland．City 6 miles across the bay from San Francisco，California．Beautifully situated，with a fine climate，Oakland has also a large com－ merce as a railroad terminus and as a shipping centre．Its chief industries are shipbuilding， marble working，smelting，planing，fruit－can－
ning and windmill factories
Oarfish，16－5899
Picture，（in color）16－5787
Oases
fertility of，7－2421
in the Libyan Desert，18－6743
Oat－grass，fodder－grass，7－2410
Picture，with note，10－3655；（in color）， 10－3522
Oates，工．E．G．，on Scott＇s antarctic expedition， 14－5096，5098， 5100
Pictures
portrait，14－5100
walks out into the blizzard，14－5088
Oath．An affirmation or declaration or some other procedure which is authorized by law for attesting the truth of what is stated．
Oatmeal，food value，7－2425
Oats
account of，5－1851－52
as 100d，7－2 124－ック
bread made from，1－372
Pictures，5－1850－51， 1854
Oats，Wild，note and picture，10－3661
Obadiah．A Hebrew prophet，author of the short book which bears his name．Lived about 585 B．C．

## Obelisks

in Egypt，3－816；14－5212
in London（Cleopatra＇s needle），14－5212
Pictures，3－813；10－3547
in Central Park，New York city，17－6216
Oberammergau．A village in upper Bavaria， 45 miles from Munich，in which a famous Passion Play is performed once in every 10 years
Obesity．The state of being very fat or fleshy
Obi．Great Siberian river，rising in the Altai Mountains and fowinc into the Iretic Ocean． With the Irtish，it drains $1,125,000$ square miles， and measures 2,500 miles．
Obiter dictum．Incidental opinion expressed by a judge，that is to say，not essential to his de－ cision in the case under trial．Obiter Dicta is the title of a volume of essays by Augustine the titl
Object game，8－2745
Obregon，Alvaro，president of Mexico，19－7140
O＇Brien，I．R．，Canadian painter，10－3700

## Observatories

Arequipa．South America，1－288
Flagstaff，Arizona，1－287
Greenwich．1－283
Tycho Brahe＇s，1．206
irkes and Mmant Wilenn，1－25\＆
Obsiclian．A volcanic rock which in apnearance d1 O Fexture is vory like bottlewtass．It necur in black．brown，grayish green and other colors． Primitive penplas used it for matine knives． spear heads and other implements．
Ohstarle rare， $10-$
Occult．Hidden or secret；thus，mysterious or supernatural．
Ocean．sn sima
Ocean crrrents，sir s．a－currantc
Ocean Island．hrudson：1＋fors of the Gilbert and

Ocean spray，shrub，description，19－6934

## Oceania

＊Islands of the South Pacific，9－3295－3304

Oceania（continued）
boundaries of，9－3295
map of island groups，9－3294
See also Australia；Micronesia；New Zealand： I＇olynesia；South Seas
Pictures，island life，9－3295－3303
Oceanids，in mythology，9～3235
Oceanus，in mythology，9－3235
Ocelot，animal．P＇ciure， $2-4!9$ ；
Gcnre．A natural earth in which iron is mixed with earthy material．It is commonly red，red－ dish brown or yellow，and is used as a pigment in making paints．
Ochs，Adulph S．，note and portrait，19－7165
O＇Connell，Daniel，and reforms in Ireland，8－2936
O＇Connell，William Henry（1859－），An Amer ican prelate of the Roman Catholic Church， Archbishop of Boston，elevated to the cardinal－ ate in 1911.
Octave，in music，19－6898
Uctavia，Nero＇s wife
Picture，bust of Octavia，5－1862
Octavius，Gaius，see Augustus（Gaius Octavius）
October．The tenth month in our year，consist－ ing of 31 days．It was the eighth month in the
old Roman year，from Latin octo，eight．
Octopus，account of，16－5898
luminous，15－5540
Picture，16－5895
Octroi．French term for duties collected at the gates of a city or town．
Ode，definition，1－223
Oder．German river rising in Czecho－Slovakia and flowing through Silesia and Prussia into the Baltic．It passes Oppeln，Brieg，Breslau，Frank－ fort and Stettin． 550 miles．
Odessa，Russia，16－5858
Picture，Richelieu stairway，16－5855
Odin，or Woden，Norse god，12－4202
Odysseus，Greek name for Ulysses，6－1984
Né a！so L＇1ysses
Odyssey，by Homer，story of，＊6－1984－86
quotation from，11－3912
Oersted，Hans Christian．Danish electrician and physicist，discoverer of electromagnetism；born， Rudkjöbing，1777；died， 1851
discoveries in electricity，16－5671
effect of electric current， 4 － 12.51
literary ability，19－7011
Picture，portrait，4－1243
Offero became St．Christopher，6－1992
Ogilvie，Will H．，see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Ogle，耳enry，made a mechanical reaper，19－7210 Oglethorpe，James Edward．English general and colonizer；born，London，1696；died，Cran－ ham Hall，Essex，England， 1785.
founded Georgia，2－554
O＇Hara，Theodore，sef Foetry Intex for poem and note
O＇Hara，Lake，Canada．Picture，1－116
O＇Higgins，Bernardo，helped Chile win independ－ ence，19－686
director general of Chile，19－70．36
Pirture，portrait in group，19－7113！
Ohio．State bordering on Lake Erie；area， 41,040 square miles；capital，Columbus．Larg－ est city，Cleveland．One of the richest states in the Union；agriculture is important，but it has
 large iron，glass，pottery and textile industries， Among other important cities are Cincinnati， Toledo，Akron，Dayton and Youngstown．Nick－ name，＂Buckeye State．＂State flower，scarlet carnation．Motto，＂Imperium in imperio＂（An empire within an empire）．Ohio is an Iroquois word meaning＂great．＂First settlement，Mari－ etta， 1788.
described in North Central States，15－5：－？．－$\ddagger$ ： 17－6い？ 18
early history（arranged chronologically）
claimed by France，3－780
Ohio Company formed，3－780



hardshins of early settlers，6－1910




Ohio-Pictures (continued)
Cleveland, views of, 17-6043
early travel on Ohio River, 6-1909
flag (in color), 19-7190
Muskingum River, 15-5283
where Ivory soap is made, 17-6039
Ohio Company, formed 1749, 3-780
Ohio River. Chief left-bank tributary of the Mississippi, formed by junction of the Allegheny and Monongahela. Its basin is one of the chief American industrial areas, and it passes Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville and Cairo. 975 miles.
Ohio Valley, claimed by French and English, 2-683: 3-786
ohlenschläger, Adam, Danish poet, known as
"Scandinavian King of Song," 19-7011
Picture, portrait, 19-7009
Ohm, George Simon
discoveries in electricity, 16-5673
law relating to electric current, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 6 7 4}$
Ohms, electrical units, 16-5673
Ohthere, Polar explorer, and King Alfred, 8-2977 Oil

* Oil and what it can do, 13-4533-52
eucalyptus, see Eucalyptus oil
from cotton-seed, 8-2784
from walnuts, 6-2276
kinds used for lighting, 3-996
linseed, sce Linseed oil
lubricating, from petroleum, 13-4540
olive, 6-2064; 14-4918
petroleum, see Petroleum
sperm, from whale, 6-2216
volatile oils in flowers, 10-3734
Ouestions about
How does oil make a rough sea calm? 1-188
What is the difference between fat and oil? 14-5224-25
Why does not oil mix with water? 11-3842
Why does oil burn more easily than some other things? 5-1751
Why does oil float on the surface of water? 6-2125
Oil-birds, 9-3374
Oil Cf cloves, 8-2994
Oil of pimento, 8-2992


## Oil painting

and Jan and Hubert Van Eyck, 4-1222
first use in Venice, 4-1460-61
method of early Venetian painters, 3-1104
Oil-palm, see Palms
Oilcloth, how made, 5-1551
Oils, see Oil
Oilstones, description and care of, 12-4263
Okapi, animal, 4-1445-46
Picture, 4-1445
Okhotsk, Sea of. Gulf of the Pacific between Siberia, Kamchatka and the Kurile Islands. It is a centre of the whale fishery.
Ollahoma. South-central state; area, 70,057 square miles; capital and largest city, Oklahoma. Formerly called Indian Territory, but Indians now compose only about one-twentieth of the population. Much oil and zinc are produced. Agriculture and stock-raising are important. Abbreviation, Okla. Nickname, "Sooner State." State flower, mistletoe. Motto, "Labor omnia vincit" (Labor conquers all things). Oklahoma is a Choctaw word for "red people."
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900
formerly Indian Territory, 19-7238
influx of white settlers, 19-7238
made a state, 11-3949
mineral wealth, 9-3210
Picturrs
Capitol in Oklahoma City, 14-4896
oil tanks on fire, 13-4548
Oklahoma City in 1889 and to-day, 14-4896 Oklahoma City. Capital of the state of Oklahoma, and also the largest city, situated on the north fork of the Canadian River. The city is the centre of an oil-producing, farming and stock-raising region. It has meat packing plants, flour and crist mills, nil refineries, cottonseed oil mill, poultry and eqg packine plants, machine shops, soap and cracker factories, printing and publicity houses.

Picturrs, 14-4896
Olaf, St., kiris of Norway, 15-5292
Old-age-pension law passed in England. 7-2300 Old empires and new Europe, $*$ 12-4459-70
"Old Faithful," geyser
Old-field, clover, 14-4974-76
Picture, 14-4975
Old-field-larks, see Meadowlarks
Old Glory, name for U. S. flag, 19-7184
Id Hickory, nickname for Andrew Jackson, 3-1045
Old Ironsides, see Constitution, ship
Old Ironsides, early locomotive, 5-1617
Old Mortality, by Walter Scott, note on, 11-4071 Old North Church (Christ Church), Bostor, Mass., dating from 1723, is the oldest ecclesiastical building in the city. Its tower is famous as the place where the signal appeared on the night of Paul Revere's historic ride.

See Poem, 15-5649
Pictures
interior (gravure), 18-6685
tower, 18-6830
Old Pretender, see Stuart, James Francis
Old red sandstone, name for Devonian rocks 4-1176
Old South Church (or Meetinghouse), Boston, Mass, built in 1729. Long used as a Congregational church, it is now a museum for historical relics. At the time of the Revolution many stirring meetings were held there.
Old squaw, duck, 11-3889
"Old Tom Peabody," sparrow, national bird of Canada, 13-4835
Oleomargarine, substitute for butter, 7-2325
Oligocene period, see Geology-Oligocene period Oliphant, Caroline, see 'Vairne, Lady
Olive oil. Oil obtainer, by pressing ripe olives. It is non-drying and je of a yellowish or yellowish green color. In countries where the olive grows the oil is much used for cooking. Some other uses are for salad-dressing, lubricating, lighting, making toilet soap, etc.
Oliver, Isaac, British painter, 6-2000
Picture, Portrait of Earl of Essex, 6-2003
Olives, grown in California, 6-2064
Olivine, see Peridot
Olm, salamander, description, 15-5458 Picture, 15-5457
Olympia. Capital of the state of Washington, on the southernmost inlet of Puget Sound, it is the port for a great area rich in timber, agricultural and mineral resources. The oyster inthe district.
Olympiad, measure of time, 12-4401
Olympians, twelve principal gods list of, 9-3226
Olympic games, ancient Greece
description, 3-1074
influence on sculpture, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 2 1 6}$
Question about. What were the ancient Olympic Games? 12-4401
Pictures, 3-1075
Olympus, Mt., regarded by Greeks as home of gods, 9-3226
Omaha. Largest city of Nebraska, with meat. packing, smelting, railway and engineering industries

See 17-6046
Oman, Arabia, 18-6676
Omar Khayyam, Persian poet, 15-5463
Omiak, Fskimo canoe, 7-2566
Omnia vincit amor. Latin for "love conijuers all."
Omnibus bill. From Latin omnihns, for all: a name given to a hill which includes serreral measures havine little, or even nothing, in 3 cm mon, presented in a legislative assembly. It wis first used in the United States as a pnomisur name of ridienlo for the Compromise of 18 ru a bill nffored hy Honry Clav.

Compromisp of 1850, 7-2198
Omsk. West Siherian trading and agrivultutal contre, on the Trtish.
Onager, animal. 6-9n?n
One Findred Associates, Company of, 2-680.68?
Onega, Lake. Second largest lake of Elioope, in northwest Russia. 3.764 scruare miles for extent, it is connected with Lake Ladoga by the Svir.
Onions, account of, 7-2624
Question ahout. Whv dnes an onion make our eves water? 3-1114
Picture, of crop, 7-2622

## GENERAL INDEX

Ontario. Most populous Canadian province; area, 407,000 square miles; capital, Toronto. It has immense agricultural resources, producing about half the milk, butter and cheese of the Dominion and more than half the fruit, while forests cover 100,000 square miles. Gold, silver, nickel, iron and copper provide great mineral wealth; and manufactures, at Hamilton especially, are important. Here are Ottawa, the Federal capital, London, Brantford, Windsor and other flourishing cities.

French population of, 8-2949-50
history
as Upper Canada, 1791-1840; 3-944-46
became province of Dominion, 1867, 4-1488 Pictures, 7-2452-53
gathering fruit, 9 -3217
Ontario Society of Artists, 10-3700
Ooze in sea, made up of shells, 7-2539
Opah, fish
l'icture, (in color) 16-5781
Opal, account of, 19-7230-31
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Open square, in drawn-work
how to make, 6-2047
Opera. Drama set to music; one of the principal forms of the art of music. The vocal parts, in choruses, recitatives, arias, duets, trios, etc., have orchestral accompaniment and setting. Scenery, costume, action and dancing are important in the production of an opera.
early Italian opera. 19-6903, 7071
Handel's operas, 19-6914
improvements by Gluck, 19-6916-17, 7073-74
Verdi's operas, 19-6924, 7150
Wagner's operas, 19-6923, 7151
Weber's operas, 19-6920, 7150
Opie, John, British painter, 6-2112
Picture. Portrait of F. Bartolozzi, 6-2109
Opitz, Martin, German writer, 17-6268
Opium, drug, account of, 8-2912
in China, 2-434
Ficture, poppy, 8-2913
Opopanax, gum resin, account of, 9-3152
Oporto, Portugal, 14-5188
Pictures, 14-5191
Douro River, 14-5182
Maria Pia bridge over Douro River, 2-412

## Opossums

American, 7-2509-10
Australian, 7-2504
Pictures, 7-2503; 13-4698; (gravure) 7-2506, 2508
Optic, Oliver, (W. T. Adams)
books for children, 14-5014
Optical illusions, 8-2746
distorted pictures, how to make, 18-6644 puzzling cards, 7-2647
Opuntia, see Prickly pear
Ora et labora. Latin for "pray and work."
Orache, pot-herb, 14-5158-59
Pictures, 14-5159
halberd-leaved (in color), 14-4981
Orang-utans, 1-208
Pictures, (gravure), 1-209-10
Orange Free State. South African pastoral and agricultural province; area, 50,000 square miles; capital, Bloemfontein. Wool and ostrich feathers are exported.
founding of, 9-3048
joined Union of South Africa, 7-2300; 9-3050
Orange hawkweed, see Devill's paint-brush
Orange River. Largest South African river, rising in the Drakensberg and flowing into the Atlantic. Great falls in its lower course impede navigation, and much of the country it flows through is sandy and desolate. The Vaal is its tributary. 1,300 miles.
Oranges

* account of, 6-2057-58, 2060
scale checked by ladybirds, 18-6730-31
Question about. Why do oranges not grow in Canada? 15-5365
Pictures, 6-2059, 2061
orange grove in California, 6-2056
Spanish orange industry, 14-5051
Oration. A formal discourse delivered in public in a dignified manner; particularly, a speech prepared for some special occasion
Oratorio. A long musical composition which is more or less dramatic, usually based upon a religious theme, although sometimes it is heroic instead. The orchestral and vocal parts follow

Oratorio (continued)
very nearly the same forms as those of an opera, but scenery, costume and action are omitted in the performance. The name comes from the first compositions of this sort having been given in the oratory of the Church of Santa Maria in Vallicella, Italy
Orca whale, sce Killer whale
Orcagna, Andrea, Italian sculptor, 13-4604
Orchard grass, note and picture, 10-3650
Picture (in color), $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 2 2}$
Orchardson, Sir William Quiller, Scottish artist, 6-2236
Piciures
Napoleon a captive on shipboard (gravure), 6-2212
Scene from Peveril of the Peak, 7-2628

## Orchestras

Haydn, father of modern orchestra, 19-7073 musical sounds of, 18-6438
typical modern orchestra, note on, 19-7148
See also Musical instruments
Question about. What does the orchestra conductor do with his stick? 7-2487
Picture, with note about positions, 19-7148
Orchids, 13-4876

* account of, 17-6281
growth in air, 4-1280
of Pacific coast, varieties and description, 19-6928
roots of, 2-614
varieties of, 18-6567
purple fringed orchid, 18-6567
Savannah white orchid, 19-7089
showy orchid, 18-6569
Pictures, 19-7091
rose Pogonia, 18-6567
showy orchid, 18-6569
Pictures (in color)
bee-orchis, 14-4996
greater butterfly orchis, 14-4983
spider orchis, 14-4985
sweet-scented, 14-4995
Orchis Family, see Orchids
Orders, in architecture, see Architecture-orders
Ordinance. A law or regulation that is local, enacted by the government of a municipality, such as a common council or a similar boay.
Ordovician rocks, see Geology-Silurian period
Oregon. Middle Pacific state; area, 96,699 square miles; capital, Salem. It has great mining, agricultural and pastoral resources, Largest city and commercial centre, Portland., Abbreviation, Ore. Nickname, "Beaver State" or "Webfoot State." State flower, Oregon grape. Motto, "The Union." The meaning of the name Oregon is uncertain. First settlement, Astoria, 1811.
described in Western States, 18-6425-34; 19-6841-50
early history (arranged chronolocically)
discovery of Columbia River, 5-1703
Lewis and Clark Expedition, 5-1703
dispute over ownership, 6-1918
settlement of boundary, 6-1918
made a state, 11-3942
trade and commerce, 19-6846
Pictures
apple orchard, 8-2679
Broadway bridye, Portland, 8-2675
Crater Lake, 7-2281; 18-6436
flag (in color), 19-7191
Hood River Valley, 9-3206
Interstate bridge, 1-26
on Columbia River Highway, 19-6847 Portland street, 19-6847


## Oregon, Illinnis

Picture, statue of chief Black Hawk, 15-5281
Oregon grape, shrub, 19.6932
Oregon pine, name used for Douglas fir, 12-4249 Pirture, 19-6940
Oregnn question, 6-1918
O'Reilly, John Boyle, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Orestes and Pilades, friendship of, 8-2963

## Organ

Question about. Why do musical sounds come from an organ? 17-6290
Organ bird. 9-3139
Oriental, clipper ship, 11-3919
Oriental architecture, see Architecture, Chinese: Architecture, Indian; Architecture, Japanese; Architecture, Persian

## GENERAL INDEX

Oriental art，influence on ancient Greece， $\mathbf{2 - 4 5 0}$ Oriental fruit－worm
how introduceal into $\mathrm{U} . \mathrm{S} . .18 .6734$
Orsental literature，＊15－5459－64
Origin of species，by Darwin，note on，2－594
Oranoco．Great Venezuelan river，rising in the Sierra Parima and flowing into the Atlantic． Its immense delta stretches for 130 miles from its mouth，but ocean steamers can ascend the main stream 373 miles，to Ciudad Bolivar．1，600 miles．

Raleigh＇s expedition to，14－4968
Orioles，birds
account of，8－2968， 2970
Baltimore orioles，13－4829
hangnests，8－2970
of western North America，14－5144
orchard，13－4830
Picture，8－2969，2975；13－4833
hangnests，8－2969， 2976
Pictures（in color）
Baltimore oriole， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 2 2}$
Bullock＇s oriole，12－4369；facing 14－5133
European golden oriole，9－3281
Orion，constellation
in mytholosy，9－：2．3：
nebula of，10－3540；11－4038， $4 C 46$
Picture，11－3923
Orizaba，volcano，height of，7－2313
Orleans．Historic French city on the Ioire，fa－ mous for its relief in 1429 by Joan of Arc．It suffered severely in the Huguenot wars，when its cathedral was destroyed，and is now mannly modern in appearance．It manufactures vin－ egar and agricultural machinery．
Orloff diamond，19－7232
Ormuzd，good god of Zoroastrianism，9－3092
Ornament，see Design
Ornithogalum，flower

Ornithologists，explanation of word，8－275？ Alexander Wilson and John J．Audubon， 19－7051－52
Ornithology，see Birds
Orographical rain，8－292．
Orpen，Sir William，British painter，8－2859
Picture，Mrs．Giblos（gravure），8－2861
Orpheus．A mythical Greek who by the sound of his lyre could move rocks and trees and charm wild beasts．Heart－broken over the death of his wife，Eurydice，he went to Hades to seek her．Pluto，after hearing his music，allowed Eurydice to follow hr－1 humband batek to सath but only on condition that he should not look back before reaching the upper world．The strain！was too eraat hu looki－d，and Foryolice was lost again．After his death his lyre was placed among the stars by Zeus．
and the Argo，11－3912
Poem about．Orpheus and His Lute，by Shake－ speare，8－3004
Orpheus warbler，bird．9－3277－78
Orpines，plants， $15 \cdot 5602$
Picture（in color），14－4！八人？
Orris root，from fleur－de－lis or iris，8－2911； 19－7172
örsted，Hans Christian，see Oersted，Hans Christian
Orthophonic Victrola，n＋it：and picture，1－26．3
Ortolan，bird，8－2976
Orvieto，Italy
Picture，cathedral（graviure），17－6172
Oryx，animat．，4－1 111 Pirturr，4－1！f！
Osaka．Second largest Japanese city，with over 700 factories．It does an immense trade in cot－ ton，refined sugar，iron and metal goods，leather， Elass and confectionery． description，2－572
Oscilloscope．A machine for throwing upon a rapidly moving machine a series of flashes of one－millionth of a second＇s duration，so that the motion appears slow and can be carefully ex－ mined
O＇Shaughnessy，Arthur，English poet，12－4234 Spe also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Osixis，Fgyptian god．1－290

Osler，Sir Edmund，gave Kane＇s paintings to Toronto，20－3700
Oslo（Christiania）．Capital of Norway，on Christiania Fiord．A great commercial centre

Oslo（Christiania）（rontinueri）
and timber port．It contains the National Uni－ versity and a cathedral，and has considerable manuiactures．
population，15－5302
Pieture，15－5303
Osmanlu．＇I he name of the Turki race that fol－ lowed the fortunes of the Othman dynasty，con－ quered the sulrounding Turkish and Tartar tribes，and settled in Asia Minor and the Batkan peninsula in the 13 th ， 14 th and 15 th centuries． They are industrially and commercially an in－ dolent people，though they are brave soldiers．
osmosis．In physices and chemistry，the process of diffusion between two fluids that are capable of mixing when separated by a partition which they can penetrate（an animal membrane，for instance）．The process tends to bring about an equal condition on the two sides of the partition
Ospreys，birds
account of，10－3753－54
American osprey，13－4762
nest．13－1765
Pictures，10－3755
Picture（in color），9－3282
Ossa，Mt．Peak in Thessaly now known as Mt．
Kissovo．6，400 feet．
ossian，poems of
forgery by Macpherson，6－2027
Ossoli，Marchioness，see Fuller，Margaret
Ostenso，Martha，Canadian novelist． $\mathbf{1 5} \mathbf{5} 570$
Osteopathy．A system of treating disease by the manipulation of different parts of the body．It is based on the theory that diseases are due to some derangement of the mechanism of the skel－ eton，nerves，blood－vessels or other tissues．
Ostracism．From the Greek word for the tile o－ shell ustor in votine．I measure practiced it ancient $\backslash$ thens wherrby a（＇itizen whon semmer to be becoming dangerous to the state in any way might be temporarily banished by popular
 interfere with his monerte or rivil rights in any way，merely banished him for ten years．

See Aristides，3－1077

## Ostriches

＊account of，13－4655－56
feather＝，13－46．56
exported by South Africa，9－3052
Qucstion about．Does an ostrich hide its head in the sand？17－6289
バけいが，8－ごこち

O＇Sullivan，Seumas，see Poetry Index for poem and note

Othello，play by Shakespeare
criticism，3－984－85
story of，8－2691
Picture，3－840
Othman I．Turkish sultan，founder of the Otto－ man Empire；lived from 1259 to 1326.
Otho，Marcus Salvius，Roman emperor，5－1863
Otis，Elisha G．invented first elevator，19－721？
Otis，James（1725－83）．Massachusetts patriot，
prominent in opposition to British rule．
Ottawa．Capital of the Dominion of Canada，on the（）ttaxa Fiter，（Intario．I we－ll－hmill．morlern （its，it combtams tworatherials．a whiversity， and the splendid Dominion parliament hotise： there are machinery，paper，flour，and especially lumber industries
first Dominion Parliament met in，

Pietures
Parliament Building，5－1835，1838－39
Ottawa River．Canadian river rising in Ontario and fmptyine intost．Jawrence River． 685 miles．
Otter，animal，3－873
fur－farms for， $13-4696$
Pictures．3－869，870：13－4697
Otter hounds，hunting dogs，2－718
Otter－shrew，1－320
otto I（912－73）．Emneror of the Holy Roman Empire from 962 until his death．He had suc－ refoled his fother as kins of fiolman！in 936.
In the year 955 he had a victory over the Mar． vars．
Otto，Nicholas invented internal－combustion engines．19－6015
Ottoman Turks，see Turks：Turkey
Ouananiche，salmon，15－5636

## GENERAL INDEX

Ondenarde, Belgium
Picture, Town Hall, 15-5499
Oulton, Bobert, and fox-raising, 13-4693
Ounce, a kiml of lenpard, 2-50l
Our domestic poultry, * 12-4491-94
Our feathered friends, * 8-2757-62
Our unseen friends and foes, * 2-557-59
Our wonderful canals, * 10-3425-27
Ourselves and the nation, * 19-6875-78
Ousels, Water, birds, 9-3139; 14-5147 Pictures
feeding young, 9-3137
ring ousel (in color), 9.3130
Outline, in drawing or painting, a convention, 8-2710
Outposts of Canada, * 7-2557-66
Outposts of Empire, * 9-3181-91
Oven
old-fashioned, use in bread-making, 1-372-73 Picture, outdoor oven, Quebec, 8-2955
Ovenbirds, 9-3288; 13-4840
Overtones in sounds

* account of, 19-6851-55
explanation, and effect in music, 18-6700
in voice, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 5 9 - 6 0}$
nodes, meaning of term, 19-6854
Ovid, Roman poet, 16-5912
Picture, portrait, 16-5907
Ovule, part of flower, 2-506
seeds, when ripe, 3-1083
Owen, Sir Richard, English scientist
life and work, 2-592-93
and bones of giant sloth, 7-2396
fictures
portrait, 2-589 with skeleton of bird, 2-593
Owl-parrot, bird
account of, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 1 8}$
Picture, 10-3613


## Owls

* account of, 10-3618-20
burrowing, 14-5021
of North America, 13-4762-63; 14-5021, 5148
value to farmers, 10-3619-20
Poems about
The Hornèd Owl, by Barry Cornwall, 15-5523 The Owl, by Lord Tennyson, 6-2153
The Owl-Critic, by J. T. Field, 7-2640
Question about. Why does an owl come out by night? 3-981
Pictures, 10-3617 barn owl (in color), 8-2900 brown or tawny owl (in color), 9-3129 burrowing owls, 14-5148
European little owl (in color), 9-3283
long-eared owl (in color), 9-3132 nest, 13-4765
short-earec. owl (in color), 9-3130
young barn owl, 8-2761
0x-peckers, birds, 8-2968
Ox-tongue, flower
ficture, (in color), 14-4995
Oxalic acid (cuoff). In acid which exists in various plants, particularly wood sorrel, or oxalis. It forms white crystals, will dissolve in water and alcohol, has an excessively acid taste and is a strong poison. To produce it in large amounts the action of fused caustic soda or potash on sawdust is employed. Some of its uses are: removing inkstains, printing calico, bleaching straw and flax, dyeing, etc.
Oxen, uses uf. 4-1:゙fn-g1
Pictures, 4-1261; 10-3:07
use in primitive irrigation, 7-2547
Oxenham, John-see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Oxford. Catheciral city and capital of Oxfordshire, on the Thames, here called the Isis. Famous for its university, dating from about 1100 , it is one of the finest English cities; there are 21 colleges and many weautiful buildings. Picture. River Isis, 7-2540
Oxford University
I:hmies scherlarships. 1-7t
oxidation. The act or process of combining with oxygen. See Oxids.
Oxins, dufimition. 4-1:. 6
Ox'ev, Jt.. Austrilian explorer, 3-5f?
Oxlip, flower. Picture (in color), 14-4991
oxygen
absorption by rocks, 9-3102
and burning of oils, 5-1751
and protoplasm, 2-664

Oxygen (continued)
boiling-point of, 8-3014
lishes' need of, 15-5540-41
given off by plants, 1-312
importance of, 4-1330
in blood, 3-937
carried by hemoglobin, 3-805
in living matter, 4-1325
use in body, 6-2186
Question about. Where does the oxygen in the sun come from? 14-5225
Oyster-catchers, birds, 11-4012
Pictures, 11-4011; (in color), 9-3132
Oysters
account of, 19-6888

* cultivating and gathering, 11-4053, 4063
eggs, number of, 15-5542
pearl oysters, 9-3300; 19-6885, 6888, 7229
preparing for market, note on, 11-4062-63
Pictures, 19-6882
planting, collecting and packing,
11-4062-63
shells, 19-6886
ozone
Question about. What is the substance known as ozone? 6-2252


Pachacut1, Inca of Peru, 19-6860

## Pacitic Highway

Picture, Chuckanuck Drive, Washington, 7-2307 Pacific Ocean. Largest of the oceans, having an area greater than all the land in the world. One and three-quarter times as big as the Atlantic, it contains the greatest known ocean depths. Few large rivers flow into it, but it is remarkable for its.immense number of islands, among them New Zealand, the Philippines, the East Indies, Japan, the Aleutian Islands, and the Melanesian, Micronesian and Polynesian groups. Its splendid harbors include Vancouver, San Francisco, Valparaiso, Auckland, Sydney, Singapore, Shanghai and Yokohama.
depth of, 7-2539
Sce also South Seas
Packard, Frank I., Canadian author, 15-5370
Packets, ships
Picture, Dreadnaught, 11-3917
Packing industry, see Meat industry and trade Paderewski, Ignace Jan (1860- ). A Polish pianist and diplomat. After the outbreak of the World War in 1914 he worked for the cause of Polish independence, as head of the National Polish Committee, helping to formulate the Peace Treaty. In 1919 he became premier and minister for foreign affairs for six months, and in this capacity signed the Treaty of Versailles.
as musician and statesman, 13-4688
Padua. City of Venetia, Italy, with a famous university, the most important in Europe during the later Middle Ages. Still surrounded by walls, Padua has nearly fifty churches, the finest of which are the Cathedral and St. Antonio; the Chapel of the Annunciation has frescoes by Giotto.
painters, 3-1103
Pirfurrs, 13-1.5:3
Church of San Antonio (gravure), 17-6170 Pæstum, Italy, 13-4566

Pictures
Greek Basilica and Temple of Poseidon, (gravure), 15-5350
reconstruction of Poseidon's Temple, 15-5340 Páez, José Antonio, president of Venezuela, 19-6.475
Paganellus, fish
Picture (in color), 16-5781
Page, $\mathbf{C r}$ arles G., and telephone, 17-6184, 6241.4? Page, Thomas Nelson, American author, 13-4820
Paget, Sidney, British painter
Picture, Lancelot and Elaine (gravure), 19-6946
Pago- Pago, harbor in Samoa, 10-3592
Pagodas, Chinese, as architecture, 15-5472
Pictures (gravure), 2-425; 9-3094-95; 15-5479
Paln
sense of, in skin, $4=1420$

Pain (continued)
Questions about
Do animals feel as much pain as we do? 6-2251
What is pain and why does it hurt? 11-3840
Why does it not hurt when we cut our hair? 8-2873
Paine, Thomas
writings about American Revolution, 12.4450 Paint. A preparation of a coloring substance made by mixing with a suitable vehicle, such as oil, water or varnish. Sometimes the term is used for the pigment alone. Paints form surface-coatings which preserve as well as color; sometimes they contain driers, as japan, and thinners, as turpentine. When oil is used with the pigment the paint is called oil paint.
Some pigments are mineral.
how to clean, 15-5335
how to remove stains of, 2-618
luminous, 2-587
Question about. What is the secret of Iuminous paint? 8-3016
Painted cups, flowers, 18-6666
Painted Desert, Arizona, 9-3025-32
Picture, 9-3027

## Painting

climate, influence of, 4-1222, 1496; 6-2229
color
ancient conventions in, 1-291-92, 297
and light, 7-2480-82
Byzantine use of gold, 2-692
characteristic of Hals, 5-1590
characteristic of Reynolds and Gainsborough, 6-2110-11
characteristic of Rubens, 5-1586
characteristic of Zuloaga and Sorolla, 8-2854
impressionistic treatment of, 7-2476-82 in fresco, 2-697
in tempera and oil painting, 3-1104; 4-1460 on Greek vases, 2-450-51
use with oil by the Van Eycks, 4-1222 use with oil introduced into Italy, 3-1104; 4-1461
Velasquez's secret of, 4-1498
historical
by Rubens, 5-1586
in France, 6-2078, 2081-82; 8-2858
in Poland, 8-2852
in Russia, 8-2851-52
in the ancient world, 1-297
in U. S., 9-3326, 3328
West's influence on, 9-3326
history
Artists of the old empires, 1-289-97

* Early Christian painting, 2-575-82
* European artists of late years, 8-2851-60
* Summary of European painting, 9-3069-72

See also following headings grouped by national adjectives: as, Painting, Italian
impressionism and post-impressionism, 7-2480-82; 8-2709-14
landscape
early Flemish, 4-1227
in Canada, 10-3699-3709
in England, 6-2229-34
in France, 5-1874, 1876; 7-2369-76, 2476, 2482; 8-2855-56
in Holland, 5-1590, 1592
in U. S., 9-3332-36; 10-2447-50, 3455-56 in Venice, 3-1106
light
artists' experiments, 8-2709
in Claude Lorrain's landscapes, 5-1876
in Correggio's pictures, 3-1108
in Giorgione's work, 3-1106
in modern French painting, 7-2476-82; 8-2709 in Sorolla's pictures, 8-2854
in the studio and out of doors, 7-2476
in Turner's landscapes, 6-2234 problems of rendering, 5-1711 Rembrandt's secret of, 5-1709, 1711 the modern quest, 9 -3071; 10-3455-56 Velasquez's treatment of, 4-1498

## mural

of the cave-men, 1-194
in Frgean and classical times, 2-448-49, 451-53
in ancient lands, 1-291-97; 3-816-18
in Canada, 10-3703
in early Christian days, 2-476-82
in Italy, 2-698-99; 3.824, 828, 830-31, 959-60, 1107; 4-1462, 1464; 5-1736-37

Painting-mural (continued)
in the Netherlandc, $4-1222$
in U. S., 9-3336; 10-3451-53
modern British, 8-2860
modern French, 7-2482
of portraits
by British artists, 6-2109-20; 8-2859
by Dürer and Holbein, 4-1345, 1348
by Jan Van Eyck, 4-1222, 1225
by Hals and Rembrandt, 5-1712
by Leonardo da Vinci, 3.828
by Rembrandt, 5-1710
by Rubens and Van Dyck, 5-1586
by Velasquez, 4-1500
good and poor compared, 3-1108
in Canada, 10-3702-04
in France, 4-1227; 5-1881-82; 6-2078, 2080; 8-2712, 2856-58
in U. S., 9-3325-30; 10-3450-52
influence of photography, 8-2859
of children, by Bronzino, 3-958
plein-air painting, 7-2476-82
water-color painters, British, 6-2234
Painting, Fgean, and classical painting, 2-447-51
Painting, American

* Painting in the U. S. in the earlier years, 9-3325-36
* Artists of the later years, 10-3447-56
influence of French painting, 9-3333
Pictures, 2-390; 3-969, 971; 4-1167, 1169; 6-1915. 1917; 7-2426, 2441, 2443; 13-4883. (gravure), 10-3457-64
See also starred articles above


## Painting, British

* Britain's art begins, 6-1999-2005
* painters of 18 th century 7-2327-36
* 18 th century and early 19 th, 6-2109-20
* in 19th-20th centuries, 8-2858-60
* Constable, Turner and the Pre-Raphaelites, 6-2229-36
portrait-painters, 16 th and 17 th centuries, 6-2000-05
recent artists, 8-2858-60
summary of, 9-3071-72
Van Dyck's influence, 5-1586
Pictures (in color), 7-2337-40
See also all articles aloove
Painting, Canadian
* Painters of Canada, 10-3699-37.19

Pictures, 10-3699, 3701, 3703-04, 3709-10; (gravure), 10-3705-08

## Painting, Dutch

* history and characteristics, 5-1588-94
recent artists, 8-2853-54
summary of, 9-3070
See also Rembrandt
Pictures, see all articles above
Painting, Flemish, 15-5502
* Artists of Flanders, 4-122:-28
* The Dutch and the Flemings, 5-1.85-88
compared with Italian painting, 't. 1222
influence on French art, 5-1873-74
summary of, 9-3070
Pictures, see all articles above


## Painting, French

* Rise of French art, 17 th and 18 th centuries 5-1873-82
* French art after the Revolution, 6-2077-82
* Nature artists of France, 7-2369 72
* naturalists, impressionists and vthers, 19th century, 7-2475-82
* Modern movement in French 2.rt, 8-2709-14 recent artists, 8-2855-5b
early history, 4-1227
influence on American painting, 9-3333
influenced by Flemish and Itasian art, 5-1873-74
summary of, 9-3070-71
Pictures, see starred articles above


## Painting, German

* history, early times through Holbein, 4-1343-48
late development, reasons, 4-1343
recent artists, 8-2852-53
summary of, 9-3070
Pictures, see all articles above


## Painting, Italian

* Early Florentine school, 2-697-99
* Later Renaissance masters, 3-823-31, 957-60
* Sienese school, 2-691-92, 697
* Venetian, 4-1460-64
* Venetian and other schools, 3-1103-08
recent artists, 8*2854-55

Painting, Italian (continued)
compared with F'lemish painting, 4-1222 influence on Dutch and Flemish painting, 5-1585
influence on French art, 5-1873-74
influence on Velasquez, 4-1498
summary of, 9-3069
Venetian influence on Dürer, $4-1344$
Pictures (gravure), 2-693-96; 3-1109-12
Renaissance period, 3-961-64
See also all articles above

## Painting, Mechanica

## clay iruits, 6-2043

stencils, directions for using, with picture, 1-336
wood, 11-4088
Painting, Polish, 8-2852
Painting, Russian, 8-2851-52
Painting, Scandinavian, 8-2852
Painting, Spanish

* history, to Goya, 4-1495-1500
recent artists, $8-2854$
summary of, 9-3070
Pictures, see articles above
Painting, Swiss, 8-2852
Pair of Magic Slippers (story), 2-402-03
Paisley. Town and port in Renfrewshire, Scotland, on the White Cart, 7 miles from Glasgow. Famous especially for its shawls and for its abbey, it has thread, dyeing, bleaching, chemicai and shipbuilding industries.
Pajou, Augustin, French sculptor, 13-4703
Pakenham, Sir Edward, in battle of New Orleans, 5-1706-07
Palaces
in Italy, 4-1456, 1458; 17-6298-99, 6300, 6309, 6311
Moorish, in Spain, 9-3356
See also Alhambra; Louvre; Versailles, Palace of
Pictures, Italian, 17-6296-97; (gravure), 4-465, 1467-68; 5-1744, 1746; 17-6302-08
Palæocene rocks, 5-1783
Palmontology, study of fossils
Cuvier's work for, 2-590
See also Geology; Animals-history
Palæozoic age, geological era, 2-634
See also Geology-historical periods
Palafoz, José, in siege of Saragossa, 14-5119
Palais Bourbon. A building in Paris in which the Chamber of Deputies, or Lower House, meets. Hence an alternative name for the Chamber of Deputies.


## Palais Royal, Paris

destroyed under Commune, 10-3576
Palermo. Capital and largest seaport of Sicily, with a large export trade. The ancient Panormus, the stronghold of the Carthaginians in Sicily, it was successively conquered by Pyrrhus, the Romans, the Vandals, Belisarius, the Saracens, the Pisans and the Normans, and it still has many historic buildings. There are nearly 300 churches and chapels, a university and a 12 th-century cathedral.
churches, 17-6164
Pictures
camnanile, 13-4573
cathedral (gravure), 16-5723
Pales, goddess of Roman shepherds, 9-3235
Palestine

* account of, since World War, 18-6676, 6678 agriculture, modern, notes and pictures, 19-7163
pilgrimages to, 7-2583-84
Zionist movement, 19-7160, 7162
See also Jews
Pictures, 18-6677; 19-7159, 7163
Palestrina, Giovanil Plerluigi da, Italian musical composer, 19-6903, 6913, 7071 Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Palfreys, horses used in Middle Ages, 6-2016
Palgrave, Francis Turner, see Poetry Index for noem and note
Palilia, festival of goddess Pales, 9-32'5
Palimpsests, manuscripts, 2-582
Palisades of the Fudson
time of formation, 4-1401
Palladio, Andrea, Italian architect, 4-1459; 17-6311
Pirture portrait, 4-1455
Palladium ( Pd ). A rare metallic element belonging to the platinum group. It is sometimes
found native, and also with platinum or gold.

Palladium (continued)
Discovered in 1803 by Wollaston, it was called after the recently discovered asteroid Pallas. It is silver-white, malleable and permanent in the air; used for plating silver goods, in dentistry and for making scales and division marks on scientific instruments. Palladium has been found to be remarkable for its capacity for absorbing hydrogen.
Pallas Athene, see Athena
Palma, Jacopo or Giacomo (called Palma Vecchio), Italian painter, 3-1106
Picturcs
Meeting of Jacob and Rachel (gravure) 3-1111
Three Sisters, 3-1105
Palma. Capital of the Spanish Balearic Islands,
in Majorca, with textile trade and fruit exporting:
Palmer, Frederick S., Canadian painter, 10-3704
Palmer, Ray, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Palmetto State, name for South Carolina, 13-4638
Palmetto trees, 13-4638-39
Picture, 13-4639
Palmieri Villa, Italy. Picture, 17-6153
Palms, trees

* account of, 9-3154, 3156
coconut-palm
description of, for game, 16-5771
fruit of, 6-2280
Pictures, 6-2279
date-palm
description and uses, 6-2157-58; 5-1624
use by Arabs, 18-6740
Pictures, 6-2160; (in color), 8-3000
fan-palm, 13-4638-39
Picture, 13-4639
ivory-palm, 9-3156
oil-palm, 9-3156
uses, West Africa, 18-6812
Picture, grove in West Africa, 9.3155
rattan-palm, description, 9-3154, 3156
Paludan-Mïller, Frederik, Danish poet, 19-7011
Pamir Piateau, in Asia, 18-6583
Pamir Pateau, definition, $6-2171$
Pan, god of shepherds, 9-3237
and reed flute and Syrinx, 9-3236
Poem about. A Musical Instrument, by Mrs. Browning. 5-1779
Pan-American Union, Washington, D. C.
building, note and picture, 5-1544
Pan-Slavism. A movement to bring about unity between all Slavonic races. It was an important factor in Near Eastern affairs during the 19th century owing to Russian support.
Panama. Capital of the Republic of Panama, at the southern end of the Canal. A cathedral and university city, it was founded in 1671 by the pirate Morgan.
not in Canal Zone, 10-3594
Pictures, 1-369-70
Panama, Repriblic of, Central America, 19-7142 part of Colombia until 1903, 19-6976
separated from Colombia, 1-362
leased Canal Zone to U. S., 1.362
Panama Canal
* Digging the Panama Canal, 1-360-67
bird's-eve view, and note, $1-360$
different routes suggested for, 1-362
French company, under De Lesseps, 1-361
Question about. How much stuff was dug nut to make the Panama Canal? 4-1451
Pictures. 1-360-70; 13-4793
Panama Canal Zone, 10-3594
purchase by U. S. from Panama, 1-362
Pictures, 10-3595
Pancreas, gland; function of, 6-2085
and diahetes, 9-3224
Panda, Zulu king, 9-3050
Panda, animal, 3-872
Pictures, 3-869, 870
Pandanus, tropical plant
Pictures. 9-3260
frilit (in color), 8-3000
Pandora, story of, 9-3233: 14-5259
Pangolins, animals, 7-2400 Pintures. 7-2395
Pansies, flowers, 19-7171
wild. name for heartsease, 17-6126
Pictures (gravure), 19-7179
yellow pansy (in color), 15-5610
Pansy Series of books, 14-5015

Panthéon, Paris, 18-6498
wall decoration, 7-2482; 8-2858
Picture (gravure), 11-3827
Pantheon, Rome, 15-5348
Pictures, 4-1197; 8-3010; (gravure) 4-1206
Panther, animal, 2-.,01
drawing of, how to make, 6-2165
Picture (gravure), 2-500
Pantograph. An instrument for copying drawings on the same scale either enlarged or reduced in size.
Pantomime. A dramatic performance chiefly in dumb-show, in which it originated in Pome. In France the term was later applied to allegorical performances with mythological characters. In England subjects from popular tales with burlesque, music and dancing were employed, and lifeathe a frature of the Christmas seation.
in Rome, 16-5909
Papal Lire of Demarcation, 1-252; 19-7040

## aper

cut-paper compositions, how to make, 13-4845-46
directions for making paper, 3-1152
folded, things made with, 16-5767-68

* invention, history; and use, 3-1053-56; 10-3550 made from wood, 12-4:
manufacture, 3-1057-59; 7-2445-52
oldest pieces known. 3-1054
papyrus scrolls in Egypt, 11-3! 7 i
reason it burns easily, 10-3477
Ner also list of main articles, 20-7635-3.6
Qurstions about
How are the marks put into writing paper? 5-1753
What is the paper we use made of? 8-3116
Why does heat make paper curl up? 9-3356
Pictures, manufacture, 3-1057, 1059; 7-2445,

$$
2447-52
$$

Paper flowers, how to make, 12-4500-01
Paper-folding

- tat, lus to (-11t, 19-656t

Paper-knife, directions for making, 1-131
Paper lanterns and shades, directions for
making, 18-617
Paper nautilus, see Argonaut
Eaper weights, lead, directions for casting, 3-102:3
Papier-mâché, From French papier, paper, and maché, chewed. A material made of paper re-
duced to pulp of a doughy consistency, with such substances as size, glue, resin or clay added. It can be shaped or molded into a variety of arifres, and urime into a hard, strongs suhstamere. Its manufacture has become an important industry
Fapin, Denis, French inventor, 17-6397-98
Papineau, Louis Joseph, Canadian leader, 3-9.6 Ficture, portrait. 3-'th
Papua, or New Guinea. Territory in East Indies, under Australian administration; area 90,540 square miles; capital, Port Moresby. Peopled by negroid tribes, it is mountainous and thickly forested. Copra is the chief export, though there is some trade in tobacco, gold, rubber, sisal and copper; the fauna and flora are brilliant.
nopulation and nation ruling, 9-3186
Papuaing, natives of Melanesia, characteristics, 9-33,02
Papyri, old Egyptian books, 3-814
Papyrus, from plants, 5-1627
how prepared for paper, 3-1156

used for paper, 3-105?
fur tion about. What is papyrus? 11-3977 l'iclure, with Egyptian writing, 10-3547
Papyras, plant. Pirture $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 4 7}$
Part. Cathedral city and port of Brazil, near the mouth of the Amazon. Famous for its great exnort of rubber, it trades also in nuts, hides and cacao.
Para rubber, see Rubher
Parabola. A curve which is commonly considered as being formed by the intersection of a.


Paracelsus, Philimpus Aureolus
xy
Parachate. Derived from words meanine "pre-
 \& descent from a great height, especially from a balloon or airshtp of any kind. In form it re-

Parachate (rontinued)
sembles an umbrella. Its invention is accredized to selastian Lenormand.
toy parachute, how to make, 4-1396
Paradise Lost, by Milton, account of, 4-1240-42
Paradise of Dainty Devices, a collection, 3-1118
Paradise Regained, by Milton, 4-1242
Paraftin. From Latin parum, little, and affinix, akin. A substance found in deposits in the earth and as a constituent part of petroleum, or produced in the distillatioh wf wond, coat, ett: It. a pure statr it is wasy, white or coborless, and has no taste or smell. It shows no chemical reartiont to acids or alhalles. It is uced itl waterproofing materials, preserving food, and manufacturing candles, matches, etc. sep ulyo 13-4540. Paraguay. Inland republic of South America; area, 61,000 square miles; capital, Asuncion. Paraguay's right to 40,000 square miles of additional territory is disputed by Bolivia. Most of it consists of dense jungles or grassy uplands, the chief exports being hides, timber, tobacco, misit, quebracho and Paraguay tea.
history, 19-6982
Jesuit mission to Indians, before 1768, 19-6862 Paraguay tea, 7-2536
Parallax. The apparent displacement of an object, or the difference of direction which it appears to hold, as it is seen from two different points. To get an effect of parallax, alternately close one eye, then the other, looking at a single object. In astronomy, the difference in direction of a star or other heavenly body as seen from a point on the earth's surface and as seen from some other designated point, for instance, the sun or the centre of the earth.
Parallels of latitude, 1-19
Paralysis tick, 16-6019
Paramaribo. Capital and port of Dutch Guiana, exporting coffee, cocoa and sukial
Paraná. Second largest South American river, flowing from the Brazilian highlands into the La Plata. It passes Corrientes, La Paz, Santa Fé and Rosario, and the Paraguay is its tributary, 2,450 miles.

## Parasites

insect, harmfulness of, 18-6732-33
mites, ticks, chiggers, 16-6018-20
plant, 1.9.3-
Nee also Mistletoe
Parathyroids, glands, 9-3222
Parchment, how made, 3-1156
introduction of. 10-3550
Paré, Ambroise, French surgeon, 8-2725
Picture, portrait, 8-2721

## Parents

adrice to, on educational games, 10-3636-3? parental instinct, importance, 12-4442-43
Question about. Why are we like our parents? 15-5f,13-14
Paris, in Greek mythology, 6-1983; 9-3227
Pirture, statue of, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 4 5 9}$
Paris, France
Commune, rule of, $10-3573,3576$
description of, 11-3820
founding of, 10-3430
siege of, $10-3573$
Pictures, 11-3813
The Bourse, 16-5933
("hurch of thw জurbenme, 18.f511
Pirtures (in gravure)
Notre Dame catheriral, 1-72; 17-6168
Sainte Chapelle, 17-61:1
Pars, Treaty of, 1763
Car:arla matha British culomy. 2afos

Paris green, or emerald green. Now used as an
insecticide; formerly used as a pigment, until it was found too poisonous. Made of the union of copper acetate and copper arsenite.
Park, Mungo, 1 fri( $\because$,
Picture Dortrait. 2.1.1.
Parkex, Sir Koratio Gilbert, Canadian novelist, 15- $\because 6.4$

Parkman. Francis, American historian, 14-5110 ly, stm willum心s, 13-16!1-2?

Parks if itvo service in children, 15-.ic.23-24
Parley, Peter, name used by S. G. Goodrich, 14-5014

Parliament, meaning of word, 5-1572
Parliament, British, sec England-Parliament
Parliament, Houses of, London
building of, 12-4360-61
Picture, 12-4359
Parliament, Irish, see Ireland-Parliament
Parliamentary law. The rules which govern the procedure of deliberative assemblies. It is a distinct branch of the law and covers the duties of officers and the order for all motions.
parma. Ancient city of northern Italy, containing an 11th-century cathedral, 60 churches, a university, and the ducal palace of the Farnese, with many fine examples of Correggio's works. Parnassus, in mythology, 9-3237
Pamell, Charles Stewart, Irish leader, 8-2936 Parody. Among the Greeks a comic imitation of a serious poem. Later applied to comic imitation of any variety of prose. Parody is found in the literature of very early peoples, but the Greeks first gave it form, and Aristophanes, the great comic poet, parodied whole passages of Euripides. Don Quixote is a parody of medieval romance.
earliest Greek, 16-5748-49
Parole. French for "word." In international law it is the pledge of honor of a prisoner of war by which he promises, if granted freedom, to observe certain conditions imposed by his captors. In the American and British armies it can be given only through a commissioned officer. Release on parole is still somewhat rarely practiced. In penal law parole is a pledge of good behavior given by a convicted person as a condition of exemption or release
Parrakeets, or Paroquets, birds, 10-3616
Picture, 10-3615
Pictures (in color)
horned. 10-3621
Pennant's parrakeet, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 2 1}$
red-shouldered, 10-3624
splendid grass parrakeet, 10-3622
Parrot fish
Pictures (in color), 16-5785-86, 5788
Parrots, 10-3613-18
Poem about. The Parrot, by Thomas Campbell, 4-1384
Pictures, 10-3615
Parry, William Edward. arctic explorer, 8-2986 Pictures, portrait, 8-2977 expeditions, 8-2987
Parsec, astronomical measure, 21-3784
Parsees, followers of Zoroaster, 3-918
Parsley, 7-2618
fool's parsley, 14-4976-77
Pictures. 7-2621
Pictures (in color
corn parsley, 15-5397
hedge parsley, $13-4880$ small bur, 15-5398
Parsley Family, in botany, 13-4874 vegetables in, 7-2624
Parsnips, 7-2624
Parsnips, Water
Picture (in color), 16-5884
Parson bird, 9-3138
Pirture, 9-?, 135
Parsons, Sir Charles A., and steam turbines, 17-6404
Picture, portrait, 17-6397
Parthenium, plant, produces rubber, 8-2790
Pa?thenon, Athens
architect, Ictinus, 12-4222
description of, 8-3009; 15-5342-43
sculptures, description of, 12-4221-22
See also Athens
Pirtures
as it stands to-day (gravure), 15-5349 position on Acropolis, 2-705
reconstruction of, 3-1079
scmiptured fienres of, $3-1$ n69: 11-380e
12-4215, 4217
Parthian shot. Remark uttered at the moment of leaving, so as to give no chance of effective reply. The term is derived from the practice of the Parthian horsemen in shooting arrows at their nursuers when rotrwatins
Partinians, rulea Persia, 3-918
Participle. In grammar, a verbal adjective. It is formed from a rerth and monlifirs a 11011 n ol pronoun. In English there are two participles: the present, for example, giving, and the past, for example, given.

## Parties

fancy-dress tea-party, 17-6144
games for, sce Games-for parties
Partnership. An association of two or more members carrying on a legal business for profit. Convicts, alien enemies and corporations canno! enter partnerships. General, or ordinary, partnership conducts business in accordance with general usages; particular partnership is confined to a single enterprise. In a limited partnership the liability of some or all of the partners is only the amount of capital they invest.
Partridge berry, vine, 18-6570-71
Picture, 18-6571
Partridges, birds, 12-4364-65
mountain partridge, name for California quail, 14-5135
name given to grouse, 13-4760
Pictures
European partridge (in color), 8-2898
French partridge (in color), 8-2900
nest and eggs, 8-2757
Parts of speech. Eight in number: noun, ad jective, pronoun, verb, adverb, preposition, conjunction, interjection. A noun is the name of a person, place or thing; an adjective qualifies a noun; a pronoun is used instead of a noun; a verb expresses action or being; an adverb modifies a verb, adjective or other adverb; a preposition shows the relation between one noun and another; a conjunction connects words and clauses; an interjection expresses an emotion of the mind. Some grammarians add a part of speech called the article, as a, an, and the.
Pascal, Blaise, French author and scientist
discovered law of fluid pressure, 15-5289
experiment on air pressure, 15-5286
writings of, 18-6713-14
Picture, portrait, 18-6559
Pasha, Emin, see Emin Pasha
Pasque flower, 18-6658
Picture (in color), 14-4996
Passover. A double festival combining the feast of unleavened bread and a festival in which the chief rite was the sacrifice of a lamb within the family circle and the sprinkling of its blood on the door-posts. The first was probably the old Canaanitish harvest festival, when the people busy with field labors were accustomed to eat unleavened bread; the second probably a spring full-moon festival also observed by the Canaanites. The Hebrews adopted both festivals and made the sprinkling of the blood symbolic of the protection received when pestilence struck Egyptian households, and the unleavened bread symbolic of the haste with which their departure from Egypt was attended.
Passport. A document issued by a government for the identification and protection of its citizens traveling abroad. First, it is a certificate of the citizenship of the bearer and, second, a formal permit authorizing him to leave the state. This, presented to the foreign government, obtains permission to pass through by the act of an officer in putting a visé upon it.
Pasteur, Louis, French scientist

* life and work, 15-5481-82
and microbes, 2 -559
checked disease of silk-moths, 18-6529
Pictures, portraits, 15-5483, 5615
Patagonia. Territory in the extreme south or South America, in Argentina and Chile. It consists mainly of high pastoral plateaus, with large areas of stony desert, there being little or no rainfall east of the Andes during eight months of the year
Patagonians. A general name for the tall people who inhabit South America south of the Rio Negro. The are broad-shouldered, very musculat: and ea ry themselves in a stately manner. Their faces are round or oval, their noses rather short, and their eyes small. They are a peaceful people who are fast dying out.
Patching, lesson in, 11-3857
Patent. A grant by the state to an individual of any property, franchise, privilege or title: particularly such a grant to an inventor or discoverer of a useful art or device. Patents are obtained by making application to the Commissioner of Patents in accordance with the form prescribed by law. The application is referred to an examiner, and if no objection is found, the patent is issued. Patents are property and may


## GENERAL INDEX

Patent (continucd)
be sold. An owner may grant license to use upon payment of royalties, or may grant the right to manufacture and sell for a certain time. All patented articles must be marked "patented," and bear the exact date
Pater, Walter, author, il-4003
Pater patriae. Latin for "father of his country." Paterfamilias. Latin for "father of a family." Paterson. City of New Jersey, with an important manufacture of silk. Founded primarily as an industrial centre through the activities of Alexander Hamilton, who organized here the first great industrial corporation in America
Pathology. The study of diseases, including their nature, causes, progress, symptoms and results
Patinir, Joachim, Flemish painter
Picture, St. Christopher, 6-1993
Patmore, Coventry, English poet, 12-4231
See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Patmos. Island of the Agean where St. John
lived.
Patras. Chief port of western Greece, exporting
olive-oil, wine and currants. population, 14-4918
Patres, rulers of Froman family, 4-1193
Patriarch. The head of a family, used particularly of Hebrew ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, etc. In the Christian Church certain bishops, those of Rome, Antioch and Alexandria, were so called; then Constantinople was added, and later in 451, Jerusalem.
Patricians, nobility of Rome, rule of, 4-1193
Patrick, St., missionary to Ireland, 8-2844, 2930 relics of, with pictures, 8-2941
Question about. Who was St. Patrick? 17-6288
Patriotic songs and poems, * 17-6249-56
See also England-songs, patriotic: Scotland -songs of; United States-Songs
For list, see 20-7678, under headings Patriotio poems, and National hymns

## Patriotism

influence of poetry on, 3-1135

* Young citizen and his flag, 19-7185-86, 7188 See also Canada-songs, patriotic; EnglandPoems about; England--songs, patriotic; Flass-poems about; France-songs; Scotland-songs of; United Statessones, patriotic
Patriots' Day, holiday, 6-2094
Patrol boats, 18-6816
Patrons of art
in medieval Europe, 4-1221
Pattie, James O., and the Grand Canyon, 7-2282, 2284
Paul $\mathbf{I}_{\text {, tsar of }}$ Russia, $16-5694$
Paul and Virginia, story, comment on, 18-6716 Paul Pry. A character in the play of the same name by John Poole, produced in 1825. His favorite remark was: "I hope I don't intrude." Hence Paul Pry means an inquisitive busybody.
Paulinus, missionary
Poem about. F'anlinus and Edwin, by F. T. Palgrave, 6-2246
Paumotu Islands
pearl fisheries, 9-3300
Pausanias, Greek author
value of his descriptions, 12-4215
Pavement
Qutstion about. Why has every pavement a "urt of granite" 5-17..
Pavia. Ancient city of Lombardy, Italy, still partly surrounded by walls. It has a famous university, a cathedral and a massive medieval castle.

Certosa, architecture of, 17-6299
Pictures, Certosa (gravure), 17-6303, 6306
Pawnbrokers
origin of sign, three balls, 7-248
Paxton, Sir Joseph
and cometruction of Crystal Palace, 9-3266
Paxton, William M., American painter, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 5 5}$
Payer, Julius, arctic explorer, 13-4712
Payne, John Howard, song-writer
life of, 18-6510-11
Spe also Poetry Index for poem and note Picture, early home, 18-6508
Pea Family, in botany, 13-4873-74 truii of 7 -2 $61: 3$
trees belonging to, 12-/386
Pictures, 7-2620
beach pea, flower (in color), 14-4981

Pea Family-Pictures (continued)
narrow-leaved everlasting pea, flower (in color), 14-4987

## Peace

Pocms about
Hear, O Ye Nations, by F. L. Hosmer, 17-6256
Peace, by Henry Vaughan, 12-4350
There's a Good Time Coming, by Charles Mackay, 7-2637
Peace River. Canadian river rising in the Rocky Mountains in northern British Columbia. It flows through Alberta, emptying into Lake Athabaska. 1,065 miles.
Peace River district, Canada
future prospects in agriculture, 7-2560
Peacises, 6-2064
Pictures. 6-2068
Peacock, Thomas Love, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Peacock, bird, 12-4366
fable about, by Asop, 11-4144
Pictures, 8-2756; 12-4367; (in color), 12-4369
Peacock, ship captured by Hornet, 17-6330
Peacock throne, Delhi, 8-2698, 2700
Peale, Charles Willson, American painter, 9-3327
Pictures
portrait by Benjamin West, 9-3329
portrait of himself, 9-3326
portrait of Samuel Mifflin, 3-971
portrait of Mrs. Rebecca Edgehill Mifflin with granddaughter, 3-971
Peale, Rembrandt. American painter, 9-3327
Peanut-and-spoon race, in water, 8-3024
Peanut taffy, recipe for, $\mathbf{1 - 3 4 0}$
Peanuts
account of, 7-2614
toys, doll made from, 2-512
Picture, 7-2621
Pear, Prickly, see Prickly pear
Pear trees, sce Pears
Pearce, Charles Sprague, paintings in Library of Congress, 5-1536
Pearl River. American river, rising in Winston
County, Miss. Flows into the Gulf of Mexico. 350 miles.
Pearls, 19-7228-29
how formed, 19-6885, 6888
how obtained, 9-3300
imitation, made from fish scales, 15-5634

## Pears

trees, wild, 12-4383
Pictures, 6-2063
wild (in color), 11-4025
Pearson, John, architect of Canadian Parliament Building, $\quad \mathbf{5 - 1 8 3 5}$
Peary, Marie
born in Arctic Circle, 13-4718
Peary, Robert Edwin
life and arctic explorations, 13-4718
Pictures portrait, 13-4719
in arctic scenes, 13-4709, 4717, 4720
Peasants' War, Germany, 16 th century, 11-3963
Pease, Edward
finances first railway, 5-1616

## Peat

how formed, 16-5727
how prepared, with picture, 8-2937
relation to coal, 3-786
Question alout. What is peat and how is it made? 7-2612
Pecan, 6-2276
variety of hickory, 12-4\#48
Peccary, wild pig of America, 5-1722-23 Picture, 5-1719
Pecos River. Imerican river, rising in the
Rocky Mountains, New Mexico; flows into the Rio firande. sun miles.
Pectin, guln in fiax, 9-331.
Pedersen, and wireless telephony, 17-6247
Pedometer. An instrument like a match, used for measuring distances traveled by waiking. It records on a dial place either the number of steps taken by the person carrying it, or the distance based on the individual's average length of step.
Pedro I, emperor of Brazil, 19-7042-43
Pedro II, emperor of Brazil, 19-7042-43
and Bell telephone, 17-6244
Pedrolino, ririginal name of Pierrot, 13-4594
Peo ku, game, 3-1153
Peel, Paul, Canadian painter, 10-3700

## GENERAL INDEX

## Peel, Sir Robert

and tax on corn, 7-2293
Picture, portrait, with father, 15-5616
Peel, Samuel
invents process of waterproofing with rubber, 4-1406
Peel, William, bravery of, 17-6139
Peele, George, dramatist, 2-721
Peking (or Pekin), China
description, 2-434
made capital city by Kublai Khan, 2-432
Pictures, 2-431
Marble Bridge, 1-40
Temple of Heaven (gravure), 9.3095
Pelargonium, name for geranium, 19-7170
Pe-le, Hawaíian goddess
defied on volcano by Christian convert, 2-446
Pelée, Mt., volcano, West Indies eruption of, 7-2314 Picture, 6-2176
Pelew Islands, 9-3302
Pelham, Feter, portrait-painter in American colonies, 9-3325
Pelicans, birds, 11-3884
brown pelicans, 14-5018
Pictures, 11-3883
brown pelican, 14-5019
Pellagra, disease, spread by sand-flies, 17-6420-21
Peloponnesian Wars, and Athens, $3-1081$
Pelorus Jack, nickname for dolphin, 6-2220 Picture, 6-2219
Pelton Wheel, turbine, 15-5429
Peludo, hairy armadillo, 7-2398 Picture, 7-2399
Pelvis, part of skeleton, 5-1676
Pelvoux, Mt., Alps
Picture. 7-2315
Pembroke, Countess of
Poem about. Epitaph on the Countess Dowager of Pembroke, by William Browne, 13-4599
Pembroke, Richard Clare, Earl of, 8-2932
Pemmican. A staple article of food for hunters, trappers, travelers, etc., in the great Northwest Arctic and Antarctic regions, consisting of beef or deer meat pounded into a powder and liberally mixed with boiling fat which is poured over
it. Sometimes berries are pounded up and mixed
in. Pressed into cakes, it is packed in rawhide cases till needed.
Penang Island, 9-3184
Picture, 9-3183

## Pencils

Gucstions about
What makes a lead pencil write? 9-3354
Why will a slate pencil write on slate but not
Penctulum
Foucault's, how to make, 8-3017
invented by Galileo, 1-279
Story about. Discontented Pendulum, 12-4198
Penelope, wife of Ulysses, 6-1986
story of, 1-53
Penfield, Edward, American artist
Picture, Benjamin Franklin and Deborah, 12-144?
Penguins, birds

* account of, 11-4128-29
in antarctic regions, 14-5092
Pictures, 11-4127
Penikese, Mass., station for marine study, 19-705.3
Peninsular War, Spain, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 7 1 ;} \mathbf{1 4 - 5 0 4 6}$ and Portugal, 14-5186
stury uf. Maid of saragnssa, 14-5119
Penknife, as a drawing compass, 16-5886
Penn, William
and founding of Pennsylvania, 2-552-53 Pirflim:
portraits, 2-549; 12-4153
arms on Mason and Dixon's Line marker 12-115.3
house in Philadelphia, 18-6833
Pennell, Joseph, American graphic artist, illustrator and author. Born, 1860; died, 1926 . One of the forfmost Imerican etchers and lithoEraphers. Moved to Lonilon, Fngland, in 1884 and was strongly influenced by Whistler. He wrote and illustrated many books and also illustrated books by other authors.
Pennsylvania. Great coal- and oil-producing
state; area, 45,126 square miles; capital, Harrisburg. Anthracite is found over an area of 472 square miles, and there are great iron, steel and

Pennsylvania (continued)
other manufactures. Farming is also important Here are Philadelphia, the largest city, Pittsburgh, Scranton and Reading; Abbreviation, Pa. Nickname, "Keystone State," "Steel State" or "Coal State." Motto, "Virtue, Liberty and Independence." The name came from Penn, in honor of William Penn, and sylvania, woods. First settlement, Philadelphia, 1683.
described in Northeastern States, 10-3401-08; 11-3773-82; 12-4145-54
early history (arranged chronologically)
founding of colony, 2-552
gets control of Delaware, 2-552
French claim western part, 3-780
Braddock's defeat, 3-780-82
Continental Congresses, 4-1162, 1164
in Revolution, 4-1168-70
signers of Declaration of Independence, 20-7557
signers of Constitution, 20-7574
ratifies Constitution, 5-1698
mineral wealth, 9-3210; 11-3773
petroleum found, 13*4534-35
Pictures
along Mason and Dixon's Line, 12-4153
coal mines, 3-799-801; 11-3775
first oil well. 13-4543
flag (in color), 19-7190
Gettysburg, views of, 18-6837-38
Pennsylvania Museum, Phil'delphia, 11-9776
Philadelphia, air view, 11-3776
Pittsburgh, views of, 11-3777, 3781
Stenton Honse. Philadelphia. 12-415.3
Washington Crossing Park, 10-3403
Valley Forme, 18-68.35
Ser also Philadplinhia: Petroleum
Pennsylvania, University of beginning of, 12-4308
Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts
founding of, 9-3330
Pennsylvania Station, New York, note and picture, 2-419
Penny post, England, 7-2298
Pennyroyal, flower
Picture (in color), 16-5882
Pennywort, Marsh, 16-5734
note and picture, 16-5731
Penobscot River. American river, rising in Som-
erset County, Maine, and flowing into Penob-
scot Bay. 350 miles.
Penoche, candy, recipe for, 1-340
Penrose, J. Doyle, British painter
Pictures, Bede and his scribe, 1-122
Iduna and the gods, 15-5329
Pens
first metal pens, 2-689

* manufacture, 10-3551-53
history of, 10-3550
quill, 10-3550
note with picture, 10-3549
Questions about
What is the hole in the nib of a pen for? 2-689
Why will pen and ink write on paper better than on a slate? 14-5087
Pictures
making from birds' feathers, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 4 9}$
manufacture, 10-3551-53
Pension. An annual income granted by public authority, generally for some former service, military or civil, to assure provision for old age, as a compensation for the low pay of government service. In some European countries a system for pensioning workingmen is now in force, as in England and in Germany
force, as in En
Picture, golden-lined pentapus (in color)
16-5787
Pentstemon, flower. Picture (gravure), 19-7178 Penumbra. When the shadow of an opaque obfect is thrown upon a surface at some distance from it by a fairly strons lisht, the shadow is divided into two portions, an inner dark portion called the umbra and a lighter portion around it called the penumbra.
Peonage. A term applied to the system of labor which formerly prevailed in Spanish America, especially in Mexico. Begun as a protection of the natives from their eonguerors ts the wwernment. it deteriorated in many cases intu virtual slavery. Labor required from the prons, or Indians, was: (1) free, when they served by def-

Peonage (continued)
inite contract; (2) forced, as punishment for crime or debt. The chief evils came because Indians were segregated in separate villages and were deprived of opportunity to rise. When the institution disappeared the term peon applied still to a laborer of native or mixed blood. Convict labor in the South in the 20th century was found to share some of the abuses of peonage. Peony, plant, description, 19-7161
Peoples of the desert, $*$ 18-6735-43
Pepin, king of the Franks
gave land to Pope, 11-3960
Pepin, Iake, U. S. Picture, 16-5659
Pepper, 8-2991-92
lictures
black pepper, leaf and fruit (in color), 8-2998
Cayenne pepper, plant (in color), 8-2998
pepper plantation in British Malaya, 8-2991
plant, with ripe berries, $8-2990$
Pepper-root, name for toothwort, 17-6279-80
Pepperell, Sir William, at Louisbourg, 2-683; 3-779
Peppermint, plant, 8-2996
Peppermint creams, recipe for, 1-340; 2-752; 11-3856
Fepperrell, Sir William, see Pepperell, Sir William
Pepsin in stomach, 6-2084
Pepys, Samuel, life and Diary, with quotations, 5-1728-30
Picture, Pepys finds John Evelyn at his diary, 5-1726
Percentage. A certain rate of duty, interest, discount or commission allowed on a hundred, as a 5 per cent commission on a land sale.
Perception, explanation of, 11-4066
Percheron, horse, 6-2018
Perches, fishes
account of, 15-5630
climbing, store air, 15-5541
yellow, note and picture, 15-5631

## Percy, Thomas

Reliques of Ancient Poetry
influence on English poetry, 6-2027
selection from, King Cophətua and the Beggar Maid, 2-487
Peregrine falcon, 10-3754
Perennials among weeds, 9-3393

## Perfumes

ambergris from whales, 6-2215
how to make, 3-904
made from by-products of coal, 2-636
of flowers, 10-3734
Pergamum, Greece, sculpture of, 12-4460, 4467
Pericles, Greek leader
Cresilas made bust of. 12-4327-28
life and influence, 2-706; 3-1080
Picture, portrait, 2.701
Peridot, precious stone, 19-7230
Picture (in color) facing 19-7225
Perihelion, least distance from sun, 9-3289
Periscope of submarine, 1.198
Picture, 1-199
Periwinkle, or myrtle
Pictures, flower (gravure) 19-7180; (in color), 14-4988
Periwinkles, molluscs, 19-6892
Pirtures, 19-6882; (in color), 19-6893
Perjury. The crime of knowing and willfully
giving false testimony in a question at issue in the law courts. It has always been severely punished; to-day by fine and imprisonment.
Perkin, sir William, British chemist, 13-4531
Permallay, new submarine cable, 17-6054
Permian period, in geology, 4-1296
Pernambuco, or Recife. Brazilian port, exporting sugar, cotton, coffee, cocoa, hides, dyewoods and rubber. Founded in 1504, it has a cathedral and some of the finest buildings in the country Perneb, Lord Chamberlain, ancient Egypt thmb of, 3-xnti-1n
Perozid of hydrogen ( $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ ). Discovered in 1818 by a French chemist, Thenard, it is the colorless compound of hydrogen and oxyren containing twiee as much wxyeren as is containeet in water. Wimute quantities of it necur in the air, in ratm
 "swot, it is userf for harhing ostrich focthers Silh, iforre wroml ute Ir merlicine and smaprys

Perramit, Charles, French writer, 9-3193-94
Picture, portrait, 9-3193

Perronet, Edward, hymn-wriler. 12-4440
Perry, James, and manulacture of steel fens, 10-35511
Perry, Matthew Calbraith, Commodore brother ul $O$. H. Perry, $17-6332$
opened Japan to forelgners, $\mathbf{2 . 5 6 4}$
Perry, Nora, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Perry, Oliver Hazard, naval commander life and work, 17-6330-31
in War of 1812,5-1704
Perseids, shower of meteors, 10-3672
Persepolis, Persia, architecture of, 14-5209-10 Pictures, 14-5206
palace of Darius the Great, 3-915 rock tombs, 3-915
Perseus, mythical character, 15-5442-43
Picture, rescuing the beautiful Princess, 15-5442
Pershing, John Joseph (1860- ). American general, graduated from U. S. Military Academy in 1886. Served in the Spanish-American War, and with distinction in the Philippines, for which services he was promoted from captain to briga-dier-general. While absent on duty on the Mexican border his wife and three young daughters were lost in a fire, but his son was rescued. In 1917 he became commander of all troops on Mexican border, was then chosen to command the A. E. F. in the World War in Europe, and was made general, U. S. A. Insisted upon integrity of American army, and as Commander-in-Chief, planned the American operations at the Marne in 1918, at St. Michel and in the Meuse-Argonne. He was appointed permanent general, and in 1921 Chief-of-Staff,

## Persia

architecture, see Architecture, Persian
area, 3-909
art. sir Art, Fersian
cities, 3-910, 914
descriptiorı, 3.909-10
government, modern, 3-918

* history, 3-910-18
attack on Greece, 13-4583-84
See also Greece, Ancient-history
capture of Babylon, 2-660
invasion of India. 8-2822
literature, 15-5462-63
map, 3-908
products, 2.909
religion, $3-909,912$
sculpture, see Sculpture, Persian
sugar-cane cultivation, $\mathbf{1 0 . 3 4 1 5}$
travel in. 3-910
See also Architecture, Persian; Art, Persian Pictures, 3-909-23
Persian birds, name given to hens, 12-4491
Persians. The name given to the inhabitants of Persia. Strictly there is no race of this riame. Onfe of the races inhabiting this resion is calied Tranians irnm their lanowtere. Is a nattion the Persians have had a great history and an interesting literature.
Persicaria, llower
Pictures
climbing (in color), $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 4 0 0}$
rink (in color), 15-5399
Persimmon, or date plum. A yellow thin-skinned fruit containing a sweet pulp and belonging to the family of Ebenaceæ. Japanese persimmon. the principal native fruit of Japan, grows also in southern China, some of the East Indies, and in Southern Europe. Introduced into the United States, it flourishes in Califormia and thr. Gulf and Atlantic states as far north as Virginia. The Imerican wersimmor: is mative from Comnertimut and Kansas somth to Fornirla. The fruit is smaller than the Japanese variety.
Personal property. Nistimcuisluen i: law from real property, personal property passes, upon the death of the owner intestate not to his hoir, but tn his fersonal represfotative. It wenerally concists of muwabe thines. as cattle, sunorle, money, s+ocks, bonds, patent rights, copyrights, etc.
Perspective, explanation. 14-5222
in Persian art. 2-575-76
invertal. in varly "hristlan art 2-57.5
 scomy to meet in the distances 14-5222 Porth, cmital of TVastern Ausiralia, 7-247n
Perth. Cathedral city and capital of Perthshire, Scotland, on the Tay. Finely situated among


## GENERAL INDEX

Perth (contimucd)
wuoded hills, it is noted especially for its dyeing industry. It contains a 13 th-century church in which John Knox preached.
Pezu. Western maritime republic of South America; area, 532,047 square miles; capital, Lima. The centre and greater part is a lofty Andean plateau, sinking in the east to the forests of the Amazon, while the fertile coastal belt is the chief centre of population. The largest towns are Callao, the port of Lima, Arequipa, Mollendo, Ayacucho, Payta and Cuzco; copper, silver, petroleum, sugar, cotton, coffee, alpaca wool and guano are the chief exports.
description, 19-6980, 6982

* history, 19-6980, 6982
conquest by Pizarro, 19-6861-62
freed from Spanish rule, 19-6864
Inca civilization, 19-6860-61
war with Chile, 19-7036, 7038
llama, use in ancient Peru, 5-1600
mines, with picture, 19-6983
Tacna and Arica, claim on, 19-7038
Pictures, 19-6857, 6859, 6865
Perugia. Picturesque city of central Italy, the former centre of the Umbrian school of art. It has a richly decorated Gothic cathedral, while the Church of St. Peter has pictures and pillars by Raphael, Parmigiano and Perugino.
in the history of painting, 3-959-60
Picture, church of San Bernardino (gravure), 17.6303

Perugino (Pietro Vannucci), Italian painter, 3.959

Picture, Virgin and Child (gravure), 3-964
Peruvian bark
Picture, plant producing, cinchona (in color), 8-2908
Peseta. A Spanish gold coin in use since 1868 equivalent to about 20 cents and divided into 100 centimos. Also the name for a former Spanish silver coin worth about 25 cents
Peshawar. British military centre in India near the Khyber Pass.
Peso. A Spanish or a Mexican dollar.
Pessimism. The theory that the world is in essence evil and that life tends to become altogether undesirable. It is an attitude toward life rather than a doctrine.
Pestalozzi, John Henry, Swiss educator, 16-6006 life and influence, 14-5 252-53
devotion to children, story of, 1-127-28
Pictures
portrait, 14-5247
portrait, in group, 14-5253
Pétain, Henri (1856- ). French soldier, obtained his commission from sit. Crr, nassed through the Ecole de Guerre, and filled various staff appointments. Upon the outbreak of World War he was given a brigade, then a division, and in October an army corps. Distinguished himself in French offensive near Arras in May, 1915, and was given command of the Second Army. In February, 1916, he fought the German attack upon Verdun and saved the city. He was made a Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor and was in command of the Armies of the Centre. In 1917 he became chief of general staff of army and then Commander-in-Chief of French armies on western front. He nursed the army hack to healthy morale, and then fought battles of limited objectives as August 1 at Verdun and Chemin des Dames. When British Fifth Army rolled up near St. Quentin, in March, 1918, did much to relieve the situation. During the subcoment adranca he maintainer hrilliant liaison with flanks. With peace Pétain was made Marshal of France.
Patal, nart of flower, 3-1013
Patar Pan, by Barrie, summary of, 13-4659-64
poter Parloy Series of bonks, 14-init
Peter the Great, tsar of Russia, 16.5692-93, 5695 sont experition th Alaska. 16-57si
Pirtures. srenes from his lifr. 16-5f95
Peter the Hermit, and First Crusade 7-7581-85 Peterborough. A city in Ontario, Canara. It has the largest hydraulic lift in the world.
Peterborough. Fnmland
ratherlral. 16-50-n
Picture, cathedral (gravure). 16-5975
Peterborough, N. H., Macloowell's home, 19-6926 Pirture. Colony ITall, 19-6926
Petersburg Va., siege of 7-2440

Petition. A supplication addressed to one whe has the right to grant it. Every British subject has the right to petition the sovereign or his representative or the \&overning houses. The American Constitution likewise guarantees to its citizens the right of petition for a redress of grievances.
Petition of Right, 1628. Declaration by the Eng-
lish Parliament of the rights of the people of England.
signed by Charles I, 11-3849
Peto, name for titmouse, $14-5025$
Petrarch, Italian poet
life and writings, 17-6152
Picture portrait, 17-6149
Petrels, birds

* account of, 11-4126. 4128
origin of name, 11-4128
stormy
habits of, 11-4128
Pocm about. Stormy Petrel, by Barry Cornwall, 14-5130
Pictures. 11-4125
fork-tailed (in color) 8-28.98
stormy petrel (in color) 9-3132


## Petrified forests

in Arizona, 9-3026, 3028
in Yellowstone Park, 2-733
Pirture, in the Painted Desert, 9-3025
Petrograd, see Leningrad

## Petroleum

* Oil and what it can do, 13-4533-52
advantages over coal, 13-4538-39
appearance, in crude form, 13-4534
from oil shale, 13-4542, 4550
fuel for ships, 12-4416; 17-6406
battleships, 18-6816
medical use, 13-4534
nations' struggle for, $13-4533$
origin, animal and vegetable, 13-4535
production
countries producing, 13-4538, 4542
for world, 13-4538
in Canada
well farthest north, Fort Norman, 7-2560
Picture, gusher, 13-4546
in Rumania. 14-4922
n Russia, 16-5854
in U. S., 9-3210
in Central states, 17-6040
in Oklahoma, 19-7242
in Pennsylvania, 11-3773
largest producer, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 3 9 9}$
products obtained from, 9-3210; 13-4539-40, 4542
refineries, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 5 4 2 , 4 5 5 1}$
substitutes, possible, 13-4542
transportation, $13-4541-42,4552$
userl for lighting. 3 -! 196
waste in the industry, $13-4538$
wells
deepest in world, 13-4543
drilling of, 13-4540-41, 4544
gushers, explanation, 13-45!5. 45.3 .8
notes and pictures, $13-4546-47$
Pictures, * illustrating the industry, 13-4533 4536-52
Fetrous bone, in ear, $9-2008$
Pettie, John, British painter
Pirtures
Knight's Viঞil, 14-5197
Prince Charlie, the Young Pretender, 15-5638
The Puritan, 6-1975
The Royalist. 6-1975
Peveril of the Peak, by Scott, note on, 11-40i Pewees, birds
account of, 13-4831-32; 14-5142-43
habitat in U. S. and Canada, 14-5023
Pewtex. An alloy of tin with lead, antimony or bismuth. It is soft, similar in appearance to tin, but duller and darker. Formerly extensively used for plates, teapots and other domestic utensils, but because of poison in lead other alloys are now used.
Phaeton, tried to drive Sun's chariot, 9-3233
Phalangers, animals, 7-2504
Phalanx. Ancient Greek name for the heavy infantry in battle line. Usual depth seems to have been eight men. It was closely packed with shields tmulhins. The laness were about 20 feet long and the first 5 ranks projected in front The others held their spears over their comrades'


## GENERAL INDEX

Phalanx (continued)
shoulders and dropped them if it became necessary to manceuvre.
Phalaropes, birds, 11-4012
Pictures, 11-4011; (in color), 9-3282
Phanerogams, flowering plants
meaning of word, 10-3721
Pharaohs, kings of Egypt, see Egypt, Ancient; al8n names of kings
Pharisees. A Jewish religious party who insisted upon the strict observance of the law both written and oral; believed in the restoration of a Kingdom of Israel when their punishment of foreign domination was ended; kept themselves anart from the mass of the people They were great enemies of Christ and finally brought about his death.
Pharnaces, son of Mithridates
fought Julius Cæsar, 7-2487
Pharos, or lighthouse
of Alexandria, see Alexandria
Pharsalia, Battle of, Cæsar's victory over Pompey, 4-1199, 1366
Pheasants, birds

* account of, 12-4365-66
ring-necked, on Pacific coast, 14-5148
name given to grouse, 13-4760
Pictures, 12-4362, 4367
Pictures, (in color) 8-2899 golden pheasant, 12-4371 Lady Amherst's pheasant, 12-4371
Pheasant's eye, flower Picture, (in color) 15-5400
Pheidias, see Phidias
Pheidippides, Greek runner, $3-887$
Phenicians, see Phøenicians
Phenomenal berry, cross between bramble and raspberry, 4-1388
Phidias, Greek sculptor, 3-1080
* work and characteristics, 12-4220-22
expressed spiritual ideal of the gods, 12-4327 friend of Pericles, 2-706
made friezes of Parthenon, 8-3009
statue of Athene, Parthenon, 12-4220
statue of Zeus, Olympia, 12-4220-21 Pictures
portrait, 2-701
Athene, in Parthenon (statue), 3-1079
head of Athene, 12-4219
Jupiter, statue of, Olympia (gravure) 7-2608 See also Parthenon-Pictures
Phigalia, temple of Apollo, frieze of, 12-4222
Philadelphia. Chief city of Pennsylvania, on the confluence of the Schuylkill and Delaware rivers. Founded by William Penn, the Quaker City has grown rapidly, its suburban territory in especial being very beautiful. Fine parks, buildings and monuments are numerous. In historical interest the city is rich. It has communication with the productive Middle West. Oil is one of its largest shipments; in the manufacture of steam locomotives, street-railway cars, knit goods, carpets and rugs Philadelphia leads. Shipbuilding is very important.

Carpenters ${ }^{*}$ Hall, note and picture, 18-6833
Centennial Exposition, 1876, 8-2669
influence of exposition on American art, 9-3334; 14-4936; 18-6682
founding, 2-553
historical interest, 18-6826
Independence Hall, 18-6830-31
library founded by Franklin, 12-4449
Penn's house, note and picture, 18-6833
population, 1920, 8-2676
Pictures, 11-3776
historic buildings, 18-6825, 6830, 6833 Independence Hail, 18-6825
Philze, temple of Isis, 14-5212
Picturcs. (gravure) 14-5213, 5215
Philip, Fing (c. 1639-76). A famous Indian chief called King Philip by the English, though his Indian name was Metacomet. He united the Indians of New England in a general war upon the whites. The death of King Philip in 1676 the whites. The death of King Ph
put an end to "King Philip's War."
Philip II, king of Macedon
becomes ruler of Greece, 3-1082
and a traitor, story, 8-2963
and prisoner, story, 8-2964
conquest of Athens, 2-707
picture, nortrait, 2-701
Philip II, king of Spain, 14-5n44 and the Netherlands, 15-5560, 5568

Philip II (continued)
and Portugal, 14-5186
and Queen Elizabeth, 5-1820
husband of Mary, queen of England, 5-1817
Pictures
portraits by Velasquez (gravure), 4-1501, 1503
receiving deputation from Low Countries, 14-5039
Philip II (Philip Augustus), king of France
conquered English possessions in France, 10-3432
in Third Crusade, 7-2587-88
Philippa, Quaen, wife of Edward III death of, 5-1683
saved men of Calais, 5-1682
Philippi, Battle of. Famous as the battle in the last act of Shakespeare's play of Julius Cæsar Two battles were fought in 42 B.c. between the forces of Brutus and Cassius, the murderers of Cæsar, and Mark Antony and Octavius, Cæsar's heir. The defeat and deaths of Cassius and
Brutus made Antony and Octavius masters of the Roman world.
Philippic, origin of word, 2-707

## Philippines

* account of, 10-3588, 3590
description, with pictures, 10-3589, 3591
education, 10-3594
government, 10-3588
history, 10-3588
products, $10-3588,3590$
Manila hemp, 11-3792
Pictures, 10-3589, 3591
irrigation of rice fields, 7-2551
terraced rice fields, $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 5 3}$
Philippopolis, Bulgaria, 14-4926
Phillips, Wendell (1811-84). American orator and reformer, born and died in Boston. Bicame an anti-slavery leader, and the orator of the movement; wrote for the Liberator and the Antislavery Standard; published a number of pamphlets.
Philistine. Cretans of the mainland, called Phil istines by the Israelites.
Phillpotts, Zden, novelist, 11-3899
Philosophy. In the narrowest sense, the term is nearly equivalent to metaphysics, but is usually understood as including all the liberal arts and sciences, hence the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, for proficiency in any of these.
Osophy, for profici
Socrates, Plato and Aristotle, 16.5915-20
Phlox, flowers
varieties and description of, 18.6666
Picture, mountain phlox, 18-6659
Picture (gravure) 19-7176
Phobos, moon of Mars, 9-3293
Phobe, name for Diana as goddess of the moon, 9-3227
Phobes, birds
account of, 13-4831
hahitat in U. S and Canada. 14.50?3
Say's phœbe, account of, 14-5142-43
Pirfure nest. 12.1765
Phonicia. The Greek and Roman name for the territory along the Mediterranean coast of Syria Bounded on the east by the Lebanon Mountains the country was some 200 miles long and from 5 to 15 miles broad. The origin of the name is unknown. The different settlements were never welded together into a powerful kingdom aid never played an important political part.


## Phoenicians

and alnhabet, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 4 6}$
explorations and commerce, 1-83-84; 11-3910, 3912
in Snain, 14-5042
introduced flax-growing into Ireland, 9-3317
sailed around Africa, 11-3912
Picture, Anclent Britons trading with the Phoenicians, 4-1431
Phoenix. Capital of the state of Arimom? ("on-
tre of the Salt River Valley, the richest agri-
cultural district in the state.
Phonix, imaginary bird, 1-355
legend of 18-6558
may be Chinese golden pheasant, 12-4366
Phonograph, see Talking machines
Phormium, or New Zealand flax
account of, 8-2786
use of, 11-3792
Picture, cultivation of, 8-2787

## GENERAL INDEX

## Phosphorescence

in midges, 17-6419-20
of deep-sea creatures, 11-3841
of direnies, 18-6629
of glowworms, 18-6629
Phosphorescent lignt, definition, 2-587
Phosphoros, in ancient mythology
was Venus, the morning star, 9.3233

## Phosphorus

and protoplasm, 2-664
disease caused by, 19-6968
in matches, 1-307, 310; 19-6968
Photo-engraving, explanation and illustrations, 3-1065
Photography

* Using the camera outdoors, 13-4617
blue-print or sepia-print pictures, how to make, 15-5331-32
camera superior to eye for tiny objects, 17-6080
color, in moving pictures, 18-6598, 6600 history, 18-6593
influence on painting of portraits, 8-2859 of stars, 1-288
on a table-top, 18-6517-18
photomaton, note and picture (gravure), 18-frontis.
preparing pictures for printing, with illustration, 3-1065
transmission of pictures
by radio, 17-6370
by telephone wires, 17-6056, 6060
trick photographs of moon and mountains, 18-6516
without a camera, 8-2739-40
X-ray, explanation, 16-5942
See also Moving pictures
Photometer, measures brightness of star, 1-288
Photoplay, see Moving pictures-plays
Photoradiograms, pictures sent by radio
account of, $\mathbf{1 7 - 6 1 8 8}, 6370,6372$
Photosynthesis, process in plants, 2-616; 11.4094

Phrenology
Question about. Is phrenology really an exact science? 4-1354
Phyfe, Duncan, furniture-maker, 18-6774-75
Phylloxera, insect, damages grapes, 6-2062
Physical exercises, see Exercises, Physical
Physical geography

* Dominion of Canada, 1-105-18
* Face of the earth, 6-2169-76
* Forests, woods and deserts, 7-2415-21
* How sun and wind made the hills, 2-629-34
* Mountains and glaciers, 7-2313-16
* Rivers and the seas, 7-2537-42
* What climate means to us, 8-2663-68
* Why the seasons come and go, 8-2791-94

See also Earth; also names of countries and continents under subhead "physical geography" as, Africa-physical geography
For list of main articles, see 20-7615-16
Pictures, Geological formations, 6-2072-73
Physicians

* Conquerors of disease, 15-5481-93
* World's great doctors, 8-2721-30

Physics

* heat and temperature, 16-5661-63
* matter, its nature and properties, 12-4155-59

For list of titles on properties of matter, see 20-7617

* measurement of motion, time, space, welght, * motion, 13-4665-68
* size and weight; or, specific gravity, 14-5035-38

Sce also Electricity; Gravitation; Heat; Light; Sound; Thermorneter; Water: Weather
For list of main articles, see 20-7617-2?
Physiognomy. The art of discovering the predominant temper and other mental character istics from the outward appearance, especially from the features of the face.
Physiogravhy. The situly of the earth, its spherical form, its envelopes of air and water, its cold crust and heated interior and their influence on life.
Physiology
centre of gravity of body, 14-5178
history

* discoveries from falen to present, 8-2724-30 discoveries with microscope, 13-4669-71
Fice also Blond; Bones; Brain: Cells, Living; Ear; Eyes; Food; Glands; Heart; Lungs;

Physiology (continued)
Meuicine; Muscles; Nerves; Skin; Speech Taste; Teeth
For list of thirty articles on Physiology and Hygiene in the Book of Our Own Life see 20-7608-12

## Piano

* history, parts, and manufacture, 5-1795-1802 high notes heard best, 18-6438-39
how tones are produced, 10-3556
relation of strings to quality of sound, 19-6851-52
Question about. When we sing a note to the piano, why does it answer? 5-1750
* Pictures, with notes, showing manufacture 5-1798-1802
Piave. Italian river flowing from the Carnic Alps to the Adriatic. In the World War the region of the Piave was an Italian battle area. 125 miles.
Picardy. Part of France lying nearest to England. Before the Revolution it was one of the chief French provinces, containing Boulogne Calais, Amiens, Abbeville and St. Quentin
Picaresque novel, 19-7127
Piccolo. A flute of small dimensions having the same compass as an ordinary flute, with all the notes sounding an octave higher than their notation. Made in three keys, C, D flat and E flat.
Pichiciagos, pigmy armadillos, 7-2398 Picture, 7-2399
Pickens, Andrew, in American Pevolution, 4-1170
Pickerel, fish, note and picture, 15-5631
Pickerel-weed, description, 18-6572
note on, 18-6569
Picture, 18-6569
Pickering, Edward Charles, astronomer, 1-288 licture, portrait, 1-281
Pickering, William Henry, astronomer, I-288 Picture, portrait, 1-281
Picking plums, game with marbles, 17-6389
Pickthall, Marjorie, Canadian author, 14-5110 15-5374
Picture, portrait, 14-5102
Picnic, preparing lunch for, 11-4015
Picric acid, made from by-products of coal, 2-636
Pictographs, of Egyptian boats, 11-3910
Picts, invaded England after Romans left, 4-1324
Picture-frames, how to make, 4-1393-94
Picture transmission by radio, 17-6188, 6370, 6372
Picture transmission by wire, 17-6056, 6060 , 6188
Picture-writing, see Writing
Pictures
blue-print, how to make, 15-5331-32
distorted, how to make, 18-6644
how to take without a camera, 8-2739-40
made with 12 lines and a dot, 18-6524
name-pictures, how to make, 12-4502
on canvas, 19-7081
printed, how made, 3-1065; 9-3390
sepia-print, how to make, 15-5331-32
spinning cards to blend pictures, 17-6390
squares, pictures built up from, 2-753
See also Photography; Puzzle pictures. For picture of a subject, look under its name
Piddocks, molluscs, 19-6888
Picture, 19-6891
Piece of eight. Name for a Spanish dollar widely current in the 17 th and 18 th centuries throughout North and South America. It was so called because its value was eight reals. In England, in 1797, owing to the scarcity of coin, pieces of eight were surcharged in large numbers and issued as legal English currency
Piedmont. Formerly a principality and now an important district of northwest Italy, surrounding Turin. It formed the chief part of the kins"dom of Sardinia, which played a great part in the wars of liberation and supplied Italy with kings.
massacre of
I'rem ubout. On the Late Massacre in l'itmont, by Milton, 1-328
Piedmont Plateau, in U. S., 1-154
Pierce, Franklin, president of U. S
administration, 7-2429; 11-3940
life, outline of 11-3952
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3946
Plerpont, John, see Poetry Index for poem and note


## GENERAL INDEX

Pierre, and printing press, 9-3389
Pierre. Capital of the State of South Dakota, on the Missouri River. It is the centre of an extensive stock-raising and farming district. It is lighted by natural gas. A government industrial school for Indians is among the public

## buildings. <br> buildings. <br> Pierrefonds, Château of, 18-6492

Picture, 18-6497

## Pierrot

Question about. Who is Pierrot? 13-4594
Piers Plowman, Vision of, 1-305
Pietermaritzburg. Cathedral city, railway cen-
tre and capital of Natal, South Africa, with tan-
ning industries.
Pig, see Pigs
Pig ixon, how treated in puddling furnace, 6-1938
Pigalle, Jean Baptiste, French sculptor, 13-4703
Pigeon hawk, a falcon, 10-3756
Pigeons

* Pigeons and the dores, 12-4283-88
blue rock, ancestor of all pigeons, 2-594
of America, 14-5144-45
story about, Cher Ami, a carrier pigeon, 7-2319
use in ancient Greece, 12-4285
Wild, or passenger, now extinct, 14-5020
Poem about. Cher Ami, D.S.C., by H. W. Farrington, 6-2151
Pictures, 12-4282-83, 4287
band-tailed, 14-5144
European wood pigeon (in color), 8-2900 Jambu fruit pigeon (in color), 12-4370 orange fruit pigeon (in color), $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 3 7 1}$ passenger pigeon, 12-4283
superb fruit pigeon (in color), 10-3621
Pigment. The coloring matter to be found in certain cells of the dermis of vertebrates, and in the epidermis of arthropods. In mammals the pigment is brown or nearly black. In birds the
coloring matter is mostly in the feathers.
Pigmies, homes of, whilh picture, 5-1t.,
Pigmy elephants, 6-2146
Picture, 7-2399
Piginy elephants, 6-2146
Pigmy hippopotamus of Africa, 5-1724
Pigmy pigs of Africa, 5-1720
Pigmy whale, 6-2216
Pig's
* account of, 5-1717-25
breeds, description, 5-1720
meat preparation in stock-yards, 7-2512-13 production in U. S., 9-3207
use by peasants, Middle Ages, 5-1718, 1720 wild, varieties of, $5-1720,1722$
Pictur.s. 5-1-1!1-95
Pike, Zebulon Montgomery (1779-1813). An American soldier and explorer. In 1806 he discovered the famous peak of the Rocky Mountains now called Pike's Peak. Pike was killed during the War of 1812 while attacking York, Upper Canada.
Pile, fish
description, 15-5634-35
sand, 15-5630
wall-eyed, 15-5630
Piki, Indian corn cakes, 9-3030
Pilaster, definition, 16-5968
Pilchards, name for sardines, 16-5776
Picture (in color), 16-5782
Pilgrim fathers
landing of, description for game, 8-3023
* settlement in America, 2-: $16-+8,5.0$

Poem about. Pilgrim Fathers, by Felicia Hemans, 16-602?
Picture, embarking at Plymouth, England, for America 2-545
Pilgrimages, Religious, reasons for, 7-2583
Pilgrims, see Pilgrim Fathers
Pilgrim's Progress, by Bunyan
account of, 4-1478-80

* quotations and summary, illustrated, 15-5543-52
P1l wood-lice, 16-5956
Pilot fish, comparison to shark, 15-5541
Pilot snake, 15-: 111
Pilsen. Manufacturing and brewing centre in Bohemia, Czecho-Slovakia. Near here are the Skoda ironworks.
Piltaown skull of primitive man, its period, 6-1928

Pimento, tree, 8-2992
lictures, 8-2990
leaf and flower (in color) 8-2998
Pimpernel, flower
Pictures (in color)
blue pimpernel, 15-5399
scarlet pimpernel, 15-5400
yellow pimpernel, 14-4988
Pinchot, Gifford, work for forestry, 8-2804
Pincrney, Charles, in Constitutional Convention, 20-7559
Pinckney, Charles Cotesworth, American states man
opposed tribute to France, 5-1702
Picture, portrait, 5-1694
Pindar, Greek poet, 16-5751
Pine, Robert Edge, English painter, 9-3327
Pine ramily, 12-4249-50
Pine-marten, animal, 3-872
Picture, 3-870
Pine-sap, plant, description, 18-6572; 19-6937
Pine Tree Money. Money coined in Massachu-
setts from 1652 to 1682 , in the values of a shil.
ling, sixpence and threepence. On one side was a pine tree, on the other the words New England and the date.
Pine Tree State, name for Maine, 13-4636

## Pine trees

injured by sawflies, 17-6232
products from. 9-3151
Scotch pine, description and pictures, 11-41un seeds, how produced, 3-885
sugar pine, 13-4636
varieties of, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 2 4 9}$
white pine, 13-1636-37
Pictures
Scotch pine, fruit of (in color) 11-4028
sugar pine, 13-4639
white pine, 13-4637
Pineal gland, 9-3223
Pineapple weed, plant, 19-6940
Fineapples, account of, 6-2062
Hawaiian production, 15-5451
lictures
cross section, 2-507 plantations of, 6-2067; 15-5451
in Hawail, 9-3301
Pineda, Spanish explorer, 1-244
Pinedo, Marquis de, Italian aviator; 1-182
Picture, with plane, 1-183
Pinehurst, N. C., notes and pictures, 2-760
Pinel, Philippe, treatment for insane, 8-2728
Pink Family, in botany, $13-4873$
Pinks, flowers
alpine, see Moss campions
garden pinks related to carnations, $19-7170$
sea, or marsh, pinks, 14-5162, 5165; 15-5607
Picture, sea-pink or thrift, 15-5607
Pictures (in color)
Deptford pink, 13-4879
proliferous or childing, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 1}$ sea-pink, 15-5609
Pinnace, ship, description, 11-3916
Pins

* history and modern manufacture, 9-3041-45 superstitions about, 9-3042
Qucsion "hout. Why does a pin get hot it rubbed against a stone? 11-3840-41
Pictures, showing manufacture, 9-3043-45
Pintails, ducks, 11-3888
Pictures, 11-3886; (in color) 9-3282
Pinturicchio (Bernardino di Betti), Italian painter, 3-959
Pictures
Catherine of Alexandria (gravure) 3-962 Raphael (gravure) 3-964
Pinx. Abbreviation for Latin word pinxit, (he)
painted; formerly much used by artists when
signing their pictures.
Pinxterflower, 13-4776
Picture, 13-4777
Pinzon, Vicente, Spanish explorer, and discovery of Frazil, 19-7040
Piombo, Sebastiano del, Italian mainter, 3-110t l'icture, Lat F゙ornarina (gravure) 3-1111
Pipe of peace
Ourstiom abont. What is the Indian's pipe of peace? 18-6553
Pipefish, fish, 16-5778
Pirflır"s, 16-57ラ!
greater pipefish (in color) 16-5784
Piper, fish
Firfure. (in (obior) 16-578t

Plpits, birds, 9-3136
rictures in color
meadow pipit, 8-2900
rock pipit, 9 -3284
tree pipit, 9-3281
Piræus, Greece
lictures, 14-4921, 4927
Piranesi, Italian artist, influence of, 6-2077
Pirate, novel by Scott, note on, 11-4071
Pirate. One who commits robbery on the high seas; used loosely for a plunderer. of North Africa, 18-6808
Pisa, italy
leaning tower, note and picture, 13-4794
pulpit by Niccola, in Baptistery, 13-4603-04 Pictures
Baptistery (gravure) 1-72
cathedral, 8-3010
cathedral and leaning tower (gravure) 16-5721
general view, 13-4575
Pisano, Andrea, Italian sculptor, 13-4604
Pisano, Giovanni, Italian sculptor, 13-4604 roused artistic feeling, 4-1459
lictures (sravure)
panel of pulpit at Pisa, 13-4610 pulpit by, 13-4612
Pisano, Niccola, Italian sculptor, 13-4603-04
Pissaro, Camille, French painter, 7-2482
licture, Quay at Rouen, $\mathbf{8 - 2 7 1 3}$
Pistachio nuts, 6-2278
l'icture (in color) 8-3000
Pistil, part of flower, 3-1014 Picture, 2-509
Pistols, Colt's invention, 19-7210
Pitcairn Island, account of, 9-3298, 3300
Pitch, of sound
depends on number of vibrations, 18-6439 relation to mass and length of string, 19-6851-52
Pitcher, Molly. The nickname of Mrs. John
Hays (Mary Ludwig), an American heroine who
carried a water pitcher for the soldiers of Wash-
ington's army during the American Revolution.
On one occasion her husband, a gunner, fell
wounded and Molly sprang to the gun and took
his place.
Pitcher plants, description, 17-6280-81; 19-6932 insects as food of, 4-1280
Picture and note, 1-331
Pitchstone, game with marbles, 17-6389
Pitchstone, rock, description, 17-6386
Pith-ball, electrical experiments with, 5-17-3-74
Pitt, William, 1st earl of Chatham
rlinwner.r anrl influc-nre. 6-2019
Pitt, William, the Younger
opposition to Napolenn I. 6-2201-n4
proposed union of English and Irish Parliaments, 8-2936
तeath of, 6-2204
Picture, portrait, with parents, 15-5615
Pitta. bird
Picture, Gurney's pitta (in color), 10-3623
Pitti Palace, Florence, 17-6298
nlanned by Brunelleschi, 5-1739
Pirture 17-f 297
Pittsburgh. Centre of the United States steel nd irron industry. An the coslifoll "f wustern Pennsylvania. Standing on the Ohio River, it makes rails, bridges and foundry products of all kinds.
notes and pictures, 11-3777, 3781
नtititary gland, 9-3223
Pizarro, Francisco, conqueror of Peru, 19-6861-62
Plagile, description of. 10-3466
crimere of, a flea. 3-1132
Plaice. fish 16-577?
Pirtures, 16-577: (in molor) 16-5781
Platns of Abraham, nuehec
Poem al,nut. The Plains of Abraham, by Charles Sangster, 10-3482
Ser nlen Queher
Planck. Max. physicist, and theories of light, 16-体体
Plane, tonl. hnw to use, 1-233-34
Plane trees. 13-46:9 $46.1 n$ dearrintirin. 12-1.356. 1295
false plane or sycamore maple, 11-4100 orionth1. 17-4ก20
western plane, called sycamore or buttonwood, 13-4638

## Plane trees (continued)

Pictures
fruit (in color), 11-4026
in winter, 13-4643
tree, Hower and leaf, 12-4395
Planet Deep, greatest ocean depth, 3-875
Planetesimal theory of solar system, 1-144; 10-3543-44
Planetoids, definition, 9-3180
Planets

* Inner planets, Mercury, Venus and Mars, 9-3289-93
* Outer planets, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune, 10-3409-14
distance from earth, measured by speed ol train, 9.3034
distance from sun and length of year, 9-3180
Kepler discovered law of motion, 1-206
length of year, 11-3977
moons of, see Moons of planets
origin of, 9-3180
possible communication with, 4-1353-54
Questions about
Does change go on in other worlds? 18-6693
Has each planet a law of gravitation? 1.187
How can we tell a star from a planet?


## 5-1750

Pictures, 1-25
diagram showing speed, 10-3414
how formed, 9-3175
showing comparative sizes, 9-3179: 10-3409
showing sizes, and distances from sun, 1-23
plant boz, how to make, 3-893-94
Plant-breeding

* Burbank's work in, 15-5381-86
* What man can do with a plant, 4-1469-75 methods and results, 4-1388, 1390; 5-1756 Saunders family and wheat, 4-1470-71
Pictures
experiments with light. 4-1475
showing changes, $4-1389$
Plant-cutters, birds, 9-3288
Plant-fleas, 17-6077
Plant-lice, see Aphids
Plant stand, directions for making, 7-2645-47
Plantagenet. From planta genesta, broom. The name of a royal house of England which ruled between 1154 and 1399, with the following kings:
Henry II, Richard I, John, Henry III, Edward I,
Edward II, Edward III, Richard II; followed by
the Lancastrian dynasty.
Plantain, fruit, 5-1624; 6-2060
Plantain, Water, 16-5876
note on, 16-5874
Pictures, 16-5874: (in color) 16.5884
Plantain-eaters, birds, 10-3501-02 Picture, 10-3499
Planté, Gaston, invented storage battery, 16-jfif6
Plants
General articles, arranged by paging
* A plant's struggle for life, 1-329-34
* How plants work for their living. 2-613-16
* How plants move and feel, 2-743-46
* Plants and their ancestors, 3-881-85
* Flowers and fruits. 3-1013-16
* Flower's wonderful seed-box, 3-1083-87
* Plants in their homes, 4-1275-81
* How plants came to be, 4-1387-90
* What man can do with a plant. 4-1469-75
* How plants serve mankind, 5-1623-28
* Forage plants, 7-2409-12
* Plants of the breakfast table, 7-2531-36
* Useful vegetables, 7-2613-24
* Plants that clothe us, 8-2783-90
* Spice plants, 8-2991-96
* Plants useful in industry, 9-3151-56
* Queer plants, 9-3261-68
* Weeds that creep over the earth, 9-3391-96
* Flowerless plants, 10-3721-24
* Families of plants, 13-4871-76
* Plants of two worlds. 14-4973-80
* Roadside plants and weeds, 15-5387-96 See also Flowers
adaptation to dry places, 4-1281
annuals and seasons of year, 2-504
as fond. 2-fi89
ballast nlants, 14-1971
beauty of, 1-118
breathing of, 2.-616
breeding of, see Plant-breeding
census of. $3-885$
cultivated, how developed. 4-1397-88

Plants（continued）
death of，inevitable，2－510
distribution of， $\mathbf{2 - 5 8 7}$
effect of lisht on，2－i45
first forms，1－117
five belts of vegetation on earth，8－2667－68
food of in air and earth，1－330；11－3975
fresh－water plants， $4=1278$
growth，2－743－45
habitats of，4－1280－81
history（in chronological order）
at hesimmmp it lif．on earth，7－2\＆15
Devonian period，4－1176
in Secondary geologic era，4－1401
Triassic period，4－1402
Jumassic perimu，5－1．it5
Cretaceous period，5－1660
Fucthe perionl．5－17s
in winter， $2-510,685$
＊life－history，2－503－10
life in，1－…－5
low forms blend with low animal forms， 1－117－18
＊medicinal，8－2909－13：5－1626
movements of，2－143－46；1－118
native American，1－159－60
new varieties，how started，4－1390
of the sea，4－1276， 1278
perennials，length of life，2－504
poisonous，food value in some，5－1624
protecting against cold，5－1767
reprombetion，s．Remorllertion－ylant
seeds，how scattered，3－1083－87
seeds produced，number of， $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 7 5}$
self－defense，ways of， $\mathbf{1 - 3 3 4}$
smallest flowering，4－1278
soil not needed by some，4－1280；7－2515－16
strength of，1－119－20
tallest in the world，9－3262
use for clothing，5－1626
water－growing plants，7－2515－16
See alzo Botany；Chlorophyl；Fertilizers； Fruit；Gardening；Nuts；Roots；Trees Vegetables；also names of plants，fruits and flowers
For full list of main articles，see 20－7599－7602 Qurstions abrout
Are there flowering plants in the Antarctic？ 17－6284
Can any plant grow under ice？2－458
Can one plant produce thousands of seeds in a single season？13－4826
Does a plant go to sleep？2－685
Does electricity affect the growth of plants？ 7－2609
How can a plant grow on a bare wall？ 7－2611
How does seaweed tell us what the weather is going to be？8－2718
How does the seed make the color of a plant？14－5087
Is a leaf of a plant waterproof？7－2360
Should we have plants in a sick－room？ $6-1 \because 1$
Where do plants get their salts from？ 16－5：： 11
Why are plants white when grown in the dark？11－3842
Why are some plants poisonous？14－5084
Why does manure make a plant grow faster？ 10－3581
Why is seaweed used as a fertilizer？2－587
Will a seed grow after thousands of years？ 8－2718
ク＇irfures
How a plant melts its way through ice， $\mathbf{2 . 4 5 9}$ life－story of a buttercup， $2-508-09$
parts of，magnified，13－4672－78
showing development by cultivation，
＊useful plants（in color），8－2997－3000
world map of food plants，19－7247
Plassey，Battle of，8－2826
Plaster of Paris（CaSO $1+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ）．A cement ob－ tained by pulverization and dehydration of gyp－
 $3: . \mathrm{per}$ ，if lime，and 20.9 per cent of water．

 Water，and in powdered form is called plaster of Paris．When water is added it will set in from 6 to 10 minutes，and retarders are used to delay the hardening．Used for hard－finish plaster for

Plaster of Paris（continued）
walls and ceilings，in the construction of tem－ porary buildings，in surgery for making casts，in dentistry for impressions from which plates are made．
Plastering．The spreading of a composition having lime for its basis，while it is wet and plastic upon a wall or ceiling，by means of laths．Generally applied in two or three coats； the first，a coarse mortar of lime and sand with fibre，the second，lime and sand without hair， and the third，lime with fine sand，or lime，fine sand and plaster of Paris．Proportion of sand and lime varies，but it is generally 2 to 1.
Platæa，Battle of，3－916
account of，3－1078
Plate．Question about．Why does a wet plate get dry if left alone？3－981
Plateresque，decoration，definition，18－6502
Plates，experiments with，in study of sound， 19－依．
Platinum（Pt）．One of the precious metals， rarer than gold or silver．It is steel－gray in color and easily beaten into leaves or drawn out into wire．In cost it is worth from five to six times the price of gold．Russia has great plat－ inum beds in the Urals．Platinum is found in small quantities in Canada and the United States．
Plato，Greek philosopher
＊life and teachings，16－5917－18， 5920
follower of Socrates， $3-1081$
influence and genius，2－707
Pirtlit．lirminf liend of Plato，16－5．31t
Platt，John James，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Platt National Park，Oklahoma，7－2291
Platte Fougere，lighthouse at，10－3476
Platte River．An American river rising in the Sweetwater River，Wyoming，and flowing into the Missouri River．1，260 miles．
Platypus，animal，7－2592－94

Plautus，Titus Maccius，Roman dramatist， 16－5908－05
Player pianos
air used for playing，5－1797
Picture，with note，5－1794
Playfair，Sir Lyon，English scientist，2－592
Playgrounds
Chicago，19－7122
N．1．cill 15－木乃！
Pictures，in N．Y．city，15－5625
Plays for children
Bear and the little wolf，18－6782－83
Robin Hood and his merry men，19－7078－79
Plays of Shakespeare，see Shakespeare
Playthings，未r Tいy：－
Plebeians，lower ，lites of Rume
struggle with patricians，4－1193
Plebiscite．Popular vote on a definite political question，as when Louis Napoleon was elected prince－president of France in 1848．The word， from the Latin，means＂decree of the people．＂
from the Latin，mean
Pléiade，group in French literature，18－6565
Pleiades，constellation legend of 6－1971
Plein－air painting，7－2476－82
Plesiosaurus，prehistoric animal，5－1546 Pictures，1－93；4－1403；5－1545
Pleurisy．Inflammation of the pleura，the se－ rous membrane inclosing the lung and covering the under－surface of the chest．The lung－cover－

 cating oil which is secreted．Pleurisy occurs after exposure to cold，following diseases of the lums．ur as recmlt of ath injur：it rear he marked by an effusion of fluid，which，if not ah－
 mantis．In dry plemricy there is men fitasimm of fッiは．
Pliny，the Elder，Poman author．16－is 12
 Pinture，portrait．16－5907
Pliny，the Younger，Roman author，16－5912－13
Plough，constellation，see Greaí Bear
ploughs，ste finwe
Plover Family，birds，11－4010
Plovers，birds，14－5020
Picture，11－4011

## GENERAL INDEX

Plovers（continued）
Pictures（in color）
golden plover，8－2898
Kentish plover，9－3130
ring plover，9－3283
upland plover，13－4841
Plowman，Piers，1－305
Plows
improved forms，invention of，19－7211
Pictures
horse and machine plows，5－1759
in New South Wales，7－2465
Plumb－line
Question about．Does a plumb－line always hang straight？2－587
Plumbing．The pipes and fixtures in houses and buildings used to supply water，gas and heat． Formerly these fixtures were of lead；hence the name＂plumber＂for a worker in lead（Latin plumbum）．To－day plated pipe，brass，copper， wrought－iron and lead are used．

## Plums

beach－plums，14－5165
Burbank＇s improvement of，15－5385
Burbank＇s stoneless，4－1388
developed from sloes，12－4383
Question about．How does the stone get into the plum？3－987
Picture，6－2061
Plush．A cloth made of silk and cotton which has a long shaggy pile on the upper surface which is not，like that of velvet，clipped to a uni－ form length．
Plutarch．Greek historian；born，Chæronea， Bœotia，about A．D．46；died there about A．D． 120 ； author of the Lives
Pluto，god of the under－world，9－3238
Plymouth．Port，naval station and fishing cen－ tre in Devonshire，England，at the mouth of the Plym．Plymouth Sound is a splendid anchor－ age，and it was from here that the Black Prince， Drake，Hawkins，Cook and the Mayflower sailed on their voyages，Drake having been mayor in 1585．Devonport is now part of Plymouth． Many trans－Atlantic liners land at Plymouth
Plymouth，Mass．
landingr of l＇jlorims，2－549
tercentenary pageant，11－3911
Pictures
Leyden St．，18－6827
Leyden St．in 1621，12－4446
Plymouth Rock．with canopy，2－542
site of fort on Burial Hill，18－6827
Plymouth Colony，Mass．，growth，till joined to Massachusetts Bay Colony，2－555
Plymouth Company，to colonize America，2－544， 546
grant，rallef ズッw England，2－らく？

Plymouth Eocks，breed of poultry，12－4491－92， 4494
Pirtury（in colow）．f：riner 12－199？
Pneumatics．The branch of mechanics treating of the properties of gases，at rest or flowing，and of solids immersed in gases
Premmonia．A disease of the substance of the lung．There are two forms：lohar pneumonia，in the lobes of the lung，caused by the Diploroccus pneumonia；and bronchopneumonia，which affects the mucous membrane lining the smaller bron－ chial tubes．
Po River，Italy，13－1568
Pocahontas（1595－1617）．Daughter of the In－ dian chief Powhatan，said to have saved the life of Captain John Smith．She was kidnaped by an English captain，and while a prisoner married
John Rolfe．She went to England with her hus－
band and died there
and John Smith，14－4971
Pochard，duck，11－．？か！！
Pictures，11－3887；（in color），9－3132
Poe．Edgar Allan
＊life and writines，13－4725－26
＊Gold－bug，summary and quotations，5－1899－ 1904
See also Poetry Index，for poems and notes Pictures
portrait and note，13－4724
memorial to Poe，5－1898
Poetry
American，see American noetry
English，see English poetry
forms of，1－99，215－16， 223

Poetry－forms of（continued）
blank verse
characteristics，1－100， 216
used by Marlowe，3－1124
early forms，no rhyme or rhythm，I－321
four－foot metre，origin，17－6265
rhyme，1－99， 100,216
Spenserian stanza，3－1120
how differs from prose，1－99， 215
＊How to read poetry，2－605
＊How to remember poetry，2－735
in Bible， $\mathbf{2}-476$
Japanese，15－5460－61
origin
in singing， 1 －99
in songs of bards，1－321
in spoken verse，1－215
＊Our feelings in poetry，4－1379
Persian，15－5463
rhyme，varieties of，1－99，100， 216
types of
＊Poetry for children，3－843
＊Poetry of action，3－1135
＊Poetry of common things，4－1269
＊Poetry of nature，4－1513
＊Poetry of youth and manhood，3－1005
value，1－81
＊Poetry more precious than gold，1－215－17
＊Why shomld we rearl lofetry？2－ť1
Poetry goes back to the country，＊6－2027－30

## Poets

＊Song writers of the United States，18－6509－15
＊Writers of famous songs，10－3605－12
mental qualities，12－4183
Poems about
Poet and King，by Eugene Field，12－4476
Poet and the Bird，by Mrs．E．B．Browning， 11－4033
The Singer，by J．A．Symonds，12－4476
We are the Dreamers of Dreams，by Arthur O＇Shaughnessy，16－5109
See also English poetry；also names of poets．
For poems，see Poetry Index
Poets of a dull day，＊4－1357－59
Pogonia，orchid，description，18－6567
Picture，18－6567
Pogrom．A word of Russian origin meaning ＂political massacre＂；especially applied to or－ ganized attacks on Jews．
Poi，Hawaiian food，15－5450
Poincaré，Raymond（1860－
）．French states－ man and writer，became prime minister in 1912 and president in 1913．In 1917 he opened the Peace Conference in Paris．His office expired in February，1919．He was president of Repara－ tions Commission，but resigned as a protest against leniency to Germany，and carried on a violent press campaign against the policy of the Supreme Council and Isloyd George．In 1922 he was again prime minister，giving French policy a definitely Nationalist trend
Pointelin，Auguste Emmanuel，French painter， 7－2372
Pointers，hunting dogs，2－718
licture（gravure），2－714
Poison
alcohol as，8－2681－84
not harmful to animal producing it，
3－877－78
of caterpillars，18－6528
snake＇s，account of，15－5410， 5412
treatment for poisoning，16－5981
Questions about
What is meant by a poison？4－12？2
What makes the poison in a snake＇s fang？ 16－5842
Why are some plants poisonous？14－50S4
Poison－ivy，13－4781－82
Pictures．13－4781
Poison weed，spe Larksnurs
Poisonous plants．Plants which contain poison－ ous substances in sufficient amounts to make them harmful to the taste or touch of men or animals．Of those poisonous to the tolich the poison sumac and ivy are notable；bittersweet， hembane and poke have poisonous seeds；wild cherry a．id larkspur have poisonous foliage．
Poítiers，France
Picture tower of St．Porchaire church（gra－ vure），16－5722
Poitiers，Battle of
Rlack Prince captured French king，5－1682
Poke，Indian，plant，18－6570， 6572

## GENERAL INDEX

Pola, Italy
Picture, amphitheatre (gravure), 15-5356
Poland
art revival, 13-4688

education belore partition, 13-4682
government
before partition, 13-4682
present time, 13-4686, 4688

* history, 13-1675-86
history (arranged chronologically)
adopted Chriscianity, 10th century, 13-4679
Tartar invasion, 13-4680
since 1916. 18-546(1-61
in World War. 13-itiot;
independence after World War, 13-4686
war against Bolsheviki, 13-4686
inaustries, 13-1tish
literature, $13-4682,4686,4688$
map, 13.4685
memorial earth mounds, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4} 690$
partitions of, 11-4049; 13-4682, 4684
population, 5.1606
religious freedom, 13-4680
resources, 13-4688
song, Poland's not a Slave Forever, 17-6256
Pictures, 13-4679-90
troops after defeat of Turks, 17-6190
Polar regions, sce Antarctic regions; Arctic regions; North Pole; South Pole
Polaris, ship, in arctic exploration, $13-4710$
Polarization of electric batteries, 16-5673
Polduru. The wireless station in Cornwall, England, from which the first wireless message was sent across the Atlantic on December 12, 1901.
The message was simply the letter $S$, and was
received by Marconi in Newfoundland.
Pole, Reginald, cardinal, mission to England,


## 5-1817

## Pole Star

and measuring the earth, 16-5742
distance from earth, 11.3783
finding one's way by, 11-3787-90
made of three suns, 11 -3926
Polecats, 3-872-73
Picture, 3-869
Poles, se Nurth Pole; South Pole; Magnetic Poles
Police. That part of the administration which has to do with the preservation of peace and the prevention of crime. The first modern police force was the London Constabulary appointed in 1828. The system of organization differs in different cities, but the supreme authority is generally in a superintendent or a board.

* Tiosial C'anadian Mountral Folice. 16.,i831-38

Folish, how to apıly, 9-3119-20
Political economy, see Economics
Political parties. Organizations of citizens for the attainment of policies through united political action. To be found in all democratic countries, they are an accompaniment of popular Kovernment. In English-speaking countries the tworparty system has been prevalent. In Latin races these parties are likely to split up into rroups. Each of the great parties in Englandi, Canada and the United States stands for certain principles. In Canada the Libe.nls and Conservatives practically hold the feld, with the irogressives maintaining a somewhat precarious hold. In the United States the Democrats and Republicans form the great dirisions.
Polk, James K., president of U. S.
administration, 6-1918: 11-3940
life. outline of, 11-3952
Pirfurn purtrait (wravure), 11.3947
Poll tax. A tax levied on all citizens of a given nge and sex.
Pollack, fish, 16-5780
Picture (in color), 16-5784
Pollen of flowers, 2-506; 3-1013-14
See also Flowers-fertilization
Pollux
Question about. Who were Castor and Pollux?
Polo, Marco, Italian traveler

described Chinese coal, 3-785
described petroleum, 15-4534
explorations, 1-84-85
first Furnferan ti, s.... the argali, 4-1375
in central Asia, 18-6591-92
visit to China, 2-429, 432

Polotsky, Fimcon, Russian author. 19-6:06
Poltava. Town of the Russian Ukraine, manu.
facturing leather and tobacco. Here in 1709
Peter the Great defeated Charles XII of Sweden.
Polyanthus, Hower, description, 19-7171
Picture (gravure), 19-7178
Polyclitus, Greek sculptor

* work and characteristics, 12-4215, 4218
built theatre at Epidaurus, 15-5346
Pictures, statues modeled after (gravure), 12-4334
Polygala, Fringed, flower, 18-6568
Polygamy and Mormonism, 6-1920, 1922
Polygnotus, painter, ancient Greece, 2-151
Polygon. A figure, generally plane and closed,
having many angles and hence many sides
Polyhymnia, muse of the sublime hymn, 9-3228
Polsnerces, king of Thebes
quarrel with brother, 6-2008
Polynesia, part of Oceania
governments owning islands, 9.3298
islands included, 9-3296
map, 9-3294
natives, characteristics, 9-3298
Polyphemus, giant, and Ulysses, 6-1985-86
Polypody, ferns
Pictures (in color), 10-3726-27
Pomelo, name for grapefruit, 6-2058
Pomerania. Prussian province on the south
shore of the Baltic. The ports of Stettin and
Stralsund are its most important towns.
Pomeranian dcgs. Picture (glavure), 2-711
Pomeroy, E. W., British sculptor
Picture of statue, The Potter, 13-4853
Pomona, in Roman mythology, 9-3235
Pompano, fish, 16-5780
Pompeii, Italy, ruins of, 4-1200
wall-paintings, 2-451
Pictures
Courtyard of the House of the Vettil (grs vure), 15-5356
mosaic, Defeat of Darius, 2-709
Temple of Jupiter, reconstruction, 15-5340 wall-paintings, $2-45,2$
Pompey the Great, Roman general
* life, 4-1365-66
and Cæsar, 4-1198-99
Ponce de Leon, in Porto Rico and Florida 1-2 42
pond lilies. sor Water lilies
Pondicherry. Chief French settlement, on the Coromandel Coast, India.
Pondweeds, description, 4-1278
Picture, lake covered by, 9-3393
Ponies, in arctic exploration, 14-5096
Ponies, Shetland, see Shetland ponies
Pont Neuf, bridre in Paris
built by Henry IV, 5-1873
Pontchartrain, Lake, 16-5660
Pontgravé (Francois Gravé, Sieur du Pont)
attempted to establish Canadian tradingpost, 1599, 2-679
Eontiac, Indian chief
fight against Fusrlish, 3-7s 4
Pontoon. In military language, a woorlen flat-
boittomed hoat or other float used in hildine
bridges quickly for the passage of troops.
Pony Express, early mail service in West, 18-6432
Pool. gurstion about. Why renes a prost stay or sand and not in a garden? 15-5362
Poona. Military anf industrial centre in the
Bombay Presidency, India.
Poop of a ship. 14-5004
Poor laws, English, attacked by Dickens in Oliver Twi $\quad$ 8-273:
Poor Richard's Almanac, by Franklin, 12-4448-49
Popcorm, reason for exploding, 5-1856
Popcorn balls, recipe for, 1-340
Pope, head of Catholic church
beginning of temporal power, 11-3960; 12-4408
power of, in Midrle Ages, 8-2946-\%n
ser alen Church: ('hurch and statr: also
Pope, Alezander, life and work, 4-1359
Picture, portrait, 4-1357
Popgin
from eller hranch, hots tn makr. 9-3254
quill, how to make, i5-5337
guration afinut. Why does a popmun go pop? 13-1593-94


## GENERAL INDEX

Poplar trees
catkins of，17－6273
description，with pictures，11－4098－99
Popocatepetl，volcano
height of，7－2313
1＇icture，19－7131

## Poppies

European，11－4020
horned poppy，14－5158－60
opium poppy，account of，8－2912
prickly poppy，description，18－6656
scarlet poppy，17－6127， 6131
varieties developed by Burbank，15－538
Poems abrut
In Flanders Fields，by John McCrae，16－5924
Miss Poppy，by F．E．Weatherly，6－2244
picturcs
horned poppy，14－5159
opium poppy，8－2913
scarlet poppy，17－6127
Shirley poppy（gravure）19－7179
Pictures（in color）
fruit，11－4026
opium poppy，8－2999
red poppy，15－5397
yellow horn poppy，14－4982
Poppy Family，in botany，13－4872
Poppy oil，use of，8－2912
Population
Questions about
Is the population of the world still grow－ ing？5－1606
Which is the biggest nation？5－1605
See also names of countries under subhead ＂population，＂as，China－population．
Populist Party，or People＇s Party．Organized at Cincinnati in 1891 by a national convention made up of representatives of the agricultural and industrial classes．It nominated candidates for the presidency of the United States，carried several state legislatures，and elected many members of Congress；declined after 1900 ．
in Cleveland＇s administration，8－2672
Porcelain，see Pottery
Porcupines， 3 －1134
Pictures． 3 －1130－31
Porgy Family，fish，16－5780
licture，（in color＇） 16.5785

## Porpoise

account of，6－2218
description of，for game，8－2880， 3023
Picture，6－2219
Port，meaning of term for side of ship，14－5003
Port au Prince．Capital and seaport of Haiti， with a cathedral，a fine harbor，and exports of hides，coffee and logwood．
founding of，19－7100
Port Louis，capital of Mauritius，9－3184
Port of entry．A point that may be designated by the customs administration for the unloading of foreign goods．At first ports of entry were always on the frontier and generally on the sea－ board．When shipment in bond went into effect any city might be so named．
Port of Spain，capital of Trinidad，9－3190
Puther．＂atherrma．9－\％15．3
Port Royal，Nova Scotia
founded，2－i57．9
named Annapolis，3－779
pillaged by English，1613，2－682
port Roval，S．C．Huguenot colony，1－246
Port Said．Egyptian port and coaling station at the north entrance to the Suez Canal．It was founded in 1859．On the western breakwater is a statue of de Lesseps，builder of the canal．
Port Sudan．Sudanese import and export cen－ tre，being the Red Sea terminus of the railway from Atbara Junction．
Porter，Jane，English novelist
＊Scottish Chiefs，quotations and summary， 12－4319－26
Porter，William Sinney，sef Henry，$口$
Portland．The chief port of the state of Maine： it has a large tourist traffic as well as extensive freight tonnage by rail and water．
Portland．Largest city and port of Oregon，with lumber－mills，fombdrines and camberies．Tzuilt on slopes rising into tree－clad mountainsides，with ranges in the distance．The region round is rich in timber，fruit and minerals，
acrount of，19－6is 16
situation．8－2675
Picturc，bridge over Willamette River，8－2675

Portland cement how made，7－2305
Porto Rico．Fertile West Indian island ukder American administration；area， 3,600 squara miles；capital，San Juan．Sugar，coffee，rice， corn，tobacco and bananas are abundantly pro－ duced．
account of，10－8592，3596；19－7101
taken by U．S．in Spanish－American War， 10－3590
lictures，10－3593， 3596

## Portraits

painting of，see Painting－of portraits
silhouettes，how to make，19－7077
Question about．Why do some faces in ple－ tures seem to follow us？8－2718
Pictures
by British artists，6－2002－03，2005，2112： （gravure），6－2113－20；（in color），7－2337－40
by Canadian artists，10－3703， 3709
by Dutch and Flemish artists，4－1223－24， 1228；5－1584，1587，1589，1713－16
by French artists，6－2076，2078－79；（gravure） 5－1877－80
by German artists，4－1346－47；（gravure） 4－1349－52
by Italian artists，3－825－27，829，1105； （gravure）3－961－64，1109－12
by U．S．artists，3－969，971；9－3324，3326－29； 10－3446；13－4＇729，4821；（gravure）， 10－3460－61
by Velasquez（gravure）4－1501－04
Great figures in Tudur days（gravure）， 5－1821－24
See also articles on painting grouped by na－ tional adjectives as Painting，Ameri－ can；Painting，British
Portsmouth．Chief British naval station，with a naval dockyard covering 300 acres．Standing on a land－locked harbor，in Hampshire，it has been important since the 16 th century，and has a large trade．Its Southsea suburb is a popu－ lar resort．There is a Roman Catholic cathedral．
Portsmouth，seaport of New Hampshire
Picture，Langdon house，12－4154
Portsmouth，Treaty of，1905，2－566
Portugal
agriculture，14－5188
cities，14－5188
climate，14－5188
colonial possessions，14－5188
Brazil，settlement and early history， 19－7040， 7042
in Africa．18－6814
early trade
in China．2－432
in Japan，2－564
exploration and colonization，14－5184，5186， 5188
early explorations in America，2－671
＊history，14－5183－88
republic established，14－5188
literature．19－6130
map，14－5041
national hymn，17－6254
Papal Line of Demarcation，1－252；14－5186； 19－7040
population，14－5183
rivers，14－5188
trade，early，with India，8－2824
Pictures．14－5189－91
Portuguese East Africa．Territory administered by the State and the Nyasa and Mozambique Companies，and producing sugar，nuts，ivory， copra，rubber and wax．Mozambique，Quilli－ mane，Beira，and Lorenzo Marques，the capital， mane，Beira，and

Sec also 18－6814
Portuguese man－of－war，a jellyfish，19－7065
Porus，Indian ruler，and Alexander the Great， 8－2822

Posen，of Poznan．Aneimit Pollich cathedral city on the Warthe，making asricultural implements on the Warthe
Position，Sense of，effect of sensations of skin， 4－1420
Positivism，wion of thankht，first talught by
Comte，7－2609：18－671K－17
post－imnressionicm 8－1，
Post office，sce Postal service
Postare stamps
a．1－thail，16－5ゝゝ8

Fostage stamps (rantinuer)
collecting, 14-5111-12
recent stamps, 16-5887-88
first use, by British post office, 6-2251
foreign, 16-588
how cancelled, 8-265
use suggested by Rowland Hill, 8-2653
Questions about
Why can we not send a letter without a stamp on it? 9-3355
Why has a postage stamp a perforated edge? 6-2251
Pictures, rare stamns, 14-5111-12
Postal savings banks. Banks established by
various governments through the Post Office Department. First introduced into England is 1861 they have been established in every country. Besides receiving deposits upon which they pay interest they provide annuities and write life insurance, and serve as agents in purchasing government securities.

## Postal service

by airplane, 8-2658
English, effect of penny post, 7-2299

* How our letters come to us, 8-2653-58
in West, early days, 18-6432
money, how sent, 8-2658
sorting on trains, 8-2656-57
See also Fostage stamps
* Jirturf.
mail sorting and delivery, 8-2653-62
U'ganda postman, 9-3047
Posting, citmt. 12-4445
Postmen, duties of, 8-2654-55
Postare, game, directions for playing, 4-1400
Pot-hole, notes and pictures, 6-2075
purifies air for divers, $12-41 \sim$,
Pot pourri. French term for a piece of music or a song in which each couplet refers to different things. The English apply the words to a sweet-smelling mixture of dried flowers.
Potash, uses, 13-4...in
Potassium, specific gravity, 14-..i.;
Potassium salts, in seaweed, 2-587
Potato animal contest, game, 3-:...
Potato Eamily, plants belonging to, 9-3156
Potatoes
* account of, and related plants, 7-2618, 2623-24 as food, 5-162.
Burbank variety, 15-5382
damage from Colorado beetle, 18-5 72?
filurin...t= rat. 3-1:..!
first in Ireland grown by Raleigh, 14-4967
fungus, life story with pictures, 7-2617
introduced into England by Hawkins, 14-4960
life story of, with pictures, 7-2615
New York and Maine lead states in production 10-3+n6
United States crop of, 8-2679
furxtion ub,ut
Why does a potato not rot under the earth while it is growing? 18-6554
TOhy is it ermal in lail rwtatmes in their

Potatoes, Sweet, 7-2624
Picture, plant and tuber (in color), 8-2997
Potiphar. Pharaoh's officer, master of Joseph in Egypt.
Potomac. American river rising in West Virginia and flowing past Washington into Chesapeake Bay. 400 miles.
Potosi. Cathedral city of Bolivia, standing nearly 14,000 feet above sea-level, near famous silver-mines.
Potsdam. Suburb of Berlin containing the former residence of the Prussian kings. Here also are the Brandenburg Gate and Frederick the Great's palace of Sans Souci.
rivturix
New Palace, 11-4:4:

Potter, Edward C., American sculptor, 14-4938, 49! 1
Potter, Paul, Dutch painter, 5-1592
Potter's wheel, description, 5-1665
Pottery
* How china cups and saucers are made, 5-ic.f2-:-
directions
for casting dishes in plaster, 7-2511-12 for making dishes of clay, 14-5199-5200 for mending. 13-47:7
French manufacture of, 11-3818

Pottery (continued)
histury, 5-1663-64, 1666
in ancient Crete, 2-448
Question about. What are the brown specks in china? $\mathbf{2 - 6 8 9}$
Pictures
Cretan vases, 1660 B.C. -1500 B.C., $2-448$
Japanese industry, 2-571

* showing manufacture, 5-1662-72
willow-luattern plate, with story, $4-1532$
Zuni woman making pottery, 19-7241
Poulsen, Valdemar, and wireless telephony, 17-1,-1.. \& ....
Picture, portrait, 17-6235
Poulty
* Our domestic poultry, 12-4491-94
origin, jungle fowl, 12-4366
poultry industry in U. S., 9-3208
poultry-keeping as a hobby, 15-5512-13
varjeties of, 12-4492, 4494
(gutstirnix alus!t
Does a hen know that chickens will come out of her eggs? 12-4281
Is the white of the egg part of the chicken? 8-2571-72
Pictures, 12-4491-94; (in color), facing 12-449293
Pounce, ground cuttlefish bone, 16-5898
Pound, made with fish nets, 11-405?
Pounds, John, teacher of poor children, 17-6140
Pourpre, Marc, French aviator, 17-6293-94
Poussin, Nicholas, French painter, 5-1874, 1876 Pictures
1:1 $\quad$. of the Seasons. 11-4131 Shenherds of Areadia, 5-18-:
Poverty in England, 19th century, 7-2294
Powaer River. American river, rising in the Big Horn Mountains, Wyoming; flows into the Yellowstone River. 400 miles.
Powell, John Wesley, explored Colorado River,
7-2 River, British Columbia
Picture, plant of the Powell River Paper Company, 7-2452
Power
definition of term, in physics, 2-689
hydraulic, 14-5221
measurement, by "horse power," 2-689
wave transmission, 14-5221

!!fr->im, "ね,rwt How is power carried to a

Power of attorney. A legal instrument author izing the person named to act as the attorney for the person signing it. A general power of attorney gives authority to act without limitation. A sperial power limits it to the acts specified.
Power transmission, Electric, see Electric

Powers, Hiram, American sculptor, 14.4934
Powers, Great. A term used for the most powerful nations of the world, as Great Britain, the Cnited States, France, Italy, Japan.
Poynings, Sir Edward, and Irish laws, 8-293.-36
Poynter, Sir Edward John, British painter Pirture, Helena and Hermia in the garden, 3.835

Poznan, Poland, 13-4692
Pirtures
castle, 13.4689
T... h. Hall, 13-4681

Prætorian guard. Personal bodyguard raised

Prague. Capital and commercial centre of Czecho-Slovakia, on the Bohemian Moldau. Ancient and picturesque, it contains many medieval buildings, and has a university and an unfinished 14 th-century cathedral. Manufactures include machinery, chemicals, linen and cotton.

Prairie chicken, variety of grouse, 12- $\frac{1}{2} 64$

Prairie-dog, 3-1132
Prajrie hen, variety of grouse, 12-4364
Prairle-marmots. Pirfure, 3-1131
Prairie smoke, see Pasque flower
Prairie wolves, see Coyotes
Pratincoles, birds, 11-147
Pratt, Bela Io. decorations in Library of ConFruse 5-1
Pratt, Edwin J., Canadian poet, 14-5109
Pratt, Matthow, American painter, 9-3327

Prawns, description, 16-5956
Praziteles, Greek sculptor, 12-4328-30
Pictures
head of Aphrodite of Cnidus, 12-4329 various statues (gravure), 12-4335
Prayer
Book of Common Prayer, 1-306
story about, King who could not sleep. 5-1577-78
Poetry
As down in the Sunless Retreats, by Thomas Moore. 6-2035
Before Action, by W. N. Hodgson, 10-3738 Boy and the Angel, by Robert Browning, 13-4741
Child's Evening Prayer, by S. T. Coleridge 2.485

Child's Evening Prayer, by A. P. Graves, 2-611
Here a Little Child I Stand, by Robert Herrick, 2-488
Jesus, Tender Shepherd, by M. L. Duncan, 13-4742
Miserere Domine, by J. G. Saxe, 13-4600 A Prayer, by Robert Southey, 7-2364 Prayers, by H. C. Beeching, 10-3739 See also Hymns
Prayer-shop, Buddhist. Picture, 2-569
Precedent, in law, 13-4811-12
Precious stones

* history and description, 19-7225-34 quartz forms, 3-17.
Pictures (in color), facing 19-7225
Predis, Ambrogio de (Preda), pupil of Leonardo da Vinci, 3-830
Preece, Sir William, and Marconi, 17-6247 Picture, portrait, $17=6235$
Prehistoric animals, see Animals-history
Prehistoric man, see Man, Prehistoric and primitive
Premier. The first minister of state, the prime or premier minister.
Preposition. Indeclinable word showing the relation of a noun or pronoun to some other word in the sentence.
Pre-Raphaelite Brothers, ideals and influence, 6-2235-36
Prescott, William Eickling, American historian, 13-1人2 11
Presidents of U. Saq see United States-Presidents
Presidential Succession Act, 20-7570
Press. The art of printing; hence those who are engaged in printing and publishing, and particularly applied to newspapers and other periodical publications.
Pressburg, or Bratislava. Danube port and ancient cathedral city of Czecho-Slovakia.
capital of Slovakia, 17-6342
Picture, 17-6343
Pressure, sense of, in skin, 4-1420
Pretender, the Old, see Stuart, James Francis
Pretender, the Young, see Stuart, Charles Edward
Pretoria. Capital of Transvaal and of the Union of South Africa. It is fnely built, and has a cathedral. Diamonds are mined near by. Picture, 9-3053
Previati, Italian painter, 8-2854
Priapus, in mythology, 9-3237
Price
explanation of, in economics, 16-5681, 5933-34
relation to money in circulation, 16.5681-82
relation to supply and demand, 16-5934-36
Prickly-pear
account of, 9-3268; 18-6660
in tustralis, 4-127
Pictures, 9-3264-65; 18-6655
Priestley, Joseph, Enclish chemist, 16-5804
Priestman, Bertram, English painter, 8-2860
Primary Election. Elections held either to chnose delegates to nominating conventions or else to choose a candidate directly. Generally only part! mambers are entitlal in vot. in the primaries, though in some states the non-partisan primary is in use and the whole electorate may take part in selecting candidates. Primary elections have been regulated by law only since
 conme to he almost umiversal in stlectins +ithor state or local nominees, or both, throughout the Tnited States.
Primate. A title in some of the Christian churches applied to a bishop, because he is first

Primate (continuerl)
in a province or group of provinces. In England the Archbishop is primate of all England. The title of primate is also given to several bishops of the Church of England in a number of the British colonies.
Primates, 8ee Apes; Monkeys; Lemurs
Primitive man, see Man, Prehistoric and primitive
Primitives (early type of Renaissance painting) in Italy, 2-691-99
Primogeniture, definition, 15-5519
Primrose, flower, description, 17-6124, 6128
bird's-eye, or mealy, 16-5731-32, 5734
evening primrose, 18-6656
experiments on, by De Vries, 4-1390
note on, 17-6126
Pictures, 17-6126
bird's-eye, 16-5731
English primrose (in color), 13-4880
evening primrose, 18-6654
showing variations of evening primrose, 4-1389
Primrose Family, in botany, 13-4875
Primus berry, how developed, 4-1388
Prince. A title first applied to senators of the Roman State, and later applied to persons having kingly power. In some parts of Europe the title "prince" is in use, but not that of king. In England the word is uractically limited to members of the royal family, though by the laws of heraldry a duke has the right to be so styled. Prince Edward Island. Island province of eastern Canada; area, 2,184 square miles; capital, Charlottetown. Silver fox breeding is important, there being more than 300 fur farms.
fur-farming. 13-4693-94
history, 1763-99, 3-944

Prince Fal, nickname for Henry V, of England, 5-168
Prince of Wales, see Wales, Prince of
Prince of Wales, Cape
named by Captain Cook, 8-2984
Princeps, title used by Augustus, 4-1199
Princes in the Tower, story of, 1-147-49
Princess, Strange Adventures of, by Chaucer, 13-4769
Princeton University
beginnings of, 12-4308
note on, 12-4311
lirisur
Holder Hall, 12-4311
(gravure), 18-6687
Pringle, C. G., developed varieties of wheat, 4-1470
Pringle, Thomas, see Poetry Index for poem and
Prinsep, Valentine Cameron, British painter Picture, At the Golden Gate (gravure) 6-2240 Printing

* Men who gave us printing, 9-3381-90 censorship of, 9-3389
lesrription, with pictures, 3-1063, 1066
first homp winterd in Engli-h, 9-..i,sts in China, early mention, 2-429
invention
Chinese invention of movable types, earliest known printing, 15-5460
first invention uncertain, 9-3381-82
letters for first type, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 4 8}$
of pictures, 3-1065; 9-?3!
blue-print, or sepia-print, 15-5331-32

Printing, lettering, 15-5596-97
Printing, Block, see Wood-block printing
Printing-press, history of improvement, 9-3389-90
types, various kinds introduced, 9-3388
Nice also Types
Pictures, 3-1063, 1066
about early printers, 9-3385, 3387
first cylinder press, König's. 9-3388
Prionodura, bird, arranges bower, 8-2896
Prism
and rainbow colors, $8-2742,2881$
breaks up light into colors, 11-3922
how colors are bent. 16-5810-11
Prisoner's base, game, 3-1153
Prisoners of war. Formerly the property of their
captors, who might do with them as they wished. Ransom helped matters a little, and humane

Prisoners of war（rontimusd）
feeling to－day has materially bettered the lot of such prisoners，who are classed as lawtul com－ batants．Though the prisoner of war has no protection against the laws of the state，he is protected by the international laws，first laid down by the Brussels Conference in 1874, against injury to his person．
Prisons．Originally looked upon as houses of detention only，such as the Tower of London， the Bastille in Paris，but since the early 17 th century used as places for the punishment of crime．At first conditions were very bad，but the reform movement led by John Howard brought about many improvements as regards the housing of prisoners，etc．，and prisons began to be looked upon as a possible means of refor－ mation．Prisons include lock－ups，jails and prisons proper，as well as reformatories for younger delinquents．
Privateers，definition，4－1170
in American（＇ivil Mar，7－2438
in American Revolution，4－1170；17－6325
Privet，bush，11－4019
Picture，fruit（in color）11－4021
Privy council．In the United Kingdom，a body of persons forming the private advisers of the British sovereign．Such a council dates back to very early times．At the present day it consists of men of distinction，but its duties are now largely taken over by the cabinet．
Probate．In law，the official proof or establish－
ment of wills and testaments．
Problems，arithmetical and niscellaneous，
$\mathbf{2 - 7 5 1 ; ~ 3 - 8 9 9 ; ~ 3 - 1 1 5 1 ; ~ 4 - 1 2 8 4 ; ~ 6 - 2 1 6 6 ~}$
horseshoe card，14－5202
How did the farmer enlarge the fold？16－5765
How did the father divide his garden？
7－2380
traveler＇s dinner，13－4622
Nef nlan Puzzles
For list．ser 20－ifute－tt
Procter，Adelaide Anne，poetry of，12－4232 Wrote The Lost Chord，10－3611
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Procter，Bryan waller，see Cornwall，Barry，in Poetry Index for poems and notes
Proctor，Alezander Phimister，Canadian sculptor， 14－5075－76
Procyon，star，composition of，11－3924
Producer，in economics，definition of the term， 15－5590

## Profit

affected by supply and demand，17－6094 relation to interest，17－6093
Progressive games，see Games－progressive
Progressive party，U．S．，in 1912，8－2672；19－7198 Projectiles．Objects thrown forward by an im－ pulse of short duration；in early days stones were thrown from the hand；with guns came the use of stone bullets，then iron．An elon－ cated heavy projectile was found to overcome the resistance of the air best．When smooth－ bore guns were in use there were many kinds of hore guns were in use there were many kinds of
projectiles－solid shot，hot shot，bar shot，chain shot，shell，shrapnel，etc．To－day，with rified bores，projectiles are of three kinds－armor－ piercing shell，common－shell and shrapnel．There are，besides，special air projectiles，hand gre－ nades，illuminating shells and bombs
Prometheus，the Titan whr stole fire from （1lympus for man，9－3シン8
and Pandora，9－3233：14－5259
Promissory note．A written instrument contain－ ing an unconditional promise to pay a certain sum of momey on demand or at a fixed future times．If mate pravable to payeo ow hearer，it rath her transforred to amother．If the bayee is named，his endorsement is necessary to its ne－ erotiation．
Prongbuck，animal，4－1444
Pillıris．4－14f
Pronoun．I word which stancts inctand of a
fombl．Thwe are personal pronoums，as $I$ ，ver，he： reflexive pronouns，as ourselves，himsplf；demon－ stratije，ats this．that：interrougative ats who？ ＂hiikh＇＂hul！？r－litive．as who．which．whut．

## Pronunciation



Spe nlan Consonants
Frophets，Biblical，as statesmen and orators， 2－476

Proportion．In mathematics，the equality of ratios．The ratio of 12 to 3 is equal to the ratio of 8 to 2 ，so that $12: 3=8: 2$ is a proportion．If one quantity varies directly as another，the two are directly proportional．If one quantity varies inversely as another，the two are inversely pro－ portional．
in architecture，15－5341－42
Proportional representation．A system of vot－ ing designed to sereure that the various political opinions of the electorate shall be fairly repre－ sented in the body of persons elected．The basis of the system is the transferable vote，each elector being allowed to vote for more than one candidate in order of preference，surplus votes being divided．
Proserpina，in mythology，9－3238
Prospero，character in The Tempest，S－986
Protective coloration，see Adaptation to envi－ ronment
Protectorate．A relation established by treaty between a stronger and a weaker state，in which the weaker state is protected from hostile dic－ tation and invasion in return for a more or less s．urrender of its internal control．

## Proteins

best sources of，7－2569
digestion of，6－2085
use as foods，6－2187－88
Erotesilaus，Greek hero，story of，8－2820
Proiestants，origin of name，11－3964
Proteus，a sea grud，9－3．3 $\begin{gathered}\text { i }\end{gathered}$
Prothalamion，poem by Spenser，3－1120
Prothallium，in life history of fern， $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 3 2}$
Proton，hydrogen nucleus，12－4291

## Protoplasm

＊living matter，2－663－6
effect of poisons on，4－1232

－1：3
Protozoa．The single－celled animals whose bod－ ies are composed of protoplasm．They are mi－ croscopic in size，reproduce by self－division，are sometimes naked，sometimes clothed with a calcareous shell．The ameba and infusoria are typical．They can absorb and direst food，can move by contraction，or by little hairs，or muscles．They occur rarely on land，generally in still，fresh and salt water
Provence．Beautiful old French province bor－ dering the Mediterranean．The Greeks early es－ tablished a settlement at Massilia，the moder＇） Marseilles，and later Provence was for centuries under Roman rule，there being splendid Roman remains at Arles，Orange and Frejus．Aix is celebrated for its Roman baths，while Avirno：l was once the seat of the French popes；Marselles and Toulon are the chief French Mediterra． nean ports．
early literature，17－6149
Proverbs，games， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 9 8}$
Providence．Capital of Rhode Island，making jewelry，textiles and machinery．A cathedral and university city，it is also a great port．
founding of， $\mathbf{2 . 5 5 0}$
Proxima Centauri，star，11－3784
Proxy．The agency of one person acting for an． oflofe usually in mublic horlits．
Prudhon，Pierre Paul，French painter，6－2080
Prunes，account of．6－3（164
Prussia．Larges，state of Germany，occupyin？ nearly the wh．小e of the north of the combintry Originally consisting only of Fast Prussia an－ Brandenburg，its dominions grew rapidly，and it mow includes the serat movino sof sitesia． Pomerania，Schleswig－Holstein，Rhenish Prus－ sia，Hanover and Westphalia，with nart of Sax． ony．Its capital is Berlin．Area， $\mathbf{1 1 3 , 1 5 7}$ square miles．
characteristics of people，12－4164
growth under Bismarck，11－3970， 3972
history
＊undtr Fredtrick the Girat．11－1042－49，3966 in Napoleonic Wars，6－2205－08
Prussic acid．from littior almonnd．6－2のーラーフf
It rherry nits，13－17T
Przvalski．Nicholas，ant eatrly lurse，6－2013
Psalms，Biblical
19th psalm，verse form by Addison， $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 6 0}$ ？：！！心alm，vorut from ly Adrlison，2－486
Psyche and Cupid，9－3228

Psychology，sec Mind

## GENERAL INDEX

Ptarmigan, bird
account of, 12-4363-64
found in very cold regions, 7-2560
molts often, 8-2760
Picture (in color), 9-3284
Pteridophytes, group of plants, 10-3724
Pterodactyl, prehistoric animal description of, 2-634; 5-1546 description of, $\mathbf{P}$-634
Ptolemies, Egyptian kings, 3-821
Ptolemy, Claudius Ptolemæus, astronomer theory of earth as centre of universe, 1-202 Picture, portrait, 1-201
Public health, and milk inspection, 7-2326
child hygiene, N. Y. city, 15-5622, 5626
Pablic utilities. A term used to denote a service which supplies for profit certain wants of the public, such as the use of routes by land, water or air. Included are: the use of steam and electric railways, water transportation, express service, telegraph and telephone, light, heat and power, and public water supply.
Publius Decius Mus, see Decius Mus, Publius
Puccini, Giacomo, Italian musical composer, 19-692
Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Pucelle, Ia, Old French name for Joan of Arc, meaning "the Maid." In Shakespeare's Henry VI, Part I, she is called Joan la Pucelle.

## Pudding-stone, rock, 17-6386

Pueblo Indians
account of, $\mathbf{1 - 1 6 0 - 6 1}$
of Arizona, 9-3028, 3030
Pictures, 9-3029
typical home, 19-7237 village, 9-3027
Puech, Denys, sculptor, story of, 16-6031
PuIf adder, snake, 15-5414, 5416
Pufrballs, edible mushrooms, 10-3723; 11-3908
Pufibirds, $9-3365$
Picture (in color), 10-3624
Puffin, bird, 11-4126
Pictures, 8-2759; 11-4125; (in color), 8-2900
Pug-dog. Picture (gravure), 2-715
Puget, Pierre, French sculptor, 13-4702
Puget Sound, note and picture, 18-6431 surrounding country, 19-6846
Pul, see Tiglath Pileser III
Pulaski, Casimir, Count (1748-79). PolishAmerican soldier. After taking part in an insurrection he escaped from Poland and entered the American army in 1777; killed in attack on Savannah, 1779 .
Pulaski, Edward C., saved lives in forest fire in Coeur d'Alene, 8-2808
Pull of the earth, * 14-5177-81
Pullman, George M., invented sleeping car, 19-7212
contractor in Chicago, 19-7110
Pullman sleeping car. Picture, 2-415
Pulmotor. A mechanical device for carrying on prolonged artificial respiration. Used for victims of electric shock, drowning, asphyxiation, and for the resuscitation of newborn infants. The chief types are: the pulmotor when inspired air contains 60 per cent oxygen; the Brat apparatus using pure oxygen; the lung motor; and the salvator.
Pulp, for naper
chemical. 7-2448

* manufacture of, 7-2445-50
mechanical. 7-2446
Nir also Lumlirr and lumliering: Wood
Pulse, beating of arteries
cause of. 4-1210
Puma, animal, 2-テn1
Pictare (gravure), 2-500
Pumice-stone
Qurstion ahout. Where does pumice-stone come from? 9-3100
Pump, worked by atmospheric pressure, 15-5289
Pmppkin-seed. sunfish, 15-5630
Pumpkins. Pictures, 7-2621
Punctuation marks
amnsins mistakes and changes, 19-70.50
Punic Wars, between Carthage and Rome, 4-1194-96
Prnishments in American schools, colonial neriod. 3-968
Punjab. Indian northern province in the plain of the Indus; area, 100,000 square miles; capital, Lahore. The rainfall is scanty, but by means of irrigation canals vast crops of cereals, cot-

Punjab (continued)
ton, oil-seeds and sugar are produced, while rock-salt is a great source of wealth. More than half the people are Moslems, and more than a third Hindus, the Sikhs numbering about 3,000,000. Amritsar, Ambala, Simla and Multan are among the towns.
description of, 8-2696
meaning of word, 8-2822
Punt, ancient African land, 11-3910
Pupil of the eye, $10-3684-85$
Question about. What makes the pupil of the

## Pupin, Michael Idvorsky

life, and electrical invention, 17-6247
Parbeck marble, use in sculpture, 13-4853
Pure-Food Laws. Laws passed by the Congress of the U. S. in June, 1906 , prohibiting adulteration, misrepresentation, and the misuse of preservatives in the preparation of foodstuffs and drugs. The law is administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, aided by the Treasury Department and the departments of Commerce and Labor.

## Puritans

characteristics in Cromwell's time, 6-1979
in American colonies, 2-548
in England, 2-546
See also Pilgrim Fathers
Purling, directions for, 13-4851
Purslane, flower
Picture, sea purslane (in color), 14-4981
Pushkin, Alexander, Russian author, 19-6907-08 Picture, portrait, 19-6905
Puss in Boots, fairy tale, 10-3441
Puss in the corner, game, 8-2743
Pussy toes, flower
Picture (in color), 15-5610
Pussy willow, descrintion, 17-6273
Putnam, Israel (1718-90). American soldier,
born in Massachusetts, but a resident of Connecticut. He served in French and Indian War. Pontiac's War, and in Revolution.
at Bunker Hill, 4-1164
Picture. nortrait and note, 4-1165
Putrefaction. The decomposition, by the agency of bacteria, of organic matter, especially proteins, with the formation of ill-smelling products.
Putty. A kind of cement, usually of whiting anc boiled linseed oil, beaten to the consistency of dough, and used in fastening glass in sashes, for stopping crevices and so on.
Puvis de Chavannes, Piexre, French painter
work and characteristics, 7-2482
Fictures
Bishop and St. Genevieve, 7-2478
panels in Boston Public Library, 7-2481
portion of wall-painting, 7-2475
Shepherd's Song, 7-2478
Puzzle-pictures, 5-1654; 11-3860
about a room, 4-1282
about a steamer. 12-4268
about English history, 2-754
about names of plants, 18-6646

## Puzzles

arranging matches or toothpicks, 2-624
how the ladies cut the carpet, 2-751
Jacob's ladder, 18-6781
jester's escape from prison, 4-1286
king's guard, 16-5892
magic square, 6-2166
maze, 17-6258
miller's sacks, 4-1286
mysterious square, 18-6780
of wizard king, 18-6521-22, 6640
rhymes and verses, 15-5511
secret lock. 8-2741
trees in the park, 13-4620
with paper and scissors, 15-5337
See also Tricks: Problems
For list, see 20-7642-44
Pycnogonida, spider-like creatures, 16-6014-15
Pydua, Battle of, 4-1196
Pyle, Howara, author, 14-5015
Fruit of Happiness, (story), 11-3832-36
Pylons, in Egyptian architecture, 14-5212
Pictures, (gravure) 15-5213, 5215-16
Pym, John, leader against Charles I, 6-1976 opposition to Charles I, 11-3850
Picture, portrait, 11-3845
Pynson, Richard, printer, 9-3388
Pyramids, game with marbles, 17-6389

## GENERAL INDEX

## Pyramids of Egypt

account of, 7-2604: 14-5211

* description, and account of building 3-808-09
Pyramid of Cheops, 14-6211
Pictures, 3-811
2d pyramid, Gizeh; step pyramid, Sakkara, 14-5214
pyramid of Cheops (gravure) 7-2606
Pyrenees MKts., 14-5039-40
Picture, 7-2317
Pyrethrum. Picture, flower (gravure) 19-7175
Pyrite ( $\mathrm{FeS}^{2}$ ). An iron disulphid that crystal-
lizes in the isometric system. It is of a brassyellow color with a metallic lustre, and occurs in rocks of every age and kind. Pyrite is used chiefly in the making of sulphuric acid and green vitriol.
Pyrola, plant, note and picture, 16-5879
Pyrotechnics, making of fireworks, 13-4825
Pyrrhic victory
Question uhrout. What is a Pyrrhic victory? 17-6290
Pyrrhus, king of Epirus
victory of, 17-6290
war with Rome, 4-1194
Pythagoras, Greek philosopher, 2-701
Pytheas, sailor and geographer, 3-1072
Pythias and Damon, story of, 9-3064
Pythius, architect of Mausoleum at Halicarnassus, 12-4332
Pythons, snakes, 15-5412
Picture, 15-5413


Quagga, animal, 6-2018
Picture, 6-2017
Quail, bird
account of, 12-4365; 13-4760
in western North America, 14-5134-35
Pictures
California, or valley quail, 14-5135
mountain quail, 14-5135
lietures (in color) 13-4841
California mountain quail, 12-4371
California quail, 10-3621
European quail, 9-3132
Quakers
beliefs of, 2-552
East Jersey bought by, 2-55?
Elizabeth Fry, 16-5699-5703
persecuted in Massachusetts Bay Colony, 2-555
Picture, on trial in American colonies, 2-551

## Quaking grass

Picture, with note, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 5 2}$
l'icture (in coolor) 10-35:2
Quantum, energy from electron, 16-580y

## Quarries

Pictures
granite and marble, 13-4528
granite quarry, Vermont, 11-3775
Quarter days. In England, Wales and Ireland, the days marking the four quarters of the year: Lady Day, March 25; Midsummer Day, June 24; Michaelmas Day, September 29; and Christmas Day, December 25. In Scotland the quarter days are Candlemas, February 2; Whitsun, May 15: Lammas, August 1; and Martinmas, November 11.
Quarter-deck salute, why it is done by British sailors, 4-1354
Quartz ( $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ ). The most common of all minerals, formine 12 per cent of the earth's crust. It is hard enough to seratch glass and may be colorless, milky, smoky, yellow, amethyst, rose, sreen, etc., with a glassy lustre. Uses: to make class, as ornamental stones, as prisms in optical work, etc. Quartz veins in the earth often contain rich gold deposits. It is found in all granites.
description, 3-774
Ouassia, drug from bitterwood tree, 8-2911
Onaternary age. Lenlugiral era, 2-634
Ouatrain, definltion, $1=216,223$
Quatre Bras, battle of, 6-2208

Quebec (city)
citadel, 6-1962
Confederation conference, 1864, 4-1488
history (arranged chronologically)
founded by Champlain, 2-680
Cartier visited Indian village on its site, 1534, 2-678
first colonists, under Cartier, 2-679
surrendered to English, in 1628, 2-680
attacked by Arnold, 1775-76, 3-942
capture by Wolfe, 3-783-84; 6-2100
Pictures, 3-776
Indian village on site of, 2-678
Laval Lniversity see Laval
name, origin, 16-5742
Poem about. Quebec, by F. G. Scott, 12.4476
Pictures, 8-2948
tablet of the Golden Dog, 15-5367
two views, 4-1485
Quebec. Largest Canadian province, on both sides of the St. Lawrence; area, 594,434 square miles; capital, Quebec. It was first visited by Cartier in 1535, Quebec City being founded by Champlain in 1608, and existed as a French colony up to 1763; five-sixths of the people are of French descent, speaking French. The chief industries are dairying, lumbering, mining, manufacturing and paper-making, the forest resource being enormous; 175,000 square miles are said to be still untouched. The world's largest supply of asbestos is produced here, while Montreal is the largest city and chief export centre in the Dominion

French language, use of, 8-2950
government when made British colony 3-941-42
habitants, life of, 8-2952-56

* history, 1763-1840, 3-941-46
divided into Upper and Lower Canada (i. e. present Ontario and Quebec) 3.944
as Lower Canada, 1791-1840, 3-944-46
became province of Dominion in 1867, 4-1488 map, 1-107
physical geography, 1-106-12
See also Lower Canada
Pictures, 8-2953-56
Appalachian Region, 1-109
habitant dwelling, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 7 8}$
Laurentian Plateau, 1-111
St. Lawrence Lowlands, 1-111
two scenes, 8-2948
Quebec Act, Canada, 1774, provisions, 3-941
objections of British settlers, 3-944
Quebec Bridge, Canada, account of, 1-29 construction of, 1-39
Pictures. 1-39
Queen Anne's lace, flower, 15-5392, 5396
Picture. 15-5396
Queen Anne's War, see French and Indian Wars
Queen's College, former name for Rutgers College, 12.4308
Queensborough Bridge, N. Y. city, 1-29
Queensland, Australia
account of, 7-2468
separated from New South Wrales in 1859. 7-2468
Queenston Heights, Battle of. In the War of 1812. Canadian troops numbering about 2,000 defeated an American force of 6,000 .
Queenstown, Ireland. Picture, 8-2933
Queer and lowly creatures, * 19-7059-69
Queer plants, * 9-3261-68
Onentin Durward, by Scott, note on, 11.4070
Quercia, Jacopo della, Italian sculptor, 13-4606
Quesada, Gonzalo Kiminez de, Spanish adventurer. 19-6862
Questionarius, Roman fire marshal who fixed the hlame for fires, 9-315
Queues, long braids worn in China, 2-436
Quezal, bird, 9-3370-71
Picture, Mexican quezal (in color), 10-3623
Quiberon Bay, Battle of. Naval engagement between the British under Hawke and the French, in 1759, during the Seven Years' War. Risking his ships amone uncharted rocks while a gale was blowing, Hawke chased and attacked the French and utterly destroyed their fleet, thus preventing an invasion of England and giving England the command of the sea. Quiberon Bay is a small arm of the Bay of Biscay.


## Quicksand

Question about. What is the cause of quicksand? 9-3102

## GENERAL INDEX

Quicksilver, or mercury ( Hg ). The only metal that is liquid at ordinary temperatures. It is a heavy tinny-white metal with a tendency to separate into globules. It amalgamates easily with other metals. Although mercury sometimes is found uncombined, the main supply for commerce comes from cinnakar (sulphid of mercury), a cochineas-red mmerai. Spain, Austria and the United States have been the big producers, so far, of this metal.
action as a liquid, 3-o79
boiling point of, 8-3014
production in U. S., 9-3210
specitic gravity, 14-5038
use in barometers, 15-5 $286-87$
use in thermometers, 7-2648
uses of, 9.3210
Qucstions about
What is the stuff we call quicksilver? 4-1233 Why do our hands keep dry when dipped in quicksilver? 5-1608
Why does iron float on mercury and not on water? 16-5845
Why does quicksilver roll up into little balls? 2-688
Why does quicksilver run away when we touch it? 3-879
Quid pro quo. Latin expression for value for value, or value in return. Literally, "what for what."
Quill pens, notes and pictures, 10-3549
Quiller-Couch, Arthur, author, 11.3898
Quinine, medicine, 8-2909-10
Quinsswort, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4985
Quintianus, governor of Sicily, and St. Agatha, 6-1397
Quintilian, Marcus, Roman teacher, 14-5?47
Quitcla.m, The simplest form of transfer of a freehold, deriving its name from the ancient instrument of release whose words were "remise, release, and forever quitclaim." In many states it answers the purpose of either a release or a grant.
Qu.to. Capital of Ecuador, standing over 9,000 feet above sea-level among lofty volcanic mountains. It has a cathedral and a university and manufactures textiles, leather goods and jewelry.
Quo vadis? Latin for "whither goest thou?"
Quoits, Garden, game, 10-3764
Quorum. The Latin for "of whom." A legal and parliamentary term denoting the number of members of private and public corporations necessary for the transaction of business. In private corporations the number is fixed by the charter; in legislative assemblies by the Constitution, though sometimes left to the determination of the assemblies themselves.


Ra (or Re), Fgyntian sun-god. 3-810. 815
Rabbet, in picture frame, 4-1393
Rabbi. The Hebrew for "my lord." An honor ary title applied to Jewish teachers of the law In the time of Christ the title was used merely as a term of respect, but later it was restricter to those authorized to decide ritualistic and egal questions.
Rabbits, account of, 3-1134
drawing, trick picture, 19-6964
pest in Australia, 7-2468
Poem about. Sun was Falling off to Sleep, by Harold Begbie. 8-3007
Pinturfe. 3-1126. 1130
Eabolais. Francois, French author
life and writings, 18-6564
Gargantua. story of, 7-2484
Pirfure, portrait, 18-6564
Rabies, disease, cure discovered by Pasteur 15-5482
Raccoon, animal, 3-872
Pictures, 3-868:13-4698
Paccoon dog, 2-602
Rares
hoop rare, 12-4496
hop, skip, and Jump, 10-3769

Races (continued)
obstacle race, 10.3769
on sand, 17-6258

## Races of mankind

effect of geographical barriers, 6.2172
our duty to Nackward ones, 5-1674
Racine, Jean, French dramatist, 18-6711
kadcline, mars. Ann, writings ui, 6-2L57
Radiation of heat and light, ll-3૪3y
heac transmission, expianation, 15.5426 experiment to show, 2-6-3
Radiation pressure, explanation, 16-5809-10
acts contrary to gravitation, 14-5181
Radio Corporation of America
photoradiograms, 17-6372
Pictures, sending and receiving radiograms, 17-6371
Radio picture transmission, 17-6188, 6370, 6372
Radio telegraph, 17-6054, 6056, 6061
Marconi's invention of, 17-6247-48
use on ships, 12-4421
See also Radio telephone
Picture, diagram illustrating system, 17-6061

## Radio telephone

* Wonder of radio, 17-6363-73
and wire systems, 17-6370
directions for building
crystal receiving set, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 1 0}$
one-tube set, 1-335-36
short-wave receiving set, 13.4624
future uses of, 17-6370
how to prevent static, 17-6260
invention and ure, 17-6188, 6247-48
on auto trips, huw io use, 16-5977-78
transmitter, 17-6366
* Pictures, 17-6363-73
power house of a radio plant, 17-6367
sets on Canadian National Railway, 17-6369
Radio waves, explanation of, 17-6364
Radiograins, notes with pictures, 17-6371
Radiolaria. A group of microscopic animals forming an order of rhizopodous Protozoa. Found in the surface water of the ocean after death, their beautiful shells fall to the bottom and form "radiolarian ooze," They supply food for countless minute animals, which in turn supply the fishes.
Radishes, 7-2624
Pictures, 7-2620
sea radish (in color), 14-4981
wild radish (in color), $\mathbf{1 5 - 5} 611$
Radisson, Pierre Espxit (1620-1710?). French adventurer and explorer who explored North America as far west as the Mississippi and as far north as James Bay. Offered his service to the English and led an expedition into Hudson Bay. This was the start of the Hudson's Bay Company.
Radistchev, Alezander, Russian author,
19-6306-07
Radium
and heat of the earth, 2-387-88
and the atom, $12-4290$
in luminous paint, 8-3016
produces helium, 14-5084
where found, 2-388
Rae, Henrietta, British painter
Picture. Apollo and Danhne (gravure), 9-3231
Raeburn, Sir Henry, Scottish painter
life and work, 7-2330-31; 6-2112
Pictures
portrait, 7-2327
Lord Newton (in color), 7-2339
Portrait of a lady (gravure), 6-2115
Sir John Sinclair (gravure), 6-2115
Two Fergusons (gravure), 6-2120
Raffia, account of, 8-2788
haskets, how to make, 6-2042; 18-6638-39
Raffles, Sir Stamford, discovered Rafflesia arnoldi, 9-3266
Rafflesia arnoldi, largest flower, 1-332; 9-3266
Raft, toy, how to make, 11-4083
Rag carpet, how to make, 14-4997-99
Ragged Schools, and Dr. Guthrie, 17-6140
Rags-and-tatters, name for mallow, 14-4979
Ragusa, or Dubrovnik. Ancient port of Dalmatia, Jugo-Slavia, having been Greek, Roman and an independent repuhlic. It has a cathedral and many medieval buildings.

Picture, 17-6347
Ragweed. Pinture, 9-3396
Ragwort, weed
description, 15-5390, 5396

Ragwort（continued）
Ficture，15－j：i96
Pictures（in color），14－4996
marsh ragwort，16－5882
Rahere，court jester，16－5964
Railroad stations．Pictures，2－419－20
Railroads
＊history of inventions，5－1611－18
air－brakes，invention of，19－7212
Canadian National Railway，oil－electric engine，16－5678
early objections to，5－1616
effect on English life，7－2296
electric，account of，16－5804－06
in Australia，7－2468， 2470
in C＂anada
Canadian National Railways，4－1492
Canadian Pacific Railway，4－1491
in central Asia，18－6584， 6586
in France，11－3820－21
in Rhodesia，9－3052
in Russia，16－5852
in Spain，14－5048， 5050
in Switzerland，16－6008
in United States
Chicago，early railroads，19－7107
extent，10－3399
importance and total mileage，9－3218
to Pacific coast，18－6432
mail trains，8－2656， 2658
Pullman＇s inventions，19－7212
tracks invented for convenience，in coal－ mining， $3-790 ; 5-1614$
trains
＊Wonder of a train，2－405－20
first train，description，5－1616
first trains to run in England，5－1610
Questions about
Does the smoke of a train go the opposite way to the train？2－585
When I walk in a moving train do I move faster than the train？5－1811
Why are we thrown forward when the train stops sudrlenly＂．12－4595
Why does a man tap the wheels of a train at the station？16－5962
Why does a railway engine puff？15－5366
Why does the whistle change as the train comes nearer？11－4132
Pictures
early locomotives and trains，5－1610－11，1615， 1617
locomotives，tracks，trains，stations，etc．， 2－409－20；16－5797
mail train，8－2657
trains passing at night（in color），2－408
Rails，name for marsh－hens，14－5020
resemble penguins，11－4130
Pictures（in color），9－3283
Virginia rail，12－4371
Rails of railroad tracks
reason for space between，8－2742， 2881
Railton，William，designed Nelson Column， 12－4361
Railways，see Railroads

## Rain

＊account of，8－2921－24
cause of，8－2666
rainfall
effect of seasons on，8－2794
importance，8－2666－67
in tropics，8－2794
instrument for detecting，10－3626
thunder and lightning caused by，8－2924
For mes ahout
Rain in Summer，by H．W．Longfellow， 18－6649
Rain on the Roof，by Coates Kinney，11－4034
Gutstimes cthrmt
Could people live without rain？17－6290
How far does rain sink into the earth？ 11．4133
Is it a sign of rain when the smoke blows down the chimney？12．4279
Where does the rain go？6－2249
Why is a snowflake lighter than a raindrop？ 9－3101
Why is salt damp when it is going to rain？ 12－4506
Why is the rain sometimes heavy and some－ times light？17－6180
Rain－gauge，directions for making，10－3625－26
Rain that raineth every day，＊8－2921－28

Eain－water
Question about．Is it harmful to us to drink rain－water？1－310

## Rainbow

Greek myth regards as trail of Iris，9－3228
how produced，16－5810
Puems about
The Rainbow，by John Keble， 9.3107
The Rainbow，by William Wordsworth， 2－607
Questions about
How does the sun make a rainbow？ $13-4828$
How many culurs has the rainbow？7－2486
When we are lowking at a rainbow can ve（1）le set the wther side？6－ことう1
Where does the rainbow end？16－5958

## Raindrop

Qucstion about．Why is the shape of a rain－ drop round？11－3843
Rainfall，see Rain
Rainier，Mt
Pictures，7－2318；19－6849
Raisins，from California，6－2062
Picture，drying grapes，6－2066
Rajah．Originally a title of the princes of In－ dia who governed a territory；later a title given by native governments；and last by the British Government to Hindus of rank．Native princes are now frequently called Maharajah，or＂Great King．＂
Rajmahal，India
Picture，heights overlooking Banas River （gravure），8－2829
Rajputana．Group of 21 native states in central India；area， 130,000 square miles；chief towns， Jaipur and Ajmere．In the northwest is the Thar desert，the people being pastoral and no－ madic，but cereals and oil－seeds are grown in the south．
Rajputs，warrior caste of India，8－2821
Rake，meaning as nautical term，14－5004
Raleigh，Sir Walter
＊life of，14－4965－70
and Elizabeth Throgmorton，5－1812
and potatoes，7－2618
＊and Roanoke colony，17－6333－37：14－4966－67 and Tirsinia colony．6－14．？
attempted settlement in America，2－543
spread cloak for the Queen，5－1818
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Pictures
portrait，1－245
portrait（gravure），5－1821
portraits（in group），3－1117， 1122
episodes in his life，14－4958－59
two scenes in his life．5－1812
Raleigh．Capital of the State of North Carolina It is a large cotton and tobacco market．Amonis its manufactures are cotton goods，yarn，hosiery， underwear，structural iron，agricultural imple－ ments，cotton oil，fertilizers and woodenware． named for Sir Walter Raleigh．17－6337
Picture，Capitol building，17．6337
Ralph Roister Doister，first English comedy， 2－7：1
Rambler，by Samuel Johnson，5－1867
Ramboullet，Martuise cle
influence on French literature，18－6711
Rambouillet，breed of sheep，15－5576
Rameses II，king of Fgypt， 3.818
Picture，statue of（gravure），11－3878
Ramie，account of．8－2788
cloth from．5－1627
Ramona，by Mrs．H．H．Jackson，＊story of， 1－133－40
Rampion，flower
Pirturis（in（enlor）．14－1990 rounded－headed rampion（in color）

14－4995
Ramsay，Allan，Scottish painter，6－2112

portrait of his wife（gravure），6－2115
Ramsay，Allan，poet，6－2028
Ramsay，Sjr William
helium discoveries，11－3923
theory about smell，11－3956
Ramson，llow．r
Picture（in color）．14－4988
Rand，The，mining district in Transvaal，South Africa，9－3052
Ranclall．James Ryder，wrote Maryland，My Maryland，18－6513－14
Nif Hln l＇uetry Index fur poem and note

## GENERAL INDEX

Randolph, John, of Roanoke (1773-1833). An
American statesman, descendant of Pocahontas. Fought duel with Henry Clay
Rands, William Brighty, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Ranger, R. H., inventor
Picture, portrait, 17-6370
Rangoon, Capital of Burma and fourth largest Indian port. The export centre for the Irrawaddy valley, it has an immense trade in rice, teak, cotton, hides, and especially oil. Here is the Shwe Dagon pagoda.
Rankin, Jeannette, first woman member of Congress, 14-5272
Rapallo, Treaty of, 17-6348
Rape, as fudder plant, $7-2412$
Picture, great broom rape (in color), 14-4989
Raphael, Italian painter

* life and work, 3-959-60
as architect, 17-6300
Pictures
portrait by Pinturicchio (gravure), 3-964
Balthasar Castiglione (gravure), 3-964
figure to represent poetry, 1-216 fresco in Vatican. 3-157
* pictures of the Madonna (gravure), 3-961-64 Pope Julius II (gravure), 3-962
St. John in the Desert (gravure), 3-964
School of Athens in Pope's palace, $\mathbf{2 - 7 0 0}$
Raphael, Mary P., artis
Picture, Guinevere in the Nunnery Garden (gravure), 19-6948
Rarotonga, Cook Islands, 7-2576
Rasmussen, Knud, arctic explorer, 13-4722
Raspberry
flowering, account of, 15-5608
wild, 11-40こ0
Pictures. 6-2063
flowering raspberry, 15-5604
red la-pherry (in colur) $11-1023$
Raspe, Rudolf Erich, German scholar
* Adventures of Baron Munchausen, extracts, 4-1421-27
Rasselas, by Samuel Johnson, 5-1867
Ratel, animal, 3-873
l'irture. 3-4f!
Ratio. From the Latin for "reckoning." The relation between two similar quantities in respect to how many times one makes so many times the other.
Ratisbon, Germany
Picture, cathedral (gravure) 17-6170
Ratoons, new shoots of sugar cane, 7-2531
Rats
* account of, 3-1133-34
spread bubonic plague, 17-6424
Pacm about
Pied Piper of Hamelin, by Browning, 1-224 Pictures, 3-1129, 1131
Rats, Kangaroo, see Kangaroo rats
Rattan. A genus of East Indian and tropical
African palms with reed-like pointed stems sometimes several hundred feet long. Used for making bridges, plaited work, and chair-bottoms in native countries, and exported under the name of cane. The fruits of some species are good for food; another gives very fine "dragon's blood."
making basket from, 6-2042
Rattan-palm, sf Palms
Rattle, Xellow, flower
Pirtures. (in conlnr) 14-4993: 15-5399
Rattler, first warshin with a proneller
contest with Alecto, 17-6401
Rattlesnake flags, in American Revolution, 19-7182-83
Rattlesnake plantain, description, 19-6928
Rattlesnakes, varieties, and account of, 15-5416 Pictures with notes, 15-5415
Ravenna, Italy, 13-4566
and early Christian art, 2-580; 16-5716
Corsini Canal. with picture, 13-4573
Pictures, Mosaics in San Vitale church,
2-577, 581; (gravure), $\mathbf{1 - 7 0}$


## Ravens

account of. 8-2889-90
northern, account of, 14-5140
of North America, account of, 13-4766
Pictures, 8-2895; (in color) 9-3282
Raw materials, meaning of term, 9-3212
Rawlinson, Sir Henry Creswicke
discovery of Behistun Rock, 2-648; $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 4 8 : ~}$

Rayleigh, John William Strutt, 3u baron
experiments with sound, 17-6316
Raymond IV, count of Toulouse
and First Crusade, 7-2584-85
Rayon, imitation of silk, how made, 13.4828; 15-5310
Rays, fishes, 16-5774
Hictures (in color)
cuckoo ray, 16-5782
shagreen ray, 16-5181 starry ray, 16-5781
Razor-bills, auks, 11-4126
Pictures, 11-4125; (in color) 9-3284
Razor-shells, molluscs, description, 19-6888
l'ictures, 19-6886, 6891; (in color) 19-6 14:
Re (or Ra), Egyptian sun-god, 3-810, 815
Reaction. In psychology, a term used to denu. response to stimuli of the senses; in chemistry, the mutual action of chemical agents upon one another; in dynamics, a force called into being along with another force, being both equal and opposite to it.
Read, Albert C., aviator, 1-176
Read, T. Buchanan, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Reade, Charles, English novelist, 11-3894
Picture, portrait, 11-3891
Reading, Rufus Isaacs, 1 st earl of
note and portrait, 19-7165
Reading. Iron- and steel-manufacturing city in
Pennsylvania in an important coal-field.
Reading, England
Abbey, grant of land, 5-1566
Reading
games for learning, see Games, Educational
reading poetry aloud, 2-605
See also Books
For list of helps in learning to read, see 20-7645-46
Real estate. Land, including whatever belongs with it, as minerals, water, trees, buildings. fences, etc. It descends to the heirs of a de: ceased owner
Real master of the body, * 11-4065-68
Realms of gold, * 1-79-81
Reaping, invention of machinery for, 19-7210-11
Pictures, of reaper, 1-374; 7-2465
Reason. An idea acting as a cause to confirm a belief or induce an action; also used for the intellectual faculty of logic.

Question about. Is there a reason for everything that happens? 16-5740
Beaumur thermometer. A thermometer used largely in Germany and Russia. The scale between the freezing and the boiling points is divided into 80 degrees, zero being the freezing point.

See also 7-2648
Eebellion. War waged against a government by some of its citizens for the purpose of changing its composition, constitution or laws. In English history the Great Rebellion was the opposition to the Stuarts between 1642 and 1660 ; in Cnited States history, the Civil War.
Recall. To summon or cause to return or be returned, as to recall an ambassador, or a decree. Récamier, Madame

Picture, portrait, by David, 6-2078
Receipt. A written acknowledgment of having received something specified, with date, source, signature and such other particulars as the case requires. Receipt also written "recipe."
Reclpes, see Cooking-recipes; Candy-recipes
Reciprocity Treaty, United States and Canada, 1854-66, 4-1488
Reclamation Act, U. S., aided irrigation, 7-2546 Reclamation service. A department devoted to the improvement of land for agricultural purposes by draining or irrigation.
Reconstruction, after American Civil War, 7-2444
Recorde, Robert, first English astronomer, 1-205
Records of talking machines, see Talking ma-rhines-recnrds
Recreation. For list of main articles, see 20-7639 Recreation piers, N. $\bar{Y}$. city, 15-5624 Rectangle. A parallelogram which has four right angles.
Rectum, in body, 6-2085
Bed cedar, or savin. A tree native to North America. It grows in sandy or rocky places from Lake Champlain to the Gulf of Mexicn. Conical in form, it has horizontal branches, very

## GENERAL INDEX

Red cedar (continued)
small leaves and small bright blue berries. Used for lead pencils, fence-posts, etc.
keu cross
and Clara Barton, 14-5271
formation at Geneva, 16-6008
Question about. How did the Red Cross Society get its emblem? 18-65u7
Red-flowered currant, see Curlants-red-flowered
Red geese, see Flammgoes
Red gum, how to tell wood, 6-2048
Red-hot-poker, flower, 19-7172
ficture (gravure), 19-7175
Red Indian paint, see Bloodroot
Red Indian paint brushes, see Painted cups
Red-letter day. Saint's day or festival of the Church marked with red in the calendar; also any day happily memorable in the life of an individual.
meaning of, 18-6557
Red may, variety of hawthorn, 12-4384
Red-rattle, Marsh
Picture (in color), 16-5882
Red Riding-Hood doll, how made, 2-516-17
Red River. An American river rising in the Staked Plain, Texas, and flowing into the Mississippi River. 1,200 miles.
Red River. A navigable river rising in Lake Traverse, Minnesota. It crosses the international boundary between the United States and Canada, flows through Manitoba and empties into Lake Winnipeg. Its length, from its American source to its Canadian mouth, is 700 miles.
Red River, Canada
Riel rebellion of 1869-70, 4-1489
Red River hog, 5-1722
Picture, 5-1721
Red Sea. Arm of the Indian Ocean stretching 1.500 miles from Suez to the Strait of Bab-elMandeb. Its shores are arid and infertile, but since the opening of the Suez Canal it has become the chief route from Europe to the East. Suez, Port Sudan, Suakin, and Jiddah, the pilgrimage port of Mecca, are its chief ports.
cause of color. 15-5540
in Great Kift Valley, 2-585
Red-tails, birds, see Redstarts
Redbirds, see Cardinal-birds
Redbud, tree, description, 12-4386
Redgauntlet by Scott, note on, 11-4071
Redhead, duck, 11-3889
Redmond, John, Irish leader, 8-2940
Redpath, Mrs. Beatrice, Canadian poet, 14-5109-10
Redpolls, birds, 8-2973; 13-4832
Picture, nest and eggs, 8-2971
Picture, nest and eggs, 8-
Redshanks, birds
Picture (in color), 9-3130
Bedstarts, birds
account of, 9-3140
description, 13-4840
American
a warbler, not a thrush, 9-3140
description, 9-3279
Pictures, 9-3135
European (in color), 8-2897 nest. Showing cowbird's egg, 13-4765
Redwinged blackbird, 13-4766
Picture, 13-4833
Redwings, birds, 9-3140
Redwood trees, see Sequoia trees
Reed, Walter, physician, discovered cause of yellow fever, 15-5490
Pinture portrait, 15-5481
Reed-bird, name for bobolink, 8-2970; 14-5023
Re-d grass
Picture, with note, 10-365.3
Pirtures (in cnlor), 10-3523-24
Feedlings, Bearded, birds
Picture (in color), 8-2900
Reeve, Mrs. Winifred Eaton (Onoto Watanna),
anarian novelist, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 7 0}$
Boferendum. In politics, the referring of the acceptance or rejection of certain laws or legislative proposals to the direct vote of the electors.
in Switzerland, 16-6008
Reflection
frim TVAtpr. 3-9? 9
of light, laws of. 17-6081
Question about. Why do we see in a mirror things not in front of it? $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 3 0}$

Eofler action, explanation, 7-2612; 17-6289
tickling causes, 11-3978
Reform Bill, 1832 . English parliamentary measure which disfranchised rotten and pocket boroughs and gave members to large boroughs like Birmingham and Brighton. It also made other needed electoral reforms.
foundation of popular government, 7-2298
Reform schools. Penal institutions for young offenders where punishment is made secondary to reform. For both young men and young women there is constant training, physical, mental and industrial, to enable the prisoner to stand alone after his or her release, which is often made dependent upon progress made.
Reformation, Protestant
in England
Henry VIII closed monasteries, 5-1816
Queen Mary's opposition, 5-1817-18
in Germany, 11-3964
influence on German literature, 17-6268
in Switzerland, 16-6004
in the Netherlands, 15-5560, 5562
See also Luther, Martin; Wyclif, John
Reforms, Social, see Social reforms
Refraction, of light, 17-6081-82
and evesight, 10-3686
and hot-air current, 5-1751
experiment to show, 2-622
explanation, $12-4156$
illustrated by mirage, 5-1806
in looking across a fire, $5-1752$
shown by appearance of objects in water, 2-688
Regent. One who is given authority in the ab sence, minority or disability of the king; in the old universities a doctor who takes part in instruction or government; in the state of New York a member of the body known as the University of the State of New York.
Regiment. The largest permanent association of soldiers, consisting of any number of battalions according to the country and the arm of the service. It is the third sulifivision of an army corps, several regiments forming a brigade, and several brigades a division.
Regina. Capital and commercial centre of the Canadian wheat-growing province of Saskatchewan.
history, 4-149n
Registration. The act of recording in a register, such as the registration of deeds, of births. deaths and marriages, and the registration of votes. In the United States. Canada and England this last requires voters to register their names in books provided for the purpose in each election district, so as to prevent frauds.
Regulus, Roman senator
bravery of, 1-125
cantive in Carthage, 4-1362
Picture, 4-1365
Reichenstein, Castle of, legend about. 18-6504-05
Reichstadt, Duke of, see Bonaparte, Francis J. C.

Relchstag. German parliament, 11-3970
Reid, George A., Canadian nainter, 10-3702
Reid, Mrs. George A. see Wrinch, Mary
Reign of Terror, in France, 10-3568, 3570
Pictures, 10-?.j67
Nir also France-history-Revolution
Reindeer, 4-1:17-48
introdurest into Alaska. 16-5न!!?
Reindeer-hunters, Prehistoric, seee Man, Prehítwric alld primative.
Reindeer-moss, form of lichen. 3-882
Reis, Johann Philip, and the telerhone,
37-6241-12, 6184

Relativity, Theory of, 14-5181
Es'ap race, in water, $8-3,114$
Religion
Nen Prayer-Poetry: Hymins
For list of Religious Poems, gre 20-7680-81
Religion. Freedom of, in U. S. Constitution, 5-1792

## Religions

* Some founders of religions, 9-3085-98

Egypt, ancient, $3-810$. 812 . 814
infuence of Eastern literatures, 15-5459
of Micronesia, 9-3300
Spe algn Mriths and lecends
Rembrandt, Dutch painter, etcher and engraver

* life and work, 5-1709-12
compared with Hals, 5-1712


## GENERAL INDEX

## Rembrandt（rontinued）

＊Pictures，5－1713－16
portraits of himself，5－1713， 1716
Old Lady（gravure），1－68
Old Woman Cutting Her Nails，5－1708
Syndics of the Cloth－workers＇Guild，5－1709
Remington and Sons，makers of typewriters， 19－7214
Remus，brother of Romulus，4－1192
Remaissance
and French literature，18－6564
and Italian literature，17－6154
causes，3－823－24
changes during century before Shakespeare 3－1117－18
relation to fall of Constantinople，1453， 13－4800
Renaissance architecture，see Architecture， Penaissance
Renaissance art
＊Artists of Flanders，4－1221－28
＊Wonder men of Florence，2－691－99
Leonardo and Michelangelo，3－823－31
Raphael and his time，3－957－60 Nee ulso Painting，Italian
Reni，Guido，Italian painter，3－1108 Picture，Aurora（gravure），3－1110
Rennie，John，changed bridge－building，1－27
Reno，Nevada
description，8－2675
Pictures．8－2675 street scone，19－6847
Renoir，Auguste，French painter，8－2712 Pictures
Mardame Charpentier，8－2711 The Walk，8－2711 IIriting Tesson，8－2712
Rent，explanation，economic，17－6092－93
Repin，Ilya（or Elias）Yefimovich，Russian painter，8－2852
Picfures．Count Tolstoy in the Fields，19－6909 Letter to the Sultan，16－5697
Replevin．An action brought to recover posses－ sion of goods unlawfully taken or detained．A writ is issued for the seizure of the goods，and the plaintiff is required to file a sufficient bond to cover any damages that may result to the defendant．The defendant must return the goods if possible and does not have the option of pay－ ing their value instead．
Reproduction
fowls，12－4494
plant，2－506－09
in flowering plants，3－884－85
in flowerless plants，10－3721
in ferns，4－1232
in hair－cap moss，with pictures，4－1279
in liverworts，mosses and terns forypto－ gams），3－884
Sef also F＇lowers－fertilization of：Seels lictures
in ferns，3－1015
in seaweerds，3－883

## Reptiles

＊The extraordinary snakes，15－5409－16
＊Marvelous rentile family，14－5227－35
（haracteristics of，1－258
nrders of，14－5228
similar to birds，8－2757
Piclures
brain of reptile，8－2943
crocodile family，14－5226
lizards，14－テン31，5थ3？
snakes，15－5409，5411，5413－15 tortoises and turtles，14－5227， 5235
Reptiles，Prehistoric，1－258：14－5227－28 account of，4－1176
in Mesozoic period，2－634
in Triassic period，4－1402
in Jurassir nerind，5－1555－47
In Cretaceous period，5－1660－61
with wings，8－2－5it
Republic，form of government acroisnt of．5－1－¢く
Republican Party，One of the majnr political par－ ties of the UVnited States，ormanized 1854－56．It was organized to fight the extension of slavery and nominated John C．Fremont for president in 1856．Because of Democratic division it elected Lincoln in 1860．Since the Civil War it has been on the whole the party of conservatism favoring a protective tariff，＂sound money＂and territorial expansion．It must not be confused

Republican Party（continued）
With the Republican party of Jefferson．See Democratic Party organized，7－2429－30
Research bureaus in stores，10－3674－76
Eeservoirs．Places where things are kept in storage；generally applied to large receptacles for fluids or gases，as the reservoirs where water is stored to supply a city．Crude oil is also kept in tanks or reservoirs
for New York water supply，14－5055－60
Resin，or rosin，product from pine，9－3151
Resolute，ship．Picture，12－4414
Resonators
examples of，19－6853
shell，5－1608
tuning fork，14－4952
explanation of， $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 1 0}$
for human voice，19－6853－54
Pirture，with note，19－6851
Respiration，see Breathing
Rest－harrow，flower
l＇icture（in color），14－4982
Resurrection plants，7－2515
Betainer．One who is kept in service，an at－ tendant．In law，the employment of a lawyer to prosecute or defend an action or represent a per－ son．Also applied to the fee paid to a lawyer at the first consultation in order to secure his services，and forming a part of the whole fee．
Retina，of eye，11－3801－04
temporary blind spot，14－4950
Picture，portion magnified，11－3801
Retorts，tubes in gas－making，2－636
Pictures，2－637， 640
Retrievers，hunting dogs，2－718－19
l＇irtures，2－719：（gravire），2－713
Reval，or Tallinn．Capital and chief port of Esthonia，exporting flax and cereals．There are a cathedral and medieval guild－houses．
Revenge，ship，fight with Spaniards，13－4739； 14－4965
Poem about．The Revenge，by Lord Tennyson， 13－4739－40
Revere，Paul
ride to warn colonists，4－1163
Poom about．Paul Revere＇s Ride，by IT．W． Longfellow，15－5649
lictures
grave of，18－6834
home of．18－6832
Revillon Frères，trading in Canada，12－4340
Revolution，American
＊history，4－1157－74
＊Two spies of the Revolution，11－3995－97
Canada，events in，3－942
causes，4－1157－62
flass used，19－7182
influence in France，10－3564
naval battles，17－6325－28
terms of peace treaty，5－1695－96
Washington took command of army，3－1040
Porms about
Concord Hymn，by R．W．Emerson，11－4032 Independence Bell，15－5648
Nathan Hale，by F．M．Finch，4－1381
Paul Revere＇s Ride，by H．W．Longfellow， 15－5649
Song of Marion＇s Men，by W．C．Bryant， 11－4032
Pictures，4－1160－74
Revolution，French，see France－history－Revo－ lution
Fevolver．A revolving firearm，specifically a pistol，which formerly had a barrel provided with a number of bores．To－day it has a single barrel with a revolving cylinder at the base con－ taining a number of chambers which are brought automatically into relation with the firing mech－ anism for rapid fire．Six is the common number of chambers．The first practical revolver was made by Colonel Colt in the United States．
Reykiavik，capital of Iceland，15－5298
Reynard the Fox，medieval story
adventures of Reynard，8－2965－66
evtract from story，18－6561
Reynolds，Sir Joshua，English painter
＊life and work，6－2109－11；7－2332
Pictures
portrait of himself．7－2335
in Chippendale＇s．workshop，18－6769
in two groups，7－2333
with father，15－5616

Reynolds, Sir Joshua (continued)
Pictures (gravure)
Lavinia, Countess Spencer, 6-2117
Lord Althorp, 6-2119
Lord Heathfield, 6-2120
Miss Bowles, 1-68
Mrs. Siddons as the Tragic Muse, 6-2113
Portrait of Master Hare, 6-2118
Pictures (in color)
Age of Innocence, 7-2340
Lady Cockburn and Her Children, 7-2338 Miss Bowles, 7-2340
Reynolds-Stephens, W., British artist
Picture, In the Arms of Morpheus (gravure), 9-32311
Rhadamanthus, judge of the dead, 9-3238
Rheas, birds, 13-4656-57
lictures, 13-4654-55
Rhebok, animal, 4-1444 Picture, 4-1445
Rheims, or Beims. A city of Champagne, France, with a great trade in wine and an extensive textile industry. Its Gothic cathedral was irreparably damaged by the German bombardments, 1914-18, but the main structure is still standing.

> cathedral, 17-6159

Pictures, cathedral, 8-3011; (gravure), 17-6166 Bheingrafenstein, Castle of, legend of, 18-6507
Eheinstein, Castle of, legend about, 18-6504-05 licture, 18-6505
Rhetoric. The art of using technical means for influencing the minds, imagination and actions of others by the use of language. It is the art of oratory, including both composition and delivery; it is also written composition and recitation.
Rheumatism. An acute or chronic disease characterized by local inflammation. It may involve the joints or the muscles. Common in moist and temperate climates, it is generally considered due to some toxin produced in the system. Exposures to wet and cold and sudden chilling bring it on. For the treatment of acute rheumatism rest in bed is imperative, with strict control of diet and application of heat. Chronic rheumatism is best treated locally by friction with stimulating liniments.

## Rhine River

course of, 15-5555
description, $12-4162$; 16-6000

* legends of, 18-6503-07
mud carried by, 7-2538
source, Toma See, $\mathbf{1 7 - 6 0 8 9}$
Poem about. The Lorelei, by Heine, 6-2035
Pictures, 17-6409 at Bincen, 12-4165
Rhine Valley and Great Rift Valley, 2.585
Rhinoceros
* account of. 5-1828-30
ancient superstitions about, $\mathbf{1 . 3 5 4}$ horn supposed to be medicinal, 5-1829 charactoristics 5-1く?, Pintures. 5-1825. 1827, 1831
Rhode Island. The smallest state in the Union; area, 1,248 square miles; capital and largest city, Providence. Textile-manufacturing is the leading industry, and jewelry is important. AbbreVirtior P I Nickname "Little Rhodv" or "Plantation State." Flower, violet. Motto, "Hope." First settlement, Providence, 1636. described in Northeastern States, 10-3401-08:

11-3773-82; 12-4145-54
early history (arranged chronologically) colony founded, 2-550
Anne Hutchinson in, 14-5268
signers of Declaration of Independence, 20-7.
not in Constitutional Convention, 20-7558 slow tr, ratify ("onstitution. 20-75fo
manufactures, importance of, 11-3774, 3778,

$$
87 \times 2
$$

stars on early flag, 19-7182-83
Pirtures
flag (in color), 19-7190
John Hay Library, Brown University, 12-1?12
Newnort, views of, 12-4148
Rhode Island College, frirmer name for Brown University, 12-4308
Rhode Island reds, breed of poultry, 12-4492. 4494
Picture (in color), facing 12-4492

Bhodes, Cecil, life, sketch of, 1.74
Pictures, monument, grave, home, etc., 9-3051
Bhodes, James Ford, American historian, 13-4823
Rhodes. Mediterranean island famous as the headquarters of the Knights Hospitallers in the Middle Ages. It was ceded to Italy in 1920. government of, 18-6458
Ehodes, Colossus of, see Colossus of Rhodes
Rhodes scholars
Question about. What are Rhodes scholars? 1-74
Rhodesia, Africa, 9-3052
玉hododendrons, shrubs
account of, 13-4783
note on, 13-4774
of Pacific coast, 19-6937-38
Pictures, 13-4774; 19-6937
flower (gravure), 19-7176
Rhombus. A quadrilateral figure whose four sides are equal and opposite sides parallel, but whose angles are unequal, two being obtuse and two being acute.
Rhone, French river, 11-3816
source, 16-6000
Rhubarb, account of, 7-2616
used as medicine. 8-2910
Picture, Turkey rhubarb (in color), 8-2999
Rhyme, use in poetry, 1-99-100, 216
Rhymes, game of making, 18-6518
Rhythm
in pictures. 8-2710
in poetry, 1-321; 2-605
Rialto Bridge, Venice, 4-1458
Picture (gravure), 17-6304
Ribera, José (Spagnoletto), Spanish painter, 4-1496
Picture, Adoration of the Shepherds, $4-1494$
Ribs, fracture of, 13-4847-48
Riccardi Palace, Florence, 17-6298
Pictures (gravure), 17-6308
Rice, James, novelist, 11-3898
Rice, cereal
account of, 5-1854, 1856
as food, 7-2424
bread made from, 1.372
cultivation, 5-1623
Pictures, 5-1850
cultivation in the Philippines, 7-2551
fields of, 5-1853-57
grinding in stone jar, India, 8-2697
irrigation in Java. 7-25.5
Japanese rice-cleaner, 2-571
threshing of, 9-3189
Rice-birds, name for bobolinks, 8-2970
Rich treasure that is ours, * 1-61-72
Richard I, the Lion-hearted, king of England life and reign. 5-1.570
fleet of, 11-3916
found by Blondel in prison, 16-5827-30
in Third Crusade, 7-2587
Pictures
entering Joppa, 7-2585
meeting with Salanin 7-2589
Richard II, king of England
life and reign, 5-1683
ahlicalion. 5-1bi
Pirfure riving up his crown, 5-1678
Richard III, king of England
killed princes in the Tower, 1-147-49
Richards, Theodore W. (1868- ). Foremost
American chemist; in 1914 he won the Nobel
Prize.
Richardson, Henry Hobson, American architect, influence. 18-6682, 6684
Capitol building, Albany, 11-3779
Richardson, John, Canadian author


* Wacousta, quotations and summary, 9.3141-49

Richardson, Samuel, English novelist
iffe and writines. 6-2 $13-$-.
Picture, purtri:1, 6-:̈..
Richelieu, Cardinal, a< a statpsman, 10-3136 and colonies in Canada, 2-680
Richier, Ligier, French sculptor, 13-4700
Richmond, Sir W. B., British artist
Picture, Venus and Adonis (gravure), 9.3232
Richmond Castle
1egrend of King Arthu's grave 17-f.324
Richmond. Capital of Virginia, trading largely in tobacco; varied industries. The capital of the Confederacy in the Civil War, it has many

## GENERAL INDEX

Richmond (continued)
fine buildings and monuments and a splendid cathedral.

Pictures
Capitol Square, 14-4900
original Capitol, 7-2441
St. John's Church, 18-6830
White House of Confederacy, 14-4893
Richter, Christian, artist
Picture, miniature of Oliver Cromwell (gravure), 1-67
Richter, Davis, English painter, 8-2860
Richter, Gustave, German painter
Picture. Portrait of George Bancroft, 13-4822
Richthofen, Baron von, German aviator, 17-6293
Ridales, 18-6521, 6640-41, 6781
in rhyme, 15-5511
Riders on the wind, * 1-167-84
Ridley, Nicholas. Bishop of London; born, Northumberland, about 1500; burned, Oxford, 1555.

Riel, Louis, and Riel rebellions, 4-1489
Eiemenschneider, sculptor of Wurzburg, 13-4699
Rifle. A firearm having a barrel with a spirally grooved bore, which imparts to the bullet a rotation whereby its flight is rendered more nearly accurate. Formerly muzzle-loaded, then breechloaded and now self-loading, the hunting rifle of to-day, though differing in detail, is practically of one type.
Rifle bircls, 8-2.
Rift Valley, see Great Rift Valley
Riga. Capital of Latvia, on the Dwina. A cathedral city and a great commercial centre and port, it manufactures cottons, tobacco, hardware, glass, paper and jute.
Rigaud, Hyacinthe. Fiench artist, 5-1876
Rigel, star, 11-3786, 3924
Riggs, Mrs. K. D. Wiggin, see Wiggin
Right of way. In law, the right to pass over land. Also denotes the path or road over which a right of way may be exercised. Twenty years open exercise of a right of way makes it permanent.
Riley, James Whitcomb, American author, 13-4819
See ulso Poetry Index, for poems and notes Picture, portrait, 13.4821
Riley Memorial Park. Picture, 13-4821
Rilo Monastery, Bulgaria
Picture, 14-4925
Ring and the Book, by Robert Browning
criticism of, 10-36.91
Ring-taw, game with marbles, 17-6389
Ring-toss, game, making board and playing, 14-5117
Ringhals, snake, description, 15-5414
Rings
Qurstion about. Why do all married women Wear wedrling rinss: 7-2 10
Rio de Janeiro, description, 19-7047
water power, source of, 15-5430
Pictures, 19-7041, 7047
Rio Grande, a river in the southern part of North America. Rising in southwestern Colorado, it flows south across New Mexico, then southeast to the Gulf of Mexico, forming the boundary between Texas and Mexico. Near its mouth are Brownsville, Texas, and Matamoras, Mexico. Much of its water is drawn off for irrigation in New Mexicn. The river is $1 \times 00$ miles long and can be navigated by small boats for ahout 450 miles from the month.
Riot. A form of criminal offense against the public peace when three or more persons meet to act violently and tumultuously. In common law the offense is a misdemeanor; if it causes loss of life or serious bodily injury, it is a felony. If the riotous enterprise is directed against the government, the offense is treason.
Rip Van Winkle, hv Wachington Irving, extracts,

* 12-4481-85: 13-4559-62

Riparian rights. The rights under the law of owners of land containing a watercourse or bounded by one, to its banks, bed and waters. In common law the rights of an owner adjacent to water extend to the middle of the stream: those of an owner whose land contains a stream are absolute unless they inflict injury on other riparian owners.

Ripon Falls. Picture, 7-2541
Risso's dolphin, Pelorus Jack, 6-2220
Picture, 6-2219
Rivadavia, Bermardino, Argentine statesman, 19-7034

## River under a city, * 14-5055-60

Rivers

* Rivers and the seas, 7-2537-38
action in formation of earth, 2-629
formation of deltas, 5-1607
in mythology, 9-3236
lower land by carrying mud to sea, 2-630
Poems about
The River, by F. G. Scott, 10-3481
Tide River, by Charles Kingsley, 5-1646
Questions about
Why can we not see the bottom of a river? 10-3580
Why does a river curve and twist rather than run straight? $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 4}$
Pictures, 7-2540
Rivers and the seas, * 7-2537-42
Riverside, California
Sherman Institute, notes and pictures, 19-7243
Riveting, description, 2-748
Riviera. French and Italian resort on the Med iterranean; sometimes called the Côte d'Or. Chief tuwns, Nice, Monte Carlo, Mentore, Cannes, Kapallo.
Riviere, Braton, British painter
Picture, Apollo (gravure), 9-3230
Rivulus, ish. Picture (in color), 16-5785
Rizzio, David, murder of, 12-4214
Road
Question about. Why do two sides of a road
Roadrunners, birds, 14-5022 distance? 14-5222
Roadrunners, birds, 14-5022
California, belong to cuckoo family, 10-3501
Picture, 10-3499
Roadside plants and weeds, * 15-5387-5400
Roanoke Island, North Calolina
lost colony of Sir Walter Raleigh, 14-4966-67; 17-6333-37
Rob Roy, first steamboat from Glasgow to Beliast, 17-6402
Rob Roy, novel, by Scott, note on, 11-4071 Robber crabs, climb trees for food, 16-5954 Robbia, Andrea della. Florentine sculptor, nephew and pupil of Luca della Robbia; born, 1437; died about 1528; father of four sculptor sons.

Pirtures of sculpture (gravure), 13-4612
Bobbia, Giovanni della, Italian sculptor, 5-1740
Picture of sculpture (gravure), 13-4612
Robbia, Iuca della, Italian sculptor

* life and work, 5-1740
work and influence, 13-4606-07
firturs
portrait, 5-1735
angels (gravure), 5-1748; 13-4615
singing gallery (gravure), 13-4611, 4616
Robert I, king of Scotland, sce Bruce, Robert
Robert III, king of ふiostland. 12-4上12
Robert II, duke of Normandy
and First Crusade, 7-2585
Robert, Hubert, French painter, 5-1882
Roberts, Charles G. D.:, Canadian author,

Nec also fretry minke, fur foem and note
Pirture, portrait, 14-5102 marshal; born, Cawnpore, India, 1832; died, St Omer, France, 1914. Led march from Kabul to Kandahar; defeated Boers at Paardeberg.
Roberts, $\boldsymbol{H}$. F., developed varieties of wheat, 4-14
Roberts, Theodore Goodridge, Canadian author, 14-711.
See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Roberts, William Carman, Canadian author, 14-5 107
Sce also Poetry Index, for poem and note
Robertson, James. ninneer
* life and work, 6-2196-97
settlen in Tennessef 6-1:306-08
Roberval, Jean Francois de la Roque, Sieux de
Robespierre, Maximilian Marie Isidore
in French Revolution, 6-2134
death of, 10-3570
Pictures, portraits, 6-2127; 18-6715

Eobin Rood

* Itotion Hood (story), 2-397-402

Robin Hood (play), 19-7078-79
Pictures, 2-397-401

## Robins

American

* account of, 13-4839
belong to thrush family, 9-3140
in western North America, 14-5137
Picture, 9-3135
English
account of, 9-3140
Pictuix, 9-31.,
nest, 9-313i
golden, see Orioles-Baltimore
mountain, name for varied thrush, 14-5137
winter, name for pine grosbeak, 13-4832
Poem about, Robin Redbreast, by William Allingham, 1-324
Pictures (in color), 13-484.
English robin, 9-3131
Eobinson, Andrew, designed fishing schooner, 11-405
Robinson, Edwin Arlington, poet, 14-5013-14
Robinson, Henry Crabb, cliaries of, 5-1727-2.
Robinson Crusoe, by Danjel Defoe
* extracts and summary, 2-665-75

Robusti, Jacopo, see Tintoretto
Roc, imaginary bird, 1-355
Rochefort, Belgium. Picture, 15-5504
Rochester. The third largest city in New York State, 7 miles from Lake Ontario, on the Genesee River. The city is well laid out, with many parks and fine luildings. Its chief manufactures are photographic apparatus, optical instruments, boots and shoes ivory buttons, carbon paper and typewriter ribbons.

## Rochester, kingland

Picture, cathedral (gravure), 16-5974
Fock cook, fish
Picture (in color), 16.5782
Hock salt, or massive salt. Occurs in sedimentary rocks as shales or sandstones. It is the chlorid of sodium called halite, and contains 60.41 per cent of chlorine and 39.50 of sodium. In the United States most productive deposits are in New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana and Texas. In Canada, near Windsor,

## Ontario.

Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep, song, origin of, 10-3608
Rockefeller, John Davison, Sr. (1839- ). American capitalist and founder of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, the Rockefeller Foundation, etc.
Rocket, flower
Pictures (in color)
purple sea rocket. 14-4981 sand rocket. 14-49R1
Rorkat. lnenmiritive $15 \cdot 5 ? 6$ f
Stephenson's invention, 5-1616, 1618 Picture, 5-1615
Rockfish, s-p Hass-striped
Rockland, Maine, electric plant, 18-6558
Rockling, fish
Pirturas
five-bearded rockling. 16-5779 three-bearded rockling (in color), 16-5782
Rockrose, flower
Pinture (in color), 14-4983
Rocks
and study of the earth, 6-2070
allufolls. from c..'4-minh, 2-63,
how to know, 17-6385-86
igneous, how made, 2-630
making a collentinn of, 13-4623
metamornlif ?-6."
varieties of, 3-773-75
sire alan fifuiney
fowstion "lomil Tinfes a rock hreather 9-?10? Pirluir the changing earth from atere to acre.
Rocky Mountain bee plant, 18-6656, 6658 Pirture, 18-6654
Ronky M untain fever, cance, $16-f, f 16$
Ronky Monntain goat, 4-1378
Pirture. 4-1373
Rocky Mnuntain National Park, Colorado, 18-6434
description, 7-2288
Pirturp. Chasm Lake, 7-2287
Bocky Mountain sheep, Bee Bighorns

## Rocky Mountains

Canadian, description, 1-114
description, 18-6434
flora of, 18-6661-67
Rococo, see Baroque
Rodents, animals, account of, 3-1127-34
Pictures, 3-1126, 1129, 1131
Rodin, Auguste, French sculptor, 13-4706 fictures
Age of Bronze, 13-4705
Burghers of Calais, 13-4704
Creation of Man, 13-4705
Rodrigues, island, 9-3184
Roebling, J. A., bridges built by, 1-29
Roebuck berxy, or stone bramble
Picture (in color), 11-4028
Roemer, Ole, measured speed of light, 10-3473
Roeskilde. Ancient Danish capital, in Zealand.
It has a 13 th-century cathedral.
Roger, Count of Thurn
and postal service in Tyrol, 8-265:
Rogers, Mrs. Grace McLeod, Canadian author, 15-537 0
Rogers, John, American sculptor, statuettes of, 14-4934
Rogers, Randolph, American sculptor, 14-4934
designed doors of U. S. Capitol, 5-1533
Fogers, Samuel, see Poetry Index for poems anil notes
Rogers, Capt. Woodes. English navigator; died, 1732; rescued Alexander Selkirk from Juan Fernandez.
Roggeveen, Jacob, visited Easter Island, 9-3296
Roland, legendary French hero
death of, at Roncesvalles, 18-6560
Song of Roland, 10-3430

## Roland, Madame

in French Revolution, 6-2134
Pictures
portrait, 6-2127
mocked in the prison grounds, 6-2129
Roland, Song of, 10-3430
Roller-skating races, N. Y. city, 15-5627
Rollers, birds, 9-3374
Picture, long-tailed roller (in color), 12-4372
Rolling log, trick in swimming. 8-?,n?4
Rollo, Ist duke of Normandy, and Charles the Simple, 10-3431
Rolt, Daniel, inventor, 16-574.
Roman Cathollc church, see Catholic church
Roman literature

* account of, 16-5907-13
writers of Allgustan age, 4-1199
Roman numerals. In the Roman system (for
symbols, see Tables, 20-7859) there is no zero: the value of the symbol is reduced by placing before it one of a lower order ( $\mathrm{IV}=4, \mathrm{XC}=90$ ); and the effect of a bar over the numerals is multiplicative $(\overline{X X X}=30,000)$. Like the Arabic, the system reckons in tens (the figures of two hands).
Romance of the Rose, French poem, 18-6562
Romanesque architecture, see Architecture, Pomanescrue
Romano, Giulio, Italian painter and architect, 17-6300
Romanofi dynasty, in Russia, 16-5692
Romans
bridges built by, $\mathbf{1 - 2 7}$
method of reckoning time, 11-4131
See also Rome, Ancient
Question about. How did the Romans measure distance? 2-463
Romanticism in French painting, definition, 6-2081
Rome (city)
burned by Gauls, 309 B.C., 4-1194
Farnese Palace, 17-6300
legend of fromnding. 4-? 162 , Rome, 4-1193, 1200 public buildings, anciert $P$
St. Peter's Chirch, 17-6309
situation, 4-1192
story about, Geese who kept guard, 11-3982
Vatican, see Vatican
Pictures
* famous buildings (gravure), 17-6302-08
* general views, architecture, sculpture, (gravure), 4-1201-08
Appian Way, 15-5340
interior of the Colosseum (gravure), 15-5353
St. Peter's Church, 8-3011: (gravure),
17-6305, 6308
tomb of Hadrian, 13-4565


## Rome, Ancient

architecture, see Architecture, Roman
calendar, explanation of, 5-1752
colonies and dependencies
colonies founded, 4-1194
colonies in Rhine valley, 11-3960
in Britain, or England, 4-1320-24
in Switzerland, 1 $1=6000$
flre department in, 9-3157-58
government, under Republic, 4-1193
government, under Empire, 4-1198
history (arranged chronologically)

* to barbaric invasions, 5th century, A.D., 4-1191-1200
Republic founded, 4-1193
* great men, to Empire under Octavius, 4-1361-68
Punic Wars, 4-1194-96
Empire established, 4-1199
* Empire, Octavius to Constantine, 5-1859-66 conquest by barbarians, 4-1200
influence on later nations, 4-1191
law, codes of, 13-4812
literature, see Roman literature
locks and lock substitutes, 6-2021
mills, puílic, 8-2796
mythology, see Myths and legends-Greek and Roman
newspapers, substitutes for, 7-2483
postal service, 8-2653
public entertainments, 4-1198
religion, see Myths and legends-Greek and Roman
sculpture, 12-4468, 4470
ships and navy, 4-1194; 11-3914
social conditions, under Empire, 4-1196, 1198
water power, development of, 8-2796
weakness of, 4-1196. 1198
writing materials, 10-3550
For list of related articles. see 20-75:9
Poem about. How Horatius Kept the Bridge, by Lord Macaulay, 10-3639
Pictures
battleship, 11-3913
chariot race in Circus Maximus, 10-3744
Goths entering Rome, 4-1195
Hannibal's army crossing Rhone, 4-1195
in England. 4-1314, 1318-24
money, 16-5680
Parthenon, 4-1197.
Rome. King of, see Bonaparte, Francis
Romeo and Juliet, play by Shakespeare
criticism, 3-836
story of, 16-5759-60
Pictures. 3-832, 837
Romilly, Sir samuel, opposed excessive punishments, 7-2296
Romney, George, English painter
life and work, 7-2334
characteristics of painting, 6-2111
Picture, portrait. 7-2327
Pictures (gravure)
Lady Craven, 6-2115
Mr. and Mrs. Lindow, 6-2114
Mrs. Mark Currie, 6-2114
Pictures (in color) Lady and Child, 7-2337
Lady Kerr, 7-2338
Romulus, legendary founder of Rome, 4-1192
Ronalds. Francis, invention of telegraph system. 17-6236-37
Roncesvalles, Battle of, 18-6560
Rondebosch, Africa
Picture, Rhodes Memorial, 9-3051
Ronsard, Pierre de, French poet, 18-6565
See also Poetry Index for porm and note
Röntgen, William, discoverer of X -rays
life, sketch of, 15-5484
discovery of X-rays, 16-5940
Röntgen rays, see X-rays
Rood, Thomas, early printer, 9-3386
"Roof of the World," in Asia, 18-6583
Roofs
Question about. Why is iron-roofing usually corrugated? 6-2124
Rooke, Sir Georee, cantured Gibraltar, 9-3181
Rooks, birds, 8-2890-91
Pictures, 8-2759
young rooks leaving nest, 8-2889
Picture, (in color), 8-2899


## Rooms

Question about. Why are the dons of rooms generally in a corner? 16-5962

Roosevelt, Theodore, president of U. S.

* life of, 19-7196-98
life, outline of, 11-3954
administration, 8-2672; 12-2044, 3949
and conservation of forests, 8-2804
and John Burroughs, 19-7058
mediation between Russia and Japan, 2-566
Pictures.
portraits, 19-7199
portrait (gravure), 11-3946-47
birthplace in N. Y. city, 19-7197
grave at Oyster Bay, 19-7193
Roosevelt, ship, in arctic exploration, 13-4720
Roosevelt dam, Arizona. Picture, 7-2552
Rooster fight, game, 18-6523
Root, Elihu (1845- ). Distinguished Amer-
ican lawyer, politician and diplomat.
Root, George F., song-writer, 18-6513
Eoots
of banyan tree, 9-3261
root-hairs, structure and use, 2-614
sensitive to gravity, 2-744
sensitive to moisture, 2-744-45
structure and work, $\mathbf{2}-614$
uses of, 2-613
value as fodder, 7-2412
value as food, $5-1624$
Question about. What makes the roots of a tree grow downward? 3-878
Pictures, 2-612, 615
cross-section showing root-hairs, 2-50 4
peculiarities of rubber tree, 4-1407 tree roots, 3-874
Rope, balancing on, 10-3426
* kinds, and manufacture, 11-3791-3800

Questions about
If we swing a rope why does it go on swinging? 10-3734
Why does a rope not lie straight when thrown on the ground? 8-2872
Pictures

* materials used, and manufacture, 11-3793
rope-walk, 11-3795, 3800
See also Knots
Eoper, Mrs. Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas More, story of, 14-5124-25
Roraima, MIt. Picture, 7-2318
Rorquals, whales, 6-2216
Picture, model of, 6-2217
Rory O'More, song, origin of, 10-3610
Rosa, Salvator, Italian painter, 3 -1108
Rosario. Great grain port and manufacturing
city of Argentina, on the Paraná.
Rosas, Juan Manuel de, Argentine dictator,
19.7034

Roscoe, William, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Roscommon, Ireland
Picture. Boyle Abbey, 8-2942
Rose, Gustave, German mineralogist, 19-7234
Rose Family, in botany, 13-4872
fruits belonging to, 6-2062
plants belonging to, 16-5876
sweet briar, 11-4019
trees belonging to, 12-4382-83
See also Roses
Rose-root, plant, 15-5602 Picture, 15-5605
Rosebay, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4987
Rosecrans, William Starke (1819-98). American general, born in Ohio. He graduated from West Point in 1842, resigned from army in 1854 , but fought in the West during the Civil War: defeated at Chickamauga and transferred; held several political offices after close of war.
at Chickamauga, 7-2436
Roserthal, Toby Edward, American painter Picture, Morning Hymn at Bach's, 19-7070
Rosenwald, Julius, philanthropist, note and portrait, 19-i166
Roses, flowers
cultivated, account of, 19-7169
field, seeds of, 11-40?0
galls produced by wasps, 17-6232
guelder rose, 11-4020; 17-6131
note and picture, 14-4972
Nutka rose, 19-6934
paper, how to make, 12-4500
perfume, attar of roses, made in Bulgaria. 14-4926
Poems about
Moss Rose, by Krummacher, 19-6987

Roses－Focms about（continued）
Kose and Root，by J．J．Platt，12－4348
Wild Rose，by Goethe，19－6987
Pictures
different varieties（gravure），19－7175－80
wild rose，19－6927
Pictures（in color）
Burnet ruse，14－1982
dog rose， $13-4880$
downy rose，14－4987
field rose，fruit of，11－4025
guelder rose，fruit of，11－4026 trailing rose，14－4992
Rosetta．Egyptian port 35 miles east－northeast
of Alexandria where the Rosetta stone was found．
Rosetta Stone，10－3548
description， $3-812,814,821$
Picture，10－3547
Rosewood，how to know，16－5982
Rosin，or resin
product from pine 9.3151
Ross，Betsy，made first American flag，6－2092： 19－7183
Picture，house in Philadelphia，13－6833
Ross，Sir James Clark
antarctic explorations，14－5n90
charted position of ragnetic polc，8． 988 Picture，portrait，8－9977
Ross，Sir John，arotic explorer，E－zass

Ross，Sir Ronald，discovered cause of malaria， 15－5490
Picture，portrait，15－5481
Rossbach，Battle of，11～1019
Rossellino，Antonio，Ita ian sculntor，13－1606
Rossetti，Christina，poetry of，12－423
Sif ulvo Poetry Ince fir pue．．．s and nutes
Rossetti，Dante Gabriel，British author and painter，8－2904
and Pre－Raphaelites，6－2236
poetry of，12－4230
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Pictures

The Annunciation（gravure），6－2240
Beata Beatrix（gravure），6．2237 Blessed Damozel，8－2？05
Rossini，Gioachino Antonio，Italian musical com－ poser，19－6924
Picture，portrait，19－6912
Rotation of crops，explanation，4－1453
avoidance by soil treatment，2－557
in North Central states，15－5282
Rothschild，Lionel Nathan，19－7162， 7164
Rotorua，New Zealand．Piclure，7－USO
Rotten boroughs．In Great Britain certain mu－ nicipalities which had had the right of returning a member to Parliament lost their population，or fell under control of members of the nobility and acted in elections only according to their wishes．These were disfranchised by the Re－ form Bill of 1832 ．
Rotterdam．Busiest port of Holland，with splen－ did quays and docks．It exports linen，flax， cattle and dairy produce，and has shipbuilding． sugar－refining，metal and chemical industries． Picture，railway bridge，15－5565
Rouen，French city，11－3818， 3821
cathedral，17－6159
Church of st fuen．note and picture 10．3574 Picture，cathedral（gravure），17－6165
Rouget de Lisle，anthor of Marseillaise 10－3605－06；18－6716
See also Poetry Index，for poem and note Pictures，portrait，18－6715 singing the song． $10-9565$
Rough Riders，cavialry regiment，19－7197
Roughing it in the Bush，by Susanna Moodie， ＊summary and quotations，16－5901－05
Roumania，see Rumania
Round Table of King Arthur，see Arthur，King ＂ulnd Tahl
Round the World in Eighty Days，by Verne
＊summary and quotations，12－4235－44
Rousseau，Jean Jacques
ideas and influence．18－6715
influence on education．14－5252
influence on French Revolution，6－2128
Picture，portrait，18－6559
Rousseau，Théodore，French painter 7－״370
Pirture．The Pond（gravure），7－2374
Routhier，Basile，see Poetry Index for poem and note

Rowan（Mountain ash），tree，12－4382
Pictures
fruit（in color），11－4027
tree，flower and leaf，12－4396
Rowboats，safety rule for，14－5179
Rowley，Mass．，first woolen mill in America，
15－ううs 6
Royal Academy，England
Sir founded．7－2328 first president，6－2110
Royal Canadian Mounted Police，＊16－5831－38
トレum uuout．Mounted Police，by R．W．Service， 15－5421
Pictures，16－5831－37
Ruyal George，ship，11．3918
lucm about．Loss of the Royal George，by Cowner．1－シ̈ン4
Royal Oais，The．The name given to the oak of Boscobel in which Charles II hid himself after the battle of Worcester in 1657.
Royal Society．Organized in London in 1660, one of the oldest scientific societies in Europe． Its present home is Burlington House．It awards four medals every year，one Copley for philosophical research，two Royal for the two most important contributions to science within the British dominions，and the Davy for the most important discovery in chemistry in Eu－ rope or British America．
Royal William，first steamship to cross Atlantic， 17－6402
Roybet，Ferdinand，French painter，8－2858
Royce，Jos ${ }^{\text {ah }}$（1855－1916）．American philnso－ rher，born at Grass Valley，Cal．Graduated from University of California，and after further study t ught at Harvard．H？muhlished many books， and was a member of many learned societies．
Rozinante，Don Quixote＇s horse，5－1629
Rッarehu，volcano in New Zealand，7－2574
Eubber
＊account of，4－1405－14；8－2790
＊preparation nf，4－1409－14
caoutchour，9－3261
（＇eara，4－1410；8－2790
Goodyear＇s inventions，19－7211
how discovered．4－1405
Maniçoba，4－1410
Para，8－2790
plants nroducing，8－2790
production of，statictics 4－1408
sensitive to temperature，4－1406
tapping the trees， $4-1406,1408$
uses of，4－1408
sre also Caoutchone
Question about．How does rubber rub out ink？ 5－1809
Pietures
＊growth and preparation，4－1404－14
man gathering rubber，4－1404
plant producing caoutchouc，8－2997
trees，and rubber plantation，8－2789
trees，strance roots，4－1407
Rubellite，see Tourmaline
Rubens，Peter Paul，Flemish painter，5－1585－86
Pirtures
（iarland of Fruit，5－1589
Holy Family，5－1．584
Mother and Child，5－1589
Painter＇s Sons，5－1589

## Rubicon River

crossing of，meaning，4－1366
Ousstion about．What do we mean by cross ing the Rubicon？18－6552
Ruble．Russian silver coin of the value of 100 kopecks，the unit of Russian coinage．
Rubric．Special passage in a book written in red；particularly directions for conduct of wor－ ship in liturgies，so printed as to be easily dis－ tinguished．
Ruby，accolnt of，19－7？？1－32
Picture（in color），facing 19－7225
Ruby－throated humming－bird，13－4831
Rubycrest．hird variety of warhler，9－3279
Ruccellai Palace，Florence，17－6298
Rudder，explanation，14－5002
in ancient Egyntian ships，11－3910
Ruddy，duck，11－3889
Rude Francois．French sculntor，13－4706
Rudolph of Hapsburg，German king，11－3963
heroism of．6－2007
rule in switgerland，16－6002
Picture condemning robber－knights，11－3967
Rue，see Meadow－rue

## GENERAL INDEX

Ruede, Iope de. Famous Spanish dramatist and actor; born, Seville; flourished 1544-67; founded popular national theatre.
Ruetli, three men of, 16-6004-05
Euffs, birds, 11-4012
Pictures, 8-2756: 11-4011
Rugby, kind of football, 19-6961
Rugs, directions for making
hand-woven, 14-4997-99
wool rug with canvas, 6-2265-66
Picture, hand-woven, 14-4997
Ruhmkorff coils, explanation, 16-5802
Ruhr. German tributary of the Rhine which contains in its basin the coal-mining district of
Westphalia. Here are the industrial towns of
Dortmund, Bochum, Essen, Mühlheim, Duisberg and Ruhrort.

French occupation of Ruhr valley, 11-3974
Fuisdael, Jacob, Dutch painter, 5-1590, 1592 Picture. Mill on the Dyke, 5-1587
Ruisdael, Salomon, Dutch painter, 5-1590 Picture Country Scene, 5-1591
Rule Britannia, song, origin of, 10-3606
Rumania
cities, 14-4922

* description, 14-4922
* history, 14-4918, 4922
maps, 14-4923; 17-6197
national hymn, 17-6253
oil production, note and picture, 13-4550
population, 5-1606
salt mine, 3-929
territorial changes since World War, 14-4922; 18-6458, 6462
portion added from Hungary, 17-6340
Pictures, 14-4924, 4928, 4931
Rumanians. A people of very mixed race who speak a language of mixed Latin and Slavonic origin. Many Roman colonists settled in Transylvania and Moldavia, especially in the 13 th century, on the break-up of the Byzantine Empire, but the Huns, Finns, Magyars and Slavs occupied these regions formerly. The nation to-day sets store by its Latin origin.
Rumelia, part of Bulgaria, 14-4926
Euminants, group of animals, characteristics, 4-1441
Rumsey, James, and invention of steamboat, 17-6398
Runeberg, Johan Ludvig, Swedish poet, 19.7014 See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Runes, from the Old Norse and Icelandic for letter, writing, secret, mystery. The alphabets used among the ancient Scandinavian peoples. The name is especially applied to letters carved on weapons or on stones which are found in Scotland and Ireland and in other maritime regions of Europe as well as Scandinavia. It also is used for a short sentence of mystic meaning which holds some of the wisdom of old philosophers of the Northlands.


## Running

Question about. Why तo we get out of breath when we run? $\boldsymbol{7}-2$ r1n
Rupee. A silver coin of India divided into 16 annas of 12 pies and worth about 32 cents
Rupert, Prince of the Palatinate in English Civil War. 11-3850
Pieture, portrait, 11-3845
Rupert's Land, Canada
granted to Hudson's Bay Co., 12-4338
invasion by the French, 12-4338
sold to Canada by Hudson's Bay Co., 4-1489
12-4340
Enral Free Delivery, explanation of. 8-2658 Pirtures. 8-2660
Rnrik, Viking king of Russia, 15-5292; 16-5691
Rush, William. American somlphtor 14-7.9?? Picture. The Nymph of the Schuylkill,

14-493:
ush, Flowering. description, 16.5876 note on, 16-5874
Pictures. 16-5874; (in color) 16-5883
Ruskin, John

* life and writings, 9-3211, 3214-16
* King of the Golden River, story, 6.2221-28; 7-2343-50
note on, 6-2221
quotation about wealth, 14-5246 Pictures
portrait, with narents, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 6}$
as a boy, in church, $9-3315$
copying Giotto pictures, 9-3311

Russell, Bertrand, English mathematician
on sound and light waves, 16-5812
Russell, Clark, writer of sea stories, 10-3608
Russell, Henry, song-writer, 10-3608
Picture, portrait, 10-3605
Russell, Horne, Canadian painter, 10-3703
Russia
agriculture, 16-5852, 5854
art, 8-2851-52
churches, under Soviet rule, 16-5858
cities, 16-5858-59
climate, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 4 8}$

* description, 16-5847-59

Duma, or Parliament, established, 16-5696
emblem, double-headed eagle, 16-5691
forests, 16-5854

* history, 16-5691-96

Napoleon's invasion, 6-2207
Crimean War, 7-2299
land-ownership system, 16-5854

* literature, 19-6905-11
map, 16-5690
mines and minerals, 16-5854
physical geography, 16-5847-48
population, 5-1605; 16-5847
races, 16-5850
railroads, 16-5852
republics of, 16-5850
salt beds, 3-928
serfdom of peasants, 16-5692
freeing of serfs, 16-5694
song, Hymn of Free Russia, by Balmont, 17-6253
soviet government, 18-6463
established, 16-j696
Spencer, Herbert, inlluence on, 2-595
territorial losses, recent, 16-5847; 18-6463 map of, 16-5650
W'hite Russians, 16-5850
P'ictures, 16-5691-97, 5849-57
Russian language, origin of alphabet, 10-3548 Russias. Divided into Great, Little and White Russias, this Slav nation is the most numerous next to the English. The vast majority are peasants. Those in Siberia are the best type. As a race they have assimilated the Mongol elements which existed previously in Eastern Europe
Russo-Japanese War, 16-5696
Russo-Turkish War. The war in 1877-78 in which Russia tried to extend her dominions toward the Mediterranean. Russia was successful, and the Treaty of San Stefano was signed March 3, 1878 . But the Furopean powers were unwilling to allow Russia the additional territory gained, and a congress was called at Berlin for a new settlement.
Rust
composition of, \&-1356
preventing and removing on tools, 2-628
preventing on nails and screws, 11-4079-80
reason it weakens iron, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 7 8}$
removing stains of, $2-618$
Rustchuk. Bulgaria, 14-4926
Rustic furniture, how to make, 13-4736
Ruthenes. Also known as Ruthenians, Red Russians, or Rusniaks, this Slav people inhabit East and Central Galicia, North and West Bukovina, a part of Poland, and the valleys of the Carpathians in the east of Czecho-Slovakia. They are a very poor and backward peasant people.
Rutledge, Ann, and Limenln. 3-10 19?
Poem about. Ann Rutledge, by E. L. Masters, 4-1514
Picture, grave, Petershurg, Ill., 3-1049
Ruyter, Michael de. The greatest Dutch admiral; born, Flushing, 1607; died. Syracuse, Sicily, 1676 ; sailed up the Thames and Medway in 1667
Byder, Albert, American painter, 10-3455
Picture. Tnilers of the Sea (gravure), 10-3462 Rye, grain, 5-1852
bread made from, 1-372
Picture, 5-1850
Rye grass, description, 7-2410: 10-3650 Picturps. 10-3650: (in color), 10-3522
Ryerson, Egerton, first general superintendent Ryswick, Peace of, 1697 . Treaty sicned by England, France, Spain, Holland and Germany, ending conspiracy between Louis XIV and the Stuarts.


## GENERAL INDEX



Saadi, Persian poet, 15-5463
Saale, German ship, fire on, 9-3162, 3164
Saar valley. One of the chief German coalfields, pledged to France after the World War. Sabbath, see Sunday
Sabbatias, plants, 14-5165
Sabine River. American river, rising in northern Texas; flows into the Gulf of Mexico. 460 miles.
Sabines, and Romans, 4-1192
Sable, animal, 3-87?
Sable Island. A dangerous island off the coast of Nova Scotia. It has been called the "Graveyard of the Atlantic" because of the ships wrecked on its shore.
Sabotage. F'rench word implying deliberate damage to material, machinery and so on by men on strike, with the object of injuring their employers and bringing them to terms. The word (from sabot) originally meant "shoemaking."
Sabots, wooden shoes, in France, 11-3821
Sac-fish, 16-5900
Sacajawea (1790-1844). A squaw of the Shoshone tribe who rendered great service for the Lewis and Clark Expedition across the continent. A peak in the Bridger range is named for her.
Saccharine, made from by-products of coal. 2-636
Saccharose, name for common sugar, 10-3416
Sachs, Hans, German author, 17-6268
Sack race, game, 6-2164
Sackville, Thomas
author of Gorhoduc, 2-721
Sacramento. Beautiful capital of Californis. In the centre of a fruit-growing and farming aistrict.
licture, Sutter's Fort, 6-1923
Sacramento River. American river, rising near Sisson, California; flows into Suisun Bay. 600 miles.
Sacrum, end of backbone
reason for name, $5-1563$
Sadi, ser saadi
Sadowa, Battle of, 11-3970

## Safety

in rowboats, rule for, $\mathbf{1 4 - 5 1 7 9}$
Question ulorit. What does "safety first" mean? 10-3579
Picture, Stop, look and listen! 2-405
Safety-deposit vaults
Pirtures, with notes, 6-2025-26
Safety devices, on elevators, 4-1218
Safety-lamp invented by George Stephenson, 5-1616
Safety-matches, see Matches
Safety valve, invented by Papin, 17-6398
Saffron, flower
Picture, meadow saffron (in color), 15-5612
Sagadahoc, Maine, attempted settlement, 2-544
Sagas, 心umdinavian, 19-inn!-10
Sage-brush. A dry, shrubby and bushy plant (botanical family, Artemisia), found on the dry and alkaline areas of the western United States. Some species grow as high as twelve feet. Though in appearance sace-brush resembles sace, it is not commereded with that family of plants.
Saggers, in pottery-making, 5-1668
Sago. A starchy food obtained from the spongy and shotimons interior, or lith. of the trunks of seyeral kinde of palm trees
Saguenay River. Pirfure. 1-155
Sahara, Desert of 6-2170
description of , 7-2416, 2421
huts in. 5-1657
travel in, 18-6808
Pirtures. 7-2417: 18-6731, 6739,6742
Saicta, animal, 4-1444
Sallfish. Picture (in color), 16-5786
Sailing
fastest record for day, shim Lightning, 11-3920
tacking, explanalinn of, 2.455
Sire alur Buats: Slıips
Sailor, Figure of
directions for making, 9-3254

Sailors
skill of early Newfoundland sailors, 8-2980
Pobms about
Gray Swan, by Alice Cary, 6-2149
Henry Hudson's Last Voyage, by Henry Van Dyke, 11-4109
Inchcape Rock, by Robert Southey, 7-2527
Loss of the Royal George, by William Cowper, 1-324
Officer's Grave, by H. F. Lyte, 5-1781
Tom Bowling, by Charles Dibdin, 5-1781
Wreck of the Hesperus, by H. W. Longfellow, 1-103
Question about. Why does a British sailor salute the quarter-deck? 4-1354
Sailors' knots, see Knots
Saint (or St.), see name of saint
Saint, Thomas, and invention of sewing machine, 19-7212
St. Agnes' Eve
Poem about. St. Agnes' Eve, by Tennyson, 19-6874
St. Anthony, Newfoundland
Dr. Grenfell's mission, 7-2500
St. Augustine, Florida, 1-246
historic spots, notes and pictures, 18-6828
oldest settlement in the U. S., 18-6825
St. Barlaam, Monastery of, Picture, 14-4920
St. Bartholomew, Lake of, Bavari乞
Picture, 12-4163
St. Bartholomew the Great, church in London, 16-5964, 5966
St. Bartholomew's Day, Massacre of, 10-3434, 3436
St. Bernard dogs, 2-710, 718
story of Barry, 16-5736
Pictures, 2-710: 16-5738; (gravure) 2-714
St. Calixtus, catacomb of, 2-576, 578
St. Christopher, island in West Indies
settlement by English and French, 19-7099
St. Croix, island, bought by U. S. from Denmark, 8-2672
See also Virgin Islands
St. Croix River, Canada, discovery, 2-679
St. Croix River, U. S.
Pieture, 15-5283
St. Denis. Northern suburb of Paris, with flour and cotton mills, chemical and dye works and manufactures of machinery. Here is a magnificent abbey, the burial place of most of the kings of France.
abbey, 17-6156
St. Domitilla, catacomb of, 2.576
St. Elias, NLt., discovery by Bering, 16.5789
height, 1-154; 7-2313
St. Etienne. Important industrial town in the second largest French coal-field, 36 miles west of Lyons. It has a great iron and steel industry, besides manufacturing silk, velvet and ribbons.
St. Francis Lake, Canac?a. 6-196n
St. Francis River. American river, rising in St. Francis County, Missouri; flow's into the Mississippi. 460 miles.
St. Gall, Switzerland, monastery, 16-6002
Saint Gaudens, Augustus, American sculptor, 14-4936-37
Pictures
statue of Lincoln, 14-4932
Stevenson relief, 11-3899
St. George's Channel. Passage separating Wales from Ireland and connecting the Irish Sea with the Itlantic.
St. Germain-en-Laye, Treaty of
terins in America, 2-6in-8 Gothard Pass. Highway through the LeSt. Gothard Pass. Highway through the LeThe railway from Jucerne to Milan is carried henesth it hy it series of tunnels with a length of 91 miles. 6.935 fept
St. Helena. British island and coaling station St. Helena, British island and 47 sombare miles: in the sanital, Jamestown. Girdled by rugred cliffs canital, Jampstown. from foo to 2,000 feet sheer from the sea, risine from 600 to 2,000 feet sheer from the sea,
it was the place of exile of Napoleon (1815-21). t was the place of e
Nanoleon sent there. 6-2208
Pirturp. Nanoleon's burial-nlace, 9-3183
St. Helier. Capital and port of Jersey, with steamship comminication with Southampton.
story ahnut. 11-409?
Saint Jean-Pied-de-Port, France
Picture and note, 10-3439

## GENERAL INDEX

St. John. Winter terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, at the north of the St. John Kiver, New Brunswick. A flourishing port, it has a fine harbor and docks, besides textlle, leather and fishing inaustries.
St. vunn, isiaua
bought by U. S. from Denmark, 8-2672 See also Virgin Islands
St. John River. American river, rising in Brevaid and Osceola counties, Florida; flows into the Atlantic Ocean. 400 miles.
St. John River, Canada, discovery, 2-679
St. John's. Capital and only large town of Newfoundland, with a fine harbor. It has Anglican and Roman Catholic cathedrals, and is the cen-
tre of a great fishing industry.
St. Johns-wort, flower
Pictures
common (in color), 14.4991
creeping (in color), 13-4879
St. John'e-wort Family, in botany, 13-4873

## st. Juste, Antoine

Picture, portrait, 6.2127
St. Kitts. British West Indian island forming with Nevis and Anguilla a Leeward Island presidency; area, 150 square miles; capital, BasseTerre. Cacao, coffee, tobacco, coconuts and limes are produced, though the interior is hilly.
captured in 1624, 19-7099
St. Lawrence lowlands, Canada, 1-108
St. Lawrence River

* Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, 6-1955-62 name, reason for, 2-678
rapids of, 6-1960
Picture, 7-2540
St. Louis. One of the greatest commercial centres in the U. S. 20 miles below the junction of the Missouri with the Mississippi, in Missouri. Tile river is crossed here by a bridge 2,225 feet long, connecting the city with East St. Louis. Finely built, the city has three cathedrals and two universities, but is famous chiefly for its great manufacture of tobacco, over $80,000,000$ pounds of which are annually produced. Other industries inclurle smelting. meat-packing, publishing, flour milling. foundries, and leather and clothing manufactures.
commerce and industries, 17-6046
Forest Park, note and picture, 15-5275
fur-trading centre, 18-6426
iron and steel industry. 17-6038
Jefferson memorial, note and picture, 17-6047
Picture, view from Mississippi River, $17-6047$
st. Lucia, West Indies, 9.3190
St. Malo. Picturesque seaport of Brittany, France, surrounded by annient towered ramparts. It has a considerable traffic with the Channel Islands and Southampton.
st. Mark's, Campanile of, Venice
huilding of, 4-14.58
Pictures (gravure), 4-1465, 1466
St. Mark's Cathedral, Venice
description, 16-5718-19
history and description, 4-1456
Pictures
mosaics, 2-577, 579
views of the building (gravure), $4-1466-68$;
St. Mary's River. Pictures, 6-1961, 1963
St. Nicholas, magazine
Mrs. Dodge as editor, 14-5015
St. Omer. Old town of northern Framme, with a considerable agricultural trade and some manufactures. It has a magnificent church, once a cathedral, and remains of a 7 th-century abbey. St. Paul. Capital of Minnesota, on the Mississippi. Standing opposite Minneapolis, it is an important centre of the cattle and meat-packing trades, while its horse market is the largest in the United States.
marle capital city in 1819. 17-6045
Pirtures, 15-52¢1; 17-6037, fin 48
Capitol (gravure), 18-6́688
St. Paul's Cathedral, London
built by Sir Christopher Wren, 12-4356-58 18-6491
Pictures, 8-3n11; 12-435.
St. Paul's School, London
frimaned by Cnlet, 14-5":
St. Peter, Laze, Canada, part of the St. Lawrence
St. Peter's chrich 6-1.962
Pictures, 8.3011; (gravure) 17-6305, 6308

St. Petersburg, see Leningrad
St. Pierre. French island off Newfoundland forming part of the colony of St . Pierre and Miquelon. The cod fishery is important.
St. Sophia, churen and mosque, Constantinople

* history and description, 16-5717-18
changed from church to mosque 1453.
13-4798, 4800
Pictures, 13-4807; 16-5714
St. Sulpice, church in Paris, 18-6498
St. Thomas, Virgin Islands, 19-7104
bought by U. S. from Denmark in 1917, 8-2672;
Pictures, 10-3593, 3596
St. Valentine's Day
Question about: What is the meaning of St. Valentine's Day? 16-5958
St. Vincent, West Indies, 9-3190 $\quad$ Singagement off St. Vincent, Battle of, 1797. Engagement off under Jervis and a Spanish fleet which had left Cadiz to join the French at Brest. The British
victory broke up the French plan of invasion.
Nelson at, 6-2202
Picture, Nelson and Spanish officers, 6-2205
Ste. Anne de Beaupré, Canada, 8-2956
Pictures, 8-2953, 2956


## Saints

* Early leaders of the church, 8-2843-50
* Some famous monks. 13-4859-69
hymns writter by, 12-4435
* stories of, 6-1991-98

Sakhalin, or Saghalien. Siberian island north by Russia in 1905. Fishing is the chief industry, but coal and oil are found.
Japan won half from Russia, 2-566
Sakkâra, Egypt, tomb of Thi, 14-5211
Piefure, step pyramid (gravure), 14-5214
Saladin, sultan of Egypt and Syria
won Palestine from Christians, 7-2587
Piclure, meeting with Richard the Lionhearted, 7-2589
Salal, shrub, 19-6939
licture, with note, 19-6935
Salamanca, Spain, 14-5050
licture, 14-5049
Salamanders
account of, 15-5456-58
superstitions about, 1-355
Fictures. 15-5457
Salamis, Battle of, 13-4584
description, 3-1078
Picturc, Greek victors after battle, 3-1077
Salangane, bird, nests are edible, 9-3372
Salem. Capital of Oregon on the Willamette River. It is the seat of Willamette University. Region around has fruit, hop and wheat interests.
Salem, Mass., first settlement, 2-548
Pictures. 12-4154
Salerno. Ancient seaport city of southern Italy, at the head of the Gulf of Salerno. It has a beautiful 11 th-century cathedral built by the Normans.
medical schonl in Midule Ages, 8-2724
Salic Law. Law of succession disallowing females the right to occupy the throne. The law is said to be based on a passage in the code of the Salic Franks of the 5 th century.
Salicylic acid. A compound of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen found in many plants, especially in wintergreen and the sweet birch. This acid has a sweetish-sourish taste, is odorless, slightly soluble in water and very soluble in alcohol. It is used as an antiseptic, as a foodpreservative and in the manufacture of dyestuffs.
Salisbury, Robert Cecil, 3d Marquis of
Picture, portrait, with parents, 15-5616
Salisbury Cathedral. England. 16-5.969
lintures (gravure), 1-72: 16-5976
Salisbary Plain. An elevated plain lying nortr of Salisbury, Wiltshire, Ensland, now used chiefly for military purposes. 20 miles long and about 15 miles broad, it contains Stonehenge, noted for its Druidical remains. Canada part a training camp here in 1914-15.
Saliva, description and uses, 6-1932
Sallowthorn, 14-5158
Sallust, Roman historian
licture, portrait, 16-5907
Sally in our Alley, song, origin of, 10-3609

Salmon
Atlantic, 15-5635-36
catching of, 11-4053, 4061
how caught hy fiskimo, 7-2565-66
contest with eagle, story, 10-3757
eggs, number of, 15-5542
Pacific, account of, and varieties, 15-5636
rock salmon, see Dogfish
Pictures
cannery in British Columbia, 1-113
taking with nets, Pacific coast, 11-4061
Salmon berry, shrub, 19-6934, 6936
Picture, 19-6931
Salmon Family of fishes, 15-5635-37
Salomon, Haym, in Revolution, 19-7164
Salonica, or Salonika. A port and commercial centre of Greek Macedonia, exporting. cereals, cotton, wool, tobacco and skins.
as railway terminus, 14-4918
Picture, White Tower, 14-4920
Salt (rock salt, or halite, NaCl ). A mineral colorless to white with a glassy lustre. It is usually found in crystallized form with the crystals perfect cubes. Rock salt may be obtained by sinking wells to reach brine springs, pumping out the brine and evaporating it; or it may be mined from the great salt deposits such as those in China or Galicia.
beds, in England, 4-1402
importance in diet, 6-2084
in blood, 3-937-39
in sea, 2-630; 6-2169
amount in sea, 7-2539
Sir Walter Raleigh extracted from sea, 14-4968
lakes that are salty, 19-6841

* mines, and manufacture, 3-925-27

Michigan mines, 17-6040
production in U. S., 9-3212
use in glazing pottery, 5-1668
Questions about
How dues salt melt smow? 12-1.in.
What makes the sea taste of salt? 1-75
Thy do our tears taste of salt? 2-688
Why is salt damp when it is going to rain? 12-4506
Pictures, showing production, 3-924-33
Salt Lake City. Capital of Utah, with smelting, leather and tobacco industries. Noted for being the headquarters of the Mormons, it has a university and a cathedral.
monument to sea-gull, 17-6288
Temple Block, note and picture, 19-6844
Salt of lime, in cold and hot water, 13-4827
Salton Sea, California
Picture, desert near Sea, 7-2417
Saltpetre
mined in Mammoth Cave, 4-1300
Norwegian, how manufactured, 16-5948
obtained from Tamarugal and Atacama deserts, 7-2421
Salts, needed in our bodies, 6-2187
Question about. Where do plants get their
salts from? 16-5740
Saltwort, plant, 14-5157-58
black, 14-5162-63
prickly, 14-5164
Picturs
black saltwort, 14-5163 prickly saltwort, 14-5164
Saltyrov, Michael, Russian author, 19-6908
Salvador. Smallest but most populous Central American republic; area, 13,176 square miles; capital, San Salvador. Coffee is exported.

Atwrution altal formucts, 19-7112
Salvage. Term meaning the rescue of property from destruction, pationlarly by fire of total loss at sea. The word comes from the Latin salrus, safe.
Salvarsan, discovered by Paul Ehrlich, 15-5492 Salzburg. Ancient and beautiful Austrian city, on the Salzach. It has a cathedral modeled after St. Peter's at Rome and a Romanesque abbey church. This city was the birthplace of Mozart.
Sam Slick, by T. C. Haliburton

* quotations and summary, 10-3527-34

Samaria, ancient city of Palestine

Samarkand, Asiatic Russia, 16-5859
Picture and note, 18-f:587
Sambar deer, animal, 4-1446; picture, 4-1440

Samoa. Island group in the mid-Pacific which was divided in 1899 between the United States and Germany. The German islands west of $171^{\circ}$ West Longitude were allotted, 1920, to New Zealand as mandatory of the League of Nations and are now named Territory of Western Samoa. Area, about 1,260 square miles. American Samoa includes Tutuila, Manua and four other islands. Area, 102 square miles.

* account of, 10-3592
captured from Germany by New Zealand, 9-3298
population, and nation ruling, 9-3188
products, and character of natives, 9 -3188
R. L. Stevenson in, 8-2869
under New Zealand and U. S., 7-2578
Samothrace, Victory of, statue, 12-4332
Picture (gravure), 12-4336
Samoyede, dog. Picture (gravure), 2-715
Samphire, plant, 14-5158
marsh samphire, or glasswort, note and picture, 14-อั164
Pictures
golden samphire (in color), 14-4981
rock samphire, with note, $14-5156$
Sampler, directions for making, 19-7081-82
Sampson, William Thomas, rear-admiral commanded U. S. fleet, Santiago, 10-3590
Samson Agonistes, by Milton
account of, 4-1242
Samuel, Hebrew prophet
Picture, Hannah delivers Samuel to Eli, 19-7156
Samurai, in Janan, 2-563
San Antonio. The largest city of Texas, a military post of the United States, and a fine resort for pulmonary patients. Market for live stock, cotton, wool and mohair.

Alamo, story of, 18-6826, 6829
Picture, Alamo, 18-6829
San Diego, California, 19-6850
Picture, mission, San Luis Rey, 18-6829
San Domingo, former name of Haiti, 1-88
San Francisco. Commercial centre and port of the Pacific states, on a magnificent land-locked harbor in California. Approached by the Golden Gate, it is noted for its fine scenery. It has regular steam communication with China, Japan. Australia, Central America, etc. It exports silver, gold, quicksilver, wheat, flour, wool, etc., and has manufactures of boots and shoes, cigars, flour, iron and wooden articles. In the suburbs are the California and Stanford universities. San Francisco was much damaged by an earthquake and fire in 1906.

Pictures
Civic Centre, with note, 19-6847
Golden Gate Park, 9-3219
San Giovanni, Church of, Florence
Ghiberti's gates, 5-1737-38
San Joaquin River. American river, rising in the Sierra Nevada Mountains, California; flows into Sacramento River. 350 miles.
San José. Capital of Costa Rica. It has a cathedral and is the centre of a rich agricultural region.
San Juan. Capital and chief port of Porto Rico, with a cathedral and a university. Sugar and coffee are exported.
founded by Ponce de Leon, 1-242
Piciure, market place, 19-7101
San Juan Capistrano, California
Picture. Snanish mission, 18-6829
San Luis Potosí. Cathedral and manufacturing
city of Mexico, near great silver-mines.
San Marco, Venice, see St. Mark's Cathedral
San Marino. Miniature Italian republic in the Apemines; area, 38 square miles: capital, san Wiarinn. It has keyt its independence since 1631 San Martin, José de, South American leader. 19-6864, 7036
San Pedro, part of Los Angeles, 19-6850
San Philip, ship in Spanish Armada, 11-3918
San Rocco School, Venice, ceiling by Tintoretto, 4-1464
San Salvador. Capital and largest city of the republic of Salvador. Owing to frequent earthquakes the cathedral and most of the buildings are built of wood.
San Salvador, island where Columbus landed, 19-7い!
San Sebastian, Spain, 14-5050
Sancho Panza, Don Quixote's servant, 5-1632-3

## GENERAL INDEX

Sanctuaries for birds, see Birds-sanctuaries
Sand, George (Mme. Dudevant)
friendship with Chopin, 19-6922
Sand
castles of, building, 12-4495-97; 17-6257
use in glass-making, 18-6746
use in preserving flowers, 11-3853
Questions ulount
Why did the sand get on the seashore?

## 17-6178

Why does a pool stay on sand and not in a garden? 15-5362
Sand-flies, account of, 17-6420-21
Sand-glass, how to make, 5-1651
Sand-hoppers, account of, 16-5956
Sand lilies, flowers, 18-665.
Sandals, first footwear, 18-6446
Sandalwood trees, in Hawaiian Islannls, 15-int48
Sanderling, bird, 11-4012
Picture, 11-4011
Sanaham, Heury, Canadian painter. 10-3.on
Sandman
Poem about. Wee Willie Winkie, by William Miller, 2-736
Sandpike, sr l'ike-sanrl
Sandpipers, birds, 11-4012
Pictures, 11-4011; 14-5019; (in color), 9-3281
Sandri, India
Picture, tope, 15-5478
Sandstone
description, 17-6386
how formed, 17-6178
Sandwich Islands, sec Hawaiian Islands
Sandwiches
directions for making, 11-4015
recipee for various kinds, 9-3?76
Sangallo, Antonio da, the Younger, Italian architect
and the Farnese Palace, 17-6300
and St. Peter's, Rome, 17-6309-10
Sangallo, Giuliano da, Italian architect plans for St. Peter's, Rome, 17-6309

Sangster, Charles, Canadian poet, 14-5106
Scc also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Sankey, Ira David, evangelist and singer,

Picture, portrait, 12-4439
Sanmichele, Michele, Italian architect, 4-1458
Sanskrit language, 15-5461
Sanskrit literature, 15-5461
Sansovino, Andrea, Italian sculptor, 13-4607
Sansovino, Jacopo Tatti, Italian architect and sculptor, 4-1458; 13-4607; 17-6311
Sant, James, artist
Picture. Dick Whittington Listening to Bow Bells, 2-159
Santa Anna, Antonio Lopez de, Mexican leader, 19-7136, 7138
Santa Barbara. Pacific coast resort in southern
California, possessing a fine bathing beach. mission, note and picture, 6-1924 Pieture
Fillu. litt convent (mraviure), 18-f.fsf
Santa Clara Valley, California, note and picture, 18-6433
Santa Clans
named from St. Nicholas, 6-1990
origin, 17-6102-04
St. Nicholas, story of, 6-1997
Poem about. He Comes in the Night! 17-6111
Santa Cruz Islands

Picture, native houses, 9-3303
Sante Fe. ('alital rif N゙ゃw Mexien and an old Spanish city, much changed since the American occupation. Nearby are interesting remains of the Pueblo Indians, and also of old mission churches. Stock raising, mining, and the manufacture of Indian blankets are important indusfactures.
founded, 1605, 1-246
National forest, 15-5577

Picture. Old Palace of the Governors, 18-6427
Santa Fé. Cathedral city of Argentina, export-
ing timher, cattle and wool.
Santa Fé Trail, 18-6430, 6432
Pictur\%, 1-86; 11-3913
Santa Maria del Fiore (the Duomo), cathedral in Florence, 5-1738-39; 17-6162

Santa Maria del Fiore (montinued)
Pictures, Brunelleschi's dome (gravure), 5-1746-47
Santa Maria Maggiore, church, Rome, 16-5716 mosalic, (lesslen of, 2-580)
Santayana, George, author, 14-5012
Santago. Ancient city of Galicia, Spain, with a fine Romanesque cathedral. Here is the shrine of st. James, a famous place of pilgrimage in the Middle Ages.
Santiago, Battle of, 10-3590
Santiago de Chile. Capital and largest city of Chile, 68 miles from its port of Valparaiso. One of the finest cities in South America, it has a historic cathedral and great commercial activity. Pictures, 19-7049
Santiago de Cuba. Port and cathedral city at the southeast end of Cuba, with iron-foundries and tobacco factories and a large export trade. Santo Domingo. Capital of the Republic of Santo Domingo, with a 16 th-century cathedral and a large sugar and coffee export trade. l'icture, 19-7097
Santo Domingo, republic on island of Haiti rare stamps, 16-5887
See also Hait

Santos. Brazilian coffee port, the chief outlet of the state of São Paulo. Picture, 19-7048
Santos-Dumont, Alberto, Brazilian aeronaut, 1-168, 172
São Paulo. Second largest city of Brazil, capital of the state of São Paulo. A great commercial and manufacturing centre, it has a cathedral and many fine buildings.

Pictures, 19-7048
railway station, $2-420$
Saone, French river, 11-3819
Picture, 11-3819
Sap in plants
ascent of, 2-506
circulation in trees, 11-4094
necessary for growth of buds, 2-504, 506
Sapir, Edward, Canadian author, 14-5109
Sapphire, account of, 19-7230
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
saprophytes, plants, 1-332
Sapsuckers, woodpeckers
red-shafted, account of, 14-5134
yellow-bellied, account of, 13-4763-64
Picture, yellow-bellied sapsucker (in color), 13-4841
Saracen Empire and the Crusades, 7-2583-8!
Saracens
architecture, see Architecture, Saracenic
attacked Byzantine empire, 13-4797
Saragossa, Spain, 14-5050
in Peninsular Wrar, 14-5119
Maid of Saragossa, story of, 14-5119
Picture, cathedral and bridge, 14-5047
Sarajevo. Capital of Bosnia, Jugo-Slavia, with two cathedrals and 100 mosques. It manufactures tobacco and fancy wares. On June 28 1914, Archduke Francis Ferdinand was assassinated here.
Saranac Lake, New York
Piclure, Sanitarium, 1-229
Saratoga, Battle of, 4-1168
Saratov, Russia, 16-5858
Sarawak, Borneo, 9-3186
Sarcophagus. A large coffin, usually of stone, which is not put in the sromuld lut is plater? Where it can be seen. Nowatays sarcophati are seldom used except for the burial of distinguished persons.
Sard, semi-precious stone
Pirture (in color), facing 19-7225
Sardines
account of, 16-5776

ricture (in (onlor), 16-578?
Sardonyx, account of, 19-7229
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Sargasso Sea, description of, 7-2542
Qumstion uhemt. What athr wherr is the sargasso Sea? 10-3733-34
Sargasso weed, in Atlantic Ocean, 4-1276, 1278 Sargent, John Singer, American painter, 10-:351-5
rirturas
Henry G. Marquand (gravure). 10-3460
La Carmencita (gravure), 10-3460
Mrs. Wertheimer (gravure), 10-3460

Sargent, John Singer-Picturs (rmintinurl) Lord Ribblesdale (gravure), 10-3460
Portrait of James Whitcomb Riley, 13-4821
Sargon II, king of Assyria, 2-655
conquered kingdom of 1srael, 19-7156
palace of, 14-5209
Sarsaparilla, drug, 8-2911
Sarsaparilla, plant
wild, description, 18-6568, 6570-71
Picture
Wild sarsaparilla, 18-6571
Ficture (in color), 8-2999
Sarsfield, Patrick, Irish leader, 8-2935
Sartain, William, American painter, 10-3455
Sarto, Andrea del, Italian painter, 3-958 Picture St. John the Baptist (gravure), 3-964
Saskatchewan. Canadian central mairie province; area, 252,000 square miles; capital, Regina. Besides rearing live-stock, it is the greatest wheat-growing province in the Dominion, and its development has been enormously rapid. Saskatoon is an educational centre.
became province of Dominion of Canada 4-1 +4,
Saskatchewan River. Canadian river rising in the Rocky Mountains. It flows eastward through Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba and empties into Lake Winnipeg. 1,265 miles.
Saskatoon. Agricultural and educational centre in Saskatchewan, Canada, on the South Saskatchewan River.
Sassafras, medicinal plant
account of, 8-2911; 13-4640
l'icture, in winter, 13-4641
Sassanians, Persian dynasty, 3-918
Sassoon, Siegfried, English poet, 12-4234
(tu nlst Puetry Index. for poen and note
Satellites in astronomy, 4-14 $\overline{5} 0$
Satin bower birds, ser Bninter lirds
Satire, use by poets, 4-1358
Saturday, how named, 12-4203
Saturn, god, 9-3226
Saturn, planet

* account of, 10-3410-12
discoveries of Huygens, I-283
distance from earth, measured by speed of train. 9-3034
distance from sun and length of year, 9-3180 rings of, 10-3411
Pictures, 10-3411-12
Fiew from one of its moons, $10-3113$
Saturnalia, Roman festival of Saturn, 9-3226
Satyrs, imaginary creatures, 1-354; 9-3236
Sauba ants, 17-635t
Sault Ste. Marie. County seat of Chippewa, Michigan, on the St. Mary's River. The canal here is the largest ship canal in the world. The International Bridge spans the rapids of the river, connecting the city with its Canadian namesake.
Sault Ste. Marie. Manufacturing town of Ontario, Canada, on the ship canal connecting Lakes Huron and Superior. It is often called

Saunders, Charles E., developed varieties of wheat. 4-11:11-
Picture, portrait, 4-1471
Saunders, Margaret Marshall, Canadian author, 15-․? ?
Saunders. William
developed varieties of wheat, $4-1470$
Savage, Edward, American painter
Picture, painting of George Washington and family, 3-971
Savannah. Cotton port in Georgia exporting also lumber, cottonseed oll ard resin. Historically one of the most interesting cities of the South.
frombline of, 2--..
Savannah, first ship using steam to cross Atlantic. 17-6402
Savannah River. Smeriran river, forment by the Tugaloo and Kiowee rivers, South Carolina; firus: into the Ithantic ownam. 450 miles.
Savannahs, definitions, 6-2171
Save. River rising in the Alps of Jugo-Slavia

 Saving, we Thilf alld =alilus
Savonarola, Girolamo, life. 13-4868-69
Picture, bonfire of vanities, 13-4867

Savoy. Lying south of the Lake of Geneva, Savoy is the Alpine district of France, which contains Mont Blanc and the resorts of Chamonix and Aix-les-Bains.
won for France, 10-3573; 12-4412
Saw-wort, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4985
Sawfishes, 16-5896
Picture, Japanese sawfish, 16-5897
Sawflies, 17-6232
Pictures, 17-6229
(in color), facing 18-6721

## aws

how to use, 1-233
use in lumbering, 16-5989, 5996
Question ubout. Of what use is the notch at the top of a big saw? 15-5620
Saxe, John Godfrey, Nee Poetry Index, for poem and note

## Saxifrage

early, description, 17-6275
mossy, note on, $15-5603$
yellow or mountain, description, 15-5602
note on, 15-5603
See also Saxifrage Family
Pictures
mossy saxifrage, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 0 3}$
yellow saxilrage, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 0 3}$
Pictures (in color)
meadow saxifrage, 14-4994 pepper saxifrage, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 2}$ yellow saxifrage, 16-5881
Saxifrage Family, in botany, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 8 7 4}$
alpine plants belonging to, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 0 2}$
fruits belonging to, 6-2064
of Pacific coast, 19-6930, 6932
Sazons, Teutonic tribe
early boats and ships, 11-3914
where settled in England, 4-1429
Saxony. Most populous German state, lying between Prussia and Czecho-Slovakia. It is a mining and manufacturing country, with important textile, paper, engineering, chemical, pottery, glass and porcelain industries; coal lead, zinc, iron and cobalt are mined. Dresden the capital, Leipzig and Chemnitz are the largest cities.
Saybrook, colony, Conn., 2-555
Scabbard fish, 16-5900
Scabious, f:ower
Picture (gravure), 19-7174
Pictures (in color)
devil's-bit scabious, 14-4983 field scabious, 15-5400
Scad, fish. licture (in color), 16-5784
Scalafish. Picture (in color), 16-5783
Scalds, treatment for, 16-5980
Scale insects, 17-6078
Scales, Musical, sce Music-scales
Scallops, molluses, description of, 19-6888 Pictures, 19-6882
shells (in color). 19-6893-94
Scandinavia, * account of, 15-5291-5307
ee also Denmark: Iceland; Norway; Sweden
Scandinavian literature, * 19-7009-14
Scandinavian painting, see Painting, Scandinavian
Scantlebury, Elizabeth, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Scapa Flow. Wide roadstead among the Ork ney Islands which served as the chief base of the Fritish Nary during the World War, 1914-18
Scapegoat. An innocent person who is blamed for the misdeed of another. In ancient Jewish times, on the Day of Atonement, the chief priest symbolically laid the sins of the people upon a goat, called the scapegoat, and this animal was driven into the wilderness. Our present use of the word harks back to the ancient Jewish ritual. Scar, how differs from skin. 4-1420
Scarabs, sacred beetles, 18-6628
Scarf, tied-and-dyed, how to decorate, 1-232
Scarlet tanagers, see Tanagers
Scenariog, of moving pictures, 18-6597
Schanyl, 'allasian 1,ader. 15-5.378
Scheldt. River of France and Belgium draining practically all Flanders. Rising near Le Catel+t, it passes Cambrai, Valenciennes, Tournai, Ghent, Antwerp and Flushing, flowing into the North Sea through several wide channels in Holland. Navigable by a skillful arrangement of locks for 210 miles, it forms with its tribu-

## GENERAL INDEX

Scheldt (continued)
taries and innumerable canals an immense sys-
tem of waterways. 267 miles.
Schenectady, N. Y., burned in 1690, 3-778
Scheveningen, Holland
licture, beach, 15-5565
Schiaparelli, Giovanni Virginio, astronomer, 1-286
Schiller, Johann Christoph Friedrich von, German author, 17-6412
Picture portrait 17-6414
Schleswig, taken by Prussia, 11-3970
Schleswig-Folstein, political control, 18-6459
Schliemann, Henry, archæologist
discoverles at Troy and Mycenæ, 2-447
Schmidt, Johannes, study of eels, 15-5637
Schneckenburger, Maz, German song-writer, 10-3612
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Schnitzer, Eduard, see Emin Pasha
Schoeffer, Peter, aided Gutenberg in invention of printing, 9-3383
Schoharie Reservoir, description, 14-5056
Schomburgz, Sir Robert, named Victoria regia, 9-3266
Schönberg, Arnold, German musical composer, 19-7153
Schongauer, Martin, German painter and engraver, 4-1344
Picture, portrait, by Hans Burgkmair, \$-1346
School mistress, game, 8-2744-45
School paper, how to start, 15-5507-09
School teachers in American colonies, 3-966, 967
Schools, see Education
Schooner, rig of, and picture, 11-4086-87 Poem about. Wreck of the Hesperus, by H. W Longfellow, 1-103
Schrader, Julius, German painter
Picture, Queen Elizabeth signs the Death Warrant of Mary Queen of Scots (gravure) 5-1824
Schroder-Stranz, Lieut., arctic explorer, 13-4722
Schubert, Franz, Austrian musical composer, 19-6920-21, 7076

## Pictures

 portrait, 19-6912 imagining the Erl-king, 19-7075Schuckburg, Dr., introduced air of Yankee Doodle, 18-6512
Schumann, Robert, German musical composer, 19-6921, 7149-50
Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Schuyler, Philip. American soldier and statesman. Server in French alld Intlian War, in Continental Congress and in Revolution; twice
U. S. Senator from New. York. His danghter

Elizabeth married Alexander Hamilton.
delayed march of Burgoyne, 4-1168
Ficture, portrait. 4-1165
Schwatka, Frederick, arctic explorer, 13-4714
Schwerin. Old German cathedral city, with an ancient palace; capital of Mecklenburg-Schwerin
Sciæa, fish. Picture (in color), 16-5781

## Science

Agassiz's influence on study, 19-7053
Aristotle's influence, 16-5919
discoveries with microscope, 13-4669-71
See also Medicine, history of; Scientists; also names of sciences, as Chemistry. Geology
For list of articles on Applied Science, see 20-7624-32; for General Science, see 20-7613-23

## Scientizts

* Some Euronean men of science, 2-589-96
* Some men who loved nature, 19-7051-58 Fnr main articles on Scientists, see 20-7651
Scillas. Anwers, 17-6128, fil30
Sc'ly Islanc's. Group inf 36 islands and ahout 10n islets lvine ahout $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{S}} \mathrm{m}$ milos from Land's End Cornwoll, England. The climate is mild and enilahle. larce quantities of fruit, flowers and
Vegetahles heing grown for the English market
Scipio Afrlcanvs. Major. Roman general mnminared Carthage 4-1196
life and connuests. $4-1364$
Scinfo Africantrg, Minor, Roman general ramnalens of, 4-1196
Betamorbill. hird name for skimmer 11-4122
Scissors. hnw made $4-17 \cap \mathrm{f}$ 1307. 131?-13
Pintures. showing manufacture. 4-1312-13
Sconas. Greek scilptor, $12-4330-32$
Picture, head of Heracles in style of Scopas (gгаvure), 18-4336

Scorched spots, how to remove, 2-618
Scoresby, William, arctic explorer, 8-2986
Scorpion fish
Pictures (in color)
crested scorpion fish, 16-5788
poison scorpion fish, 16-5785-87
Scorpion grass, name for forget-me-not, 16-6012
Pi:iure (in color), 13-4879
Scorplons, description, 16-6011-14
Piclures, 16-6019
Scot-free. Free from payment, scot being an Anglo-Saxon word meaning "payment." To get off scot-free is to get out of a difficulty at no cost to oneself.
Scotch oatcakes, 1-372
Scoters, ducks. Picture (in color), 9-3284
Scotland. Northern country of Great Britain: area, 29,796 square miles; capital, Edinburgh. It comprises the Orkney, Shetland and Hehridean Islands, and has three distinct physical di-visions-the Southern Uplands, Cential Lowlands and Northern Highlands, which contain the Grampians and Ben Nevis ( 4,406 feet). The principal river is the Clydes in the basin of which is one of the world's greatest industrial regions, with its centre in Glasgow. The Tay and Spey however, are the longest rivers, while Edinburgh stands on the Forth, and the Tweed has a famous woolen industry. Of the many lakes Loch Lomond is the largest in Great Britain Scotland has important coal, iron, fishing, shipbuilding, textile, jute and distilling industries but the Lowlands are the only thickly populated part. Among the largest towns are Dundee Aberdeen, Paisley and Greenock. There are 33 counties.

* Bonnie Prince Charlie, 15-5639-44
coronation stone, taken to England, 5-1680
fiction of, 11-3897-98
Highlands, clans and chiefs, 12-4205
history
* Kings and Queens of Scotlanत, 12-4205-14

Covenant, and persecutions under Charles II, 2-441
Tarnhite rehollinn, 15-56? - 44
union with England in Anne's reign, 6-1981
wars with England, 13th and 14 th centuries 5-1650
naticnal emblem the thistle, 12-4208; 17-6181 soneca of
A Man's a Man for A' That, by Burns, 12-4474

Auld Lang Syne, hy Rurns. 17-63s0
Branie Jean, 1,y Rurns, 6-2246
Canadian Boat Song. 9-3271
The Hills of Skye, by McLennan, 10-3480
Jock of Hazeldean, by Scott, 3-847
John Anderson, by Burns. 18-6798
Lochinvar, by Scott, 12-4471
Maclean's Welcome. $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 4 4 1}$
My Heart's in the Highlands, by Burns, 4-1382
Over the Sea to Skve, 15-5643
Red, Red Rose, by Burns, 9-3274
Scots, Who Hae wi' Wallace Bled, by Burns, 2-738
Wae'c Me for Prince rharlie J5-56it3
We'll ha'e Nane but Highland Bonnets Here. by Maclagan. 17-6254
story of, Grizel Hume and the Covenanters, 2-441-43
townanennle losing height and weight, 7-2425
writers of songs, 10-3609-10
Porme ahout
Cotter's Saturday Night, by Burns, 13-4597
Cuddle Doon, by Anderson, 11-411f
Home No More Home to Me, by Stevenson 9-3110
King Bruce and the Spider, by Cook, 15-5521
Lay of the Last Minstrel: extract, by Scott, 17-6377
Lord T'llin's Daughter. 1y Camnbell, 2-737
Lullaby of an Infant Chief, by Sentt, 2-736
Marminn: extrant. hy Snent. 12-1?12
Wee Willie Winkie, by Miller, 2-736
Scotland Yard. Headquarters of the London Metropolitan police, on the Victoria Emhankment. The original site was Great Scntland Yard, where oncen stond a malace lleed by the kines of Scotland when visiting London.
Scotw. Invaded England after Romans left,
-1324

## GENERAL INDEX

Scott, Duncan Campbell, Canadian poet, 14-5108
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Scott, Frederick George, Canadian poet, 14-5108 See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Scott, G. H., aviator, 1-179
Scott, Hugh Stowell, see Merriman, Seton, 1seurknym
Scott, Lady John, wrote version of Annie Laurie, 10-3609
Scott, Robert Falcon, English explorer, expedition in Discovery, 14-5092-93
experience with whales, 6-2220
last trip, and death, 14-5096, 5098
Pirlure, jortratit, 14-ju89
Pictures, with notes, 14-5095, 5099
Scott, Sir Walter

* Scott and his stories, 7-2625-32
* Waverley novels, summaries of, 11-4069-78 as a song-writer, 10-3611
friendship for Marjorie Fleming, 10-3717 original of Jeannie Deans, in Heart of Midlothian, 12-4224
* poetry of, 7-2489-90
story about, Sir Walter Scott and some of his pets, 14-5265
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
* Pictures, portraits, and scenes from novels, 7-2625-31
portraits, 7-2488; with parents, 15-5616
Scott, William Bell, British painter
Picture. Egfrid and Cuthbert, 8-2847
Scott, Winfield (1786-1866). American soldier,
born in Virginia. He entered the army in 1808 and distinguished himself in the War of 1812;
hecame commander-in-chief in 1841; invaded
Mexico; Whig candidate for president, 1852:
retired from army, 1861.
and War of 1812, 5-1705
in Mexican War, 6-1919-20
Picture, portrait, on horseback, 6-1919
Scottish Chiefs, by Jane Porter
* quotations and summary, 12-4319-26

Scottish Songs, see Scotland-songs
Scottish Terrier, 2-718
Picture (gravure), 2-716
Scrap-box, directions for making, 6-2262-63
Screamers, birds, 11-3890
Picture, 11-3889
Screech owl, 13-4762
Picture. 13-4762
Screen, term in photo-engraving, 3-1065
Screens, fire, how to make, 11-3858-59
Screw-propellers, of ships, 12-4416
contest with paddles, 17-6401
invented by Ericsson, 17-6402
Screwdriver, tool, how to use, 1-233
renewing edge of, 2-627
Screws
use, removal, rust-prevention, 11-4079-80
Scriabine, Alexander Nicholaevich, Russian musical composer, 19-7153
Scrolls, old form of loooks, 3-1156
Scrooge, the old man named by Dickens, * 17-6115-21

Scudder, Janet, American sculptor, 14-4940 Picture. Frog Fountain, 14-4935
Sculpture

* First sculptors, 11-3873
canon, or rule for, statue of Polyclitus, 12-4218
European, from 1800 on, 13-4856, 4858
Graco-Roman, 12-446s
in architecture of India, 15-5470-72
influence of Christianity, 12-4470
story about, 5-1689-90
terror and suffering, unsuitable subjects, 12-4460
See al8o following entries on sculpture of various countries and periods, as sculpture, Assyrian; Sculpture, Gothic
Poem about. To Alfred Laliberté, by Isabel McCaw, 10-3483
Pictures, ancient period, 12-4461-66
Sculpture, Fgean, 11-398T-K
Sculpture, American, 14-4933-40
Pictures, 1-266; 3-1038; 4-1174; 7-2525; 8-2703; 11-3997; 14-4932-33, 4935, 4937, 4939;

Sculpture, Assyrian, 2-654-56; 11-3875-76
Pictures, 2-647, 649, 651, 657; (gravure), 11-3879-80
Sculpture, Byzantine, 12-4470
Picture, 12-4469

## Sculpture, Canadian, 14-5075

Pictures, 14-5075-80
Sculpture, Egyptian, 3-815-16; 11-3874-75;
14-5211
Pictures, 3-816-17, 819; 11-3873; (gravure),
11-3877-78
Sculpture, English, 13-4853-58
Pictures, 13-4585, 4853-58
Sculpture, French, 13-4699-4706
Pictures, early sculpture to the present, 13-4699-4705
Sculpture, German, 13-4699-4700
Sculpture, Gothic, 12-4470
in linslant, 13-1853
Pictures, 12-4469
Sculpture, Greek

* account of, 11-3987-94; 12-4215-22, 4327-32
* from time of Alexander the Great, 12-4459-68 materials, 11-3990
Pictures, 3-1068, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1079; (gravure), 12-4333-36
See also starred articles above
Sculpture, Italian, 13-4603-08
in Florence, 5-1735-40
in Venice, 4-1459-60
Pirtures
in Florence (gravure), 5-1741-45, 1748
of best period (gravure), 13-4603-16
Sculpture, Persian, 11-3876
Sculpture, Roman, 12-4468, 4470
Pictures, in Britain, 4-1318-19
Scuppers of a ship, 14-5004
Scups, fish, 16-5780
Scurvy, prevented by lime juice, 6-2058, 2060
Scurvy-grass, plant, note and picture, 15-500
Scutari. City of Asia Minor, standing opposite
Constantinople.
Scutari. Largest city of Albania, trading in cot. ton, wool and skins.
Scylla, rock, 17-6284-85
in mythology, 9-3236
Scythe. A farm implement consisting of a long curved blade attached to a bent wooden handle called a snath, with two hooks which are grasped by the hands of the user. The earliest form of reaping machine
Scythiang, hordes of Asia
attacked the Medes, 2-658
Sea
* Rivers and the seas, 7-2539, 2542
* animal life, 15-5539-42
* crabs, lobsters, etc., 16-5949-56
* Fishes of deep sea, 16-589.3-5900
* Fishes of shallow seas, 16-5772-80
how sustained, 1-120
* Mollusc family, 19-6883-92
* queer creatures, 19-7059-69

skeletons made mountains, 7-2314
* whales and related animals, $1-356,358$; 6-2213-20
See also Sea-anemones
Atlantic resorts, northern U. S., 12-4146, 4148
beds of, grown into mountains, 7-2314
colors seen under water, 11-3841
currents of, 7-2542
cause, 16-5960
* depth. 3-875-76: 7-2539
food from, see Fish and Fisheries
in mythology, 9-3235-36
life in, prehistoric
See list of main articles under Geology, 20-7614; a7so Physical Geography, 20-7615
* Nature's wondroful family, 1-91-!?
plant life, 4-1276, 1278

seaside, flowers of, 14-5157-65
regulates temperature of earth, 8-2664, 2666 salt contained in, 2-630;6-2169
songs of, and their writers, 10-3606, 3608 shlatre miles on ciarth's surface. 6-216.
stories about
Destruction of a ship by a whale, 4-1189-90
heroism of Grace Darling, 3-1035
Mいhy Thck, $15-7$ I111-11:
Truasuri l-lant, 13-1litラ-.3?
Two Years before the Mast, 9-3357-64

 North Fole: siabors: ships: south Iole: Submarine boats; Tides
Porm: rliont
At Sea, by Allan Cunningham, 14-5128


## GENERAL INDEX

Sea-Pocms about (continued)
Break! Break! Break! by Tennyson, 6-2151
Full Sea Kolls, by W. E. Henley, 8-2764
Lile on the Ucean Wave, 4-1383
The Sea, by Barry Cornwall, 19-6871
Stream and the Ucean, by Victor Hugo, 10-3i41
Questrons utout
Can fresh water be found in the sea? 2-584
Does the moon pull the sea? 2-583-84
How deep is the seat 3-81.j-16
How do we know what is at the bottom of the sea? 12-4399
How does oil make a rough sea calm? 1-188 How much water is there in the sea? 10-3578 Is there any color in the sea? 11-3841
Is there gold in the sea? 13-4594-95
What causes the change in color of the sea? 6-2124
What makes the currents which flow through the sea? 16-5960
What makes the sea roar? 9-3102
What makes the sea taste of salt? 1-75
What parts of the ocean are known as the doldrums? 7-2487
Why does not sea-water make fishes thirsty? 7-2360
Why does the sea never seem to be absolutely still? 14-5220
Why is it that the sea does not freeze? 11-3978
Pictures
cable covered with plants and animals, 12-4298
Sce also all starred articles above
Sea-anemones, 19-7066-68
and hermit crab, with pictures, 16-5952-53 Questions about
Can a sea-anemone eat a creature bigger than itself? 5-1753
How long does a sea-anemone live? 5-1753
Picture, with hermit crab, 16-5953
Pictures (in color), 19-7061-64
Sea birds and their inland kin, 水 11-4121-30
Sea-bishop, kind of merman, 1-359
Picture, 1-355
Sea-blite, plant, 14-5158, 5164 Picture, 14-5164
Sea breams, fishes, 16-5775
Pictures, 16-5779; (in color), 16-5783
black sea bream (in color), 16-5784
Sea buckthorn, 14-5158 Picture, 14-b164
Sea-campion, 14-5158
Picture, 14-5263; (in color), 14-4982
Sea-cows, see Manatees
Sea-cucumber, 19-7069
Picture, 19-7067
Sea-eagles, see Eagles
Sea-elephants, 3-1002 ancient belief about, 1-356 Pictures, 3-999, 1004
Sea eryngos, see Sea-hollies
Sea-grass, seaweed, 4-1276
Sea-gull
Qutstion about. Where is there a monument to the sea-gull? 17-6288
See also Gulls
Sea-hollies, shrubs, 14-5158, 5163 Picture, 14-5163
Sea horse, fish, 16-5778
Pictures, 16-5777; (in color), 16-5784
Sea-kale, vegetable food, 7-2616
Sea-lavender, 14-5162 Picture, with note, 14-5156
Sea lions

* Great sea hunters, 3-997-1004 ancient belief in mail of, 1-356 Pictures, 3-999, 1001, 1004
Sea 11zara, 14-5232
Sea-lyme, grass, note and picture, 10-3656
Sea milliwort, 14-5162-63 Picture, 14-5163
Sea oats, grass, 19-7095 Picture, 19-7085
Sea-parrot, see Puffin
Sea-pinks, or Sabbatias, 14-5162, 5165 note on, 15-560?
Pictures, 15-5607; (in color), 15-5609
Sea-reed, grass, note and picture, 10-3654
Sea robins, fishes, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 7 7 6}$
Sea-serpent
Picture, attacking a ship, 1-356

Sea nnicorn, superstition about, 6-2218
Sea-urchins, 19-7069
Picturcs, 19-7059, 7067
Sea View, Staten Island
tuberculosis hospital, 15-5622, 5626
Sea voyages

* English seamen, Elizabethan period, 14-4959-71
Sea Witch, clipper ship, 11-3919
Sea-worms. Picture, 19-7145
Sealing-wax. A mixture of shellac and resin melted with turpentine and colored in different colors. It melts easily under slight heat, but hardens rapidly when the heat is withdrawn, so that it takes and keeps the impression of a seal. Gummed envelopes have done away with the old need of sealing-wax, but for registered or 1 m portant documents it is still used.
seals, animals
* Great sea hunters, 3-997-1004
hunted by Eskimos, 7-2566
of Alaska, 16-5792
Pictures, 3-997-1004; 18-6436
group in museum, 18-6621
Sealskin, 3-998, 1000
Seams, Erench, how to make, 1-338
Seaplane, see Hydroplane
Searchlights, 16-5940
Sears, Edmund Hamilton, hymn-writer, 12-4438 Seashore
animal life, 16-5773
See also Sea-animal lifo
flowers of, 14-5157-65
games for, 17-6257-58
Question about. Why did the sand get on the seashore? 17-6178
Seasons
* Why the seasons come and go, 8-2791-94
caused by earth's motion, chart and explanation, 1-18
explanation of, 1-238-39
relation to life of plants, 2-503-04
Picture, decorative panels, children playing. 1-237
Seat for garden, how to make, 10-3506-07
Seattle. Pacific seaport in the state of Wash-
ington. Lumber, wheat, fish and gold are among its exports, and it is the chief centre of trade with Alaska. Shipbuilding is important. It is the gateway to a rich, agricultural district.
harbor of, 19-6846
Pictures, 19-6847
Volunteer Park, 9-3217
Seaweeds, account of, 10-3721-22
colors, reason for, 10-3722
descrintion, $3-882$; 14-5165
early form of plant life, 3-881
in Sargasso Sea, 10-3734
making a collection, directions for, 15-5593-94
roots for anchorage, 2-613
structure, 4-1276
tallest plants in world, 9-3262
used to foretell weather, 10-3625
varieties of, 4-1276
Questions about
How does seaweed tell us what the weather is going to be? 8-2718
Is the knob on the seaweed filled with air? 4-1233
Why is seaweed used as a fertilizer? 2-587
Pictures, 15-5592
how young plants are produced, 3-883
showing great size, 3-880
Sebago, salmon, 15-5636
Sebastopol, or Sevastopol, Russia
siege of, 7-2299
Picture, 16-5853
Secession. In American history, the withdrawal of a state from the Union. Actually there has never been a real secession, as the action of the Southern states in 1860 was unsuccessful.
Secret ink, how to make, 2-626
Secret Service. Government department closely connected with the police. From the nature of the work the details are not revealed to the public.
Secretary-bira, 10-3760
Picture (grav̌ure), 10-3762
Sedan, German victory at, 10-3573; 11-3972
Sedges, 10-3526
white-bracted sedge, 19-7088
Picture
white-bracted sedge, 19-7087

Sedition laws, U. S., under John Adams, 5-1702
Sedums, plants, 19-7171
see also Stonecrop
Picture (gravure), 19-7180
Seeds
arrangement in fruit of plant, and distribution, 3-1014, 1016
development, in wheat, with picture, 5 -1754 germination
of wheat, with pictures, 4-1472-73
first step in $\mu!\nu, n t$ growth, 2-504
formation of, 2-00
growth eto plant, with « :ures, $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{- 5 0 8}$
how produced, 3-884-85
numbers produced, hy plants, 4-1275; 13-4826
by grasses, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 2 6}$
of pine trees, 13-4636
sugar-p1re, 13-4636, 4639
of weeds, 9-3393-94; 15-5387

* scattering from parent plant, 3-1083-87

See also main articles under Plant Life, 20-7599
Poem about
Seed Shop, by Muriel Stuart, 14-5129
Questions abint
Can one plant produce thousands of seeds in a season? 13-4826
Do seeds reathe just as we do? 15-5519-20 How does the seed make the color of a plant? 14-5087
Will a seed grow after thousands of years? 8-2718
Pictures
cross section, outtercup seed, 2.508 in various fruits, 2-507
showing ways of scattering, 3-1083-87
See also main articles above
Seeger, Alan, American poet, 12-4234
Seeing, see Sight
Seeley, Sir John Robert, author, 11.4003
Sefton, Mt., New Zealand, 7-2570
Segantini, Giovanni, Italian painter, 8-2854
Segesta, Sicily
Picture, old Greek temple (gravure), 15-5354
Sego lilles, 18-6662
Segovia, Spain, 14-5050
Alcazar, 9-3356
Picture, the Alcazar, 14-5045
Seigniorial system
in Canada, 2-682
Seine, French river, - :-3816
Seines, use in fishing, 11-4052-53
Seismograph, see Seismometer
Seismometer, records earthquakes, 14-5219-20 Hicture, 14-5219
Sejanus, Flius, and Emperor Tiberius, 5-1860
Selectmen. Men possessing executive authority and managing varions lowl affairs in some New England towns. They are usually elected each year. They correspond to "aldermen."
Selene, name for Diana as goddess of the moon, 9-3227
monn, in ancient mytholory, 9-3233
Selenium (Se). A chemical element occurring chiefly in combination with copper, lead and silver.
Seleucus, king of Persia, 3-918
Self-control, value of. 8-2683-84
Self-determination. Right of nationalities to choose their own form of government. The term came into use toward the close of the World War with reference to the Poles and other peoples under rule of a stronger power.
Self-heal, flower
Picture (in color), 15-5612
Selfish Giant, story by Oscar Wilde, 4-1187-89
Selkirls, Alexander, original of Robinson Crusoe, 2-665
marooning and rescue, 3.860
put on island by Dampier, 9-3296
Poem ahnut. Alexander Selkirk, by Cowper, 19-6871
Selvas, definition, 6-2171
Semeru, volcano, height of, 7-2313
Semicircular canals of ear, $*$ 10-3425-27 Pirture, $30-3 .{ }^{2}$
Semites. The family of Mediterranean type in which are included the Arabs, the Himyarites of Alyssinfa, the ancrent Assyians. Aramasans, Amorites, Philistines, Phoenicians and Carthaginians and the still-surviving Jews. The inscriptions found in the countries inhabited by these races are all in the Semitic languages. Bemolina, made in Hour mill, 8-2800

Sempach, Battle of. Fought in 1386 between 1,500 Swiss and the Austrians under Duke Leopold. Leopold was killed and his forces were routed. In this battle Arnold von Winkelried performed his great act of heloism, breaking the opposing line by drawing the spears of the enemy on to his own breast.

See 16-6004
Seneca, Iucius Annæus, Roman author, 16-5912
Seneca Chief, first boat on Erie Canal,
13-1884. 1886
Senegal. Oldest French West African possession; area, 74,112 square miles; capital, St. Louis. Corn, millet, nuts and gum are produced, and Dakar is a rising port.
Serlis, France
Picture, cathedral (gravure), 17-6171
Senna, 8-2911-12
obtained from cassia plants, 8-2996
Picture (in color), 8-2999
Sennacherib, king of Assyria
life and reign, 2-655-56
destruction of army, 2-656
Poem about. Destruction of Sennacherib, by Lord Byron, 19-6990
Picture, palace, 14-5207
Sensation, 11-4065-68
Senses
and the brain, 8-2944-47
bat's sense of feeling, $1-316$
kinds and importance, 9-3305
of earthworms, 19-7144
of fishes, 11-3841-42
of insects, see Insects-senses of
relation to ideas, Plato on, 16-5918, 5920
source of thought material, 11-1065-66
See al8o Hearing; Sight; Smell; Taste
Question alout
Why does boiling water feel cold when we put our hand in it? 14-4950
Sensitive plant, movements of, 2-745-46
Pictures, 2-743
Sentence. In grammar, a combination of subject and predicate, simple or complex; a complete thought expressed in words.
Sentimental Tommy, by Barrie

* quotations and summary, 9-3239-44

Seoul, Korea, see Seul
Sepal, part of flower, 2.506; 3.1013
Separatists, in England, 2-546
See also Pilgrim Fathers
Separators of cream, 1-382-83
Picturc, 1-382
Sepia, fluid from squids, 16-5898
Sepia-print pictures, how to make, 15-5331-32
September. In our calendar the ninth month of the $y+a r$, consisting of 30 days. In the old Roman year it was the seventh month, the name coming from Latin septem, seven.
Sequoia National Park, California, 7-2290-91
Picture and note, 7-2282
Sequoia trees
account of, 9-3262
age of, 7-2416
size of. 2-613
varieties and use of wood, 12-4249-50
Pictures, 7-2282; 9-3267
Sequoya. Cherokee Indian scholar who gave written language to his people; born near Tuskegee, Alabama, 1760 ; died, 1843.
Seranus, $1 \ldots+1$ name of Jlrs. S. Frances Harrison, 14-5109
Serapis. An Egyptian god worshiped at Memphis and Alexandria. He was realiy the dead sacred bull Apis honored under the additional name of Osiris, the name Serapis being made out of Osiris and Apis. Serapis was lord of the underworld in Egyptian mythology.
Serbia. or Servia
national hymin, 17-6255
Śre alan Jume-Slavia
Sergeant. A non-commissioned officer in the army or in the marines, next higher in rank to the corporal.
Sergeant-at-arms. An executive officer in certain legislative hodies who is authorized to kpep order in such hodies and has charge of the payment of members. Both Honses in the British Parliament and the Canadian Parliament ann the United States Senate and House of Representatives have sergeants-at-arms.
Sergeant Casey, dog, story of, 16-5738
Seriemas, birds of South America, 11.4010

## GENERAL INDEX

Serpent, game with marbles, 17-6389
Serpentine, rock, 17-6386
Serpents, see Snakes

## Serra, Father Junipera

founded C'alifornia missions, 6-1922
Serval, animal. Picture (gravure), 2-500
Servetus, Michael, Spanish physician
discovered valves in veins, 8-2725
Servia, see Jugo-Slavia; Serbia
Service, Robert W., Canadian author, 14-5108-09
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Service-berry, or shadbush, 12-4512, 4514
Service tree, wild, 12-4382-83
Piclure and note, 12-4..91
fruit (in color), 11-4027
Set, Egyptian god, 3-812
Seton, Ernest Thompson-, Canadian author, 15-5372
Setter dogs. Picture (gravure), 2-714
Setubal, Portugal, 14-5188
Seul, capital of Korea, 2-566
Sevastopol, see Sebastopol
Seven Sleepers of Ephesus. Seven noble young men of Ephesus who are said to have fled dur ing the Decian persecution of the Christians, A.D. 250, to a cave in Mount Celion, where they slept for 230 years.
Seven Virtues. Faith, hope, charity, prudence, justice, fortitude, temperance.
Seven Weeks' Wax. The campaign from June 8 to July 26, 1866, when Prussia, under the leadership of General von Moltke, defeated Austria
and secured German supremacy.
Seven Wonders of the World

* account of, 7-2604-08

Colossus of Rhodes, 12-4467
hanging gardens of Babylon, 2-659
lighthouse, Alexandria, 3-821
Mausoleum, Halicarnassus, 12-4331-32
pyramids, Egypt, 3-808-09; 14-5211
statue of Zens, Olympia, 12-4220
temple of Diana, Ephesus, 15-5344-45
Pictures

* as imagined by modern artists (gravure), 7-2605-08
Seven Years' War
and Frederick the Great. 11-4048-49
See also French and Indian War
Seventeen-year locust, see Cicada
"Seventy-two Eesolutions" مf Canada, 4-1488
Severn. Second largest river of England and Wales, rising in Plynlimmon and flowing into the Bristol Channel. It passes Shrewshury, Worcester, Tewkesbury and Gloucester, and its chief tributaries are the Teme and Upper Avon. Draining 4,350 square miles, it is generally too swift for navigation, and has a tidal bore. 210 miles.
pronosed use of tides for power, 18-6558
Sevier, John. pionคคr, in Watauga valley, 6-2196
Sévicné, Marle, Marnu'se de. French letter
writer; born. Paris, 1626; died. Grignan, Dau-
phine, in 1696.
Seville, Spain
Alraтar, 9-3?56
cathedral, j7-6164
centre of Spanish American trade, in colonial era, 19-6864
Giralda tower, 15-5466
Pictures
Alcazar, 14-5047; 15-5473, 5475, 5477
cathedral (gravure), 17-6172
courtyard in Pilate's house, 15-5476
Giralda tower, 15-5469
Irving memorial. 13-4627
Sèvres. French town between Versailles and
Paris, with a famous porcelain industry and school of ceramics.
Sewage dicnnsal, ise of microbes, 2-558
Seward, William Henry, life, 10-3, 495
pirfure, portrait, in group, 7-2426


## Sewing

directions
anron for child, 7-2649
buttonholes, 19-7079
sewing-bag, 18-6778
window curtains, 17-6387-88
elementary directions, 1-3.38-39
mending clothes, 11-3857-58
of books, 12-4262-63
See alsn Doll dressmaking; Fimhroldery
For list of main articles, spe 20-7638

- owing-bag, felt, directions for making, 18-6778

Sewing machine, invention of, 19-7212-13
Picture, 19-7213
Sex in plants, see Flowers-fertilization: Repro-duction-plants
Sextant. An instrument of navigation and surveying, for measuring the angular distance of stars or other objects, or the altitude of a star above the horizon. Newton was the first inventor, but his description was not published until after his death. Before the publication about 1730 , Thomas Godfrey of Philadelphia had made a sextant.
Sexton beetle, 18-6627
Seychelles, islands, 9-3182
Seymour, Jane, mother of Edward VI, 5-1817
Shackleton, Sir Ernest, explorer
buried in South Georgia, 9-3188
death, 14-5101
expeditions
in the Endurance, 14-5100
in the Nimrod, 14-509?
in the Quest, 14-5101
Scott's, in the Discovery, 14-5092-93
experience with whales, 6-2220
Pictures
portrait, 14-5089
antarctic scenes. 14-5099
Shad, fish, 11-4051-52; 16-5776
Picture, taking catch from the net, 11-4060
Shadbush, 12-4512, 4514
Shaddock, variety of granefruit, 6-2058
Shades for lamps, see Lamp shades
Shadoof, use in irrigation, 3-808
Picture, 7-2547
Shadows
Shathow-pictures on wall, dirertions, $16-57$ fi9
Question about. Why are shadows longer at the end of the day? 4-1230
Shaftesbury, 1st earl of
proprietor in Carolina, 2-553
Shagbark hickory, see Hickory trees
Shaggy-manes, mushrooms, 11-3908
Shah Jelian, Incill emperor
as architect, 15-5471-72
reign of, 8-2\&24
Pictures, portrait, 8-2821
apartment in palace (gravure), 15-5477
Taj Mahal, 8-2701; (gravure), 8-2835; 15-5477
Shakespeare, William

* life and genius. 2-722-24
books be liserf. 3-1118
* plays, account of, 3-833-38, 983-86
plays, stories of
All's Well That Ends Well, 8-26S6
Hamlet, 16-5761-62
Measure for Measure, 16-5755-56
Merchant of Venice, $8-2688$
Midsummer Night's Dream. 8-2685
Much Ado about Nothing, 16-5757-58
Othello, 8-2691
Romeo and Jirliet, 16-5759-60
Temnest, 8-2687
Twelfth Night, 8-2692
Winter's Tale, 16-5756-57
poetry, characteristics, 2-722-24 sonnets, $2-724$
* writers of his age, 3-1117-25

See also Poetry Index for poems and notes Pocms about
quotation from Milton, 2-724
Shakespeare, by Matthew Arnold, 7-2365
Pictures, with notes, 2-725-27
portrait (gravure), 5-1821
portrait (in group), reading to Queen Elizabeth, 3-833
portrait with great men of his time, 2-721 Globe Theatre, where Shakespeare acted, 2-720
plays, illustrations of, see titles of plays
Shale, oil from, note and picture, 13-4550 bituminous, 13-4542
Shalmaneser II, king of Assyria, 8-655
Shama, bird. Picture, 9-3135
Shamrock
and wood-sorrel, 18-6570
emblem of Ireland, 8-2930; 17-6180
Shandaken Tunnel, longest in the world, 14-5056 I'íture, 14-5.1154
Shandon, Ireland
Poem ahout. Bells of Shandon, by Mahony, 14-5238
Shanghai. Greatest Chinese port, near the mouth of the Yang-tse-kiang. Exporting chiefly

## GENERAL INDEX

Shanghai（continued）
silk，tea，sugar，cotton，hides，wool and beans， it does about two－fifths of the whole foreign trade of China，and has a large foreign quarter． description，2－434
Picture，2－431
Shanley，Charles Dawson，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Shannon．Largest river of Ireland and the Brit－ ish Isles，draining 4,550 square miles．Rising in County Cavan，it flows into the Atlantic by an estuary at Limerick． 250 miles．
Shannon，ship
victory over Chesapeake，5－1704；17－6330
Shantung，China
Japanese capture fortress，2－436， 566
Shapo，wild sheep，4－1375
Sharks，16－5893－94
accompanied by pilot fish，15－5541
Pictures，16－5895， 5897
blue shark，16－5893；（in color），16－5784
elfin shark，16－5899
fox shark（in color），16－5784
frilled shark，16－5899
Question about．How fast is a fish able to swim？5－1606
Sharp，Cecil，and folk songs，16－5740
Sharp，Willam，author，11－3897
Shaw，George Bernard．Brilliant British dram－ atist and critic；born，Dublin， 1856 ．His best comedy is Candida．He is an excellent speaker and is renowned for wit and satire

Picture，portrait，by A．John（gravure），8－2861
Shaw，Henry Wheeler，see Billings，Josh
Shaw，R．Norman，English architect，18－6492
Shays＇Rebellion．in insurrectimn in western Massachusetts in 1786－87，under Daniel Shays．
The uprising was unsuccessful．Shays escaped．
Sheard，Mrs．Verna，Canadian author，14－5110
Shearwaters，birds，11－4126， 4128
Pictures，11－4125
Manx（in color），9－3281
Sheave，elevator pulley，4－1218
Sheep
＊Sheep and goats，4－1369－78
and wool production，15－5575－76
attacked by kea， $10-3614$
breeds，4－1376
can live in dry regions，19－6842
in Australia，7－2462，2466， 2468
raised in U．S．，9－3208
scab，disease，prevention of，15－5579
wild species，4－1375
＊Pictures，4－1371－74，1377
illustrating wool－raising，15－5577－82
New Zealand flock，7－2577
ranch in Montana，18－6435
Sheep－breeding，4－1370，1375－76
Sheep－laurel，Shrub，13－4776
Sheepheads，fish，16－5780
Sheffield，England，manufactures cutlery， 4－1305－06
Sheik．In some Mohammedan countries，espe－ cially Arabia，a chief or head of a village or tribe；sometimes a religious chief or elder．
Shekel．A weight and a coin of the ancient As－ syrians，Jews，Phœenicians and other peoples．It came to be the chief silver coin of the Jews about 140 B．c．and was worth about 60 cents． Nowadays the word is used as a slang expres－ sion for money．
Sheldon，Iurana，see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Sheldrakes，ducks，11－3890
Pictures，11－3887；（in color），9－3282
Shelf，how to make，14－4999
Shelley，Fercy Bysshe，7－2491－92
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Pictures，portraits，7－2488；with parents， 15－5618
Shellfish，see Crustaceans；Molluscs
Shells
how to make a collection，14－5201
in ooze of sea，7－2539
of molluscs，19－6883－85
use in deroration， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 1 0}$
Sire ular）Mollucers
Ouestions alout
How hrees a mussel huild its sholl？12－4278 What has happened to the snails from all the empty shells？14－5085
Where do all the shells come from？15－5362

Shells－Questions about（continued）
Why can we hear a noise like waves in a seashell？5－1608
Pictures
200 varieties，19－6886－87
（in color），29－6893－96
Shells，Explosive
Question about．What keeps a shell from fall－ ing to the ground？2－686
Shelter of branches，how to make，19－6961
henandoah，airship，1－168， 170
Picture，and note，1－166
Shenstone，William，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Shepherd＇s Calendar，by Edmund Spenser，3－1119
Shepherd＇s purse，weed，15－5394 Picture and note，15－5393
Sheraton，Thomas，furniture－maker，18－6772
Picture，examples of characteristic furniture， 18－6771－73
Sherbrooke，Quebec
increase of French element，8－2949
Sheridan，Philip Henry（1831－88）．American soldier born in Allany，$\lambda$ ．$\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { ．He graduated }\end{aligned}$ from West Foint，and during the Civil War became distinguished as a cavalry officer．
operations in Virginia，7－2442
Poem alout
Pheridan＇s Ride，by T．B．Read，19－6868
Picture，portrait，7－2437
Sheridan，Sir Thomas，tutored Prince Charlie， 15－5640
Sheridan，packet－ship，race of，11－3919
Sheriff．In Canada and the United States，the chief civil officer whose duty it is to administer justice under court，executive head，or crown order，within a county．
Sherman，James S．，vice－president of U．S．
Picture，portrait（gravure），11－39 48
Sherman，Roger
Picture，portrait，in group，4－1167
Sherman，William Tecumseh（1820－91）．Amer－ ican soldier，born in Ohio．He graduated from West Point，and served in Mexican War，but resigned from the army to engage in banking and then in teaching；returned to army in 1861 and fought in many of the most important bat－ tles of the war；succeeded Grant as commander of peace army in 1869.
march to the sea，7－2439－40， 2442
Picture
portrait，7－2437
scene during march to the sea，7－2439
Sherwood Forest．One of the ancient English forests，extending from Nottingham northward to Worksop，and covering nearly ？（11）suluare miles．Famous as the retreat of Robin Hood．
Shetland Islands．Scottish group of 30 islands and 70 uninhabited islets in the North Atlan－ tic．They cover 550 square miles and form a Scottish county，Lerwick on Mainland being the capital．Sheep，cattle and Shetland ponies are bred，but the main industry is fishing．
Shetland ponies，origin of，6－2014
戸ictitx．6－ジ113：10－3712
Shetland shawls，story about．10－3711－12
Shick Shock Mts．，Quebec，1－108
Shield，toy，how to make，15－5339
Shilling．A coin or paper money varying in value，used mostly by the Anglo－Saxon peoples with the exception of those in North America where the decimal system has replaced the old monetary system．The first shilling was issued in the reign of Henry VII．The par value of the present－day English shilling is 24 cents．
Shillito，Edward，st Figetry Indux for foem and note
Shiloh，Battle of，7－2433
Shin leaf，plant，note and picture，16－5879
Shining splendor comes，＊2－721－27
Shintoism，religion
Picture temple，2－56？
Shipka，Battle of．14－19ッ6，
Shipka Pass．Kalkan Mts．．14－49？
Shipping，tonnage，rank of nations，15－5300 Ships
＊Avreat shị and what it can da，12－4415－33
＊Reign of wooden shins，11－3909－20 balance in water．14－5179－80 battleships，see Battleships
chart－house，12－4427
clipper－ships，11－3919－20

## GENERAL INDEX

Ships (continued)
destruction of, by shipworm, 19-6889
early fishing ships, Newfoundland, 8-2980
electricity, use of, 12-4416
engines, 12-4416
fire protection in New York harbor, 9-3162, 3164
food supply, ocean liner, 12-4415-16, 4429

* history, before steamships, 11-3909-20
of ancient Egypt, 11-3910
of ancient Greece, 11-3912
of ancient Rome, 11-3914
of Pnœenicians, 11-3910, 3912
of Teutonic tribes, 11-3914
masts, reason for tapering, 3-1115
measuring depth of water, 12-4422
of concrete, 7-2307
how made, note with picture, 7-2311
of England, 11-3914, 3916, 3918
of Spain, 11-3916-17
oil as fuel, 13-4539
packet ships cross Atlantic, 11-3918-19
* parts of, 14-5002-04
safety precautions, 12-4427
* sailing ships, various kinds, 11-4086-88
screw-propeller displaced paddle-wheel, 12-4416
* steamships, invention and improvements, 17-6397-6406
speed, measurement of, 12-4422
ventilation, modern liner, 12-4416-17
water supply, ocean liner, 12-4416, 4419
water-tight compartments, 12-4427
wireless telegraphy, use of, 12-4421
Poem about. Off Rivière du Loup, by D. C. Scott, 10-3481
Question about. How do ships sail against the wind? 2-455-56
* Pictures, 11-3909-20; 17-6399-6408
blowing up wrecked vessel, 13-4784
diagram of modern vessel, 14-5002
laying a cable, 12-4295, 4299
modern ocean liners, 12-4414
* parts of ocean liner, 12-4417-33
* parts of a ship, 14-5002-04
* sailing ships, various kinds, 11-4086-88 Viking ship, 1-240
water-tight doors, 12-4423
thipton, Mother, prophecies of, 7-2602
Picture, home at Knaresborough, England, 7-2602
Shipworms, molluses, 19-6888-89
Shiraz. Ancient walled city of southern Persia,
once one of the chief centres of the Zoroastrian religion.

Picture, 3-909
Shires, divisions of England, formation, 4-1430
Shirt-waist closet, directions for making, 8-2876-i7
Shock, treatment for, 16-5980-81
Shoe-bag, directions for making, 8-2882
Shoe-lace, button made from, 17-6386

## Shoemaking

* Story in a pair of shoes, 18-6441-46 apprentice and factory systems, 18-6442-43 machine for sewing soles, 19-7213-14
steps in manufacture, 18-6443-45
patron saints of shoemakers, 6-1997
tools of shoemakers, 18-6441
* Pictures, 18-6440-53

Shoes
description of, 18-6441
effect on bones of foot, 5-1677
fitting by X-ray, 16-5943
history of shapes, 18-6446
how to clean, 15-5335
sizes and numbers, 18-6446
states of U. S. making most shoes, 11-3778
synthetic, 5-1551
si: hlar shoemaking
Pictures
cross section of pegged and welt shoe, 18-6444 parts of, 18-6440 Wonden shoe of India, 18-6454
Shoguns, rulers of Japan, 2-563
Sholes, Christopher I., invented typewriter, 19-7:14
Shooting star, plant, 19-6939
Picture, with notes, 19-6.933
Shooting-stars, see Meteors
Short circuit, fire from, extinguished by sand, 4-1452
shorthand. A method of writing by means of quickly noted signs or characters so that the hand can keep pace with the speech. The ancient Greeks and Romans had a system but it was lost. In the 16th century the art was revived, but Pitman in 1837 devised the successful system still used with modifications. There are also several later and varying systems, such as the Gregg system.

## Shorthorn, breed of cattle, 4-1262

Pictures
(in color), facing $\mathbf{4}-1259$
(gravure), 4-1268
Shorthouse, Joseph Eenry, novelist, 11-3898
Shoshone Falls. On Snake River, Idaho; 210 feet high
Shoulder-blade, in human body, 5-1676
Shoulder shove, game, 18-6523
Shovelers, ducks, 11-3888
Pictures, 11-3886; (in color), 9-3130
Shrapnel. A form of shell for use in field guns, invented by General Henry Shrapnel of the British army, who died, 1842. A powder-charge bursts the casing of the shell, which is filled with bullets, at a point before the objective is reached, and the releascd bits of metal fly onward in a spread-out shower. The distance of explosion is gauged on a time fuse set in the nose of the shell. During the World War shrapnel shells inflicted enormous numbers of casu-

## alties.

Shrews, animals

```
    varieties of, 1-320
Pictures, 1-317
```

Shrewsbury. Capital of Shropshire, England, on
the Severn. An ancient place with many picturesque houses, it has a Norman castle and abbey church and a Roman Catholic cathedral.
Shrikes, birds, $9-3138$; 13-4836
Pictures, 9-3133
African shrike (in color), $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 2 2}$
loggerhead shrike (in color), 13-4842
nest and eggs, 8-2757
red-backed (in color), 9-3282
Shrimps, description, 16-5956
Picture, 16-5951
Shrubs

* North American shrubs, 13-4775-83
definition of, 13-4775
difference from trees, 11-4093
Shushak, suluurb of Fiume, 17-6348
Siam. Kingdom of southeast Asia; area, 200,148 square miles; capital, Bangkok. Rice is the staple crop, and the greatest exports are rice, teak and tin, Burmese and Chinese doing most of the manual labor. In the present century the country has made great progress, education having been greatly improved and much of the interior opened; a university has been founded at Bangkok. The people are mainly Siamese Buddhists, but there are a million Moslem Malays, and nearly two million Chinese.
Siberia. Immense Russian territory in northern Asia, stretching from the Urals to the Sea of Japan. Nearly 40 times as large as the British Isles, it covers $4,833,496$ square miles, while the population only amounts to about $11,000,000$, mainly immigrants from Russia. Turkish, Ugrian and Mongolian tribesmen number about 700,000 . In the east Siberia is mainly a tableland, with valuable deposits of gold, silver, copper, lead, iron, and coal among the mountains; the west is largely a fertile corn-growing plain, with comparatively dense population in places. The Trans-Siberian Railway stretches 5,700 miles from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from Leningrad to Vladivostok, and steamers ply during the summer on the Obi, Yenesel, Lena and Amur rivers. The north generally is covered with forests and swamps, in which a sparse population of tribesmen live by fishing and hunting: in the far north are 450,000 square miles of inhospitable and bitterly cold tundra, temperatures as low as $75^{\circ}$ and $85^{\circ}$ below zero having been registered at Verkhoyansk and Yakutsk. The chief towns are Tobolsk, Omsk, Tomsk, Trkutsk. Chita, Blagoveschensk, Khabarovsk, Nikolaievsk and Petropaulovsk.
conquered by Russia, 16-5692
settled by convicts, 16-5852
Pirturre 16-:Q:
Giberian Rallway, 16-5852
Sibyl, at Cumæ, 6-1988-89


## GENERAL INDEX

Sibylline oracles. Writings of the first four centuries of the Christian Era modeled on the pagan Sibylline Books as propaganda for Christianity.
Sic. Latin for "thus." When used within brackets in English it implies incredulity or contempt in regard to the statement which it follows.
Sic transit gloria mundi. Latin for "thus passes worldly glory.
Sicilan Vespers. Massacre on Easter Monday, March 30, 1282, of 8,000 Frenchmen in Sicily by natives of the island.
Sccllians. Originating from a race of Mediterranean type coming from North Africa, the Sicilians of to-day are a very mixed people; Greeks, Phœnicians, Romans, Vandals, Normans, Arabs, French and Spaniards having settled in this island.
Sicily. Largest island of Italy and the Mediterranean; area, 9,935 square miles; capital, Palermo. The chief industries are fruit-growing and the sardine and tuna fisheries, though Mount Etna is the chief source of the world's sulphur supply. Palermo, Messina, Catania, Trapani and Marsala are important ports; Syracuse and Girgenti abound in antiquities. Occupied in turn by Greeks, Carthaginians, Romans, Franks, Goths, Byzantines, Saracens, Normans, Angevins and Aragonese, Sicily has had the most eventful history of all Europe.

Picture, 13-4575
Sickle, description, 19-7210
Sicklebills, birds, 9-3288
Picture, 9-3287

## Sickness

Qufstinn abrut. Shonld we have plants in a Siddons, Mrs. Sarah Kemble

Pictures
portrait by Lawrence (in color). $\mathbf{7 - 2 3 3 9}$
portrait by Pevnolds as Tragic iruse (gravilre). 6-2113
Sidewalks, concrete, how mare, 7-2306
Sidewinder, rattlesrake. 15-5416
Sidney, Sir Philip. Fngiich pinet and soldier friend of Edmund Spenser. 3-1119
heroism of. 6-2nn7
wrote Arcadia, 4-1477
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
foem nlout. On Sir Fhili! Sirlney, by Sir Fulke-Greville, 11-4029
Picture. giving water to wounded soldier, $6-2006$
Sidon. sarconhagus of the Weepers, 12-4459-60 Picture, 12-4466
Siege. A military mancuvre in which a strong force encamps around a fortified city or place, and by cutting off supplies as well as by aggressive tactics tries to make the defenders

## submit. <br> Siegfried, hero in German literature, $\mathbf{1 7 - 6 2 6 6}$

Siemens, Sir Charles, inventor Picture, nortrait, 19-7201
Siemens, William. inventor. 19-7207
Slena. Famous city of Tuscany, one of the earliest centres of Italian Renaissance art. It is situated on three hills, the streets being winding and picturesque. Noted for strawplaiting and trade in oil and wine. The 13thcentury Pointed cathedral contains Donatello's statue in bronze of John the Baptist
cathedral, 17-6163-64
early manters. 2-631-9n. fis?

Piatuir (athrefral (eraxura) 17-617
Sierra Leone, account of, 9-3056
Sierra Madre. Mrnmtain Mange in Mfexico. Sometimes applied to Rocky Mountain system in $\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{w}$ Mr.xicon.
Sierra Nevada. Colifnmian monntain rance containing Mount Whitney, the highest peak in the United States, 14,897 feet. Famous for its grand scenery
Sierra Nevada. Mnuntain rance in Andalusia,
Spain, rising to 11,660 feet in Mulariacen.
Sight


* eye, story of, 10-3683-86

 magnifying glass, explanation, $\mathbf{2 - 4 6 2}$ objects under water, appearance, 8-2742, 2881

Sight (rontimued)
relation to light from objects, 12-4156
table of range of vision, by elevations, 19-7245 tricks to deceive eyes, $\mathbf{7 - 2 6 4 7}$
vision centre in brain,-8-2946-47; 9-3062
ser thesf L1-ht
Uut×tans ajر)иt
Are plctures of the things we see printed on the eyes? 16-5960
Can country people see better than town people: 12-4398
Can we see everything with our eyes? 10-3730
Do we see a thing as soon as we look at it? 1-312
Do we see ourselves in dreams? 17-6179
Do we see things in the distance, or the light that comes fiom thein" 2-45s
How can we juuge real or plctured distance? 3-1116
How can we see with our eyes shut? 7-2359 How far can we see? 19-724.
Is there a color our eyes cannot see? 10-3579
Why cannot we see the spokes of a wheel when it goes very fast? 15-5518
Why cannot we see very small things with our naked eyes? 14-4952
Why do two sides of a road seem to meet in the distance? 14-5 222
Why do we see a black spot in the sky after looking at the sun? 14-4950
Why dr we see lights when we get a blow on the eye? 13-4596
Why can we not see the bottom of a river? 10-3.540
Why can't I see in the rark? 5-1507
Why do dark things look smaller than light things? 6-2122
Why do houses seem crooked when we look across a fire? 5-1752
Why do things seem blurred when seen from a great height? 7-2612
Why have we two eyes? 9-3100
Why does heat make things seem to quiver? 5-1751
Why, if we look at red, do we afterward see green? 2~687
Sign-language
of Indians, 5-1768
Sce sl8o Signaling; Writing
Picture, in Stone Age of Australia, 8-2871
Signac, Paul, French painter, 8-2709
Signaling
by heliograph, 10-3732-33
by Indians, 5-1768
flag-wagking; directions, with pictures, 11-401 $f_{i-1}$
flashing messages at night, directions,
on railroads, description and pictures, 2-414
antonatic railroad simnals, 16-5 06
smoke signals used by Tndians, 5-1768
various methods, 17-6235
signature. meaning of term, in book-making 12-12 6,1
Signorelli, Luca di Egidio di Venture de',
Italian painter, 2-699
Si-Kiang, river in China, 2-422
Silage, fodder in silo, 7-2413
Silesia. Important Prussian province, lying between Czecho-Slovakia and Pnland. In the southeast is a valuable coal-mining district, zinc and lead being also found; but much of the industrial district has hecome Jalish hiv plehiscite. Breslau, the canital, is a manufacturing centre, and a small part of the province belonging to Czecho-Slovakia is also industrisl.
taken from Austria by Prussia, 11-4047
Silhouette. Monsionr Etianne de, and name of portraits, 19-7077
Silhouettes, account of, 19-7077
Silica, use in glass-making, 18-fi4f
Sllicon
liriling ard melting points of. 8-n, 14
in sand, 17-6178
Silk

* hictory and mannfacture. 15-5.207-21 annuai world rormburtion. 18-f.5? 1 artificial, discovery of, 13-4828; $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 1 0}$ French factories, 11-3818 how to test purity, 2-621: 5-1774-75 industry in Europe, 18-6529
industry in U. S., 9-3214, 3216

Silk（continued） see also Silkworms
Question about．What is artificial silk made ot？13－4828
Pictures，showing production and manufacture， 15－o 12－21
Silk－couton tree，use of，8－2790
Fじれでし，8－2i85
Siliz grass，see Yucca

## Silxworus

how introduced into Europe，15－5307－08
steps in raising，15－53ur－uy
ficıures
life history，15－5312－13 method of raising，15－5314
Sill，Eaward Rowland，see Poetry Index for poems and nules
Silliman，Benjaman，experiments on petroleum， 12－403t
Silo．Picture，7－2413
SLloam inscription，7－2483
licture，1－二ぁ力3
Silurian period，geology，see Geology－Silurian period
Silver（Ag）．A shiny white metal．When found in its native state its surface soon tarnishes upon exposure to the air．It is usually found in wiry，flaky or mossy masses and often with lead or copleer．It is a soft metal and ranks next to goid in malleability and ductility

Australian mines，richest in world，7－¿470
production in Mexico， $9-3210$
production in U，S，9－3210
Question about．Why does silver tarnish in the air while gold does not？10－3477
Silver Heron，ship，11－3920
Silver－plating，explanation of，4－1308，1310－11 l＇ictures，4－1310－11
Silverweed．licture（in color），13－4878
Sime，J．G．，Canadian author， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 7 1}$
Ficture，portrait．15－537？
Simeon Stylites，St．Monk of Sisan，Syria，who， when his lame spread among the Arabs，retired up a high pillar near Antioch，on，which he lived for 30 years．He made many converts，and also influenced state matters up to his death，in about 459.
Simla．Hot－weather capital of India，in the Pun－ jab．It stands 7,000 feet above sea－level in the Himalayan foothills．
Simmons，Eiward E．，American painter，10－3453
Simms，William Gilmore，American author， 13－46：8
Simon，Hermann，and wireless telephony， 17－6247
Simon，Lucien，French painter，8－2855
Picture．The Procession（gravure），8－2862
Simon de Montfort，see Montfort，Simon de
Simonides，Greek author，16－5751
Simoon，desert wind，18－6743
Simple cell，see Electric batteries
Simplex printer，note and pictures．17－6058
Simplicissimus，character in early German book，17－6268
Simplicius．Christian martyr，9－3068
Simplon Pass．Alpine pass leading from the Swiss Valais to Domo d＇Ossola，Italy．The rail－ way to Milan is carried beneath it by a tunnel 12 miles long．6，600 feet．
Simpson，Charles，English painter，8－2860
Simpson．Six George，head of Hudson＇s Bay Co．， 12－4339
Simpson，James，discovered use of chloroform as anmsthetir．8－2729－3n
Simb，Adm ${ }^{2}$ ral Wiliam s．Born，Port Hope，Can－ ada，in 1858．Became American citizen．Com－ manded American naval forces in European waters after the United States entered the Great War．
Stnai，Mt．Historic summit in the Sinai penin－ sula of Egypt． 8.550 feet．
Sine die．Latin for＂without day＂；indefinitely． Sine qua non．Latin phrase meanine＂without which nothing＂；hence，in English，an indispen sahle conditinn．
Sinecure．Office of profit or dignity involving no serious obligations．The term is from the Latin sine cura．without care．
Sinew，definition nf 5－1803
Sing Sing，New York State prison at Ossining， Westchester County，New York．
Singapore，island port，9－3184
Pioture，Mohammedan mosque，9－3183

Singer，Isaac M．improved sewing machine， 19－7213
Singer building，N．Y．city．Picture，9－3213

## ingang

how different from speaking， $10-3557-58$
how larynx produces tones，10－3556
overtones and quality of voice，19－6853－54
part－singing introduced，10th century，19－6901
range of voice， $10-3556$
vowels more musical than consonants， 10－3560－61
See also Songs；Music
Questions atout
What are William Byrd＇s eight reasons for singing？16－5744
When we sing a note to the piano，why does it answer？5－1750
Single tax．A theory of taxation by which only land value would be taxed，peopla contributing to the public revenue in proportion to the value of the land they hold，and paying no other gov－ ernment tax．
Sinn Fein，in Ireland，8－2938， 2940
Siouans．One of the largest linguistic stocks of North American Indians．In former times they ranged far and wide，especially from the Sas－ katchewan southward to Arkansas and from the Mississippi to Wyoming．They include the Dakotas，Omahas，Iowas，Crows，Assiniboins， Osages，Winnebagos and many others．
Siphon，experiment showing working，2－622
Question about．How does a siphon work？ 15－5365
Siphon recorder，cable instrument，invented by Kelvin，12－4296
pictures and note，17－6053， 6371
Sirajoud－Daula，s＇e Surajah Dowlah
Siren，whistle，description，18－6439
diagram and explanation，18－6695
Sirenia，group of mammals，C－2213
sirens，sea nymphs，1－350
and Ulysses，6－1986
explanation of，6－2213
in mythology，9－3236
Sirius，the dog star
composition of，11－3924
distance from earth，9－3034；11－3783
in mythology，9－3233
legends of，6－1970
white light indicates greatest heat，9－3178
Sirius，steamship，17－6402
Sirocco．Italian name for a southeast wind， which may be warm，humid and sultry as in the winter，or hot and dry and dust－laden，usually in the spring．
Sisal hemp
account of，8－2788
uses of．11－3792
Pictures，8－2785；11－3791
Siskins，birds，8－2973
pine siskins，13－4832
Picture，red siskin（in color），12－4371
Sisley，Alfred，French painter，8－2714
licture．Road to Mount Valerien，8－2713
Sisters of Charity
in leper colony of Molokai，7－2322
work of Vincent de Paul，5－1733
Sistine Chapel，Vatican，Rome
Michelangelo＇s paintings， $\mathbf{3 - 8 3 1}$
Pictures，Michelangelo＇s paintings，
3－822，823，826－27
Sistine Madonna，by Raphael
Picture（gravure），3－962
Sitting Buli（Tatanka Yotanka）（1837－90）．A Sioux chief who led many Indian risings in the Western states of the United States．After the killing of General Custer on the Little Big Horn in 1876 Sitting Bull escaped to Canada．He re－ turned to the United States in 1881．He was ar－ rested when an Indian uprising threatened in 1890 and was killed near Fort Yates，North Daknta，during an attempt at rescue．
Situtunca，animal，4－1443
Six Nations．Indian confederacy，formed by Five Nations and Tuscarora Indians；2－554 See also Five Nations；Iroquois Indians
Size
Question ahout．What तo we mean when we sneale nf sire？2－163
See also Weiphts and Measures
Slze，paper filler，7－2450
Skates，flshes，16－5774
Pictures，16－5779；（in color），16－5783

## Skeleton

* Animals with backbones, 1-255-59
* Head and the limbs, 5-1673-77
* in animals and man, 5-1559-63
of whale, 6-2214
See also Bones; Skull
Pictures
man and elephant compared, 7-2361
of diplodocus, 1-257
of human body, 13-4618 of mouse, 1-257
Sikelton, Oscar Douglas, Canadian writer, 15-5368 Picture, portrait, $15-5.368$
Skiling, description of ski, 10-3696
directions for making ski, 16-5979
in Canada, 10-3696
in polar exploration, 10-3696
Pictures, 10-3697
Skim milk, uses of, 1-382
Skimmers, birds, 11-4122
Skin
* Covering of our bodies, 4-1415-20
dimples, how caused, 12-4506
sensations of, 4-1419-20
structure, 4-1416, 1418
waterproof quality, \$-1416
Qucstions about
If our skin is waterproof, how does moisture penetrate it? 14-5224
What happens to our skin when we blush? 1-188
Why is the skin of the negro black? 7-2609 Pictures
how a wound is healed, 4-1417
negro and white compared, 4-1417
Skinks, lizards, 14-5234
Picture, 14-5231, 5233
Skins of animals
unit of value in fur trade, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 3 4 0}$
uses as leather, 5-1550-51
Skizynecki, Jan Boncza, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Skuas, birds, 11-4124
Pictures, 11-4123
arctic skua (in color), 8-2899 great skua (in color), $9-3130$ mother and chick, 8-2761


## Skull

* in animals and man, 5-1673-75
connection with backbone, 5-1563
fracture of, 13-4847
shape of, 4-1355
size of, and brain, 8-2943-44
Pictures, showing differing brain space, 5-1673
Skullcap, plant, 16-5878, 5880 Pictures, 16-5878
greater skullcap (in color), 16-5883
Skulpin, fish
Picture, yellow skulpin (in color), 16-5784
Skunk cabbage, plant, 17-6274
on Pacific coast 19-6928
Pictures, 17-6272; 19-6929
Skunkg, animals, 3-873
fur farms for, 13-4696
Pictures, 3-868, 869; 13-4698
Skunkweed, see Rocky Mountain bee plant
Sky, blue color, reason for, 1-188
distance from us, 3-876
Questions about Could the sky fall down? 12-4279 Do we know how far the sky goes? 3-876 How far off is the sky? $\mathbf{1 - 1 8 8}$ Where are the clouds when the sky is quite clear? 13-4595
Why is the sky blue? 15-5518
Why is the sky in Italy so blue? 17-6179
Sky-writing, how produced, 13-4825
Skye. Largest of the Inner Hebrides; area, 643 square miles. Wild and rugged, it has six mountains over 3,000 feet high, stock-raising and fishing being the only industries.
and Prince Charlie, 15-5643
Picture, huts, 15-5639
Skye terxier, 2-718
Picture, 2-716
Skylarks, account of, 9-3133-34 Missouri, name for American pipit, 9-3136 Poems abull
The Sliylark, by James Hogeg, 3-1142 To a Skylark, by P. B. Shelley, 16-6021 To a Skvlark, by Wordsworth, 11-4034 To the Skylark, by Wordsworth, 7-2529 Pictures, 9-3187; (in color), 9-3132

Skyscrapers
Question about. What is the meaning of sky. scraper? 18-6555-56
Slabsides, John Burrough's cabin, 19-7058
Slag, 6-1938, 1946
Siang. Words and phrases not recognized as standard but in common use, especially amons the lower classes. Frequently slang words become so much a part of a language that they become standard. Sometimes these slang words are mere jargon, originating with a suecial class, such as race-track followeıs, tramps, etc. Sometimes they are standard words to which an entirely different meaning has been given. Slang is more or less a part of everyday conversatior, of all classes of society, though each class may use a different form.
Slate, formed from Cambrian rocks, 3-905-06
Picture, cleaving and folding, 6-2071
Slate, writing-slate
Question about. Why will pen and ink write on paper better than on a slate? 14-5087
Slate pencils, writing of, 4-1356
Slave trade
and Sir John Hawkins, 14-4962
approved, Elizabethan period. 14-4962
Baker attacked, in Sudan, 2-471
to America, 2-466
to West Indjes, 19-7099

## Slavery

among ants, 17-635-5-57
among Boers, South Africa, 9-3048
Benjamin Franklin and. $4-1248$
cost of abolition in British territory, 7-2296
in Brazil, alolishment of, 19-7042
in early England, slaves protected by Dunstan, 8-2845
in Jamaica. 19-7102
in United States
effect of cotton on, 5-1627
history to Missouri Compromise, 6-1912, 1914 introducen into Virginia, 1619, 2-546
in West Indies, 19-7099
Picture, English slaves freed by Christian owners, 8-2846
Slavic languages, origin of alphabet. 10-3548
Slavs. The name of the group of people inhabit-
ing Eastern Europe, including the Russians, Poles, Wends, Czechs, Slovaks, Jugo-Slavs and modern Bulgarians.
pressure on Teutonic tribes, 11-3959-60
sled, directions for making, 6-2041-42 how to use, 6-2042

## Sleep

account of, 1-78
benefits from, 5-1749
cause of, 5-1749
rules for, 2-628
Parms alorut
Fly-Away Horse, hy Fugene Finld. 11.1111
Shut-Eye Train, by Eugene Field, 9-3108
Questims about
Do fishes close their eyes and sleep under water? 10-3474
Do we always wake when we have har enough sleep? 5-1609
Does a flower sleen at night? 15-5520
Does a plant go to sleep? 2-685
How do we know we have dreamed when we wake up? 6-2123
Where am I in my sleep? 5-1749
Why cannot we grasp a bar tightly when We first wake up? 4-1356
Why do we sleep? 17-6175
Why is it dangerous to sleep in a damp bed? 4-1230
Why must a baby have more sleep than a grown-up? 2-687
Why, when I wake, do I seem to have just gone to sleep? 10-3732
Sleeping Beauty, story of, 19-7006-07
Sleeping-cars on trains
description and picture, 2-415
invention of, 19-7211-12
Sleeping-sickness, cure for, 13-4531
spread by tsetse-fly, 15-5492; 17-6422-23
Glidell, John, an+3 Trent affair, 7-24.31
sligo. County of Connaught, Ireland; area, 690 square miles; capital, Sligo.
Slip, clay-and-water mixture, 7-2512
Sloane, Sir Fang, and British Museum, 12-4358
slooum, Samuel, invented machine to stick pins into paper, 9-3042

## GENERAL INDEX

Sloes, fruit of blackthorn, 12-4383
Picture, fruit (in color), 11-4027
Sloon, sailing-vessel, rig of, 11-4086-87
Sloths, account of, 7-2394, 2396, 2400
giant, in ancient times, 7-2396-97
prehistoric ancestors of, 1-95
lictures, 7-2395
Slovenes. A. Slav people in Jugo-Slavia, chiefly
o be found in Carniola, Styria and South Ca
rinthia. Tall, round-headed, they are an intelli-
rent, industrious, musical, sociable and inde-
pendent people.
slowworm or blindworm, $\mathbf{1 4 - 5 2 3 2}$
Slugs, shell-less molluscs, 19-6890
fictures, 19-6882
sea. slug, 19-6891
Sluter, Claus, sculptor, 13-4700
Picture, Well of Moses, in monastery of Champmol, 13-4702
Sluys, naval battle of, 5-1682
Smallpox
vaccination, discovery and usefulness, 8-2728 Question about. Why does vaccination save us

## Smell

* smell and taste, 11-3955-58
man's and animal's compared, 8-2946
Qucstions about
Is smell a wave in the air? 5-1753 IVhy do we lose the sense of smell when we have a cold? 5-1809
Why do smelling-salts revive us? $10-3730$
Smelt Family, fishes, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 7 7 6}$
Smelting, coal first used for, 3-790
Smerwick, Ireland, Raleigh crushed rebellion at, 14-4966
Smibert, John, painter in American colonies, 9-3325
Smilax, shrub, 13-4783
Smilax Family, yields sarsaparilla, 8-2911
Smiley, Maurice, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Smirke, Sir Robert, British architect work in London, 12-4358, 4360
Smith, Adam, economist, and division of labor. 14-5245
effect of his Wealth of Nations, 7-2294
quotation on taxes, 13-4554
Smith, Benjamin Ieigh, arctic explorer, 13-4712-13
Picture, portrait, 13-4707
Smith Sir Francis, improved screw propeller, 17-6404
Smith, Goldwix, and Canadian literature, 14-5110
Smith, Capt. John
* life of, 14-4970-71
first American statesman, 10-3487
reports for Virginia Co., 12-4445
work in Jamestown, 2-54t
Jictures
portrait, 2-549
meets an Indian in London, 14-4969
Smith, John W., at wreck of the Larchmont, 14-5 121
Smith, Joseph, founder of Mormonism, 6-1920
Smith, Ross, aviator, 1-178
Smith, Samuel Francis, wrote song, America, 18-6513
See also Poetry Index, for poem and note
Smith, Spencer, with Shackleton in Antarctic, 14-5101
Smith, Theobald, physician, 15-5486, 5488
Smith, William, geologist, 6-2069
Smithsonian Institution, The. In institution in Washington, D. C., devoted to the "increase and diffusion of knowlthly amons: men." It was founded in 1846 as a result of a legacy for that purpose bequeathed to the United States by Jambs smithan, an English wh:mist and mineralogist. It has been the parent of several scientific bodies which later became government departments. The Institution carries an original research work in science and publishes original research work in science and publishes Smoke
causes fog, 8-2922
directions for making rings from vortex box 13-4846
made up of solid muiter, 6-2250; 8-2922 Questions about
Does smoke always come from a fire?
15-5517-18

Smoke-Questions about (continued)
Does the smoke of a train go the opposite way to the train? 2-585
Is it a sign of rain when the smoke blows down the chimney? 12-4279
What becomes of the smoke we see? 2-460
What is smoke made of? 11-3979
Why does a chimney smoke? 8-3014
Why does a factory have a tall chimney? 4-1232
Why does smoke go up the chimney? 8-3015
Why has not smoke a force like steam? €-2250
Smoke signals, used by Indians, 5-1768
Smokeless powder. A form of gunpowder that burns or explodes without developing much smoke. It is used largely in modern warfare for rifle and gun ammunition and also in ammunition for sporting rifles.
Smollett, Tobias, writings of, 6-2256
Picture, portrait, 6-2255
Smudge-graphs, how to make, 12-4502
Smut, disease of oats, 5-1851-52
Smyrna. Chief port of Asia Minor and terminus
of two railways. Founded by the Greeks about 1000 B.C., it has been important practically ever since, and has a great export of carpets, beans, barley, fruit, cotton and tobacco.
political control, 18-6458
Pictures, 13-4810
Smyth, William, of Burton Port heroism of, 6-2008
Snails
can live without food, $\mathbf{3 - 4 5 7}$
description, 14-5201; * 19-6889-90
endurance of, 19-6890
prehistoric, enormous size, 19-6884
teeth of, 19-6889
Pocms about
Butterfly and the Snail, by John Gay, 7-2638
The Housekeeper, by Charles Lamb, 18-6754
Question about. What has happened to the snails from all the empty shells? 14-5085
Pictures, 19-6882, 6887, 6891; (in color) 19-6893-94
Snake-bird, name for anhinga, 11-3882
Snake dance, A tribal dance of the Hopi Indians of northeastern Arizona, in which the performers handle live rattlesnakes.
Snake River. American river rising in Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming, and flowing into the Columbia River. 950 miles.
Snakeroot, Black, plant, 16-5728
Snakes

* account of, 15-5409-16
belief of the ancients in healing power of serpents, 8-2722
method of crawling, $15-5410$
poison glands, 6-1929
story about, Battle with snakes, by Waterton, 4-1530-31
superstitions about, 1-359
Poem about. Child and the Snake, by Charles and Mary Lamb, 7-2528
Questions about
Can poisonous snakes bite without poisoning? 5-1810
What makes the poison in a snake's fang? 16-5842
* Pictures, 15-5409-15

Hindu snake-charmer (gravure), 8-2834
Snake's-head, flower, 16-5873, 5876
Pictures, 16-5873; (gravure), 19-7174; (in color), 16-5884
Snakeweed, reason for name, 13-4875
Snap, card game, 15-5514
Snapdragon, flower
English name for butter-and-eggs, 15-5392
Pictures, (in color), $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 9 9}$
great snapdragon, 14-4995
Snapper Family, fish, 16-5780
Sneezing, how excited, 11-3957
Qucstion about. What makes us sneeze? 17-6176
Snipe, bird, 14-5020
Pictures, 11-4011; (in color), 9-3132
Snorri sturlason, historian and saga-collector. 19-7010
Snorro, Norse child
born in America, in year 1007, 3-965
Snow
cause and formation, 8-2923

## GENERAL INDEX

## Snow (continued)

crystals, snow Aakes, 14-4906
story about, Little Agnes of the Snow, 19-6879
used for houses by Eskimos, 7-2564
Poems about
Nearing the Snow-line, by O. W. Holmes, 19-6874
Snow-flakes, by H. W. Longfellow, 3-1141
Snow-storm, by R. W. Emerson, 8-2906
Questions about
How does salt melt snow? 12-4505
What is the difference between snow and hail? 18-6556
Why do mountains get no higher though snow falls on them? 6-2250
Why is a snowflake lighter than a raindrop? 9-3101
Why is the snow white? 18-6694
Pictures, 14-4904-12
crystals, magnified, 14-4904
in the Alps, 16-6003, 6009-10
Snow buntings, birds, 13-4832
Snow-leopard, description, 2-501
Snow-plows on railroads, description and pictures, 2-413
pictures, with notes, 14-5223
Snowball, bush, 11-4020
Snowball, name for guelder rose, 14-4972
Snowberries, 11-4020
on Pacific coast, 19-6939-40
Picture, fruit (in color), 11-4026
Snowbird, western, name for Oregon junco 14-5147
Poem about. Secret Song, by E. R. Macdonald, 8-2902
Snowdon. Highest mountain in England and Wales, in Carnarvonshire. 3,590 feet.
Snowdrop, flower, 19-7172
Picture. (in color), 14-4991
Snowdrop and the dwarfs, story, 7-2597
Snowlakes, birds, 13-4832
Soap
how to make, 1-130
toy animals carved from, 18-6779-80
Question about. Why cannot we wash the color out of soap? 16-5846
Sosp brbbles, explanation of, 3-979-80 Questions about
How does a soap bubble hold together? 3-979
What makes a soap bubble rise and fall? 3.980

Picture, showing surface tension, 3-979
Sobleski, sff John III, sinhieski
Sobleski, Maria Clementina, wife of "the Old Pretender," 15-563.
Soccer. kind of football, 19-6961
Social Contract, Rousseau, 6-2128
Social reforms in England, 19th century, 7-2294, 2296
Society, Theory of

* Ourselves and the nation, 19-6875-78

Soclety Islanas. Pacific archipelago belonging to France. Tahiti, 600 square miles in extent, is by far the largest island, and produces fruit, vanilla, copra and phosphates.
discovery and description, $\mathbf{7 - 2 5 7 1}$
Sipe also Tahiti
Snclety of American Artists, founding, 9-3334
Society of Canadian Literature, founded by W. D. Lighthall, 14-51ns

Society of English Artists
developed into Royal Academy, 7-2328
Soctety of Jesus, see Jesuits
Soctolopy

* Ourselves and the nation, 19-6875-78

Socks. directinns for knitting, 13-4851-52
Focotra, island. 9-3182
Socrates. Greek philosopher

* life and teachings, 16-5915-17, 5920
and Platn, 16-5918
death, 3-1081
Picfures
ahnut to die a martyr's death, 16-5918 ancient sculnture of Sncrates, 16-5.914 talkinm $n n$ eternal justice (sculpture) 16-5917


## Soda

canstic, nurifies air for divers, 18-4186-87 ennlium hicarhonate in hlood, 3-938
gorivm, hasis of salt, 3.925
Sodum blcarbonate, see Soda

Sofia. Capital of Bulgaria, on the Vienna-Constantinople railway. Largely rebuilt since $189^{\circ}$
it has a cathedral and a considerable trade.
description, 14-4926
picture. 14-4y25
Soft-bone, fish
picture (in color), 16-5786
Soll
earthworms' improvement of, 19-7143-44, 7146-47
frost helps pulverize, 11-4135
rain's sinking into, 11-4133
way of improving, $13-4522$
See also Fertilizers
Soissong. Ancient French city on the Aisne. 65 miles north of Paris. The beautiful 12 th-cen tury cathedral was ruined during the World War.
Sol, in ancient mythology, 9-3233
Solan geese, see Gannets
Solanum, Black, see Nightshade-black
Solar plezus. A network of nerves behind toze stomach from which nerve filaments extend throughout the abdomen. In boxing, a blow on the pit of the stomach causes temporary collapse by paralyzing the nerves.

## Solar system

comets and meteors, 10-3665-72
dissipation of energy of, 15-557i-72
distances and sizes of planets, 9-3180
origin, 1-141-44
Sre alsn Planets; Sun
Pictures, 1-25
showing comparative sizes of planets, 9-3179 showing paths of planets, 1-23
Soldanella, alpine plant
grows under snow, 2-458
Picture, 2-459
Soldering, directions for, 2-747-48
Soldiers
military songs and their writers, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 0 8}$
Poems about
Battle of Blenheim, by Southey, 2-483 Before Action, by W. N. Horgson, 10-3738 Bivouac of the Dead, by Theodore O'Hara 8-2767
Blue and the Gray, hy F. M. Finch, 10-2643 Burial of Sir John Moore, by Wolfe, 2-607 Charge of the Light Brigade, by Tennyson, 5-1778
Dirge for a Soldier, hy G. H. Boker, 3-1006 Eve of Waterloo, by Byron, 8-2766
I Heard a Soldier, by Herbert Trench, 3-113? Incident of the French Camp, by Robert Browning, 12-4350
Little Giffen, by F. O. Ticknor, 6-2242
Song of the Camr, hy Fovard Trivinr. 6-2034 The Solrijer, by Rilnert Rerinizs 12-427.3
Torch of life, by Newbolt, 8-3005
Question about. Whhy in snlr!:ers hreak step while crossing a bridge? 7-2485
Soldier's uniform for boy, directions for making, 15-5339
Sole. fich, 1f-5799
Pictures (in color). 16-5782
lemon sole. 16-5782
Solenodon, animal, 1-320
Pirture, 1-317
Solferino, Battle nf. 12-1411-12
Solld. In geometry, a body which has length breadth and thickness.
Solveren, Germany, cutlery centre, 4-1306
Soltatre, extinnt bird, 12-4284 Picture, 12-4283
Sninman, Kine nf Tcrart 19-7154
Solnmon, Temple of. Tamircalem. 19-7156
Pirture morisl of temule 19-7155
Solnmon Islands. British island ernin in the Pacific Islands colony; area, 11.000 scmare miles.
Ebony, sandalwood, copra and pearl-shell are exported.
discovered by Alvaro de Mendana. a-2nก4
nnnulation. and nation ruling. $9-318 i$
Pictures, 9-3185, 3297
Rninmon' weal. finmer. 17-6980: 19-7171
Solnn. Grepk lavegiran 2-703
pinture, nortrait. 2-7n1
Fnlotineg, maaninc nf. R-9792
Bointion. The state ni being तlagnlver: the changing nf matter from a solid no egeanilg gitate to the linlif state by meand of a llquid. Solvman. Turkish Siltan, spe Silfiman
Bomaliland. Fiast Aprinan territnrv cumprising
British, French and Italian Somallland. French

## GENERAL INDEX

## Somaliland（continued）

Somaliland exports the coffee and ivory of Abys－ sinia through Jibuti and Obock，and has an area of 5,790 square miles；Italian Somaliland，capital Magadoxo，covers about 154,000 square miles， and is mainly pastoral．
may be ancient Punt，11－3910
races in，9－3047
Sumaliland，Eritsh，9－305t
Some famors ladies of the White House， ＊2－391－396
Some men who loved nature，＊19－7051－58
Some of our historic shr－nes，＊13－6825－39
Some other famous Presidents，＊19－7193－7200
Somme．River of Picardy，France，flowing past st．Quentin，Péronne，Amiens and Abbeville to anter the Finglish（lhammel．Inurins the World War forar important battles were fousht in this area． 150 miles．
Somnambulism．The act of walking ahout and performing apparently ordinary acts while in at state between sleeping and waking．Often the word＂sleep－walking＂is used to express the same meaning．
Somnus，god of sleep，9－3235
Song of Roland，in French literature，18－6560

## Song＇s

＊Snng－viritera of the I＇nitert states，18－6509－15
＊Writers of famous songs，10－3605－12
folk songs，account of，16－5739－40
national songs of countries．17－6253－56
Qustion＂hont．What is a fnlk song？

## 16－57：ク10

Songs，Patriotic，see Songs，National：Canada－ Songs，patriotic：England－songs，patriotic； Scotland－songs of；United States－Songs patriotic

## songs with music

Baa，baa，black sheep，5－1782
＇The bers，hy A．［＇．＇ivarios 4－1519
Jume man，ly A．P．Graves，15－5527
Child＇s evening nrayer，2－611
Furly Iocke．4－1 186
Dance a bahy，7－253n
I）ine rlong hell．11－tin年
A frog he would a－wooing go，18－6470－71 Girls and boys，come out to play，3－1010， 7－9441
Hickory，dickory，dock，3－1147
Huch－a－live Bathy on the tree tol），8－27．1 I lnve sixnence，io－？+3
Jark and Jill，38－6f5s？
I，Av－hirrl，fly（German folk－song），7－2：马6 Little Bingo，5－1890
Lover and his lass，by W．Shakespear．
11－3935
M．N．O．．by A．P．Graves，16－5712
O dear．what can the matter be？14－5242
の willow，willow，l，W，Shakeweare．11－is： Oid King Coln 11－411S－1n
Oranges and lemons，16－5932
Polly，put the kettle on， $\mathbf{7 - 2 6 4 3}$
Puscy－cat，where have won heen？11－4117 Tirce a cock－hor＊e．39－rits6
See－saw，Margery Daw，2－739
Song of sixnence，2－510：16－5928
What are little boys made of？6－2248
Where are you gibine to，my pretly mitil＂ 2－741
The white hart，by 1．1＇Craves，19－69くt
Who is Svlvia？by iV．Shakespeare，11－393f
Sonnet，definition，1－223
Sonnets
Composed upon Westminster Bridge，by Wordsworth，19－4350
From you I have been absent in the Spring， by Shake心．．．．．2－72！
rant＇s fonl，hy fialen＋ian 14－512S
How do I love thee？by Mrs．Browning， 15－5647
Life，by van Dyke，12－4272
Little Sophy by the seaside，by Turner， 16－5923
I．ondon，1802，hy Womleworth，12－4349

Nature．by I，ongfellow，14－5238
On first looking into Chapman＇s Homer，by Keats，5－1645
$\cap_{n}$ his blindness，by Miltun，17－figTs
（1）his haring arrivel to the age of twenty－ three，by Milton，1－328
（on the grasshopper and the ericket，liy keats， 18－6799

Sonnets（continued）
Quiet work，by Arnold，18－6650
Shakespeare，by Arnold，7－2365
Shall I compare thee to a summer＇s day？by Shakespeare，2－7こ4
The Soldier，by Rupert Brooke，12－4273
The world is too much with us，by Words－ worth，19－6989
To the Lord General Cromwell，by Milton， 12－4349
What the sonnet is，by Lee－Hamilton，12－iti5
When I have fears，by Keats，3－1141
Why 1 alandoned you，by Kettle，9－3110
Wいik，by Uan Dyke，12－427こ
Sons of Daniel Boone，suciety 12－4151
Soochow．Chinese silk－manufacturing centre oll the Imperial Canal， 55 miles from Shanghai．
Sophocles，Greek dramatist，16－5752
Hicture，portrait，16－574\％
Sorbonne．One of the colleges of the University of l＇aris．It was founded about 1250 by Robert de Sorbon（or Sorbonne），Chaplain of Louis IX， and was originally a theological college．The Faculty of Theology disappeared after the French Revolution．New buildings were erected in 1889，called the New Sorbonne．
Sorel，Canada，6－1962
Sorghum，sugar from，10－3420
Pichure，5－1850
Sorolla y Bastida，Joaquin，Spanish painter， 8－2854
Pirture．Beaching the Boat，8－2855

## Sorrel

mountain，description， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 0 2 , 5 6 0 5}$

Picturiss
sarden sorrel（in color），15－5612
mountain sorrel．15－5605
Soto，Hernando de，see De Soto．Hernando
Soult．Nicholas Jean de Dieu，6－2206

## Sound

＊ilehavior of a sulnor？19－fin51－55
＊J1siv and nuise．18－6 \｛：3T－3！
＊Wraves of sound，17－6313－16
＊Wonderful，wonderful music，18－6695－6700 affected by wind，fog，temperature，2－586 caused by vibration，12－4156
clesigns made by voice，10－3554
diaglam shoning how solmbl is heara，9－？3f： difference between moise and musie，5－17．50 liscumd，caltse of，19－6く5．5
lrawing pircture of at commet．18－6 \｛3：
echo，explanation of，12－4504
how passes through glass，11－3977
how prodnced by wind，11－3841
in piano，how made，5－1797
loudness，law of，17－6314
meanc for hearing in ear．9－3306．3305－10 music from drinking glasses，15－5333
musical instruments from old bottles，17－6387 mudes．meanins at term，19－6९万4
overtones，account of，19－6851－55
pitch depends on ether vibrations，11－380t
pitch variation．reason for，11－4132－33
reflection of，17－6315
refraction of，17－6316
sluefl of，2－ivf：17－6：31t
travels farther on water，3－980
voice pictures，17－6145
willes of sumud
waves and talking machines，1－261
waves compared with lipht－waves，
16－5811－12；17－6183，6313－15
meetine of waves causes throbbing，19－6855 Nep alsn Hearing；Voice
For list of main articles，ser 20－7620
Questions arout
Does sound always travel at the same rate as through air？2－457
Trnes smmd tralel in straight limes？2－isis
 w‥11＂ 12.
Is it true that sound goes on forever？
12－439．9－4400
What do w．mean by the length of a sound－ wave？8－3016
What makes an echo？12－4504
What makes the sea roar？9－3102
W＇lat makm th．．＂ind＂histl．＂11．．3841
What was the first stringed instrument？ 13－1594
When we sing a note to the piano．whe frow： it answer？5－1750

## GENERAL INDEX

Sound－ruestinns ntiont（montinued
Why can we hear a noise like waves in a seashell？5－160
Why can we hear a whisper across the dome of St．Paul＇s？4－1450
Why do empty vessels sound more than full ones？5－1810
Why do our voices sound hollow in an empty hall？6－2122
Why do we see the flash from a gun before we hear the noise？10－3475
Why does a bee make a humming sound？ 3－1116
Why does a popgun go pop？13－4593－94
Why does a stick make a noise when swung in the air？12－4281
Why does a trumpet make the phonograph louder？14－5224
Why doest a thinins－fort srimal louder whon it touches wood？14－4952
Why does a violin string change its note When held down？8－2．19
Whyy does fog deaden sounds on the sea？ 4－1451
Why does my voice seem louder if I put my hands over my ears？18－fj5j $\frac{4}{4}$
W＇hy does the kettle sing？11－4134
I＇icture．s
designs made by voice， $10-\ldots:{ }^{-}$！
record of，18－643
showing how far waves travel through air， steel and water．17－6313
Sounder，telegraph，17－6050
South，in U．S．，see Southern states
South Africa
climate，9－3050
discovered by Portuguese，9－3048
＊history，9－3048， 3050
Boer गुar，7－2299－2300：9－3050
founding of colonies， 9 －3048
World War，7－2300；9－3，11
plateaus in interior，9－3050；18－6805
products， $9-34$
Lnion uf sonth Africa
formation，7－2300；9－3050
government，9－3n．．．
Pictures，9－3046，3049－53
memorials of Cecil Rhodes，9－3051
wooded country in Rhorlesia，7－2 418
South African War，7－2299－2300；9－3050
South America
＊Republics of South America，19－6975－83， 7033－50
＊South America and its conquerors，19－6857－64 Bolivar＇s influence，13－4591
Humboldt＇s travels in，2－591
Indian tribes，before Spanish conquest， 19－6＞58－61
map，19－6856
physical geography，19－6857－58
water power，15－5430
si，also names of countries
South Australia，state， $7-24 \div 0$
South Carolina．One of the South Atlantic states；area， 30,989 square miles；capital，Co－ lumbia．Besides cotton，much phosphate rock is exported；third state in cotton－manufacturing． Charleston is the largest city and the chief port， Abbreviation，S．C．Nickname，＂Palmetto State，＂ State flower，the yellow jessamine．Motto，＂Dum spiro，spero（While I breathe，I hope）．Named in honor of Charles II of France，or Charles of England．First settlement is thought to have been made at Old Charleston in 1670.
called Palmetto State， $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 6 3 8}$
described in Southern States，13－4517－28；

history（arranged chronologically）
early settlements，2．553
land bought back by king，2－554
signers of Declaration of Independence，
20－…
in Revolution，4－1162，1166，117
signers of Constitution，20－7524
ratified Constitution，20－
threatened nullification，6－1916；10－3492 early railroads，5－1618
secedes from U゙nion（Dec．20，1860），7－2430 in Civil War，7－2432－33，2433，2442 grows corn，8－2678 grows cotton，8－27®3
introduction of rice，5－1854
manufactures cotton，8－3214；14－5168

## South Carolina（montinued）

－ictur。
battle of Cowpens；4－1171
Charleston and Columbia
cultivating rice， $5-1855$
flag（in color），19－71．t．
South Dakota．One of the North Central states area， 77,615 square miles；capital，Pierre．Here are sfveral Indian reservations．fammang． stock－raising and mining for gold，silver and lead are carried on．Abbreviation，$S$ ．Dak． Nickname，the＂Swiagecat State＂or＂Sunshine State．＂State flower，the Pasque flower．Motto． ＂L＇nder God the people rule．＂Dakota is an In－ dian word meaning＂alliance of friends．＂First settlement is throught to have teen made at Yankton about 1859.

1rescrithel in lorth Central ：itates，15－5273－84 17－6037－48
in Lomiciant Purelaze，5－1：．，2
produces gold，9－32…
seen by Lewis and Clark，5－1703
statehood granted，11－3944
Wind Cave Park，7－2291
リングい
flag（in color），19－7191
Mulehead ranch，15－5276
South Georgia，whaling settlement，9－？1： Shackleton at．14－5101
South Hadley，Nais．
first cana！
South Island，New Zealand，7－2．－．：－
South Magnetic Pole．．．．Mi．inti Prles
South Pole


length of days and nights， $8-1.2$


Do the people at the Poles spin round like Does the Equator go round faster than the Poles？14－5222
South Sea Bubble，6－2in：

## South Seas

 books about，9．：：n
British possessions，9－3186， 3188
commerce．9－：＂：＂

firmh a stur in the．．．．．．．．． $2-\cdots$



 the South Atlantic，a dependency of the Falk－ land Islands．The seal fishery is important
Southampton．I＇，rt it H ，urkill Fintand．at the head of Southampton Wiater． 79 miles from London，it is a great port for transatlantic liners，and has large engineering industries． Docks cover 300 acres．
Southern Alps，New Zealand，7－1．．－i

Southern Cross，ship，in antarctic exploration． 14－5091－92
 ：ericulture．13－4520－2
birds of．14－501－－25
characteristics before Civil War，7－2：28 child life and social customs，colonial period， $3-97113-2,-5$
nlimate 13－15：
erlucation，14－：
industries，13－：－2．-2
notes and pictures．14－： 141 －：©h
flowers of，with pictures，18－7085－95

 lH．．．tents from，be
races in， $13-4517-18$
reconstruction period．after Civil War， 7－－442 244
tral．ith！ $14-1, \ldots, \ldots$
sor TViterl state＝－hist．．．
 Pice cultivation，5－1．．－
Southey，Robert，English writer，7－．．．．．．
$\therefore$ fl80 Poetry Index，for poems and notes Pi，fire，portrait，7－2353

## GENERAL INDEX

Southwest Africa, former German colony, 9-3052
Sovereign. An English gold coin weighing 123.274 grains troy and worth one pound (twenty shillings), which is \$4.86 2-3 in decimal coinage. The coin was first struck in Henry VII's reign and bore on one side a seated figure of the king, or sovereign; hence its name.
Sovereignty. Internal sovereignty has to do with the ultimate control a state has over its subjects; external sovereignty concerns the position of a state among other states.
Soviet, definition, 16-5850
Soviet Republics, Union of, see Russia
Sow-thistle, weed, 15-5389-90
Pictures, 15-5389
rough sow-thistle (in color) 14-4990
Sowbread, flower
Picture, ivy-leaved (in color), 14-4991
Soya bean, 7-2614
Picture, with notes, 7-2623
Space, measurement of, 14-4901-02
Spade, how to mend, 13-4737
Spagnoletto, see Ribera, Jose
Spain
architecture, see Architecture, Spanish
cities, 14-5050
climate, 14-5040
colonies
Cuba, 10-3530
early control of Spanish-American trade,
in Africa 18 -681
loss of, 14-5046
Mariana Islands, 9-3300, 3302
Mexico. 19-7132-34
Morocco, discontent in, 14-5046
settlements in West Indies, 19-7098
South America, government of, 19-6864
education, 14-5048

* history, 14-5039-46
history (arranged chronologically)
Carthage and Spain, 4-1362, 1364
Roman conquest and influence, 14-5042 Goths in, 14-5042
Moorish conquest and rule, 14-5042-44 unity of Spain, 14-5044
conquests in South America, 19-6861-62 rule over Netherlands, 15-5560. 5562 Spanish Armada defeated by England, 5-1820 in Napoleonic Wars, 6-2205-06; 14-5046 Spanish-American War, 1898, 10-3590 See also Moors in Spain
language, see Spanish language
* literature, 29-7125-30
map, 14-5041
mountains, 14-5039-40
painting, see Painting, Spanish
Papal Line of Demarcation, 14-5186
physical geography, 14-5039-40
population, 5-1606; 14-5050
railroads, 14-5048, 5050
resources, 14-5048, 5050
rivers, 14-5050
size, 14-5040
water power, 15-5430
For list of main articles, see 20-7596
* Pictures. 14-5043-53

Spalato, Dalmatia, 5-1866
Spantels, dogs, 2-717-18
Pictures (gravure), 2-713-14, 716
Spanish-American War, 10-3590
letter from Spanish soldiers, 1-148
Spanish Armada, see Armada, Spanish
Spanish bayonet, see Yucca
Spanish fly, name for blister beetle, 18-6723
Drake's joke about, 14-4964
Spanish Inquisition, 14-5044
Spanish language
Castilian became language of literature, 19-7126
Catalan dialect, in literature, 19-7130
three branches in Middle Ages, 19-7126
Spanish moss, 9-3268
pirture. 9-2 - fin
Spanish painting, see Painting, Spanish
Spanish Succession, War of, 11-3966
Spark plug, in automobile, 19-7032
Sparrow hawk
account of, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 5 9}$
sometimes classed as falcon, 10-3756
Pionure, raid on chaffinches, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 5 5}$
Pictures (gravure), 10-8764

Sparrows, birds
account of, 8-2973; 13-4834-3s
English sparrows
account of, 8-2973
in America, 13-4834
Java, description, 8-2972
of western North America, 14-5146-47
Poem about. The Canadian Song-Sparrow, b* Sir James Edgar, 10-3482
Pictures, 8-2975
chipping sparrow (in color), $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 8 4 3}$
English sparrow (in color), 9 -3131
Gambel's sparrow, 14-5147
hedge sparrow (in color), 8-2898
nest and eggs, chipping sparrow, 8-2971
rusty song sparrow (in color), facing 14-5133
song sparrow (in color), 13-4843
tree sparrow (in color), 8-2900
sparta, Greek state
conquered Athens and ruled Greece, 3-1081
Corinthian War, 3-1081
early history and laws, 3-1072, 1074
resisted Persians at Thermopylæ, 3-1078
Picture, gymnasium, 3-1075
Spasms, explanation of, 10-3475
spatterdock, narrow-leaved, 19-7090
Picture, 19-7093
Speaker. Question about. Who is the speaker of the House of Commons? 11-4135
Spear-thistle, weed, 15-5390
Specie. Coin; metallic money; a medium of ex-
change (gold or silver) coined to standard weights and values. Sometimes refers to coins of the baser metals.
Species, Variation of, in plants, \&-1390
Mendel's experiments, 12-4492

## Specific gravity

* account of, 14-5035-38
how measured, 14-5036-37
of gases, 14-5038
table for various substances, 14-5037-38
Specific-gravity bottle, 14-5037
Spectator, early English periodical, 5-1621
Spectroheliograph, invented by G. E. Hale. 1-288
spectroscope, instrument
* explanation of, and use, 11-3922-26 use in astronomy, 1-286
Spectrum, how produced, 16-5810-11
Frauenhofer's lines in, 16-5811
Spectrum analysis, 16-5811
explanation, with colored illustrations, facing 11-3920-21
gases in stars shown, 11-3923-24
See also Spectroscope
speech
* account of, 10-3555-61
and brain centre, 9-3062
consonants important for elearness, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 6 1}$
of animals, 3-978
variety of tone, 10-3557-58
See also Voice
Questions about
Do animals talk to one another? 3-978
How did men learn to talk? 15-5515-16
Who began talking and writing? 8-2871
Speed, Harold, artist
Picture. Scene from As You Like It, 3-839
Epeeder, to measure wind
how to make, 4-1391
Speedometer
Question about. How does the speedometer of a motor car work? 1-76
Picture, 1-76
Speedwell, ship, 2-548
Bpeedwells, flowers
germander, 14-4980
Picture, germander speedwell, 14-4979
Pictures (in color), 14-4992 field speedwell, 14-4994
germander speedwell, 13-4880
ivy-leaved speedwell, 15-5398
Epeke, John Hanning, African explorer, 2-470-71 Picture, portrait, 2.465
Spencer, Ferbert, English philosopher
life and work, 2.595
and dissipation of energy, 15-5572
as an author, 11-4002
Pictures, portralt, 2-589
portrait, with parents. 15-5619
Spending and saving, * 17-6359-62
Bpenser, Edmund, English poet
life and writings, 3-1118-20


## Spenser，Edmund（continued）

Pictures
portrait（in group），3－1117， 1122
scene from Faerie Queene，3－1121
Sperm oil 1 rom whales $6-2: 16$
Spermaceti．A fatty substance or wax found in
the blubber and in the adipose tissue of the cavity of a sperm－whale＇s head．It is used for making wax candles and in ointments and toilet preparations．
Sphagnum，see Bog－moss
Sphinx，imaginary creature，1．355
story about，Riddle of the Sphinx，18－6610
Sphinx in Egypt，statue
age of，14－5211
description， $3-815 ; 11-3875$
Pictures，1－352；3－819
Sphinxes in Egyptian art， 11.3875
Picture（gravure），11－3878
Spice plants，＊8－2991－3000
Spices
＊spice plants，8－2991－96
Pictures，plants producing（in color），8－2998
Spicknel，flower
Picture（in color），15．5609

## spiders

＊description，16．6014－18
description，for game，8－2880， 3023
web used in surveying instruments，16．5743
Poem about．Spider and the Fly，by Mary Howitt，12－4269
Question about．Can a spider＇s web be made into cloth？16－5743
Pictures，16－6010， 6017
Spiderwort，plant
Picture，growing in water，7－2516
Spies in war definition of，11－3995
Spikenard，Wild，17－6280
Picture and note， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 0 6}$
Spinach，vegetable，7－2618
Spinal cord，see Spine
Spinalunza，Italy，saved by children，9．3068
spindle tree
Picture，fruit（in color），11－4028

## Spine

account of，1－259；5－1562－63
cartilage disks，10－3732
development in animals，1－255－56， 259
fracture of，13－4847
spinal cord，5－1563：8－2840
Spinel．Picture（in color），facing 19－7225
Spinet，musical instrument，5－1796
Picture，19－6900
Spinetail，fish
Pictures（in color），16．5787－88
Spinetails，birds，9－3288
Spinning
cotton，in mills，14－5171－75
flax into linen，9－3318
inventions of machinery for，19－7202－04
of rope，11－3797－98
of silk，15－5310
Pictures
cotton mills，14－5171－75
linen mill．9－3321 of silk，15－5317， 5321 wool into yarn，15－5586
Spinning－jenny，invention of，19－7202
Spinning－mule，invention of by Crompton， 19－7203－04
note and picture 14－517：
Spinning－pıctures，how to make，17－6390
Spinning－wheel．An old－fashioned wooden ma－ chine for spinning into threads wool，cotton or flax．It has a frame，wheel，spindle and band． and is worked either by hand or by a foot treadle．
Spiny tails，lizards，14－5232
Spirseas，various kinds，16－5732
Picture，flowers（gravure），19－7173
Spirit level
Question about．How does a spirit level work？ 18＿5：5．53
Spirituals，see Negroes，songs of
Spitsbergen，discovered by Barents，8－2983
coal，discovery of，13－4712
Picture，Red Bay，15－5290
Spleenworts，ferns
Pirtures（in color），10－3726－28
Splices，Sallors＇，how to make，9－3378－79
Splicing of sticks，12－4374
Spofford，Harmet Prescott，see Poetry Index fur poem and note

Spoils system．In politics，the practice of a victorious party to eject from public offices members of the defeated party，and to reward， with the vacated offices，its own supporters． The name was given in 1832 ，when Mr．Marcy remarked of New York politicians，＂They see nothing wrong in the rule that to the victor belong the spoils of the enems
Spokane．Lumbering，mining，fruit－growing and manufacturing centre in state of Washington． Picture，19－6844

## sponges

＊account of，8－9！15－16；19－7059－60
artificial cultivation，8－2916
how to clean，15－5335
Pictures，diving for and preparation for mar－ ket，8－2914－20
Spontaneous combustion，explanation of， 14－4944－50
Spontaneous generation．The supposed birth or generation of living things from non－living matter．
Spools，toys to make with，15－5334
Spoonbills，birds，11－4009
roseate，in North America，14－5018
Pictures，11－4004
roseate spoonbill（in color），12－4370
Spoons，histary，and materials used，4－1．308
Question about．Why is a silver spoon black－ ened by egg？18－6552
Spoons，game，18－6519
sporangia，part of fern，4－1232
Spore－bearing plants，see Cryptogams
spores，of ferns，4－1232
of mushrooms，11－3906－07
Sprague，Frank J．，and electric railways， $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 0}$
\＆prains，first aid for，13－4847－48
treatment for，11－4082
Sprat，fish，16．5776
catching and packing，notes with pictures， 11－4054
Picture，16－5779；（in color）16－5784
Spring of water，source of，6－2249；15－5620
Spring，season，2－504－06
l＇oums about
Coming of Spring，by Robert Buchanan， 11－4032
Home Thoughts from Abroad，by Robert Browning，10－3736
March；May；by J．M．Gibbon，15－5422
Walk in siming，by M．A．Sitodart，9－3111
Welcome to spring，by 户ierre de Ronsard， 7－2364
Spring beauty，flower，17－6275
Springbucks，animals，4－1444
Springfield．Capital of Illinois．Famous for its association with Abraham Lincoln，who prac－ ticed law here，and whose monument and mau－ soleum are only a mile from the heart of the city．Springfield is the centre of a rich farm ing and coal－mining district；it also has hurse－ breeding interests．

Picture，Lincoln＇s home，11－3941
Springtails，insects，17－6078
Spruce partridge，Canada grouse，13－4760
Spruce trees，account of，12－4249
userl in making palper，7－2446
Picture and note，12－4260
Spurge，plant
caper spurge or wild caper，11－40き0
lictures
（a）拱 spurge，fruit uf．11－1023
sun spurge（in color），15－5397
Spurge－1aurel，11－4019
licture，fruit（in color）11－4021
Squadron．A division of a cavalry regiment corresponding more or less to a company in an infantry regiment．
Squaxcione，Francesco，and painters of Padua， 3－110 $3^{\prime}$
Square．A four－sided plane figure having all its sides equal and all its angles right angles． Square measure．The method of measuring the area of a plane surface having length and breadth．A unit of square measure is a unit of rectilinear measure multiplied by itself：for ex－ ample， 1 foot maltiplied by 1 foot eduals 1 square foot．That is，a square foot is 1 foot long and 1 foot wide．
Squash．The fruit of a plant of the Gourd Family．The pumpkin and the Hubbard squash are the two most familiar squashes，with vege－ tahle marrow a good third．In North imerica

## GENERAL INDEX

Squash (continued)
squashes are used as vegetable food and for pies.
Squatter sovereignty, or popular sovereignty. American historical expressions referring to the right of the inhabitants of a territory to regulate their internal affairs in their own way without the intervention of Congress. "Squatter" sovereignty applied to unorganized territory inhabited by squatters, and "popular" sovereignty to an organized territory.

Stephen A. Douglas and, 7-2429
Squaw-fish, account of, 15-5634
Squeteague, name for weakfish, 16-5780
Squids, account of, 16-5898
as food of whales, 6-2216
Picture, 16-5895
Squier, George Owen, and cable messages, 17-6241
Squill, medicinal plant account of, 8-2912
cultivated, 19-7172
See also Scillas
Picture (in color), 8-2999
Squire, John Co, English author, 12-4234
Squirrel, ship of Sir Humphrey Gilbert, 14-4962
Squirrel corn, plant, 17-6275
Squirrel fish
l'ictures (in color) 16-5785
deep-water squirrel fish, 16-5785
red and white squirrel fish, 16-5788
Squirrels, account of, 3-1127-32
Poem about. Mountain and the Squirrei, by R. W. Emerson, 3-846

Pictures, 3-1129-31
gray squirrel, 13-4698
Stadacona, Indian village on site of Quebec,
Stadium. Originally a horseshoe-shaped or semicircular grand-stand nearly surrounding an ancient Greek sports field, and having the seats arranged in sloping tiers. Olympia and Athens had the most celebrated stadia. Nowadays many colleges have erected notable stadia where foot-
ball games and other sports are held.
Staff ordshire, brine reservoir, 3-930

## Stage

birth of English stage-writers, 2-721
for amateur theatricals, how to make, 16-5763-65
miniature, directions for making, 5-1769-70
toy, directions for building, 14-5203-04
Poem about. All the World's a Stage, by Shakespeare, 11-3933
stagger weed, see Larkspur
Staggerwort. wenf, 15-...3!n
Stained glass. The expression used to describe windows made of colored glass. As early as the 5 th century A.D. mention is made of stained-glass windows in European churches. Figures of the saints and conventional desiens were the most common subjects for this kind of art. Later private houses often had stained-class windows of a non-relicious character. Nowadays colleces, libraries and other puhlic institutions have notable windoprs of this kind, There are various methods of giving color to the glass, many pieces of which go to form the window, and these pieces are held together by being set in ribbons of lead.
in churches to the 13 th century, 2-582
in Gothic huilतines, 17-6156
windows, 16-5967-68, 5970
in the United States, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 3 3 6}$
Stains
directions for staining wood, 9.3119
how to remove, 2-cis
Question about. Why dnes ink stain whlle water does not? 6-2252
Stake-driver, name for bittern, 14-5020
Stalactites, exnlanation, 4-1302
Piotures. 4-1301
in Anctralia, 6-2071; 7-2473
Stalacmitea. Avplanation, 4-1302 Picture, 4-1301
Stamen, part of flower, 2-506; 3-1013
Pirtures, 2-509
Stamp Act, American colonies nrovisinns and effect, 4-1159-60
gtamps, Postage, spe Postage stamns
Gtand-110 megs, marhle game, 17-6389
Btandard, Battle of the, Fingland, 5-1568
Btandarde, $u s e$ in U, S, army, 19-7184

Standsh, Miles (or Myles). Born, Lancashire,
England, 1584; died, Duxbury, Mass, 1656. He was one of the colonists on the Mayflower. The
Pilgrim Fathers appointed him captain, and he
led many expeditions against the Indians About this man Longfellow wrote his poem
The Courtship of Miles Standish.
Stands, directions for making, 8-2878-79
Stanford University, 12-4318
Pictures, 12-4318
Stanhope, Charles, 3 earl Stanhope, invented iron printing-press, $9-3389$
Stanley, Charles, see Monck, Charles Stanley, 4 th viscount
Stanley, Sir Henry Morton, African explorer African journeys, 2-470
and the Belgian Congo, 18-6812
rescued Emin Pasha, 2.470
Picture, portrait, 2-465
Stanley cup, prize in hockey, 10-3694
Stanleyville, Congo Free State, 18-6812
Stanton, Edwin M., American statesman is
Lincoln's cabinet.
Picture, portrait, in group, 7-2426
Stanton, Mrs. Elizabeth Cady
life, and work for suffrage, 14-5269
Stanza in poetry, definition, 1-216
Spenserian, 3-1120
Star Chamber. An ancient English court for
the trial of various offenses; abused by Charles
1, who used it to raise money for his exchequer:
abolished, 1641.
Star flower, description, 17-6278
Star-of-Bethlehem, plant, 19-7172 Pictures white star-of-Bethlehem (in color) 14-4991 yellow star-of-Bethlehem (in color) 14-4992
Star-Spangled Banner, song, how written, 18-6512
music, source of. $18-6512$
Picture of Fort McHenry, where originated, 6-2091
Starboard, meaning of term, 14-5003
Starch
digestion of, 6-2085
how fast produced by leaves, 6-2185
made by leaf, shown by experiment, 2-616
manufactured from potatoes, 7-2623-24
saliva can change to sugar, 6-1932
use as food, 6-2185
Question about, Why does starch stiffen clothes? 11-3978
Starfish, account of, 19-7069
Pictures, 19-7067
Starlings, account of, 8-2967-68
in North America, 13-4766
Pictures, 8-2969; (in color) 8-2897
Starr, American engineer, invented carbon lamp. 16-5938

## Stars

* First astronomers, 1-201-06
* Men who mapped the skies, 1-279-88
* Stars in their brightness, 11-378.3-40
* What is happening in the sky? 11-4037-42
* What we know about the stars, 11-3921-26 age shown by color, 11-3921 all cool in time, 9-3178
and spectrum analvsis, 16-5811-12
gases in, shown by spectroscope, 11-3923-24 are suns, 9-3039-40
distance from earth, 9-3034, 3039-40;
11-3783-86
distance, represented by picture, 11-3925
double, or binary, 11-3924, 3926
finding one's way by, 11-3787-90
heat of, 11-3923-24
how formed, 1-20
in ancient mythology, 9-3233
legends about. 6-1970-71
light from, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 7 7}$
magnitudes of, 11-3786
mans
Great Star man being made, 11-3786
maps of, showing constellations, 9-3035-38
mans to trace movement, 11-4042
mans to trace movem
movements numbers nf. 9-3029-40: 11-3786
origin unknown. 11-4042
varlable. 11-3926
Spe alan Planets
Popms ahnut
Little Star, hy Jane Taylor, 3-11.38
The Stars, by Barry Cornwall, 2-609


## GENERAL INDEX

Stars-Poems about (continued)
What the Stars Have Seen, by O. W. Holmes, 5-1888
Ouestions about
Among the millions of stars are there worlds like ours? 16-5840
How can we tell a star from a planet? 5-1750
How many stars are there in the sky? 16-5960-61
How many stars can we see without using a telescope? 14-5225
Is a falling star one of the stars we see in the sky? 18-6556
What becomes of the stars in the daytime? 13-4828
What holds the stars in their places? 11-3843
Why are there more stars some nights than others? 11-3977
Why do the stars twinkle? 18-6550
Why do we not see the stars by day and by night? 2-686
Pictures
part of Milky Way, 11-3785
diagram about distances, 11-3784
main stars to find one's way by, different, hours, 11-3787-90
See also Stars-maps
Stars in paper-folding
how to cut from paper, 19-6964
State, Department of. An executive division of the United States government, presided over by the Secretary of State, who ranks as most important of the Cabinet ministers. Through this department are carried on all relations with foreign powers.
State flags of U. S., 19-7184
Pictures (in color), 19-7190-91
State flowers, list of, 17-6181
State of Franklin, now Tennessee, 6-1908
Staten Island. An island, organized as a borough of New York City and also as Richmond County; situated south of Manhattan Island; area, 58 square miles.

Catskill water reaches, 14-5058
States General, French parliament, 10-3564
States of U. S.
disputes, after Revolution, 5-1696-97
government, provisions in U. S. Constitution, 5-1792

* history of new ones after Revolution, 6-1905-24
See also State flags; State flowers; States' rights; Southern states; Western states
States' rights, doctrine of, 7-2430
and J. C. Calhoun, 10-3492
Webster and Hayne argued on, 10-3494
Static, in radio, how to prevent, 17-6260
Statue of Liberty, gift to U.S. from France 11-3944
Statues, game directions for, 4-1400
Stavanger. Great fishing port in southwest Norway, with a 13 th-century cathedral.
Stead, Robert J. Ca, Canadian author, 14-5109
Stealing, keeping object found, 14-4914-15
Steam, reason for its force, 6-2250
Qucstion about. Why does steam put a light out? 11-3979


## Steam engines

* history of invention, 5-1611-18
and flour mills, 8-2798
Murdock's locomotive, anecdote, 3-990
Papin made first one with piston, 17-6398
turbines, $17-6404$
Question about. What makes the engine go? 2-406-07
See al8o Locomotives
Pictures, showing inventions, 5-1611, 1613, 1615,1617
(in color) 2-406-07
Steam hammer, invention of, 19-7206
Steam navigation, history, early period, 17-6400-04
See also Steamboats and steamships
Steam pump, invention of, 3-790
Stoam shovel. A digging-machine or excavator worked by steam power. The huge scoop or shovel is fastened to a boom hinged to a sunporting mast mounted on a movable base or car. The engine on the car swings the mast into position and gives a downward thrust to the shovel, forcing it into the earth. Mechanism handled by the man in charge provides for

Steam shovel (continuei)
swinging the full bucket or scoop up into a position where its hinged bottom is unloosened and the contents dumped.

Picture, digging iron ore, 6-193 $\frac{1}{2}$
Steam squirt, first fire engine, $9 \mathbf{- 3 1 5 9}$
Steam turbines, see Turbines
Steamboats and steamships

* A great ship and what it can do, 12-4415-33
* invention and improvements, 17-6397-6406

Pictures, 17-6:399-640s
Stedman, Edmund Clarence, American author 13-4815
See also Poetry Index for poem and note

## Steel

* Making iron and steel, 6-1935-54

Bessemer process for making, 6-1939, 1946-47: 19-7206-07
kinds, and how made, 6-1939
manufacture in U. S., 9-3214
Northern and Central states, 17-6037-38
manufacture into cutlery, 4-1305-13
Siemen's furnace, invention of, 19-7207
tensile strength of, 12-4280
use in buildings, 8-3012
architectural features, 18-6690
Pictures
blast furnaces, Woodward, Ala., 14-4891

* showing manufacture, 6-1941-54 steel works, Bilbao, Spain, 14-5053
Steel rails, how made, 6-1950-52
Steele, Richard, English writer
life and writings, 5-1620-22; 8-2865
Picture, portrait, in group, 5-1622
Steen, Jan, Dutch painter, 5-1594
Steer, Wilson, English painter, 8-2859
Steering, at sea
first use of astronomical observations, 1-283-84
first use of wheel. 11-3918
gyro-compass, 12-4422
how to read the mariner's compass, 16-5984 wireless compass, 17-6248
Steering of boats, 14-5002
Stefansson, Vilhjalmur, arctic explorer, 13-4722
Steffe, William, wrote music for John Brown's Body, 18-6513
Stegomyia, carrier of yellow fever germ, 15-5488
Stein, Sir Mark Aurel, archæologist
discoveries in China, 2-424, 429; 3-1054
Steinheil, Carl, and electrical current, 17-6241 Picture, portrait, 17-6235
Steinmetz, Charles Proteus. Electrical engineer, noted for scientific insight, practical inventions and lucid writings. Born in Breslau, Germany, 1865; died, Schenectady, New York, 1923. Lived and worked in the United States after 1889.
Steinway, Fenry, made improvements in piano. 5-1796
Stelr, Greek memorial stones, 12-4331
"Stella" (Esther Johnson)
Swift's love for, 5-1620
Stencils
directions for making, 3-1155
directions for painting, with picture, 1-336-37
Stephen, St., king of Hungary, 17-6194,
Stephen, king of England, 5-1568
Stephen, Ieslie, author, 11-4002
Stephenson, George, engine-builder, 5-1611-18
Pictures, portrait (in group), 5-1613
showing his engine, the Rocket, 19-7203
Stephenson, Robert, English engineer
oridge built by, 1-28
built engine, 5-1616
Picture, portrait, with father, 15-5619
Steppes, definition, 6-2171
vegetation of, 4-1281
Steps, concrete, how to make, 12-4499
Stereopticon, or magic lantern, directions for making, 8-3018-22
Stereoscope, explanation, 3-878-79; 9-3100
Sterling, John, Carlyle's life of, 9-3312
Stern of a ship, 14-5003
Sterne, Laurence, English writer, 6-2256
Stethoscope, invention and purpose, 8-2724
Stettin. Important German Baltic port, and capital of Pomerania, on the Oder. It has large cement, sugar and shipbuilding trades,
richur. Hansa brider (eraviur) 12-117
Steuben, Friedrich Wilhelm von, Baron (173094). German-American soldier, born in Macdehurg. He entered the Prussian army in 1747


## GENERAL INDEX

Steuben, Friedrich Wilhelm von, Baron (continued) and served for nearly twenty years. In 1778 he arrived in the United States, and was soon made inspector-general. He gave invalualsle service in training troops and introducing svstem into the army, and also was an effective commander. Several states voted him tracts of land, and he spent the last years of his life near Utica, N. Y., where there is a monument in his memory.
note and portrait, 4-1161
Stevens, Alfred, English sculptor, 13-4854
Sttvenson, Adlai E., vice-president of U. S.
Picture, portrait (gravure) 11-3948
Stevenson, Elizabeth Cleghorn, see Gaskell, Mrs.
Stevenson, Eobert Louis

* life and writings, 8-2868-69
as a novelist, 11-3897
in Samoa, 9-3298
buried in Samoa, 8-2869; 9-3188
poetry of, 12-4231
* Treasure Island, summary and quotations, 13-4645-53
visit to leper colony of Molokai, 7-2322
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Poem about. To Tusitala in Vailima, by Edmund Gosse, 10-3737
Pictures
portrait, 11-3899
portrait, with mother, 15-5618
memorial bas-relief, 11-3899
Steward of Scotland, High, (Robert), beginning of Stuart kings, 12-4210
Stewart, Allan, artist
Picture, Sir Galahad (gravure) 19-6947
Stick insects, 17-6070
Pictures, 17-6071
Stickerchief, game, 11-3859
Sticklebacks, fishes, description, 15-5632 Pictures, 16-5779; (in color), 16-5784


## Sticks

printing designs with, directions for, 1-129-30
splicing, directions for, 12-4374
telling stories by, 1-231
Questions about
Why does a stick float? 17-6178
Why does a stick make a noise when swung in the air? 12-4281
Sticktight, name for false forget-me-not, 18-6665
Sticky balm, shrub, 19-6936 Picture, 19-6935
Stief, dog, story of, 16-5738
Stigma, part of flower Picture, 2-509
Stilts, how to make and use, 17-6263
Stimulants, not good for children, 7-2569
Sting-bull, fish. Picture, 16-5777
Sting-rays, or Stingarees, fishes, 16-5774
eat triggerfish, 19-6885, 6888
Stinging nettle, see Nettles
Stings
treatment for, 11-4082; 16-5891
Stint, bird, 11-4012
Stitch bird, 9-3138
Stitchwort, flower
Picture, lesser stitchwort (in color) 14-4990
Stjernhjelm, Georg, Swedish poet, 19-7014
Stoat, animal, 3-873
Picture. 3-869
Stock Exchange. Institutions in the larger cities of the world where bonds and stocks are hought and sold. They are markets where the members (brokers) buy and sell, for their customers.
honds and stocks instead of meat, notatoes, etc.
Stock ticker, picture and note, 17-6055
Stockholm, Sweden, 15-5304
Pictures, 15-5291, 5305-06
Stocks, flowers, description, 19-7170 picture, great sea stock (in color) 14-4982 Picture (gravure) 19-7179
Stodart, M. A., see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Stodiard, Richard Henry, see Poetry Index, for nnems and nntes
Stoicism. The system or thenry of an ancient school of philosophers in which calm fortitude is the desirable virtue to be sorght in life with an indifference to pleasure or pain. Stoics sought to live according to nature. Zeno
founded this school of thought about 308 B.c.
Stoke Poges, England
Pictures, churchyard of Cray'g Elegy, 6-2029:

Stomach, structure and work, 6-2083-84
Stomata, pores of leaf
in water-lily, 4-1278
uses of, 2-615-16
Stone, Marcus, artist
Ficture, James Watt and steaming kettle, 5-1613
Stone
artificial, see Concrete
building-stones in U. S., 9-3210, 3212
use in making homes, 5-1657
See also Stones; Rocks
Question about. Which is the best stone for building? 8-2716
Stone Age, 1-192-96
among South American Indians, 19-6858
barley used in, 5-1852
See also Man, Prehistoric and primitive
Pictures, drawings of cave-men, 1-189-96
Stone-clover, 14-4974-76
Picture, 14-4975
Stone Mountain memorial, Georgia, 13-4518
Stonechats, birds
Picture (in color) 9-3132
Stonecrop, 14-4973
cultivated, 19-7171
note on, 14.4972
See also Sedums
Pictures, 14-4972
English stonecrop (in color), 14-4981
Stonehenge, England, 4-1317; 14-5208
Stones
Questions about
Could a stone be dropped through a hole through the earth? 15-5365
Is a stone alive? $17-6174$
Where do the stones we see lying about come from? 7-2611
Why does coal burn, and not a stone? 17-6285
Why will a hammer break a piece of stone when a piece of wood will not? 10-3477 See also Geology; Rocks
Stones, Precious, see Precious stones
"Stonewall Jackson," see Jackson, Thomas Ion athan
Stonєworts, submerged fresh-water plants, 4-1278
Stony book of nature, * 6-2069-75
Stool, how to make, 9-3117
Stopper, how to remove, 19-7079
Storage, Cold, see Cold storage
Storage batteries, 16-5675-78
Pictures, with explanation, 16-5668
Stores

* Wonder of a great store, 10-3673-82
buyers for, 10.3674
delivery system, 10-3676-79
employees, training of, 10-3680
factories of, 10-3674
hospital rooms, 10.3680
mail-order service, 10-3678
offices, 10-3682
research bureaus, 10-3674, 3676
* Pictures, 10-3675-82

Stories
Androcles and the lion, 12-4488-89
Arcadian boar, 9.3083
Babes in the wood. 7-2341
Baldour the beautiful, 14-4942
Ball in the hollow post, 5-1579
Baron rescues his horse, 4-1422
Battle with snakes, by Waterton, 4-1530
Battle with the giant, 9-3084
Big jar of water, 5-1579
Birds with the brazen wings, 9-3083-84
Box of good luck, 9-3351
Boy who found light, 5-1579
Boy who had no paper, 5-1579
Branding of Tommy, 9-3239
Capture of the sacred stag, 9-3083
Catching a thief. 17-finno
Cleansing the stahle. $9-3 n 83$
Cobblers and the cuckoo, 9-3347
Conqueror's triumph. 8-2961
Cunnine farmer and the dwirf. 13.4558
Dead boy who sang a hymn. 13-1773
Destruction of a ship by a whale, 4-1189
Dinner at the castle 8-2962
Dinner at the inn. 9-308?
Discontented fir-tree. 15.5.323
Discontented pendulum, 12-4198
Dog of the underworld, 9.3084

## GENERAL INDEX

storles（continued）
Earl＇s daughter and beggarman，14－5196
Emperor and his servant．16－5826
Emperor and the figs，18－6481
Emperor＇s new clothes， 3.851
Emperor＇s nightingale，7－2455
Eyes front，10－3715
Fairy funeral，11－3836
First apple dumpling，17－6095－97
Four wise ministers，18－6473
cuame of billiards，by Alphonse Daudet， 4－1528
Geese who kept guard of Rome，11－3982
Girdle of the Amazon queen， $9 \mathbf{9 0 8 4}$
Gog and Magog，14－5194
Golden apples，9－3084
Goldilocks and the golden crown，14－4941
Great Fire of London（from Evelyn＇s Diary）， 8－2819
Heir and the will，9－3082
Hole in the wall， $5-1580$
How Gotham got a bad name，6－2108
How the French reached Moscow，7－2599
How the thief was found out，18－6479
Howleglass，the merry jester，8－2962
Husband who was to mind the house，3－1099
In the days when men were good，7－2600
King，who could not sleep，5－1577－78
King＇s guest，16－6029
King＇s watchers，18－6481
Knight and the ugly old woman，13－4772
Last class，by Alphonse Daudet，19－7220
Last will of Charles Lounsbury，5－1687
Lawyer and the oyster，18－5484
Little Claus and Big Claus．2－755
Little Goody Twoshoes， $9-3077$
Little Lombard sentinel．18－6482－84
Little spinner at the window．10－3711
Love laughs at locksmiths，7－2352
Love that was worth nothine，5－157s
tuck of Simple Jack． 13.4756
：－1ard hull of rete． $9-\cdots n^{\prime}$ ？
Man－eating horses，9－3084
izarch of the Ten Thousand，14－5257－58
irien who went to kill Death，13－4770
Merciful knight． $9-\cdots \neq 4$
Merry cobbler and his coat，15－05532
Irysterious portrait，9－3080
Nutcracker athd the king of mice，by Hoff－ mann，10－3600－04
Old couple at the mill，11－3¢29
Old man named Sicroge，from Dickens＇ Christmas Carol，17－6115
Old womais and her pig，15－5525－26
Patience of Griselda，13－4767
Peasant and the three robbers，10－3719
Promal kits of Kamera， 7 －-352
rach man＇s diamond，18－6isn
Romance of the Lady Emelye，13－4771
Toss aptle．5－15か－A1
Sar heart of a little Trott．14－1945
School examination，by Selma Lagerlöf， 13－4753
Search for the real princess，2－756
Slaying the lion，9－3083
Sleepy student，5－1579
Snake with a hundred heads．9－3083
Son who did his duty，8－2961
Stag with a cherry tree，4－1423
Story of a day：by Corot．16－6034
story of the day：12－41st
story of the willw－pattern mate，4－1532 Strange adventures of a princess，13－4769 Tale of Bob Singleton，by Daniel Defoe， $12-4486$
Tale of Christmas Eve，17－6098
Tale of many lands，14－4942
Three great questions，8－2962
Three little pigs， $\mathbf{1 - 1 4 5}$
Three maid－servants，7－2602
Two frients，8－2！ 6,3
Two guests at a feast，8－2962
TValy duckling，17－6096
Tincama＇s adientlire 5－158？
Web of cloth，5－1579
When did you last see your father？13－4563
Wisest maid in Wessex，15－5441
Wonderful horse．8－2962
Wonderful huntine dog．4－1423
World tour by eagle，4－1424
Stories．Animal stortes
Bear in the well．18－6480
Black Dlamond，15－5326－28

Storieg．Animal stories（continued）
Brave little dog of the wood，9－3079
Cat and the parrot，11－3837
Dog that knew his master，11－4139
Dog that remembered Odysseus， $1-146$
Dogs that became friends，8－2961
Farmer and his dog，8－2964
Fox repaid in his own coin，13－4768
Gelert，the faithful dog，5－1693
IIundred thousand monkeys，16－6032
Hungry fox and the kitten，7－2352
Jackal and the lion，5－1582－83
Jackal＇s trick，5－1583
Kafir and the lion，16－6033
Lion and the crocodile，4－1421
Lord of the lions，2－404
Miller and his pets，19－6997－98
Reynard the fox，8－2965－66
Stickeen，12－4195
see also Fables
Stories．Fables，see Fables．For detailed list of ※sop＇s fables，look under ※sop
Etories．Fairy tales，see F＇airy tales
Stories．Faraous books：summaries，and quora－ tions in most cases
Fneid，Story of，6－1986－89
Alice in Wonderland，by Carroll，3－1089－98； 4－1179－86，1333－42
Baron Munchausen，by Raspe and others， extracts and note， $4-1421$
Ben－Hur，by Wallace，10－3745－52
Blue Bird，by Maeterlinck，14－5069－74
Canterbury Tales，by Chaucer，13－4767－73
Christmas Carol，by Dickens，summary only． 17－6115－21
Clockmaker；or，Sam Slick，by Haliburton， 10－3527－34
Count of Monte Cristo，by Dumas，18－6573－80
David Copperfield，by Dickens，8－2773－81
Don Quixote，by Cervantes，5－1629－38
Gold－bug，by Edgar Allan Poe，5－1899－1904
Gulliver＇s Travels，by Swift，3－947－56
Iliad，story of，6－1983－84
Last of the Mohicans，by Cooper，1－267－78
Les Misérables，by Hugo，11－3S61－i2
Man without a Country，by Hale，7－2401－08
Masterman Ready，by Marryat，18－6757－66
Maby 1）ick，by If liville，15－．tri1－188
Nicholas Nickleby，by Dickens，scene from， 16．5683－89
Odyssey，story of，6－1984－86
Peter Pan，by Barrie，13－4659－64
Pilgrim＇s Progress，by Bunyan，15－5543－52
Ramona，hy Mrs．Jarkson．1．133－in
Rip Van Winkle by Irving，extracts，
12－4481－85；13－4559－62
Robinson Crusoe，by Defoe，2－665－75
Roughing it in the Bush，by Mrs．Moodie， 16－5901－05
Round the World in Eighty Days，by Verne， 12－4235－44
Scottish Chiefs，by Jane Porter，12－4319－26
Sentimental Tommy，by Barrie，extract only， 9－3239－44
Tom Brown＇s Schooldays，by Hughes， 14－5149－5．
Treasure Island，by Stevenson，13－4645－53
Two Vears liffore the Mast，by Ilana， 9．3357－64
Wacousta，by Richardson，9－3141－49
Waverley，by Scott．11－4071－78
Westward Ho！by Kingsley，14－5027－34
Stories．Golden deeds
Apprentice boy and his master＇s children， 5－17：3
Apronful of gunpowder（about Elizabeth Zane）．3－1037
Irab patrint of Algeria．4－1255
Band of noble men，4－1256
［．ar hunt．14－ラ1こ？
Meloved physician．1－2 29
Black Robe and Wihite Heart，15－5375－77
Bold hero of the mountains，15－5378
lioy on the hurning d．ck．19－bick
Boy who saved his family，3－1036
Boy who saved the boat，1－128
Boy who took a man＇s place，4－1256
Boy who would not fight against freedom． 13.4581

Brave apnrentice．1－1？3－24
Brave cardinal of Milan，Italy，10－n 466
Brave constable of Francer 10－346，
Brave Countess Joan of Brittany，12－4226

## GENERAL INDEX

Stories. Golden deeds (continued)
Brave deed of a young American doctor, 13-4580
Brave French maid of Noyon, 11.3806
Brave girl, 14-5121
Brave Grizel Hume, 2-441
Cher Ami, D. S. C., 7-2319
Devotion of a king's daughter, 19-6881
Devotion of a Roman, 11-3806
Doctor of Burton Port, 6-2008
Dogs who have done their bit, 16-5735-38
Edith Cavell, 17-6396
The Elsie to the rescue, $14-5120$
Friend of the slaves, 5-1732-33
Friendship of Damon and Pythias, 9-3064
Friegal hero of ancient Rome, 3-889
Girl who held the fort (Madeline de Verchères), 11-4089
Girl who saw the tsar, $3-890$
Girl who sold her hair, 4-1257
Girl who walked to London, 12-4224
Girl's desperate ride, 10-3465
Greater love hath no man than this (about Father Damien), 7-2320
Hero of Kavala, 17-6395-96
Heroes of aviation, 17-6291-94
Heroine of the Southern Seas, 2-446
Heroism of Grace Darling, 3-1035
How Alcestis gave her life, 8-2703
How Grotius left the castle, 11-3805
How Lady Godiva helped her people, 17-6295
How Lady Godiva helped her people
How Regulus went back to die, 1-124
How the children saved the
John Maynard, pilot, 17-6137
Kate Barlass of the broken arm, 13-4579
Last fight at the ' 'olosselim, 9-: 161
Lithuanian girl's quick wit, 11.3811
Little Agnes of the snow, 19-6879
Little girl trusted with state secrets, $\mathbf{1 - 1 2 6}$
Maid of Saragossa, 14-5119
Man who carried death, 17-6139
Man who knew no fear, 13-4577-78
Man who loved children, 1-127
Man who loved the house, 2-443
Man who saved his son (Labat), 3-1036
Man who saved St. Helier, 11-4092
Man who thought of his comrades, 17-629
Man who thought of his comrades, $\mathbf{1 7 - 5 2 0}$
Men of the Birkenhead, 3-888
Mother of the Gracchi, 11.3811
Out of the depths of the earth, 9-3066
Picture of a golden deed, 17-6140
Poacher's silence, 17-6138
Prince who gave up his freedom. 4-125?
Queen who gave up her bny, 13-4581
Race for the lifeboat, 5-1731
Race from Marathon, 3 - 887
Race with the wolves, 9 -30f.7
Sacrifice of a king's sister, 6-2008
Sacrifice of Iphigenia, 11-3808
Servant who tried to save his mistress, 3-1036 Soul of the Countess Cathleen, 15-5379-30
Swiss guards who did their duty, $3-888$
Tale of a slave, 19-6880
Tallow dip and the black salt. 8-2708
Three cups of cold water, 6-2007
Two poet-soldiers, 17-6393
Undying love of a sister, 9 -3068
Village of heroes, 9-3063
When the white ship went down, 12-4223
A woman against a king, 12-4225
Woman who clothed the poor, 1-12
Wonderful story of the Venerable Bede, 1-126
Stories. Myths and legencis, see Myths and legends
Stories about King Arthur, sue Arthiur, King stories about people

Alexander and tho pirate (about Alexander the Great). 8-2961
Antonio's wonderful lion (about Canova), 5-1689-90
Battle with the lion (about Alexander the Great). 8-2.964
Bird that Namolenn set free. 14-512 1
Boy whnm France forgot (son of Napoleon), 1-150-51
Clever bad man (about Vidoca) 18-6476-79
Comquerny anfl the artist (about Alexander the Great), 8-"nf?
Daughter of Sir Thmonas More, 14-5124-25
Dick Whittington and his cat, 2-758
Friend of the slaves (Vincent de Paul), 5-1732

Stories about people (continued)
How Alexander crossed the river (about Alexander the Great), 8-2964
How Blondel sang to find the king (about Richard the Lion-hearted), 16-5827
How the bad news reached the king (about Frederick the Great), 13-4751
Jack Miner, the man who loves birds, 8-2813-18
King, the nobleman, and the peasant (about Louis XII), 3-857
King who was loved (about Crcesus and Cyrus), 8-2963
King's three questions (about Frederick the Great), 16-5830
Little princes in the tower (about sons of Edward IV), 1-147
Lonely shepherd boy (about Denys Peuch), 16-6031
Man of great importance (about George Washington), 5-1691
Marjorie Fleming, 10-3717
Master and his scholars (about Dionysius), 8-2963
Mother Shipton, 7-2602
Peasant girl and empress (about St. Helena), 5-1691
Sir Walter Scott and some of his pets, 14-5265
Soldier and his judge (about King Philip), 8-2964
Thief who turned policeman (about Vidocq), 18-6791-92
Traitor who became loyal (about King Philip), 8-2963
William Tell, 19-7217-19
Wonderful friends (David and Jonathan), 19-7001-03
See also Saints; Stories, Golden deeds
Stories about proverbs
Bag of peas, 16-6036
Farmer and his sacks, 16-6036
Two kings, 16-6036
Stories in French, see French language-storlez

## Stories in poems

For list of poems that tell stories, see headings Myths and legends, and Story poems, 20-7682
Storkbill, flower
Picture (in color), 14-4981
Storks, birds, 11-4008
Pictures. 11-4004
saddle-billed stork (in color), 12-4371
young white stork, 8-2761
Storm. A disturbance of the normal conditiol,
of the atmosphere, resulting in winds, rain, snow or hail.

Seo also Physical Geography, 20-7615-16
Stormv petrols, ser Petrels-ctn"mv゙
Storthing. The Norwegian parliament,
Story, William W., American sculptor, 14-4934
Picture, statue, Medea, 14-4935
Story in a teacup, * 2-761-72
Story-telurg
story hours in libraries, 15-5628
with sticks, I-231
Stoss, Veit, German woodcarver, 13-4699
Stourbridge Lion, early locomotive, 5-1.618
Stowe, Mr's. Harriet Beecher, life. 13-4730
Uncle Tom's Cabin, influence of, 7-2429
Picture portrait, 13-4730
Strabo, Greek oreographer
description of France, 11-3813
Stradivari, Antonio, violin-maker, 18-6700
Strafford, Thomas Wentmon+h F~rl of
support of Charles I, 11-3849-50
Picture and note, going to execution, 11-3844
Straight-claws, birds, 9-3285
Strains, treatment for. 11-40¢?
Straits Settlompnts. British nossession. 9-3184
StranAherg, Karl Wilhelm August, sfi Pontry Index for poem and note
Strang, William, British painter, 8-2859
Stranarnla, Giovanni Erancesco, writings of, 9-ㄱ1?
Straskbirg. Alcace-Lorraine
ca therral, 17-6160
Pirture and note. 10-34?.8
natheriral (gravirn) 15-6166
Strata, of earth. 17-6.385
how made. 2-6.31-34
Sre also Genlogy
Pictures, 2-631; 6-2072

## GENERAL INDEX

Strategy．Skill and good generalship in using different branches of a military force in a war manœuvre
Stratford－on－Avon，England
Picture，Ann Hathaway＇s cottage，2－726
Picture（gravure），7－2301
Strathcona II，hospital ship，7－2498
Picture，with note，7－2494
Stratus clouds，description，8－2923 Pictures，8－2926－28
Straus，Oscar Sa，American diplomat
note and picture，19－7165
Strauss，Richard，German musicul romposer， 19－6926， 7152
Stravinsky，Igor，Russian musical composer， 19－11．3
Straw
Indian doll，how to make from，18－6645
Qurations alrout
Why did the Egyptians use straw for their bricks？12－4505
Why is straw sometimes hung under bridges？ 10－3477
Strawberries
mprovement in varieties，15－5381
Pictures，6－2063
wild fruit（in color），11－4024
wood strawberry，fower（in color），14－49S8
Strawberry tree，11－4019
Picture，fruit（in color），11－4021
Streams，how to measure，19－7084
Née algo，Kivers
Oufstioms alornt
Why does the stream run fastrar in the middle？12－4399
Why is a running stream purer than a stag－ nant pool？14－5084
Stretchers，how to make，12－42，
Strindberg，Johan Auguet，Swedish novelist， 19－7114
String bag，directions for making，6－2163－64
Stringed instruments，see Musical instruments
Stringer，Arthux，author，15－5370
Picture，portrait，15－i．；i，
Striped snakes，sfor liartir snakfos
Stromboli．Island and volcano in the Lipari
Islands，Italy．The island covers five square
miles；the volcano is constantly active． Picture，6－2176
Strongbow，Richard，Richard de Clare，and Ire－ land，8－29．32
Strozzi Palace，Florence，17－6298
Picture（gravure），17－6306
Strudwick，J．M．，British painter
Pirturr，Thrré Fatice（\＆raviare），9－？229
Strychnine，obtained from nux vomica tree， 8－3！ 1
Stuart，Charles Edward，the Young Pretender Jacobite rising，6－2098
＊life of，15－5639－44
note on，15－5． 6.38
＊story about．Waverley，quotations and sum－ mary，11－4071－78 Picture，portrait，in group，15－5638
Stuart，Charlotte，daughter of Prince Charlie， 15－5614
Stuart，Gilbert，American painter，9－3327－28 Pirtures
George Washington，9－3327
Portrat of I r．Finhtrraill，9－？？2！
Portrait of Mrs．James Greenleaf，9－3329
Stuart，Henry Benedict，son of the Old Pre－ tender，15－5640，5644
Stuart，James Erancis，the Old Pretender 6－1981，2098：15－5639
Stuart，John McDouall，Australian explorer， 3－863
Picture，portrait，3－863
Stuart，Mary，see Mary Queen of Scots
Stuart，Muriel，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Struggle for the Contineat，＊3－777－84
Stubbs，William，hictorian，9－3シ95
Picture，portrait，9a：＂：u1
Sturdee，Sir Frederick Charles Doveton．Eng－ lish admiral of the fleet，victor of the Falkland Isles engagement in 1914．Born， 1859.
Sturgeon，William，and the electromagnet，4－1252
Sturgeong，fishes，15－5630
Sturla，Thordsson，Scandinavian writer，19－7010
Sturlason，Snorri，see Snorri Sturlason
sturt，Charles，Australian explorer， $\mathbf{3}-863$ Picture，portrait， $\mathbf{3 - 8 6 3}$

Stuttgart．Capital of Württemberg，Germany with textile，planoforte，beer and chemical in－ dustries．

Picture（gravure），12－4178
Stuyvesant，Peter，Dutch governor of New Amsterdam
and Delaware．2－552
surrender to English，2－ist
Picture．portrait，2－5 44
Styka，Jan，Polish painter，8－2852
Picture，Tolstoi，8－2ヶi＂
Styrax，or Benjamin tree，produces benzoin， 9－3152
Styrol，in benzoin，9－3152
Styx River，9－323
Suaviter in modo，fortiter in re．Latin for ＂gentle in manner，strong in action．＂
Sub judice．Latin for＂under consideration．＂ Submarine boats
＊account of，1－197－98
F4，S．Navy，sinking and raising of， 12－4186
Robert Fulton＇s invention of，17－6401
toy，directions for making，10－3503－04
Pictures，1－197－200；18－6823
going through Panama Canal，1－365
Submarine cable，see Cables，Submarine
Submarine－chasers，18－6816
Submarine mine．An explosive device anchored below the water－line and designed to destroy or injure a ship by blowing a hole in her hull Subpana．An order or writ demanding the presence in a court of justice of the person on whom it is served．Failure to obey a subpøena renders a person liable to a penalty
Subsidy．Assistance or aid in the form of a sum of money
Subtraction．The taking－away of one part from another；the taking of a part from the whole or finding the difference between a smaller num－ ber and a greater．

## Subways

electric engines replaced steam，16－5805
how conctructed in New York．7－23月す
Sucker，Leather，how to make，3－902
Sucker Family，fishes， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 3 4}$
Suckling，Sir John，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Sucrose，name for common sugar，10－3416
Sudan．Vast Anglo－Egyptian territory in north east Africa；area，1，014，400 square miles；capital Khartoum．Though it contains the Nubian and much of the Libyan Desert，it has much fertile land in the Nile valley，and the cultivated area is being greatly increased by irrigation．Cot－ ton－growing especially is making great progress， while cattle－raising and the cultivation of millet are important．Exports include the world＇s chief supplies of gum arabic and ivory，with sesame， senna，ground－nuts，dates，hides，gold and cattle． Omdurman，El Obeid，and Kassala are important towns：Suakin and Port Sudan are ports．The name Sudan is used also for a large French West African district，lying south of the Sahara． extent of，9－3054， 3056
Marchand，and French possession of，11－3824
Suda
Question about．What is the sudd on the ile？8－3016
Suez Canal．13－4786
Pintures，13－4784， 4791
Suffrage，sof Voting
Sugar
＊Where sugar comes from，10－3415－20
as a food，6－2187
brown sugar tastes sweeter than white，
11－39：7－5．
chemical elements of，10－3416
countries producing， $10-3418$
use and production in U．S．．8－2fin

digestion of，6－2085
fermaentation flue th verast，18－f，r，f？
from maple tree，see Maple trees－sugar－ maple
history，early use，10－3415
of the ancients，17－6221
plants pmalucimir．7－：531－3？
shuraces of，10－3420
Queations ablout
IVhy rlo wet say that silgar is cise．f．t？1－310
 hot water than in cold？17－6176

Sugar (continued)
Pictures
American Sugar Refinery, New Orleans, 14-4891

* cultivation and manufacture, $10-3415$

Hawaiian plantation, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5} 451$
how the sugar grows, $7-2533$
Sugar-beets, see Beets and beet-sugar
Sugar-cane, account of, 7-2531
cultivation and manufacture into sugar, 10-3416, 3418

## Pictures

growing in Mexico, 7-2533
manufacture into sugar, 10-3422-23 planting and cutting, $10-3417$
Sugar maple, see Maple
Sugar scoop, how to make, 2-747
Suggestion and hypnotism, 12-4443-44
Suicides and alcohol, 8-2684
Suleiman II, sultan of Turkey, 13-4800
Sulla, Lucius Cornelius, Roman general, 4-1365-66
Sullivan, Alan, Canadian poet, 14-5108
Sullivan, Sir Arthux, English musical composer life, 19-6925
wrote music for The Lost Chord, 10-3611 Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Sullivan, Louis, American architect, 18-6684
Sully, Duc de (Maximilian de Béthune)

Sully, Thomas, American painter, 9-3330 lictures
portrait of Major Thomas Biddle, 9-3324 portrait of Rebecca Gratz, 19-7164
Sully's Hill National Park, 7-2291
sulphates. In chemistry, salts of sulphuric acids. Gypsum is a calcium sulphate; barytes is a barium sulphate; Epsom salts is a magnesium sulphate, etc. Sulphates are widely distributed in nature.
Sulphid of calcium in luminous paint, 8-3016
Sulphite pulp, for making paper, 7-2443
Sulphur (S). An element found pure in beds of gypsum and in volcanic regions as a rule. It is soft, yellow and resinous in appearance. It burns with a blue flame and gives off the wellknown sulphur odor. In combination sulphur is found as copper pyrites, iron pyrites, etc. Sulphur is used for making matches, freworks, gunpowder, medicines, insecticide and for many other purposes.
whtainer? in sieily, 13-t5:
production in Louisiana and Texas, 13-4526
tarnishes silver, 10-3472
Sulphur flower, description, 18-6658
pittura 18-6itis!
Sulphuric ether, see Ether, Sulphuric
Sulphurwort, plant, 16-5880 note on, 16-5875
Picture, 16-5875
Sultan. A Mohammedan sovereign. The ruler of Turkey, before the recent upheaval, was called the Sultan of Sultans
Sulte, Benjamin, French Canadian author, 15-5.367
Sumac, account of, 13-4640, 4780-82 poisonous and harmless, $13-4780,4782$ Pietures, 13-4781
fruit. 13-46:
Pirtirit (in unlor), 8-29.97
Sumac, Venetian, produces dye, 9-3154
Sumatra, 15-5568
Sumbawa, volcano, eruption of, 7-2314
Sumerians, ancient people in Mesopotamia, 2-650 probably of Mongol origin, 18-6670
writing, $10-3546 ; \mathbf{1 8 - 6 6 7 0}$

## Summer

* how caused, 1-238-39
why dat: are loner- than in winter, 8-?-9? Poem about. A Summer's Day, by Alexander Hume, 10-3644
Summerhouse. hout to makp. 13-14 / 14-50
Sumner, Charles (1811-7!). An Amforman
 ator for many years: assaulted in Senate Chamber by Preston Brooks in 1856, receiving injuries

Sumter, Thomas, in American Revolution, $\mathbf{4}-1170$
Sun
* Sun and its power, 9-3171-80
* How sun and wind mark thr hills, 2-629-34 and earth's motion, 1-236, 238 and measurement of time, 14-5217

Sun (continued)
distance from earth, measured by time, 9-3033
earth revolves around, chart and explanation, 1-18-19
eclipse, see Eclipses
energy given to the earth, 8-2664
heat not due to burning, 14-5225
how causes the seasons, 8-2791-94
influence on tides, 2-583-84
light of, exerts pressure, 10-3665
parts of surface move independently, 9-3176
prominences of, 9-3178
red appearance through fog explained, 8-2924 spectrum
composition of, 11-3922-23
with colored illustrations, facing 11-3920-21
speed of, 11-3786
sun-spots, see Sun-spots
telling time by, 6-2261
temperature, 9-3172
Pocms about
The Sun, by Thomas Miller, 16-5923
Sun was Falling off to Sleep, by Harold Begbie, 8-3007
Questions about
Does the sun ever cross the northern sky? 14-5222, 5224
Does the sun move or does it stand still? 1-312
How does the sun make a rainbow? 13-4828
Is there any water in the sun? 6-2122
What are sun-spots? 18-6694
What are three important things the sun gives the earth? 6-2123
What is the sun made of? 4-1231
Where does the oxygen in the sun come from? 14-5225
Why do we see a black spot in the sky, after looking at the sun? 14-4950
Why does the air not stop the light of the sun? 15-5620
Why does the sun fade carpets and not flowers? 4-1354
Why is the wrold light when the sun is hehind clouds? 16-5744
Will the sim eler be as colrt as the earth? 14-5220
Pictures
corona (in color), with note, facing 9-3180 eclipses, 9-3170, 3172-73
flames on edge. 9-3173
flames on surface (in color), showing size romlarel with rarth. farine 9-:31-0
showing patches of brightness, 9-3174
size, comnared with Betelgeuse and earth. 11-301
spots, 9-3171, 3177
sunt and its neichlinrs, 9-3179
Sun-baths, benefit sick people, 4-1415
Sun bircts, 9-31.35
Pirtur, Ifricall sum bird (in colnri, 12-4370
Sun-spots, account of, 9-3173-74, 3176
affected by earth, 9-3176
Ourstion about. What are sun-spots? 18-6694
Pictures
as swen thromeh a telecenpe. 9-3177
showing revolution of sun, 9-3171
Sunday, hriw namme. 12-4199-42nn
in Amwic:an whonifs, 3-974-7.5
Sundew, plant, 2-746
description, 16-5727-28: 19-6932, 6934
imser= as front for: 1-3?
Pictures, 2-742: 16-5726
Sundial, account of, 6-2261
Sunfish
deep-sea, description, 16-5900
fresh-water, 15-5630-31
Pi,tury
deep-sea (in color), 16-5784
fresh-water sunfish, 15-5631
Sunflowers, description, 18-6660
Pictures, 18-6667
Pirtures (gravure), 19-7179
double sunflower, 19-7180

Sunset
 sunset? 18-6552
Sunstroke, treatment for, 16-5981
Super-power plan, for water power, 11-3774
Superior, Lake, size, 7-2484
Picture, boom of logs, 7-2447

## GENERAL INDEX

Buperstitions about animals，1－353，355， 359
Supply，economic term，definition，16－5935
Supply and demand
and distribution of wealth，17－6093－94
law of，in economics，16－5934－36
Suprarenal glands．9－3223
Supreme Court of U．S．，5－1792 note on，20－7571
Surajah Dowlah，Hindu ruler and Black Hole of Calcutta，8－2826
killed at battle of Plassey，8－2826
Surf－riding，note and picture，9－3301
Sargeon fish
Pictures（in color），16－5787
Achilles surgeon fish，16－5787
Sargeon＇s Daughter，by Scott，note on，11－4071
Surgery，how different from medicine，8－2722 See al80 Medicine
Surinam，see Guiana，Dutch
Surmullet，fish．Picture（in color）16－5782
Surrey，Earl of，and early English verse，1－321： 3－1118
surveying，use of trigonometry in，16－5：42
See also Measuring
picture，Forest officers running a base line， 8－2811
§uaa，ancient Persian city
architecture，14－5209－10
decorations of Darius＇palace，1－297；11－3876
Pictures，friezes from Darius＇palace，1－292， 297
suslik，animal，3－1128
how killed in Russia，3－1132
Picture，3－1129
Suspension bridges，1－28－29
Sutter＇s Fort，California，note and picture， 6－1923
Suttee，burning of widows，8－2700
Suva，capital of Fiji Islands，9－3188
Suzor－Coté，Aurèle de Foy，Canadian painter and sculptor，14－5078
Picture，Old Pioneer（statue）14－5078
Sverdrup，सarald，and polar drift，13－4 722
Sverdrup，Otto Neumann，captain of the Fram． 13－4715－16
Pictures，portrait，8－2977 on deck of Fram，13－4709
Sverre，king of Norway，15－5294
Swallow－wort，name for celandine，17－6280
Swallowing，process of，4－1328
8wallows，birds
account of， $9-3280,3255: 14-.146$
of North America，13－4835－36
chimney，9－3280， 3285
destruction of，in Europe，9－3278
Pucm alout．（）Swallow，Swallow，I＇lying South，by Tennyson，1－326
Pictures
nests，9－3279；13－4765
Pirtures in（oblor）8－2897
bank swallow，9－3129
barn swallow，13－1812 cliff swallow，10－3623 violet green swallow，facing 14－513．3
Swammerdam，Jan，discoveries with microscope， 13－4670
Swamp elder，see Elder，Swamp
Swamps，cypress，description，12－4250
Picture，cypress swamp，12－4250
Swan，John，English sculptor，13－4856
Bwan，Sir Joseph Wilson
experiments on electric lights，3－994；16－5938
Picture，portrait，4－1243
Swan of Avon．Name given to William Shake－
speare by Ben Jonson．
Swan song．Last production of a poret；so
called leceallse dying swans were supposed to sing．
Swans，birds
account of，11－5885
Pictures，8－2817；11－3881，3886－87 mute swan（in color）8－2897
Swaziland，Africa．9－ 15
Sweat－glands，structure and work，4－1418－19 affected by certain drugs， $4=1419$
in dog，4－1419
Picture，2－1417

## sweden

comparmer with N゙orway，15－5－948
＊deseritution．15－‥3nt
Gota Canal，note and picture，13－4787
history，15－5291－92， 5294
crifonv in Ammina jn $1638,2-5.52$
literature，19－7014

Sweder（continued）
map，15－5301
song，Uur Swedish Feelings for Our King，by Strandberg，17－6253
water power，15－5430
Pictures，15－5302，5305－06
Swedenborg，Emanuel，scientist and author
Ficture，portrait，19－7009
Swedish literature，19－701
Sweet－after－death，plant，description，19－6932
Sweet briar，11－4019
$P$ ictures（in color）
flower，14－4995
fruit，11－4021
Sweet cicely，flower
Picture（in color） $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 0}$
Sweet gale，bog－myrtle，note and picture， 16－5733
Sweet－gum or liquidambar tree
description， $12-4510,4513$
Picture，12－4513
Sweet marjoram，14－4976－78
Picture，14－4977
Swset peas，flowers，description，19－7169
from garden peas，7－2613
Picture，flower（gravure）19－7175
Sweet pepper，see Clethra
Sweet potatoes，see Potatoes，Sweet
Sweet－William，flower，19－7170
Sweet woodruff，see Woodruft
Sweetbread，see Pancreas
Sweetbriar，see Sweet briar
Swellish．Hictures（in color）16－5786－88
Sweyn，king of Denmark，15－5292
Swift，Jonathan，English writer
life and writings，5－1619－20
＊Gulliver＇s Travels：criticism，summary of parts，and quotations，3－947－56
Picture，Swift and Stella，5－1619
Swift runnerm，＊4－1441－48
Swifts，birds
account of，9－3371－72；13－4836
American chimney swallow，9－3285
Pictures，9－3365
nest and eggs，8－2757
Picture（in color）9－3284
Swimming
＊directions for，19－6955－58
cautions about，7－2513
crawl，how to do，with picture，19－6958
free pools，N．Y．city， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 2 4}$
tests of Camp Fire Girls，14－5066
tricks to practice，8－3024
Question alout．How can a duckling swim without being taught？15－5518
Bwinburne，Algernon Charles，English poet， 12－12ごー30
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
swine，see Pigs
Swiss Guarde in Trench Revolution，3－888； 6－2132；10－3568
Swiss painting．sir Paintinc．Swiss
Swithun，or Swithin，St．Wessex monk who was lishop of Winchester，and had great in－ fluence over church and state matters of the time．His remains were moved into Winchester Cathedral in 971 ，and miracles are said to have been performed at his shrine．There are va－ rious theories of the origin of the myth about the weather
Switzerland
（ Iiticcs，16－fnnfin7
＊description，16－5997－6000，6006－08
＊descrintion，a family tour，17－6083－89
flic．16－finns
forestry，conservation of forests，8－2804
glaciers，7－2316
government，16－6008
＊history．16－6000－06
indmetrias．16－finof，f0n 8
lake－dwellings，16－6000
languages．16－6002
map，16－5998
national hymm．17－6255
Protestant Reformation in，16－6004， 6006
rivers，16－6000
water power，15－5430
＊Picfures，16－5997－6010；17－＾083－89 viaduct near St．Gall，1－37
nicture man，17－gus
8word．One of the first weapons of dpfense made by man．An edged metal blade fixed in a grip or hilt，with some sort of protection for

## GENERAL INDEX

sword (continued)
the hand, was the first general pattern of sword. The blade was protected by a covering called a scabvard. Difterent forms grew out of the original type, and sabres, claymores, rapiers, scimitars, etc., were developed by different nations. In these days of firearms the sword has lost its importance as part of a soldier's equipment.
toy sword, how to make, 15-5339
Swordfish, 16-5896, 5898
Sycamore maple, see Maple trees-sycamore
sycamore trees
called buttonwood, 13-4638
other trees called sycamores, 11-4100
Picture, 13-4643
Sydenham, Lora (Poulett Thomson), governorgeneral of Canada, 4-1484
Sydney. Largest city and seaport of Australia, capital of New South Wales. The great Pacific shipping centre of the Commonwealth, it stands on the natural harbor of Port Jackson, one of the finest in the world; it is well laid out, and has two cathedrals and a university, and a number of public parks. There are clothing, leather, pottery, glass, furniture, tobacco and engineering industries. Famous for its splendid climate, Sydney is the oldest Australian city, having been founded in 1788.
description, 7-2464, 2468
Picture, 7-2463
Sydney. Centre of the coal, iron and steel industries of Cape Breton Island, Nova Scotia. It has a fine harbor and an active shiphuilding trade.
Symbol. A sign or mark representing an object, animate or inanimate, that typifies an idea or a quality. The lamb is the symbol of power; the olive-branch of peace, etc.

## Symbolism

in ancient Cretan painting, 2-448
See also Christian art and symbolism
Symington, William, built steamboats, 17-63996400
Picture, portrait, 17-6397
Symmer, Robert, discoveries in electricity,

Symmonds, William, Murdock's apprentice, 3-992
Symonds, John Addington, see Poetry Index for ooems and notes
Symons, Arthur, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Sympathy, mental influence of, 12-4443
Symphony, form of musical composition
Beethoven's symphonies, 19-7074, 7076
chararteristics and Hovin's nue nf, 19-in-?
Synagogue. A congregation of Jews meeting for religious instruction and worship; also the building in which such a congregation holds public worship.
Syndicate. A group of persons or corporations -financiers, canitnlists or nthers-who form an association with the object of carrying out or promoting some enternrise financial or industrial, such as underwriting an issue of bonds The various members may be bound together in whatever legal relation they may agree upon, as, for instance, a partnership.
syntax. In grammar the arrongement of words in sentences in their proper relation to each other according to established usage or rule
Syracuse. Once the most important Greek city in Sicily, Syracuse is now a decayed seaport with narrow, dirty streets. It has a cathedral, once the ancient temple of Minerva, and many interesting ancient remains
Syria. French mandatory state in western Asia; area. 60,000 square miles. It was an ancient centre of civilization. It is now mainly an aericultural country. Beirut, Alexandretta. Tripoli and Latakia are the chief ports, and Aleppo, Damascus, Homs and Hamah the chief inland towns.
rare stamns, 16-5888
under the J,eamle of Nations, 18-fifis
Picture, silk-making at Antioch, 15-5315
Sveinga, plant. nots and picture, 16-57.n
Surinz, a nvmph changed into reeds, 9-3235
Syrlin, J., German woodcarver, 13-4699
Syrup, see Sugar
Szechwan, province of China, 2-436


Taal. Dutch dialect spoken in parts of South Africa.
Tabard Inn. At Southwark, England, the start
ing-place of the Canterbury Tales pilgrims.
Tabb, John Banister, American author, 13-4815
see also Poetry index for poems and notes
Tabitha, Christian disciple, story of, 1-124
Picture, 1-124
Table Mt. Flat-topped mountain rising above Cape Town, South Africa. 3,580 feet.
Tablecloth, directions for making, 14-5118
directions for making tea cloth, 6-2046
how pattern is made in the cloth, $9-3323$
stenciled, 1-337
with applique work, 16-5891-92
Picture. Linen table-cloth, 9-3323
Tables, directions for making
from cheese-box, 14-5006
toy, 5-1765-66
Taboga, island, note and picture, 10-3595
Taboo. Polynesian word implying things, persons, etc. that must be avoided; hence in Eng-
lish anything forbidden may be called taboo
Tabriz. Trade centre of northwest Persia, exporting raisins, cotton and carpets.
Tacitus, Cornelius, Roman historian, 16-5913 account of Tiberius, 5-1860
Picture, portrait, 16-5907
Tacking, in sailins
discovered by Greeks, 11-3914
explanation, 2-455-56
Picture, diagram, 2-456
Tacna and Arica, plebiscite as to nationality, 19-7038
Tacoma. City in the state of Washington, the centre of a rich mining, lumbering and agricultural district and an important railway centre and port.
Taddeo, Bartoli, see Bartolo
Tadoussac, Canada, first trading-post in 1599 2-679
Tadpoles, account of, 15-5453-54
development, 1-256, 258
Question about. Where does the tadpole's tail

- go? 1-74
, Lorado, American sculptor, 14-4940
19-7124
Picture, statue of Chief Black Hawk, 15-5281
Taft, William Howard, president of U.S.
administration, 8-2672; 11-3949
appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court 8-2672
life, outline of, 11-3954
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3947
Tag, same, 3-1告
Tagalos, or Tagalogs. A race who dwell in the Philippine Islands of Luzon, Mindoro, Lubang and Marinduque. They are of Malayan origin. Tagore, Sir Rabindranath, Hindu poet, 15-5461
Tagus. River of spain and Portugal, rising in eastern Spain and flowing into the Atlantic. It passes Aranjuez, Toledo, Talavera and Alcantara in Spain, and Abrantes, Santarem and Lis. bon in Portugal. 565 miles.
Tahiti, first missionaries, 9-3304
Picture, native women, 9-3297
Tahoe, Lake. Largest lake in the Sierra Nevada Mountains. On the boundary between Nevada and California. It is about 22 miles long and 10 miles wide.
Tahr, animal. Picture, 4-1373
Tai. People of Southern Mongol stock who dwell in Indo-China. They are known as Shans by the Burmese, and Laos by the Siamese. They are lery mumerons in southern China. They may have Caucasic blood in their veins.
Taillefer, Norman minstrel, 5-1565
Picture (in group), 4-1439
Tailors
Qurstimn alout. Whyy does a tailor wear a thimble without a top? 16-5962
Taiping Rebellion, China, 2-432-33
Taj Mahal. India, description, 15-5471-72
huilt as memorial. 8-2700
Pictures, 8-2701; (gravure), 8-2835; 15-5477
Takin, animal. Picture, 4-1374


## GENERAL INDEX

Talavera, Battle of. Fought by Wellington with 19,000 British and 30,000 Spaniards against the French in 1809. After varying fortunes Wellington made a strong counter-attack, and the French retired to Madrid. The French lost 7,000 men, but the allies lost heavily and were unable to pursue

## Talbot, William Henry Fox, inventor, 18-6593

Talc, or steatite. A greenish white mineral with a pearly lustre and so soft that it can be scratched with the finger nail. It is used as a lubricant, as a basis for cosmetic powders and as "French chalk" to remove grease from silk and cloth. Talc is common to many districts throughout North America.
Tale of Reynard the Foz, note and excerpt,
18-t....
Talent. An ancient measure of weight; then a particular weight of gold; eventually a sum of money. The value of a Syrian talent would be from $\$ 1,700$ to $\$ 2,000$ of our money; the value of a Roman great talent would be about $\$ 480$.
Talisman, The, by Scott, note on, 11-4070

## Talking

deaf-and-dumb communication, 18-6523
See also Speech
Question about. How did men learn to talk? 15-..515-16

## Talking machines

* account of, 1-261-65
invented by Edison, 17-6136
inventions, recent, $\mathbf{1}-263$
records, how made, 1-261-62
preservation for future, $\mathbf{1 - 2 6 3 - 6 4}$
Question about. Why does a trumpet make the phonograph louder? 14-5224
* Pictures, 1-260-265

Tallahassee. Capital of Florida, finely situated on a hill in the lotightorhomb of lakes. Irincipal manufactures are cottonseed oil, lumber, natal strorts atal ricars. In the belyhimorhood cotton, tobacco and sugar-cane are rajcul.
Talleyrand-Périgord, Charles Maurice de (17541838). French diplomatist and statesman under Napoleon and in the period following
Tallis, Thomas, English musical composer,
19-6913-14
Picture, portrajt. with William Byrd, 19-6915 Tallow. The solid oil or fat obtained for the most part from cattle and sheep. When pure it is white, but as sold commercially it usually has a yellow tinge. The best quality is used to make candles; inferior qualities are used for greasing machinery, making soap, etc. From certain trees and seeds a kind of vegetable tallow is obtained.

Talon, Jean Baptiste (1625-91). A French official, intendant of justice, police and finance in New France from 1663 to 1668 and from 1670
 West Indies, sent out exploring parties and did many other things for the good of the colony. His report to the king of France, written in 1667, is a valuable historical document.
Tamarack trees, American larches, 11-4104 neforl as form? 12-1. -
Tamaraos, buffaloes of Philippines, $4-1264$
Tamarisks, shrubs, 14-5158-59
Picture, 14-5159
Picture, common tamarisk flower (in color) 14-4981
Tamarugal, Desert of
products coming from, 7-2421
Tamerlane, Tartar leader
invaded Persia. 3-'!
Taming of the Shrew, ll?ay l, si akrespeare Pirphir, 3-ri>
Tampico. Nrist important nil purt of Mtexico, near the mouth of the Panuco river,
Tanagers, fir.


Tanganyika, Lake. Second largest African lake, on the borders of Tanganyika Territory, northern Rhodesia, and the Belgian Congo. 12,700 square miles in extent, it is the longest lake in the world, measuring 400 miles; from 30 to 45 miles broad, it is over 1,000 feet deep. Burton and Speke discovered it in 1858.
Tanganyika Territory. Formerly German East Africa, British mandatory state; area, 365,000 square miles; capital, Dar-es-Salaam. It is still largely undeveloped, but the Central and Usambara Railways have made great areas available for coffee, coconut, caoutchouc, sugar and cotton planting, while there are many sheep and cattle and valuable mineral deposits.
surface of, 9-3054
formerly German East Africa, 9-3050
Tangerines, variety of orange, 6-2058
Tangier. Moroccan international port on the Strait of Gibraltar. It is a favorite tourist resort. It is surrounded by ancient ruins of walls, and by gardened areas.
Tangrams, 13-4731
Tanks. The name given during the World War to armed and armored automobiles propelled on the caterpillar-traction system and first used in active service in 1916 by the British. They were able to clamber across trenches, and their armor protected their occupants from rifie and machine-gun fire.
Tanks, Oil, 13-4552
Tannic acid, see Tannin
Tannin
from sumac, 9-3154
in tea, 5-1607
obtained from mangrove, 9-3266
sources and use in tanning, 5-1550
Tannin, Artificial, 5-1550
Tanning

* methods, 5-1549-50, 1555-58
trees' products used in, 12-4378-79
Pictures, 5-1555-58
Tansy, weed, description, 15-5394
Ci-fure of thawer (in (alar) 13-:8:7
Taoism, a religion of rhitar, 9-.,り!!
Tape-grass. Pictures, 3-102s
Tapestry. A fabric consisting of a warp upon which threads of wool, silk, gold and silver are woven by a needle to produce a pattern. Tapestry was generally used to cover walls of large rooms in the Middle Ages. Later it was also used for covering furniture. Historically the Bayeux tapestry, representing the invasion of England by William the Conqueror, is the most famous of all tapestries. Arras, Brussels, Gobelin, Aubusson and Jacquard are all types of tapestry.
Tapeworm. A parasitic worm, tape-like in form and varying in length from a tiny creature to one sevoral wirls lonse fommi in the alimentary canal of hioher animais including man. It absorhs nourishment from food taken in by the intretilars of its host. I:- lum? is divided into many serments easily broken off, but until its head is obtained the worm cannot be got rid of. wat in forming a purrl. 19-f\&介. five
Tapioca. A starchy suhstance prenared from cassava (root of the manioc) by drying it while mbiet humen hat plates until thre stareh-grains swell or even burst. These swollen grains, when placed in boiling water, swell up and form a jelly-like mass.
Tapir, animal. 5-1825-28
Pictures, 5-1827
Tar. Jack
(!…tiun ntomt Trion is Tack Tar? 7-2186
Tar. I tlick. harki\&h, sticky material ohtained by destructive distillation of organic and bitu-
 shate. ratitar is nt,taines larwoly in the mathufacture of gas from coal. Wood-tar is obtained by burning wood without flame, for instance, under a covering of turf.

Tara. Tillage in Month. Treland. which was for centuries canital of the early Trish kings On the Till of Tara stond the roval malars. and there are remains of earthworks and monuments.
Tarantulas, spiders. 16-f,n18
Tarapacá, snurce for nitrites
taken from Perts bv Chile. 19-in3e
Tarbell, Edmund C., American painter, 10-3455

Tardigrada, or water-bear
can live without food, 2-457
Tarentum, Italy, conquered by Romans, 4-1194
Target. A mark at which users of firearms, archers, etc., shoot for practice or in competition for prizes. Usually the target is divided into circles, the spaces between which have certain values in counting the score. Originally targets were circular shields made of wood and leather studded with brass, and worn by Gaelic fighters on their left arms.
Tariff. Duties or taxes according to a fixed list on goods coming into or going out of a country. The word is applied also to the laws which regulate such duties. The purpose of a tariff is either to raise money for carrying on government or to protect the industries of a country by putting a charge on things made in foreign countries.
explanation, 5-1700; 13-4555
in England, tax on corn repealed in 1830's, 7-2293
Tariz, Saracen chief
conquest of Spain, 14-5042
Tarim River, Asia, 18-6588, 6590
Tarkington, Booth, novelist, $\mathbf{1 4 - 5} 010$
Tarleton, Banastre (1754-1833). British soldier in American Revolution.
combat with Col. Washington, 4-1171
Picfure, portrait, 4-1161
Tarnishing, explanation of, 10-3477
Tarquin the Proud, king of Rome, 4-1361-62
Tarragona. Spanish Mediterranean port, with a 12th-century cathedral and many Roman remains. These include an amphitheatre, an aqueduct and the Tower of the Scipios.
Tarshish, ships of, 11-3910
Tartaric acid. An acid compound of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen. The commercial article is obtained from argol, a product of grape-juice fermentation. Purified argol is called cream of iartar. Tartaric acid is used in dyeing, calicoprinting and in medicine.

## Tartars

invasion of Preland, 13-frco
invasion of Russia, 16-5691
retreat from Volga to Great Wall, 5-1599
Russian remullie fif. 16-5<-in
Tartarus, in mythology, 9-3237
Tasman, Abel Janszen, early explorer, Australia, 7- 163
discovered Fiji Islands, 9-3302
Tasmania, account of, 7-2470
origin of name, 7-2463
Tasmanian devil, animal, 7-2509
Picture (gravure). 7-2506
Tasmanian wolf, 7-2506
Tasso, Torquato, Italian poet, 17-6154
Picture, portrait, 17-6149
Taste, sense of

* Smell and taste, 11-3955-58
classification of tastes, 11-3957
taste-bulbs in tongue, 6-1933; 11-3957
Quretions rlmot
Why are we sure that pure water has no taste? 14-5225
Why do our tears taste of salt? 2-688
Why do we have different tastes in eating? 15-5516
Why do we say that sugar is sweet? $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{- 3 1 0}$
Tate, Nahum, hymn-writer, 12-4437
Tatler, early English periodical, 5-1621
Tatti, Jacopo, spe Sansovino
Tattooing. Pricking the skin and inserting different pigments or colors in the pricks to form an indelible pattern on the skin. Uncivilized peoples often cover their bodies with fantastic patterns. Sailors sometimes have designs tattooed on their arms or chests.
Taughannock Falls, N. Y. state, note and picture 10-34 al $^{-}$
Taupo, Lake, N゙ew Zealand, 7-2574
Taxes
* account of. 13-4553-56
direct and indirect. 5-1700: 13-4555
Tazidermy. The art of preparing and preserving the skins of animals ant stuffinc and mounting such skins so as to resemble as closely as possible the living animals.
Tas Bridge, Dundee, note and picture, 1-35
Taylor, Bayard, see Poetry Index, for poems and notes

Taylor, Benjamin Franirin, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Taylor, Jane, see Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Taylor, Jeffreys, see Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Taylor, Zachary, president of U. S.
administration, 7-2429; 11-3940
in Mexican War, 6-1918-20
life, outline of, il-3952
Pictures
portrait (gravure), 11=3947
in Mexican War, 6-1919
Tayra, animal, 3-872
Picture, 3-870
Tea
account of, 7-2532, 2536

* production, 2-761-72
source of, 5-1626
tax on, in American colonies, 4-1162
tea trade, and clipper ships, 11-3919
varieties, 7-2536
Questions about
Why do tea and coffee keep us awake? 4-1451
Why do they say that strong tea is bad for us? 5-1607
Why does the tea run through a lump of sugar? 3-879
Pictures
* production, 2-760-72
leaf, flower and fruit (in color), 8-3000 plant, with flowers and fruits, 7-2534
Tea cloth, see Tablecloth
Tea-party, how to prepare, 9-3376
Tea tiles, how to make from clay, 13-4620
Teach, Edward, pirate, 2-554
Teachers
* Immortal three, 16-5915-20
* Men who gave us schools, 14-5247-54

Teak, tree, 12-4249
Teals, ducks, 11-3888
Picturcs (in color), 8-2899 cinnamon teal, 10-3624
Teapot Dome, Wyoming. Picture, 18-6436
Tears, account of, 1-73-74
diagram of tear duct, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 8 6}$
Questinns about
Why do our tears taste of salt? 2-688 IVhy fo I lan:h and cry? 1-7:.7t
Tears of the Muses, poem by Spenser, 3-1120
Teasel, plant
Fuller's teasel, use of, 9-3156
Pictures, 1-331
Fuller's teasel, 9-3155
Pirtur (in mitir), 14-19\&?
Technicolor process, in taking color pictures, 18-6600
Tecumseh, Indian chief, 6-1907
Tecumgen, drama by Charles Mair, 14-5107
Teeth

* description, and care of, 6-1929-31
animals with peculiar teeth, or none,
7-2393-2400
horse's, peculiarity of, 6-2011-12
snake's, poison in, 16-5842
Qul tions "li,ut
What makes nur teeth chatter when we are cold or frightened? 10-3475
Why "annut hmmatn beings grow a third tooth? 4-1452
Pintures
jaws, showing position of teeth, 6-1931
showing growth in jaw, 6-1929
Tegner, Esaias, Swedish poet, 19-7014
Picture, portrait. 19-7009
Tegucigalpa. Capital of Honduras, Centrai
America, near gold, silver and marble mines.
Teguexins. lizards, 14-5232
Pirture. 14-5233
Teheran, Persia, 3-910
Pictures. 3-920
Tejada, Sehastian Lerdo de, president of Mex. irn). 19-7140
Teju lizards, 14-5232
Picture, 14-5233
Telegrams, game, 8-2745
Telegraph
* Hぃw w.. ef. a a telpgram, 17-6049-62
across Australian desert. 7-2468
engine-room, on ship, 12-4421
first telegraph in America, 17-6238
first telegraph in England, 17-6237


## GENERAL INDEX

Telegraph (continued)

* Invention of, 17-6235-48
printing-telecranhs, 17-60:is, forjo focio
record time of message across Atlantic, 17-6062
simplex printer, and pictures, 17-6058
type-printing, invented by Hughes, 17-6246
Questions about
What are the little white cups on the telegraph poles? 16-5962
What are the wire hooks on the crossbars of telegraph poles? 7-2612
Why do the telegraph wires vibrate or hum? 15-5614, 5616
Pictures, 17-6049-62
Telegraph, Submarine, see Cables, Submarine
Telegraph, Wireless, see Radio telegraph
Telegraph-plant, Indian, movements of, 2-746
Tel-el-Amarna tablets, in cuneiform writing, 2-654: 18-6670
Telemachus, Christian martyr, 13-4860
martyrdom at Colosseum, 9-3065
Telephone
* Wonder of the telephone, 17-6182-88
at Centennial Exposition, Philadelphia, 17-6244
Bell's invention, 17-6242, 6244
dial, how to use, 17-6188
first to transmit musical notes, 17-6242
growth of use, 17-6186, 6188
* invention of, 17-6183-84, 6235-48
inventions, recent, 17-6188
pictures sent by wire, 17-6056, 6060, 6188 suggestions for using, 17-6186
toy, how to make, 17-6183-84
used with radio, 17-6370
* Pictures, 17-6182-89

Telephone, Wireless, see Radio telephone
Telephone probe, in surgery, 17-6244
Telephotographs, pictures sent by wire, 17-6056. 6060,61 s

## Telescope

first one made by Galileo, 10-3411; 1-280
invention of, 13-4671
simple, how to make, 12-4265
Teletype, note and picture, 17-6059
Television. The seeing of a distant object by means of an electrical device which transforms light waves into waves that travel through space or over wires, then changes them into space or over wain at the receiving end.
light waves again at the recelving en
Tell, William, Swiss hero, 19-7217-19
Tellers of tales, * 6-2253-58
Temesvar, or Temisoara. Capital of the Rumanian Banat. The centre of a great grain, tobacco and leather trade, it has two cathedrals.
Temperature

* Heat things and cold things, 15-5423-27
* How heat works for us, 15-5569-73 bolly
affectert by color of clothing. 14-50S6
regulation by sweat, 4-1418-19
of camel, variations in, 5-1596, 1598
of birds, 8-2758
See ulso rolr sence of
Centigrade scale, 14-4902
effect of seasons on, 8-2794
effect on stiffness or bending, 3-879
explanation of the term, 15-5572
Fahrenheit scale, 14-4902-03
influence on winds, 18-6692
of earth, factors influencing, 8-2664, 2666
For general list, sec 20-7581
Quesfoms about
Do things weigh heavier or lighter when hot or cold? 11-3977
Ts nur hond cold when we feel eoln" 7-248.5 Whore dones the warmath in our borlies come from? 14-5218
Whhy dows het water take up more romen than whll" 16-96и
Tempering, or annealing. Bringing a metal to a proper degree of hardness and elasticity for use by alternate heating and cooling.
Tempest, play by Shakespeare
criticism, 3-986
ctory uf, 8-2.か8
Tempestas, in mytholory, 9-3234
Templars. Secret society of monastic knights to defend the Holy Sepulchre and pilgrims to Jer'usalem; founded, 1118; dissolved, 1312.

Temple Church, London, 16-5966
Temples
Egyptian, 14-5211-12
Greek, 15-5341-42
in India, 15-5470-71
of Diana, Ephesus, 7-2604; 15-5344-45
of Wingless Victory, Athens, 15-5344
oldest on earth, 14-5 008
Roman, 15-5348
Pictures
carved interior of Indian temple (gravures) 1-72
different types of, 8-3010
Egyptian (gravure), 14-5213-16
Erechtheum at Athens, 3-1068
Greek and Roman (gravure), 15-5350-56 Hindư, 9-3183, 3185; (gravure), 8-2832-35 Japanese, 2-569
Madura, India, 8-2701; (gravure), 9-3093 of Diana, at Ephesus (gravure), 7-2608 of Vesta, Rome (gravure), 4-1205
oriental, 15-5478-80
Parthenon, Athens, 3-1079
temple of Solomon, Jerusalem, model of, 19-7155
"Ten Thousand," Greek soldiers with Xenophon retreat of, 3-1081
Tenant. A person who holds real property by private ownership or any kind of title; or, as more frequently used, a person who rents property from another person, the rent for and the time of holding the property being put down in writing in a document called a lease.
Tendon, definition of, 5-1803
Tendril, part of plant, movement of, 2-744
Teneriffe. Largest of the Canary Islands, covering 780 square miles. Of volcanic origin, it rises to over 12,000 feet in its famous Peak. and is extremely beautiful and fertile; Santa Cruz, the capital, exports much fruit.
Teniers, David, the Younger, Flemish painter
life and work, 5-1586, 1588
Pietures
Players at Tric-trac, 5-1593 Prodigal Son, 5-1591
Tennant, Edward Wyndham, sfr Peetry Index for poem and note
Tennessee. Southern state on the Mississippi's left bank; area, 42,022 square miles; capital. Nashville. There are iron, coal, lumbering and varied agricultural industries. Cotton and lumber are the chief manufactures and the state is second in the production of marble. Memphis, the largest city, is a busy river port. Abbre, viation, Tenn. Nickname, "Big Bend State," "Volunteer State" or "Hog and Hominy State." Flower, passion flower. Motto, Agriculture, Commerce. The name comes from an Indian word meaning "curved spoon." First settlement, Watauga, about 1769.
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28;
14-488!-4900
history (arranged chronologically) early settlements, 6-1906, 1908
James Robertson and, 6-2196-97
sets up State of Franklin, 6-1908
admitted to Union, 6-1908
in War of 1812, 5-1706
secedes (June 8, 1861), 7-24.32
in Civil War, 7-2433, 2436, 2440
presidents from, 8-2676
Pictures
Chattanooga, views of, 14-4897
flag (in color), 19-7190
Hales Jar P’ower Plant, 15-54?9
home of Andrew Jackson, 11-3941
marble quarry, 13-4528
Moceasin Bend, 13-4521
watar-front. Memphis, 16-565:
Tennessee River. American river formed by the Clinch and Holston rivers, Tennessee. It flows into the Ohio River, 1,200 miles.

Picturs. Hales Far Waterjower and steam. nower Plant, 15-5429
Moccasin Bend, 13-4521
Tennis, directions for playing, 13-4621-2?

## Tennyson, Alfred, Iord

* life and writings, 10-3469-72

Ner also Poetry Inricx fo.. lowms and notes
Pictures, portrait, 10-3471
portrait, with mother, 15-5618
Tenrec, Madagascar, animal, 1-320
Picture, 1-317

## GENERAL INDEX

Tense. In grammar, one of the forms or set of forms which a verb takes in order to indicate time of action.
Tenting on the Oıd Camp Ground, song, origin of, $\mathbf{1 8 - 6 5 1 4}$
Tents, how to make, 2-624
how to put up, 5-1772
Terborch, Gerard, Dutch painter, 5-1594
Picture, Lady Reading a Letter, 5-1587
Terburg, Gerard, see Terborch, Gerard
Terebinth, tree, yields turpentine, 9-3151
Teredos, see Shipworms
Terence, Roman author, 16-5909
Picture, portrait, 16-5907
Terminus, deity of boundaries, 9-3235
Termites, insects, account of, 17-6067
food for ant-eaters, 7-2397
Teins, birds

* account of, 11-4121-22
fly from Arctic to Antarctic, 8-2762
killed by crabs, 16-5954
of southern North America, 14-5017-18
Pictures, 8-2759; 11-4123
mother with chick, 8-2761
nest, 13-4765
noddy, 14-5019
Pictures (in color)
arctic tern, 9-3283
least tern, 9-3130
roseate tern, 9-3129
sandwich tern, 9-3282
Wilson's tern, 9-3282
Telpsichore, muse of the dance, 9-3228
Terra, the earth, regarded by Greeks as mother of all, 9-3226
Terra-cotta. A hard, unglazed pottery, harder baked than brick but of finer quality, used as a building material or for statuettes and rougher vessels and ornaments. The color varies according to the earth used. Sometimes the surface is enameled.
Terra Nova, ship, 14-5096
Terrace. In geology, a strip of almost level land dropping down sharply on one side to a body of water. Sometimes it is nothing more than a raised beach. Often used to denote a row of adjoining houses. In landscape gardening, an artificial terrace is often built up by means of masonry and turf.
Terrapin, or water turtle, 14-5234-35
Terriers, dogs, 2-718
Pictures (gravure), 2-714-16
Territory. A domain or piece of land belonging to an individual, or the extent of land and water under the jurisdiction of a sovereign state. In the Tnited States and Canada the word is used to describe large areas within those countries which have incomplete state or provincial governments and are governed largely from the federal centre.
Terror, shin. 14 - $-1!\cdot \mid 1-!1$
Terror, Mount, discovered by Sir J. C. Ross, 14-5090
Terror, Reign of, 6-2134
Terry, Ellen, actress
Picture, nortrait, in group from Merry Wives of Windsor, 3-841
Tesla, Nikola (1857- ). Serbian-American inventor and electrical engineer. Invented the system of alternating-current power-transmission and the induction motor


## Tests, Educational

list of hooks giving tests for little children, 10-3636
Tethys, in mythology, 9-3235
Te-Umman, king of Elamites, 2-656
Teutobocchus, barbarian king, and bones of mastodon. 5-1784
Teutoburger Wald, Battle of. Annihilation of three Roman legions under Varus by the German hero Arminius, or Hermann, in A.D. 9. Arminius ambushed the lesions on the march in difficult forest country, and hardly a Roman escaped. "Varus, give me back my legions!" exclaimed Cæsar Augustus, on hearing of the disaster
Teutonic tribes, 11-3953
Tewkesbury, England
Pirture, Abhey (gravilre), 16-5975
Texas. Largest state in the Union: area, 265,896 square miles; capital. Austin. Part of the state consists of arid plains, but in the fertile seotions cotton, corn, rice and other cereals,

Tezas (continued)
sugar and tobacco are abundantly produced; stock-raising and the coal and petroleum production are important; lumbering, petroleum refining, meat-packing and cottonseed products are also important. San Antonio is the largest city. Dallas, Houston, Fort Worth and Galveston are the chief towns. Abbreviation, Tex. Nickname, "Lone Star State" or "Beef State." Flower, bluebonnet. Texas is an Indian word meaning "friends" or "allies." First settlement, thought to have been made at San Antonio,
about 1692.
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900
history (arranged chronologically)
explored by Spaniards, 1-244, 252
La Salle builds a fort, 1-250
Americans settle in, 6-1916
declares independence, 6-1916; 19-7136, 7138
annexed to United States, 6-1918
Mexican War, 6-1918-20; 19-7138
secedes from Union (Feb. 1, 1861), 7-2430
Galveston only Confederate port, 7-2438
produces most cattle, 9-3207
petroleum production, 9-3210; 13-4538
Pictures
Alamo, 18-6829
Alamo Plaza, San Antonio, 13-4527
Cameron Park, Waco, 14-4895
Dallas by night, 14-4892
field of Kafir corn, 13-4523
flag (in color), 19-7190
helium plant, Fort Worth, 14-4891
oil tanks, 13-4552
oil well, 13-4549
skyscrapers in Dallas, 14-4898
street in Fort Worth, 14-4898
Texas fever in cattle, transmitted by a tick, 16-6919
Texel. Westernmost and largest of the Dutch Frisian Islands; area, 71 square miles. Here Blake defeated a Dutch fleet under Van Tromp in 1653.
Textile. A woven fabric, such as cotton, silk, linen, rayon and wool, or a material suitable for weaving, such as wool, flax, hemp, cellulose, etc.
block printing, directions, 15-5336
industry in U. S., 9-3214, 3216
Sée alsr, Cotton: S,inen; Rayon: Silk; Wool
Thackeray, William Makepeace, novelist

* life and writings, 8-2737-38

See also Poetry Index, for poems and notes
Picture, portrait, in his study, 8-2731
Thales, Greek astronomer and philosopher, 1-201
discovered amber's property of attraction, 4-1243
Pirture, portrait, 1-201
Thalia, muse of comedy, 9-3228
Thallophytes, group of plants, 10-3721
Thames. Longest and most important English river, draining 5,900 square miles. Rising in the Cotswolds, in Gloucestershire it flows through a wide estuary into the North Sea, beine six miles broad at its mouth. oxford, Abinedon, Henley, Reading, Maidenhead, Windsor, Kingston, Richmond, London, Tilbury, Sheerness and Southend are the chief places it passes. Below London the Thames forms the greatest port in the world. 215 miles.
Thames Tunnel, built by Brunel. 19-7206
Thanatos. or Death, in mvthology, 9-3238
Thanet, Isle of. In England, the Kentish dis trict separated from the rest of the county by the stour. Ance completely an island, it is helieved to have been the landing-place of the Jutes under Hengist and Horsa. It is famous for its watering-places.
Thankfulness
Poem about. Roy's Thanksgiving, by R. M. Dennis, 6-2152
Thanksgiving Day
first celebration and later ones, 6-2090
Pocm. ulinut, Thankserving Nay, by L. M. Child, 19-6873
Picture in Plymouth colony, 6-2089
Thar. Desert in northwest India, embracing part of Sind and Rajputana.
Thaw
Question alrout. Why Anes the thaw burst the
water-pipes? $4-1450$

## GENERAL INDEX

Thayer，Abbott，American painter，10－3453－54 Pictures
Caritas（gravure），10－3457
Foung WUMan，10－34 46

## Theatres

in ancient Greece， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 4 6}$
in Pomlle，15－j：i in
in Shakespeare＇s time，2－721；3－1122， 1124
in time of Charles II of England，4－1357

Picture，Globe Theatre，Southwark，2－720
Theatricals，Amateux，see Amateur theatricals
 Picture，statues，3－819
Thebes，Greece，defeated Sparta，3－1081
Theiss，or Tisza．＇Tributary of the Danube， draining 57,000 square miles in the Hungarian plain． 700 miles．
Themis，goddess of equity，9－3227－28
Themistocles，A thenian leader， $2-704$
at battle of Salamis，3－1078
banishment of，13－4584
caused Greek fleet to be built，3－1076
in Persian Wars，13－4584
Picture，portrait，3－1069
Theodolite，surveying instrument，16－5742
Theodora，Byzantine empress
Pictures，from her life，13－4799
Theodosius I，Roman emperor
rebuked by St．Ambrose，13－4860
Theophrastus，Greek philosopher and electricity，16－5665
Theotocopuli，Domenico，see Greco，El
Theresa，st．Daughter of noble parents and born in Old Castile in 1515．She became a nun at the age of 18 ，and afterward founded a Car－ molite firder for Nims at dvila，binsides many other religious houses．She died in 1582.
Thermodynamics，science，15－5569 ：－11
Thermometer，account of，7－2648－49；15－5572－73 how differs from calorimeter，16－5662
Thermopolis，Wyoming
Picture，hot springs，18－6436
Thermopylæ，Battle of，2－704；3－916， 1078
Thermos bottle
Question about．What is a thermos bottle？ 17－6174
Theseum，Athens， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 4 3}$
Picture（gravure），15－5354
Thick－knees，stone curlews，11－4009－10
Thicknesse，Sir Philip，and Gainsborough，7－2331
Thieffry，Lieutenant，Belgian aviator，17－6293
Thiers，Louis Adolphe，president of France， 10－3576
Thimble
Question ahout．Whhy does a tailor wear a thimble without a top？16－5962
Thimble－flower，name for foxglove，17－6127
Thimonier，Barthlemy，and invention of sewing machine，19－7212－13
Things to make and things to do，sul list of
Thinking
game of thinking，8－2960
See also Mind
Questions about
Can we think about things that do not interest us？1－187 Can we think without words？10－3578 Do animals think？18－655 Where does a thought come from？16－5839
Third Estate，French Revolution，Picture，6－2131
Thirst，camel＇s provision against，5－1596
Thirty Years＇War，Germany，11－3964
This great world of ours，＊1－43－48
Thistle－bird，name for goldfinch，14－5145
Thistles
cardown thistle swmading of，4－1276
garden varieties，19－7171
Russian，description，15－5394
spear－thistle，15－5390
why Scotch emblem，12－4208；17－6181
Picture
spear plume，15－5389
Pictures（in color），13－4877 common star thistle．14－4990 creeping plume， $14-4994$ dwarf plume，14－4＇s． milk thistle，14－4995 musk thistle，14－4996 plume thistle，14－4986；16－5881 slender－flowered thistle，14－4989 sow－thistle，15－5400

Thomas à Becket，St
death of，5－1568
struggle with Henry II，8－2848
Picture，portrait（in group），5－1569
Thomas à Kempis，St．，life of，13－1866 Picture，portrait，13－4859
Thomas the Rhymer
legend about Poet，goblin and donkey．
Thomas，Edith M．，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Thomas，George Henry（1816－70）．American soldier，born in Virginia．He graduated from West Point，served in Mexican War，and re fused to resign from Union army when Virginia seceded．Fought chiefly in the West．
at（＂hickatmatuen，7－2436
battle of Nashville，7－2440
Picture，portrait，7－2437
Thomas，John，American general
aided attack on Quebec in 1776，3－942
Thomas，Theodore，founded Chicago Symphony （rehestra，19－：122
Thompson，Davia（1770－1857）．Canadian ex－ plorer who explored the Columbia and Koote－ ney rivers from their rising to their outlet be－ tween 1807 and 1811.
explorations of，12－4337
Thompson，Francis，English poet，12－4231
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Thompson，Sir John，premier of Canada，4－1491
Thompson，William，American general
expedition against Three Rivers，Canada， $176,3-4+\cdots$
Thompson－Seton，Ernest，see Seton
Thomson，Charles Poulett，see Sydenham
Thomson，Edward William，Canadian author， 15－5369
Thomson，James，English poet
life and influence，6－202S
possible author of Rule，Britannia，10－3606
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Picture，portrait，6－2029；10－3605
Thomson，Sir Joseph John，English scientist life and discoveries，4－1254
athl thewrias of lisht．16－isas
Thomson，Robert William，invented tire，4－1406
Thomson，William，see Kelrin，1st lord
Thor，Norse god，12－1202－03
Thoreau，Henry David，American naturalist and writer
life，13－4632：19－7055－56
Ficture，portrait，19－7051
Thorgilsson，Ari，see Ari Thorgilsson
Thorm－apple，tree，13－4782－83


rhornycroft，Sir Hamo，English sculptor， 13－なら6
Picture，statue of Boadicea，13－4585
Thoroughwort，plant，16－5728
Thorp，N．Howard（Jack Thorp），（onwlwy Hoet 18－6515
Thorpe，Rose Hartwick，sic Poetry Index fo： poem and note
Thorwaldsen，Bertel，Danish sculptor， $13-4858$
Lion at Lucerne，description，3－888
Thoth，：
Thothmes III，king of Egypt，3－816
Thonght．©，Thumkinc
Thought－reading ly mats．6－2mn $1-4 . \pi$
Thousand and One Nights，¿omble of $\therefore$ rabian Nights．15－5464
Thousand Islands，St．Lawrence River， 6－1！4．P． 1900
Picture，6－1957
Thousand－legged worms，see Millipedes
Thrashers，hirds
ar－wnint of．13－1く？s
California．14－：1？
l＇irtur，hrown thrasher（in（olor），J．3－4843
Thread，cotton，how made，14－5168

Three deep，game，7－2385－86
Three－legged race，game，3－903
Three Rivers．$\quad, 11.1: 1$
 17T $3-1,12$
Three ways the earth movem，＊ $\operatorname{l-235-39}$
Thresher，shark，16－5894
Pri＂．．．16－iv．
Threahing，19－7211
Picture，19－7209

## GENERAL INDEX

Thrift, or sea-pink, 14-5162
note on, 15-5607
Pictures, 15-5607; (in color), 15-5609
Thrift and aving, 17-6361-62
Throat
Question about. Why does a lump rise in my throat when I cry? 6-2123
Throgmorton, Elizabeth, Sir Walter Raleigh's wife, 5-1812; 14-4967
Throwing light, game, 8-2745
Throwing the baseball, game, 4-1400
Thrushes, birds
account of, 9-3139-40; 13-483?
in western North America, 14-5137
hermit thrush, 14-5137
laughing, variety of babblers, 9-3285
water, variety of warbler, 9-3279
Pictures, 9-31:7
wood-thrush, 13-4833
Pictures (in color)
missel thrush, 8-2898
song thrush, 8-2899
varied thrush, 12-4372; facing 14-5133
Thucydides, Greek historian, 3-1080; 16-5751
Picture, portrait, 16-5747
Thun, Switzerland

## Picture 17-6085

## Thunder

cause of, 8-2924
electrical changes during thunderstorms, 16-5670
peal caused by echoes, 17-6316
speed of sound, compared with lightning, 2-457
Questions about
How does a soft cloud make a noise when it thunders? 3-978
Which side of the cloud is the thunder on? 12-4280
Why do some people get headaches before a thunderstorm? 5-1751
Why does milk turn sour in a thunderstorm? 5-1609
Whursday, how named, 12-4202
consecrated to Jupiter, 9-3226
Thyme, flower
account of, 17-6131
note on wild thyme, 17-6125
Pictures
Basil thyme (in color), 14-4989
mountain thyme (in color), 15-5609
wild thyme, 17-6125
Thyme, Water (Philotria canadensis), plant, 16-5872
Picture, 3-1026
Thymus, gland, 9-3222
Thyroid gland, 9-3222
produces metamorphosis in amphibians, 15-5458
Tian Shan. Lofty mountain range in Turkestan, Asia, rising to 24,000 feet in Khan Tengri.
Tiber. Italian river which flows past Rome on its way from the Apennines to the Tyrrhenian Sea. 240 miles.
Tiberius, Roman emperor
life and reign, 5-1860-61
Picture, statue of, 5-1860
Tibet. Buddhist country of central Asia, nominally a dependency of China, but ruled actually by the Dalai Lama of Lhasa, the capital. Lying between the Kwen Lun and the Himalayas, it is the loftiest region in the world, ranging from 10,000 to 17,000 feet; it covers 463,200 square miles. The north and west consist of treeless tablelands, with steppes pasturing innumerahle herds of yaks, horses. asces, goats and antelopes; sheep are reared in the south, and scanty crons are somwn in the rallers of the Inclus and sanfon. Tramsuont is chiefly by sheep and yaks. The Tibetans are good craftsmen, but track has hewn hamdicalpurd by their hostility to foreigners, Lhasa not having been visited by Europeans till 1904.
decerintion. 18-6: 1-s. 6, 6:" 91
and China, 18-fi: 51 , 654 41
Pictures. 18-6585
sceme in monastory 18-6592
Fic polonga, snake, 15-5414
Tsckling, canse of laughter, 1-73
 we tickle ourselves? 11-3978
Ticknor, Francis Orrery, see Poetry Index, for poem and note

Ticks, insects, 16-6019
Picture, 16-6019
Ticoncleroga, Fort
captured by Americans, 4-1164
history, in pictures, 18-6836
Picture, capture of, 6-1907
Tidal bore, a tidal current which rushes roaring upstream in certain rivers with such force as to produce one or more high, abrupt wave-fronts, very dangerous to shipping. Bores are particularly high in the Amazon River of Brazil and certain rivers of India and China.
Tide, Neap, a tide in which the high water is lower than the average. Neap tide occurs when the moon is in the first or the third quarter and when, consequently, the sun and the moon are at right angles and their tide-raising forces work in opposition.
Tide, Spring, a tide in which the high water is higher than the average. Spring tide occurs when the moon is new or full, the sun and moon when the moon is new or full, the sun and moon bide or opposite sides of the earth, with their tide-raising forces working together.

## Tides

* caused by moon's attraction, 2-583-84
power from, 7-2542
sun's influence on, 2-583-84
Ouestions about
Can we make the tides work for us? 18-6558 Where does the water go at low tide? 11-3843 Why does the tide come in and go out? 10-3734
Tientsin, China, port of Peking, 2-434
Tiepolo, Giovanni Battista, Italian painter, 3-1107
Tierce, game, 3-1029
Tierra del Fuego. Desolate island at the southern extremity of South America, from which it is separated by Magellan Strait.
Tiflis, Russia, 16-5858
Picture, 16-5853
Tigers, description, 2-494
toy, how to make, 3-895
Poem about. The Tiger, by William Blake, 3-1139
Question about. Why has a tiger stripes on his coat? 5-1751
Picture
sabre-toothed, of Pleistocene period, 6-1925
Pictures (gravure), 2-497, 500
Tiglath Pileser I, king of Assyria, 2-654
Tiglath Pileser IIT, king of Assyria, 2-655
Tigris River, Asia, 2-647, 650; 18-6669
Tilden, Samuel J., contest for presidency, 8-2669-70
Tilefish, description, 16-5900
Tiles, how to make from clay, 13-4620
Tiller, part of steering apparatus, 14-5002
Tilly, Count of (Johann Tserclaes), German general, 11-3964
Tilsby, John; made brass pins, 9-3042
Tilton, Theodore, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Timber, see Forests and forestry; Lumber and lumbering: Trees
Timbuctoo. Caravan centre on the fringe of the Sahara, in the French Sudan. Its existence was known to Europe in the 14 th century, and it owes its reputation probably to its remoteness Timby, Theodore Ruggles, and iron-clad ships 7-2434


## Time

how to tell by sun, 6-2261
learning to tell time, 6-2267
measurement of, 14-4901
wrisin of our mitasures. 11-4132
standard unit, day, 14-5217
story about, Story of the days, 12-4199-4208
zones, explanation, 16-5845
names of divisions, 16 -5842
map of world, showing zones, 16-5841
See alro Calendar
Questions about
What is a day? 14-5217-18
What is Greentrich time? 5-1808
What is meant hy a time zone? 16-5845
Where does the day hegin? 16-5845
Who arranged the days? 11-4131-32
Who first thought of standard time? 16-5842 Why, when I wake, do I seem to have just gone to sleep? 10-3732
Time lock, explanation of, 6-2022

## GENERAL INDEX

Timer, how to make, 5-1651
Timocharis, Greek astronomer, 1-201
T'imothy-grass, fodder-grass, 10-3653
name and history, 7-2410
Fictures, 10-3653; (in color), 10-3523
Timrod, Henry, American author, $13-4815$
Timur, sec Tanerliant
$\operatorname{Tin}(\mathrm{S} n)$. A silvery white metal that does not tarnish easily and is malleable. The mineral cassiterite is the principal source of tin. The principal uses of tin are in making tinplate, solder and composition metals. The tin-producing regions of the world are the Malay States, Bolivia, Dutch East Indies, Australia, Cornwall, England and China.
boiling and melting points of, 8-3014
mines in Tasmania, 7-24i0
Tin cans, making sugar scoop from, 2-747
Questions about
Why are cans for preserving food generally round? 15-5517
Why is the bottom of a can holding food ridged? 7-2470
Tinamou, bird of South America, 12-4368
l'ictures, 12-4363
young tinamous, 8-2761
Tindale, William, see Tyndale
Tinderboxes, description, 19-6965
notes with pictures, $1-309$
Tiniest living things, * 2-437-439
Tintern Abbey. Remains of a beautiful Cistercian abhey, 5 miles north of Chepstow, Monmouthshire, England.
Tintoretto (Jacopo Robusti), Italian painter, 3-1106-07
in Vienna, 4-1462, 1464
Pictures
portrait, 4-1455
Anniral Veniern, 4-1454
Marriacre of St. Catherine (graviure). 3-1112
Tiny, pigmy elephant in New York Zoölogical i;ardens, 6-214t;
Tipperary. County of Munster, Ireland; area, 1,662 square miles; capitals, Clonmel and Nenagh.
Tippoo Sahib, sultan of Mysore
defeated by British, 6-2205
Tired feeling
Question about. What happens when we get
ired? 12-4503
Tires, Rubber
how made, note with pictures, 1-311
invention of, 4-1406
machine for wrapping, with pictures, 14-4951
gurstion about. How is a motor tire tested? 1-313
Tirnovo, old capital of Bulgaria
Picture, 14-4925
Titan, moon of Saturn, 10-3410
Titanotheres, prehistoric animal, 5-1784
Titian (Tiziano Vecelli), Italian painter, 3-1104, 1106: 4-1461-62
Pictures
Alfonso d'Este (gravure), 3-1109
Ariosto, 3-1105
Fimpress Isabiella (gravure), 3-1110
Flora (gravure), 3-1111
Toly Family (gravure), 3-1111
Title. An inscription or name; an appellation of honor belonging to a person through right of rank, of position or courtesy; in law, the right
of jerssession and of absolute riwnership of property.
Titmouse, bird
arrount rif. 9-3138
tifted. 14-5025
Pirtures
black can titmouse (in color), 12-4371
tufted titmouse, 14-5025
Fits, birds, account of, $9-3138$
riclurr.
nest, 9-3137
Picturer (in color)
blue tit. 8-2897
bush tit, faring 14-5140
coal tit, 9-3132
crested tit, 9-3283
great tit, 9-3131
long-tailed tit. 9-3283
marsh tit, 9-3284
Sultan tit, 10-3622

Titus, Roman emperor
life and reign, 5-1863
Picture, statue of, 5-1864
Titus Aurelius Antoninus, see Antoninus Pius
Titusville, Pennsylvanıa
Drake oil well, 13-4534-35
Tivoli, Italy
Pictures, cascades, 13-4567
temple (gravure), 15-5351
Toad-fiax, plant, 13-4876
description, $15-5392$
note on, 15- $\mathbf{1 5} 396$
Pictures, 15-5396
ivy-leaved toad-flax, flower (in color), 13-4879 pale blue toad-flax, Hower (in color), 14-4996
Toads, life history of, 15-5453-54, 5456
how differ from frogs. 15-j454
living inside stones, $4-1231$
l'irturrs, 15-j 1.52-5: 5, 545
Toadstools, see Mushrooms
Tobacco, account of, 9-3156
Brazilian production, 19-7046
cultivation in Southern states, with pictures, 13-4525
first use in England, 14-4967
in colony of Virginia, $2-546$
microbe destroyed by X-ray, 16-5943
tax on, 13-4556
United States crop of, 8-2679
I'ictures
cutting tobacco in Brazil, 19-7046
plants growing, 9-3150
Tobago, British possession, 9-3190
Tobin, G. T., artist
Picture. Portrait of R. W. Emerson, 13-4630
Tobolsk. Old west Siberian city where the
Tobol and Irtish meet.
Todies, birds, 9-3372
Picture, San Domingo (in color), 10-3623
Toes
Question about. Could we walk without our
Togo, Feiachiro. Japanese admiral in the Russo-Japanese War; born, Kagoshima, 1847. Togoland. British West African colony under Gold Coast administration; area, 12,600 square miles. The former German colony has been shared between Britain and France, the greater part becoming French.
part governed by British, 9-3056
Tokio, capital of Japan
description, 2-570
earthquake, 1923, 2-568
Pirtures
avenue of cryptomeria trees, 2-567
earthquake disaster, 2-573
Toledo. Large American port on Lake Erie, in Ohio. Besides having a great trade in lumber, grain and coal, it is a busy manufacturing centre.
Toledo, Spain, 14-5050
Alcazar, 9-3356
first paper in Europe made there, 3-1054 Picture, 14-5049
Toll. A tax paid or duty imposed for some use or privilege or other reasonable consideration. Toll thorough is the charge paid for the use of a bridge or highway by those who use it as a thoroughfare for personal travel or conveying goods. A gate across the bridge or road prevents passage of those who do not pay the charge. There are very few toll gates now in
Tolstoy, Alexis, Count, Russian author, 19-6908
Tolstoy, Leo, Count, Pussian author, 19-6910-11
Pirthris.
portrait. by Jan Styka, 8-28:?
portrait, with father. 15-.itis
at wrork in the firflis, b心 lierion, 19-fan?
scemes connecterl with his life. 19-f.904
Toltecs, early inhahitants of Mexico, 19-7134
Toluol. use in making ixplosives. 2-f.3f
Tom Brown's Schooldays, by Hughes

* quotations and "urnmary, 14-5149-55

Tom Thumb, sfory uf, 18-ffili-12
Tom Thamb, locomotive, note and picture, 5-1615 Tom Tiddler

Question aloout. What ars we man by Tom Timbler' - grounclo 34-7219
Tomahawk. The war hatchet used by the North American Indians. Before the white man came the heads were made of flint, jasper or other hard stone, but afberward iron was used.

## GENERAL INDEX

Tomatues, recent use as food, 7-2614
Pictures, 7-2621; cross section, 2-507
Tombigbee River. American river, rising in Yrentiss County, Miss.; flows into Mobile River. 475 miles.

## Tombs

Chinese, of Ming emperors, 2.432
early Christian catacombs, 2-576, 578
Egyptian, 1-290-91; 3-809-10; 14-5211
Greek, 7-2604; 12-4331-32; 15-5345-46
in rocks near Persepolis, 3-915
Mohammedan, 15-5468
Saracenic, in India, 15-5471-72
Pictures
in the Taj Mahal (gravure), 15-5479
Ming tombs, China (gravure), 2-428; 15-5479 of Atreus, Mycenæ (gravure), 14-5215
of Cecelia Metella, Appian Way (gravure), 4-1205
of Death, Paris, 13-4705
of George Washington, 3-1041
of Hadrian (castle of St. Angelo), Rome (gravure), 4-1205
of Mausolus (gravure), 7-2605
of Pharaohs, Egypt, Pyramids (gravure), 14-5214
of the Medici, Florence (gravure), 5-1743
of Ulysses Grant, 3-1041
of Zenab Aliya, Lucknow (gravure), 15-5480 on the Appian Way, Rome (reconstruction), 15-5340
Tomcod, fish, 16-5780
Tommy Atkins
Question about. Who is Tommy Atkins? 7-2486
Tompking, Daniel D., vice-president of U. S.
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3948
Tompot, fish. Ficture (in color). 16-5783
Tonga, or Friendly, Islands. Polynesian island group in the British Pacific Islands colony. There are 32 inhabited islands, peopled by industrious and civilized natives. Copra, tropical fruits, coffee and sponges are produced.
population, and nation ruling, 9.3188
Pictures
chief's house, 9-3183
native woman, 9-3297
Tongue, structure and uses, 6-1932-3s
and sense of taste, 11-3957
Question about. Why does mustard burn our tongue? 8-3013-14
Pirture, showing taste buds, 11-3957
Tonkin. French protectorate in Indo-China; area, 40,530 square miles; capital, Hanoï. Rice, teak, sugar, coal, silk and tobacco are produced, Hai-phong being the chief port.
Tonsils. A nair of oval bodies. one on each side of the throat. They are sornetimes called ductless glands. Inflammation of these bodies
is known as tonsilitis or quinsy.
Tool-rack, how in make 17-6 2 fis
Tools, care of, and marking, 2-628
how to clean, 15-5335
how to sharnen, 13-4735
For meneral list, see 20-7633
Tooth powder, what it should contain, 6-1931
Toothache
Question about. What is to blame when a tooth aches? 16-5962
Toothwort, flower, description, 17-6279-80
Topaz, account of, 19-7231
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Tope. fish. Pirture, 16-5897
Topera. Capital of Kansas on the Kansas River, situated on rolling prairie. Has railroad shops and manufactures flour and butter; founded by the Anti-slavery party after the passing of the Kansas-Nebraska Bill.

Picture, Masonic Temnle, 17-6045
Tones, mounds, for rulics 15-5470
Picture (gravure), Sanchi Tope, 15-5478
Tonham, $\mathbf{F}$. W., artict
Pirture, Sarnnarola nreaching, 13-4867
Toplady, Augustas Montague, hymn-writer, 12-1440
See also Poetry Index for poem and note Pirture, nortrait, 12-4439
Tops, how to make, 14-5?00
magnetic, how to maks, 10-3509
Poem about. Humming Top, by Eugene Field, 6-215
Questinn Gbint. Do the people at the Poles spin rolind like a top? 6-2252
pictures, differert balances, 14-4901

Torches, discovery of, 9-3353
Tories in American Revolution, see Loyalists
Tories, in England, 6-2097
Tormentil, flower
Picture, common tormentil (in color), 14-4983
Tornado, explanation of, 18-6692
Torngats, mountains in Labrador, 1-110
Toronto. Capital of Ontario, Canada, with $a$ frontage of about 10 miles on Lake Ontario, and busy manufacturing industries. A great banking and distributing centre, it is served by the
three transcontinental railways and has two ca.
thedrals and three universities.
burned in War of 1812, 3-945
Parliament first met there, 1797, 3-944
Pictures
from Lake Ontario, 6-1955
Government House, 5-1837
Parliament Building of Ontario, 5-1836
view of York (on site of Toronto), 3-943
Toronto University, Toronto, Canada. Chartered in 1827 as King's College. Later the college was secularized and received its present name. Picture, 15-5489
Torpedo, fish, description, 16-5774
Picture, 16-5779
Torpedo, projectile
explanation of firing from ship, 13-6821
use by submarine, 1-198
Torpedo, trick in swimming, 8-3024
Torpedo boat destroyers, of U. S. navy, 18-6816 Picture, 18-6821
Torpedo boats, 18-6816
Torquatus, sce Manlius Imperiosus Torquatus, Titus
Torquay. Watering-place in South Devon, England, on Tor Bay.
Torrens, Lake, Australia, discovered by Eyre, 3-864
Torres, early explorer, Australia, 7-2463
Torres Strait. Wide channel between Australia
and New Guinea, with a famous pearl fishery.
Torrey, John, American botanist, 19-7054
Torricelli, Evangelista
experiments on air pressure, 15-52 86
Tortoise-shell, from hawksbill turtle, 14-5235
Tortoises, 14-5234-35
description for game, 8-2880, 3023
fables about, by Asop
The hare and the tortoise, $2-539$
The tortoise and the eagle, $\mathbf{4}=1186$
longest-lived animals, $\mathbf{1 - 1 8 5}$
Pictures, 14-5227, 5235'
Tortuga, island of West Indies
buccaneers' settlement. 19-7100
Tory. Originally an Irish robber. Then the term was applied to the Cavalier or Court party after the Civil War in England. Gradually the name Tory gave way to that of Conservative.
Tosi, inventor of wireless compass, 17-6248
Tottel's Miscellany, first collection of English poems, 3-1118
Toucans, birds, account of, 9-3370
Pictures, 9-3366
red-billed (in color), 10-3623
Touch, Sense of
and lines in hands, 11-3842
and skin, 4-1419-20
highly develnned in man, 8-2.947
Toulon. Fortified French seaport on the Mediterranean, with a fine harbor and 240 acres of docks. There is a considerable shipbuilding industry.
siege of 6-2199
Toulouse. French cathedral city on the Garonne, with manufactures of silk and woolen goods, tobacco and agricultural machinery.
description, 11-3820
churches, 17-6160
Picture, church of St. Sernin (gravure),
16-57? 4
Touraine, Old French province in the valley of the Loire. Tours, the capital, Amboise and Chinon are the most famous towns. It corresponds to-day to the present department of Indre-et-Loire.
Tourmaline, gem, account of. 19-7231
Pirture (in color). faring 19-7995
Tournament. A contest of skill in which a numher of persons take part.
Tovrniquet. how to make. 14-5nnt
Tours. Old capitai of Triuraine, France, on the
Loire. An important rallway centre it has iron,

Tours (continued)
steel, leather and engineering industries; there are a noble Gothic cathedral and remains of a Roman amphitheatre.

Alcuin and school there, 14-5248
Tours, Battle of, $10-3430$
Toussaint l'Ouverture, Haitian leader, 13-4591: 19-7100
Touzel, Edward, heroism at St. Helier, 11-4092
Tower Bridge, London, 1-28
Picture and note, 1-35
Tower of Babel, Babylonian tradition, 2-659
Tower of London

* history and description, 12-4354 part built by William the Conqueror, $4-1439$ Picture, 12-4355
Towhee, bird of Oregon, 14-5147
Picture (in color), facing 14-5140


## Townhalls

Flemish, 17-6162
Pictures
Breslau, Germany (gravure), 12-4176
Courtrai, Belgium (gravure), 17-6171
in France and Germany, 18-6501
in Holland and Belgium, 15-5503, 5505-06, 5565
Paris, France (gravure), 11-3827
Verona, Italy (gravure), 17-6306
Township. A division of a county with its own officers and political and administrative powers for carrying on minor local affairs, such as road-repairing, maintaining schools, providing for the poor, etc. In the newer parts of the United Sta es and Canada a township contains 36 square niles.
Toxins. Specific poisonous substances resulting from secretion products of vegetable and animal organisms; or, as we may say, poisons given off by certain bacteria or germs when they have entered into chemical combination with animal cells. Antitoxins are substances which neutralize or render harmless such toxins.
Toys
how to mend, 13-4737
Pictures
ancient Egyptian, 3-809
colonial toys, 3-973

## Toys, Directions for making

animal
camel, giraffe, monkey, panther, 6-2165
carved with knife, 18-6779-80
goat made from a pear, 18-6642
hippopotamus, wolf, bear, 2-511-12
tiger, lion, buffalo, 3-895
ball that answers questions, 2-623
balls that twist and turn, $\mathbf{7 - 2 3 9 0}$
bean-bag, 1-132
bird that turns around, 6-2264
boats, see Boats-toy
bridge of spools, 15-5334
cage of mice, 6-2266
cannon, 11-4085
cart, 15-5334
chariot, 15-5334
clothespin toy, $3-898$
cup and ball, 17-6391
dolls' Christmas basket, food for flling, 6-2043-44
furniture fromi scraps of wood, 5-1765-66 gliders, 2-625
hot-air balloon, 10-3770
jumping frog, from wishbone, 15-5595
kites, 3-900; 16-5770
magnetic top, 10-3509
musical bottles, 17-6387
musical glasses, 15-5333
paper toys, 4-1396
popgun, quill, 15-5337
smoke-ring box, 13-4846
speeder to measure wind, 4-1391
stage, miniature, 14-5203-04
submarine, 10-3503-04
sucker, leather, 3-902
tangrams, $13-17: 1$
telephone, 17-6183-84 tops, 14-5200
tumbling tablet, 4-1398 voice-pictures box, 17-6145 wells, 15-5334
wheelbarrow, 9-3253
whirlwind box, 4-1398 Whistle, 11-4085
Bee also Doll dressmaking

Tracasca Regele, wrote Rumanian national hymn, 17-6253

## rraction engine

Qucstion ur,out. Why has a traction engine grooved wheels? 7-2486
Tractors, use in farming, 19-7209, 7211
Trade
benefit to both parties, 4-1158
developmant from barter, 10-3673-74
result of division of labor, 15-5589
See also Commerce
Trade mark. A distinguishing design or mark adopted by a manufacturer and stamped upon his products to indicate the maker. In most countries trade marks may be registered and protected by law. Trade marks came into use tn protect a manufacturer against those who would imitate his goods and sell them pretending them to be the product of the original manufacturer.
Trade unions
function of, 17-6094
at first forbidden in England, 7-2294
Trade winds
account of, 8-2666, 2792
bring rain, 8-2794
Qucstion ub,out. What do we mean by the trade winds? 3-878
Tradition
Qutstirm about. What do we mean by tradition? 3-981
Trafalgar, Battle of, 6-2096, 2204
French ships superior, 11-3918
Pictures, 6-2096; (gravure), 6-2210
Trafalgar Square, Lundun, 12-1361 Picture, 12-4359
Tragacanth, plant and gum
account of, 8-2912-13
source and uses, 9-3152
Picture of plant (in color), 8-2997
Tragedy, definition of, 8-2685
Tragopan, pheasant
Picture, horned tragopan, 12-4367
Tail, how to follow, 3-10-4
Trailing arbutus, see Arbutus
Traill, Mrs. Catharine Parr, Canadian author, 14-5105-06
Trains, Railroad, scr Rallmars-trains
Traitor's Gate. River gate of the Tower of Lon-
don, through which in old days prisoners were admitted to custody.
Trajan, Roman emperor
life and reign, 5-1863-64
built Forum, 4-1200
Picture, statue of, 5-1864
Trajan's Column, Rome, 15-5347
Picture (gravure), 4-1206
Transcendentalists, group in New England, 13-4630
Transjordania, government, 18-6672, 6674
Transportation
by water, influence on commerce and industry, 13-4881
map of world, showing means of travel, 1-48
See al8o Canals; Railroads; Ships
For list of main articles, see 20-7627-28
Transvaal
Boer War, 7-2299-2300; 9-3050
founding of, 9-3048
gold mines, output of, 18-6550
joined Union of South Africa, 7-2300; 9-3050 Transylvania Mountainous plateau in eastern Europe, formerly part of Hungary, but since 1918 a Rumanian province. Over a third of its area is covered by forests, but the soil is generally fertile, and about haif the country consists of either cultivated or pastoral lands. Salt, gold, silver, copper, quicksilver, iron and lead are found, and mineral springs abound. Sibiu (Hermannstadt), Cluj (Kolozsvar) and Braszo (Kronstadt) are the chief towns.
Transylvania Company, for settlement of Kentuckr, 6-21!口, - -1!
Trap-ball, game, directions, 4-1400
Trap-door spiders, 16-6016, 6018
Trapping of fur animals, 12-4341
Indian trappers, 12-4341-42
Picture, trapper's tent and pelts, 18-4340
Travel
early ways very slow, 5-1611
rivers aid travel, 7-2538
traveling in U. S. in $1783,5-1698$

Travel (continued)
See also Transportation
Poems about
Travel. by $R$ L. Stevenson, 3-i136-37
Traveler's Return, by Robert Southey, 7-2527
Qucstion about. If we could go on traveling upward, where would we end? 17-6175
Traveler and the wolves, game, 6-2164
Traveler's joy, flower
Hicture (in color), 13-4877
Traveler's tree, 9-3262, 3266 Picture, 9-3263
Trawling, setting a trawl, 11-405\% in Great Britain, 11-4053
Picture, preparing trawl, 11-4057
Trays, how to make, 4-1283-84
Treadmill. An old-fashioned appliance for producing power by means of a person or animal stepping on movable steps connected with a revolving cylinder or wheel affixed to a shaft which transmits energy to the mill. The wheel on a squirrel case is on the same principle
Treason. A breach of faith; a violation by a subject of his allegiance to his country.
Treasure Island, by R. L. Stevenson

* summary, 13-4645-5.3

Treasury Department. A department of government which has control over the collection, management and expenditure of the public revenue, Treaties, see names of cities where made, or
distinguishing word; as, Paris, Treaty of
Treble. In music, high in pitch; the highest part in harmonized music, in gerteral cuntaining the melody and sung by a soprano voice. It is one of the two clefs used in music for keyed instruments, the other is the bass.
Tree-frogs, account of, 15-5456
Pictures, 15-5452, 5455
Tree-shrews, animals, $\mathbf{l - 3 2 0}$
Trees

* American trees in summer, 12-4507-15
* American trees in winter, 13-4635-43
* Beauty trees, 12-4381-86
* Some important timber trees, 12-4245-50
* life and structure, 11-4093-4108
age, how found, 10-3475; 11-4096
dwarf, how to grow, 9-3118
flowers of
notes, with pictures, 11-4097-4108; 12-4251-60, 4387-96
growth, method of, 11-4095-96
habitats in North America, 12-4507-08
height, how to measure, 3-899; 17-6145
estimate, 18-6642
in Cretaceous period, 5-1660
in Devonian period, 4-1176
receiving-stations for wireless messages, 3-980-81
service to man, 11-4095
story about, The discontented fir-tree, 15-5323-25
tallest in the world, 9-3262
tree surgery, directions for, 10-3626
* uses of, 12-4378, 4245
to make paper, 3-1052
See also Forests and forestry; Lumber and lumbering; Shrubs
Pofme abrut
Planting the Apple Tree, by W. C. Bryant, 18-6648
Trees, by Joyce Kilmer, 18-4271
Woodman, Spare that Tree, 1-326
Questims uhout
Does the earth try to pull a tree down? 2-687
Is mistletoe harmful to the trees on which it grows? 8-2872
Is there any way of finding out the ages of trees? 10-3475
What happens when a leaf falls from a tree? 13-4595
What is the growth found on many oak trees? 10-3580
Why do some trees flower and others not? 8-2720
Why do the branches of trees grow sideways? 5-1607
Why do trees have coats of tough bark? 16-5962
Why do trees not die in winter like flowers? 10-3580
Why does a tree grow straight, as a rule? 16-5744, 5746

Trees-Ouestions about (continued)
Why does a tree grow upward? 1-78
Why does a tree stop growing? 9-3356
Pictures (in tint), 11-4097-4108; 12-4251-60, 4385-96
big trees (sequoias), 9-3267
in summer, 12-4507-16
in winter, 13-4634-43
roots of the rubber tree, $4-1407$
showing root system, 3-874
See also names of trees
Trefoil, Bird's-foot, 14-4974-75
Pictures, 14-4975; (in color), 14-4994
Trench, Herbert, see Poetry Index, for poem and note
Trench-digging, game, 17-6257-58
I'rench-fever, caused by lice, 18-6733
Trent. Old Italian town on the Adige, with a Romanesque cathedral and many handsome buildings. It manufactures silk, pottery and sugar, and has a brisk transit trade.
Trent, ship, and Mason and Slidell, 7-2434
Trent, Council of, 1545 to 1563 . Controlled by Italians and Spaniards, it fixed the Roman Catholic creeds and condemned the Reformation. Its decrees are called Tridentine decrees, from the Latin name of Trent.
Trent Canal, Canada
note and picture, 11-3780
Trentino, Austrian and Italian control, 12-4412; 18-6458
Trenton. Capital of New Jersey, at the tidal head of the Delaware River. Pottery and wire are leading products and there are other important industries.
note and picture, 11-3780
Trenton, Battle of, December 26, 1776. Washington with about 2,500 men crossed the Delaware and defeated the Hessians (about 1,500), during the Revolutionary War.
Trepang, definition of, 9-3296
Trespassing, law about, 14-4916
Trestletrees of a ship, 14-5004
Trevelyan, Sir George, author, 11-4003
Picture, portrait, 11-3999
Treves, or Trier. Ancient German city in Rhenish Prussia, on the Moselle. Here are remark able Roman remains, including an amphitheatre to seat 30,000 spectators. The 11 th-century cathedral is one of the most interesting in Europe.

Picture, Porta Negra, Roman gateway (gravure), 12-4178
Trevithick, Richard, English inventor
improvements on steam-engine, 5-1612
Picture, first engine to run on a road, 5 -1615 Triangle. A genmetrical figure made up of three lines which meet two by two in three points called vertices; any three-cornered figure or arrangement.
Triassic period, geology, see Geology-Triassic period
Tribunes, Roman magistrates, 4-1193
Triceratops, prehistoric animal, 5-1660
Trichinosis, disease, caused by worms, 19-7147
Tricks
ball that answers questions, 2-623
boiling water in paper, 2-623
book, finding word by figures, 2-753
brick, blowing over, 3-1025
card
guessing numbers, 18-6784
how to identify a card, 7-2513
robbers and the soldiers, $\mathbf{7 - 2 5 1 8}$
telling a card by touching it, 13-4735
thought-reading, 6-2044-45
chair that comes to you, 7-2651
coin
being generous, 13-4846
borrowing penny, 16-5978
coin and the handkerchief, 11-4080
disappearing penny, 6-2047; 14-5202
disappearing quarter, 5-1775
making penny appear to rise, 2-622
moving penny without touching it, 18-6641
mysterious paper purse, 7-2652
selecting marked penny, 16-5978
wandering coin, 4-1397
wizard's pocket-handkerchief, 7-2382
cutting the magic string, $\mathbf{1 - 3 4 4}$
disguising the voice, 17-6391
domino, 12-4498
drawing trick, 17-6391
drinking water without removing hat, 16-5978

Trick (continued)
fairy-1ountain experiment, 2-627
floating a needle, 2-623
fountain in a jar, 17-6391
guessing size of cards, 7-2647
How high is the hat? $18-6642$
imp with a disappearing head, 10-3508
ink-and-water trick, 14-5116
leg trick, 17-6391
living marionette, 5-1769-70
magic knot, 4-1395
magic scissors (Afghan bands), 3-1025
magic writing, 19-6464
magician's jacket, 4-1285
marvelous egg, 13-4850
money-making, 3-901
mysterious cubes, 17-6391
mysterious paper purse, 7-2652
nuts, trick with, $15-5595$
passing through postcard, 10-3771
pillars of Solomon, 9-3377
ring-and-coin, 3-1154
seeing through a brick, 12-4377
self-suspending wand, 10-3507
stick, pulling one through another, 3-1030
telegraphing thought, 2-518
tying two persons together, 13-4738
vanishing pillar, 5-1772
water tricks, 2-622-25
whirlpool in a tumbler, 18-6642
with matches, 10-3767-68
wizard of Wabasha, 15-5509
wizard's wand and purse, 9-3380
For list. see 20-7643-44
Trieste. Most important Adriatic port of Italy, with a fine harbor and extensive shipbuilding manufacturing and engineering industries. It has an ancient Byzantine cathedral and an openair museum of Roman antiquities.
Trifolium, name for crimson clover, 7-2412
Triggerfish, and oysters. 19-6885, 6\$88
Picture (in color), 16-5788
Trigonometry, use in measuring land, 16-5742
Trillium, flower
account of, 17-6276
on Pacific coast. 19-6927
Pictures, 17-6272; 19-6933
Trilobites, crustaceans
description, 3-906
in Silurian period, 3-1031
Picture, in Silurian period, 3-1033
Trinidad, British possession, 9-3190; 19-7103
government, 19-7104
Trinity River. American river, rising in northern Texas; flows into Gilveston Bay; 530 miles. Triple Alliance. A defensive alliance formed in 1882 between Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy for a term of five years. It was renewed at five-year intervals until 1902, when it was extended for twelve years more. In 1914 Italy refused to join Germany and Austria, and in 1915 she withdrew from the Alliance. It was suggested by Bismarck as a check upon Russia and France
Triple Entente. A diplomatic group made up of Russia, France and Great Britain, held together loosely by a number of agreements or understandings but not bound by a hard-and-fast treaty. This grouping followed the formation of the Triple Alliance.
Tripoli. piratec 1-fwatel hy T. S. narv, 17-6?28 Tripolitania. I'art of the Ttalian North Ifrican colony of Libya; area, 350,000 square miles: capital, Tripoli. The coastal regions are fertile and prodnce dates, olives, fies, cereats and esparto grass, but except for oases the interior is arid and barren
Triremes, ancin.
Tristan da Cunha, «Tu川, of islands, 9-3190
Tristram of Lyonnesse, story of, 7-2460-61
Triton, a domiond, 9-:
Triton, moon of Neptune, 10-3412
Tritons, malluses

Trivmvirate. In Iimman histori the grivernment of the country by three equally powerful men. There were two periods of three-man government in Rome: the first that of Pompey, Crassus and Cæsar; the second, Octavius, Antonius and Lepidus.
Trogons, birds. 9-3370; 14-5022
Pictures, 9-3366
Duvaucel's trogon (in color), 12-4369

Trofan War, story in brief, 3-1070
stories of Iliad and Odyssey, 6-1983-86
Trolling. A kind of fishing in which the bait is kept moving. The tisherman may be in a moving boat or he may walk along the shore keeping his line moving in the stream. Live bait, such as frogs or minnows, may be used, but many people prefer the revolving spoon with feathers and hooks attached.
Trollope, Anthony, novelist, 11-3896
Picture, portrait, 11-3891
Trondhjem. Ancient Norwegian cathedral city, exporting copper, oil and timber.

Picture, catnearal, 15-o299
Tropic birds

* account of, 11-3885

Picture, guarding egg, 11-3883
Tropic, in geography, either one of the two parallels of latitude that bound the torrid zone. The Tropic of Cancer, about $231 / 2$ degrees north of the Equator, is the circle over which the sun is vertical when it has reached the most northern position in its yearly path, our summer solstice. The Tropic of Capricorn, about $231 / 2$ degrees south of the Equator, is the circle over which the sun is vertical upon reaching its most southern position, our winter solstice.
Tropics, central zone of earth
characteristics, 6-2171
temperature remains same, 8-2792
Trossachs. Beautiful wooded district lying between Loch Achray and Loch Katrine in Perthshire, and dominated by Ben A'an and Ben Venue.
Trotter, Bernard Freeman, Canadian poet,
14-5109
See also Poetry Index. for noem and note Trotzky, Lev Davidovich. Born, 1879. Soviet leader sent to Siberia, 1898; escaped, 1902. Had a career as an agitator in many countries, and returned to Russia after the February revolution, 1917. He organized the Red Army, and With Lenin became head of the Soviet Government. After Lenin's death his power began to wane.
Troabadours. Minstrols or singing poets of southern France in the Middle Ages. Those of northern France were the trouveres.

Sre a7so 16-5827-30; 19-6901
Troupials, of oriole family, 8-2970
Trout
account of and varieties, 15-56.36-37
hatchery, West Virginia, 11-4059
sea trout, name for weakfish, 16-5780
Pictures, 15-5631
showing life-history of. 15-5, ? 3
Trouville. Fashionable seaside resort in Nor-
mandy, France. Close by is Deauville.
Trowbridge, Jchn Townsead, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Troy, ancient city
Schliemann's explorations in ruins, $\mathbf{2 - 4 4 7}$
in legends and poems
Eneas' escape to Italy, legend, 4-1192 siege of, in Iliad, 6-1983-84
woulun horse. stwry in Envic\}, 6-1988
Troy, N. Y. Emma Willard School, 14-5268
Troy weight. In the 14 th century the pound (12 ounces) of the city of Troyes, France, was adopted in England. Later the troy measure ment, as the name Troyes came to be suelled and called, was confined to the weighing of gold and silver and other valuable commodities.
Troyes. Ancient city of Champagne, France on the sumf. It has a 13 th-century cathedral and manufactures hosiery.
Troyon, Constant, French painter, 7-2370
Picture Oxen Going out to Plow (gravure), 7-2.376
Truck of a ship, 14-5004
Trudeau, Edward Livingstone, physician, life and work, 1-229-3n
Truffles, a variety of mushroum, 11-3906

Trumbull, John, 1 meriean waintwr, 9-3.328 laintinse in (ayitul, 5-15.5q
riolいios
[ $1 \times r$ latration of Independence before Congress, 4-1167
Portrait of Alevander Hamilton, 9-3328
Trumpet-weed, name for Joe-Pye-weed, 14-5159 Picture, 14-5159
Trumpeter ewan, 11-3885

Trumpeters, birds of South America, 11.4010 Picture, 11-4005
Trumpeters, pigeons, 12-4285
Trumpets, plants, 19-7090, 7092
licture, yellow trumbets, 19-7093
"Trust in cood and keep your powder dry," when said, 6-1976
Trustee. A person who holds and manages property or funds for the benefit of another and who, if legally appointed, is held accountable by law for the money or property in his care.
Truth, quotation about, by Kapteyn, 9-3040
Tryon, Dwight W., American painter, 10-3449 Picture. Spring Morning (gravure), 10-3458
Tsai Iun, invented paper, 10-3550
Tschailowsky, Peter, Russian musical composer

* life and work, 19-6923-24, 7152

Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Tserclaes, Johann, see Tilly, Count of

## Tsetse-flies

account of. 17-6422
cause death, 2-471
do not affect zebra, 6-2018
Picture, 18-6733
Tsetse-fiy disease, discovery of cause, 15-5492
Tsingtau. Chinese port, capital of Kiaochow territory, and formerly a German fortress.
Tsushima, Battle of. Great naval victory of the Japanese under Togo over a superior Russian fleet, in the Russo-Japanese War, in 1905. The efficiency and superior tactics of the Japanese enabled them to annihilate the Russians.
Tu quoque. Latin for "thou too"; term used for a personal retort, as when a man is called a liar, and promptly replies: "You're another."
Tuatera, lizard, 14-5230
Picture, 14-5231
Tuberculosis
and alcohol, 8-2681
cause and cure, 2-558-59
control in N . $\mathbf{Y}$. city, 15-5622
danger from spitting, 6-2125
spread by milk, 7-2326
Picture, treatment for, in N. Y. city, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 2 6}$
Tubfish. Picture (in color), 16-5781
Tucson, Arizona
Picture. Mission of San Xavier del Boca, 18-6427
Tuesday, how named, 12-4201 consecrated to Mars, 9-3227
Tug boats, value and services, 17-6406-07 Picture. 17-6407
Trg of war, game, 6-21R i: 17-625,-5s
Tugalo Dam, Georgia, note and picture, 15-5428
Tui, bird, 9-3138
Tuileries, palace in Paris, 18-6495
riestrayed under fommeure. 10-?57 6
Tuke, Sir Brian, first English postmastergeneral, 8-2653
Tukulti-Adar I, king of Assyria, 2-654
Tula, Russia, 16-5858
Tulip, flower, description, 19-7172
Picturps. different varieties (gravure), 19-7174-75, 7178

## Tulip trees

account of, 12-4510, 4513
Pirfurrs. 12-151? hlossom anil leaf. 12-4.51.5
Tullin, Christian, Norwegian poet, 19-7011
Tumblelug, descrintion. 18-6628
Tumblers, variety of pigeon, 12-4284
Tumerol. oil obtained from curcuma plant, 8-2996
Tuna, fish, 16-577.
Tundra
description, 6-2170
vegetation of, 4-1280
Tungsten, metal used in electric lamps, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 9 3 8}$
Tunjng-fork
Question about. Why does a tuning-fork sound minde. Whon it tomehf心 worn? 14-1!..2
Tunis or Tunisia, French possession, 11-3824 deceriltinn. 18-6810
history of. 18-6806, 6808
Pirt"re. 18-67? 8
Tunkhannock Viaduct, note and picture, 1-33 Tunnels

Brunel's invention for construction of, 5-1618; 19-7206
for N. Y. water supnly, 14-5056, 5058, 5060 in Swiss Alns, 16-6008
Picture, Shandaken tunnel, 14-5054
Tunny, see Tuna

Tupaias, animals, 1-320
Tupper. $\mathbf{S}^{\text {ire }} \mathbf{C h a r l e s , ~ p r e m i o r ~ o f ~ r a n a d a . ~ 4 - 1 f y l ~}$
Turacin, pigment of turaco, 10-3502
Turacos, or Turakoos, birds, 10-3501-02
Pictures, 10-3499
Livingstone's turaco (in color), 12-4370
Turbines
explanation, 15-5429-30
steam turioine, use on ship, 17-6404
Pictures
on ship, 17-6405
power house, New York, 16-5806
Turbot, fish
life-history, with pictures, 16-5772
eggs, number of, 15-5542
Picture (in color), 16-5783
Turgenev, Ivan, Russian novelist, 19-6909-10 Picture, portrait, 19-6905
Turin. One of the chief industrial citles of northern Italy, with extensive motor-car, textile, paper, pottery and hardware manufactures. Formerly capital of Piedmont, it is one of the finest modern cities of Italy; it has a cathedral, a university and several beautiful churches. industries, $13-4576$
motor-car works in, 13-4572
Turkestan. Great stretch of Central Asia ly. ing north of the Hindu Kush and the Kwen Lun. Western, or Russian, Turkestan is an immense region of over 500,000 square miles, with rast steppes and deserts interspersed with fertile oases and irrigated lands. Agriculture and cattle-raising are the main occupations of the nomadic Turkomans; but cotton, silk, woolen and linen goods, and carpets are manufa atured in the towns, including Tashkent, Bokhara, Khiva and Khokand. Samarkand was the capital of the Tartar conqueror Tamerlane in the 14th century. Eastern Turkestan, or Sinkiang, a dependency of China, is almost unknown except for the trade centres of Ili, Yarkand and Kashgar.
surface of, 16-5852; 18-6584
Chinese, 18-6588, 6590

## Turkey

cities, 13-4806
governing power poor, 13-4802
history

* Rise and fall of Turkey, 13-4797-4806
history in Europe, 18-6462
and Bulgaria, 14-4922, 4926
attacks repelled by Hungary, 17-6194
Balkan wars from 1912 on, 14-4926
since World War, 18-6462
war with Greece, 1921-23, 14-4918
See also Crusades; Turks
loss of European territory, 13-4802, 4804
map, 13-4808
resources, 13-4806
territory, extent of, in 1700, 13-4802
territory, present borders, 13-4806
Pictures, 13-4805-10
Turkey buzzaris, 10-3760
Turkeys, birds, 12-4368
brush turkeys of Australia, 12-4368
native of America, 1-159; 14-5020
Pictures. 12-4362, 4367
Turkish delight, candy, recipe, 11-3856
Turkomans. A Turki race of nomadic habits who inhabit the uplands and steppes of western Turkestan. They are remarkable for their keen, penetrating glance, and before their conquest by Russia were ceaseless raiders.
Turks. The western section of the Northern Mongolic people. They include the Yakuts, Kirghiz, Uzbegs, Turkomans, Anatolians, Tartars and Osmanli. Their contact with the Caucasic type has modified the typical Mongol features in these races. They are nearly all Moslems.
attack on Byzantine Empire, by Ottoman Twrks, 13-4798
conquered Persia, 3-918
ill-treated nilgrims to Palestine, Middle Ages. 7-2583-84
of Mongol stnok, 18-fitis
Turmeric, account of, 8-2996
Turner, Charles, painter
Picture. Portrait of J. M. W. Turner, 7-2336
Turber, Charles Tennyson, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Turner, Charles Yardley, American painter, 10-3453

Turner, Mrs. Elizaboth, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Turner, Joseph, wrote Roll on, Silver Moon, 18-6510
Turner, Joseph Mallard William, English painter art and influence, 6-2234-35
life, 7-2335-36
Pictures
portrait, 7-2327
portrait, by Charles Turner, 7-2336
Chichester Canal, 6-2229
Fighting Téméraire, 6-2233
Hindu Devotions, 6-2233
Venice, 9-3069
Turnips, $\mathbf{7}=2624$
as fodder plant, 7-2412
Picture, 7-2621
Turnpikes, game, 12-4496
Turnstones, birds, 11-4012
Turpentine, account of, 9-3151
Turquoise, account of, 19-7229
Picture (in color), facing 19-7225
Turtle, account of, 14-5234-35
Picture, 14-5235
Turtledoves, 12-4288; 14-5020-21, 5144
Pictures, 12-4287; (in color), 8-2897
Turtleheads, plants
description, 16-5732
high-mountain turtlehead, description, 19-7088
note on, 16-5730
Pictures, 16-5730
high-mountain turtleheads, 19-7087
Tuscany. Former Italian grand-duchy, containing Florence, Pisa, Leghorn, Siena, Pistoia and Lucca. In the fourteenth century Dante, Giotto, Petrarch and Boccaccio made Tuscany foremost in the revival of arts and letters. The Tuscan dialect became the literary language of Italy. Because of dissensions in Florence the Medici obtained supreme power, and were in alliance with Spain. For nearly 200 years Tuscany was under Spanish influence. After several changes, the people voted for union with Italy.
Tuscarora Indians
joined Five Nations, 1-165
wars with colonists in North Carolina, 2-554
Tusitala, name for Robert Louis Stevenson, 10-3737
Tuskegee Institute, Ala., 14-4890
Tuskshells, molluscs, 19-6889
Tutankhamen, king of Egypt, 3-818
tomb of, 11-3874
Tutsan, plant
Pictures (in color)
flower, 14-4988
fruit, 11-4024
Twachtman, John $\mathbf{H}$., American painter, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 5 6}$ Picture Snow (gravure), 10-3459
Twain, Mark, see Clemens, S. L.
Tweed, William Marcy (1823-78). A Demo-
cratic politician and a notorious Tammany boss in New York. At the head of a group of politicians called the Tweed Ring, he robbed the city of millions of dollars. He was caught, tried, and sentenced to jail; he escaped and fled to Spain, but was returned to New York, where he died in jail.
Tweed. River forming part of the boundary between England and Scotiand. Rising in Clyde Law, it flows into the North Sea near Berwick, and has a famous woolen industry.
Twelfth Night, by Shakespeare
story of, 8-2692
Picture, 3-987
Twelve Tables. The oldest code of Roman law, engraved on copper or wooden plates and set up in the Forum in 451 and 459 B.C. The Tables form the basis of the system of lioman law.
Twin Falls, Idaho. 180 fect hich.
Twin-flower, description, 18-6568
on Pacific coast, 19-6939
Pirfur (in color), 14-4!987
Twisted stalk, llower, 17-6280
Twites, hirds, 8-シ! - シ
Picture, nest and eggs, 8-2971
Picture (in color), 8-2900
Two American pioneers, * 6-2189-97
Two men who loved the Indians, * 18-6631-36
Two pioneer women, * 16-5699-5706
Two sples of the Revolution, * 12-3995-97
Two Years before the Mast, hy l: H. Hana

* quotations and summary, 9.3357-64

Twopeny, William, English artist, 2-443-45
Pictures, drawings, English architecture, 2-444-45
Tylex, John, president of U. S
administration, 6-1916; 11-3940
life, outline of, 11-395:
Picture, portrait (gravure), 11-3946
Tyler, Wat, and peasant revolt, 5-1683
Tympanum, part of ear, 9-3306, 3308
Tyndale, William, life, 1-306
translation of Bible, 2-473
Picture, translating New Testament, 1-303
Tyndall, John, scientist

* life and work, 2-595-96
as an author, 11-4002
Picture, portrait, 2-589
Types, in printing
history of, 9-3388-89
Question about. What is the type known as Braille? 15-5364
Typesetting
* Men who gave us printing, 9-3382-87
by linotype, $3-1056,1060-62$
by monotype, 3-1064
Pirtures
linotype, with details, 3-1060-62 monotype machine, 3-1064
Typewriter, invention of, 19-7214
Typhoid fever, microbes killed by white bloodcells, 3-934
Typhoon, see Hurricane
Tyr, Norse god of war
and Fenris the wolf, 12-4201
Tyrant birds, 9-3286
Picture, 9-3277
Tyrol. Alpine region divided between Italy and Austria; the Austrian Tyrol lies in the valley of the Inn, north of the Brenner Pass; the Italian Tyrol is in the basin of the Adige and the Brenta, and south of the Brenner. Celebrated for its beauty, the Tyrol contains the Dolomites and Ortler Alps, with Ortler Spitz, 12,875 feet. Innsbruck in Austria and Trent, Bolzano and Merano in Italy are its chief towns.
union with Austria, 17-6192
and Andrests 1 bufer, 13-15!s
Tyrrhenian Sea. Part of the Mediterranean lying between Italy, Sicily, Sardinia and Corsica.


U-boats; see Submarine boats
Udall, Nicholas
author of Ralph Roister Doister, 2-721
Uganda. British protectorate in equatorial Africa; area, 110,000 square miles; capital, Entebbe. Occupied in 1890 , it has rapidly increased in prosperity, there being excellent internal communication by steamers on Lakes Victoria, Albert and Kioga. The natives are engaged in cattle-raising and growing cotton, millet and sweet potatoes; British planters grow coffee and rubber. The chief trading centre is Kampala. description of, 9-3054; 18-6809
Uganda Railway, Africa
fons: hindered huilding. 2-1!14
Uhland, Ludwig, fierminn poet. 17-6271
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Uintatheres, prehistoric animals, 5-1784
Ukrainia, or The Ukraine. South Russian soviet remmblic. drpendent on the lioscow government. It is fanmos for the rioh hatark soil of its wheatcrowing districts, and contains the cities of Kharkov, Kiev and Odessi.
Ulm. ()ha ferman city on the Dammbe, with a famons eatherlral. Iffer that of Colosene, this is the larefest in fermany, and has a spire 530 feet hioh. the tallest in the world.
battle at, 6-2204
Picture, cathedral (gravure), 17-6167
Ulpian, limuan lawrer
A-finition of justioe, 13-4S1?
Ulster. Trish northern provinee, comprisine six complies ins forthert remand artherins to Enerland and thre in the Trish firee state; area, 8,613 square miles.
objected to Home Rule, 8-2938, 2940

## GENERAL INDEX

Ulster (continued)
Scotch and English sertiement, 6-1974
Scotch settlement, under James I, 8-2934
Ultima thule. Lai'n for "the farthest boundary:"
Ultimo. Latin for "last"; usually written: ult. Ulysses, Greek hero
adventures, as told in Odyssey, 6-1984-86 dog of, Argus, 1-146
Poem about. Ulysses, by Tennyson, 18-6798
Umbrella bird, 9-3286
Umbrella plant, 18-6658, 6660
Umbrellas, how to dry, 19-i079
how to mend, 13-4737
Umbrian school, Italian painting, 3-959
Umbrians, tribe of Italy, settlement, 4-1191
Umpire, definition of, 6-2250
Unau, two-toed sloth, 7-2394
Picture, 7-2395
Uncle Remus stories, how written, 13-4816
Uncle Sam
Question about. Why is the U. S. often called "Uncle Sam"? 9-3354
Uncle Tom's Cabin, influence on slavery ques-
Undine, story, in brief form, 11-4141
Ungava, district of Canada, 4-1490; 7-2557-58
Unicorn, imaginary animal legend about, 1-353-54 Picture, 1-354
Unicorn, Sea, superstition about, 6-2218
Unicorn fish, description, 16-5899-5900
Unicorn sheep, 4-1376-77
Union, Act of, 1800. In British history, the act uniting Ireland to Great Britain. It came into operation in 1801.
Union, The, 1707. In British history, the union of England and Wales with Srotland by treaty as the United Kingdom of Great Britain; ratified on May 1.

## Union Islands

population, and nation ruling, 9-3188
Union Jack, flag
Poem about. Colors of the Flag, by F. G. Scott, 10-3482
Union of South Africa, see South Africa-Union Union of Soviet Republics, see Russia
Union Pacific Railroad, first to cross continent, 18-6432
United Empire Ioyalists, 3-944
contributions to Canada, 14-5104
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland countries included, 18-6557
Nip also Ensland
United Nation, * 8-2669-80; 9-3207-20
United Provinces. Indian provinces of Agra and Oudh: area, 107,000 square miles; capital, Allahabad. Vast crops are grown in the rich plain of the Ganges, and here are many of the greatest Indian cities.
United States. Most important republic in the world, covering over $3,000,000$ square miles in North America. With Alaska it is almost as big as Europe. Between the Appalachians in the east and the Rocky Mountains in the west is the huge plain of the Mississippi, the richest agricultural district in the world, occupying more than half the country; and here enormous crops of grain are grown and vast numbers of cattle pastured. In the southeast, from Texas to Vircinia, is the great cotton belt, producing three-fifths of the world's supply of cotton, besides tobacco, sweet potatoes, rice and maize. California and other states have an immense production of fruit. Of the minerals the most important are coal and iron. which are found in many states. Gold, silver, copper, lead and zinc are mined in many parts of the west. while the notrnlewm prombetiom of the sinuth rentral and T゙\&sterm States is encrmaus. Nanufacturing. however, is by far the most valuable industry. The iron, steel, leather, motor-car, canning and textile industries are all very important. Commerce is served hy over 260.000 miles of railnays. Political, the T'nited States consists of a union of 48 states, with the territories of Alaska and Hawaii. Other denentfentiess or prossussinns are the Canal Zone, Philinpine Islands, Porto Rico, Guam. Virgin Is lands, etc. Washington, the capital, stands in the Federal District of Columbia. The commercial metropolis and by far the largest city is New Fork; next come Chicago, Philadelphia and De-

Onited States (continued)
troit. In the next group St. Louis, Cleveland, Boston, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Los Angeles, Buffalo, San Francisco, Washington and Milwaukee all have over half a million inhabitants, and 19 other cities have between 500,000 and 200,000 . The chief ports are Boston, New York, Baltimore, Norfolk, Newport News, Charleston, Savannah, New Orleans, Galveston, San Francisco and Seattle. The population in 1820 was under $10,000,000$; in 1920 it was over $105,000,000$ and it is still increasing.
agriculture
area of productive land, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 3 9 8}$
crops compared with other countries, 10-3398 farm home in Middle West, description, 15-5284
machinery cause of great production, 10-3398
North Central states, 15-5274-84
Northeastern states, 10-3404-08
Southern states, 13-4520-24
Western states, 18-6422-34: 19-6846, 6848
See al8o Agriculture-United States
Agriculture, Department of, 5-1792
area, 8-2676
army, use of flags, 19-7184
see also West Point
art, later than that of Europe, 10-3399
See al8o Painting, American; Sculpture, American
Cabinet, 5-1790, 1792
canals, 13-4787

* Erie Canal, 13-4881-88

Capitol, see Washington, D. C.
census, 1920 , facts from, 8-2676
cities
in 1783, 5-1698
of Northeastern states, 11-3782
on Great Lakes, 17-6044, 6046
See also names of cities; as, Chicago, New York
climate, variety of, 8-2678
Northeastern states, 12-4148, 4150
colonial history, see United States-historycolonial period
colonies, see United States-foreign possessions
Commerce and Labor, Department of, 5-1792
compared with other countries, 10-3397-99
Congress
powers under Articles of Confederation,
1777-87, 5-1696-97
in U. S. Constitution, 5-1788-89
Pictures, Senate and House of Representa tives, 5-1786

* Constitution, 5-1788-93
framing and adoption, 5-1696-98; 20-7558-62
amendments, 5-1792-93; 20-7574
text of Constitution and amendments, with notes, 20-7563
courts, 5-1792
descrintion
* North Central states, 15-5273-84; 17-6037-48
* Northeastern states, 10-3401-08; 11-3773-82; 12-4145-52
* Southern states, 13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900
* Western states, 18-6425-36; 19-6841-50
historic places, 18-6825-39
For list of main articles, see 20-7583
education, 9-3220
* colleges and universities, 12-4307-10 colonial period, 3-966, 970
Horace Mann's influence, 14-525
of girls, before modern era, 14-5268
Southern states, 14-4890
Sfe also Annanolis: West Point
* flags, history and use, 19-7182-92
state flags, 19-7184, 7190-91
Pictures (in culor), 19-7189-92
foreign possessions fand protectorates
* American territory across the seas, 10-358.3-96
Haitian and Dominican republics, 19-7101 list of. 10-358.3
West Indies islands formerly Danish, 19-7104 foreign relations
with Cuba, 10-3590, 359?
with France, under Washington and Adams 5-17n?
with Mexico, 19-7140
forestry
* Forest Service. 8-2804-12
conservation of forests, 8-2804
Division of Forestry created, 8-2803-04

United States-forestry (continued)
grazing in national forests, 8-2804, 2806, 2808, 2811
national forests, area, 8-2810
Pictures, of Forest Service, 8-2803-12

* frontier, history of, 6-1905-10, 2189-91
* governmient, 5-1787-93

Articles of confederation, 5-1696-97
executive branch, 5-1789-90
first legislature in America at Jamestown, 1619, 2-546
Senate, election by people, 5-1793

* historic spots, 18-6825-39
history (arranged chronologically, so far as possible)
colonial period, and earlier
* explorers of North America, 1-241-54
* settlements, 13 colonies, 2-543-55
* child life, colonial, 3-965-76
fire prevention in early period, 9-3158-59
postal service, first one, 8 -265.
restrictions on trade and manufacture, 4-1158-59
songs and singing, 18-6509
See also French and Indian wars
*Revolution, 4-1157-74
F'rench Revolution and United States, 5-1700, 1702
social conditions in 1783, 5-1698, 1700
Articles of Confederation, 5-1096-97
* Administrations of the Presidents, Washington to Coolidge, 11-3937-50
* Building the new nation from 1781 to 1815, 5-1695-1707
War of 1812, 5-1704-06; 3-945
brief summary of, 11-3938
causes, 5-1703-04
in Canadian history, 3-945
naval battles, 5-1704; 17-6329-32
* Western extension of territory, 6-1905-24, 2189-91
Louisiana Purchase, 5-1702-03
Mexican War, 6-1918-20
Oregon territory, 6-1918
* Civil War, 7-2427-44
causes, friction between states, 7-2427-29 navy created, 7-2433-34 beginning of navy, 11-3918
* President Grant to President Coolidge, 8-2669-74
reconstruction in South, after Civil War. 7-2444
Spanish-American War, 10-3590
Poems abort
The Blue and the Gray, by F. M. Finch, 10-3643
Independence Bell, 15-5648
Little Giffen, by F. O. Ticknor, 6-2242 Paul Revere's Ride, by H. W. Longfellow, 15-5649
Sheridan's Ride, by T. B. Reed, 19-6868
Song of Marion's Men, by W.' C. Bryant, 11-4032
For list of main articles on U. S. history, see 20-7584
Pictures, U. S. history, 5-1695, 1699, 1701, 1707 historic shrines, 18-6825-39 colonial period, 2-542-56; interiors, 3-967 about Civil War, 7-2t2f-43
See also Revolution, American-Pictures, and all starred articles
immigration, sce Immigration-United States
Indian Affairs, Bureau of, 19-7236, 7238
industries
in 1783, 5-1698, 1700
* connected with animal and mineral products, 9-3207-12
coal production, 3-790
iron mroduction, 6-19:36. 19?
in North Central states, 15-5273
in Northeastern s1ates. 11-3:74-8?
in Southern states, 13-4520-26; 14-4889-90
miscellaneous, 9.3216, 3218
tea industry, 2-760, 762
See also United States-agriculture
Interior, Denartment of. 5-1792
irrigation projects, 7-2546
Jewish momulation. 19-7164. 7167
Labor, Department of, 5-1792
literature, see American literature
manufacturers, see name of industry
navy
* Naval heroes of young America, 17-6325-32

United States-navy (continued)

* Ships and sailors of our navy, 18-6815-24 during Civil War, 7-2433-34
See also Annapolis
need ior improvement, 9-3220
painting, see Painting, American
political parties, first formation, 5-1702
population and growth, 5-1605
in 1783, 5-1698
in 1812, 5-1704
in 1920, 8-2676
* postal service, 8-2654-58
in 1795, 8-2653
in West, pioneer period, 18-6432
presidents
* administrations, Washington to Coolidge, 11-3937-50
native states and residences, 8-2676
powers and duties, 5-1789-90
vice-presidents who became president, 8-2674
wives of presidents, 2-391-96
Pietures (gravure), 11-3945-48
See also names of Presidents
public lands and settlers, 9-3218
races in, 9-3218, 3219
railroads, see Railroads-in United States
resources
Nee Plant Life, 20-7599-7601
For list of main articles, see 20-7585
sculpture, see Sculpture, American
slavery introduced, 2-546
* song-writers, 18-6509-15
songs, patriotic
authors of, 18-6512-14
Battle-Hymn of the Republic, 17-6251
Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean, 17-6250
Hail Columbia, 5-1645
My Country, 'tis of thee, 17-6251
Star-Spangled Banner, 17-6249
Yankee Doodle, 17-6250
state flowers, list of, 17-6181
Supreme Court, 5-1792
taxes, 13-4553
water power, see Water power-in countries and continents-United States
Weather Bureau, 5-1792
See al80 North Central states; Northeastern states; Southern states; Western states; ${ }^{a l} l_{8}$ names of states
Question about. Why is the U. S. often called Uncle Sam? 9-3354
Pictures. All starred articles are illustrated. See also subjects, as Iron, etc.
United States, ship
victory over Macedonian, 5-1704
United States House of Representatives, sep United States-Congress
Uniteu States Military Academy, see West Point
United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, sec Annapolis
Urited States Navy
* Ships and sailors of our navy, 13-6815-24

United States of America, $*$ 10-3397-3400
United States Senate, see United States-Congress
Univalves, class of molluses, 19-6884
Universal language, $8 e e$ Language, Universal
Universe, 9-3033-40

* in astronomy, 11-4037-42
"University Wits," name for Shakespearian dramatists, 2-722
Unleavened bread, 1-371-72
Untermeyer, Louis, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Upholstery of furniture, directions, 12-4373
Upiohn, Richard, American architect
designed Trinity Church, New York, 18-6681
Upjohn, Richard Michell, American architect, son of Richard Upjohn, 18-6681
Picture State Capitol, Hartford, Conn., 18-6683
Upper Canada (now Ontario)
history, 1791-1840, 3-944-46
joined to Lower Canada in 1840, 4-1484
ser also Ontario
Upsala. Historic Swedish city, being the seat
of an ancient university and the only archbishopric. Here are Gustavus Vasa's castle and burial mounds of ancient Swedish kings.
Upsall Castle. Fingland, legend ahoit. 17-6324
Ur. A very ancient city of the Chaldeans, sacred to the moon god.
oldest temple on earth. 14-52ns
Ur Svenska Hjertans, by Strandberg, 17-6253

Ural Mis. Mountain range which runs north and south for 1,600 miles between European Russia and siberia. Platinum, gold, silver, iron, coal, salt and precious stones are found in it, its output of platinum being very important. Tollpoziz, 5,500 feet, is its highest summit.
Ural River. Russian river rising in the Ural Mountains and flowing into the Caspian. Orenburg is the only city it passes, it being generally too shallow for navigation. 1,400 miles.
Urania, muse of astronomy, 9-3228
Uranus, planet

* account of, 10-3412, 3414
discovered by Herschel, 1-284
distance from earth, measured by speed of train, 9-3034
distance from sun and length of year, 9-3180
Urban II, Pope, and first Crusade, 7-2584
Picture, rousing the people for the Crusade, 7-2584
Urban the Good, and Valerian, 6-1998
Urbino. Picturesque old city of central Italy, the birthplace of Raphael. It has a cathedral, a university and a magnificent ducal palace.
Urial, wild sheep, 4-1375
Ursa Major, see Great Bear
Ursula, St., story of, 6-1992-94
l'icture, Death of St. Ursula, 6-1993
Uruguay. Smallest South American republic; area, 72,000 square miles; capital, Montevideo. Its characteristics are very similar to those of Argentina, the interior being mainly a treeless, grassy prairie, which provides pasture for vast numbers of cattle. Hides, skins and meat are large exports. Uruguay was a bone of contention between Argentina and Brazil for 40 years after the collapse of Spanish rule, and achieved complete independence only in 1853.
history and description, 19-6982
Pictures. 19-6981
Useful vegetables, * 7-2613-24
Uskub, or Skoplie. Ancient Jugo-Slav city on the Vardar
Utah. Western state; area, 84,990 square miles; capital and largest city, Salt Lake City. Sheepraising, farming and mining are the leading occupations; smelting of copper and lead are the leading industries. Nickname, "Beehive State" or "Mormon State." Flower, Sego lily. Motto, "Industry." The state was named after the Utes, an Indian tribe. First settlement, Salt Lake City, 1847.
described in Western States, 18-6425-34; 19-6841-50
ceded by Mexico, 6-1920
desert of, description, 7-2421
Mormon settlements, 6-1920, 1922; 18-6430
statehood granted, 11-3944
useful minerals, 9-3208, 3210
Zion National Park, 7-2291
Pictures
Bryce Canyon, 18-6436
Edwin Natural Bridge, 18-6425
flag (in color), 19-7191
message on buffalo skull. 6-1923
monument to sea gulls. 17-6288
road in the desert, 9-3031
Temple Block, Salt Lake City, 19-6844
Wasatch National Forest, 8-2811
Zion National Park, 7-2286; 19-6849
Utopia. by More, account nf, 1-306
Utrecht. Ancient Dutch city on the Old Rhine, with two cathedrals, one of the 8 th century, and a university. Textiles and tobacco are manufactured.

Picture, 15-5565
Utrecht, Peace of, 1713
terms, as to America, 2-683


Vaal. Tributary of the Orange River forming the boundary between the Transvaal and Orange Pree State, 500 miles.

## Vaccination

diacovered by Edward Jenner, 8-2728
Question about. Why does vaccination save us from smallpox? 7-2485

Vaccine to prevent yellow fever, 15-5492
Vacuum, Guericke's discovery of power, with picture, 4-1244-45
Vacuum tubes
account of, 16-5940-44
for radio, explanation, 17-6368
Vade mecum. Latin for "go with me"; a small book of reference carried on the person for instant use.
Valais. Mountainous Swiss canton bordering France and Italy. It is traversed by the Rhone. Valdivia. Port of southern Chile, exporting wheat hides, wool and whale-oil
Valence. Old French city on the Rhone, with an 11th-century cathedral and a busy river trade. Valencia. Spanish cathedral and university city and Mediterranean port, the largest after Barcelona. It is a thriving manufacturing centre and does a great export trade, largely in fruit. Pictures, 14-5051
cathedral, 14-5049
Valenciennes. Manufacturing town of northern France, on the Scheldt. Once famous for its lace, it has cambric, iron and engineering industries.
Talentia, Ireland, terminal of first Atlantic cable, 12-4294
Valentine, St., not connected with St. Valentine's Day, 16-5958
Valentine's Day
Question about. What is the meaning of St. Valentine's Day? 16-5958
Valerian
great or cat's valerian, 16-5880
note on, 16-5875
Pictures
great or cat's valerian, 16-5875; (in color) 16-5883
swamp valerian (in color), 16-5882
Valetta, capital of Malta, 9-3182
Valhalla, Norse heaven, 11-3959
Valladolid. Historic cathedral and university city of central Spain, having once been capital of Castile and Leon. It mannfactures textiles, but is famous chiefly for its beautiful old buildings. Christopher Columbus died here, and Cervantes wrote part of Don Quixote in Valladolid. Sce also 14-5050
Pictures
bridge across the Pisuerga, 14-5052 Façade of San Pablo, 14-5045
Valley Forge
sufferings of army at, 4-1169-70; 18-6835 Pietures, 4-1169: 18-6835
Valloton, Félix, French painter, 8-2858
Valparaiso. Great port of central Chile. 116 miles by railway from the capital, Santiago. Founded in 1536 , it has many busy industries, including sugar-refining and iron-founding. description and pictures, 19-6050 earthquake of 1906, 19-7038
Value, meaning, in economics, 16-5933
increased by added work, 15-5590
Value, supply and demand, * 16-5933-36
Valves
one-way valve in lifeboats, 5 -1808
Vampires, bats, 1-316
Picture. 1-31t
Van, Lake. Salt lake in Turkish Armenia, 55 miles long, 40 miles broad, and 5,200 feet above sea-level.
Vanadium (V). A metal belonging to the antimony group and closely connected with the elements of the nitrogen group. Metallic vanadium is a light gray powder with a silvery lustre under the microscope. It is very little acted ubon by air or moisture at ordinary temperature. The most abundant source is vanadinite. Vanadium bronze used to replace gold bronze is derived from an acid of vanadium.
Vanbrugh, John, English architect, 18-6491
Van Buren, Martin, president of U. S.
administration, 11-3939
life, outline of, 11-3.952
Pirfure, portrait (gravure), 11-3947
Vancouver, George (1758-98). Captain in the British navy. Explored Vancouver Island, and Columbia River between 1792 and 1794
in Hawaii, 10-3.5s
vancouver. Chief British Columbian port, the Pacific terminus of the C.P.R. and C.N.R. and other railways. Standing on a magnificent harbor on the mainland of British Columbia, it has

Vancouver (continued)
large shipbuilding and lumber industries, and is becoming one of the most important Canadian grain ports.

Pictures
Lions, mountain peaks, 7-2315
Stanley Park, 1-104
Vancouver Island. Beautiful island of British Columbia, Canada, covering about 20,000 square miles. The first part of the province to be settled, it has fruit-growing, fishing and coalmining industries, Victoria being the chief town and port.
location, 1-114
Picture, map, 1-107
Vanda, Polish princess, 13-4679
Vandalism. Wanton and deliberate destruction, especially of ancient buildings and irreplaceable works of art. The term refers to the harm worked by the Vandals, the Teutonic people who in the 5 th century overran Western and Southern Europe, and attacked Rome.
Van dex Goes, Hugo, see Goes, Hugo van der Van der Helst, Bartholomeus, see Helst, Bartholomeus van der
Vanderlyn, John, American painter
Picture, Landing of Columbus, 1-82
Van der Weyden, Roger, see Weyden
Van Diemon, Anthony. A governor of the Dutch East Indies in the 17 th century. Tasmania was named Van Diemen's Land in his honor.
Van Dyck, Sir Anthony, Flemish painter

* life and work, 5-1586
painting in England, and influence, 6-2000
portraits of Charles I and family, 6-1974, 1976
Pictures
Andrea Brignole-Sale on Horseback, 5-1587
Charles I on horseback, 11-3848
Children of Charles I, 5-1585
Earl of Arundel and his Grandson, 5-1584
Frans Snyders and his Wife, 5-1587
James Stuart, Duke of Lennox, 5-1584
Van Dyke, Henry, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Van Eyck, Hubert and Jan, see Eyck
Van Gogh, Vincent, see Gogh
Van Horne, Sir William Cornelius (1843-1915),
Born in Illinois. Became Canadian citizen. Great railway man. President of the Canadian Pacific Railway
Vanilla, account of, 8-2994-95
Picture, gathering pods, 8-2995
Van Tollens, Hendrik, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Van Tromp, Martin. Dutch admiral, chief op-
ponent of Blake; born, Briel, 1597; killed near
Texel, 1653.
Vapor in sky, protection against sun, 13-4595
Vardar. River of Jugo-Slavia and Greece, rising
in the Shar Dagh and flowing past Uskub and
in the Shar Dagh and flowing past milesu
Vardhamana, founder of Jainism, 9-3088
Variation of species in plants, 4-1390
Varicose veins, cause of, 14-5001
Varley, Frederick, Canadian painter, 10-3704 Picture, John, a Portrait, 10-3709
Varna, Bulgaria, 14-4926
Varnish, how to apply, 9-3119
how to remove stains of, 2-618
Vasa, parrot, $10-3616,3618$
Vasco da Gama, see Gama
Vase, directions for making of tin and spools, 15-5334
Vases
Cretan, ancient, 2-448
Greek, ancient, 2-450-51
how made, note with pictures, 5-1667 Pictures
Cretan, anclent, 2-448; 11-3989
Greek, ancient, $2-450-52$; (gravure), 1-67
Vasili, Cathedral of, note and picture, 16-5857
Vassar College, 12-4310
Picture. Thompson Memorial Library, 12-4313
Vaterland, former name of ship Leviathan, 12-4428
Vrutican, Rome, palace of the Pope
history and architecture, 17-6309
Michelangelo's paintings in Sistine Chapel, 3-831
Pieture (gravure), 17-6305
Vaughan, Henry, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Vecchio, Palma, see Palma, Jacopo

Vedas, sacred books of India, 15.5461
Veddahs, primitive race in Ceylon, 9-3184
Vedder, Elihu, American painter, 10-3450
Picture. Lost Mind (gravure), 10-3462
Veery, bird, 13-4839
Vega, Iope de, Spanish author, 19-7129
Picture, portrait, 19-7125
Vegard, Professor, theory about atmosphere, 18-6550
Vegetables, description, 7-2613-24
Qucstion about. What is the difference between a fruit and a vegetable? 18-6693
Vegetarianism
arguments about use of meat, 7-2567-69
Veii, city captured by Romans, 4-1362
Veins
description, 4-1209-15
discovery of valves, 8-2725
wounded, treatment for, 15-5599-5600
See also Blood-circulation
Velasquez, Diego, began conquest of Cuba, 19-7101
Velasquez, Diego Rodriquez de Silva, Spanish painter, 4-1496, 1498, 1500
treatment of color, 7-2480
Pictures

* Some portraits by Velasquez (gravure), 4-1501-04
Christ and the Pilgrims of Emmaus, 4-149? Ferdinand of Austria (gravure), 1-71
Forge of Vulcan, 4-1495
Infante Philip Prosper, 4-1494
The Old Cook, 9-3072
Vellum, a kind of parchment, 10-3550
use in manuscript, 2-582
Velocity, scientific use of word, 14-4903
Velvet grass, note and picture, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 5 7}$
Vener, Iake. Largest Scandinavian lake, in southwest Sweden. 2,149 square miles in extent, it forms part of the canal and lake waterway connecting Gothenburg and Stockholm.
Veneti, tribe from Gaul, ships of, 11-3914
Venetia. Old Italian province between the Adriatic and the Alps, containing Venice, Padua and Verona. It was ceded to Italy by Austria in 1866.

Venezuela. Northern republic of South America; area, about 393,874 square miles; capital, Caracas. Its chief physical feature is the Orinoco, which, with its tributaries, provides about $12,-$ 000 miles of waterways, and roughly divides the agricultural and pastoral regions from the forests of the south. The country is now being rapidly developed, petroleum, coffee, cocoa, gold, hides, cattle and sugar all being important exports. Ia Guayra, Valencia, Maracaibo, Merida and Barquisimeto are growing towns. Venezuela proclaimed its independence in 1811, and was freed by Bolivar after 11 years of war with Spain.
description, 19-6976
exploration by Sir Walter Raleigh, 14-4967
history, 19-6975-76
and Bolivar, 13-4591
"Veni, vidi, vici"
Question about. Who used the famous words, Veni, vidi, vici"? 7-2487
Venice, Italy

* Makers of Venice, 4-1455-64
architecture, $4-1456,1458-59$
Renaissance period, 17-6310-11
given to Austria by Napoleon I, 6-2201
loss of wealth, 14-5246
meeting of Barbarossa and the Pope, 11-3962-63
new industrial development, 13-4572
* mainting, 4-1460-64
painters through 16th century, 3-1103-07 palace of the Doges, 17-6311
Rialto Bridge, 4-1458
St. Mark's, \&i's゙t. Mark's
sculpture, 4-1459-60; 13-4605
ships of, 14 th century, 11-3916
Poem about. Venice, by Ly fun, 14-5131
l'icturcs, 13-156i
* famous structures (gravure), 17-6301-04, 6307-08
* scenes in (gravure), 4-i 165i-fis

St. Nark's (eravile), 16-5iッ1-2.2
Venizelos, Eleutheros, Greek statesman, 14-4918
Ventilation
need in factories, etc., 4-1331
on modern ship, 12-4416-17

## GENERAL INDEX

Ventricle, chamber of heart, 4-1212
Ventriloquism, how to practice, 9-3379-80
Venus (Aphrodite), goddess, 9-3227
Pictures, 9-3231-32
See also Aphrodite and Venus of Milo
Venus, planet
account of, 9-3290, 3292
distance from sun and length of year, 9-3180 transit across sun first seen by Horrocks, 1-282
Pictures
diagram of orbit, 9-3290
imaginary view of surface, 9-3293
orbit as seen from earth, 9-3289
Venus of Milo, statue
discovered by D'Ǔrville, 14-5090
probably by follower of Phidias, 12-4222 Picture (gravure), 12-4333
Venus's fly-trap, plant, 2-746; 19-7086

Venus's girdle, a jellyfish, 19-7060
Picture. 19-7067
Vera Cruz. Port of Mexico, 265 miles by railway from Mexico City. It was founded by Cortez in 1519 on a slightly different site. It exports coffee, tobacco, sugar, rubber and mineral ore. American force landed at, in 1914, 19-7140 Sir John Hawkins in, 14-4960
Verazzano, Giovanni da, see Verrazano
Verb. A part of speech that asserts or declares and which with a subject makes up a sentence. Verbena. Picture, flowers (gravure), 19-7174
Verbum sapienti satis est. Latin for "a word to the wise is sufficient."
Verchères, Madeline de, heroism of, 11-4089-91
Verciagetorix, Gallic chief, 4-1360
Verde, Cape. Westernmost point of Africa in
Senegal.
Verdi, Giuseppe, Italian musical composer, 19-6924. 7150
Picture, portrait, 19-6912

## Verdigris

Question about. What is verdigris? 17-6175
Ferdun. Ancient French fortress on the Meuse, amous for its defense against the Germans in 1916, when the cathedral and town were badly damaged.
Vereshchagin, Vasili, Russian painter, 8-2851-52
Vergil, sr lirsil
Vergiliæ, name for Pleiades, 6-1971
Vermeer, Jan (Johannes), Dutch painter, 5-1594 lirturs
The Cook, 9-3074
The Pearl Necklace, 9-3075
Young Woman with a Water Jug, 5-1593
Vermont. New Eingland state; area, 9,564 square miles; capital, Montpelier. Largest city, Burlington. Farming and dairying are carried on, and the state leads in granite and marble quarrying and maple-sugar industries. The leading industries are woolen goods and preparing stone. Abbreviation, Vt. Nickname, "Green Mountain State." Flower, red clover. Motto, "Freedom and Unity." The name comes from two French words: verd, green, and mont, mountain. F-irst settlement, Fort i)ummer, 17ッt described in Northeastern States, 10-3401-08; 11-3773-82; 12-4145-54
early history (chronologically arranged) origin of name, 6-1905-06
Green Mountain boys, $4-1164 ; 6-1906$
Battle of Bennington, $4-1168$
declared independence, 6-1906
admitted to Union, 6-1906
products
building stone, 11-3773
maple sugar, 10-3420
rirtirrs
Bennington monument, 12-4151
flag (in color) 19-7190
granite quarry, 11-3775
maple-sugar camp, 10-3408 village in the hills, 12-4151
Vernal grass, note and picture, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 5 8}$
Verme, Jules, French author, note on, 12-4235

* Round the World in Eighty Days, summary, 12-4235-44
Verner, Freclerick, ('aranlan painter. 10-3;"?
Vernet, Horace, French painter, 6-2082
Pirturrs
Battle of Bourines, 6-2077
Eastern Trader, 6-2079
The Taking of the Smala, 6-2079

Vernet, Joseph, French painter, 5-1882
Picture, Mediterranean scene, 5-1875
Verocchio, Andrea del, see Verrocchio
Verona. One of the most beautiful Italian cities, containing a famous Roman amphitheatre, a 12th-century cathedral, the ancient castle of Theodoric, many fine palaces, and a splendid art collection of the Veronese, Paduan and Venetian schools. It lies at the foot of the Alps, and has furniture and textile manufactures.

Pictures, 13-4567
old Roman amphitheatre, 15-5341
Town Hall (gravure), 17-6306
Veronese, Paolo (Paolo Cagliari), Italian painter, 3-1107
work in Venice, 4-1463-64
Pictures.
portrait, 4-1455
portraits of himself, 4-1463
Industry, 4-1454
Madonna of the Cuccina Family (gravure). 3-1112
Magdalen (gravure), 3-1112
Marriage at Cana, 4-1454; (gravure), 3-1110
Veronica, St. A holy woman who is said to have used her veil to wipe the sweat from the face of Jesus on His way to Calvary. The Saviour left the impress of His face upon it when $H e$ handed it back.
Verrazano, Giovanni da
expedition to America, 1524, 2-677
explorations, 1-246
statue of, in New York, 1-249
Verrocchio, Andrea del, Italian painter and sculptor, 4-1459-60; 13-4605
Pictures
portrait, 4-1455
Colleoni statue (gravure), 4-1468; 13-4614
David, statue (gravure), 13-4614
Versailles, Palace of
architecture, 18-6496
building of, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 3 6}$
description, 10-3563
Pictures, 18-6501
Hall of Mirrors, 18-6463
Versailles, Treaty of, 1919, 11-3974; * 18-6457-63 not ratified by Senate, 8-2674
Verse, in poetry, definition, 1-216
Versification, see Poetry
Vertebræ, parts of backbone, 5-1562-63
Vertebrates, animals with backbones

* history and description, 1-255-59
classes of, 1-256; 5-1559-60
first, in Silurian period, 3-1032
Vertumnus, god of gardens and orchards, 9-3235
Very seat of life, * 2-661-64
Vesalius, Andreas, medical discoveries of 8-2725
Vespasian, Roman emperor, 5-1863 Picture, bust of, $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 6 3}$
Vesper, in ancient mythology, was Venus, the evening star. 9-3233
Vespucci, Amerigo (Americus Vespucius) explorations, 1-189, 242
false claims of, 8-2980
Picture, portrait, 1-88
Yesta (Hestia), goddess of fire, 9-3226
Vestal virgins, account of, 9-3227
Vesuvius, Mt., volcano, 13-4568
eruption buried Pompeii, 5-1863
height of, 7-2313
Pictures, 2-524; 7-2313
Vetch
milk, see Loco weeds
tufted, 14-4976-77
Picture, tufted vetch, 14-4977
Pictures (in color)
bitter vetch, 14-4988
bush vetch, 14-4991
cow vetch, $13-4877$
slender vetch, 15-5612
tuberous bitter vetch, 14-4992
wood vetch, 15-5610
Vetchling, flower
Pictures (in color)
blue marsh vetchling, 16-5881 grass vetchling, $\mathbf{1 4 - 4 9 8 6}$ yellow vetchling, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 1}$
Veto. From the Latin veto, I forbid. The power or right in one branch of a constitutional government to negative the wishes of annther branch; for example, the right of a president or


## GENERAL INDEX

Veto (continued)
king to reject a bill passed by the legislature or parliament of the country. In the United States, the two Houses can reconsider a bill returned by the president, and by a two-thirds majority pass such bill over the president's veto.
In Great Britain the veto has not been used since the days of William III.
Veturia, Roman matron, and Coriolanus, 2-586
Vibrations
of ether, in light and sound, 11-3804
of light and sound compared, 12-4156
of string in musical instruments, 8-2719; 19-6854
relation to overtones, 19-6851-52
Viburnum. Picture, Hower (gravure), 19-717S
"Vicar of Christ," title of the Pope, 8-2843
Vicar of Wakefield, see Goldsmith, Oliver
Vice versa. Latin for "the other way round."
Vicenza. Ancient walled city of Venetia, Italy,
with a fine Gothic cathedral. It manufactures
silk, linen, paper and velvet.
Picture. Basilica F'alladiana (gravure), 17-6307
Vichy. Health resort in central France, famous for medicinal springs.
Vicksburg, Miss.
taken by Grant in 1863, 7-2436
Victor Emmanuel I, king of Italy
and fight for Italian unity, 12-4412
Victor Emmanuel II, king of Italy, 13-4590
Picture, meeting Garibaldi, 13-4589
Victor talking machine, 1-264-65
Victoria, queen of England
as a little girl, 7-2293
death, 7-2300

- reign, 7-2296, 2298-99

Picture, when told she is queen (painting by H. T. Wells), 7-2292

Victoria. Capital of British Columbia, on Vancouver Island. A rapidly growing port, it has considerable lumber, canning and shipping trades.
Victoria, capital of Hongkong, China, 2-436 description, $9-3186$
Victoria, capital of the Seychelles, 9-3182
Victoria, state of Australia, 7-2466, 2468
Victoria Bridge, Montreal, note and picture, 1-35
Yictoria Falls, on the Zambezi, 18-6806 description, 9-3052 discovered by Livingstone, 2-468 Pictures, 7-2541; 9-3049
Victoria Nyanza, Lake, 9-3054
discovered by Speke, 2-171 size, 7-2484
Victoria regia, a lily, 9-3266 Picture, 9-3263
Victorian era, characteristics, 7-2293-99; 10-3469
See also Nineteenth century
Victory, Nelson's flagship, 11-3918 Picture, 11-3919
Victory, Statues of
Winged Victory, first example, 11-3992
Victory of Samothrace, 12-4332

## Pictures

first Winged Victory, Nike of Delos, 11-3991 Victory of Samothrace (gravure), 12-4336
icuña, llama, 5-1600
Picture, (gravure), 5-1604
Vidocq, French detective, story about, 18-6476, 6791-92
Vionna. Fourth largest European city, capital of Austria. On both banks of the Danube, it is a great commercial, banking and manufacturing centre, though its trade has declined since the break-up of the Austrian Empire; it is famous for the arts and sciences. Splendid buildings include: the old cathedral of St. Stephen, shaped like a Latin cross, with a steeple 450 feet high; the Hofburg, the former imperial palace; and the Gothic Rathaus.

See also 17-6196
attacked by Turks, 11-3964
protecter from Turks by Polish king,
13-4682, 4800, 4802
Pirtures, 17-fis! 5
St. Statheri's (entherimal (eravirn). 17-6171
Vienna, Congrems of, 10-3572; 11-3968 Picture, 11-3959
Vigilance Committees of Californi:a, 6-19の?
Vignola, Baroze1 da, Italian architect, 17-6309

Vikings
arctic explorations, 13-4707-08
funeral custom, 14-4953
invasion of England, 4-1432
ships of, 11-3916
visits to America, 1-241
See also Northmen; Danes
Poem about. Sea-King's Burial, by Charles Mackay, 14-4953
Pictures
reproduction of ship, 11-3911
ship at sea, 1-240
Vikings on sea and land, 1-243
Vilkitski, B. A., arctic explorer, 13-4722
Villehardouin, Geoffroi de, early French writer 18-6562
Villi of the alimentary canal
Picture, magnified diagram, 6-2083
Villiers, George, see Buckingham, 1st Duke of
Villon, François, French poet, 18-6563-64
Vilna. Cathedral city in northeast Poland, trading in timber and corn
lost to Lithuania, 18-6461
Vimy ridge, Canadian monument at, 14-5078
Vincent de Paul, Saint, 5-1732-33
Vinci, Leonardo da, Italian artist and genius

* life and work, 3-824, 828, 830
and canal locks, 13-4785
first painter to use light and shade in color, 3-957
Pirturcs
Beatrice d'Este, 3-825
Last Supper, 3-830
Lodovico Sforza, 3-825
Madonna of the Rocks, 3-825
Mary, Saint Anne, and the Infant Jesus 3-825
Mona Lisa, 3-829
Vinegar. An impure and weak form of acetic acid obtained by acetous fermentation of alcoholic products, usually wine, cider or malt. Vinegar is used for preserving and cooking purposes, as well as for a condiment with pickles or mayonnaise.


## Vines

tendril, movement of, 2-744
ways of climbing, 1-333-34
ways of growth, 2-745
Vinje, Aasmund, Norwegian poet, 19-7012
Violas, flowers, 19-7171
Picture (gravure), 19-7175
Violet Family, in botany, 13-4873
Violets, flowers
account of, 17-6276
care in cold weather, 5-1767
garden, description, 19-7171
national flower of Athens, 17-6180
of Pacific coast. 19-6936
Pocm about. The Violet, by Jane Taylor, 2-489
Picture
single violet (gravure), 19-7175
Pictures (in color)
dog violet, $13-4880$
hairy violet, 14-4983
marsh violet, 16-5882
sweet violet, 13-4878
wood violet, 14-4991
Violets, Water, see Water violet
Violin
famous makers of. 18-6700
how tones are produced, 10-3556
note sounded affected by length and tightness of string, 18-6699
tone variations, 19-6852
reason in shape of violin body, 18-6700
tones compared to voice, 10-3558
toy, directions for making from cigar box,
9-3113-14
ouestions about
Why does a violin string change its note when held down? 8-2719
Why has a violin two slits in it? 12-4505
Picture, early form, 19-6900
Vipers, snakes
fable about, by Æsop, 6-1969
varieties, and account of, 15-5414
Pictures. 15-5413
horned viper, 15-5411
Viver's bugloss, plant. 14-4974
Virchow, Rudolf. Grman anatomist, the founder of cellular pathology; born, Pomerania, 1821: died, Berlin, 1902.

Vireos, birds, 9.3139: 13-4836, 4838; 14-5142
Picture, nest, 13-4765
Virgil, Roman poet

* life and writings, 16-5911
account of the bee, 17-6222
Aneid, story of, 6-1986-89
Dryden's translation of, 4-1358
on sheep farming, 15-5576
See also Poetry Index, for poem and note Pictures
portrait, 16-5907
portrait in group, 16-5906
Virgin Islands. More than 100 West Indian Is lands in the Leeward group; area, 465 square miles. Ownership of the islands is divided between the United States and Great Britain. Culebra, Culebrita, Vieques, St. Croix, St. Thomas and St. John are American, the last-mentioned three having been bought from Denmark in 1917. Tortola, Virgin, Gorda, Jost van Dyke, Peter's Island and Salt Island are the most important of the British Islands. The Virgin Islands were discovered by Columbus on his second voyage in 1493. Stock-raising, copper-mining, and sugarand cotton-growing are carried on.
* account of, 10-3594
three islands bought by U. S., 19-7104
See also Danish West Indies
Virginal, musical instrument, 5-1796
Virginia. Historic state, the first permanent English colony having been founded at Jamestown in 1607; area, 42,627 square miles; capital and largest city, Richmond. Essentially agricultural, it produces much grain, fruit and vegetables, but easily its most important product is tobacen; manufactures cotton, tobacco and lumber. Produces coal and other minerals. Norfolk and Newport News are busy ports. Abbrevi?tion, Va. Nickname, "Old Dominion." Flower, American doowood. Motto, "Sic semper tyrannis" (Thus always to tyrants). The name was given by Sir Walter Raleigh in honor of Queen Elizabeth, the Virgin Queen.
described in Southern States, 13-4517-28;
14-4889-4900
early books about, 12-4445
history (arranged chronologically)
and Capt. John Smith, 14-4971
and Sir Walter Raleigh, 14-4966-67
origin of name, 1-251; 14-4966; 17-6333
early settlements, 2-543-46
slavery introduced, 2-546
development of colony, 2-550-55
claimed Ohio Valley, 3-780
Braddock expedition, 3-780
in Revolution, 4-1164, 1172
signers of Declaration of Independence, 20-7.5.7
signers of Constitution, 20-7574
secedes from Union (April 17, 1861), 7-2432
Richmond made capital of Confederacy, 7-2432
state divided, 7-2432
battlefield of Civil War, 7-2432-42
presidents from, 8-2676
Pictures
Arlington, 5-1541; 14-4893
cabbage field, 13-4523
Capitol Square, Richmond, 14-4900
caverns of Shenandoah, 14-4900
Jamestown old church, 2-542
just before Cornwallis surrendered, 4-1173
McLean house, Appomattox, 7-2441
Merrimac and Monitor, 7-2435
Monticello, 18-6837
Mt. Vernon, 18-6839
mountains to sea, 13-4519
Natural Bridge, 14-4900
Old Bruton Church, 5-1701
original capitol at Richmond, 7-2441
St. John's Church, 18-6830
throngh the Dismal Swamp, 14-4894
Washington's Tomb, 3-1041
Westover (graviure), 18-6585
White Honse of Confereracy, 14-4893
Woodrow Wilson's birthplace, 19-7195
Virginia, ship, Confederate name for Merrimac. 7-2434
Virginia University of, note and picture.
Virginja Company, to colonize America,
2-543-44
Virginia creeper, resembles poison ivy, $13-4782$

Virginians, by William Thackeray, outline of. 8-2738
Viscacha, animal. Picture, 3-1130
Vischer, Peter, German sculptor, $13-4700$
Picture, Shrine of St. Sebald, 13-4702
Vision of Piers Plowman, 1-305
Vistula. River of Eastern Europe, rising in the Beskid Mountains, Czecho-Slovakia, and flowing through Poland into the Baltic. It drains 74,000 square miles, and passes Cracow, Warsaw, Plock, Thorn, Graudenz and Danzig, its chief tributaries being the Bug and San. 650 miles.

## Vitamins

in flour. 8-2802
in potatoes, 5-1624
Vitellius, Aulus, Roman emperor, 5-1863
Vitruvius Pollio, Marcus, book on architecture, 15-5342
Vitus, St. Sicilian boy who was converted to Christianity and martyred about 303. For many years it was believed that dancing before his image on his festival would bring good health for a year, and this is the origin of the name St. Vitus' Dance as applied to a nervous disease. Vivarini family, Italian painters, $3-1104$
Vive la République. French for "Long live the Republic!'
Vivivarous lizard, 14-5234
Vladimir, Grand Prince of Russia, 10th century, 16-5691
Vladivostok. Siberian port on the Sea of Japan, with a splendid harbor. It is closed for a few months in the winter.
Russian port on the Pacific, 16-5859
Vocal cords, account of, 10-3555-56
and overtones, 19-6853-54
Vogelweide, see Walther von der Vogelweide
Voice
how produced, 10-3555-61
different kinds, reason for, 10-3558-59
pictures drawn by, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 5 4}$
how made. 17-f145
pleasant voice, cultivation of, 10-3558-59
vocal cords and overtones, 19-6853-54
guestions about
Why do our voices sound hollow in an empty hall? 6-2122
Why does a boy's voice break and not a girl's? 4-1230
Why does my roice seem louder if I put my hands over my ears? 18-6554
Voice-box, see Larynx
Volcanoes
account of, 7-2313-14
in Alaska. 16-5 95
in Antarctica, 14-5089
in early geologic times, 2-526; 4-1401
in Hawaii, 15-5447
Mauna Loa, 2-446
in Japan, 2-568
in mythology, 9-323?
in North America, 1-158
Kilauea, largest active one, 10-3584
Lassen Peak. California, 7-2288
list of, with heights, 7-2313
mud-volcanoes, New Zealand, 7-2579
origin of word, 9-3237
washed away by rivers, 7-2537
Question about. How is a volcano formed? 8-2873-74
Pictures, 2-524; 7-2317-18
imaginary section through Mt. Etna, facing 2-385
Mauna Loa, Hawaii, 2-446
on moon, 10-3541
Stromboli, Pelée, and a mud volcano, 6-2176 Volente Deo, Latin for "God willing," usually written, D.V.
Volga. Longest river of Russia and Europe, rising in the Valdai Hills and flowing into the Caspian. Draining 563,000 square miles, it is navigable almost throughout its course, while it connects by canals with the Neva and Baltic. The Oka and Kama are its chiaf tributaries, and it passes Tver, Jaroslav, Kostroma, Nijni Novgorod, Kazan, Simbirsk, Samara, Saratov, Tsaritsin and Astrakhan. Sturgeon and salmon abound in its waters, 2,400 miles.
Volplane, method of landing from airplane,
1-172
Volt, electrical measurement, 16-5674
Volta, Alessandro, Italian physicist
electrlc cells, 16-5671

Volta，Alessandro（continved）
electrical discoveries．4－1250－51
Picture，portrait，4－1243
Volta Bureau，founded by Alexander Graham Bell，17－6242
Voltaic cell，invention by Volta，4－1251 see also Electric batteries
Voltaire，French writer，18－6714－15 Pictures，portraits，6－2127；18－6559， 6716
Volume，means size，differs from mass， 2－385－86
Volumnia，Roman matron，and Coriolanus， 2－586
Fon Bellingshausen，Fabian，see Bellingshausen
Von Kleist，see Kleist，H．W．von
Von Winkelried，Arnold，see Winkelried，Arnold von
Vonnoh，Bessie Potter（Mrs．Robert），American sculptor，14－4940
Picture，statuette，Motherhood，14－4939
Vosges．Thickly wooded mountain range in northeast France，between the Saône and Mo－

## celle basins．

Voting
classes in England receiving vote，19th century，7－2298
duty of，6－2093
in Canada，5－1836
woman－suffrage leaders in U．S．，14－5268－69
Vowel flame，device in sound study，19－9855
Vowels
more musical than consonants， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 6 0}$
pronunciation of，with diagram，10－3559－61
sounds and overtones of，19－6855
Vulcan（Fephaestus），god，9－3227
Valcan，name of undiscovered planet， 9－3290
Vulcanite，how made，and uses，4－1406
Vulcanization of rubber，4－1406；19－7211
Voltures，birds，10－3759－60
of southern United States，14－5021
Pictures，（gravure），10－3761－64


Wabash River．American river，rising in Mercer County．Ohio；flows into the Ohio River． 550 miles．
Waccamaw River．American river，rising in southern North Carolina；empties into the Great
Pedee River． 550 miles．
Wacousta，book by John Richardson comment on，14－5106
＊quotations and summary，9－3141－49
Wages
relation to invention， $19-7214$
relation to supply and demand，17－6094
Wagner，Carl，artist
Picture，Bismarck concluding Peace of
Versailles，11－3969
Wagner，Richard，German musical composer
＊life and work，19－6923
Lohengrin，opera，based on legend，8－2957
music dramas of，19－7151
Pictures
contemporary caricature，19－7151
portrait，19－6912
Wagram，battle at，6－2206
Wagtails，birds，9－3134 Pictures，9－3135
Pictures（in color）
blue－headed wagtail，9－3129
gray wagtail，9－3131
Died wagtail 9－3284
white wagtail，8－2899
yellow wagtail， $9-3282$
Wahhabis，in Arabia，18－6674
Wake－robin，name for cuckoo－pint，17－6123
Wake－robin，name for white trillium，17－6276 Waking

Questions about
Io wf always wakt when we have had enough sleep？5－1609
What makes me wake up in the morning？ $1-78$ Why cannot we grasp a bar tightly when we first wake up？4－1356
Walcheren．Dutch island at the mouth of the Scheldt，the scene of a disastrous British ex－

Walcheren（rontinurd）
pedition in 1809．Here are Middelburg and the port of Flushing．
Walden pond，see Thoreau，H．D
Waldstein，or Waldenstein，Albrecht Eusebius von，see Wallenstein
Wales．Western principality of Great Brit－ ain；area， 7,470 square miles．Comprising 12 counties，it is generally mountainous，Snowdon （ 3,571 feet）being the highest mountain in Eng－ land and Wales．Most of the country is pas－ toral and agricuitural，but in South Wales is the most important anthracite coal－field in Great Britain，and here also are large copper， tinplate，zinc and oil－refining industries．Car－ diff，Rhondda and Swansea are the chief indus－ trial centres．
ancient Britons there，4－1320
conquered by Edward I，5－1679
natirinal eniblem，the leek．17－61ヶ1
song，March of the Men of Harlech，17－6254
Picture，landscape（gravure），7－2304
Wales，Prince of
first Prince of Wales，5－1680
Picture，radio photograph of present prince， 17－6364
Walk，concrete，directions for making， 11－3854－55
Walker，Frederick，English painter
Pioture，A Rainy Day，8－2921
Walker，Helen，walk to London，12－4224
Walker，Henry Oliver，American painter
waintings in Library of（＇oms1ess． $5-1.536$
Walker，Horatio，Canadian painter， $10-3702$
Picture，Oxen Drinking（gravure）， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 0 5}$
Walker，John，made first matches，19－6966
note and picture，1－309
Walker，W．R．，relaid foundation of Winchester Cathedral．13－4596
Walking
acts necessary in， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 2 5}$
as affected by centre of gravity，14－5178
difference between man and animal，5－1562
measuring speed，6－2048
time required to learn，3－877
Qurstions：Mbないt
Could a man ever walk from France to Eng－ land？16－5840
Could we walk without toes？1－74
Why can baby animals walk so soon？17－6173
Why do we swing our arms when we walk？ 5－1808
Why is walking easier on a rough surface than on a smooth one？6－2124
Why must a baby learn to walk？3－877
Walking sticks，insects，17－6070
Picture，17－6071
Wall barley，see Barley，Wall
Wall－eyed pike，see Pike－wall－eyed
Wall－pepper， $14-4!-3$
Wall－rack，directions for making，7－2379
Wallabies，kangaroos，7－2503
Pictures（gravure），7－2506－07
Wallace，Alfred Russel，English scientist， and latwin．2．．．4！
pointed out Wallace Line，2－587
Picture，portrait，2－589
Wallace，Frederick William，Canadian author， 15－5371
Wallace，Lew，American author，life，13－4823
＊Ib， 1 －Hur，（נuttatins and summar！10－374．j－52
Wallace，Sir William，12－4208；13－4586
＊in Scottish Chiefs，12－4319－26
Picture，portrait，13－4583
Wallace， $\mathbf{W}$ ．S．，Canadian historian，15－5368
Wallace Iine，geological channel，2－58
Wallachia，part of Rumania，14－4919， 4922
Wallenstein，Albrecht Eusebius von，German general，11－3964
Waller，Bimund，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Wallfower，19－7170
Picture（gravure），19－7180
Walloons．The people of southeast Belgium of Alpine stock，who are descended from the Belgre of Cæsar＇s time．Many came as Protestant refugees to England，and helped to establish their silk and cloth industries．They have worshiped in Canterbury Cathedral since 1600 ． warsh
concrete wall，how made，7－230h
Roman wall，with pictures，4－1318－19， 1323
See also Great Wall of China

## GENERAL INDEX

Walls (continued)
Qucstion about. How can sound come into a room through a wall? 12-1279
Walnut trees
black walnut, 13-4637, 4540, 4642
note on, 12-4254
varieties, 12-4248
developed by Burbank, $15-5385$
white walnut, see Butternut
wood
how to know, 6-2048; 16-5982
used for furniture, 18-6768
Sec also Walnuts
Pictures, 12-4254
black walnut in winter, 13-4637
royal walnut, produced by Burbank, 15-5383
Walnuts, kinds and uses, 6-2276
English walnuts, 6-2276
Pictures, 6-2274
English walnut (in color), 11-4026
Walpole, Horace, English author
meeting with Hogarth, 7-2328
wrote Castle of Otranto, 6-2257
Picture, portrait, 6-2255
Walpole, Sir Robert, English statesman, character and policy, 6-2097-98
Walrus, 3-1000
use by Eskimos, 7-2566
Pictures, 3-999, 1001, 1004
Walter the Penniless, and First Crusade, 7-2585
Walther von der Vogelweide, medieval German poet, 17-6267
Wampum. American Indian term for strings of
shells used for ornament, tribal records, and so
on. These were used as a medium of exchange
with the early white settlers.
Wandering Jew, legend of, 19-7224
Wapiti, animal, 4-1446
Picture. 4-1443
War, Poems about, see Soldiers-Poems about
War of 1812, see United States-history-War of 1812
Warble-flies, 17-642?
Warblers, birds
account of, 9-3277-79
American
account of, 13-1810
differ from European, 9-327?
*of North America, 14-5024-25
of western North America, 14-5145-46
wood warblers, 8-2972
Pirtures, 9-3279
nest. 13-4765
lictures (in color)
Audubon's warbler, facing 14-5133
Blackburnian warbler, 10-3623
blue-headed warbler, 12-4371
Dartford warbler, 9-3129
garden warbler, 8-2898
grasshopper warbler, 9-3130
marsh warbler, 9-3132
reed warbler, 9-3283
sedge warbler, 8-2899
Townsend's warbler, facing 14-5140
willow warbler, 9-3132
wood warbler, 8-2898
yellow warbler, 12-4370
Ward, Artemus (C. F. Browne), Imerican author, 13-4817
Ward, Edward Matthew, English painter
Pictur, Marie Intoinette, Louis XVI and their ('hildren in their I'rison ('ell, 6-2133
Ward, Mrs. Kumphry, novelist, 11-3899
Ward, John Quincy Adams, American sculptor, 14-493f
Pioftir. Indian llunter, statue, 14-19:3?
Ward, Nathaniel, wrote Simple cobbler of Agawam, 12-4446

## Warmth

Question rlout. Where does the warmth in our hodies come from? 14-5゙218
Warner, Olin Levi, American sculptor, 14-4939
Warner, Susan, American author, 14-5014
Warning, game, 3-1029
Warrant. In law, a document granting an authorized official the power to seize or hold a person or property or to carry out a judgment.:


## \section*{to grant} <br> Warren, Joseph, American patriot

Poem about. Warren's Address to the American Soldiers, by John Pierpont, 19-6990

Warren, 工ake, prehistoric lake, 1-108
Wars of the Roses, England, 5-1686
roses as emblems, 17-6181
Warsaw, Poland, 13-469
Pictures, 13-4683, 4687
Warships, see Battleships
Wart. A natural excrescence, or tumor, on the skin, usually hard and irregular to the touch and circular in shape. Generally warts are found on the hands of boys and girls between ten and fifteen years of age, but they disappear in the majority of cases after growing has stopped. A doctor can cauterize warts to make them disappear.
Wart hog, description, 5-172?
Picture, 5-1721
Warwick, England
Picture, castle, 18-¢488
Wash, The. Shallow bay of the North Sea into which the English rivers Witham, Welland, Nen and Great Ouse empty. It is the remnant of a much larger bay which once covered a great part of the Fen country of England and was gradually silted up by the rivers.
Washington, Booker. American Negro educationist; born, Hale's Ford, Virginia, 1858; died, Tuskegee, Alabama, 1915.
Washington, George, president of U.S
administration, *5-1698-1702; 11-3937

* life, 3-1039-42
ife, outline of, 11-3951
led expedition against Fort Duquesne,
1754-55, 3-780
took command of American army in 1775 4-1164
crossing the Delaware, 4-1168-69
resigned command of army, 5-1696
elected president, 5-1698
inauguration, 5-1699
organized government, as first president, 5-1700
and development of waterways, 13-4882
and French Revolution, 5-1702
birthday a holiday, 6-2088
portraits painted
by Charles Willson Peale, 9-3327
by Rembrandt Peale, 9-3:327
by Gilbert Stuart, 9-3327-28
rebuke to officer, story, 5-1691
statues of
by H. K. Brown, 14-4936
by Horatio Greenough, 14-4334
by J. Q. A. Ward, 14-4936
See also Revolution, American
lictures
portrait, 3-1039
portrait, by Stuart, 9-332?
portrait (gravure), 11-3946-47
portrait, in group, by Edward Savage, 3-971
portrait, with mother, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 1 8}$
at Valley Forge, $\mathbf{4 - 1 1 6 9}$
crossing the Delaware, $4-1169$
first Cabinet, 5-1699
homt at. Mt. Ferum, 18-f 833
inauguration, 5-1699
leaving New York, after Revolution, 4-1173 tomb at Mount Vernon, 3-1041
Washington, Lawrence, and Ohio Company, 3-780
Washington, Mrs, Martha, wife of George
Washington, 2-391-92
Pictures, portrait, 2-391
portrait, in group, by Edward Savage, 3-971 Eแw! Wom by, 2-3!:
receiving at a levee, $\mathbf{2 - 3 9 0}$
Washington, D. C
* description. 5-1533-44
burned in War of 1812, 5-1705
Capitol, 5-1533-34
Conference on Limitation of Armament, 1921, 8-2674
water power, 15-5430
* Pictures, 5-1533-44

Capitol, 5-1535, 1543; 18-6679
Capitol before Civil War, 10-3.187
Lincoln Memorial (gravure), 11-3946
Pennsylvania Railroad terminal, 2-419


Washington monument, 5-1539-40
Washington. Mountainous Pacific state; area 69,127 square miles; rainiest part of the United States, it is gentrally thickly woodul. and] lat..

## GENERAL INDEX

Washington（continued）
bering，coal－mining，fishing，stock－raising and agriculture are the chief occupations．Lumber and food products are the leading industries． The capital is Olympia，the largest town is Seattle．Spokane is also important．Nickname， ＂Evergreen State＂or＂Chinook State．＂Flower， rhododendron．Motto，＂Ai－ki＂（by and by）． First settlement，Tumwater， 1845
described in Western States，18－6425－34
19－6841－50
and Oregon Question，6－1918
boundary disputes，6－1918
made a state，11－3944
water power，15－5430
wealth in timber，8－2680
Pictures
Chuckanuck Drive，Pacific Highway，7－2307
flag（in color），19－7191
Interstate bridge，1－26
King Lake Dam，15－5428
largest lumber mills，18－6428
logs of Douglas Fir，8－2676
Mt．Rainier，7－2283；19－6849
San Juan Islands，18－6431
Seattle，views in，19－6847
Spokane，scene in，19－6844
University，12－4317
Volunteer Park，Seattle，9－3217
Wenatchie Valley，18－6431
Washington，Mt．，New Hampshire，height，1－154
Washington，University of，note and picture 12－4317
Washita（Ouachita）River．American river，ris－ ing in western Arkansas；flows into the Red River． 550 miles．
Wasp，ship，victory over Frolic，5－1704；17－6330 Wasps
＊account of，17－6230－32
as paper－makers，3－1056
brain of，8－2838
chalcid，destroy blow－flies，18－6724
in fig，life－history of，6－2156， 2162
nests，with pictures，17－622．
social wasp，home of，17－6230
value，kill harmful insects，17－6230
Wall Wasp，17－6230
Qutstion abmut．Whyy does a wasp＇s poison not hurt the wasp？ $\mathbf{3 - 8 7 7}$
Pictures，17－6229；（in color）facing 18－6721
Wat Tyler＇s Rebellion，1381．A rising of the English peasantry against serfage，and par－ ticularly against the poll tax of 1381
Watanna，Onoto，Canadian novelist，15－5370
Watauga Association of Tennessee settlers， 6－1908
Watauga Valley，settlement of，6－2196－97
Watch on the Rhine，song，account of，10－3612

## Watches

how to use as compass，16－5768
Uutxtion nlmont．What makes at watch go？ 12－4281
Watches，plants，see Trumpets
Water
absorbed by roots，2－613－14
action in forming the earth，2－525－27
as rain．8－2921－24
clouds composed of，8－2922
composition of，12－4404－05
condensation of，8－2921－24
as hail，8－2923－24
as rain，8－2923－24
as snow，8－2923；14－4906

drops，explanation of，11－3843
effect on temperature， $8-2664,2666$
evaporation of， $\mathbf{3 - 9 8 1 ; ~ 8 - 2 9 2 1 ~}$
expansion of，9－3101
as ice．4－1355
experiments with，19－7083－84
boiling in paper，2－623
fairy fountain，2． 627
floating a needle，2－623 siphon，2－622
filtr．hull to wake 18－f7781
freezing point of， $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 7 3}$
heat retained by， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 7 5}$
heat，specific，16－5663
illustrates molecular theory of heat， 15－ 1 ． 1
measure of sperific gravity，14－5036－37
 plants require，2－613－16，743－46

Water（contimued）
proportion in food，diagram，6－2185
purification by aerators，14－5057
reflects like mirror，3－978
sinks into earth，6－2249
springs，how caused，6－2249；15－5620
stagnant，purity of，14－5084
＊supply of a great city，14－5055－60
temperature when densest，14－1902
use in body，6－2186
ways of carrying， $\mathbf{1 2 . 4 3 7 6}$
For list of main articles，sec 20－7615－16
Questions about
Can fresh water be found in the sea？2－584
Do we get a pound of ice from a pound of water？14－5086
How does still water reflect a distant scene？ 3－978
How much water is there in the sea？10－3578
If the gases in water make fire，why does water ruench it？15－itil！
Is it harmful to us to drink rain－water？ 1－310
Is there any water anywhere except in our world？14－5222
Is there any water in the sun？6－2122
What makes the water ripple when we throw a stone into it？14－5221
What makes water gurgle when it comes out of a bottle？11－3979
When water is boiling．Why can it not be made hotter？13－1595
Where does the spring water come from？ 15．5620
Where does the water go at low tide？11－3843
Why art we sure that lure water has no taste＂。 14－5シュ．
Why do we put a spomon in at glass before pouring in hot water？9．as各t
Why denes a lioht g口 wht in watcer，but flare

Why doces a $1 \mathrm{H} \cdot \mathrm{t}$ plate $\mathrm{g} \boldsymbol{\mathrm { c }} \mathrm{t}$ dry if we leave it alonte＂3－！ 1 ！
Whas dotes briling witer feel cold when wo put our hand in it？14－14．：1
Why does brolimg water matio bubbles？ 2－finfi
Why does hot water clean things better thar cold＂4－133：
Why does hot water crack thick glass mor easily than thin？13－4828
Why does hot water take up more room thar cold？ $\mathbf{1 6}$－5960
Why does ink stain when water does not？ $6-2 \cdot 5:$
Why does Mother put a marble in the kettle？ 5－1809
Why does not oil mix with water？11－3842
Why does not sea water make fishes thirsty？ 7－2360
Why does not the water fall out of a revolv－ ing pail？5－1609
Why does oil float on the surface of water？ 6－11：5

Why does the stream run faster in the mid－ dle？12－4399
Why dows walrw always serms shallower than it is？2－fi88
Why does wator find its own level？4－12丷！

Why is a rumbing stram purer than a stag－ nant pool？14－5084
Why is it that the sea dues not freeze？ 11．：．3：
Why is the surface of water always level？ 16－ㄷ－11
Water avens，see Avens，Water
Water－bear（tardigirada）
（ill liv．W11hout fomd．2－15T
Water boatman，insect．18－6731
Water crowfoot，see Crowfoot，Water
Water－cups，see Trumpets
Water dropwort，Hemlock，see Hemlock water dr＂川いいrt
Water－elder，note and picture，14－4972
Water figwort，see Figwort，Water
Water－fleas，16－․， $1 ., 1 ;$
Water－gas，how made．2－636， 638
Pictures，showing manufacture，2－640－43
Water－hemlock，Hower
description，16－5880
Pictures（in color），13－4878；16－5882

## GENERAL INDEX

Water Lilies, plante
account of, $16-5872$
description, 4-1278
notes on, 16-5870
seeds spread by herons, 11-4006
yellow pond lilies, 19-6928, 6930
Poem about. Dog and the Water-Lily, by William Cowper, 7-2528
Pietures, 16-5870
yellow water lily (in color), 16-5883
Water mint, see Mint
Water-nymph, submerged fresh-water plant, 4-1278
Water parsnip, see Parsnip, Water
Water-pheasants, birds, 11-4012
Water-pipes, why burst in thaw, 4-1450
Water plantain, see Plantain, Water
Water power

* Water power of the world, 15-5429-30
how changed to electrical energy, 15-5429-30
in countries and continents
Africa, 15-5430
Canada, 1-108-10
Europe, 15-5430
Italy, 13-45,
New Zealand, 7-2576
South America, 15-5430
United States, 15-5430
largest user of, 10-3399
Northeastern states, 11-3774
Southern states, 14-4889 super-power plan, 11-3774
relation to manutactures, 9-3212
sea as source of
tides, use of, 18-6558
waves of sea, use of, 15-5433
use in mining, 15-5433
used by Romans in mills, 8-2796
value of, 7-2538
water pressure, use of, 15-5432
Pictures, 15-5429-38
Water-scorpion, insect
Picture, (in color), facing 18-6721
Water-shield, plant, 19-6930
Water-silver, see Quicksilver
Water soldier, plant, 16-5872
Water-spout
Question about. What is a water-spout? 5-1809
Picture, in Black Sea, 8-2665
Water supply of N. Y. city, * 14-5055-60
Water thyme, see Thyme, Water
Water-tower, notes and pictures, 9-3165
Water-turkey, name for anhinga, 11-3882
Water-violets, note and picture, 16-j573 I'llor (in color), 16-5883
Water-wheel for 1rrisution. 7-2543-44
Pirturis and notes, $15-5431$
largest in world, at Hamah, 7-2545 primitive one, Bulgaria, 14-4929
Watercress, plant, 7-2616
description, 16-5877,5880
Picturcs, 16.5877
beds growing near London, 7-2622 cutting for market, 7-2613
Waterfalls. Largest, height of Grand, Labrador Sutherland, New Zealand.............. Upper Yosemite, California........ Gavarnie, France. Takkakaw, British Columbia..... 1, 1,200 Vettis, Norway. ..................... 1,200
950 Multnomah Oregon.............. 850 Kaieteur, British Guiana........ 804 Rjukan, Norway...................... 780 Middle Yosemite, California..... 626 Voringfos. Norway................ $60 n$ Skjaegqedalsfos, Norway........ 5.30 Stirling, New Zealand............ 500 Victoria, Africa. Lower Yosemite, California 400 Lower Yello. 320 Snoqualmio Wran Montana

310 Gevenalmie, Washington Montmores. Coloratdo
Shoshone Tdaho Ifuazu, Prazi!
Twin, Thahn. Niagara, North 1. 180 Murchison, Afrlea Upper Fellow stone Montana.... 110 Schafthausen Swizzerland ... 100
mement in the world 285480

Waterfalls (continued)
of Yosemite Park, 7-2282
Pictures, 3-775; 6-1957, 2173; 7-2541, 2579; 9-3049; 10-3405; 19-6841
Waterford. Capital, cathedral city, and port of County Waterford, England, near the mouth of the Suir. It has steamship connection with Bristol and Fishguard and exports dairy produce.
Waterhouse, J. W., British painter
Picture, Psyche's Garden (gravure), 9-3229
Waterloo, Battle of, 6-2096, 2208; 10-3572
Poems about
Eve of. Waterloo, by Lord Byron, 8-2766
The Last Charge of the French at Waterloo, by Sir Walter Scott, 15-5522
Picture, 6-2096
Watermarks in paper, explanation, 5-1753
Watermelons, account of, 6-2062
Waterproofing of boats, directions for, 18-6645
Waterton, Charles, English naturalist
battle with snakes, 4-1530-31
Waterworks, sf. W゙atir supply
Watling Island, West Indies, 19-7097
Watson, Homer, Canadian painter, 10-3701-02
Picture, Nut-gatherers in the Forest, 10-3701
Watson, John, author, 11-3897-98
Watson, Spencer, British painter
Picture, Isabel Pinkney (gravure), 8-2861
Watson, Thomas A., assistant to A. G. Bell, 17-6186
Watson, Sir William, English poet, 12-4233
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
Watson, Sir William, English scientist
electrical discoveries, 4-1246, 1248
Picture, portrait, 4-12 43
Watt, James, inventor
builds flour mill, 8-2798
experiments with horse-power, 2.689
invented a steam engine, 5-1612
Picture, looking at steaming kettle, as a boy. 5-1613
Watt, electrical term
how named, and definition, 2-689
Watteau, Antoine, French painter, 5-1881
Pictures
A Girl Dancing (gravure), 5-1880
Embarkation for Cythera, 5-1883
Watts, George Frederick, English artist as painter, 6-2236
us swulptor, 13-1851
Pictures (gravure) Cardinal Munning. 6-22?7 Sir Galahad, 19-6947
Watts, Isaac, hymn-writer, 12-4436
 Plcture portrait, 12-4439
Waugh, Idwin, see Poetry Index for poem and note
Waugh, Erederick J., American painter, 10-3456 Picture, Roaring Fortles (gravure), 10-3459
Waverley novels, serles by Sir Walter Scott
history of composition, 7-2626-30
quotations and summaries, 11-4069-78
Pictures, scenes from, 7-2625, 2628, 2629
Waves, see Hertzian waves; Radio waves; Sound -waves; Waves of sea
Waves of sea
and wind, 14-5220
cause of, 8-2921
description of, 18-6437
giant force of, 7-2542
use for water power, 15-5433
Question about. Is every seventh wave a bigger one? 5-1811
Waz. Ordinarily a sticky substance secreted by
bees and used to buila honeycombs. It is thick
dull yellow with a smell of honey. When purified it is white and plastic. it. is lighter in weight than water. It is usod iz medicine, as modeling material, and for canciles, etc. There are many other kinds of wax.
Waxberry, 14-5162,5165
Waxbills, birds. 8-2972
Waxwings, birds, 9-3139
cedar waxwing, 13-4836
l'irlum. 9-313.5
Way we have come, a summary of Europear

Waylaring tree (in color), 11. 4023
Pirture init Anerlcan soldler
Wayne, Anthony (1745-98). Amed during the whole

## GENERAL INDEX

Wayne, Anthony (continued)
Revolutionary War; captured Stony Point; member of Congress from Georgia, 1791-92; appointed commander-in-chief U. S. Army (i792), and defeated western Indians, 1794.

Picture, portraiz. 4-11tis
Wayside Inn, South Sudbury, Mass.
Picture, 12-4154
"We have met the enemy and they are ours," when said. 5-1704
Weakfish, 16-5780
Weald, The. Woodland district of England 1ying between the North and South Downs in Kent, surrey and sussex. From the time of the Romans to the beginning of the 19 th century it was an important centre of the iron in dustry, vast numbers of trees being felled.

## Wealth

* Wealth and what it is, 14-5243-46
* How wealth is created, 15-5357-60
* distribution of, 17-6091-94
* Spending and saving, 17-6359
definition of, 14-5ン4?
effort to distribute fairly, in England, 7-2294, 2296
origin of word, 14-5246
quotation about, by John Ruskin, 14-5246 spending of, encourages trades of luxury, 17-6360-61
Wealth of Nations, by Adam Smith
effect in England, 7-2294
Wealth of the Forest, * 16-5985-96
Wearin' $\mathbf{o}^{\prime}$ the Green, author of, 10-3610
Weasel Family, animals, 3-872-73
Pictures, 3-868-70


## Weather

foretelling, 3-1152 chemical weather-glass, how to make, 12-4502 devices for, how to make, 10-3625 See also Barometer

* how differs from climate, 8-2663-68
* rain, 8-2921-24
relation to atmospheric pressure, 15-5287
* why the seasons come and go, 8-2791-94
()uestion abrut. How dows seaweed tell us what the weather is going to be? 8-2718
Weather Bureau, United States, 5-1792
Weather-glass, chemical, how to make, 12-4502 See also Barometer
Weather-vane
directions for making, 10-3625-26; 19-6959 use of, 18-6691
Weatherly, Frederic Hdward, see Poetry Index for poems and notes
Weaver birds, 8-2970, 2972
Pictures, 8-2971
Picture (in color), $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 2 4}$
Weaving
baskets, reed, $3-897$
baskets, reed, 3-897
in mill. wilh wirtur
inen 9-3318, 3320 res, 14-5175-76
loom for hand weaving, how to make, 14-4997-98
power loom, invention of, 19-7204
See also Jacquard loom
Pictures, 14-5175-76
automatic 100 ms . 14-5166
in home, Quebec, 8-2955
in woolen factory, 15.5587
loom in mill, 9.3322
silk, various methods, 15-5318-19
Weber, Karl Maria von, German misical composer
Iffe and work, 19-6920, 7150
Picture, portrait, 19-6912
Webster, Daniel, American statesman
* life, 10-3492, 3494
reply to Hayne, 10-3494
Webster, Noah (1758-1843). The maker of the
well-known American dictionary bearing his mitme.
Webster, Thomas, British painter
Pictures, Dame's School, 14-5251

Webster-Ashburton Treaty, between England amil 1. S... 11-: : + +11
Weddell, James, antarctic explorer, 14-5090 Picture, portrait, 14-5089
Wedding rings
Question flrout. Why do all married women wear wedding rings? 7-2610

Wedgwood, Josiah, English potter, 5-1664 gave Coleridge annual income, 7-2354
Wednesclay, how named, 12-4202
consecrated to Mercury, 9-3227

## Weeds

* account of, 9.3391-96
* Roadside plants and weeds, 15-5387-94
annuals among weeds, 9-3393
harm done by, 9-3391-92
names of common weeds, 9-3392-9?
number on a square yard, 9-3394
spreading of, 4-1275
* Pictures, 15-5387-96
one year's growth, London lot, 9-3395
wild lettuce and ragweed, 9-3396
Week, division of time made by men, 1-238
Weevers, fishes, 16-5776
Pictures, 16-5777
viper weever (in color), 16-5782
Weevil. A snout beetle of the suborder Rhynrophors. The snont is ofteil lonser than the rest of the body. Varieties of weevils are among the most destructive parasites known to the agriculturist, and the worst of the tribe is the Mexican cotton-boll weevil.
Wegmann, $\boldsymbol{F}$., inventor, 19-7214
Welhaven, John, Norwegian critic, 19-7012
Weight
how differs from mass or density, 2-386;
14-4903, 5036
measurement of. 14-4902-03
specific gravity and, 14-5036-38
Questions about
Do things weigh heavier or lighter when hot or cold? 11-3977
Do we get a pound of ice from a pound of water? 14-5086
Does a cloud weigh anything? 10-3580
Why is a nerdle no heavier when magnetized? 11-3976
Weight-height-age tables, for children, 9-325\%
Weights and measures
* How things are measured, 14-4901-03
in cooking, 1-234
Questions about
How is a horse measured? 6-2252
What is a baker's dozen? 16-5961-62
See also Tables of weights and measures, 20-7858
Weigls, Robert, sculptor
Picture, statue of Beethoven, 19.7076
Wei-hai-wei, Shantung, leased by British, 9-3186
Weimar, Germany
Picture, Goethe's house, 17-6411
Weir, J. Alden, American painter, 10-3455
Weisenthal, Charles $\boldsymbol{F}^{\prime}$, and invention of sewing machine, 19-7212
Welding, by electricity, 16-5948
Welhaven, Johan, Norwegian wriver, 19-7012
Well, toy, how to make, 15-5334
Welland Canal, 13-4787
public property, 4-1484
Picture, 13-4789
Wellesley, Arthur, duke of Wellington, see Wel lington. Arthur Wellesley, duke of
Wellesley College
Picture, Founders' Hall, 12-4313
Wellington, Arthur Wellesley, duke of in Napoleonic Wars, 6-2205-08
Pirfuris. portrait, 6-:19!
portrait, as a boy (gravure), 6-2209
portrait, with mother, 15-5618
after Waterloo, 6-2198
on his march to Waterloo (gravure), 6-2211
Wellington, canital of New Zealand, $7-2574,2576$ Picture, 7-2580
Wells, Herbert George, English author, 11-3899
Wells, $\boldsymbol{F}, \mathbf{T}$, artist
Picture, Queen Victoria, 7-2292
Wells, Horace, used nitrous oxid when pulling teeth, 8-2729
Wells, England
Picture, cathedral, 16-5963
Welsbach, Auer von
developed use of gas mantles, 3-993
Welsbach lights, 2-636
Welsh. A Celtic people with some Iberian blood who were formerly known as Cymri. The mountains of Walts formed a refuise and a rallying-ground for the Gaels and Brythons who fled from the Teutonic invaders of England. They have the typical Celtic temperament: they are mercurial, vehement, voluble and eloquent,


## GENERAL INDEX

Welsh（continuer）
imaginative and quick－witted，but lack the stead－ fastness typical of the English．
Wembley，Imperial Exhibition of 1925，7－2299 exhibit of Canadian art，14－5078
Wenceslas，King，carol about，3－844 Picture，3－842
Wentworth，Thomas，see Strafford，Earl of
Wentworth，William Charles，Australian ex－ plorer，3－862
Wergeland，Henrik，Norwegian poet，19－7012 Picture，portrait，19－i009
Wesley，Charles，as hymn－writer，12－4436 See also Poetry Index，for poems and notes Picture，portrait，12－4439
Wesley，John
Pictures，portrait，12－4439；with parents，15－5615
Wessel，John Herman，Norwegian dramatist， 19－7011
West，Benjamin，American painter，9－3325－26 l＇irtures
Hagar and Ishmael，9－3331
Portrait of Charles Willson Peale，9－3329
West，Charles，submarine cable of，12－4293

## West Indies

＊account of，19－7097－510t
British possessions in，9－3190－91
Dutch possessions in，19－7104
French possessions in，19－7104
government，19－i10t
influence of United States in，19－7100－02， 7104
West Indies，Danish，bought by U．S．，10－3594； 19－7104
West Jersey，American colony，2－552
West Point Military Academy
＊West Point and Annapolis，18－6701－10 appointments，18－6702
famous graduates，18－6701－02
fort in Revolutionary times，18－6701
Pictures，18－6690，6701－06， 6710
West Virginia．Mountainous eastern state； area， 24,170 square miles；capital，Charleston． Largest city，Wheeling．Coal，iron and petro－ leum are the chief minerals．Lumbering，the manufacture of iron and steel and glass are also important．Abbreviation，W．Va．Nickname， ＂Panhandle State＂or，＂Mountain State．＂ Flower，rhododendron．Motto，＂Montani semper liberi＂（Mountaineers always freemen）．Sepa－ rated from Virginia in 1863
described in Southern States，13－4517－28； 14－4889－4900
a part of Virginia，7－2432
John Brown in．7－2430
made a state，11－3492
produces coal and petroleum，9－3210
Pistures
flag（in color），19－7191
fish hatchery at White Sulphur sprines， 11－4059
Harper＇s Ferry，13－4521 mining coal，3－798
Western anemone，see Anemone－western
Western Australia，state，7－2470
Western States
＊history and description，18－6425－36；19－6841－ 50
Lewis and Clark exploration，5－1：03；18－fit2h
Westinghouse，George
invention of air－brake．19－7212
Westminster Abbey，London，account of，12－4352－ 53：16－5972
and Edward I，5－1679
chapel of Henry VII，5－1813
first building by Edward the Confessor， 4－1 1？36
Henry III began rebuilding，5－1571－72
Pictuirs 12－4．3：
Westphalia，Peace of，1648，11－3964
Westward Ho，by Charles Kingsley，
＊summary and quotations，14－5027－34
Westwood，Thomas，see Poetry Index for poems and nofes
Wetherald，Ethelwyn，Canadian author，14－：i10
Wetherell，Elizabeth，st 1 arm．r．silsan
Wetherlll，Richard and Alfred，discovered cliff－ Twellings．7－2290
Wethersfield，Conn．，founding of，2－554
Weyden，Roger van der，Flemish painter，4－1225 Pictures，The Annunciation，4－1220
Vircin and Child．4－12es＇
Weyler，Valertano，Spanish general oppression of Cuba，10－3590

Weyman，Stanley J．，English author，11－3898
Weyprecht，Carl，arctic explorer，13－4712
Whale－lice，crustacean on whale， 6 －2216
Whales
＊account of，6－2213－20
ancient belief about，1－356， 358
destruction of a ship by，4－1189－90
enormous size of，6－2214
story about．＊Moby Dick，by Herman Melville，15－5401－08
Pictures，with notes，6－2215－19
sailors encamped on back，1－356
Whaling
influence on antarctic exploration，14．5089－90
＊story of Moby Dick，by Melville，15－5401－08
Wharton，Mrs．Edith，novelist．14－5009
What a Great City Does for its Children， ＊15－5621－28
What climate means to us，＊8－2663－68
What is happening in the sky，＊11－4037－42
What is wrong？game，18－6639
What man can do with a plant，＊4－1469－75

## Wheat

＊history，development and varieties，4－1469－74
＊history，plant structure，and production． 5－1754－63
and climate，5－1760
as food for man，7－2423－24
description of，for game，16－5771
diseases and pests，5－1757， 1762
fertilization of flowers，5－1758
France，production of，11－3818
grinding，invention of roller process， $19-721$ ， growth from seed，and parts of plant，with pictures，5－1754
machinery and implements for cultivating， 15－5278， 5280
seed，parts of，5－1754， 1756
spring wheat compared with winter wheat 15－5278
structure of a grain，8－2795
supply，decrease in proportion to population $7-123$
United States crop，8－2678
production in North Central states，15－5274． 5278－80
varieties，4－1470－71，1474；5－1758， 1760
winter wheat，5－1756， 1758
in Kansas，15－5278
world production，5－1760
yield，modern increase，5－1756
yield per acre，15－5278
Ser uls，Flour and flour mills
Question about．Why do farmers grow clover one year and wheat the next？4－1453
Pictures
germination，4－1471－73
grain，diagram，5－1754
harvesting and milling，1－374－78
parts of plant，and cultivation，5－1754－63
Wheat－rust，account，with pictures．5－1757， 1762
Wheatears，birds，account of，9－3140
Picture（in color），9－3129
Wheatstone，Sir Charles，inventor，17－6237
Pictures，portraits，17－6239， 6243
Wheelbarrow，directions for making，9－3253－54
Question about．Why has a wheelbarrow only
one wheel？8－3014， 3016
Wheeler，Seager，developed varieties of wheat． 4－1474
Wheeler，William A．，vice－president of U．S．
Picture，portrait（gravure），11－3948
Wheels
Questions about
Why are the spokes of a mangle wheel curved？7－2611
Why cannot we see the spokes of a wheel when it is going very fast？15－5518
Why has a traction engine groved wheels？ 7－2486
Why has a wheelbarrow only one wheel？ 8－3．114．
Wheelwright，Eowland，British painter
Picture．Enid and Geraint（gravure），19－6945
Whelks，molluscs，19－6889－90
アiッリルन゙，＊
ecriss and shr－11，19－risct
shells，19－6887：（in color），19－6893
When Johuny Comes Marching Home，song oricin of．18－itit
When the fire alarm rings，＊9－3157－69
Whetstomes
oilstones，description and care，12－4263

## GENERAL INDEX

Whey，formed from milk，7－2324
Whig Party．The name Whir was used before and during the Revolution to indicate those who opposed British rule，but about 1834 was re－ vived as a name for those opposed to President Jackson．The party elected Harrison in 1840, and Taylor＇in 1848 ，but split upon the question of slavery．
Whimbrel，bird
l＇ictures，11－4011；（in color），8－2900
Whinberries，see Whortleberries
Whinchat，hird
Pictures，9－3137；（in color），8－2900
Whip－poor－wills，birds，9－3372；13－4830
Whirlpool about．What makes a whirlpool？ 17－1；
Whirlwind
box that makes，4－1398
explanation，4－1398；18－6692
Whisky－jack，name for Canada or Oregon jay， 13－1…11：14－．．135
Whispering，explanation of，10－3561
Question about．Why can we hear a whisper across the dome of St．Paul＇s？ $\mathbf{4 - 1 4 5 0}$
Whistler，James A．McNeill，American painter and etcher
life and work，10－3449－50
Pictures，
Portrait of his Mother，10－3446
White Girl，10－3 +16
Whistles，directions for making，11－4085
Question about．Why does the whistle change as the train comes nearer？11－4132－33
White，Gilbert．English naturalist and writer
on natural history；born，Selborne，Hampshire， 1720 ；died there， 1793.
White，John，and colony at Roanoke，17－6333－37 Pietures illustrating Indian life，17－6334－36
White，Stewart Edward，novelist，14－5010
White alder，see Clethra
White ants，
＂White coal，＂term for water power，15－5429
White elephant．A term applied to a distaste－ ful or useless gift，or to one involving more trouble and expense than it is worth．In old days the kings of Siam used to present a white elephant to a courtier with the object of ruining him．
White House，Washington
account of，5－1538－39
burned in War of 1812，2－395
famous ladies of，2－391－96
Pictures，5－1538；（gravure），11－3945
first White House，2－395
White Mountains，N．H．，12－4148
Dirtures．7－2422
White River．American river，rising in north－ We：storn \rkiancas；flows into the Mississiplli
River． 800 miles．
White－rot，marsh pennywort
note and picture，16－5731
White Sea．Deep gulf in the coast of Arctic Russia，containing the port of Archangel．Its fisheries are important，but it is icebound for the sreater part of the year．
White Ship，wreck of， $5-1568 ; 12-4223$
White Strand Bay，Newfoundland，terminal of

White walnut，name for butternut，12－4512
White wood，wood of tulip tree，12－4510
Whitebait．Picture 16－5779
Whitebeam，tree，12－4282

Whitefish．One of the most important fishes of the Salmon Family．About twenty species are found in North America，Europe and Asia．The common whitrfish found in the rirat lakes of North America is of great commercial impor－ tance．

## Nif alse 15－5635

Pirture and note，15－5631
Whitehall Palace
nien Junk 11 urk on，18－fllan
Whitehead，Robert，inventor，1－197
Whitethorn see Hawthorn
Whitethroats，bircls．9－3277 Pictures（in color），9－3132， 3283
Whiteweed，name for oxeve daisy，15－5390
Whiting，Edmund，see Poetry Index for poem
Whiting，William，hymn－writer，12－4440

Whitings，name given to kingfishes，16－5780
Pictures，16－5777；（in color），16－5783
Whitman，Walt，American poet，13－4729－30
See also Poetry Index for poem and note
licture，portrait by J．W．Alexander，13－1529
Whitney，Eli，inventions of，19－7205
invention of cotton－gin，6－1912
Picture，portrait，19－7201
Whitney，Gertrude Vanderbilt Payne），American sculptor
Picture，Memorial at St．Nazaire，17－6291
Whitney，Mt．Highest mountain in the United
States，in the Sierra Nevada．14，501 feet．
Whittier，John Greenleaf，poet，13－4727－28
shoemaker in youth，18－6442
See also Poetry Index for poems and notes
Picture，portrait and note，13－4724
Whittington，Dick，and his cat（story），2－758－59 Picture，2－759
Whittlesley，Major，and＂Lost Battalion，＂ 7－2319－20
Whortleberries，or whortle，11－4019；13－4776； 15－．．から1，5100
Pictures，15－5604
fruit（in color），11－4021
Whydahs，birds，8－2970， 2972
belong to Weaver family，8－2970
Pictures，8－2969， 2976
Wichita，Kansas
Picture 17－6045
Wickham，H．A．，brought seeds of rubber plant to England，4－1408
Wicliffe，John，see Wyclif
Widgeons，ducks，11－3888
Picture（in color），8－2900
Widmer，Leonard，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Widows in India，burning of，8－2700
Wieland，Christopher Martin，German author， 17－6268
Wielickza，Poland
salt mines，3－926；13－4688
Picture，3－929
Wiggin，Mrs．Kate Douglas，author，14－5015－16 Picture，portrait，14－5016
Wigglesworth，Michael，wrote Day of Doom， 12－4447
Wight，Isle of．Island off the coast of Hamp－ shire，Enslathd，from which it is scparated by the solent and spithead．The climate．is mild， and there are many popular watering－places，in－ cluding Shanklin，Sandown，Ventnor，Ryde and Cowes．Area， 150 square miles；chief town， Newnort．The leomans knew it as liecta or Vectis，a Latinized form of the name，Wit．
Wigwam，Indian tent．I＇irfuir，16－5．
Wilcox，Mrs．Ella Wheeler，sce Poetry Index for poems and notes
Wilc，Frank，with shackleton in antarctic， 14－5101
Wild fruits of the countryside，＊11－4019－28
Wild plants．For special plants，see their names： Wild thyme is under Thyme
Wilde，Oscar
Remarkable rocket，story，14－5260
Selfish giant，story，4－1187－89
Wildebeeste．Picture，18－6813
Wilderness，Battle of，7－2440
Wilkes，Charles，antarctic explorer，14－5090 in Samoa，10－3592
Picture，portrait，14－5089
Wilkie，sir David，British painter
Picture．Village School．14－5251
Wilkins，Capt．Sir George H．，Australian aviator， 1－184；13－4723；14－5101
Wilkins，Mary E．（Mrs．Ereeman），American
11th1世．13－1 पा！
Wilkins，William，British architect
built National Gallery，London，12－4361
Will ur Last Testament．I docimment contain－ ins the $\cdot \mathrm{ypressed}$ wish of the person writing with resard to the disposal of his or her prop－ erty after death．
Willard，Mrs．Emma C．，American educator
life ：athe inflamer．14－5？fis
Willard，Emma Fart wrote Rocked in the Cradle

Willard，Frances Elimabeth
life and work．14－5271
statue in（＇apitol．5－1：3！
Willett，William，anc daylicht－saving，17－6289
William，Prince，son of Henry I of England
heroism and death，12－4223

## GENERAL INDEX

William I, the Conqueror, king of England and the church, 8-2845

* conquest of England and reign, 4-1436, 1439 fleet of, 11-3916
Poem about. William the Conqueror, by Charles Mackay, 8-2903
Pictures, scenes in his life, 4-1435, 1438-39
William II (Rufus), king of England
and Anselm, 8-2845-46
death of, 5-1566
robbed the church, 8-2845
William III, of Orange, king of England and Ireland, 8-293 reign of, 6-1981
William I, German emperor, 11-3972
Picture, proclaimed emperor, 12-4169
William II, German emperor
reign of, 11-3974
William $\mathbf{I}$, called the Lion, king of Scotland, 5-1568, 1570
imprisonment, 12-4208
William and Mary College, age of, 14-4890 history: 12-1:30
William of Orange, called the Silent life and character, 15-5560, 5562
William of Salicet, Italian physician, 8-2725
Williams, Roger
driven out by Puritans, founds Providence, 2-550
Williamsburg, Va
licture, 5-1701
Williamsburg Bridge, N. Y. city, 1-29
Williamson, Curtis, Canadian painter, 10-3703
Willoughby, Sir Hugh
expedition to Polar seas, 8.2982
Picture, portrait, 8-2977
Willow-herb, plant, 18-6660
Pictures, 18-6663; (in color), 14-4987; 16-588 marsh willow herb (in color), 16-5881
Willow-pattern plate, story of, 4-1532
Willow trees
catkins of, 17-6273
notes and pictures, 11-4101
Wills, Willian John, Australian explorer, 3-864
Wilmot Proviso. A proviso attached to the bill for the purchase of Mexican territory in 1846 and providing for the prohibition of slavery ' $n$ this territory. The bill and proviso pasped the House of Representatives but did not pass the Senate David Wilmot of Pennsylvania was the promoter of the proviso.
Wilson, Alezander, ornithologist, 19-7951-52 Picture, portrait, 19-:051
Wilson, E. A., antarctic explorer, 14-5092, 5096 Picture, portrait, 14-5100
Wilson, Henry, vice-president of U. S. ricture portrait (gravure), 11-3948
Wilson, Richard, British painter, 6-2229-30
Wilson, W. E., made calcium carbide, 16-5946
Wilson, Woodrow, president of U. S.
administration, 8-2672, 2674; 11-3949
* life, 19-7198, 7200 outline of, 11-3954
Pirtwrs.
portrait, about $1890,19-7198$ portrait (gravure), 11-3947 birthplace, in Staunton, Va., 19-7155
Wilson Dam Pirture, under construction, 7-2312
Wilson's thrush, 13-4839
Winchester. Ancient Roman settlement, and later capital of Wessex, England, on the Itchen. Capital of Hampshire, it is famous for its splendid Norman and Gothic cathedral, the longest in England.
Winchester Cathedral, England
divar゙s work an foumdations, 12-1186, 41 cs
foundation relaid, 13-4596
Picture (graviure), $16-5976$
Wincl
* IFいw sum and wind matre the hills, 2-f29-34 amd convortion whrents 15-.12
and formation of clouds, 8-2.922
distributes heat over earth, 8-2666 effert on sinmal. 2-5iff
in mythology. 9-3233-34
influencr om rain, 8-3-91, 2n2? serd seatterfat liy. 3-1nth-e:
toy to measure wind, 4-1391 trade winds, 3-878; 8-2566, 2792, 2794 work in deserts. 7-2421
Pacm: alorut
The Apple Winds, by W. H. Ogilvie, 18-6651

Wind-Pocms about (continued)
Leaves and the Wind, by George Cooper, 19-6940
Ode to the West Wind, by P. B. Shelley, 11-1113
The Wind and the Moon, by George Macdonald, 16-5.71
Wind in a Frolic, 1-228
Questions about
How do ships sail against the wind? 2-455-56 How is the wind used for land transport? 2-456
What do we mean by the trade winds? 3-878
What is the wind like on a mountain-top? 16-5746
What makes the wind whistle? 11-3841
Why are some winds warm and some cold? 18-1.4992
Why does the wind blow? 18-6691-92
Wind Cave, South Dakota, a national park, 7-2291
Windermere, Lake. Largest and one of the most beautiful of the English lakes, on the border of Westmoreland and Furness. Drained by the Leven, flowing into Morecambe Bay, it covers about 6 square miles, and is about 10 miles long and a mile broad; its shores are steep and beautifully wooded.
Windflower, sce Anemone: Pasque flower
Windhoek, capital of Southwest Africa, 9-3052 Windmill. A mill or machine moved by the wind and used for grinding flour, pumping water, etc. A windmill has a tall frame bearing a horizontal windshaft attached to a wind wheel or sails. This is connected by gearing to a vertical pump-rod or other machinery. The turning of the sails by the wind starts motion that passes into motive power to run the machinery. toy windmill, how to make from paper,

3-902
Window box, how to make, 2-513-14
Window-curtains, directions for making, 17-6387-88
Window shades, how to repair, 10-3771
Windpipe, part of body, 4-1328
Winds, 1 t ${ }^{1}$ ind
Windsor. Berkshire market town containing Windsor Castle, the chief English royal residence. Founded by William the Conqueror, this contains the beautiful Gothic St. George's Chapel, and has a splendid park.
Picture, 18-6488
Windsor. Port of Ontario, Canada, standing on the Detroit River, opposite Detroit. It has considerable manufactures and a large transit trade.
Windsor, Conn., founding of, 2-554
Windsor chairs. 18-6774
Picture, 18-6767
Windward, meaning of term, 14-5003
Windward, ship in arctic exploration, 13-4714
Windward Islands, among British possessions in the West Indies, 9-3190
Wine
French proquction, 11-3818
yeast causes fermentation, 5-1628
Winfrid, St., see Boniface
Winged Victory, see Victory, statues of
Wings of birds, variations, 14-5005
Winkelried, Arnold von, Swiss hero, 16-6004
Winking, washes the eye, 1-73-74
Winks, same, 8-2745
Winnipeg. Capital of Manitoba and third largest city in Canada. Founded less than 100 years ago, it has become the grain market of the prairie provinces, and is an important distributing and manufacturing centre.
Winnipeg, Canada
on site of Fort Garry, 4-1489
Pirture Provincial Legislative Building. 5-1837 Winnipeg, Lake. Lake in Manitoba, Canada, (mirring 9,400 square miles. It receives the waters of Lakes Winnipegosis and Manitoba and the Saskatchewan River, and is itself drained by the Nelson River, which flows into Hudson Bay. genlogical history, 1-159
Winser, or Winsor, $\mathbf{F}$. A., and gas-lighting, 3-992-93

## Winter

* callsp. 1-2?
why days are shorter, 8-2792
plants in winter, 2-504, 510
* sports and games of, 10-3693-98

Winter (continued)
l'oems about
December, by J. M. Gibbon, 15-5422
Winter Song, by Shakespeare, 6-2152
Question about. Why do trees not die in winter like flowers? 10-3580
Winterberry, belongs to holly family, 13-4783
Wintergreen, plant, 18-6570-71
of Pacitic coast, 19-6!37
Picture, 18-6571
Winter's Tale, play by Shakespeare story of, 16-5756-57
Picture, 3-982
Winther, Christian, Danish poet, 19-7011
Winthiop, John, governor of Massachusetts Bay, $2-548 ; 10-3487$
wrote History of New England, 12-14if Picture, portrait. 12-4445
Wire. A piece of metal pulled or drawn out into a slender bar usually round in shape. Formerly wire was made by beating the metal on a grooved anvil, but nowadays it is drawn out by powerful machinery. Silver, platinum, copper, bronze, brass, iron and steel are the metals used for making wire.
Wire ropes, 11-3792
Wire that runs under the sea, * 12-4293-4300
Wireless telegraphy, see Radio telegraph
Wireless telephony, see Radio telephone
Wireworms, larvæ of beetles, destructiveness, 18-6628-29
Wisconsin. Forest and prairie state bordering the Great Lakes; area, 56,066 square miles; capital, Madison. Wheat-growing, dairying, lumbering and cattle-raising are important. The manufactures are large and varied. Milwaukee is the largest city and the chief commercial centre. Abbreviation, Wis. Nickname, "Badger State" or "Copper State." Flower, violet. Motto,
"Forward." Wisconsin is an Indian name. First settlement, Green Bay, about 1669.
described in North Central States, 15-5273-84; 17-6037-48
early history (arranged chronologically)
explored by Joliet and Marquette, 18-6632-33 claimed by France, 3-780
joined to Quebec, 3-941
part of Northwest Territory, 6-1908
statehood granted, 11-3940
in dairy belt, 15-5282
leather production, 17-6044
Pictures
along the Mississippi, 16-5659
City Hall, Milwaukee, 17-6045
Tells of the Wisconsin, 15-5283
flag (in color), 19-7190
Grand Avenue, Milwaukee, 17-6045
Marquette statue, 18-6632
St. Croix River, 15-5283
University of, 12-4315
Wisconsin, University of
rirtur. Jascom Hall. 12-4.315
Wisconsin River. American river, rising in northern Wisconsin. Flows into the Mississippi River. 400 miles.
Wishbone, toy made from, 15-5595
Wishes
Poem about. Wishing, by E. W. Wilcox, 7-2528
Wister, Owen, novelist, 14-5007
l'icture, portrait, 14-5008
Wisting, Oscar, Polar explorer, 13-4722
Wit and humor,
Witch hazel, Shrub, 13-4783
Witcheraft. The husiness or art of a wizard or a witch; extraordinary or supernatural power which people were once supposed to obtain by entering into league with the devil. Only ignorant people believe in witchcraft now. Wither, George, see Poetry Index for poem and

Wittenberg. Old German town on the Elbe, famous for its associations with Luther. It was on the door of the Schloss-Kirche that he nailed his theses, and in it he and Melanchthon are buried.
Woad, plant, produces dye, 9-3152-53 Pirtures. 9-3155

Woden, or Odin. Norse god, 12-4202
Wöhler, Friedrich, made calcium carbiçe, 16-5946 Wolf, घall 8-ラ।!
 note

Wolfe, James, general
capture of Quebec, 2-683; 3-783-84; 6-2100
at capture of Louisbourg, 3-782
Wolframite, foundation of tungsten, 16-5939
Wolsey, Thomas, cardinal
and Henry VIII, 5-1816
Fall of Cardinal Wolsey, from Shakespeare's Henry VIII, 11-3928
Wolverine, animal, called American glutton, 3-873
losses caused by, 12-4341
Picture, 3-869

## wolves

* account of, 2-597-600
distribution, 2-598-99
fables about, by Esop
Boy who cried "Wolf," 6-1969
log and the wolf, 17-6323
Wolf and the kid, 1-58
Wolf in sheep's clothing, 2-540
story about, race with the wolves, 9-3067-68 Tasmanian, 7-2509
toy, how to make, 2-511-12
Pictures, 2-599, 601, 602; 14-4900
gray or timber wolf, 12-4342
Tasmanian wolf (gravure), 7-2506
Wolves, Prairie, see Coyotes
Woman suffrage, see Woman-suffrage
Woman's Christian Temperance Union
and Frances E. Willard, 14-5271
Wombats, animals, 7-2509
Picture (gravure), 7-2507


## Women

education
colleges in U. S., 12-4310
in U. S., earlier periods, 14-5268

* Kings and queens of Scotland, 12-4205-14
more vitality than man, 5-1804
not honored by Mohammedanism, 9-3098
* St. Joan, 16-5819-21
suffrage, leaders in U. S., 14-5268-69
* Some famous ladies of the White House, 2-391-96
* Two pioneer women (Elizabeth Fry and Florence Nightingale), 16-5699-5706
* Women in the United States, 14-5267-72
s'f also Motherhood; Mother's
Women in the United States, * 14-5267-72
Wonderful century, * 7-2293-2304
Wonders of the world, see Seven wonders of the world
Wood, Jethro, invented iron plow, 19-7211
Wood, Leonard, as governor of Cuba, 10-:5.91
Wood, defects in, 8-3024
durability, table of, 10-3632
elements in, 11-4096
for paper, 3.1055-56
pulp for paper-making, how made, 7-2446-52 supply for, 7-2445
wood-pulp production in Northeastern states, $10-3408$
furniture woods
kinds used, 18-6768
how to know furniture woods, 6-2048; 16-5.98? hickory, uses, 6-2276
how made from cells of tree, 11-4096
how to stain, polish and lacquer, 9-3119
making a collection of woods, 16-5889
oak, how to identify, 10-3631
painting, directions for, 11-4088
walnut, uses, 6-2276
writing wh. with ink, 18-fift?
See also Lumber and lumbering: Trees
For list of main articles on Manual Training, see 20-7633-34
Oufstimss alomit
What causes wood exposed to dampness to rot away? 15-5520
What makes a knot in a piece of wood? 12. 4400

Why does heat crack wood? 17-6289
Whhy dues wood warp in damp weather? 14-5085
Why will a hammer hreak a slone when a piece of wood will not? 10-3477
Sef alsn Forests: I.umber and Lemmberingr
Wood-basket, directions for making, 19-7082
Wood-block printing, directions, 2-617
history, and directions, 15-5336
Wood-lice, 16-5956
Wood nymphs, plants, 18-6667
Wood partridge, name for Canada grouse, 13-4760 Wood-pulp, see Wood-for paper

## GENERAL INDEX

Wood－runners，French Canadian trappers， 12－4337－39
Wood－sorrel，plant，14－4973－74
description of，18－6570
notes on，14－4972；18－6569
Pictures，14－4972；18－6569
Wood－wind instruments，19－6899
position in modern orchestra，19－7148
woodcarving
German， 15 th and 16 th centuries，13－4699
making toys with pocket knife，18－6779－80
Woodchucks，account of，with picture，3－1126
Woodcocks，birds，11－4012；14－5020
Pictures，11－4011；（in color），9－3283
Woodcuts，and invention of printing，9－3382
Woodlarks，birds，9－3134
Pictures，9－3137；（in color），9－3281
woodpeckers
account of，9－3365，3368；14－5133－34
golden－winged，see Flickers
of North America，account of，13－4763－64
of southern $U$ ．S．，14－5022
Pictures，9－3369
nest，13－4765
Pictures（in color）
California woodpecker，facing 14－5140
downy woodpecker，12－4369
great spotted woodpecker，8－2900
green woodpecker，9－3131
lesser spotted woodpecker，9－3281
Lewis＇woodpecker，facing 14－5140
Woodruff，flower
Picture，sweet woodruff（in color），14－4．988
Woods，see Forests and forestry
Woodstock，novel by Scott，note on，11－4071
Woodworms，larvæ of tick beetle，18－6629－30
Woodworth，Samuel，wrote Old Oaken Bucket， 18－6510

## wool

＊Wool and its story，15－5575－77
countries producing most， $15-5576$
how different from hair， $15-5575$
how to test，5－1774－75
importance to mankind．4－1369
in Australia， 7 －2462，2466， 2468
production，4－1369－70
leading countries，9－3208
See also sheep
＊Pictures，showing production，shipping，manu－ facture，15－5575－88
preparing Australian wool，7－2467
Wool manufacture
＊description of mill processes，15－5585－88
in Canada．15－5577
in England，15－5576
established by Edward TII，5－1tis？
in（1．S．，9－3214：15－5．5ヶ5－5
Pictures，in woolen mill，15－5585－88
Wool mat，directions for making，6－2265－66
Woolworth Building，18－6555
height of，17－6208
Pictures，18－6555：（gravure），18－6688
showing elevators，4－1214
Worcester，Mass．，10－3404
first cutlery factories in U．S．，4－1306
Worcester，Battle of，6－1978
Worde，Wynkyn de．English printer，Caxton＇s
assistant and successor；born，probably Lor－ raine；died，London，about 1535.
succeeded Caxton，9－3386
Words
（puestions nlout
Can we think without words？10－3578
How many English words do we use？1－75 How many words has the English language？ 16－5！．51

## Wordsworth，Dorothy

and the Lake poets，7－2354－57
quotation from journal，7－2356
Picture，portrait．7－2353
Wordsworth，William，English poet
＊IVordsworth and his friends．7－2353－：58 Ner wlan Poetry Index for moms and notes Pictures，portrait，with mother，15－5616 with group of children，7－2355
Work，Henry Clay，wrote Marching through Georgia，18－6513
Work
I＇oem about．Work，by E．B．Brownlow，10－3480 （U）＂stion alout．Is it goud to have to work？ 17－6176
Workbench，how to make．11－1013－1t accessories，how to make，17－6262

Workbox，how to make，2－515
World
＊This great world of ours，1－43－48
maps
with note，1－45
food plants，19－7247
showing parts known，different periods，1．42
showing paths of eclipses of the sun，16－5843
showing time zones， 16 －5841
world transportation，1－48
population，5－1606
Questions about
Among the millions of stars are there worlds like ours？16－5840
Could we reach another world？4－135．3
Do changes go on in other worlds？18－6692
How can we tell the number of days in an－ other world＇s year？11－3977
See also Earth；Stars；also names of countries
World War，1914－18
beginning of，11－3974
aviation，effect of，1－174－76
＊heroes of，17－6291－94
countries taking part，or influenced
Brazil，19－7042
British Empire，men sent by，7－2300
Canada，4－1491
Japan，2－566
Mesopotamia，18－6669－70
New Zealand，7－2576
United States，11－3949
efferts
＊on map of Europe，18－6457－63
on trade and business，18－ijfifo－87
origin，17－6196
story of．（＇her Ami，1）．S．C．．a carrier figern， 7－2319
Porms about
Cher Ami，D．S．C．，by H．W．Farrington，6－2151
For Justice，by B．F．Trotter，15－5422
For the Fallen，by Laurence Binyon，12．4272
In Flanders Fields，by John McCrae，16－5924
The Warders，by F．G．Scott，9－3271
Why I abandoned you，by Tom Kettle，9－3110
World＇s Columbian Exposition，see Chicago．． World＇s Columbian Exposition
Worms，German city
Pictures，
cathedral，8－3010；（gravure），16－5724

## Worms

earthworms and related worms，19－7143－47
Poem about．The Worm，by Thomas Gisborne， 3－847
Question uloout．How is it that a worm lives when cut in two？ $\mathbf{1 . 1 8 7}$
Pictures，19－7143， 7145
Wormwood，flower
Pictures（in color）
common wormwood．14－4990
sea wormwood，14－4982
worry
guestion alout．W゙马y do we worry？17－fin3－it
Worship，relation to art，1－62
Worsted，differs from woolen cloth，15－5577
Wotton，Sir Henry，see Poetry Index for poem and note
Wouldhave，William，and invention of lifeboat， 19－7207
Woundwort，plant
marsh woundwort，16－5877－80
Pictures
corn woundwort（in color），15－5399
flower（in color），13－4878
marsh woundwort，16－5877
Wrangell Mts．Group of volcanic mountains in
Alaska，with Blackburn Peak，16，140 feet，and Wrangell，14，005．
Wrasse，fish
P＇ictures，16－5777；（in color），16－5781，5784，
Wren，Christopher，English architect，18－f491
＊life and work，12－1？5ti－5，
Pieture，portrait，with father，15－5617
Wrens，birds
account of，9－．？1：39，3278：13－18．3९－39
birds in wren family，14－5025
hlue，variety of flycatcher． $9-3 \geq$＜n
furze wren，the．Inartford warbler，9－3：？ 8
in southern $T^{\top}$ ．S．14－50：5
in western North America，14－5139－40
Pirtures．nost，9－3137：13－176：
Pietures（in color），9－3131
Australian wren，10－3623

Wrens－Pictures（continued）
blue wren．10－3623
red－winged wren，12－4369
Seattle wren，facing 14－5140
Wright，C．S．，on searching party for Scott，in Antarctic，14－5100
Wright，Lemuel W．，invented machine to make rins，9－3nt

## Wright，Orville

invention of airplane，1－172
Picture，in a glider，1－173
Wright，Mrs．Patience，American sculptor， 14－4933
Wright，Wilbur，inventor of airplane，1－172
Wrinch，Mary（Mrs．George A．Reid），Canadian painter，10－3709
Wrinkles
Question about．What is it that makes wrinkles in old people＇s faces？14－4952
Writ of Assistance．In American history，a writ issued by a superior colonial court authorizing an officer of the crown to enter and search any premises，in the process of executing the acts of trade．In 1761 the attempt to use such writs was defeated but it was one of the abuses which led to the Revolution．
Writers，see names of authors；also names of literatures．as．American literature
Writers of the hymns，＊12－4435－40

## Writing

＊How man learned to write，10－3545－50
cuneiform，2－650，652， 654
in Tel－el－Amarna tablets，2－654
key discovered．2－648
games for learning，see Games，Educational picture－writing，ancient，2－650－52
telling stories with sticks，1－231
For list of helps in learning to write，see 20－7646
（Ourstim）ulurnt
Who began talking and writing？8－2871
Why are old sign writings called hiero－ glyphics？7－2486
Why is it difficult to write on glass？11－4133 Why will pen and ink write on paper better than on a slate？14－5087
Writing－board，directions for making，2－749
Writing paper
Gusstimn＂llout．How are the marks put intn writing paper？ $5-1753$
Wrought iron，how made，and uses，6－1938－39
Wrybills，birds，11－4010， 4012
Wrynecks，birds，9－3368
Pictures，9－3369；（in color），9－3284
Württemberg．Third largest German state，be－ tween Baden and Bavaria．Stuttgart is the capital；other towns are Ulm，Reutlingen，Ess－ lingen and Heilbrönn．
（10）mat），11－349：
Wurzburg．Ancient cathedral and university city in northern Bavaria．
W yant，Alezander $\mathbf{H}$ ．，American painter， $\mathbf{1 0}-3448$
Picture，Looking toward the Sea（gravure）， 10－3．35
Wyatt，Sir Thomas，and early English verse， 1－321；3－1118
Wyclif，John，English writer and reformer， called the Morning Star of the Reformation account of，1－304－05
translation of Bible，1－305；2－473；5－1683
Wyle，Florence，Canadian sculptor，14－5078－79
Picture．Girl with Grapes，statue，14－5079
Wyoming．Rocky Mountain state；area，97，914 square miles；capital and largest city，Cheyenne．
 level．Stock－raising，sheep－raising and mining are the most important industries，＂Abbrevia－ tion，Wyo．Nickname，＂Equality＂（Suffrage Pioneer）．Flower，Indian paintbrush．Motto， ＂Cedant arma togæ＂（Let arms yield to the rownl．II voming meanc＂mbumtains and ral－ leys alternating．＂First settlement，Cheyenne，信：
described in Western States，18－6425－34； 19－6841－50
and Oreson trail，18－6432
made a state，11－3944
oil in．18－6．13．
Sce also Yellowstone Park
Picturu
Big Horn Hot Springs，18－6436
flag（in color），19－7191
Teapot Dome， $18-6436$


X Y Z Correspondence．In American history the despatches and papers sent from France in 1798 by three American envoys，C．C．Pinckney，John Marshall and Elbridge Gerry，in which were shown the demands for bribes made by three Frenchmen，whose names were hidden under the initials $X, Y$ and $Z$

## x－rays

＊account of，16－5940－44
and the atom，12－4290
discovery and use，15－5484
light produced by，16－5809
produced by induction coils，16－5802
Pictures
apparatus，16－5941， 5945
photograph of a frog，16－5943
Xanthos，Asia Mino
Harpy tomh ans Nereid monument，15－5．346
Xavier，St．Francis，Jesuit missionary
conversion by Loyola，13－4869
in Japan，2－564
Picture，portrait，13－4859
Xenophanes，Greek philosopher，16－5750
Xenophon，Greek historian and general
retreat of the Ten Thousand，3－1081；
14－5257－58
Zerophytes，class of plants，16－5727
Xerxes I，king of Persia
invasion of Greece，3－914，916，1078；13－4584
sacked Athens．11－3992
Picture，crossing Hellespont，3－917
Ximenez de Quesada，Gonzalo，see Quesada
Xiphias，see Swordfish


Yachting on ice，ser Ice yachting
Yak，animal
in Tibet，4－1263
Picture（gravure）．4－1267
Yakuts．The race dwelling around the river Lena，who are the typical representatives of the original Turki peosites．（）f short stature．with lark and downly sunk eyes，they more resemble the American Indians than the other Mongols． Only numbering some 200,000 they are a thriv－ ing and enterprising race，walking about lightl， clad in the coldest regions of the habitable globe． Pictures，16－5851
Yale，Elihu，Yale University named for，12－4308
Yale，Linus，Sr．，lock－maker，6－2022
Yale，Iinus，Jr．，lock－maker，6－2022
Yale locks，6－20ご，20こに
Yale University，12－430－09
Picture，Phelps Hall，12－4309
Pictures（gravure）18－6687－88
Yams，routs．as ford．5－16こt：7－26こt
Pictures，7－2623：（in color），8－2997
Yang－tse－Riang，river in＇lina
description， $8-422,434,425$
Yankee Doodle，song，origin and variations， 18－6512
Yankees，origin and meaning of word，15－5364－65
Yard，measure of distance，14－4902
Yards on ship，explanation，11－4086－87
Yarrow，weed
description，15－5390－91
Pieture 15－5391
Yaupon，shrub，leaves used for beverage，
13－478．
Yawl，sailing vessel，rig of，and picture， 11－4086－87
Yawning
Question about．Why is it that yawning saems to be infectious？14－5222
Yeames，W． $\boldsymbol{F}^{\prime}$ ，artist
Picture，When did you last see your father？ 13－4563
Year，definition of，11－4132
caused hy earth＇s movement．1－2？s
Egyptian division of，11－4132

Iear (continued)
(1uestion ubout. How can we tell the number
Yeast of days in another world's year? 11-3977
Yeast
experiment with bread-dough, 2-626
in making bread and alcohol, 2-559
uses, 5-1628
Question about. Why does yeast make bread rise and biscuits bubble? 18-6693
Picture, 2-557
Yeats, William Butler, poetry of, 12-1234
Yedo, or Yeddo, see Tokio
Xellow, color
Question about. Why does a thing go yellow with age? 14-5085
Yellow fever

* history, cause, and cure, 15-5488, 5490-91 Americans fought it in Cuba, 10-3590
in Canal Zone, 1-366
Yellow-hammer, woodpecker, 8-2976; 13-4763 Pictures
nest and eggs, 8-2971
European yellow-hammer (in color) 9-3129
Yellow jacket, name for jarrah tree, 12-4249
Yellow-rattle, parasitic plant. 1-332
Yellow Sea. Arm of the China Sea between China, Manchuria and Korea. Its name is due to the vast quantities of yellow mud brought down by the Hwang-ho.
and Korea, 2-561
on maps, $2-423,563$
Yellowbird, summer, $13-4840$
Yellowstone National Park
description. 2-729-33
Timber Land Reserve set aside by President Harrison, 8-2804
Pictures, 2-728, 731-32
Yellowstone Biver, description, 2-733
Yemen, Arahia, 18-ヶヶí
Yenisei. Great river of central Siberia, rising in northern Mongolia and flowing into the Arctic. 2,800 miles long, it is navigable during the summer for the greater part of its course.
Yew trees
description, 11-4107; 13-4636
Pictures, 11-4107
fruit (in color), 11-4023
Yggdrasil. In Norse mythology, the tree whose branches spread above the heavens.
Yoke of a rudder, 14-5002
Yokohama. Chief port of Tokio and Japan, with steamship services to all parts of the world. Badly damaged in the earthquake of 1923, it is rapidly recovering, and exports much silk, coal, copper and tea.
earthquake of 1923, 2-568
Pictures, 2-561
earthquake disaster, 2-573
Yonkers. Northern suburb of New York, and important manufacturing city, noted for production of hats, carpets, rugs and machinery.
Yoritomo, Japanese ruler, 2-563
twmb of 2. 2 - 0
York, Cardinal, see Stuart, Henry Benedict
York, Canada (now Toronto)
hurned in War of 1812, 5-1704
Ner alsn Tornnta
York. Historic capital of Yorkshire, England on the Ouse. Still surrounded by medieval walls, it has many picturesque streets and buildings, but its chief glory is its splendid Minster, with three towers of over 200 feet. Built on the site of a 7th-century church, it is famous especially for its, stained-glass windows.

St. Helena's church, 5-1692
school, 8th century, 14-5248
York Minster, 16-5970
Pictures
York Minster, 8-3011; (gravure), 16-5973 The Shambles (gravure), 7-2303
York, Duke of
New York named for. 2-5n?
See also James IT. king of England
Yorkists, English fuction, 5-1686
Picture. In the Temple Garden, 5-1681
Yorkshire. Largest English county; area 6.077 square miles; capital, York. Watered by the Ouse, it is divided into East, West, and North Rillines, the W...t lathin: b.e.n- the centre of the British woolen industry and to a great extent of the steel industry. In the North Riding is the Cleveland iron-mining district. while the East Riding contains the port of Hull. Among

## Yorkshire (continued)

the greatest industrial towns are Sheftic:Id Leeds, Bradford, Huddersfield, Halifax and Middlesbrough
Yorktown, surrender of British army, 4-1172
Yosemite National Park, 7-2281-82
Pictures, 7-2284, 2541
You mustn't laugh, game, 8-2745
Young, Brigham, led Mormons to Utah, 6-1913, 1923
Young, Mrs. slla Flagg, educator, 14-5271-72
Young, James, experiments on petroleum, 3-996; 13-4534
Young, Dr. Thomas. British physicist and Egyptologist; born, 1773; died, 1829
and study of Rosetta Stone, 10-3548
wave theory of light, 16-5811
Young Chevalier, see Stuart, Charles Edward
Young Pretender, see Stuart, Charles Edward
Youngstown. Manufacturing city in Ohio, especially noted for iron and steel.
Youth-on-age, plant, 19-6930
Ypres. A town in West Flanders, Belgium, on the Yperlie, famous for its manufactures of linen, laces and woolens. Around it were fought some of the most important battles of the World War in $1914,1915,1916$ and 1917 by British, French and Belgian troops against the Germans, The Canadians held the line in 1915 at Ypres when gas was used for the first time by the Germans. At the end of the war the town was a wreck, as the Germans had consistently bombarded it, destroying the famous cathedral and the Cloth Hall. In army slang Ypres was called "Wipers" by British Tommies.

## Yucca, plant

description of flowers, 18-6661
Pictures, 4-1280; 18-6663
Yukon. Great river of Canada and Alaska, flowing from the Rocky Mountains into the Behring Sea. 2,300 miles long, during the summer it is navigable for steamers up to Dawson, 1,400 miles from its mouth. The Klondike is one of its tributaries.
Yukon Territory, Canada
Canadian Mounted Police in gold district, 16-5832-33
discovery of gold, 10-3584
government, 5-1840
history and description, 7-2558, 2560
Yukon created a district in 1897, 4-1490 Picture, 7.2559


ZR3, airship, sef Ins Angeles, airship Zagreb, capital of Croatia, 17-6346 Zama, Battle of, 4-1196
Zambezi River. Africa, 18-6806
bridge across, highest in world, 1-28
bridge, notes and pictures, 1-38
Victoria Falls, description, 9-3052
Pictures, 7-2540
Zampieri, Domenico, see Domenichino
Zane, Eliza,beth, heroism of, 3-1037
Zangwill, Israel, author, 11-3899
Zanzibar, 9-3054
Zara. Capital and port of Dalmatia, Jugo-Slavia. Zealand, or Zeeland. Province in Holland. Area, 707 square miles. Capital, Miodelburg.
Zebras, animals, 6-2018
Pictures, 6-2017, 2019; 18-6813
Zebus, cattle of India, $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 6 2}$
Picture, (gravure), 4-1267
Zeebrugge. Belgian North Sea port, at the mouth of a ship canal to Bruges. In 1918 the British in a marvelolls naval action blocked the harbor and blew up the mole, destroying its value as a base for German submarines. This was one of the most gallant naval actions of the World War.
port facilities, 15-5498
Zend-Avesta, sacred book of Persia, 3-918
Zeno, Greek philosopher
teacher of Pericles, 2.706
Picture, portrait, 2-701

## GENERAL INDEX

Zephyrus northwest wind in mythology, 9-3234
Zeppelin, Ferdinand, Count von, airships of, 1-168
Zeppelins, airships
Shenandoah, note and picture, 1-166
ZR3, or Los Angeles, note and picture, 1-171
Zero, Absolute, explanation, 15-5424-25
difficulty in getting, 15-5426
Zeus (Jupiter), god, 9-3226
statue, temple at Olympia, 7-2604; 12-4220
Ner also Jupiter, god
Zeuxis, painter, ancient Greece, 2-451
Zhukovski, Basil, Russian poet, 19-6907
Ziggurats, Babylonian towers, 14-5208
Zinc, or Spelter (Zn). A metal, white with a bluish gray tinge, harder than lead and seven times heavier than water. It can be softened by heat of 300 degrees and rolled into sheets or drawn into wire. If heated to a very high temperature in air it burns, leaving zinc oxid, a white powder. The most important zinc ore is sphalerite, or zinc blend. Zinc is melted with copper to form brass. It is used extensively in electric batteries, as linings for tanks, for making etching plates, etc.

Missouri mines. 17-tin!3s. 6040
U. S. produces one-third of the world's supply of zinc, 9-3210
uses of, 9-3210
Zinnia. Picture, fower (gravure), 19-7179
Zion National Park, Utah, description, 7-2291
l'i, turs s
El Gobernador, or the Sphinx, 7-2286
Great White Throne, 19~6849
Zionism, return of Jews to Palestine, 18-6676, 6678; 19-7160, 7162
Zircon, semi-precious stone
Pictures (in color), facing 19-7225
Ziska, John, Bohemian general, 16-5887

Zobeide, wife of Harun-al-Rashid, 15-5468
Zodiac
diagram of signs, 10-3731
Question about. What is meant by the zodiac? 10-3730-31
Zomba, Nyasaland, 9-3052
Zones, 8-2791-94
Zoo-guess, game, 5-1776
Zoölogy, see Animals; also names of animals, and classes of animals, as, Vertebrates
Zorille, animal, 3-873
Picture, $3-870$
Zorn, Anders Leonhard, Swedish painter, 8-2852 l'icture, Fisherman of St. Ives (gravure),

$$
8-2864
$$

Zoroaster, religious leader

* legendary life, and teachings, 9-3092
religion of, 3-912, 918; 9-3092; 15-5463
Picture, 9-3085
Zoroastrianism, ancient religion of Persia, see Zorraster-religion
Zucchero (or Zuccaro), Federigo, Italian painter Picture, Portrait of Queen Elizabeth (gravure). 5-1821
Zuloaga, Ignacio, Spanish painter, 8-2854
Picture, My Cousin Candida, 8-2854
Zulus, African tribe, and the Boers, 9-3048, 3050
Zuñi Indians, 1-161
Zurbaran, Francisco, Spanish painter, 4-1496; 9-3070
Pictures
St. Bruno and Pope Urban II, 4-1494
Miracle of St. Hugo, 4-1494
zürich, Switzerland, notes and picture,
16-6006-07
Zürich, Lake of. Swiss lake lying southeast of Zürich. 25 miles long, it covers 32 square miles.
Zuyder Zee, formation of, 15-5555
Zwingli, Ulrich, Swiss reformer, 16-6004


## INDEX TO POEMS AND NURSERY RHYMES

IN this index, poems are entered under author, under title, and under first line. That is, each poem is entered three times. The arrangement is alphabetic, like a dictionary.
The authors' names are printed in black type, and the titles of all the poems by one man are printed below his name, indented, or set a little to the right.

To find a poem by its title, look under the first word, not counting The, $A$, or $A n$ at the beginning. For instance, a poem named The Daffodils would be entered under Daffodils.

To find a poem under its first line, look under the first word, and in this case you must include The, $A$, or $A n$ at the beginning, as the whole first line is given, including the initial word. For instance, the first line The breaking weaves dashed high will be found under the word The.

In arranging the entries, all the entries beginning with one word are put together, before any of a longer word that begins with the same letters. For instance, all the entries beginning with In come before those beginning with Into; all those beginning with The come before those beginning with There.

Nursery rhymes usually have no author. They are entered under the first line, and under the title if there is one.

The notes at the beginning of the poems tell you something about the author, or about the meaning of the poem, and you will enjoy the poetry more if you read these. These notes may also help you if you are looking for material about an author's life.

We can learn to enjoy poetry more and more, by reading it and by thinking about it. We take pleasure in the sound of the words, in the pictures they call up in our minds, and in the feeling that the poem gives us. A person who reads and loves poetry has all his life a source of pleasure that other people do not have: he sees more of the beauty in the world; he feels more keenly the joy, the sorrow, the picturesqueness, and the nobility of human life. It is worth while to cultivate this love of poetry while you are young, and the collection here gives you many kinds to enjoy.

You will be glad afterward if you learn by heart lines or parts of poems that please you especially. When you are older, it will not be so easy to learn them nor to hold them, but what you learn now will enrich your thinking all your life. For instance, when you are taking a country walk, if you recall a beautiful line about the sky, or some flower or animal, or any other sight, you will find your pleasure heightened. If you learn a line or a verse that makes it easier to be brave, or kindly, or thorough in your work, you will find that often in your life
it will come into your mind and help you. If you have read or learned a poem about some person or historical event, you will be more interested when you meet that person or event in your history lessons or your reading. Another reason for learning bits of poetry is that sometimes we can add to the interest or pleasure of other people in quoting them. In reciting any poetry, be careful to speak it according to its meaning, stopping at the natural places, and not always at the ends of the lines. You are fortunate to have such a collection as this-the best thought of many minds, clothed in beautiful language-and the more you read in it the more you will enjoy it.

If you have a mind that memorizes readily, you might like the plan of learning one poem or quotation a week, and keeping a list of them in a little notebook. It will be interesting to hunt for something new to learn each week. It is important to say them over cften, from the list in your note-book, till they are firmly in your mind. After a little while, you will find they almost say themselves, and then you have them surely in your memory treasures. If you have a friend to practice them with, so much the better. Two or three friends, or a little group, could make a Poetry Club; each choose a poem a week, and then recite them to each other. It might be interesting to keep secret what you have chosen, till the meeting.

Above all, be sure to go over the poems till you cannot forget them. Perhaps years from now, when you are a grown person, busy and tired, they will come into your mind like fine music, and you will think, "How glad I am I learned so many poems from The Book of Knowledge."

You will find classified lists of poems, beginning on page 7673.
If you want to find poems on any subject, look under the name of the subject in the main index. This Poetry Index gives only authors, titles, and first lines. For instance, if you want all the poems about roses, look under the word Roses in the main index, where you will find a heading Pooms about. But if you want to find a poem with the title The rose, you will find that in the Poetry Index. In other words, you look in the Poetry Index for the exact words of the title, but you look in the main index for the subject that the poem is about.

In the numbers after the entries, the figure in black type gives the volume, and the other figure gives the page.

# POETRY INDEX 

## A

A baby was sleeping, 16-5710
A barking soumd the shepherd hears, 11-4115
A Becket, Thomas, see Becket, Thomas à
A boy espied, in morning light, 19-6987
A chieftain to the Highlands bound, 2-737
A country life is sweet, 4-1384
A cuckoo went back in his clock, 8-2907
A dainty shepherd maiden, 18-6756
A diller, a dollar, a ten o'clock scholar, 9-3342
A duck and a drake, 13-4745
A fair girl was sitting in the greenwood shade, 8-2906
A farmer's dog leap'd over the stile, 5-1890
A fire-mist and a planet, 4-1514
A fragment of a rainbow bright, 9-3107
A frog he would a-wooing go, 18-6470-71
A garden is a lovesome thing, God wot, 18-6797
A goodly host one day was mine, 7-2364
A horse long used to bit and bridle, 15.5522
A is an archway to Fairyland gay, 16-5926
A Life on the Ocean Wave, 4-1383
A lion with the heat oppress'd, 3-1139
A little cock sparrow sat on a green tree, 10-3 4n.
A little fairy comes at night, 3-1138
A little old man and I fell out, 16-5712
A little saint best fits a little shrine, 17-6379
A little stream had lost its way, 12-4474
A little sun, a little rain, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 4 7 6}$
A Man's a Man for a' That, by Robert Burns, 12-4474
A mouse found a beautiful piece of plumcake, 13-4743
A nick and a nock, 13-4602
A nightingale, that all day long, 2-606
A Parable, by Sir A. C. Doyle, 11-4032
A parrot, from the Spanish main, 4-1384
A peasant stood before a king and said, 18-6755
A perilous life, and sad as life may be, $\mathbf{4 - 1 3 8 4}$
A pie sat on a pear-tree, 8-3008
A piper in the streets today, 9-3110
A poet's cat, sedate and grave, 5-1780
A poor soul sat sighing by a sycamore tree, 11-3936
A roguey, poguey Bogie Man goes dancing through our housey pouse, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 5 2 7}$
A sunshiny shower, 7-2530
A swarm of bees in May, 4-1386
"A temple to Friendship,"'said Laura enchanted, 19-6872
A thousand miles from land are we, 14-5130
A wet sheet and a flowing sea, 14-5128
A. wind came up out of the sea, 19-6991

A Woman's Shortcomings, by Mrs. E. B. lirwn ning. 13-47+:
Abide with Me, by H. F. Lyte, 12-4349
Abou Ben Adhem and the Angel, by Leigh Hunt, 3-1138
Abou Ben Adhem (may his tribe increase!), 3-1138
Above the edge of dark appear the lances of the sun, 14-4955
Across the fields of yesterday, 10-3740
Actcock, A. St. John
In The Making, 12-4475

## Addison, Joseph

Spacious Firmament on High, 13-4600
Twenty-third Psalm, metrical version, 2-486 Aneid, by Virgil, quotations from, 6-1986-89 Niar in ithe Distrt by Thumas Frimele. 6-2013. Ah, what can ail thee, wretched wight, 11-4112 Ahab Mohammod, hy J. M. Lecgare, 18-675j
Aladdin, by J. R. Lowell, 18-6468

Alden, Margaret $\mathbf{H}$. Mother's World, 5-1645
Aldrich, Thomas Bailey Memory, 12-4348
Alexander, Mrs. Cecil Frances
All Things Bright and Beautiful, 12-4273
Burial of Moses, 14-5237
Once in Royal David's City, 17-6108
Alexander Selkirk, by William Cowper, 19-687J

## Alishan, Ieon

Baby and the Brook (translation), 13-4600
All are architects of Fate, 12-4350
All day long they come and go, 10-3484
All honour to him who shall win the prize, 12-4476
All in the golden afternoon, 9-3198-99
All peacefully gliding, 15-5421
All that thou art not makes not up the sum 11-4114
All the Children, 9-3276
All the world's a stage, 11-3933
All Things Bright and Beautiful, by Mrs. Alexander, 12-4273
All Things shall Pass Away, by Theodore Tilton, 1-323
Allan Water, by M. G. Lewis, 2-488
Allerton, Ellen $\mathbf{P}^{\text {. }}$
Beautiful Things, 12-4270
Allingham, William
A Memory, 8-3006
Fairies, 2-485
Robin Redbreast, $\mathbf{1 . 3 2 4}$
Wishing, 3-1007
All's Right with the World, by Robert Browning 2-607
Alma, field of heroes, hail, 17-6254
Alma-Tadema, Miss Lawrence
If No One Ever Marries Me, 12-4275
King Baby on His Throne, 12-4275
Little Sister, 12-4274
March Meadows, 12-4274
Nesting Hour, 12-4274
New Pelisse, 12-4274
Playgrounds, 12-4274
Twilight Song, 12-4274
Alone I walked the ocean strand, 13-4742
Amends to Nature, by Arthur Symons, 8-3004
America, see My Country, 'Tis of Thee
America, the Beautiful, by Katharine Lee Bates 17-6251
American Flag, by J. R. Drake, 6-2034
Among the fine old kings that reign, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 8 1}$
An ancient story I'll tell you anon, $\mathbf{1 0 . 3 7 3 5}$
And if I give thee honor due, 1-327
"And, pray who are you?" 8-2907
And what is so rare as a day in June? $4-1515$
Anderson, Alexander
Cuddle Doon, 11-4116

Angel's Whisper, by Samuel Lover, 16-5710
Ann lintlefige, hy E. L. Mitstors, 4-1.114
Amnabel Lee, by E. A. Poe, 2-489
Annie Laurie, by William Douglas, 1-326
Announced by all the trumpets of the sky, 8-2906
Answer to a Child's Question, by S. T. ('olerilen', 2-9-4
Apologia, by Edmund Gosse, 8-3004
Apple Winds, by W. H. Ogilvie, 18-6651
Arat! Fintur in his steen, hy Mrs. C. S.

Arctic Indian's Faith, by T. D'A. McGee, 10-3481 Irgument of his Book, by Robert Herrick, 1-328 Arl..!s sn!t, by 11 m. Shakespeare, yumtatinn, 8-2689

## POETRY INDEX

Armarla: a Fragment, by T. B. Macaulay 14-5 127
Armakeddon, hy sir Ertwin Arnold, 12-4348
Armies in the Fire, by R. L. Stevenson, 1-101
Arming of Pigwiggen, by Michael Drayton 3-847
Arms and the man I sing, 6-1986
Arnold, Sir Edwin
Armageddon, 12-4348

## Arnold, Matthew

Forsaken Merman, 8-3001
Quiet Work, 18-6650
Shakespeare, 7-2365
Arrow and the Song, by H. W. Longfellow, 13-174t
Art thou pale for weariness, $\mathbf{2 - 4 8 9}$
Art thou poor, yet hast thou golden slumbers? 9-3339
Arthur O'Bower had broken his band, 7-2368
As a fond mother, when the day is o'er, $\mathbf{1 4 - 5 2 3 8}$
As Down in the Sunless Retreats, by Thomas Moore, 6-2035
As he trudged along to school, 12-4480
As I walked by myself, 3-1010
As I was going by Charing Cross, 10-3743
As I was going o'er Westminster Bridge, 7-2368
As I was going to St. Ives, 16-5929
As I was going to sell my eggs, 13-4602
As I was going up Pippin Hill, 16-5712
As I went through a garden gap, 7-2368
As I went to Bonner, 17-6384
As in the sunshine of the morn, 7-2638
As Life's unending column pours, 6-2245
As little Jenny Wren, 7-2639
As soft as silk, as white as milk, 7-2368
As the days lengthen, 7-2530
As through the land at eve we went, 17-6378
At Atri, in Abruzzo, a small town, 19-6869-70
At Flores in the Azores Sir Richard Grenville 191. 13-47:93

At Last, by J. G. Whittier, 7-2637
At midnight, in his guarded tent, 8-2765
It Léa, by Allan ('ummingham, 14-512.
At the king's gate the subtle noon, 9-3275
At Twilight, by W. C. Roberts, 11-4114
Atalanta in Calydon, Chorus from, by A. C. Swinburne, 6-2243
Attend, all ye who list to hear our noble England's praise, 14-j127
Auld Latng syon, by IRnert Burns, 17-6übo
Austin, Alfred
Queen and the Flowers, 6-2033
Austria. 17-6251
Autumn, by P. B. Shelley, 4-1515
Avenge, $O$ Lord, thy slaughtered saints, whose bones, 1-328
Ay, tear her tattered ensign down! 4-1380

## B

Baa. Paa, Hark sheep, 5-17.s2
Baby, by George Macdonald, 2-486
Baby and I were baked in a pie, 3-1143
Baby and the Brook, by Leon Alishan (translation). 13-4600
Baby, baby, lay your head, 1-324
Baby moon, 'tis time for bed, 12-4274
Babyland, by George Cooper, 17-6379
liahyland, by Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox, 16-5923
Babylon, by John Buchan, 8-3005
liabis \&n a new belissu, 12-127!
Baby's got no legs at all, 12-4274
Bailey, Philip James
Festus, quotation from: End of Life, 3-1007
Bailiff's Daughter, 11-4030
Baillie, Joanna
Good-night, Good-night, 3-1009
Ballad of Agincourt, by Michael Drayton, 5-1885
Balmont, Konstantin
Banks, George Tinngeus
What I Live For, 9-3274
Bannockburn, by Robert Burns, 2-738
Barbauld, Mis. Anna Letitia
Life, 18-нil il
Barber, barber, shave a pig, 8-2907
Parefoot Boy, by J. G. Whittier, 4-1517
Bargain, by Sir Philip Sidney, 19-6991
Baring-Gould, Sabine

Beron's Last Banquet, by A. G. Greene, 13-4742

Barr, Matthias
Only a Baby Small, 5-1887
Bat, bat, come under my hat, 4-1386
Bates, David (probable author)
Speak Gently, 18-6755
Bates, Kathavine Iee
America, the Beautiful, 17-6251
Battlo-hymn of the Republic, by Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, 17-6251
Battle of Blenheim, by Robert Southey, 2-483
Battle of the Baltic, by Thomas Campbell, 3-1140

## Baxter, Richard

Lord, it Belongs Not to my Care, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 6 7}$
Be Patient With the Children, 14-5240
Beati Illi, by J. A. Symonds, 14-5131
Beautiful faces are those that wear, 12-4270
Beautiful Things, by Ellen P. Allerton, 12-4270
Becker, Charlotte
Envoy, 11-4030
Becket, Thomas à (supposed author)
Columbia, the gem of the ocean, 17-6250
Beddoes, Thomas Lovell
How Many Times? 10-3644
Bedouin Song, by Bayard Taylor, 9.3270
Beeching, H. C.
Prayers, 10-3739
Bees, The, by A. P. Graves, 4-1519
Before Action, by William N. Hodgson, 10-373
Before the beginning of years, 6-2243
Before the winter's haunted nights are o'er, 10-3737
Begbie, Harold
Sun was Falling off to Sleep, 8-3007

## Begbie, Janet

A Dedication, 11-4032
Beggar Maid, by Lord Tennyson, 2-736
Behind him lay the gray Azores, 2-485
Behold her, single in the field, 14-4954
Behold Shock-headed Peter, 12-4477

## Belestier, Elliot

God's Fool. 14-5128
Believe me, if All those Endearing Young Charms, by Thomas Moore, 17-6378
Bell of Atri, by H. W. Longfellow, 19-6869-70
Bells, The by E. A. Poe, 16-6023
Bells of Shandon, by $F$. S. Mahony, 14-5238
Bennett, William Cox
Lullaby! O Lullaby! 13-4600
Benson, Arthur Christopher
Land of Hope and Glory, 6-2150
My Old Friend, 12-4271
My Will, 10-374
Beranger, Pierre Jean de
Gadfly, extract, 18-6717
Grandmother's Tale, 16-5921
Best School of All, by Henry Newbolt. 16-5711
Better Land, by Mrs. Felicia Hemans, 18-fi648
Better Things, by George Macdonald, 4-1383
Better to smell the violet cool, than sip the glowing wine, 4-1383
Better trust all, and be deceived, 16-5924
Betty Pringle had a little pig, 6-2154
Between Nose and Eyes a strange contest arose 11-4116
Between the dark and the daylight, 14-4955
Bid me to live, and I will live, 19-6991
Big and Little Things, by A. H. Miles, 7-2638
Billy, Billy, come and play, $8-2907$
Billy Boy, by M. M. Dodge, 3-1144
Binyon, Laurence
for the Fallen, 12-42T:
O World, be Nobler, 12-4472
Birch and green holly, boys, 4-1386
Bird of the wilderness, 3-1142
Birds, by R. H. Stoddard, 8-2764
lirds ar, singing round my window, 8-ここ64
Rirds in Summer, by Mary Howitt, 13-4744
Birth of ('hrict, hy S. (*) Hamurtom, 17-fins
Birthday, A, by Christina Rossetti, 4-1383
Rivouac of the Dead, by Theodore O'Hara, 8-2767
Bjerregaard, H. A.
Sons of Dear Norway (Sonner af Norge),
17-6253
Black we are, but much admired, 7-2368
Blackie, Stuart
Angels Holy, High and Lowly, 10-3739
Blake, by Edmund Gosse, 8-2764
Blake, William
Lamb, 2-606
Night, 17-6376
Nurse's Song, 3.847
Piping Down the Valleys Wild, 8-2764

## POETRY INDEX

Blake, William (continued)
Sleep, Beauty Bright, 3-848
Tiger, 3-1139
Blame, by J. A. Symonds, 10-3738
Blame not the times in which we live, 10-3738
Bless you, bless you, bonnie bee, 3-1143
Blessed are They that Mourn, by W. C. Bryant, 19-6873
Blessed Damozel, by D. G. Rossetti, 8-2904
Blessings on thee, little man, 4-1517
Blest is the man whose heart and hands are pure! 14-5131

## Blewett, Jean

Song of the Golden Sea, 15-5421
Blind Archer, by Sir A. C. Doyle, 7-2526
Blind Boy, by Colley Cibber, 3-1007
Blow, blow, thou winter wind, 3-838
Blow, wind, blow, and go, mill, go, 18-6800
Blue and the Gray, by F. M. Finch, 10-3643
Boadicea, by William Cowper, 1-322-23
Bobby Shaft is gone to sea, $15-5652$
Bogie Man, by A. P. Graves, 15-5527
Boker, George Henry
Dirge for a Soldier, 3-1006

## Bonar, Horatius

Thy Way, Not Mine, O Lord, 13-4599
Bonnie Jean, by Robert Burns, 6-2246
Bonny Kilmeny gaed up the glen, 16-5863-66
Borrowing, by R. W. Emerson, 16-6024
Bostwick, Helen B.
King's Picture, 18-6648
Bounce Buckram, velvet's dear, 17-6110
Bourdillon, $\mathbf{F}$. W.
Light, 17-6378
Bow-wow, says the dog, 15-5652
Bow, wow, wow, whose dog art thou? 13-4601
Bowed by the weight of centuries he leans, 8-3003
Bowles, William Lisle
Caged Bird, 12-4270
Boy and the Angel, by Robert Browning, 13-4741
Boyle, Sarah
Voice of the Grass, 6-2153
Boy's Song, by James Hogg, 2-607
Boy's Thanksgiving, by R. M. Dennis, 6-2152
Bravest Battle that Ever was Fought, by Joaquin Miller, 12-4474
Break! break! break! by Lord Tennyson, 6-2151
Brewer, Ebenezer Cobham
Little Things, 3-1007
Krian O'Lin had no breeches to wear, 3-1143
Rridge by $H$. Wi. Longfellow, 4-1515
Bring Back your Sheep, 18-6756
Rrook, by Lord Tennyson, 1-101
Brooke, Rupert
The Soldier. 12-4273
Brooke, Stopford
Earth and Man. 12-4476
Brown, Thomas Edward
My Garden, 18.6797
Brown, William
Epitaph on the Countess Dowager of Pembroke, 13-4599
Browning, Mrs. Elizabeth Barrett
Aurora Leigh: quotations, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 9 0}$
Child's Thought of God, $2-486$
How do I love thee? 15-5647
Man's Requirements, 5-1646
Musical Instrument, 5-1779
My Kate, 14-5241
Poet and the Bird, 11-4033
Sleep, 8-2765
Sonnets from the Portuguese, 10-3690
Sweetest Lives, 4-1380
Valediction, 4-1380
Weakest Thing, 7-2637
Woman's Shortcomings, 13-4743
Browning, Robert
All's Right with the World, 2-607
Boy and the Angel. 13-1it1
Home Thoughts, from Abroad, 10-3736
How They Brought the Good News, 19-6867-68
Incident of the French Camp, 12-4350
Last Ride Together: quotation, $9 \mathbf{9 1 0 9}$
Life in a Love, 1-325
Patriot, 18-6799
Pied Piper of Hamelin, 1-224
Prospice, 3 -1006
Brownlow, E. $\mathbf{B}$
Work, 10-3480
Bryant, William Cullen
Blessed are They that Mourn, 19-6873
Death of the Flowers, 18-6799

Bryant, William Callen (rontinucd)
Forest Hymn, 10-3741
Indian at the Burial-place of his Fathers, 18-6650
Planting the Apple-tree, 18-6648-49
Robert of Lincoln, 15-5523
Song of Marion's Men, 11-4032
To a Waterfowl, 17-6379
To the Fringed Gentian, 19-6873
Truth, crushed to earth shall rise again, 14-5131
Buchan, John
Babylon, 8-3005
Buchanan, Robert
Coming of Spring, 11-4032
Judas Iscariot (last part of poem), 14.5239
Buckle, by Walter de la Mare, 7-2365
Bugle, by Lord Tennyson, 8-2903
Builders, by H. W. Longfellow, 12-4350
Bull, John
God Save the King, 18-6651
Bunyan, John
He that is down, needs fear no fall, 15-5553
The Pilgrim, 9-3338
Burial of Moses, by C. F. Alexander, 14-5237
Burial of Sir John Moore, by Charles Wolfe, 2-607
Burial of the Linnet, by Mrs. J. H. G. Ewing, 14-4956
Burns, James Drummond
Evening Hymn, 13-4741
Burns, Robert
A Man's a Man for a' That, 12-447
Auld Lang Syne, 17-63s0
Bannockburn, 2-738
Bonnie Jean, 6-2246
Cotter's Saturday Night, 13-4597
John Anderson, 18-6i7 9
My Heart's in the Highlands, 4-1382
quotations from, 6-2136, 2138
Rind, Renl Rose, 9-3,
Selkirk Grace, 12-4475
To a Mountain Daisy, 14-5123
To a Mouse, 3-1008
Burroughs, John
Waiting, 6-2244
Buttercups and Daisies, by Mary Howitt, 1-323
Butterfly and the Snail, hy John Gay, 7-2638
Butterfly's Ball, by William Roscoe, 3-1008
Butterfly's Funeral, 10-3644
By all the glorites of the dity, $10-3 .: . P^{3}$
By Nebo's lonely mountain, 14-5237
By the flow of the inland river, $10-3 t i!$ ?
By the moon's silver ray, 14-5132
By the rude bridice that arched the floond, 11-4032
By the shores of Gitche Gumee, 19-6985-86
Bye, Baby Bunting, 2-i39
Byrom, John
Christians. Awake! 17-6106
Byron, George Gordon, lord
Destruction of Sennacherib, 19-6990
Eve of Waterloo, 8-2766
quotations from, 7-2490-91
She Walks in Beauty, 8-2903
To Thomas Moore, 19-6989
Venice, 14-5131
Vision of Belshazzar, 7-2529
C
Caged Bird, by W. L. Bowles, 12-4270
Campbell, Thomas
Battle of the Baltic, 3-1140
Hohenlinden, 3-1009
1rish Harlu- 10-:i-11
Lord Ullin's Daughter, 2-737
Farmo. 4-1: $: 1$
Ye Mariners of England, 2-firt


Canadian Boat-Song, by Thomas Noore, 15-5413
Canadian Song-Sparrow, by Sir James Edgar. 10-3482
Cane-bottomed Chair, by W. M. Thackeray, 8-2763
Carew, Lady Elizabeth
Trum Thes
arew, Thomas
Carey, Hexry
Sally in our Alley, 6-2151

## POETRY INDEX

## Carman, Bliss

Gift, 19-6991
We are the roadside flowers, 17-6282

## Carroll, Lewis

All in the golden afternoon, 9-3198-99
Walrus and the Carpenter, 6-2037
Carruth, William Herbert
Vach in His Own Tongue, 4-151t
Cary, Alice
Gray Swan, 6-2149

## Cary, Phoebe

Leak in the Dyke, 5-1777
Casabianca, by Mrs. Felicia Hemans, 4-1384
(astle-Buililet, ly Jean le la Funtaine. 12-12-0
Castle by the Sea, by Ludwig Uhland, 19-6988
Cat's Tea-party, rhyme, 5-1782
Chadwick, John White
Eternal Ruler of the Ceaseless Round, 6-2150
Chant National, by Basile Routhier, 17-6256
Character of a Happy Life, by Sir Henry Wotton, $13.45!$
Charcoal-Burner, by Edmund Gosse, 10-3739
Charge of the Light Brigade, by Lord Tennyson, 5-1:78
Charley, Charley, stole the barley, 13-4601
Chaucer, Geoffrey
Canterbury Tales: quotations from, 13-4768-73
Cher Ami, D. S. C., by H. W. Farrington, 6-2151 Cher Ami, how do you do! 6-2151
Cherry Ripe, by Robert Herrick, 8-3002
Child, Mrs. Lydia Maria
Thanksgiving Day, 19-6873
Child and the Snake, by Charles and Mary Lamb. 7-2528
Children's Hour, by H. W. Longfellow, 14-4955
Child's Evening Prayer, by S. T. Coleridge, $2-485$
Child's Evening Prayer, by A. P. Graves, 2-611
Child's Thought of God, by E. B. Browning, 2-186
Child's Wish in June, 4-138?
('hristianz. Awak.! by Johni Ifromm, 17-1;1m; Christmas Carol, by J. G. Holland, 14-4955 Christmas Hymn, by Alfred Domett, 18-6466 Christmas Morning, by Edwin Waugh, 17-6107 Cibber, Colley

Blind Boy, 3-1007
Clap, clap handies, 13.4602
Clare, John
I am! Yet what I am who cares or knows? 12-4228
Clear and cool, clear and cool, 5-1;4;
Clearest voice in Britain's chorus, Tusitala 10-3737
Close his eyes; his work is done, 3-1006
Cloud, by P. B. Shelley, 18-6647
Clough, Arthur Fugh
Say Not, the Struggle Naught Availeth,
Cock a doodle doo! 8-2772
Cock Robin got up early, 8-3008

Cold and raw the north wind doth blow, 10-3743
Coleridge, Samuel Taylor
Answer to a Child's Question, 1-324
Child's Evening Prayer, $2=485$

Collins, William
quotations from, 6-2029
Colors of the Flag, by F. G. Scott, 10-3482
Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean, attributed to Thomas à Becket, 17-6250
Columbus, by Joaquin Miller, $2-485$
Come, all ye weary wanderers, 17-6107
Come, dear children, let us away, 8-3001
Come, fairest fisher maiden, here, 19-6987
Come follow, follow me, 7-2636
('mbl. hithor lanls athl hearkinl. for a lale there is to tell, 16-6024
(',1...) Into the Garden, Maud, by Lord Tennyson, 4-1270
Come, let us plant the apple-tree, 18-6648-49

"'rhin lifll. latin," satid the wind one day, 19-6990
Come, live with me and be my love, $9-3274$
Come, my little one, with me! 9-3108
Come o'er the stream. Charlie, 15-5641
cime, take up your hats, and away let us haste, 3-1008


('ommon Natures, by Aaron Hill, 11-4116


Composed Upon Westminster Bridge, by William Wordsworth, 12-4350
Conclusion, by Sir Walter Raleigh, 14-4970
Concord Hymn, by R. W. Emerson, 11.4032

## Cook, Eliza

Fern and the Moss, 12-4273
King Bruce and the Spider, 15-5521
Mouse and the Cake, 13-4743
Old Arm-Chair, 4-1516

## Cooper, George

Babyland, 17-6379
Leaves and the Wind, 19-6990
Corbet, Richard
A Father's Blessing, 19-6873
Cornwall, Barry (Bryan Waller Procter)
Fisherman, 4-1384
Horned Owl, 15-5523
Sea, 19-6871
Stars, 2-609
Stormy Petrel, 14-5130
Coronach, 9-3111
Coronation, by Mrs. H. H. Jackson, 9.3275
Cory, William
Heraclitus, 8-3004
Cotter's Saturday Night, by Robert Burns, 13-4597
Could ye come back to me, Douglas, Douglas, 6-: 1134
Could you count the bright stars peeping, 7-2366
Counsel to Girls, by Robert Herrick, 5-1779
Country Faith, by Norman Gale, 6-2036
Courtin', by James Russell Lowell, 16-5922
Cowards die many times before their deaths, 11.3933

Cowper, William
Alexander Selkirk, 19-6871
Boadicea. 1.322-23
Dispute between Nose and Eyes, 11-4116
Dog and the Water-Lily, 7-2528
Epitaph on a Hare, 7-2, ?
God Moves in a Mysterious Way, 3-1141
John (ilyin, 5-163:4-4:
Loss of the Royal George, 1-324
Nightingale and Glow-worm, 2-606
Retired Cat, 5-1780
Cradle Song, by Lord Tennyson, 3-848
Cradle Song, by Isaac Watts, 14-5241
Crawford, Louisa Macartney
Kathleen Mavourneen, 1-326
"Croak," said the toad, "I'm hungry, I think," 13-4601
Crocus, by Mrs. H. E. King, 12-4472
Cromwell, our chief of men, who through a cloud, 12-4349
Cross patch, 4-1386
Crossing the Bar, by Lord Tennyson, 4-1382
Cry of the Dreamer, by J. B. O'Reilly, 12-4473
Cuddle Doon, by Alexander Anderson, 11.4116
Culprit Fay, by J. R. Drake, $4=1271$
Cunningham, Allan
Curfew Bell, by R. H. Thorpe, 7-2363
Curly locks? Curly locks! will thou be mine? 4-1386
"liatl. hats a buat," 18-figit
Daffodils, by William Wordsworth, 1-102
Dainty, diddlety, my mammy's maid, 15-5652
1)aisy at fhristmas, l,y James Montemmery 18-15 56
Dame, get up and bake your pies, 17-6112 11.1..e a lithy, 7-25\%,

Dance, little baby, dance up high, 14-4957
Dance of the Flowers, 7-2366
Dance of the Flowers, $7-2366$
Dane, Barry, sec Logan, John E.

## Dante Alighieri

Inferno: quotations from, 17-6151

1) arius Green, by J. T. Trowbridge, 18-1:7!4.:

Dark house, by which once more I stand, 12-1343
Darling Mother, shall I say, 16-5869
Davidson, John
Piper, Play! 6-2242
Davies, W. H.
Leisure, 9-3111
)awn of nearl and of mist, 15-5422
Hay Is Coming, by William Morris, 16-6024


Uay Thou Gavest, by John Ellerton, 6-2243

## POETRY INDEX

Daybreak, by H. W. Longfellow, 19-6991
Dear Land of Hope, thy hope is crowned, 6-2150
Death of Napoleon, by Isaac McLellan, 19-6868 Death of the Flowers, by W. C. Bryant, 18-6799
Death of the Old Year, by Lord Tennyson, 17-6109
Death stands above me, whispering low, 19-6991
Death Undreaded, by W. S. Landor, 19-6991
De Bell of St. Michel, by W. H. Drummond, 10-3483
December, by J. M. Gibbon, 15-5422
December's Snow, by Sir A. C. Doyle, 8-3004
Dedication, by Janet Begbie, 11-4032
Deed and a Word, by Charles Mackay, 12-4474
Deep on the convent-roof the snows, 19-6874

## Dekzer, Thomas

O Sweet Content, 9-3339
De la Mare, Walter
The Buckle, 7-2365
De Lisle, Rouget, see Rouget de Lisle
Dennis, Richard Molesworth
Boy's Thanksgiving, 6-2152
Deserted House, by Lord Tennyson, 10-3740
Deserted Village, by Oliver Goldsmith, 15-5645-47
Destruction of Sennacherib, by Lord Byron, 19-6990
Dey say dat in de winter in de norf it mostly snows, 19-6873
Diamond Dust, by John Oxenham, 9-3271
Dibdin, Charles
Tom Bowling, 5-1781
Dickens, Charles
Ivy Green, 10-3741
Dickery, dickery dare, 13-4601
Dickinson, Mary Lowe
If We Had but a Day, 8-2903
Did you hear of the curate who mounted his mare? 16-5708
Did you ne'er think what wondrous beings these? 14-5131
Diâdle didide dumpling, my son John, 16-5868
Diddley-diddley-dumpty, the cat ran up the plum-tree, 14-4957
Didn't know Flynn, 6-2244
Die Wacht am Rhein, by Schneckenburger, 17-6254
Ding dong bell; pussy's in the well, 11-4120
Dip down upon the northern shore, $12-4345$
Dirge for a Soldier, by G. H. Boker, 3-1006
Discontented Apples, by F. E. Weatherly, 5-1888
Discoverer, by Edmund Clarence Stedman, 16-5866
Disdain Returned, by Thomas Carew, 9-3110
Dispute between Nose and Eyes, by William Cowper, 11-4116
Dixie, 17-6250
Do you know what the birds say? 1-324
Do you wish the world were better? 7-2528
Dobbin has a little friend, 5-1887
Dobbin's Friend, by Mary Mapes Dodge, 5-1887
Dobson, Austin
In After Days, 7-2365
Doctor Foster went to Glo'ster, 10-3743
Dodge, Mrs. Mary Mapes
Blly Boy, 3-1144
Dobbin's Friend, 5-1887
Good Little Girls, 3-1144
Little White Feathers, 3-1144
One and One, 3-1144
Terrible Ball, 3-848
Three Old Ladies, 3-1144
Willie's Lodger, $5-1888$
Does the road wind up-hill all the way? 12-4472
Dog and the Water-Lily, by William Cowper, 7-2528
Domett, Alfred
Christmas Hymn, 18-6466
Dost thou look back on what hath been, 12-4345
Doudney, Sarah
Lesson of the Water Mill, 12-4473
Things That Never Die, 5-1887

## Douglas, William

Annie Laurie, 1-326
Douglas, Douglas, Tender and True, by D. M. Mulock, 6-2034
Douglas Tragedy, ballad, 11-4112
Dove, by John Keats, 3 -1142
Down from yon distant mountain height, 13-4600
Down in a green and shady bed, $2-489$

Doyle, Sir Arthrur Conan
Blind Archer, 7-2526
December's Snow, 8-3004
Parable, 11-4032
Song of the Bow, 9-3107
Drake, Joseph Rodman
American Flag, 6-2034
Culprit Fay, 4-1271
Drake he's in his hammock an' a thousand mile away, 16-5924
Drake's Drum, by Sir Henry Newbolt, 16-5924
Drayton, Michael
Arming of Pigwiggen, 3-847
Ballad of Agincourt, 5 -1885
Dribble, dribble, trickle, trickle, 3-1143
Drink to me only with thine eyes, 2 -489
Drummond, William Henry
De Bell of St. Michel, 10-3483
Ole Tam on Bord-a Plouffe, 10-3479
Dryden, John
Song For St. Cecilia's Day, 4-1270
Duff, J. W., translator
Virgil's Æneid: quotations from, 6-1986-89
Duncan, Mary Lundie
Jesus, Tender Shepherd, 13-4742
Dyer, Sir Edward
My Mind to me a Kingdom is, 9.3339

## E

Each eve Earth falleth down the dark, 12-4475
Each in His Own Tongue, by W. H. Carruth, 4-1514
Earth and Man, by Stopford Brooke, 12-4476
Earth has not anything to show more fair, 12-4350
Earthly Paradise: introduction, by William Morris, 9-3108
Edgar, Sir James
Canadian Song-Sparrow, 10-3482
Elder, Mrs. Lilla T.
Mother's Kisses, 3-1139
My Menagerie, 4-1516
O Mammy's Pickaninny, 19-6873
There's Room at the Top, 16-5923
Elegy on the Death of a Mad Dog, by Oliver Goldsmith, 3-1141
Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard, by Thomas Gray, 9-3337
Eliot, Henrietta Robins
Why It Was Cold in May, 11-4033
Elixir, by George Herbert, 12-4349
Elizabeth, Elspeth, Betsy, and Bess, 9-3342
Ellerton, John
Day Thou Gavest, 6-2243
Emerson, Ralph Waldo
Borrowing, 16-6024
Concord Hymn, 11-4032
Good-bye, 6-2245
Mountain and the Squirrel, 3.846
Nation's Strength, 14-5129
Snow-Storm, 8-2906
Test, 13-4743
Enchanted Shirt, by John Hay, 1-102
End of Life: quotation from Festus, by P. J. Bailey, 3-1007
England, My England, by W. E. Henley, 7-2365
England's sun was slowly setting o'er the hilltops far away, 7-2363
Envoy, by Charlotte Becker, 11-4030
Epitaph on a Hare, by William Cowper, 7-2529
Epitaph on the Countess Dowager of Pembroke, by William Browne, 13-4599
Ere on my bed my limbs I lay, 2-485
Erl King, by J. W. von Goethe, 19-6988
Escape me? Never-Beloved! 1-325
Eternal Father, strong to save, 19-6871
Eternal Ruler of the Ceaseless Round, by J. W. Chadwick, 6-2150
Ethereal minstrel! pilgrim of the sky, 7-2529
Eve of Waterloo, by Lord Byron, 8-2766
Even such is Time, that takes in trust, 14-4970
Evening Hymn, by J. D. Burns, 13-4741
Evening Hymn, by John Keble, 4-1382
Ever just over the top of the next brown rise, 11-1114
Ever let the fancy roam! 6-2241
Every evening after tea, 11-4036
Every lady in this land, 18-6800
Every one that flatters thee, 11.3932
Ewing, Mrs. J. H. G.
Burial of the Linnet, $14=4956$

## POETRY INDEX

Excelsior, by H. W. Longfellow, 2-609
Eyes of blue and hair of gold, 5-1645

## F

Faintly as tolls the evening chime, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 4 1 9}$
Fill Daffollis, hy Robert Herrick $7-2 \cdot 1$
Fair daffodils, we weep to see, 7-2527
Fair ship, that from the Italian shore, 12-4:34.3 Fair stood the wind for France, 5-1885
Fair these broad meads-these hoary woods are grand, 9-3271
Fairies, by William Allingham, 2-485
Fairy Life, by William Shakespeare, 6-2152
Fairy Lullaby, by William Shakespeare, 6-2153
Fairy Song, by John Keats, 2-606
Fairy Tempter, by Samuel Lover, 8-2906
Faith, by Farny Kemble, 16-5924
Faith, by Ray Palmer, 13-4740
Falling, falling leaves, 15-5422
Farewell, by Charles Kingsley, 1-102
Farewell, by John Addington Symonds, 16-5924
Farewell, a long farewell, to all my greatness, 11-3928
Farmer's Boy, 16-6025
Farragut, by W. T. Meredith, 10-3643

## Farrington, Harry Webb

Cher Ami, D. S. C., 6-2151
Father and I went down to camp, 17-6250
Father William, by Robert Southey, 2-484
Fatherland, by J. R. Lowell, 3-846
Father's Blessing, by Richard Corbet, 19-6873
Fear death?-to feel the fog in my throat, 3-1006
Fear no more the heat 0 the sun, $3-986$
Fern and the Moss, by Eliza Cook, 12-4273
Festus, quotation from: End of Life, by P. J. Bailey, 3-1007
Fiddle-de-dee, Fiddle-de-dee, the fly has married the humble-bee, 4-1274
"Fiddle-Dee-Dee!" by Eugene Field, 9-3272
Fidelity, by William Wordsworth, 11-4115

## Field, Eugene

"Fiddle-Dee-Dee!" 9-3272
Fly-Away Horse, 11.4111
Good-Children Street, 9-3340
Humming Top, 6-2150
Inscription on a Silver Plate, 12-4473
Long Ago, 9-3108
Pittypat and Tippytoe, 10-3484
Poet and King, 12-4476
Rock-a-bye Lady, 18-6469
Shuffle-Shoon and Amber-Locks, 19-6993
Shut-Eye Train, 9-3108
Teeny-Weeny, 11-4036
Wynken, Blynken, and Nod, 1-98
Field, James T.
Owl-Critic, 7-2640
Finch, Francis Miles
Blue and the Gray, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 4 3}$
Nathan Hale, 4-1381
Finis, by W. S. Landor, 12-4474
Fir-Tree (German folksong), 7-2367
Fisherman, by Barry Cornwall, 4-1384
Five little pussy-cats, invited out to tea, 16-6028
Five little sisters walking in a row, 19-6995 Flag, 15-5650
Flag Day, by Minna Trving, 15-5650
Fleet Street, by Shane Leslie, 13-4600
Flight of the Arrow, by R. H. Stoddard, 16-5866
Flight of Youth, by R. H. Stoddard, 18-6650
Flour of England, fruit of Spain, 7-2368
Flowers, by W. B. Rands, 6-2244
Fly-Away Horse, by Eugene Field, 11-4111
Flynn of Virginia, by Bret Harte, 6-2244
Follen, Eliza Iee
Oh, Look at the Moon! 7-2364
Fool's Prayer, by E. R. Sill, 2-488
Foot Soldiers, by J. B. Tabb, 11-4111
For all your days prepare, 8-3006
For every evil under the sun, 4-1386
For I dipt into the future, far as human eye could see, 9-3276
For I have learned to look on nature, 7-2357 For Justice, by B. F. Trotter, 15-5422
For the Fallen, by Laurence Binyon, 12-4272
For Those who Fail, by Joaquin Miller, 12-4476

Forsaken Merman, by Matthew Arnold, 8-3001
Forth sprang the impassioned Queen her Lord to clasp, 8-2820

Foster, Stephen Collins
Massa's in de Cold, Cold Ground, 8-2764
My Old Kentucky Home, Good-Night, 8-300?
Oh! Boys, Carry me 'Long, 4-1516
Old Folks at Home, $4-1380$
Found in the garden dead in his beauty, 14-4956
Fountain, by J. R.' Lowell, 2-607
Four and twenty tailors went to kill a snail, 2-740
Four ducks on a pond, 8-3006
Four Things, by Henry Van Dyke, 8-2765
Four things a man must learn to do, 8-2765
Fourteen small broidered berries on the hem, 12-4475
Fresh with all airs of woodland brooks, 12.4348
Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears, 11-3929
Frog he would a-wooing go, 18-6470-71
Frolic of Johnny the Stout, 5-1884
From breakfast on through all the day, 3-1009
From harmony, from heavenly harmony, 4-1270
From out the tomb the dead heroes are speaking, 17-6252
From the Desert I come to thee, 9-3270
From the leafy maple ridges, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 8}$
From thy fearful sword I know thee, 17-6255
From you I have been absent in the Spring, 2-724
Frost Looked Forth, 6-2148
Fulke-Greville, Sir, see Greville
Full knee-deep lies the winter snow, 17-6109
Full Sea Rolls, by W. E. Henley, 8-2764

## G

Gadfly, by Béranger, extract, 18-6717
Gaelic Lullaby, 10-3480

## Gale, Norman

Country Faith, 6-2036
Garibaldi's Hymn, by Mercantini, 17-6252
Gates, Ellen M. H.
My Mother's Hands, 5-1646
Gather ye rosebuds while ye may, 5-1779

## Gay, John

Butterfly and the Snail, 7-2638
Gentle Jesus, Meek and Mild, by Charles Wesley, 9-3270
Gibbon, John Murray
December, 15-5422
March. 15-5422
May, 15-5422
October, 15-5422
Gift, by Bliss Carman, 19-6991
Gilder, Richard Watson
Great Nature is an Army Gay, 14-5130
Ginevra, by Samuel Rogers, 6-2032
Girls and boys come out to play (with music), 3-1010; 7-2641

## Gisborne, Thomas

The Worm, 3-847
Give a Man a Horse He Can Ride, by James Thomson, 2-489
Give me your ear, good children all, 3-848
Give thy thoughts no tongue, 11-3932
"Give us a song!" the soldiers cried, 6-2034 Give us men, 18-6797
Go, lovely rose, 19-6874
Go 'way, go 'way, don't ring no more, ole bell of Saint Michel, 10-3483
Goblin Market, by C. G. Rossetti, 9-3103
God be with thee, my beloved, 4-1380
God makes sech nights all white an' still, 16-5922
God Moves in a Mysterious Way, by William Cowper, 3-1141
God of Justice, our salvation, 17-6255
God of our fathers, known of old, 19-6872
God Only Knows (German folksong), 7-2366
God preserve our noble Emp'ror, 17-6251-52
God Rest You Merry, Gentlemen, 17-6105
God save our gracious king, 18-6651
God Save the King, by John Bull, 18-6651
God Sends Love to You (from The House 0.2 Rimmon), by Henry Van Dyke, 14-4955
God shield ye, heralds of the spring, 7-2364 Ciod who createrl me, 10-37.39
God's Fool, by Elliot Belestier, 14-5128
God's gifts so many a pleasure bring, 6-2152
Goeth $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{\text {, Johann }}$ Wolfgang von
Erl King, 19-6988
Haste Not! Rest Not! $4 \mathbf{- 1 3 8 1}$

## POETRY INDEX

Goethe，Johann Wolfgang von（continucd） Rest，19－6988
Wild Rose，19－6987
Goldsmith，Oliver
Deserted Village，15－5645－47
Elegy on the Death of a Mad Dog，3－1141
Good－bye，by R．W．Emerson，6－2245
Good－bye，good－bye to summer，1－324
Good－bye，proud world！I＇m going home，6．2245
Good－Children Street，by Eugene Field，9－3340
Good Great Man，by S．T．Coleridge，16－5867
Good King Wenceslas，Carol，3－844
Good Little Girls，by M．M．Dodge，3－1144
Good－morrow to you，Valentine！5－1890
Good name in man or woman，dear my lord， 11－3932
Good－night，by Jane Taylor，1－324
Good－night，good－night，by Joanna Baillie， 3－1009
Good people all，of every sort，3－1141
Goosey，Goosey，Gander，9－3343

## Gosse，Edmund

Apologia，8－3004
Blake，8－2764
Charcoal－Burner，10－3739
Song for the New Year，6－2243
To Tusitala in Vailima， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 3 7}$
With a Copy of Herrick，12－4348

## Gould，Hannah Flagg

Name in the Sand，13－4742
Gould，Sabine Baring，see Baring－Gould
Grandmother＇s Tale，by Pierre Jean de Beranger， 16－5921

## Graves，Alfred $\mathbf{P}$ ．

Bees，4－1519
Bogie Man，15－5527
Child＇s Evening Prayer，2－611
German folksongs，7－2366－67
M．N．O．，16－5712
White Hart，19－6984

## Gray，Thomas

Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard， 9－3337
Gray－haired old Farragut，10－3643
Gray Swan，by Alice Cary，6－2149
Great A，Little A， $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 6 8}$
Great A，Little a，bouncing B， $\mathbf{7 - 2 6 3 9}$
Great Adventurer，8－2767
Great－Heart，by John Oxenham，8－3006
Great King William spread before him，8－2903
Great Nature Is an Army Gay，by R．W．Gilder， 14－5130
Great，wide，beautiful．wonderful world．2－738
Greedy Boy，by Mrs．Elizabeth Turner，3－844
ireen be the turf above thee，3－1142
Green gardens in Laventie，12－4271

## Greenaway，Kate

Five little sisters walking in a row 19－6＇45 Jittle Miss Patty and Master Paul，19－6995
look over the wall，and I＇ll tell you why， 19－6994
Polly＇s，Peg＇s and Poppety＇s Mamma，19－6995
Prince Finikin and his mamma，19－6994
Three little girls were sitting on a rail，19－6995
Three tabbies took out their cats to tea， 19－6995
Under the window is my garden，19－6994
Greene，Albert Gorton
Baron＇s Last Banquet，13－4742
Gregory，Charles Noble
Two Men，11－4033
Greville，Sir Fulke
On Sir Philip Sidney，11．4029

## E

Hail．Columbia，by Joseph Hopkinson，5－1645
Hail to thee，blithe spirit！16－60：1
Half a league half a league，5－1：－

## Halleck，Fitz－Greene

Marco Bozzaris，8－2765
On the Death of Joseph Rodman Drake，3－1141
Talt！Who goes there？16－5869
Hamadryad，10－3484
Hamelin town＇s in Brunswick，1－224

## Hamerton，S．C．

Birth of Christ，17－6108
Hannah Binding Shoes，by Lucy Larcom：
quotation，18－6442
Happiest Land，by H．W．Longfellow，5－1780
Happiness，7－2637

Harte，Bret
Flynn of Virginia，6－2244
Heathen Chinee，4－1381
Harvest Time，by E．P．Johnson，15－5421
Hast thou seen that lordly castle，19－6988
Haste Not！Rest Not！by J．W．von Goethe 4－1381
Have pity，Lord！we humbly cry，13－4600
Have you heard of the valley of Babyland， 16．5923
Have you heard of the wonderful one－hoss shay， 9－3269
Hawkshawe，Mrs．
Common Things，13－4744
Hay，John
Enchanted Shirt，1－102
He comes in the night！He comes in the night！ 17－6111
He fills the world with his singing， $12-4476$
He is gone on the mountain，9－3111
He lives within the hollow wood，10－3739
He loves me，he don＇t，13－4745
He quickly arms him for the field，3－847
He spoke of Burns：men rude and rough，9－3272
He that is down needs fear no fall，15－55．53
He that loves a rosy cheek，9－3110
He that would thrive，16－6028
He was an apple and she was an apple，5－1888
Heap on more wood！－the wind is chill，17－6106
Hear，hear，$O$ ye nations，and hearing obey， 17－6256
Hear，o Ye Nations，by Frederick Lucian Hos－ mer，17－6256
Hear the sledges with the bells－Silver bells： 16－6023
Heathen Chinee，by Bret Harte，4－1381
Heavens in London Town，by Edward Shillito， 10－3737
Hector Protector was dressed all in green， 17－6384
Heine，Heinrich
Lorelei，6－2035 Maiden，19－6987
Pretty Fisher Maiden，
To my Sister，19－6987
Hemans，Mrs．Felicia
Betcer̃ Land，18－6648
Casabianca，4－1384
Homes of England，3－845
Pilgrim Fathers，16－6022
Henley，William Ernest
England，My England，7－2365
Full Sea Rolls，8－2764
Invictus，3－1142
When Yon tre（）\｜，16－5，fif
Henry Hudson＇s Last Voyage，he Iffory Viald Dyke，11－4109
Henry was exery morning feel，7－2ポか
Hepaticas，by Archibald Lampman，15－5422

Heraclitus，by William Cory，8－3004
Herbert，George
Elixir，12－4349
Pulley，1－323
Unkindness，17－6379
Here a Little Child I Stand，by Robert Herrick， 2－488
Here，a sheer hulk，lies poor Tom Bowling， 5－1781
Here am I，little Jumping Joan，2－740
Here I come creeping，creeping everywhere， 6－2153
Here in a quiet and dusty room they lie， 14－5129
Here in the country＇s heart，6－2036
Here in this liorture youl vall sue，12－7t5！
Here lies whom hound did ne＇er pursue，7－2529
Нere we go round a ginger ring，6－2154
Here tre gn 111，ul，11，18－tinfil
Here＇s a poor widow from Babylon，6－2040
Here＇s a poor w
Aerrick，Robert Ar Book， $\mathbf{1 - 3 2 8}$
Cherry Ripe，8－3002
Counsel to Girls， $\mathbf{5 - 1 7 7 9}$
Fair Daffodils，7－2527
Here a Little Child I Stand，2－488
Rubies and Pearls，16－5708
Ternarie of Littles，17－6379
To Anthea，19－6991
Hey，diddle diddle！the cat and the fiddle，9－3341
Hey diddle，dinkety，poppety，pet，7－2639
Hey，my kitten，my kitten，18－6800
Heywood，Thomas
Lark，8－3002

Hiawatha＇s Brothers，by H．W．Longfellow， 17－6378
Hick－a－more，Hack－a－more，7－2368
Hickory，Dickory，Dock，3－1147
Hickson，William Edward
Try Again，14－4956
Higgledy，Piggledy，here we lie，3－1010
Higglepy，Piggleby，my black hen，4－1274
High－brow House was furnished well，11－4032
High didulle ding，17－63st
Common Natures，11－4116

## Hill，Aaron

Hills of Skye，by William McLennan，10－3480
His fame shall never pass away，16－5921
Ho！for a frolic！5－1884
Ho，my kitten，my kitten，15－5652
Hobby－Horse（German folksong），7－2367
Hodgson，William Noel
Before Action，10－3738

## Hoffman，Heinrich

Hunter and the Hare，12－4478
Johnny Head－in－air，12－4480
Shock－headed Peter，12－4477
Slovenly Peter：extracts from，12－4477－80
Story of a Blackamoor，12－4479
Story of Fidgety Philip，12－4477
Story of Flying Robert，12－4480

## Hogg，James

Boy＇s Song，2－607
Kilmeny：a Fairy Legend，16－5863
Skylark，3－1142
Hohenlinden，by Thomas Campbell，3－1009
Holland，Josiah Gilbert
Christmas Carol，14－4955
Holmes，Oliver Wendell
Lord of all Being，4－1514
Nearing the Snow－line，19－6874
Old Ironsides，4－1380
Two Armies，6－2245
What the Stars Have Seen，5－1888
Wonderful One－Hoss Shay，9－3269
Holyrood，by W．H．Ogilvie，16－6022
Home no more Home to Me，by R．L．Stevenson， 9－3110
Home，Sweet Home，by John Howard Payne， 1－322
Home Thoughts，from Abroad，by Robert Browning，10－3736
Home Thoughts in Laventie，by E．W．Tennant， 12－4271
Homer，see General Index
Homes of England，by Mrs．Felicia Hemans， 3－845

## Hood，Thomas

I Remember，I Remember，3－845
November in England，14－5130
Queen Mab，3－1138
Song of the Shirt，16－5710
Hop，hop，hop！7－2367
Hopkinson，Joseph
Hail，Columbia，5－1645
Horace（Quintus Horatius Flaccus）
Integer Vitae，7－2636
Horned Owl，by Barry Cornwall，15－5523
Horse，by Jane Taylor，15－5522
Hosmer，Frederick Lucian
Hear，（）Ya Natirms：17－fig．ja
Houghton，Richard Monckton Milne，lst lord Men of Old，14－5129
Hound of Heaven，by Francis Thompson，8－2901 House that Jack Built，15－5651
Housekerper，hy（＇harles Lamb，18－67．jt
How beantiful is the rain．18－6fi4！
How dry I love thee？Wy Mrs．F．P．Browning， 15－5647
How doth the little busy bee，2－thit
How happy is he born or taught，13－4599
How Horatius Kept the Bridge，by T．B． Macaulay，10－3639
＂How many miles to Babyland？＂17－6379
＂How many miles of Bahylon？＂3－114．3
How many bumads dotes baloy worgh？5－17 0

 How pleasant the life of a bird must be， $13-4744$ How seldom，friend，a good great man inherits， 1．6－5867
How sleep the brave who sink to rest，6－2029 How soon hath Time，the subtle thief，1－328 How swew the momblight sleens upon this bank！3－836
How they Brought the Good News，by Robert Browning，19－6867

How to Write a Letter，by Mrs．Turner，14－4955
How would Willie like to go，9－3274
Howard，Alice $G$ ．
Sorrow，14－5130
Howe，Mrs．Julia Ward
Battle－hymn of the Republic，17－6251
Howitt，Mary
Birds in Summer，13－4744
Buttercups and Daisies，1－323
Old Christmas，9－3275
Spider and the Fly，12－4269
Howitt，William
Wind in a Frolic，1－228
Hugo，Victor
Stream and the Ocean，10－3741
Hume，Alexander
Summer＇s Day，10－3644
Humming Top，by Eugene Field，6－2150

## Hunt，Leigh

Abou Ben Adhem and the Angel，3－1138
Jenny Kissed Me，19－6991
Hunter and the Hare，by Heinrich Hoffman， 12－4478
Hunting Song，6－2153
Hush，baby my dolly，I pray you don＇t cry， 7－2639
Hush！my dear，lie still and slumber，14－5241
Hush！the waves are rolling in， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 8 0}$
Hush－a－bye，babby，lie still with thy daddy， 13－4745
Hush－a－bye，baby，Daddy is near，13－4601
Hush－a－bye，baby，on the tree top，8－2770
Hush－a－bye，Colin，brother of mine，14－5132
Hushed was the evening hymn，13－4741
Hymn of Empire，by $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{G}$ ．Scott，10－3483
Hymn of Free Russia，by Konstantin Balmont， 17－6253
Hymn on the Nativity of My Saviour，by Ben Jonson，17－6107
Hymn to Liberty，by Nalbandian（Armenian）， 17－6253
Hymn to Liberty（Greek），17－6255

## I

am，by E．W．Wilcox，4－1514
am monarch of all 1 survey，19－6571
am tired of planning and toiling，12－4473
am！Yet what 1 am who cares or knows？ 12－4228
arise from dreams of thee，3－1142
bring fresh showers for the thirsting flowers， 18－6647
I cannot do the big things，7－2638
come from haunts of coot and hern，1－101
dreamed one I had loved did me foul wrong， 14－5128
I envy not in any moods，12－4344
fled Him，down the nights and down the days， 8－2901
had it dove，and the sweet dove died，3－1142
had a little moplov，7－2か？9
hatd a little nut－tree，nothing would it bear， 9－3：$: 3$
had a little pony，his name was Dapple Gray， 16－5．1：
had a silver buckle，7－2365
hari no thonght of stommy sky，18－66\％1
hatre a little kinsman，16－5へら6
have a little shadow that goes in and out with me，1－101
have a little sister，they call her Peep，Peep， 7－2．368
have been here before，19－6989
have had playmates，I have had companions， 11－4115
hate loverl colors athr unt flowers，8－3004
have not sinned against the God of Love， 8－3004
hate кenn you，little mouse，5－1s．90
hear it ehowit that moses the earth 11－4111
hear thee speak of the better land，18－664S
heard a brooklet gushing，19－6987
Heard a Soldier，by Herbert Trench，3－1139
hums m！rerste in the wimt，13－474．3
k’mw hat that the wern of oll，14－5129

khew mot whence｜rame．4－1．11t
know that this was Life－the track，12－4344
lak on summer ev＇ning，w＇en nice cool win＇is blowin＇，10－3479
I live for those who love me，9－3274

## POETRY INDEX

I lived my days apart，12－4234
I love it，I love it；and who shall dare，4－1516
I love little pussy，7－2642
I love sixpence，pretty little sixpence， $\mathbf{4} \mathbf{- 1 2 7 4}$ （with music）10－3743
I love the little flowers， $\mathbf{1 4 - 4 9 5 7}$
I love you well，my little brother，13－4745
I must not throw upon the floor，6－2247
I never saw a Purple Cow，7－2642
I never see the newsboys run，13－4600
I often wonder if our Phil，12－4477
I once had a sweet little doll，dears，14－5129
I once knew all the birds that came， 9 －310
I passed beside the reverend walls，12－4346
I read that once in Affrica，2－487
I Remember，I Remember，by Thomas Hood， 3－845
I said－Then，dearest，since＇tis so，9－3109
I said to Life，＂How comes it，19－6991
I Saw a New World，by W．B．Rands，19－6870
I saw a new world in my dream，19－6870
I saw a ship a－sailing，18－6800
I saw Eternity the other night，10－3644
I saw three ships come sailing by，17－6110
I shot an arrow into the air，13－4744
I should like to rise and go， $3-1136$
I sing of brooks，of blossoms，birds，and bowers，1－328
I sing the Birth was born to－night，17－61ni
I sprang to the stirrup，and Joris，and he， 19－5867－68
I stood on the bridge at midnight，4－1515
I stood upon the plain，10－3482
I strove with none，for none was worth my strife，12－4474
I suppose if all the children，9－3276
I swing to the sunset land，10－3480
I think he had not heard of the far towns， 15－5647
I think that I shall never see，12－4271
I think when I read that sweet story of old， 18－6651
I think when I＇m a grown－up man，14－5236
I Traveled Among Unknown Men，by William Wordsworth，18．6467
I wandered lonely as a cloud，1－102
I wasn＇t brave，I had to cry，14－5236
I would live，if I had my will，10－3740
I＇d like to be a farmer，12－4270
If，by Rudyard Kipling，6－2036
If all the ships I have at sea，5－1778
If all the world and love were young，9－3339
If all the wnrld were apmle pie，18－ヶitur
If bees stay at home，14－5242
If ever there lived a Yankee lad，18－6795
If I had as much money as $I$ could spend． $2-741$
If I should die，think only this of me，12－4273

If ifs and ans，7－2530
If love were what the rose is，8－3006
If No One Ever Marries Me，12－4275
If one should bring me this report，12－4343
If the old woman who lived in a shoe，7－2644
If thou shouldst ever come by choice or chance， 6－2032
If We Had but a Day，by M．L．Dickinson，8－2903 If wishes were horses，10－3743
If you can keep your head when all about you， 6－2036
If you sneeze on Monday，you sneeze for danger， 10－3， 43
Il Penseroso，by John Milton：extract，1－327－28
I＇ll introduce－just wait a while－，18－6756
I＇ll sing you a song，7－2530
I＇11 tell you \＆story，about Jack a Nory，16－5713
I＇m a chubby little thing，16－5869
I＇m going out q－hunting，14－4957
I＇m very glad the spring is come，9－3111
＇I＇m writing to Mother，＂Alice said，3－1139
In a cottage in Fife，8－3008
In a crack near cupboard，with dainties pro－ vided，3－844
In Absence，by J．B．Tabb，11－4114
In After Days，by Justin Doubsom，7－236．
In days of yore，from Britain＇s shore，19－6874
In Filanders Fields，by J．in Mr Mrar．16－．．2－t
In Heaven a spirit doth dwell，1－325
In his chamber，weak and dying，17－6．37．
In London once $I$ lost my way，6－2248
In marble walls as white as milk，7－2368
In Memoriam，by Alfred，Lord Tennyson；ex－ tracts，12－4343－47
In summer I am very glad，12－4274

In tattered old slippers that toast at the bars， 8－2763
In the hollow tree，in the old grey tower，15－5523
In the little Crimson Manual it＇s written plain and clear，15－5421
In the Making，by A．St．John Adcock，12－4475
In the midst of our laughter and singing，18－6717
In the name of the Empress of India，15－5524
In the seaport of St．Malo，15－5418
In vain you asked me for a song，11．4032
In wiser days，my darling rosebud，9－3110
Incheape Rock，by Robert Southey，7－2527
Incident in a Railroad Car，by J．R．Lowell， 9－3272
Incident of the French Camp，by Robert Brown－ ing，12－4350
Independence Bell，15－5648
Indian at the Burial－place of his Fathers，by W．C．Bryant，18－6650
Industry of Animals，by Thomas Miller，17－6380
Seven Times One，14－4956
Story of Life，9－3276
Inscription on a Silver Plate，by Eugene Field， 12－4473
Integer Vitae，7－2636
Intimations of Immortality，by William Words－ worth，7－2633
Into the sunshine，2－607
Into the Woods My Master Went，by Sidney Lanier，10－3740
Invictus，by W．E．Henley，3－1142
Irish Harper，by Thomas Campbell，10－3741

## Irving，Minna

Flag Day，15－5650
Is it，then，regret for buried time， $12-4347$
Is John Smith within？18－6800
Is there a man whose judgment clear，6－2136
Is there，for honest poverty，12－4474
Isle of Long Ago，by B．F．Taylor，16－5709
Israfel，by E．A．Poe，1－325
It happened on a summer＇s day，12－4270
It Is Common，9－3276
It is not growing like a tree，3－847
It is not the thing you do，dear，19－6872
It is the cause，it is the cause，my soul！ $3 \mathbf{3} 985$
It is the spot I came to seek，18－6650
It little profits that an idle king，18－6798
It matters littIe where I was born，11－4033
It seems the world was always bright，12－4271
It sleeps among the thousand hills，15－5419
It was a lover and his lass，11－3935
It was at summer evenins，2－－A ：
It was many and many a year ago，2－489
It was nothing but a rose I gave her，18－6468
It was roses，roses，all the way，18－6799
It was the calm and silent night，18－6466
It was the schooner Hesperus，1－10：
It＇s good to see the school we knew，16－5711
I＇ve wandered in the sunny South，9－3109
I＇ve watched you now a full half－hour，6－215\％
Ive watched you now a fulk half－hour，

## J

Jack and Jill，18－6652
Jack Frost went out on a wintry day，17－6108 Jack Jingle went＇prentice，16－5868 Jack Sprat could eat no fat，4－1385

## Jack Sprat had a pig，13－4602

## Jackson，Mrs．Helen Munt

Like a blind spinner in the sum，6－2un． Jacky，come give me thy fiddle，10－3743
 Tanuary brings the snow， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 6 4 6}$
Japanese National Anthem，17－6254
Tealous Jack Frost，by F．E．Weatherly，17－6108 Jenneval，Hippolyte－Louis－Alexandre Dechet

La Brabanconne，17－1
 Jesus Bids Us Shine，by E．H．Miller，12－4350 Jesus Bids Us Shine，by E．H．Miller，12－4350
 16－木示
Jesus，Tender Shepherd，by M．L．Duncan， 13－4742
Jim and George were two great lords，9－3342
 John Anderson，by Robert Burns，18－6798 John Gilnin，by William Cowper，5－1639－43 Johnny Head－in－air，by Heinrioh Hoffman， 12－4480

## Johnson, E. Pauline

Harvest Time, 15-5421
Prairie Greyhounds, 10-3480
Song My Paddle Sings, 15-5419
Jones, Thomas S.
Sometimes, 10-3740
Jones, Sir William
So Live, 6-2036
Jonson, Ben
Hymn on the Nativity of My Saviour, 17-6107 To Celia, 2-489
True Growth, 3-847
Judas Iscariot (last part of poem), by Robert Buchanan, 14-5239
Judge not; the workings of his brain, 16-5922
Just to be tender, just to be true, 7-2637

## $K$

Kathleen Mavourneen, by L. M. Crawford, $^{\text {. }}$ 1-326
Keats, John
Dove, 3-1142
Fairy Song, 2-606
La Belle Dame Sans Merci, 11-4112
Ode to a Nightingale, 5-1886
On First Looking into Chapman's Homer, 5-164
On the Grasshopper and the Cricket, 18-6799
Realm of Fancy: quotation from, 6-2241
To Autumn, 1-325
When I Have Fears, 3-1141
Keble, John

Rainbow, 9-3107
Kemble, Fanny
Faith, 16-5924
Kettle, Tom
Why I Abandoned Fou, 9-3110
Key, Francis Scott
Star-Spangled Banner, 17-6249
Kilmeny A Foiry Légend, by James Hogg,

## 16-5863-66 <br> Kilmer, Joyce

Trees, 12-4271
King, Mrs. Harriet E.
Crocus, 12-4472
King and the Abbot, 10-3735
King Baby on His Throne, 12-4275
King Bruce and the Spider, by Eliza Cook, 15-5521
King Bruce of Scotland flung himself down, 15-5521
King Christian stood beside the mast, 17-6252
King fonlothat and the loegear Maid, hallark from Reliques of Ancient English Poetry, 2-1 1
King John and the Abbot of Canterbury, 10-3735
Kink Lear and His Three Daughters, 5-1643-44
King Lear once ruled in his land, 5-1643-44
King's Picture, by H. B. Bostwick, 18-6648
Kingsley, Charles
Farewell, 1-102
Lost Dol1, 14-5129
Sands of Dee, 1-322
Three Fishers, 15-5522
Tide River, 5-1646
Young and Old, 8-2906
Kinney, Coates
Rain on the Roof, 11-4034
Kipling, Rudyard
If, 6-2036
Overland Mail, 15-5524
Recessional, 19-6872
Who Dies if England Live? 15-5422
Kitten athd the Fitlling LA:tus, ly William Wordsworth, 14-4956
Krummacher, Friedrich Adolf
Moss Pose, 19-6987

## L

La Brabanconne, by Jenneval, 17-6253 La Belle Dame Sans Merci, by John Keats, 11-111
Ladybird, Fly (German folksong), 7-2367
La Fontaine, Jean de
Castle-Builder, 12-4270

LiAllegro, by John Milton: extract, 1.327

Lamb, Charles
Child and the Snake, by Charles and Mary Lamb, 7-2528
Housekeeper, 18-6754
Old Familiar Faces, 11-4115
Lamb, Mary
Child and the Snake, by Charles and Mary Lamb, 7-2528
Lame Brother, 14-4954
Love, Death and Reputation, 19-6989
Lamb, by William Blake, 2-606
Lame Brother, by Mary Lamb, 14-4954
Lampman, Archibald
Hepaticas, 15-5422
Land of Hope and Glory, by A. C. Benson, 6-2150
Land of Nod, by R. L. Stevenson, 3-1009
Land of Thus-and-So, by J. W. Riley, 9-3274
Iandor, Walter Savage
Death Undreaded, 19-6991
Finis, 12-4474
Late Leaves, 19-6992
No truer word, save God's, was ever spoken, 9-3271
Winter, 17-6378
Lanier, Sidney
Into the Woods My Master Went, 10-3740
Larcom, Lucy
Poor Lone Hannah: quotation, 18-6442
Lark, hy Thomas Heywood, 8-3002
Lark-bird, lark-bird, soaring high, 12-4274
Lars Porsena of Clusium. 10-3639
last ("harge of the French at Wate?lon, by Sir Walter Scott, 15-5522
Last Ride Together: quotation, by Robbert Browning, 9-31ט9
Last lase of summer, by Thomas Moore, 16-5922
Tate Leaves, by W. S. Landor, 19-699?
Laughing Prook, by Elizabeth scantlebury, 6-215?
Lavender blue and rosemary green, $13-4602$
Lay of the Last Minstrel, by Sir Walter Scott: extract, 17-6377
Leak in the Dyke, by Phoebe Cary, 5-177.
Lear, Edward
Nonsense rhymes, 2-490-91; 3-1012
Teates and the Wind, wy George Cooper, 19-6990

## Lee-Hamilton, Eugene

What the Sonnet is, $12-4475$
Legaré, James Matthew
Ahab Mohammed, 18-6755
Leisure, by W. H. Davies, 9-3111
Lend me thy mare to go a mile, 13-4745
Leslie, Shane
Fleet Street, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 6 0 0}$
Lesson of the Water Mill, by Sarah Doudney, 12-4!?
Let him in whom Thteh hlond flows, 17-6252
Let me but do my work from day to day, 12-4272
Let me but live my life from year to year, 12-4272
Let me but love my love without disguise, 12-4272
Lewis, Matthew Gregory
Nllan Water, 2-1ヵ8
Life, by Mrs. A. L. Barbauld, 18-6651
Life, by Henry Van Dyke, 12-4272
Life and Thought hale gone away, 10-3740
Life! I know not what thou art. 18-6651
Life in a Love, by Robert Browning, 1-325
Life-lesson. hy I. W. Kiley, 18-tifi5
Life lies before me, but shut is the door, 19-6989
Life On the Ocean Wave (song), 4-1383
Light, f,y F. WV. Bowmdillom, 17-6.3:8
Like a blind spinner in the sun, 6-2035
Like some grey warder who with mien sedate, 12-1475
Lincoln, the Man of the People, by Edwin Markham, 5-1645
Lines to an Indian Air, by P. B. Shelley, 3-1142 Lion and the Mouse, by Jeffreys Taylor, 3-1139

Lisle, Rouget de, see Rouget de Lisle
Listen, myl children, and you shall hoer, 15-5649
Tisten to the water mill, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 4 ?}$
Little Betty Winkle she had a little pig, 5-1890
Litte Binco (sulig), 5-1890
Little Boat, 18-6756

## POETRY INDEX

Little Bobby Snooks was fond of his books, 13-4602
Little boy Love drew his bow at a chance, 7-2526
Little Boy that Cried, 16-5868
Little Busy Bee, by Isaac Watts, 2-484
Little Children, Wake and Listen! 17-6108
Little Cock Sparrow, 10-3485
Little drops of water, 3-1007
Little Giffen, by F. O. Ticknor, 6-2242
Little Jack Horner sat in a corner, 2-740
Little lamb, who made thee? 2-606
Little maid, pretty maid, whither goest thou? 3-1143
Little Man in Leather, 8-2908
Little Miss Muffet, 4-1274
Little Miss Patty and Master Paul, 19-6995
Little Nanny Etticoat., 2-739
Little Polly Flinders, 2-491
Little Sister, by Miss Lawrence Alma-Tadema, 12-424
Little Sophie by the Seaside, by Charles Tennyson Turner, 16-5923
Little Star, by Jane Taylor, 3-1138
Little things, by E. C. Brewer, 3-1007
Little Tom Tucker, 2-739.
Little Tommy Tittlemouse, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 4 3}$
Little White Feathers, by M. M. Dodge, 3-1144
Little White Lily, by George Macdonald, 17-6380
Lochinvar, by Sir Walter Scott, 12-4471
Locksley Hall: quotation, by Lord Tennyson, 9-3276
Logan, John E.
When Summer Comes, 15-5418
London, 1802, by William Wordsworth, 12-4349
Long Ago, by Eusene Field, 9-3108
Long legs, crooked thighs, 7-2368
Long live the King in peace, 17-6253
Long years of bondage having ended, 17-6253
Longfellow, Henry Wadsworth
Arrow and the Song, 13-4744
Baby and the Brook, by Leon Alishan, translation, 13-4600
Bell of Atri, 19-6869-70
Bridge, 4-1515
Builders, 12-4350
Children's Hour, 14-4955
Day is Done, 18-6468
Daybreak, 19-6991
Excelsior, 2-609
Happiest Land, 5-1780
Hiawatha's Brothers, 17-6378
Maidenhood, 14-5240
Memories, 19-6989
Nature, 14-5238
Norman Baron, 17-6:75
Paul Revere's Ride, 15-5649
Psalm of Life, 2-484
Rain in summer, 18-6649
Serenade, 19-6990
Ship of State, $\mathbf{3 - 8 4 6}$
Ships that Pass in the Night, 12-4473
Snow-flakes, 3-1141
Song of Birds, 14-5131
Song of Hiawatha: extract, 19-6985-86
Three Kings, 18-6465
Tide Rises, the Tide Falls, 18-6467
To the River Charles, 7-2638
Village Blacksmith, 1-227
Wreck of the Hesperus, 1.103
Look over the wall, and I'll tell you why, 19-6994

## Iopez de Mendonça, Henrique

Portuguese National Hymn, 17-6254
Lord, by whose might the Heavens stand, 10.3483

Lord, it Belongs not to my Care, by Richard Baxter, 16-5867
Lord, make me coy and tender to offend, 17-6379
Lord of all Being, by O. W. Holmes, 4-1514
Lord Ullin's Daughter, by Thomas Campbell, 2.737

Lord, who art merciful as well as just, 7-2364
Lorelei, by Heinrich Heine, 6-2035
Loss of the Royal George, by William Cowper, 1.324

Lost Doll, by Charles Kingsley, 14-5129
Love, by Henry Van Dyke, 12-4272
Love and Friendship, by Thomas Moore, 19-6872
Love and the Young Knight, by T. G. Roberts, 10-3484

Love, Death and Reputation, by Mary Lamb, 19-6989
Love in Tears, by Coventry Patmore, 14-5241
Love Knot, by Nora Perry, 4-1518
Love me, Sweet, with all thou art, 5-1646
Love, won or lost, is countless gain, 14-5241
Lovelace, Richard
To Althea from Prison, 16-5708
To Lucasta, on Going to the Wars, 17-6376
Lover, Samuel
Angel's Whisper, 16-5710
Fairy Tempter, 8-2906
Lover and His Lass, by William Shakespeare, 11-3935
Lover's Resolution (Author's Resolution), by George Wither, 17-6376
Love's Reasonings, by Charles Mackay, 11-4033
Lowell, James Russell
Aladdin, 18-6468
Courtin', 16-5922
Fatherland, 3-846
Fountain, 2-607
Incident in a Railroad Car, 9-3272
Parable, 6-2245
Present Crisis, 7-2525
Stanza on Freedom, 16-5867
Vision of Sir Launfal: quotation, 4-1515
Lucy, by William Wordsworth, 2-606
Lucy Gray, by William Wordsworth, 3-1140
Iuke, Mrs
I think When I Read, 18-6651
Lullaby! O Lullaby! by W. C. Bennett, 13-4600
Lullaby of an Infant Chief, by Sir Walter Scott 2-736
Lycidas, by John Milton: quotation, 4-1236-38
Lynd, Sylvia
Return of the Goldfinches, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 3 8}$
Iynn, Ethel
Weighing the Baby, 5-1780
Iyte, Fenry Francis
Abide with Me, 12-4349
Offlcer's Grave, 5-1781
Iytton, Edward Bulwer-Lytton, lst baron
Since we Parted, 18-6651

## M

M. N. O., by A. P. Graves, 16-5712

Macaulay, Thomas Babington
Armada: a Fragment, 14-5127
How Horatius Kept the Bridge, 10-3639
McCarroll, James
Royal Race, 10-3481
McCaw, Isabel
To. Alfred Laliberté, 10-348
McCrae, John
In Flanders Fields, 16-5924
Macdonald, Elizabeth Roberts
Secret Song, 8-2902
Macdonald, George
Baby, 2-486
Better Things, 4-1383
Little White Lily, 17-6380
Over the Hill, 9-3270
Wind and the Moon, 16-5711
McDonnell, John $\boldsymbol{E}$.
Canada, 9-3109
McGee, Thomas D'Arcy
Arctic Indian's Faith, 10-3481
Jacques Cartier, 15-5418
Mackay, Charles
Deed and a Word, 12-4474
Love's Reasonings, 11-4033
Miller of the Dee, 19-6870
Sea-King's Burial, 14-4953
There's a Good Time Coming, 7-2637
William the Conquerer, 8-2903
MacLagan, Alezander
We'll ha'e nane but Highland Bonnets here, 17-6254
McLellan, Isaac
Death of Napoleon, 19-6868
McLennan, William
Hills of Skye, 10-3480
Mahony, Prancis Sylvester
Bells of Shandon, 14-5238
Maiden! with the meek, brown eyes, 14-5240
Maidenhood, by $H$. W. Longfellow, 14-5240
Man Who is Twelve Years Old, by Maurice Smiley, 8-2765
Man with the Hoe, by Edwin Markham, 8.3003

Man's Requirements, by Mrs. E B. Browning, 5-11, 46
Maple Leaf Forever, by Alexander Muir, 19-6874 March, by J. M. Gibbon, 15-5422
March, by William Wordsworth, 4-1384
March Meadows, by Miss Lawrence AlmaTadema, 12-4274
March of the Men of Harlech, 17-6254-55
March winds and April showers, 17-6384
Marching down to Armageddon, 12-4348
Marco Bozzaris, by Fitz-Greene Halleck, 8-2765
Maria intended a letter to write, 14-4955
Markham, Edwin
Lincoln, the Man of the People, 5-1645
Man with the Hoe, 8-3003
Preparedness, 8-3006

## Marlowe, Christopher

Passionate Shepherd, 9-3274
Marseillaise, by Rouget de Lisle, $12-4472$
Mary had a little lamb, 6-2247
Mary had a pretty bird, 7-2639
Mary, Mary, quite contrary, 16-5713
Massa's in de Cold, Cold Ground, by $S$. C Foster, 8-2764
Masters, Edgar Lee
Ann Rutledge, 4 -1514
Match, by A. C. Swinburne, 8-3006
Mathew, Mark, Luke and John, 2-740
Maud Muller, by J. G. Whittier, 16-5707
Maxwelton braes are bonnie, 1-326
May, by J. ML. (iblom, 15-i 12丷天
May nothing evil cross this door, 6-2242
Memories, by H. W. Longfellow, 19-6989
Memory, by T. B. Aldrich, 12-4348
Memory, by William Allingham, 8-3006
Men of Harlech! in the hollow, 17-6254-55
Men of Old, by Lord Houghton, 14-5129
Mercantini, Luigi
Garibaldi's Hymn, 17-6252
Meredith, William T.
Farragut, 10-3643
Merrily swinging on briar and weed, 15-5523
Merry are the bells, and merry would they ring, 17-6113
Mexican National Hymn, 17-6255
Meynell, Alice
My Heart shall be Thy Garden, 16-5924 Shepherdess, 16-6024
'Mid pleasures and palaces though we may roam, 1-322
Miles, Alfred E.
lisg allu Little Things, 7-26.98
Miller, Cincinnatus Heine, see Miller, Joaquin
Miller, Emily R.
Jwhs lifls rshint, 12-4350
Miller, Joaquin
Bravest Battle that Ever was Fought, 12-4474 Columbus, 2-485
For Those who Fail, 12-4476
Miller, Thomas
Industry of Animals, 17-6380
Mother to Her Infant, 8-2906
Sun, 16-5923
Miller, William
Wee Willie Winkie, 2-736
Miller of the Dee, by Charles Mackay, 19-6870
Nillion Ifittle Inianmols, 10-364t
Millions of massive raindrops, 18-6800
Milton, John
Il Penseroso: extract, 1-327-28
L'Allegro: extract, 1-327
Lycidas: extract, 4-1236-38
Ode on the Morning of Christ's Nativity: quotation, 4-1236
On His Blindness, 17-6378
On his having arrived to the age of twentythree, 1-328
On the Late Massacre in Piemont, 1-328
Paradise Lost: quotations, 4-1240-42
Quotation on Shakespeare, 2-724
To the Lord General Cromwell, 12-1349
To the Nightingale, 14-5238
Milton! thou shouldst be living at this hour, 12-4349
Mine be a cot beside a hill, 3-846
Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord, 17-6251
Mine Host of the "Golden Apple," by Thomas
Ninnie and Winnie, by Alfred, Lord Tennyson, 3-1009

Miserere Domine, by J. G. Saxe, 13-4600

Miss Kitty was rude at the table one day, 2-492
Miss Poppy, by F. E. Weatherly, 6-2244
M1. Fast gave a feast, 6-2l.5t
Molly, my sister, and $I$ fell out, 13-\$601
Monday's child is fair of face, 6-2247
Montgomery, James
A Daisy at Christmas, 18-6468
Moore, Clement C.
Visit from St. Nicholas, $\mathbf{4 - 1 5 1 7}$
Moore, Thomas
As down in the Sunless Retreats, 6-2035
Believe me, if All those Endearing Young Charms, 17-6378
Canadian Boat-Song, 15-5419
Last Rose of Summer, 16-5922
Love and Friendship, 19-6872
Minstrel Boy, 2-484
Oft in the stilly night, 19-6992
She Is Far from the Land, 11-4115
Sound the Loud Timbrel, 8-2764
Morning and evening, 9-3103
Morning, evening, noon and night, 13-4741
Morris, William
Day Is Coming, 16-6024
Day of Days, 12-4455
Earthly Paradise: introduction, 9-3108
Moss Rose, by F. A. Krummacher, 19-6987
Mother, by Lord Tennyson, 4-1380
Mother, may I go to swim? 6-2154
Mother Goose rhymes, see 20-7686-87
Mother Mitchell one day lost her pussy, 14-5132 Mother, mother, the winds are at play, 4-1383 Mother's Kisses, by L. T. Elder, 3-1139
Mother's World, by Margaret H. Alden, 5-1645
Mountain and the Squirrel, by R. W. Emerson, 3-846
Mounted Police, by R. W. Service, 15-5421
Mouse and the Cake, by Eliza Cook, 13-4743
Much have I travell'd in the realms of gold, 5-1645
Muir, Alexander
Maple Leaf Forever, 19-6874
Müller, Wilhelm
W'hither? 19-6987

## Mulock, Dinah Maria

Douglas, Douglas, Tender and True, 6-2034
Iusiual Instrument, by Mrs. F. H. Browning, 5-1779
My banks they are furnished with bees, 3-1007
My beautiful! my beautiful! that standest meekly by, 2-608
My boat is on the shore, 19-6989
My child, when we were children, 19-6987
My Country, Tis of Thee, by Samuel Francis Smith, 17-6251
My dear, do you know, 7-2642
My fairest child, I have no song to give you, 1-102
My faith looks up to Thee, 13-4740
My father, he died, but I can't tell you how, 9-3345
My father he left me three acres of land, 8-3008
My Garden, by T. E. Brown, 18-6797
My good blade carves the casques of men, 3-1006
My heart aches and a drowsy numbness pains, 5-1886
My heart is like a singing bird, 4-1383
My heart leaps up when I behold, 2-607
My Heart Shall be Thy Garden, by Alice Meynell, 16-5924
My Heart's in the Highlands, by Robert Burns, 4-1382
My House, by Louis Untermeyer, 6-2242
My house is red-a little house, 7-2642
My Kate, by Mrs. E. B. Browning, 14-5241
My Lady walks on diamond dust, 9-3271
My Lady Wind, 11-4035
My little old man and I fell out, 7-2530
My lov'd, my honour'd, much respected friend! 13-4597
My luve is like a red, red rose, 6-2138
My mald Mary she minds her dairy, 17-6110
My Maryland, by J. R. Randall, 15-5524
My Menagerie, by Mrs. Elder, 4-1516
My mind lets go a thousand things, $12-4348$
My Mind to Me a Kingdom Is, by Sir Edward Dyer, 9-3339
My Mother, by Jane Taylor, 2.736
My Mother's Hands, by Ellen M. H. Gates, 5.1646

My Old Friend, by A. C. Benson, 12-4271

## POETRY INDEX

My Old Kentucky Home，by $\mathbf{S}$ ．C．Foster， 8 －3002
My own dim life should teach me this， $12-4345$
My parents sleep both in one grave，14－4954
My Playmate，by J．G．Whittier，18－6466
My Shadow，by R．L．Stevenson，1－101
My Ships，by E．W．WilcoN，5－1，
My soul，there is a country，12－4350
＂My strength is failing fast，＂14－4953
My true love hath my heart，and I have his， 19－6991
My Will，by A．C．Benson，10－3740

## N

## Nalbandian

Hymn to Liberty， $\mathbf{1 7 - 6 2 5 3}$
Name in the Sand，by H．F．Gould，13．4742
Nathan Hale，by F．M．Finch，4－1381
National hymns，see 17－6253－56
Nation＇s Strength，by R．W．Emerson，14－5129
Naturalized Alien，by Lurana Sheldon，15－5650
Nature，by H．W．Longfellow，14－5238
Nearing the Snow－line，by O．W．Holmes，19－6874 Nesting Hour，by Miss Lawrence Alma－Tadema， 12－4274
New Pelisse，by Miss Lawrence Alma－Tadema， 12－4274

## Newbolt，Sir Henry

Best School of All，16－5711
Drake＇s Drum，16－5924
Torch of Life，8－3005
Newman，John Henry
Lead，kindly light，12－4435
Night，by William Blake，17－6376
Night，by P．B．Shelley，14－5240
Nightingale and Glow－worm，by William Cow－ per，2－606
No need to the circus to go have I，4－1516
No stir in the air，no stir in the sea，7－2527
No sun，no moon！No morn，no noon，14－5130
No truer word，save God＇s，was ever spoken， 9－3271
Noble heroes of the sea，17－6254
Norman Baron，by H．W．Longfellow，17－6375
Norton，Mrs，Caroline Sheridan
Arab＇s Farewell to his Steed，2－608
Not a drum was heard，not a funeral note，2－607
Not gold，but only man can make，14－5129
November in England，by Thomas Hood，14－5130
Now，all of you，give heed unto，18－6800
Now came still Evening on，4－1．241
Now fades the last long streak of snow， 12.4346
Now，he who knows old Christmas，9－3275
Now the Day is Over，by Sabine Baring－Gould， 11．4034
Now the furnaces are out，6－2242
Now what do you think， $13-4745$

## Noyes，Alfred

Slave and Emperor：quotation from，11－4111
Nurse＇s Song，by William Blake，3－847
Nymph＇s Reply to the Passionate Shepherd，by Sir Walter Raleigh，9－3339

O ，a wonderful stream is the River Time， 16－5709
O，all you little Blackie－tops，3－1148
O beautiful for spacious skies，17－6251
O blithe new－comer！I have heard，6．2033
O Canada，by Frederick George Scott，17－6256
O Canada，my country and my love，17－6256
O Captain！my Captain！by Walt Whitman， 10－3736
O dear，what can the matter be？14－5242
O fir－tree fine，7－2367
O God：methinks it were a happy life，11－3930
O God，Our Help in Ages Past，by Dr．Isaac Watts，5－1781
O Mammy＇s Pickaninny，by L．T．Elder，19－6873
＂O Mary，go and call the cattle home，＂ $\mathbf{1 . 3 2 2}$
O my Luve＇s like a red，red rose，9－3274
O nightingale that on yon bloomy spray，14．5238
O sailor，tell me，tell me true，6－2149
O say，can you see，by the dawn＇s early light， 17－6249
O say，what is that thing call＇d light，3－1007
$O$ ship incoming from the sea，10－3481
O Snow－bird，Snow－bird！8－2902
O Swallow，Swallow，flying South，by Lord Ten－ nyson， 1.326

O Sweet Content，by Thomas Dekker， 9.3339
O wild West Wind，thou breath of autumn＇s be－ ing，11－4113
O，Willow，Willow，by Shakespeare，11－3936
O World，be Nobler，by Laurence Binyon，12－4472
O young Lochinvar is come out of the West， 12－4471
October，by J．M．Gibbon，15－5422
Ode on St．Cecilia＇s Day：quotation，by John Dryden，4－1358
Ode on the Morning of Christ＇s Nativity，by John Milton：quotation， 4 －1236
Ode to a Nightingale，by John Keats，5－1886
Ode to the West Wind，by P．B．Shelley，11－4113
Oer a low couch the setting sum hat thrown its latest ray，13－4742
Of $a^{\prime}$ the airts the wind can blaw，6－2246
Of all the girls that are so smart， $6-2151$
Of all the thoughts of God that are，8－2765
Of Heaven or Hell I have no power to sing 9－3108
Of Nelson and the North，3－1140
Off Rivière du Loup，by D．C．Scott，10－3481
Officer＇s Grave，by H．F．Lyte，5－1781
Oft I had heard of Lucy Gray，3－1140
Oft I remember those whom I have known， 19－6989
Oft in the Stilly Night，by Thomas Moore， 19－6992
Ogilvie，Will E
Apple Winds，18－6651
Holyrood，16－6022
Oh，a dainty plant is the ivy green， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 7 4 1}$
Oh，a wonderful horse is the Fly－Away Horse， 11－4111
Oh！Bross，Carry mas＇Loncr，ly S．C．Foster， 4－1516
Oh，Columbia，the gem of the ocean，17－6250
Oh，deem not they are blest alone，19－6873
Oh，hush thee，my baby！thy sire was a knight， 2－736
Oh，Look at the Moon，by E．L．Follen，7－2364
Oh，my country，entwine on thy temples，17－6255
Oh，my pretty cock，14－ 4957
Oh：Parlay dear，imm rin rou hear，the news that＇s goin＇round？17－6256
Oh，ring the bells！8－2907
Oh，to be in England，10－3736
Oh，to hate dien that day at Langemarck， 15－54ンジ
Oh，was I born too soon，my dear，or were you born too late，11－4114
Oh where，and oh where，is my little wee dog？ 6－2154
Oh，where are all the good little girls？3－1144
Oh，who is so mevrs，so metry，heigh ho： 15－5652
 12－4270
Oh ye who so lately were blithesome and gay， 10－3644
Oh，yet we trust that somehow good，12－4345
OHara，Theodore
Bivouac of the Dead，8－2867
Old Abram Brown is dead and gone，7－2530
Old Arm－1 hair，l，y 1：liza fork．4－1．．16
Old Christmas，by Mary Howitt， $9-: .,-5$
Old Christmas，by Sir Walter Scott，17－6106 Old Cloak，19－6992
Old Familiar Faces，by Charles Lamb，11．4115

Old Friends，17－6378

Old King Cole，11－4118
Old Jother Goose and her gander，16－593：－：：1
Old Mother Goose，when she wanted to wander 16－5930－31
Old Mother Hubbard，16－～
Old Mother Twitchett had but one eye，7－2368
Old Woman and her Pig，15－552．5
Cld woman，old woman，shall we go a－shearing， 3－1113
 mond，10－it：
Omission，by M．E．Sangster，19－6872
On came the whirlwind－like the last，15－1．n
On Christmas Eve I turned the spit， $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 6 8}$
On First Looking Into Chapman＇s Homer，by John Keats．5－1645

On His Blindness，by John Milton，17－6378

On parent knees，a naked new－born child，6－2036

On Saturday night, 7-2639
On Sir Philip Sidney, by Sir Fulke-Greville, 11-4029
On the banks of Allan Water, 2-488
On the bridge of Avignon, 6-2248
On the Death of Joseph Rodman Drake, by FitzGreene Halleck, 3-1142
On the Grasshopper and the Cricket, by Jahn Keats, 18-6799
On the green banks of Shannon, when Sheelah was nigh, 10-3741
On the Late Massacre in Piemont, by John Milton, 1-328
On the Road, by C. G. D. Roberts, 11-4114
On Vimy Ridge and Passchendael, 9-3271
Once a little boy, Jack, was ever so good, 16-5 868
Once in Persia ruled a King, 1-323
Once in Royal David's City, by Mrs. Alexander, 17-6108
Once on a time, Love, Death, and Reputation, 19-6989
Once upon a midnight dreary, 18-6753-54
One and One, by M. M. Dodge, 3-1144
One hot summer day a hunter went out, 12-4478 One, I love; two, I love, 7-2644
One lesson, Nature, let me learn of thee, 18-6650
One misty, moisty morning, 17-6384
One moisty morning, 8-2908
One not learned, save in gracious household ways, 4-1380
One of U's Two, by E. W. Wilcox, 18-6651
One sail in sight upon the lonely sea, 11-4109
One, two, buckle my shoe, 17-6381
One, two, three, four, five, 14-4957
One was a king, and wide domain, 11-4033
Only a Baby Small, by Matthias Barr, 5-1887
Only a boy, with his noise and fun, 11-4030
Opportunity, by E. R. Sill, 2-488
Oranges and lemons, 16-5932
O'Reilly, John Boyle
Cry of the Dreamer, 12-4473
Orpheus and his Lute, by William Shakespeare, 8-3004
Orpheus with his lute made trees, 8-3004
Orsames' Song, by Sir John Suckling, 17-6376
O'Shaughnessy, Arthur
St. John the Baptist, 15-5647
We are the Dreamers of Dreams, 16-5709
We, in the ages lying, 12-4234

## o'Sullivan, Seumas

Piper, 9-3110
()thers abide our question. Thou art free, 7-2365
Our band is few, but true and tried, 11-4032
Our gentle alchemist, the sun, 15-5422
our land, our land, our Fatherland, 17-6252
Our Norland. by Charles Sangster, 15-5417
Our revels now are ended, 3-986
Our Swedish feelings for our king, 17-6253
Out and in the river is winding, 15-5420
Out of me unworthy and unknown, 4-1514
Out of the bosom of the air, 3-1141
Out of the dusk, wind-blown and thin, 11-4114
Out of the focal and foremost fire, 6-2242
Out of the frozen earth below, 12-4472
Out of the night that covers me, 3-1142
Over hill, over dale, 6-2152
Over the Hill, by George Macdonald, 9-3270
Over the mountains and over the waves, 8-2767
Over the river and through the wood, 19-6873 Over the Sea to Skye, 15-5643
Overland Mail, by Rudyard Kipling, 15-5524
Owl, by Lord Tennyson, 6-2153
Owl-Critic, by J. T. Field, 7-2640
Oxenham, John
Diamond Dust, 9-3271
Great-Heart, 8-3006
What Can a Little Chap Do? 6-2036

## $\mathbf{P}$

Pack, clouds, away, and welcome, day, 8-3002 Palgrave, Francis Turner

Paulinus and Edwin, 6-2246
Palmer, Ray

## Faith, 13-4740

Parable, by J. R. Lowell, 6-2245
Paradise Lost; quotations, by John Milton, 4-1240-42
Parrot, by Thomas Campbell, 4-1384
Passionate Shepherd, by Christopher Marlowe, 9-3274

Pat-a-cake, pat-a-cake; baker's man, 3-1010
Patmore, Coventry
Love in Tears, 14-5241
Round of the Year, 12-4475
Patriot, by Robert Browning, 18-6799
Paul Revere's Ride, by H. W. Longfellow, 25-5649
Paulinus and Edwin, by F. T. Palgrave, 6.2246
Payne, John Howard
Home, Sweet Home, 1-322
Peace, by Henry Vaughan, 12-4350
Peacock, Thomas Love
Priest and the Mulberry Tree, 16-5708
Pease-pudding hot, 4-1274
Peg, peg, with a wooden leg, 7-2639
Pemmy was a pretty girl, 9-3112

## Perry, Nora

## Love Knot, 4-1518

Pet Lamb, by William Wordsworth, 6-2031
Peter Bell, by William Wordsworth, selection from, 12-4347
Peter, Peter, pumpkin eater, 13-4601
Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled pepper, 2-739
Pictures in the Fire, by Adelaide A. Procter, 2-738
Pied Piper of Hamelin, by Robert Browning, 1-224
Pierpont, John
Warren's Address to the American Soldiers, 19-6990
Pilgrim, by John Bunyan, 9-3338
Pilgrim Fathers, by Felicia Hemans, 16.6022
Pillowed and hushed on the silent plain, 15-5421
Piper, by Seumas O'Sullivan, 9-3110
Piper, Play! by John Davidson, 6-2242
Piping Down the Valleys Wild, by William Blake, 8-2764
Pittypat and Tippytoe, by Eugene Field, 10-3484
Plains of Abraham, by Charles Sangster, 10-3482
Planting the Apple-tree, by W. C. Bryant, 18-6648-49
Platt, John James
Rose and Root, 12-4348
Playgrounds, by Miss Lawrence Alma-Tadema. 12-4274
Poe, Edgar Allan
Annabel Lee, 2-489
Bells, 16-6023
Israfel, 1-325
Raven, 18-6753-54
Poet and King, by Eugene Field, 12-4476
Poet and the Bird, by Mrs. E. B. Browning, 11-4033
Poland's not a slave forever while her soms alive remain, 17-6256
Polly, put the kettle on, 7-2643
Polly's, Peg's and Poppety's mamma was kind and good, 19-6995
Poor Babes in the Wood, 6-2155
Poor Billy boy was music mad, 3-1144
Poor Dicky's dead! 14-4957
Poor old Robinson Crusoe! 6-2154
Portuguese National Hymn, by H. L. de Mendonca, 17-6254
Prairie Greyhounds, by E. P. Johnson, 10-3480
Prayer, by Robert Southey, 7-2364
Prayers, by H. C. Beeching, 10-3739
Preparedness, by Edwin Markham, 8-3006
Present Crisis, by J. R. Lowell, 7-2525
Pretty Fisher Maiden, by Heinrich Heine, 19-6987
Pretty flowers, tell me why, 18-6472
Pretty maid, pretty maid, 4-1274
Priest and the Mulberry Tree, by T. L. Peacock, 16-5708
Prince Finikin and his mamma, 19-6994
Princess, by Lord Tennyson, selections from, 1-326; 14-5131; 17-6378
Pringle, Thomas
Afar in the Desert, 6-2035
Procter, Adelaide Anne
Pictures in the Fire, 2-738
Proctex, Bryan Waller, see Cornwall, Barry
Prospice, by Robert Browning, 3-1006
Psalm of Life, by H. W. Longfellow, 2-484
Pulley, by George Herbert, 1-323
Punch and Judy fought for a ple, 13-4601
Pussy-cat Mew jumped over a coal, 13.4602
Pussy-cat Mole jumped over a coal, 16-5713
Pussy cat, pussy cat, where have you been? 10-3645; (with music), 11-4117
Pussy sits beside the fire, 13-4745

## POETRY INDEX

## ©

Quebec, by F. G. Scott, 12-4475
Queen and the Flowers, by Alfre3 Austin, 6-2033
Queen Anne, Queen Anne, she sits in the sun, 8-3008
Queen Mab, by Thomas Hood, 3-i138
Queen Mab and Her Fairies, 7-2636
Quiet Work, by Matthew Arnold, 18-6650

## E

Rain in Summer, by H. W. Longfellow, 18-6649 Rain on the Roof, by Coates Kinney, 11-4034
Rainbow, by John Keble, 9-3107
Rainbow, by William Wordsworth, 2-607

## Raleigh, Sir Walter

Conclusion, 14-4970
Nymph's Reply to the Passionate Shepherd, 9-3339
Randall, James Ryder
My Maryland, 15-5.52
Rands, William Brighty
Flowers, 6-2244
I saw a New World, 19-6870
World, 2-738
Rapid, by Charles Sangster, 15-5421
Raven, by E. A. Poe, 18-6753-54
Read, T. Buchanan
Sheridan's Ride, 19-6868
Realm of Fancy, by John Keats, quotation from, 6-2241
Reaper, by William Wordsworth, 14-4954
Recessional, by Rudyard Kipling, 19-6872
Reconciliation, by Lord Tennyson, 17-6378
Red, Red Rose, by Robert Burns, 9-3274
Red River Voyageur, by J. G. Whittier, 15-5420
Remember, remember, the fifth of November, 6-2154
Rencontre, by Henry van Dyke, 11-4114
Rest, by J. W. von Goethe, 19-6988
Rest is not quitting the busy career, 19-6988
Retired Cat, by William Cowper, 5-1780
Return of the Goldfinches, by Sylvia Lynd, 10-3738
Revenge, by Lord Tennyson, 13-4739
Ride a cock horse, 19-6996
Ride away, ride away, 17-6110
Riley, James Whitcomb
Land of Thus-and-So, 9-3274
Life-lesson, 18-6755
Ring Out, Wild Bells, by Lord Tennyson, 17-6109
Ring-ting, I wish I were a primrose, 3-1007
"Rise up, rise up, now, Lord Douglas," 11-4112
River, by F. G. Scott, 10-3481
River that in silence windest, 7-2638
Robert Barnes, fellow fine," 8-3008
Robert of Lincoln, by W. C. Bryant, 15-5523
Roberts, Charles G. D.
On the Road, 11-4114
Roberts. Theodore Goodridge
The Hamadryad, 10-3484
Love and the Young Knight, 10-3484
Roberts, William Carman
At Twilight, 11-4114
Robin-a-Robin, 13-4602
Robin and Richard were two pretty men, 2-740
Robin-friend has gone to bed, 12-4274
Robin Redbreast, by William Allingham, 1-324
Robin the Bobloin, the big, greedy Ben, 10-3743
Rock-a-bye Lady, by Eugene F'ield, 18-6469
Rock of Ages, by A. M. Toplady, 7-2364
Rogers, Samuel
Ginevra, 6-2032
Wish 3-846
Ronsard, Plerre de
Welcome to Spring, 7-2364

## Roscoe, Willam

Butterfly's Ball, 3-1008
Rose, by Edmund Waller, 19-6874
Rose and Root, by J. J. Platt, 18-4348
Rossetti, Christina
Birthday, 4-1383
Goblin Market, 9-3103
Up-hill, 12-4472
Rossetti, Dante Gabriel
Blessed Damozel. 8-2904
Sudden Light, 19-6989

## Rouget de Iisle

The Marseillaise, 12-4472
Round de meadows am a-ringing, 8-2764
Round of the Year, by Coventry Patmere, 12-4475

Rouse, rouse, ye kilted warriors, 15-5641
Routhier, Basile
Chant National, 17-3256
Rowley, Powley, pudding and pie, 2-492
Royal Race, by James McCarroll, 10-3481
Pub-a-dub-dub, three men in a tub, 14-4957
Rubies and Pearls, by Robert Herrick, 16-5708
Rule, Britannia! by James Thomson, 2-486
Rumanian National Hymn, 17-6253
Runeberg, Johan Ludwig
Vart land, 17-6252

Said a people to a poet, 11-4033
Said Love to the young knight, 10-3484
Said the Wind to the Moon, 16-5711
Sail on, sail on, O Ship of State, 3-846
St. Agnes' Eve, by Lord Tennyson, 19-6874
St. John the Baptist, by Arthur O'Shaughnessy, 15-5647
Sally in our Alley, by Henry Carey, 6-2151
Sammy Smith would drink and eat, 3-844
Sands of Dee, by Charles Kingsley, 1-322
Sangster, Charles
Our Norland, 15-5417
Plains of Abraham, 10-3482
Rapid, 15-5421
Sangster, Margaret E.
Omission, 19-6872
Sassoon, Siegfried
I lived my days apart, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 2 3 4}$
Saxe, John Godfrey
Miserere Domine, 13-4600
Say, Heavenly Muse, shall not thy sacred vein, 4-1236
Say not, because he did no wondrous deed, 11-4030
Say Not, the Struggle Naught Availeth, by A. H. Clough, 17-6380

Scantlebury, Elizabeth
Laughing Brook, 6-2153
Schneckenburger, Max
Die Wacht am Rhein, 17-6254
Scots, wha hae wi' Wallace bled-, 2-738
Scott, Duncan Campbell
Off Rivière du Loup, 10-3481
Scott, Frederick George
Colors of the Flag, 10-3482
Hymn of Empire, 10-3483
O Canada. 17-6256
Quebec, 12-4475
River, 10-3481
Unnamed Lake, 15-5419
Warders, 9-3271
Scott, Sir Walter
Coronach, 9-3111
Jock of Hazeldean, 3-847
Last charge of the French at Waterloo, 15-5522
Lay of the Last Minstrel: extract, 17-6377 Lochinvar, 12-4471
Lullaby of an Infant Chief, 2-736
Old Christmas, 17-6106
Sound Loud the Clarion, 8-2906
Time, 11-4030
Sea, by Barry Cornwall, 19-6871
Sea-gull, sea-gull, sit on the sand, 3-1010
Sea-King's Burial, by Charles Mackay, 14-4953
Season of mists and mellow fruitfulness, 1-32.5
secret Song, by E. R. Macdonald, 8-2902
See a pin and pick it up, 7-2642
See-saw, Margery Daw, 2-739
See the kitten on the wall, 14-4956
Seed Shop, by Muriel Stuart, 14-5129
Selkirk Grace, by Robert Burns, 12-4475
Serbian National Hymn, 17-6255
Serenade, by H. W. Longfellow, 19-6990
Serene, I fold my hands and wait, 6-2244
Service, Robert W
Mounted Police, 15-5421
Seven Ages of Man, from Shakespeare's As You Like It, 11-3933
Seven Times One, by Jean Ingelow, 14-4956
Shakespeare, by Matthew Arnold, 7-2365
Shakespeare, Willam
Arlel's Song: quotation from, 8-2689
Blow, blow, thou winter wind, 3-838
Come unta these relluw sands lsung in The
Temnest). 8-986
Fairy Life. 6-215?
Fairy Lullaby, 6-2153
Fear no more the neat o' the sun, 3.956

Shakespeare, William (continued)
Full fathom five thy father lies (song in The Tempest), 3-986
Hamlet: extracts from, 11-3927, 3932
Henry V: extracts from, 11-3931
Henry VIII: extracts from, 11-3928
Julius Cæsar: extracts from, 11-3929-31
Lover and His Lass, ?1-:3935
O, Willow, Willow, 11-3936
Orpheus and his Lute, 8-3004
quotations from, 11-3927-33
Sigh No More, Ladies, 9-3339
Silvia, 18-6798; (with music) 11-3934
Sonnets
From you I have been absent in the Spring $2-724$
Shall I compare thee to a summer's day? 2-テ・•1
Under the Greenwood Tree, 6-2152
When icicles hang by the wall, 3-834
Where the bee sucks there lurk I (song in The Tempest), 3-986
Who is Sylvia? 18-6798; (with music), 11-3934
Winter Song, 6-2152
You spotted snakes, with double tongue, 3-838
Shall I compare thee to a summer's day? 2-724
"Shall I sing?" says the Lark, 8-2907
Shall I, wasting in despair, 17-6376
Shanley, Clarles Dawson
Walker of the Snow, 15-5420
She dwelt among the untrodden ways, 2-606
She has laughed as softly as if she sighed, 13-4743
She is a winsome wee thing, 6-2136
She Is Far from the Land, by Thomas Moore, 11-4115
She Walks in Beauty, by Lord Byron, 8-2903
She walks-the lady of my delight, 16-6024
She llits a Phantum of Delight, by William Wordsworth, 8-2903
She was not as pretty as women I know, 14-5241
Shed no tear! O, shed no tear! 2-606
Sheldon, Lurana
Naturalized Alien, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 5 0}$
When the Call is Sounded, 15-5650
Shelley, Percy Bysshe
Autumn, 4-1515
Cloud, 18-6647
Lines to an Indian Air, 3-1142
Night, 14-5240
Ode to the West Wind, 11-4113
quotations from, 7-2491-92
To a Skylark, 16-6021
To the Moon, 2m489
Shenstone, William
S'hepherd's Cot, 3-1007
Shepherdess, 18-6756
Shepherdess, by Alice Meynell, 16-6024
Shepherd's Cot, by William Shenstone, 3-1007
Sheridan's Ride, by T. B. Read, 19-6868
Shillito, Edward
Heavens in London Town, 10-3737
Ship of State, by H. W. Longfellow, 3-846
Ships that Pass in the Night, by H. W. Longfellow, 12-4473
Shock-headed Peter, by Heinrich Hoffman, 12-115
Should auld acquaintance be forgot, 17-6380
Shuffle-Shoon and Amber-Locks, by Eugene Field, 19-5.5!
Shut-Eye Train, by Eugene Field, 9-3108
Sidney, Sir Philip

Sigh No More, Ladies, Wy William Shakespeare, 9-3.339
Silence augmenteth grief, writing increaseth rage, 11-4029
Silent Voices, by Lord Tennyson, 4-1516
Sill, Eaward Rowland
1'iol's Prayer, $2=488$
Opportunity, 2-488
Silsia, lev IVMliam - Fakespeare, 18-6795; (with music), 11-3934
Simon Brodle had a cow, 7-2639
Simple Simon met a pleman, 18-6653
Since We Parted, by E. B. Lytton, 18-6651
Sing a song of sixpence (with music) $2-610$; 16-5928
Sing, sing, what shall I sing? 8.739

Sing, ye ripening fields of wheat, 15-5421
Singer, by J. A. Symonds, $12-4476$
Sir Galahad, by Lord Tennyson, 3-1006
Skrzynecki, Jan Boncza
Jezcze Polska, 17-6256
Skylark, by James Hogg, 3-1142
Slave and Emperor: quotation from, by Alfred Noyes, 11-4111
Sleep, by E. B. Browning, 8-2765
Sleep, Baby, Sleep, 14-5238
Sleep, baby, sleep, our cottage vale is deep, 3-1143
Sleep, Beauty Bright, by William Blake, 3-848
Sleep, sleep, beauty bright, 3-848
Sleep, sonny darling, your mother's delight, 7-2366
Slovenly Peter, by Heinrich Hoffman: extracts from, 12-4477-80
Slow tolling upward from the misty vale, 19-6874
Sluggard, by Isaac Watts, 2-606
Slumber, my darling, no danger is near, 8-2906
Smiley, Maurice
Man Who Is Twelve Years Old, 8-2765

## Smith, Samuel Francis

My Country, 'Tis of Thee, 17-6251
Snow-Flakes, by H. W. Longfellow, 3-1141
Snow-Storm, by R. W. Emerson, 8-2906
So are the stars and the arching skies, 9 -3276
So Live, by Sir William Jones, 6-2036
Soldier, by Rupert Brooke, 12-4273
Solomon Grundy, 10-3645
Some asked me where the rubies grew, 16-5708
some hae meat, and canna eat, 12-4475
Some little mice sat in a barn to spin, 5-1890
Some of your hurts you have cured, 16-6024
Somebody crawls into mamma's bed, $\mathbf{2 - 4 8 2}$
Somebody's Mother, 18-6649
Sometimes, by T. S. Jones, 10-3740
Somewhere it is always light, 16-5923
Son of My Heart (German folksong), 7-2366
Song for St. Cecilia's Day, by John Dryden, 4-1270
Song for the New Year, by Edmund Gosse, 6-2243
Song my Paddle Sings, by E. P. Johnson, 15-5419
Song of Birds, by H. W. Longfellow, 14-5131
Song of Hiawatha, by H. W. Longfellow: extract. 19-6985
Song of Marion's Men, by W. C. Bryant, 11-4032
Song of Sixpence, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 9 2 8}$ (with music) 2-610
Song of the Bow, by Sir A. C. Doyle, 9 -3107
Song of the Camp, by Bayard Taylor, 6-2034
Song of the Golden Sea, by Jean Blewett, 15-5421
Song of the Shirt, by Thomas Hood, 16-5710
Song of the Two Hares, 7-2366
Songs, with music, see General Index
Sonner af Norge, by H. A. Blerregaard, 17-6253
Sonnets, ree General Index for list of sonnets Sons of Dear Norway, by H. A. Blerregaard, 17-6253
Sorrow, by A. G. Howard, 14-5130
Sound Loud the Clarion, by Sir Walter Scott, 8-2906
Sound, sound the clarion, fill the fife, 8-2906

## Southey, Robert

Battle of Blenheim, 2-483
Father William, 2-484
Inchcape Rock, 7-2527
Prayer, 7-2364
Traveler's Return, 7-2527
Southrons, hear your country call you, 17-6250 Sharious Firmament on High, by Josenh Addison, 13-4600
spare is her head and lean. 6-2n14
Speak Gently, (probably) by David Bates, 18-6755
speerl. tronny looat, like a bird on the wing, 15-5643
Speed on, speed on, good Master, 15-5420
Spider and the Fly, by Mary Howltt, 12-4269
Spofford, Harriet Prescott
Sigh, 18-6468
Stand! the ground's your own, my braves, 19-6990
Star-Spangled Banner, by Francis Scott Key, 17-6249
Stare, by Barry Cornwall, 2-609
Stars of the summer night, 19-6990
Stay near me-do not take thy flight! 16-6024

## POETRY INDEX

Stedman, Edmund Clarence
Discoverer, 16-5866
Stevenson, Robert Louis
Armies in the Fire, 1-101
Home no more Home to Me, 9-3110
Land of Nod, 3-1009
My Shadow, 1-101
Travel, poem, 3-1136-37
Under the wide and starry sky, 8-2869
Unseen Playmate, 2-608
Stodart, M. A.
Waik in Spring, 9-3111
Stoddard, Zichard Henry
Birds, 8-2764
Flight of the Arrow, 16-5866
Flight of Youth, 18-6650
Stormy Petrel, by Barry Cornwall, 14-5130
Story of a Blackamoor, by Heinrich Hoffman, $12-4479$
Story of Fidgety Philip, by Heinrich Hoffman, 12-4477
Story of Flying Robert, by Heinrich Hoffman, 12-4480
Story of Life, by Jean Ingelow, 9-3276
Straight is the path of duty, 4-1386
Strandberg, Karl Wilhelm August
Ur Svenska Hjertans, 17-6253
Stream and the Ocean, by Victor Hugo, 10-3741
Strong Son of God, immortal Love, 12-4343
Stuart, Muriel
Seed Shop, 14-5129
Such beautiful, beautiful hands! 5-1646
Suckling, Sir John
Orsames' Song, 17-6376
Sudden Light, by D. G. Rossetti, 19-6989
Sum, sum, sum! bees about us hum! 4-1519
Summer has doft his latest green, 17-6378
Summer is a-coming in, 10-3497; (in manuscript with music), 19-6903
Summer's Day, by Alexander Hume, 10-3644
Sun. hy Thomas Miller, 16-592.
Sun of my soul, thou Saviour dear, 4-1382
Sun Was Falling off to Sleep, by Harold Begbie, 8-3007
Sunset and evening star, 4-1382
Suppose the Little Cowslip, 6-2246
Sweet and Low, by Lord Tennyson, 1-322
Sweet Auburn! loveliest village of the plain, 15-5645-47
Sweet is childhood-childhood's over, 9-3276
Sweet to the morning traveler, 7-2527
Sweetest Lives, by Mrs. E. B. Browning, 4-1380
Swiftly walk o'er the western wave, 14-5240
Swinburne, Algernon Charles
Atalanta in Calydon, Chorus from, 6.2242
Match, 8-3006
Swiss National Hymn, 17-6255
Symonds, John Addington
Beati Illi, 14-5131
Blame, 10-3738
Farewell, 16-5924
Singer, 12-4476
Symons, Arthur
Amends to Nature, 8-3004

Tabb, John Banister
Foot Soldiers, 11-4111
In Absence, 11-4114
Taffy was a Welshman, Taffy was a thief, 3-1010
Talking in their Sleep, by E. M. Thomas, 9.3111
Taylor, Bayayd
Bedouin Song, 9-3270
Song of the Camp, 6-2034
Taylor, Benjamin Pranklin
Isle of Long Ago, 16-5709
Taylor, Jane
Good-night, 1-324
Horse, 15-5522
Little star, 3-1138
My Mother, 2-736
Violet, 2-489
Taylor, Jeffreys
Lion and the Mouse, 3-1139 Young Mouse, 3-844
Teach ma, my (iod and King. 12-tit!
 Teeny-Weeny, by Eugene Field, 11-4036 Tell me not, in mourntul numbers. 2-4 4
Tell me not, sweet, I am unkind, 17-6376

Tell tale tit 4-1386
Tender-handed stroke a nettle, 11-4116
Tennant, Edward Wyudham
Home Thoughts in Laventie, 12-4271
Tennyson, Alfred, Iord
Beggar Maid, 2-736
Break! break! break! 6-2151
Brook, 1-101
Bugle, 8-2903
Charge of the Light Brigade, 5-1778
Come into the Garden, Maud, 4-1270
Cradle Song, 3-848
Crossing the Bar, 4-1382
Death of the Old Year, 17-6109
Deserted House, 10-3740
Idylls of the King, selection from, 19-6953
In Memoriam: quotation, 12-4343-47
Locksley Hall: quotation, 9-3276
Minnie and Winnie, 3-1009
Mother, 4-1380
O Swallow, Swallow, flying South, 1-326
Owl, 6-2153
Princess: quotations, 1-326; 14-5131; 17-6378
Reconciliation, 17-6378
Revenge, 13-4739-40
Ring Out, Wild Bells, 17-6109
St. Agnes' Eve, 19-6874
Silent Voices, 4-1516
Sir Galahad, 3-1006
Sweet and Low, 1-322
Tears, Idle Tears, 5-1779
Ulysses, 18.6798
Vision of the Future, from Locksley Hall, 9-3276
Tennyson Turner, Charles, see Turner
Ternarie of Littles, by Robert Herrick, 17-637s
Terrible Ball, by M. M. Dodge, 3.848
Test, by R. W. Emerson, 13-4743
Thackeray, William Makepeace
Cane-bottomed Chair, 8-2763
Tragic Story (poem), translated from the German, 3-1139
Thanksgiving Day, by L. M. Child, 19-6873
The Angel of the flowers, one day, 19-6987
The Assyrian came down like the wolf on the fold, 19-6990
The bairnies cuddle doon at nicht. 11-4116
The baker's wife has sacks of gold, 14-5132
The black-haired, gaunt Paulinus, 6-2246
The blessed damozel leaned out, 8-2904
The bloom is on the may once more, 8-3004
The boy stood on the burning deck, 4-1384
The bravest battle that ever was fought, 12-4474
The breaking waves dashed high, 16-6022
The cock doth crow, 7-2530
The cock is crowing, $4-1384$
The crocus, while the days are dark, 12-4475
The cuckoo's a bonny bird, 3 -1143
The curfew tolls the knell of parting day, 9.3337

The Danube to the Severn gave, 12-4344
The day is done, and the darkness, 18-6468
The day Thou gavest, Lord, is ended, 6-224?
The day will dawn when one of us shall hearken, 18-6651
The despot's heel is on thy shore, 15-5524
The dew was falling fast, the stars began to blink, 6-203
The dove says, "Coo, coo, what shall I do?" 15-.if:

The fair maid, who, the First of May, 4-1274
The fairest action of our human life, 5-1887
The first Nowell the Angels did say, 18-6466
The flag-it stands for hearth and home, 15-5650
The formless lim! of , lal H!ゃ Mia-1.न Litkes, 10-3483
The fon and his wif.. tlay hatl : \#le.t strite, 17-6382-83
The frost looked forth one still, clear night 6-2148
The frulzil shatl. With formeist af refore 18-6754
The girl in the lane, that couldn't speak plain, 5-1 ! !
The good dame looked from her cottage, 5-1777
'Th. Snsils of the villac.... sur, 13-1 !


The hart he loves the high wood, 6-2154 16-. 'T..

The king from the council chamber, 18-6648

The king of clubs, he often drubs, 7-2639
The King of France, and four thousand men, 9-3342
The King of France went up the hill, 7-2530
The King was on his throne, 7-2529
The King was sick. His cheek was red, 1-102
The lamps now glitter down the streets, $1-101$
The land I claim claims me! 15-5650
The leates are falling: so am I. 19-699?
The life of man, is an arrow's flight, 16-5866
The lilies of the valley chime, 7-2366
The lion and the unicorn, 8-2769
The lion had an enterprise in hand, 18-6712
The little birds are singing, $5-1888$
The Lord my pasture shall prepare, 2-486
The lute-voiced birds rise with the light, 17-6380
The man in the moon, 7-2530
The man in the wilderness asked me, 7-2639
The melancholy days are come, the saddest of the year, 18-6799
The minstrel hoy to the war has gone 2-4@4
The moon held court in Holyrood last night, 16-6022
The mountain and the squirrel had a quarrel, 3-946
The muffled drum's sad roll has beat, 8-2767
The night has a thousand eyes, 17-6378
The noon was shady, and soft airs, 7-2528
The north wind doth blow, 3-1138
The Owl and the Pussy Cat went to sea, 6-2247
The path by which we twain did go, 12-4344
The pines were dark on Ramoth hill, 18-6466
The poetry of earth is never dead, $18-6799$
The pure, the bright, the beautiful, 5 -1887
The quality of mercy is not strained, 11-3932
The Queen of Hearts, 9-3344
The robin and the red-breast. 8-2907
The robin and the wren, 7-2639
The Rock-a-bye Lady from Hush-a-bye Street, 18-6469
The rose aloft in sunny air, 12-4348
The royal feast was done; the king, 2-488
The sea! the sea! the open sea, 19-6871
The shates of night were falling fast, 2-609
The sorrow that nobody mentions, 14-5130
The spacious firmament on high, 13-4600
The splendour falls on castle walls, $8-203$
The stately homes of England, 3-845
The streamlet down from the mountainous glen, 10-37+1
The sun descending in the west. 17-63:6
The sun is a glorious thing, 13-titt
The sun is down, and time gone by, 3-1009
The sun, one fine evening, on high, $8-2907$
The sun, one fine evening, on high, 8-2907 home, 8-3002
The sun was falling off to sleep, 8-3007
The sun was shining on the sea, 6-2037
The sweetest lives are those to duty wed, 4-1380
The swift is wheeling and gleaming, 11-4032
The throne was reared upon the grass, 4-1271
The Tide Rises, the Tide Falls, by H. W. Longfellow, 18-6467
The time draws near the birth of Christ, 12-4344
The time so tranquil is and still. 10-364t
The top it hummeth a sweet, sweet song, 6-2150
The trees to their innermost marrow, 15-542? The warm sun is failing, the bleak wind is wailing, 4-1515
The way was long, the wind was cold, 17-6377 The white dove sat on the castle wall, 13-4745 The wind one morning sprang up from sleep, 1-2 29
The woman was old and ragged and gray, 18-664.9
The woman's cause is man's: they rise or sink, 14-5131
The world is too much with us: late and soon, 19-6989
The Year had all the Days in charge, 11-4033
The year's at the spring, 2-607
Then saw they how there hove a dusky barge, 19-6953
Then the little Hiawatha, 17-6378
There are gains for all our losses, 18-6650
There dwelt a miller hale and bold, 19-6870
There is a flower, a little flower, 18-6468
There is a tide in the affairs of man, 11-3933

There is a window in a quiet room, 15-5422
There is in the wide, lone sea, $5-1 / 81$
There! little girl, don't cry, 18-6755
There lived a sage in days of yore, 3-1139
There once was a bird that lived up in a tree, 9-3272
There sat one day in quiet, 5-1780
There was a fern on the mountain, and moss on the moor, 12-4273
There was a frog lived in a well, 18-6652
There was a jolly miller, 17-6384
There was a king in olden days, 6-2033
There was a king met a king, $7-2368$
There was a little boy and a little girl, 7-2530
There was a little boy went into a field, 5-1890
There was a little girl, who had a little curl 2-492
There was a little Rabbit sprig, 4-1386
There was a man and he had nought, 6-2039
There was a man, and he went mad, 4-1385
There was a man of Thessaly, $\mathbf{8 - 3 0 0 8}$
There was a monkey clim'b up a tree, 3-1011
There was a sound of revelry by night, 8-2766
There was a time when meadow, grove and stream, 7-2633
There was a tumult in the city 15-5648
There was a young lady of Bute, 3-1012
There was a young lady of Portugal, 2-490
There was a young lady of Russia, 2-491
There was a youth, a well-beloved youth, 11-4030
There was an old lady all dressed in silk, 3-1144
There was an old lady of Chertsey, 2-490
There was an old man at a casement ${ }^{2-491}$
There was an old man in a boat, $2-491$
There was an old man in a pew, $2-490$
There was an old man in a tree, $2-492$
There was an old man of Aôsta, 2-490
There was an old man of Apulia, 2-490
There was an old man of Coblenz, 3-1012
There was an old man of Corfu, 3-1012
There was an old man of Kilkenny, 3-1012
There was an old man of Nepaul, 2-491
There was an old man on some rocks. 2-491
There was an old man who said. "Hush!"' 3-1012
There was an old man with a flute, 2-491
There was an old man with a poker, 2-490
There was an old person of Basing. 2-490
There was an old person of Chili, 2-491
There was an old person of Dover, $2-491$
There was an old person of Dutton, 3-1012
There was an old person of Mold, 3-1012
There was an old person of Phodes, 2-4911
There was an old operson of Sparta, 3-1012
There was an old woman, 2-740
There was an old woman, and what do you think? 16-5713
There was an old woman, as I've heard tell, 3-1146
There was an old woman called Nothing-at-all, 15-5652
There was an old woman who had three sons, 18-6800
There was an old woman who lived in a shoe, 3-1145,
There was an owl lived in an oak, 15-5652
There were once two cats of Kilkenny, 13-4602
There were three sisters in a hall, 13-4601
There were two black-birds, 2-it 40
There's a breathless hush in the Close tonight 8-3005
There's a dear little home in Good-Children Street, 9-3340
There's a Good Time Coming, by Charles Mackay, 7-2637
There's a man that I know, and he lives neal you, 8-27 5
There's a neat little clock, 16-5i12
There's a ship lies off Dunvegan, 10-3480
There's a song in the air! 14-4955
There's no dew left on the daisies and clover. 14-4956
There's Room at the Top, by Mrs. Lilla $T$ Elder, 16-5923
There's something in a flying horse, 12-4347
They are slaves who fear to speak, 16-5867
They are such tiny feet, 14-5240
They glide upon their endless way, 2-609
They say that God lives very high! 2-486
They that wash on Friday, wash in need, 16-5712
They told me,
Heraclitus, they told me you were dead, 8-3004

## POETRY INDEX

They will come from the hill and the valley， 15－5650
They win who never near the goal，8－2764
Things That Never Die，by Sarah Doudney， 5－1887
Thirty days hath September，2－739
Thirty white horses upon a red hill，7－2368
This England never did，nor never shall，3－835
This I beheld，or dreamed it in a dream，2－488
This is the house that Jack built，15－5651
This is the summit，wild and lone，9－3271
This little pig went to market，2－740
This royal throne of kings，this scepter＇d isle， 11－3931
This was the noblest Roman of them all，11－3931
This winter＇s weather it waxeth cold，19－6992
Thomas，Edith M．
Talking in Their Sleep，9－3111
Thompson，Francis
Hound of Heaven，8－2901
Thomson，James
Give a Man a Horse He Can Ride，2－489
quotations from，6－2028
Rule，Britannia！2－486
Thorpe，Rose Hartwick
Curfew Bell，7－2363
Thou blossom bright with autumn dew，19－6873
Thou goest；to what distant place，16－5924
Though all we made depart，15－5422
Though I am king I have no throne， $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 4 7 6}$
Three Best Things，by Henry Van Dyke，12－4272
Thrae Fishers，Dy Charles Kingsley，15－5522
Three fishers went sailing away to the West， 15－5522
Three Kings，by H．W．Longfellow，18－6465
Three kings came riding from far away，18－646． Three little girls were sitting on a rail，19－6995
Three Old Ladies，by Mary Mapes Dodge， 3－1144
Three tabbies took out their cats to tea，19－6993
Three wise men of Gotham，16－5713
Three Years She Grew，by William Wordsworth 18－6467
Threshold，19－6989
Thy Way，Not Mine，O Lord，by Horatius Bonar， 13－1．59？

## Ticknor，Francis Orrery

Giffen 6－2！t？
Tirle River，by Charles Kingsley，5－1646
Tiger，by William Blake，3－1139
Tiger：tiref，humning bright，3－1133
Tilton，Theodore
All Thinss shall Pass I way，1－？：？
Time．by sir Walter šutt．Il－10？の
Time sthry is io cinlm enntending kings， 2－12？
＂Tis in lesson you should heed，14－4956
＇Tis all the way to Toe－town，11－4111
＂Tis the last rose of smmmer，16－iso．
＇Tis the voice of a sluggard；I heard him com－ plain，2－f06
To a Butterfly，by William Wordsworth， $6-215$－
To a Butterfly（another poem），by William Wordsworth．16－6624
To a Mountain Daisy，by Robert Burns， 14－5128
To a Mouse，by Robert Burns，3－1008
To a Skylark，by P．B．Shelley，16－6021
To a Skylark，by William Wordsworth， 11－4034
To a Waterfowl，by William Cullen Bryant 17－6379
To Alfred Laliberté，by Isabel McCaw，10－3483
To Althea from Prison，by Richard Lovelace， 16－5708
To Anthea，by Robert Herrick，19－6991

 11－：．．．
on Celia，by Ben Jonson，2－483

To gild refined gold，to paint the lily，11－3333
To Lucasta，on Going to the Wars，by Richard

To mirket，to market to buy a fat pig，2－740
To My Mother＇s Memory，by Sir Wm．Watson， 9－：：－： 1
To my Sister，by Fuinrich Heine．19－6987

To the Fringed Gentian，by W．C．Bryant， 19－ヶヶ？？
To the Lord General Cromwell，by John Milton， 12－4349

To the Moon，by P．B．Shelley， $2-480$
To the Nightingale，by John Milton，14－5238
To the River Charles，by H．W．Longfellow， 7－2638
To the Skylark，by William Wordsworth， 7－2529
To Thomas Moore，by Lord Byron，19－6989
To Tusitala in Vailima，by Edmund Gosse， $10 * 37.37$
Toll for the brave，1－324
Tom Bowling，by Charles Dibdin，5－1781
Tom he was the piper＇s son， $10-3645$
Tom，Tom the Piper＇s Son，10－3645
Tomorrow，and tomorrow，and tomorrow， 3－5 55

## Toplady，Augustus Montague

Rock of Ages，7－2364
Torch of Life，by Sir Henry Newbolt，8－8．3n5
Tragic Story，translated by W．M．Thackeray， 3－1139
Travel，by R．L．Stevenson，3－1136
Traveler，what lies over the hill？9－3270
Traveler＇s Return，by Robert Southey，7－2527
Trees，by Joyce Kilmer，12－4271

## Trench，Herbert

I Heard a Soldier，3－1139
Trip upon trendies，and dance upon dishes， 3－849
Trotter，Bernard Freeman
For Justice，15－5422
Trowbridge，John Townsend
Darius Green and his Flying－machine， 18－6795
True Greatness，by Lady Elizabeth Carew， 5－1887
True Growth，by Ben Jonson，3－54\％
Truth，crushed to earth shall rise again，14－5131
Try Again，by W．E．Hickson，14－4956
Turn，turn thy hasty foot aside，3－847
Turner，Charles Tennyson
Little Sophie by the Seaside，16－5923
Turner，Mrs．Elizabeth
Greedy Boy，3－844
How to Write a Letter，14－4955
＂Twas on a summer morning，6－2244
Twas the night before Christmas，when all through the house，4－1517
＇Twas the soul of Judas Iscariot，14－52．33
Twenty－third Psalm．metrical version， Joseph Addison，2－486
Twilight Song，by Miss Lawrence Alma－Tadena， 12－4274
Twinkle，twinkle，little star，3－1138
Twixt a hill and hollow，hollow pass， $7=2366$
Two dimies，hy 0 ．W．Holmes，6－2－45
Two frogs fell into a milk－pail deep，8－2907
Two little boys named Willie．5－1888
Two little dogs sat by the fire，7－2639
Two little girls are better than one，3－1144
Two little kittens，one stormy night，13－4746
Two Men，by C．N．Gregory，11－4033
Two sticks and an apple，2－741
Tying her bonnet under her chin， $4-1518$

## Uhland，Ludwig

Castle by the Sea，19－6988
Ulysses，by Alfred Tennyson，18－6798
Under a spreading chestnut tree，1－22？
Under a toadstool crept a wee elf．12－4351
Under My Window，by Thomas Westwood， 5－1 516
Under the Greenwood Tree，by William Shake－ speare，6－－1．：
Tnder the wide and starry sky，8－2869
findw the wildow is my garden．19－693t
forderwath this wille hearse，13－4．s．9？
Tnkindness，by George Herbert，17－6379
U＇nnamed Lake，by F．G．Scott，15－5419
Čnseen playmate，by Robert Louis Stevenson 2－608
Untermeyer，Louis
My Ho：lse．6－2！
Until this grain of sand，17－6254
Up from the south at break of day，19－6868
fH－lill．hy（Halstlat Fossetti，12－44i2
U＇p hill and down dale，3－1143

I，with mit：w：w：th me into the clouds？ 11－4034
Upon yon nearest rock－top，6－2247
Useful Plough，（English song），4－1384

Valediction, by Mrs. E. B. Browning, $\mathbf{4 - 1 3 8 0}$
Van Dyke, Henry
Four Things, 8-2765
God Sends Love to You, 14-4955
llenry Hudson's Last Voyage, 11-4109
Life, $12-4272$
Love, 12.4272
Rencontre, 11-4114
Three Best Things, 12-4272
Work, 12-4272

## Van Tollens, Hendrik

Wein Neerlansch, 17-6252
Vart land, by Runeberg, 17-6252
Vaughan, Henry

## Peace, 12-4350

Vision, 10-3644
Venice, by Lord Byron, 14-5131
Village Blacksmith, by H. W. Longfellow, 1-227
Violet, by Jane Taylor, 2-489

## Virgil

Æneid: quotations from, 6-1986-89
Vision, by Henry Vaughan, 10-3644
Vision of Belshazzar, by Lord Byron, 7-2529
Vision of Sir Launfal: quotation, by J. R. Lowell, 4-1515
Vision of the Future, from Locksley Hall, by Lord Tennyson, 9-3276
Visit from St. Nicholas, by C. C. Moore, 4-1517
Voice of the Grass, by Sarah Boyle, 6.2153

## w

Wae's me for Prince Charlie, 15-5643
Waiting, by John Burroughs, 6-2244
Waken, Christian children! 17-6108
Walk in Spring by M. A. Stodart, 9-3111
Walker of the Snow, by C. D. Shanley, 15-5420
Waller, Edmund
Rose, 19-6874
Walrus and the Carpenter, by Lewis Carroll, 6.2037

Warders, by G. F. Scott, 9-3271
Warren's Address to the American Soldiers, by John Pierpont, 19-6990
Was it the wind I heard starting the leaves athrill, $10-3484$
Wash me and comb me, 3-1143
Wassail! Wassail all over the town, 13-4747
Watson, Sir William
To My Mother's Memory, 9.3271
Watts, Isaac
Cradle Song, 14-5241
Little Busy Bee, 2-484
O God, Our Help in Ages Past, 5-1781
Sluggard, 2-606
Waugh, Edwin
Christmas Morning, 17-6107
Way down, upon de Swanee Ribber, 4-1380
We are all in the dumps, 17-6384
We are come back from Babylon, 8-3005
We are much honored by your choice, 10-3738
We are the Dreamers of Dreams, by Arthur O'Shaughnessy, 16-5709
We are the music-makers, 16-5709
We are the Roadside Flowers, by Bliss Carman, 17-6282
We have no Dryads in our woods, 15-5417
We, in the ages lying, 12-4234
We just shake hands at meeting, 17-6378
We live in deeds, not years ; in thoughts, not breaths, 3-1007
We should fill the hours with the sweetest things, 8-2903
We worship the spirit that walks unseen, 10-3 $4 \$ 1$
Trakust Thing, by F. B. Frowning, 7-2637
Wearin' $0^{\circ}$ the Green, 17-6256
Weatherly, Frederic Edward
Discontented Apples, 5-1888
Jealous Jack Frost, 17-6108
Miss Poppy, 6-2244
What Bobbie Would Like, 12-4270
What Wisht Have Fbent, 5-1888

Wee, sleekit, cow'rin', tim'rous beastie, 3-1008
Wee Willie Winkie, by William Miller, 2-736
Weighing the Baby, by Ethel Lynn, 5-1780
Welcomme to Suring, by Pierre de Ronsard, 7-2364

We'll ha'e nane but Highland Bonnets here, by Alexander Maclagan, 17-6254
Were I a Birdie, Too (German folksong), 7-2366
Wesley, Charles
Gentle Jesus, Meek and Mild, 9-3270
Jesus, Lover of my Soul, 16-5867
West wind, blow from your prairie nest, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 4 1 9}$
Westwood, Thomas
Mine Host of the "Golden Apple," 7-2364
Under My Window, 5-1646
What are little boys made of, 16-5713; (with music) 6-2248
What Bobbie Would Like, by F. E. Weatherly, 12-4270
What Can a Little Chap Do? by John Oxenham, 6-2036
What Does It Matter? 11-4033
What does little birdie say, $3-848$
What Everyone Knows, 2-738
What graven words shall mark as mine? 6-2243
What have I done for you, England, my England? 7-2365
What I Live For, by G. L. Banks, 9-3274
What I shall leave thee none can tell, 19-6873
What is it you ask me, darling? 2-738
What is the blue on our flag, boys? 10-3482
What is the meaning of the song, 11-4033
What is the news of the day, 17-6384
What is the rhyme for porringer? 17-6110
What is this life, if full of care, 9-3111
What Might Have Been, by F. E. Weatherly, 5-1888
What of the bow? 9-3107
What passion cannot music raise and quell? 4-1.358
What the Sonnet is, by Eugene Lee-Hamilton, 12-4475
What the Stars Have Seen, by O. W. Holmes, 5-1888
What was he doing, the great god Pan, 5-1779
When a deed is done for Freedom, 7-2525
When all the world is young, lad, 8-2906
When Britain first, at Heaven's command, 2.486
When cats run home and light is come, 6-2153
When children are playing alone on the green, 2-608
When Eve had led her lord away, 5-1888
When Freedom, from her mountain height, 6-2034
When God at first made Man, $\mathbf{I}=323$
When God, who is forever free, 17-6253
When good King Arthur ruled this land, 8-2771
When I consider how my light is spent, 17-6378
When I contemplate all alone, 12-4346
When I Have Fears, by John Keats, 3 -1141
When I Was a Bachelor, 5-1889
When I was a beggarly boy, 18-6468
When I was a farmer, a farmer's boy, 16-6025
When icicles hang by the wall, 6-2152
When I'm grown up, 14-5236
When I'm put to bed today, 2-611
When little Fred was called to hed, 7-2530
When little Sammy Soapsuds, 2-741
When Iare arose in heart and rleed, 6-2244
When Love with unconfined wings, 16-5708
When Mummy's Away, 14-52:3
When on my day of life the night is falling, 7-こ6:ン
When Summer Comes, by J. E. Logan, 15-5418
When the British warrior queen, 1-322-23
When the Call is Sounded, by Lurana Sheldon, 15-5650
When the dumb Howr, clothed in black, 4-1516
When the humid shadmw: hover, 11-40:34
When the Norn Mother saw the Whirlwind Hour. 5-164.
When the snow is on the grount, 13-4745
When the voices of children are heard on the grt+11, 3-4?
When Thou com'st with reddening dawn, 17-6255
When thou dost eat from off this plate, 12-4473 When 'tis pouring hard with rain, 12-4480 When You Are Old, by William Ernest Henley, 16-5866
When youl see that nag of luatuty 15-5650
Where are you going, Great-Heart, 8-3006
Where are yom goins to. my wrul! mairl? 2-741
Where did you come from, baby dear? 2-486
Where have you been all day, 18-6801
Whort is thr trow malli- f:11herlitht" 3-846
Where the ber sucks. there lurk 1, 8-2689
Where the pools are bright and deep, 2-607

Whereof the man, that with me trod, 12-4347
Which I wish to remark, 4-1381
Which is the weakest thing of all, 7-2637
While We May, 19-6872
White Hart, by A. P. Graves, 19-6984
Whither, by Wilhelm Müller, 19-6987
Whither, midst falling dew, 17-6379
whiting, w.
Eternal Father, strong to Save, 19-6871
Whitman, Walt
O Captain! My Captain! 10-3736
Whittier, John Greenleaf
At Last, 7-2637
Barefoot Boy, 4-1517
Maud Muller, 16-5707
My Playmate, 18-6466
Red River Voyageur, 15-5420
Who can this Somebody be? 2-482
Who comes here? 2-739
Who Dies if England Live! by Kipling, 15-5422
Who fed me from her gentie breast, $2-i 36$
Who Is Sylvia? by William Shakespeare, 18-6798 (with music) 11-3934
Who Killed Cock Robin? 10-3742
Who rides there so late through the night-dark and drear, 19-6988
Who stuffed that white owl? 7-2640
Who would true valour see, $9-3338$
Why do you laugh, little brook, little brook, 6-2153
Why hurry, little river, 10-3481
Why I Abandoned You, by Tom Kettle, 9-3110
Why It Was Cold in May, by H. R. Eliot, 11-4033
"Why sitt'st thou by that ruined hall," 11-4030
Why so pale and wan, fond lover? 17-6376
Why weep ye by the tide, ladie? 3-847
Widmer, Leonard
National Hymn of Switzerland, 17-6255
Wien Neerlansch, by Hendrik Van Tollens, 17-6252

## Wilcox, Mrs. Ella Wheeler

Babyland, 16-5923
I Am, 4-1514
My ships, 5-17Ts
One of U's Two, 18-6651
You Never Can Tell, 6-2150
Wishing, 7-2528
Wild Rose, by J. W. Goethe, 19-6987
Wild was the night, yet a wilder night, 19-6868
"Will you walk into my parlour?" 12-4269
William the Conqueror, by Charles Mackay 8-2903
Willie's Lodger, by M. M. Dodge, 5-1888
Willy hoy, Willy boy, where are you going?
13-4745
Wind and the Noon, hy (iporge Macdonald, 16-5711
Wind in a Frolic, by William Howitt, 1-228
Winter, by W. S. Landor, 17-6378
Winter Song, by William Shakespeare, 6-2152
Wish, by Samuel Rogers, 3-846
Wishing, by William Allingham, 3-1007
Wishing, by E. W. Whlcox, 7-2528
With a Copy of Herrick, by Edmund Gosse, 12-4348
With deep affection and recollection, 14-5238
With fingers weary and worn, 16-5710
With proud thanksgiving, a mother for her children, 12-4272
With thunder shout the air is rent, 17-6254
With weary steps I loiter on, $12-4345$
Wither, George
Lover's Resolution, 17-6376

Without haste! without rest! 4-1381
Wolfe, Charles
Burial of Sir John Moore, 2-607
Wonderful One-Hoss Shay, by O. W. Holmes, 9-3269
"Woodman, spare that tree," 1-326
Wordsworth, William
Composed Upon Westminster Bridge, 12-4350
Daffodils, 1-102
Fidelity, 11-4115
Forth sprang the impassioned Queen her Lord to clasp, 8-2820
I travelled among unknown men, 18-6467
Intimations of Immortality, 7-2633
Kitten and the Falling Leaves, 14-4956
London, 1802, 12-4349
Lucy, 2-606
Lucy Gray, 3-1140
March, 4-1384
Pet Lamb, 6-2031
Peter Bell, selection from, 12-4347
quotations from, 7-2357-58
Rainbow, 2-607
Reaper, 14-4954
She Was a Phantom of Delight, 8-2903
The world is too much with us, 19-6989
Three years she grew, 18-6467
To a Butterfly, 6-2152
To a Butterfy (another poem), 16-6024
To a Skylark, 11-4034
To the Cuckoo, 6-2033
To the Skylark, 7-2529
Work, by E. B. Brownlow, 10-3480
Work, by Henry Van Dyke, 12-4272
Work! use all thy will, give all thy might, 10.3480

World, by W. B. Rands, 2-738
Worm, by Thomas Gisborne, 3-847
Worn and footsore was the Prophet, 6-2245

## Wotton, Sir Henry

Character of a Happy Life, 13-4599
Wreck of the Hesperus, by H. W. Longfellow, 1-103
Wynken, Blynken, and Nod one night, 1-98

## Y

Yankee Doodle, 17-6250
Ye Mariners of England, by Thomas Campbell, 2-609
Ye sons of Freedom, wake to glory! 12-4472 Yestreen, when to the trembling string, 6-2136 Yet once more, o ye laurels, and once more, 4-1236-38
You are going out to tea today, 16-5868
"You are old, Father William," the young man cried, 2-484
You know, we French stormed Ratisbon, 12-4350
You Never Can Tell, by E. W. Wilcox, 6.2150
You see, merry Phillis, that dear little maid, 14-4957
You shall have an apple, $\mathbf{7 - 2 5 3 0}$
You spotted snakes, with double tongue, 6-2153
You think I am dead, 9-3111
Young and Old, by Charles Kingsley, 8-2906
Young lambs to sell, 2-739
Young Mouse, by Jeffreys Taylor, 3-844
Young Russia, hail, victorious, 17-6253
Young Sophie leads a life without alloy, 16.5923






THE SIGNERS OF THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE
As told in the introductory matter, the Declaration of Independence was not signed on July 4, 1776, though it was adopted on that date. The official copy was signed by the members present, August 2, 1776, though some absentees signed later. The official copy bears the signatures of the delegates from New York who did not vote for the Declaration, as their state did not instruct in favor of independence until July 9. On the other hand, Robert Livingston, one of the committee which drafted the Declaration, was called to duties in New York and never signed. Thomas McKean, of Delaware, was present on July 4, but absent later and was permitted to sign in 1781.

Some of the men who signed the Declaration were later prominent under the Confederation and the Constitution. Others were not heard from afterward. Some were old and died before the Consiftution was adopted. We see the names of John Adams and Thomas Jefferson, later presidents of the United States. Benjamin Franklin was useful before and after the Declaration. John Hancock was prominent in Massachusetts, afterward as well as before. Samuel Adams, the great agitator, signed the Declaratimon, but was inclined to oppose the Constitution, though his opposition was not active. Benjamin Harrison was the father of President William Henry Harrison, who was in turn the grandfather of President Benjamin Harrison. Charles Carroll is said to have added the descriptive phrase "of Carrollton" to his name in order that there might be no confusion if the signers should be proscribed by Great Britain. James Wilson led the fight for the adoption of the Constitution in Pennsylvania. Richard Henry Lee did his utmost to prevent Virginia from adopting the Constitution, but later became United States Senator and a strong supporter of the new government. Robert Morris was the financier of the Revolution, and also held office under the Confederation.

## TWO IMPORTANT HISTORICAL DOCUMENTS

I$N$ the following pages we are giving you the text of the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States. Both are important documents in the history of the United States. We have talked about them in different volumes of our book, and here we give you the opportunity to see for yourselves what they say. A real historian always goes back to "original sources" in writing his books, and here you may see two of the documents such as historians use. Perhaps you will find that you had wrong impressions about them. The editor's comments are in different type.

## THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

IN Volume Four you will find the events leading up to the Declaration of Independence told at length. As you have seen, the adoption of the Declaration was not a sudden act. From the date of the Stamp Act in I 765 the colonists had been actively resisting King and Parliament. They had met in two Continental Congresses in defiance of British rule; blood had been shed at Lexington and Concord, Moore's Creek and Bunker Hill. Ticonderoga and Montreal had been captured, Quebec had been attacked, and Boston had been besieged.

In spite of all these events the colonists had been slow to move for absolute independence, but during these ten years of dispute the belief that separation was necessary had grown stronger. One by one states had declared for independence. On June 7, 1776, Richard Henry Lee, of Virginia, offered a resolution in Congress "that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be free and independent states." Action was postponed for three weeks in order that the delegates might near from home. Voting in Congress was by states, and the vote was cast as a majority of the delegates present directed. If the delegates were evenly divided, the state lost its vote. On July 2, 1776, the resolution was taken up in the Committee of the Whole. Nine states voted to adopt the resolution. New York was excused, as the delegates had no instructions; Delaware was divided; and only South Carolina and Pennsylvania were opposed. Strictly speaking, therefore, July 2, 1776 , is the day upon which Congress voted for independence. The next day Congress met in regular session, and the three states last named voted formally with the nine in favor of the resolution declaring the United States independent.

Meanwhile, on June ir, a committee consisting of Thomas Jefferson, John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Roger Sherman and Robert Livingston had been appointed to draw up a declaration of the reasons for separation. This committee reported on June 28, and the document was discussed in the Committee of the Whole before independence had been formally voted. The document itself is the work of Jefferson, though a few corrections were made by other members of the committee of five, and a few amendments by Congress. On July 4, 1776 , the corrected and amended Declaration was adopted by vote of the twelve states, but it was signed on that date only by John Hancock, the president of Congress.

On July 9 New York instructed for independence, and on July is Congress voted that the document be engrossed on parchment and signed by every member. This copy was made, and on August 2 it was signed by all the members present, including the delegates from New York, who had not voted for independence on July 2, 3 or 4. As you are told under the copy of the signatures, one man did not sign at all, and another signed in 178 r.

So you see that independence was declared, not on July 4, but on July 2 and July 3. The formal Declaration was adopted on July 4, but it was not

## THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

signed on that day, but on August 2 and later. The parchment copy of the Declaration is kept in the Department of State. Facsimile copies were later made for the signers and their families, but the ink has now faded to such an extent that many of the signatures can hardly be read. In the text which we give we have followed the spelling and the punctuation of the official engrossed copy, which differs somewhat in these particulars from the original copy adopted by Congress.

# THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE 

In Congress, July 4, 1776

The unanimous Declaration of the thirteen united States of
America

WHEN in the Course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the Powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that Governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes: and accordingly all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security.-Such has been the patient sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The history of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny over these States. To provide this, let Facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his Assent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his Governors to pass Laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his Assent should be obtained: and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other Laws for the accommodation of large districts of penple, unless those people would relinquish the right of Representation in the Legislature, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only.

## THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their Public Records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved Representative Houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the Legislative Powers, incapable of Annihilation, have returned to the People at large for their exercise; the State remaining in the mean time exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within.

He has endeavoured to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose obstructing the Laws for Naturalization of Foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new Appropriations of Lands.

He has obstructed the Administration of Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws for establishing Judiciary Powers.

He has made Judges dependent on his Will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of New Offices, and sent hither swarms of Officers to harass our People, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, Standing Armies without the Consent of our legislature.

He has affected to render the Military independent of and superior to the Civil Power.

He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his Assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us:
For protecting them, by a mock Trial, from Punishment for any Murders which they should commit on the Inhabitants of these States:

For cutting off of Trade with all parts of the world:
For imposing taxes on us without our Consent:
For depriving us in many cases, of the benefits of Trial by Jury:
For transporting us beyond Seas to be tried for pretended offenses:
For abolishing the free System of English Laws in a neighbouring Province, establishing therein an Arbitrary government, and enlarging its Boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these Colonies:

For taking away our Charters, abolishing our most valuable Laws, and altering fundamentally the Forms of our Governments:

For suspending our own Legislature, and declaring themselves invested with Power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated Government here, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our Coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is at this time transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to compleat the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun with circum-

## THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

stances of Cruelty \& perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the Head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow Citizens taken Captive on the high Seas to bear Arms against their Country, to become the executioners of their friends and Brethren, or to fall themselves by their Hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavoured to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian Savages, whose known rule of warfare, is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these Oppressions We have Petitioned for Redress in the most humble terms: Our repeated Petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free People.

Nor have We been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to disavow these usurpations, which, would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They too have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our Separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, Enemies in War, in Peace Friends.

We, therefore, the Representatives of the united States of America, in General Congress, Assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the Name, and by Authority of the good People of these Colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these U'niterd Colonies are, and of Right ought to be Free and Independent States; that they are Absolved from all Allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain, is and ought to be totally dissolved; and that as Free and Independent States, they have full Power to levy War, conclude Peace, contract Alliances, establish Commerce, and to do all other Acts and Things which Independent States may of right do. And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the Protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our Lives, our Fortunes and our sacred Honor.

JOHN HANCOCK.

New Hampshire * Josiah Bartlett
Wm. Whipple
Matthew Thornton
Massachusetts Bay
Saml. Adams
John Adams
Robt. Treat Paine
Elbridge Gerry

Rhode Island
Step. Hopkins
William Ellery
Connecticut
Roger Sherman
Sam'el Huntington
Wm. Williams
Oliver Wolcott

[^2]
## THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

New York
Wm. Floyd
Phil. Livingston
Frans. Lewis
Lewis Morris
New Jersey
Richd. Stockton
Jno. Witherspoon
Fras. Hopkinson
John Hart
Abra. Clark
Pennsylvania
Robt. Morris
Benjamin Rush
Benja. Franklin
John Morton
Geo. Clymer
Jas. Smith
Geo. Taylor
James Wilson
Geo. Ross
Delaware
Cesar Rodney
Geo. Read
Tho. M'Kean

Maryland
Samuel Chase
Wm. Paca
Thos. Stone
Charles Carroll of Carrollton
Virginia
George Wythe
Richard Henry Lee
Th. Jefferson
Benja. Harrison
Thos. Nelson, jr.
Francis Lightfoot Lee
Carter Braxton
North Carolina
Wm. Hooper
Joseph Hewes
John Penn
South Carolina
Edward Rutledge
Thos. Heyward, Junr.
Thomas Lynch, Junr.
Arthur Middleton
Georgia
Button Gwinnett
Lyman Hall
Geo. Walton

## THE CONSTITUTION

THE Second Continental Congress, which planned resistance to Great Britain, appointed George Washington commander-in-chief, and adopted the Declaration of Independence, was a revolutionary body, chosen in defiance of Great Britain. It was composed of delegates appointed by the separate states, who sat together in one house. We have told you that each state had one vote, which was cast as a majority of the delegates present decided. There was no central government, and Congress had no power over the separate states.

After the Declaration of Independence it was determined to frame a written agreement between the states, a sort of constitution. A committee was appointed and reported a plan. This was known as the Articles of Confederation, and with some changes was adopted by Congress in November, 1777 , and sent to the separate states for their approval. All the states except Maryland ratified the articles within eighteen months. This state had no claim to any lands beyond the Alleghenies and refused to ratify until the other states promised to surrender their claims to western lands to Congress. This was finaliy done and Maryland ratified in 178 I , and then the Articles of Confederation went into effect practically at the end of the Revolution. On page 1696 we tell you something of the Articles.

As you can see, such a government can hardly be called a government at all. It could not get the money to meet its obligations and had the respect neither of the people of the Inited States nor of other nations. States often failed to send delegates to Congress. Sometimes as few as twenty, representing ten states or fewer, were present. There was much disorder in the country and many disputes between states. Some of them threatened to go to war with other states. Thoughtful men feared that the independence won with such difficulty would be lost if the states did not form some closer union.

The constant disputes between the states led Virginia to ask them to send delegates to a meeting in Annapolis, Maryland, in 1786 to discuss uniform laws about trade. Only five states were represented, and no action was taken, but the delegates discussed the misfortunes of the country and all agreed that the Articles must be amended. So they adopted a resolution. drawn up by Alexander Hamilton, asking that the states send representatives to a convention to meet in Philadelphia in May, 1787. Congress approved the idea, and all the states except Rhode Island finally elected delegates, though New Hampshire was not represented until many important decisions had already been made.

The Convention had been called to meet May 14, 1787, but only a few delegates were present, and not until May 25 was the Convention called to order in Independence Hall. Genrge Washington was chosen president, and it was voted to hold the meeting behind closed donrs. Fortunately several of the delegates, particularly Madison, kept full notes of the proceedings which were published long afterward, and so we know almost all that happened during those four months.

Fifty-five delegates from twelve states were present at some time or other during the Convention, though not all of them took an active part. On the whole it was an unusual body of men representing the wealth and intelligence of the states. Twenty-nine were college-trained. three were professors of law, and one was a college president. Thirty-one had studied law, twelve of them in Europe. Thirty-nine had been members of Congress, and eight had helped to frame their state constitutions. Several had been, or were at the time, governors of their states.

## THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

The oldest member was Benjamin Franklin, over eighty-one, but Jonathan Dayton of New Jersey was only twenty-seven, Charles Pinckney of South Carolina was twenty-nine, and Alexander Hamilton was thirty. James Madison, who was the most influential member of the Convention, was thirty-six, and Gouverneur Morris of Pennsylvania, who is responsible for the exact wording of many sections, was thirty-five. The average age was about forty.

At the beginning of the discussions the "Virginia Plan" was offered and received the support of the larger states. Representation in the lower house was to be according to population, and the lower house was to elect the upper, and both together would choose the president. Since Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Virginia and North Carolina had much more than half the population, this plan would have given entire control to the larger states. The smaller states objected and offered the "New Jersey Plan," which strengthened the Articles of Confederation, but left undisturbed the equal vote of the states. To avoid breaking up the Convention the "Connecticut Compromise" was adopted after much debate. This gave equal representation in the Senate, but representation according to population in the House of Representatives.

Already some people were beginning to doubt the wisdom of slavery, but some of the Southern states said that it was necessary. So slavery was not abolished, and Congress was forbidden to interfere with the slave trade before 1808. Next came the question whether slaves should be counted when fixing representation. The South said yes; the North said no. After discussion it was decided that in levying direct taxes and fixing representations, a hundred slaves should count as sixty white persons. This is the three-fifths rule of which you have heard.

These are only a few of the compromises of the Constitution. Nearly every sentence, almost every word, was the occasion of discussion, and many decisions were later modified when new arguments were presented. When the majority had finally come to general agreement the whole was referred to a committee which smoothed out the rough places and arranged the sections. Their work was then discussed line by line by the Convention and referred to the Committee on Style, of which Gouverneur Morris was the leading member. The document was again revised by the Convention and engrossed upon parchment.

The delegates had worked all through the hot summer of 1787 . Some became displeased because the Constitution seemed to provide for too strong a government, and went home. Forty-two remained till the end. Three of them, George Mason and Edmund Randolph of Virginia and Elbridge Gerry of Massachusetts, at the last felt that they could not sign the instrument. The remaining thirty-nine, representing every one of the twelve states sending delegates, signed the finished paper on September $17,1789$.

It was then sent to Congress, which sent it to the states. The Convention had voted that it should go into effect when ratified by nine states, but it was not at all certain that a sufficient number of states would accept the instrument, as some of the most prominent men in the country were opposed. However. Delaware began. December 7. 178\%, and Pennsylvania followed on December 12, and New Jersey on December 18, 1787 . With the new year Georgia ratified (January 2) and Connecticut (January 9). In these states there was little opposition, but in Massachusetts the result was doubtful. Finally (February 6) it was ratified by a narrow majority, with the recommendation that several amendments be added as soon as possible. Maryland followed (April 28), and South Carolina ratified (May 23), but also recommended amendments. New Hampshire held back until it saw what Massachusetts would do. but ratified on June 21, making the ninth state. Virginia discussed the matter for more than three weeks, but finally ratified on June 25 , also recommending anendments.

Though more than a sufficient number of states had ratified, the position

## THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

of New York between New England and the other states made it especially important. Sentiment in the state was generally opposed to the Constitution. Hamilton, Madison and John Jay published in the newspapers a series of eighty-five essays advocating adoption. The book made from them is called The Federalist and even to-day is one of the best works upon the Constitution. In the Convention Hamilton fought hard, and did convert some opponents. The fact that ten states had ratified and that New York would be left out of the government if it failed to ratify also had its effect. So finally (July 26) the convention approved.

Two states only were left outside, North Carolina and Rhode Island. In the former state the convention refused to ratify, saying that the rights of the states and the people were not sufficiently guarded. Twenty-six amendments were suggested and the Convention adjourned. Rhode Island submitted the question of ratification to the people, who voted against it by a large majority. So these two states had no part in the first elections or in organizing the new government. North Carolina ratified in November, 1789 , but Rhode Island did not ratify until May, 1790 , and then by a majority of only two votes.

## What Is the Constitution

The Confederation was simply an agreement between separate states which preserved all their independence. The Constitution is more than this, for the states surrendered some of their rights to the new general government. It is, in fact, a compromise between a purely federal government and a strong centralized government. Madison said that the new government was partly national and partly federal, and to this day there is no better definition.

Certain matters, such as peace and war, regulation of commerce, navigation laws, coinage, the post office and the like, belong to the nation, which has the power to levy and collect taxes. Others, such as the ordinary protection of life and property, education, charity, roads and bridges, belong to the state, which also reserves all other powers not given to the national government by the Constitution. Some questions may interest both state and nation, and at different times they have caused trouble.

As you read the Constitution you will see that Article I has to do with the election, powers and duties of Congress; Article II, with the election, powers and duties of the President and other executive officers; and Article III, with the judicial power. Articles IV, V and VI contain many miscellaneous provisions, including the methods of amendment, and Article VII states how the instrument shall go into effect.

## What Are the Sources of the Constitution

There is no one source of the Constitution, and, in fact, there is little in it that is entirely new. Some of the delegates were students of government and could discuss every government the world had known up to that time, and were familiar with the writings of philosophers and statesmen. Then, too, they knew English history and were familiar with the struggle of the English people toward freedom. They had drawn up the Articles of Confederation, and many provisions in that instrument were transferred to the new document. There are some entirely new ideas, but not many. The chief source was the experience of the colonists in America. We sometimes forget that the history of several of the states is longer before 1787 than since. In every colony the people enjoyed more or less self-government, and they had drawn up state constitutions after the Declaration of Independence. Experience and knowledge gained from all these sources went into the making of the Constitution. The wording of the document owes more to Gouverneur Morris than to any other individual. He was the leading member of the committee which put the decisions into final form.

## THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

Probably not a single member of the Convention was entirely satisfied with the document when it was finally adopted. For example, Hamilton wished the general government to have much more power, and he would have had most of the high officials chosen for life or good behavior. Gouverneur Morris felt much the same way. On the other hand, many men doubted whether the rights of the states and the people had been sufficiently protected. Benjamin Franklin expressed the feeling of many when he said: "I confess there are several parts of the Constitution which I do not at present approve, but I am not sure that I shall never approve them. . . . I doubt too whether any other convention we can obtain may be able to make a better Constitution. . . . Thus I consent, sir, to this Constitution because I expect no better and because I am not sure that it is not the best."

Washington himself, in January, 1788, before Virginia had ratified the instrument said in a letter: "There are some things in the new form I will readily acknowledge, which never did and I am persuaded never will, obtain my cordial approbation, but I then did concede and now do most firmly believe that in the aggregate it is the best Constitution that can be obtained at this epoch and that this or a dissolution of the Union awaits our choice and are the only alternatives before us."

However, as the instrument was discussed during the months after the adjournment of the Convention, many who had been disposed to criticize began to realize the greatness of the document. Thus we find Washington writing somewhat later: "It appears to me little short of a miracle that the delegates from so many different States (which Siates you know are also different from each other in their manners, circumstances and prejudices) should unite in forming a system of national government so little liable to well-founded objections. Nor am I yet such an enthusiastic, partial or undiscriminating admirer of it as not to perceive it is tinctured with some real (though not radical) defects."

## The Amendments to the Constitution

Feeling as they did about their work, it is not surprising that the members provided for amendments. In Article V two methods are suggested. Twothirds of each House may pass an amendment and send it to the states, or if the legislatures of two-thirds of the states request it, Congress must call a convention to propose amendments. Amendments adopted in either way become a part of the Constitution if adopted by the legislatures or by special conventions in three-fourths of the states. All the amendments have been adopted by the first method.

Many amendments have been proposed, but only nineteen have been adopted. The first ten were adopted within less than three years after the new government began, and are really a part of the Constitution itself. The Eleventh was adopted in 1798, the Twelfth in 1804. Then for more than sixty years there was no amendment. Between 1865 and 1870 came the three Civil War amendments, then two in 1913, one in 1919 (though it did not go into effect until 1920), and the Nineteenth in 1920. Immediately after the amendments we tell something of the history of each.

## What the Test of Time Has Shown

Though many of the makers of the Constitution were not enthusiastic over the result of their labors, it has stood the test of time, and that is the hardest test. Though we speak of the United States as a new country, our government is one of the oldest, if not the oldest, in existence, for the government of Great Britain has been so much changed in the last hundred years that it is hardly the same, and the present governments of all the other European states are younger than ours. It is certainly the oldest written Constitution in the world.

## THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

When the Constitution was adopted, republics were few in number and small in area and population. Prophecies of failure were freely made, for Europe could not understand how a country could get along without a king. Now monarchy is becoming the unusual form of government. Many of the republics established later took ideas from the Constitution, though none adopted it without change. It was also studied in drawing up forms of government for the self-governing dominions under the British Crown, though of course there are many differences. When the Union of South Africa was being discussed, it is said, however, that The Federalist was quoted oftener than any other work upon government. It is interesting to note that in Canada the powers not specifically given to the Provinces are reserved to the Dominion. Australia, on the other hand, followed the example of the United States, and powers not specifically given to the Commonwealth are reserved to the States. Ireland of course is not composed of different states, and this question did not arise.

In all these members of the "British Commonwealth of Nations" the Governor-General is appointed by the Crown, and in none of them is he anything like so powerful as the President of the United States. All of them have the "parliamentary system," which means that the legislative controls the executive. (See page 1833.) In the United States when the Congress and the President differ in politics the whole business of the nation may be brought almost to a standstill. This does not happen under the parliamentary system. The new republics which have sprung up in Europe as a result of the World War have generally adopted the parliamentary system. Dozens of republics have been established since the Fathers of the Constitution finished their work.

It was a new kind of government, as Madison said, and has proved both stable and flexible. It has been strong enough to stand the strain of foreign and domestic wars. It served for a nation of thirteen weak states along the Atlantic with less than $4,000,000$ people. It continues to serve for a nation of forty-eight states stretching from ocean to ocean, with nearly $120,000.000$ people, and with possessions beyond the seas. The young nation was almost entirely engaged in agriculture: the nation of to-day has become the greatest manufacturing country in the world. With little change the same Constitution and form of government have served both.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA*

WE the People of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty, to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

Note. The original draft of the Constitution read: "We the Pcople of the States of New Hampshire, Massachusetts," etc. As it was probable that some of the states would not ratify, the names of the states were omitted in the final draft, but there was no intention of overruling the powers of the states.

## ARTICLE I <br> Legislative Powers-The House of Representatives

Section i. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Nembers chosen every second lear by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the Age of twenty-five Years, and been seven Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole Number of free Persons, including those bound to Service for a Term of Years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other Persons. The actual Enumeration shall be made within three Years after the first Meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent Term of ten Years, in such Manner as they shall by Law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty Thousand, but each State shall have at Least one Representative: anci until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to chuse three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four. Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

Note. Nearly all of this garagraph has been superseded by amendments or hy circumstances. The income tas. which has heen declamel a direct tax, need not now be levied according to population (Amendment XVI). The three-fifths rule no longer

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## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES GF AMERICA

holds (Amendments XIII and XIV). The population to a representative is now over 200,000 . The assignment of representatives to the states was changed after the first census of 1790 and every ten years afterward.

When vacancies happen in the Representation from any State, the Executive Authority thereof shall issue Writs of Election to fill such Vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall chuse their Speaker and other Officers; and shall have the sole Power of Impeachment.

## The Senate-Election, Qualifications and Special Powers

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for Six Years; and each Senator shall have one Vote.

Note. See Amendment XVII.
Immediately after they shall be assembled in Consequence of the first Election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three Classes. The Seats of the Senators of the first Class shall be vacated at the Expiration of the second Year, of the second Class at the Expiration of the fourth Year, and of the third Class at the Expiration of the sixth Year, so that one third may be chosen every second Year; and if Vacancies happen by Resignation, or otherwise, during the Recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary Appointments until the next Meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such Vacancies.

Note. These two paragraphs have been modified by Amendment XVII, which provides for the election of senators by the people.

No Person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty Years, and been nine Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no Vote, unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall chuse their other Officers, and also a President pro tempore, in the Absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the Office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole Power to try all Impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on Oath or Affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside: And no l'erson shall be convicted without the Concurrence of two thirds of the Members present.

Judgment in Cases of Impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from Office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any Office of honor Trust or Profit under the United States: but the Party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to Indictment, Trial, Judgment and Punishment, according to law.

Note. Only a few officers have been impeached, and fewer have been convicted. In several cases the officer resigned, and therefore was not tried. One president, Andrew Johnson, was impeached but was not convicted, as you may read on page 2444 . As you read in the last paragraph of Section 2, the House of Representatives must vote to impeach. That body also appoints a committee to prosecute the charges before the Senate sitting as a court.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding Elections for Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law make or alter such Regulations, except as to the Places of chusing Senators.

Notc. Congress in 1845 fixed the Tuesday following the first Monday in November as the date for choosing electors, in years that can be divided by four. In 1872 it was ordered that Representatives be elected on this date in the even years, though a few states were later permitted to elect earlier. Nearly all the states have adopted this day for state elections as well.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law appoint a different Day.

## Congress-Membership, Rules, Procedure, Privileges

Section 5. Each House shall be the Judge of the Elections, Returns and Qualifications of its own Members, and a Majority of each shall constitute a Quorum to do Business; but a smaller Number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the Attendance of absent Members, in such Manner, and under such Penalties as each House may provide.

Each House may determine the Rules of its Proceedings, Punish its Members for disorderly behaviour, and, with the Concurrence of two thirds, expel a member.

Each House shall keep a Journal of its Proceedings, and from time to ؛ime publish the same, excepting such Parts as may in their Judgment require Secrecy; and the Yeas and Nays of the Members of either House on any question shall, at the Desire of one fifth of those Present, be entered on the Journal.

Neither House, during the Session of Congress, shall, without the Consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other Place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a Compensation for their Services, to be ascertained by Law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall in all Cases, except Treason, Felony and Breach of the Peace, be privileged from Arrest during their Attendance at the Session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same: and for any Speech or Debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other Place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the Time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil Office under the Authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the Emoluments whereof shall have been encreased during such time; and no Person holding any Office under the United States, shall be a Member of either House during his Continuance in Office.

## How a Bill Becomes a Law

Section 7. All Bills for raising Revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with Amendments as on other Bills.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Every Bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a Law, be presented to the President of the United States; If he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his Objections, to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the Objections at large on their Journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such Reconsideration two thirds of that House shall agree to pass the Bill, it shall be sent, together with the Objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that House, it shall become a law. But in all such Cases the Votes of both Houses shall be determined by Yeas and Nays, and the Names of the Persons voting for and against the Bill shall be entered on the Journal of each House respectively. If any Bill shall not be returned by the President within ten Days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a Law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their Adjournment prevent its Return, in which Case it shall not be a Law.

Every Order, Resolution, or Vote to which the Concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of Adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the Same shall take Effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the Rules and Limitations prescribed in the Case of a Bill.

## Specific Powers of Congress

Section 8. The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States: but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow Money on the credit of the United States;
To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;

To establish an uniform Rule of Naturalization, and uniform Laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures;

To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current Coin of the United States;

To establish Post Offices and post Roads;
To promote the Progress of Science and usef al Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive Right to their respective Writings and Discoveries;

To constitute Tribunals inferior to the supreme Court;
To define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations;

To declare War, grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, and make Rules concerning Captures on Land and Water;

To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

To provide and maintain a Navy;
To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces;

To provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not exceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the Acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of the Government of the United States, and to exercise like Authority over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock-Yards, and other needful Build-ings;-And

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Note. Congress has exercised many powers not specifically mentioned above or elsewhere in the Constitution. For the most part they have been based upon the words "necessary and proper" in the paragraph above and upon the command to provide for the "general welfare" in the first paragraph of the section. The next question is what things are necessary and proper. Ever since the Constitution was adopted men have differed as to the answer. The Supreme Court has final decision. If the people are not satisfied the Constitution can be changed by amendment. Examples of such changes are the Thirteenth and the Sixteenth amendments.

## Things Forbidden to Congress

Section 9. The Migration or Importation of such Persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the Year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a Tax or duty may be imposed on such Importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each Person.

Note. This paragraph became meaningless on the date mentioned.
The Privilege of the Writ of Habeas Corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in Cases of Rebellion or Invasion the public Safety may require it.

No Bill of Attainder or ex post facto Law shall be passed.
No Capitation, or other direct, Tax, shall be laid, unless in Proportion to the Census or Enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

Note. The direct-tax provision of this paragraph has been modified by the Sixteenth Amendment.

No Tax or Duty shall be laid on Articles exported from any State.
No Preference shall be given by any Regulation of Commerce or Revenue to the Forts of one State over those of another: nor shall Vessels bound to, or from, one State, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay Duties in annother.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time.

No Title of Nobility shall be granted by the United States: and no Persons holding any Office of Profit or Trust under them, shall, without the Consent of the Congress, accept of any present, Emolument, Office, or Title, of any kind whatever, from any King, Prince or foreign State.

## Things Forbidden to the States

Section ro. No State shall enter into any Treaty, Alliance, or Confederation; grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal; coin Money; emit Bills of Credit; make any thing but gold and silver Coin a Tender in Payment of Debts; pass any Bill of Attainder, ex post facto Law or Law impaiing the Obligation of Contracts, or grant any Title of Nobility.

No State shall, without the Consent of the Congress, lay any Imposts or Duties on Imports or Exports except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection Laws; and the net Produce of all Duties and Imposts, laid by any State on Imports or Exports, shall be for the Use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such Laws shall be subject to the Revision and Control of the Congress.

No State shall, without the Consent of Congress, lay any Duty of Tonnage, keep Troops, or Ships of War in time of Peace, enter into any Agreement or Compact with another State, or with a foreign Power, or engage in War, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent Danger as will not admit of Delay.

Note. Most of the things mentioned above as forbidden to the states are powers which they had exercised, or might exercise, under the Confederation, and which they here gave up to the general government.

## ARTICLE II

## The President-Election, Qualifications, Succession

Section r. The executive Power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his Office during the Term of four Years, and, together with the Vice President, chosen for the same Term, be elected as follows:

Note. The first draft made the term seven years and forbade re-election. This was changed when the method of election was changed.

Each State shall appoint, in such Manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a Number of Electors, equal to the whole Number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress: but no Senator or Representative, or Person holding an Office of Trust or Profit under the United States, shall be appointed an Elector.

Note. This paragraph was the result of much discussion. The convention first voted that the president should be elected by Congress. Later it was suggested that he be elected by the governors of the states, but some of the members were not satisfied with either method. It seemed impossible for the people to make a wise choice, as there were few newspapers and the citizen of Georgia knew less of New Hampshire than he now knows of Siam. So finally it was agreed that in each state

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

prominent citizens should be elected, and these should meet in the state capital, look over all the great men in the country and make a free choice. Everyone was pleased with this plan, but by 1800 parties had arisen and the system broke down. Though an elector cannot be punished if he does not vote for the party nominee, he is expected to do so, and always does.

The Electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by Ballot for two Persons, of whom one at least shall not be an Inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a List of all the Persons voted for, and of the Number of Votes for each; which List they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the Seat of the Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate, shall, in the Presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the Certificates, and the Votes shall then be counted. The Person having the greatest Number of Votes shall be the President, if such Number be a Majority of the whole Number of Electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such Majority, and have an equal Number of Votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately chuse by Ballot one of them for President; and if no Person have a Majority, then from the five highest on the List the said House shall in like Manner chuse the President. But in chusing the President, the Votes shall be taken by States, the Representation from each State having one Vote; A quorum for this Purpose shall consist of a Member or Members from two thirds of the States, and a Majority of all the States shall be necessary to a Choice. In every Case, after the Choice of the President, the Person having the greatest Number of Votes of the Electors shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal Votes, the Senate shall chuse from them by Ballot the Vice President.

Note. This paragraph was superseded in 1804 by the Twelfth Amendment.
The Congress may determine the Time of chusing the Electors, and the Day on which they shall give their Votes; which Day shall be the same throughout the United States.

See Note Art. I, Sec. 4, above.
No Person except a natural born Citizen, or a Citizen of the United States, at the time of the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the Office of President: neither shall any Person be eligible to that Office who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty-five Years, and been fourteen Years a Resident within the United States.

Note. Though it was possible for a foreign-born citizen to become president in the early years of the nation, none was ever elected. All of our presidents except Roosevelt were over forty-five when inaugurated, and most of them were over fifty. See pages 395I-54.

In Case of the Removal of the President from Office, or of his Death Resignation, or Inability to discharge the Powers and Duties of the said Office, the Same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by Law provide for the Case of Removal, Death, Resignation or Inability, both of the President and Vice President, declaring what Officer shall then act as President and such Officer shall act accordingly, until the Disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Note. In 1791 Congress provided that in case of the death or disability of both president and vice-president, the president pro-tempore of the senate, and after him the speaker of the House of Representatives, should act as president. In 1886 the Presidential Succession Act provided that the members of the Cabinet (if eligible) should succeed in the order of the creation of their offices. The order of creation is State, Treasury, War, Attorney-General, Postmaster General, Navy, and Interior. The departments not mentioned, Agriculture, Commerce, and Labor, have been created since 1886.

The President shall at stated Times, receive for his Services, a Compensation, which shall neither be Increased nor diminished during the Period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that Period any other Emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Note. Up to the beginning of Grant's second term the president received $\$ 25,000$ a year. From that time until 1909 the salary was $\$ 50,000$. Since 1909 it has been $\$ 75,000$, with $\$ 25,000$ more for traveling expenses. In addition he has the use of the White House, some of the expenses of which are paid by the nation.

Before he enter on the Execution of his Office, he shall take the following Oath or Affirmation:-
"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the Office of President of the United States, and will to the best of my Ability, preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States."

## The Powers and Duties of the President

Section 2. The President shall be Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, and of the Militia of the several States, when called into the actual Service of the United States; he may require the Opinion, in writing, of the principal Officer in each of the executive Departments, upon any Subject relating to the Duties of their respective Offices, and he shall have Power to grant Reprieves and Pardons for Offences against the United States, except in Cases of Impeachment.

Note. The Cabinet is not mentioned by name in the Constitution. The only reference is that to "executive departments" in the paragraph above.

He shall have Power, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, to make Treaties, provided two thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, shall appoint Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, Judges of the Supreme Court, and all other Officers of the United States, whose Appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by Law; but the Congress may by Law vest the Appointment of such inferior Officers, as they think proper, in the President alone, in the Courts of Law, or in the Heads of Departments.

Note. These provisions have been the occasion of much friction between the president and the Senate. That body has often refused to ratify treaties made under the direction of the president, and has also refused many times to confirm his appointments to office.

The President shall have Power to fill up all Vacancies that may happen during the Recess of the Senate, by granting Commissions which shall expire at the End of their next Session.

Section 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress Information

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

of the State of the Union, and recommend to their Consideration such Measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary Occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in Case of Disagreement between them, with Respect to the Time of Adjournment, he may adjourn them to such Time as he shall think proper; he shall receive Ambassadors and other public Ministers; he shall take Care that the Laws be faithfully executed, and shall Commission all the Officers of the United States.

Note. Washington and Adams addressed Congress in person. Jefferson was a poor speaker and also thought that the practice was too much like the king's "Speech from the Throne." He sent his message in writing, and all other presidents down to Wilson followed his example. Wilson revived the earlier practice and was followed by Harding. Coolidge has followed both practices.

Section 4. The President, Vice-president and all civil Officers of the United States, shall be removed from Office on Impeachment for, and Conviction of, Treason, Bribery, or other high Crimes and Misdemeanors.

## ARTICLE III

## The Judicial Department

Section r. The judicial Power of the United States, shall be vested in one supreme Court, and in such inferior Courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The Judges, both of the supreme and inferior Courts, shall hold their Offices during good Behaviour, and shall, at stated Times, receive for their Services, a Compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in Office.

Note. The first Congress in 1789 fixed the number of Supreme Court justices at six. This number has been changed from time to time. At present the court consists of a chief justice and eight associate justices. Below the supreme courts are circuit and district courts. Each state includes at least one district, and the larger states are divided into several districts with one or more judges for each. In all there are about 125 district judges. In every district there is a United States Attorney who represents the United States, and a United States Marshal whose duties are similar to those of a sheriff in the state court. The whole country is divided into nine circuits, with three to six circuit judges for each. These courts hear appeals from the district courts and in some cases their judgment is final. There is also a Federal Court of Claims, which examines claims against the United States, and a Court of Customs Appeals. Special federal courts are organized for the District of Columbia, Alaska, the Canal Zone, Hawaii and Porto Rico.

Section 2. The judicial Power shall extend to all Cases, in Law and Equity, arising under this Constitution, the Laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their Authority;-to all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls;-to all Cases of admiralty and maritime Jurisdiction;-to Controversies to which the United States shall be a Party;-to Controversies between two or more States:-between a State and Citizens of another State;-between Citizens of different States,-between Citizens of the same State claiming Lands under Grants of different States, and between a State, or the Citizens thereof, and foreign States, Citizens, or Subjects.

Note. By the Fleventh Amendment a state may not be sued by a citizen of another state or by a foreigner.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

In all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, and those in which a State shall be Party, the supreme Court shall have original Jurisdiction. In all the other Cases before mentioned the Supreme Court shall have appellate Jurisdiction, both as to Law and Fact, with such Exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The Trial of all Crimes, except in Cases of Impeachment, shall be by Jury; and such Trial shall be held in the State where the said Crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the Trial shall be at such Place or Places as the Congress may by Law have directed.

Section 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying War against them, or in adhering to their Enemies, giving them Aid and Comfort. No Person shall be convicted of Treason unless on the Testimony of two Witnesses to the same overt Act, or on Confession in open Court.

The Congress shall have Power to declare the Punishment of Treason, but no Attainder of Treason shall work Corruption of Blood or Forfeiture except during the Life of the Person attainted.

## ARTICLE IV <br> The United States and the States

Section r. Full Faith and Credit shall be given in each State to the public Acts, Records, and judicial Proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general Laws prescribe the Manner in which such Acts, Records and Proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

Section 2. The Citizens of each State shall be entitled to all Privileges and Immunities of Citizens in the several States.

A Person charged in any State with Treason, Felony, or other Crime, who shall flee from Justice, and be found in another State shall on Demand of the executive Authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having Jurisdiction of the Crime.

Note. This means that a criminal fleeing into another state must be given up upon the demand of the governor of the state where the crime was committed. This is called Extradition.

No Person held to Service or Labour in one State, under the Laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any Law, or Regulation therein, be discharged from such Service or Labour, but shall be delivered up on Claim of the Party to whom such Service or Labour may be due.

Note. Under this provision Congress passed the Fugitive Slave Laws.
Section 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the Jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the Junction of two or more States, or Parts of States, without the Consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Section 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government, and shall protect each of them against Invasion; and on Application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic Violence.

## ARTICLE V

## How the Constitution May Be Amended

The Congress, whenever two thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislature of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislature of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress; Provided that no Amendment which may be made prior to the Year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any Manner affect the first and fourth Clauses in the Ninth Section of the first Article; and that no State, without its Consent, shall be deprived of its equal Suffrage in the Senate.

## ARTICLE VI

All Debts contracted and Engagements entered into, before the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any thing in the Constitution or laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial Officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious Test shall ever be required as a Qualification to any Office or public Trust under the United States.

## ARTICLE VII

The Ratification of the Conventions of nine States, shall be sufficient for the Establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the Same.

Note. In this article the Convention plainly disregarded its instructions from Congress, which had voted that the changes should be approved by all the states. Since Rhode Island had sent no delegates to the Convention, it was expected that it would not ratify and that other states also might fail to approve. As you know, both Rhode Island and North Carolina failed to ratify, and the new government began without them.
Done in Convention by the Unanimous Consent of the States present the Seventeenth Day of September in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and Eighty seven and of the Independence of the United

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

States of America the Twelfth. In Witness whereof We have hereunto subscribed our Names.

New Hampshire
John Langdon
Nicholas Gilman
Massachusetts
Nathaniel Gorhami
Rufus King
Connecticut
Wm: Saml. Johnson
Roger Sherman
New Vork
Alexander Hamilton
New Jersey
Wil: Livingston
David Brearley.
Wm. Patterson.
Jona: Dayton
Pennsylvania
B Franklin
Thomas Mifflin
Robt Morris
Geo. Clymer
Thos. Fitzsimons
Jared Ingersoll
James Wilson
Gouv Morris

## Go. Washington <br> Presidt and deputy from Virginia

Delaware
Geo: Read
Gunning Bedford Jun
John Dicerinson
Richard Bassety
Jaco: Broom
Maryland
James McHenry
Dan of St Thos Jenifer
Danl. Carroll
Virginia
John Blatr-
James Madison Jr.
North Carolina
Wm. Blount
Richd. Dobbs Spaight
Hu Williamson
South Carolina
J. Rutledge

Charles Cotesworth Pinckney
Charles Pinckney
Pierce Butler
Georgia
William Few
Abr Baldwin

Attest:
William Jackson, Secretary

Articles in Addition to, and Amendment of, the Constitution of the United States of America, Proposed by Congress, and Ratified by the Legislatures of the Several States, Pursuant to the Fifth Article of the Original Constitution.

## I

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

## II

A well-regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

## III

No soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

## IV

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

## V

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any Criminal Case to be witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

## VI

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining Witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence.

## VII

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

## VIII

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

## IX

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

## X

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution nor

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

Note. We have told you above that several of the states, when ratifying the Constitution, proposed amendments. The first Congress, meeting in New York in 1789, adopted twelve amendments and submitted them to the states. Ten of the twelve were ratified, and on December 15, 1791, were declared to be a part of the Constitution.

## XI

The Judicial power of the Cnited States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by Citizens of another State, or by Citizens or Subjects of any Foreign State.

## XII

The Electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as VicePresident, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate;-The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates and the votes shall then be counted;-The person having the greatest number of votes for President, shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shal! choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President, shall be Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall chonse the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

Note. In the election of 1800 Thomas Jefferson and Aaron Burr received the same number of electoral votes, and the tie was broken by the House of Representatives after much ill-feeling. To prevent such an occurrence in the future this amendment was sent to the states in 1803, and on September 25, 1804, became a part of the Constitution. It supersedes the third paragraph of Article II, section I.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

## XIII

Section I. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Section 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Note. The Emancipation Proclamation of January 1, 1863, gave freedom only to "slaves within any State, or designated part of a State, the people whereof shall then be in rebellion against the United States." Slaves in those parts of the Confederacy then held by the Union forces and slaves in the four slave-holding states which did not secede were not freed. All slaves were freed by this amendment, which was sent to the states February 1, 1865, and declared to have been ratified December 18, 1865.

## XIV

Section i. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States: nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Section 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the Executive and Judicial officers of a State, or the rnembers of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Section 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each House remove such disability.

Section 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Section 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Note. This amendment has several parts and was intended to accomplish several purposes. The emancipation of the slaves did not make them citizens. In fact, it gave the whites in the slave-holding states greater representation, for now they could count all the negroes in the population instead of three-fifths of them, and these negroes could not vote. Then, too, several of the Southern states had passed rather harsh laws which applied only to negroes. Again, President Johnson had been liberal in pardoning Southern leaders, and Congress wished to take this power from him. It also wished to make impossible the payment of the Confederate debt. Therefore, the first paragraph declares anyone born or naturalized in the United States to be a citizen, and forbids discrimination. The second paragraph punishes by loss of representation any state which prevents citizens from voting, while the third limited the pardoning power of the president. The fourth forbids the payment of the Confederate debt. This amendment was submitted to the states June 16,1866 , and on July 23, 1868, became a part of the Constitution.

## XV

Section r. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Note. In spite of the Fourteenth Amendment the Southern states were slow to give the vote to the negro. The Fifteenth was intended to force them to grant this right. It was submitted February 27, 1869, and was ratified March 30, 1870.

## XVI

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

Note. In Article I, section 9, third paragraph, Congress is forbidden to levy any direct taxes except in proportion to population. That is, states of the same population must pay the same amount of tax. The Income Tax is a tax levied on income rather than on population, and in 1894 the Supreme Court declared it to be a direct tax. Agitation to change the Constitution began, and July 12, 1909, the amendment was submitted to the states, and was declared to be ratified February 25, 1913.

## XVII

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: Provided, That the Legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the Legislature may direct.

Note. Dissatisfaction with the election of senators by the legislatures of the states began to spring up after the Civil War, and this amendment was submitted to the states May 16, 1912, and was declared ratified May 31, 1913,

## XVIII

Section i. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Section 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

Note. Opposition to the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors is not new in the United States; beginning with Maine in 1851, many states had passed prohibitory laws. This amendment was submitted to the states December 18, 1917, was declared ratified January 29, 1919, but did not go into effect until January 16, 1920.

## XIX

The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.
Note. Some colonial women demanded the right to vote, and in Massachusetts many did vote. The first constitution of New Jersey in 1776 gave them the right to vote, but it was taken away in $180 \%$. The demand for equal suffrage grew in strength, and Wyoming, when organized as a territory in 1869, gave women equal rights. Other territories and states followed, and in May 21, 1919, when the amendment was submitted to the states, women had equal voting rights in fourteen states and partial rights in many more. The amendment was declared ratified August 25, 1920.


## SCHOOL-SUBJECT GUIDE

THE School-Subject Guide is an analysis of the contents of The Book of Knowledge according to the general classifications used in the schools. The ten main divisions into which the matter of the book is thus divided are given below. In each division the main articles, found to the extreme left, are given in black type in the order in which they occur in the volumes; under each the related subject matter is grouped as Supplementary Reading, Stories, etc., also in black type but a little to the right. The Wonder Questions on each subject follow, printed in light-face type. From this arrangement it is poss:ble for anyone using the Guide to see at a glance the scope of the information on every subject contained in the volumes. This will not only save time but sometimes offer suggestions. The analysis of the Guide, which follows, gives the page numbers of the various divisions and subdivisions in each subject.

page
Physics

Properties of Matter . 7617 Magnetism and Electricity 7618
Light . . . 7619
Sound . . . 7620
Heat . . . 762 I
Chemistry . . . 7622

## APPLIED SCIENCE AND

 INDUSTRYFood and Its Sources . 7624
Clothing . . . 7626
Important Manufactures . 7627
Transportation and Com-
munication . . 7627
Engineering
Civil $\quad$. . 7629
Mechanical . . 7631
Mining . . . 7631
Electrical . . . 7632
THINGS TO MAKE AND
THINGS TO DO
Manual Training
Tools and Their Uses . 7633
Woods . . . 7633
Things Made from Wood . . . 7634
Things Made from Materials Other than Wood

7634
Drawing, Designing and Printing

7635
Paper Handwork . 7635
Toy-making for the Boy and Girl . . 7636
Practical Science . 7637
Household Arts
Cooking . . . 7637
Sewing . . . 7638
Decoration . . 7638
Helpful Things about a House

7639
First Aid . . . 7639
Recreation
Outdoor Amusements . 7639
Physical Exercises . 7641

Indoor Amusements
pags
7641
Animals and Plants . 7642
Hobbies
7642
Brain Resters and Testers
Puzzles, Problems and Illusions 7642
Tricks . . . 7643
HELPS TO LEARNING
Matching Games . . 7645
Color Games . . . 7645
Reading . . . 7645
Writing . . . 7646
Arithmetic . . . 7646
Drawing . . . 7647
Telling Time . . . 7647
Nature Games . . 7647

## BIOGRAPHY

Men Who Have Made
History . . . 7648
Explorers and Pioneers - 7650
Great Teachers . . 7651
Early Religious Leaders . 7651
Scientists and Inventors . 7651
Naturalists . . . 7653
Writers and Artists . 7653
Miscellaneous . . 7655

## ENGLISH AND LITERATURE

Speech and Writing • 7656
History of Literature
English . . . 7657
American . . . 7666
Canadian . . . 7669
Eastern . . . 7670
Greek . . . 7670
Roman . . . $7^{670}$
European . . . 767 I
Poetry . . . . 7673
Famous Books . . 7688
Stories . . . . 7693
FINE ARTS
Painting . . . 7702
Sculpture . . . 7712
Architecture . . . 7714
Music . . . . 7722


# GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, CIVICS AND ECONOMICS 

## 路

## The United States

## Geography

North America before the White Men, 1-153
Supplementary Reading
The Indians of the United States, 19-7235
See also Geology, page 7614
The United States of America, 10-3397
Supplementary Reading
The United States National Parks, 7-2281
The Forest and Its Guardians, 8-2803
The Northeastern States, 10-3401; 11-3773; 12-4145
Supplementary Reading
Washington, Our Capital City, 5-1533
The Erie Canal, 13-4881
What One May See in New York, 17-6207
What a Great City Does for Its Children, 15-5621
A River under a City, 14-5055
The American Museum of Natural History, 18-6613
West Point and Annapolis, 18-6701
Land Birds of the Northern Province, 13-4759; 13-4829
Flowers of the East, 17-6273; 18-6567
The Southern States, 13-4517; 14-4889
Supplementary Reading
Birds of the Southern Province, 14-5017
Wild Flowers of the South, 19-7085

How Cotton Becomes Cloth, 14-5167
The Mississippi, 16-5653
Wonderful Mammoth Cave, 4-1299
The North Central States, 15-5273; 17-6037
Supplementary Reading
Chicago, the Wonder City, 19-7105
Flowers of the Middle West, 18-6655
The Mississippi, 16-5653
The Western States, 18-6425; 19-6841
Supplementary Reading
Yellowstone Park, 2-729
Birds of the West, 14-5133
The American Desert and Its Inhabitants, 9-3025
Making the Desert Blossom, 7-2543
Flowers of the Pacific Coast, 19-6927
American Territory across the Seas, 10-3583
Supplementary Reading
The Panama Canal, 1-361
Conquerors of Disease, 15-5481
The Story of Alaska, 16-5789
Hawaii, an Island Paradise, 15-5447
Story
A Heroine of the Southern Seas, 2-446

## History

Explorers of North America, 1-241
Supplementary Reading
Men Who Made the World Known, 1-83
The Elizabethan Sea-dogs, $14-4959$
The Lost Colony of Roanoke, 17-6333
Building Homes in the New Land, 2-543
Supplementary Reading
Child Life in Colonial Days, 3-965
The Struggle for the Continent, 3-777
Supplementary Reading
Two Men Who Loved the Indians, 18-6631
Winthrop and Benjamin Franklin, 10-3487
Story
The Last of the Mohicans, 1-267
The Revolution, 4-1157
Supplementary Reading
The Declaration of Independence, 20-7553
Naval Heroes of Young America, 17-6325

Two Spies of the Revolution, 11-3995
Washington, 3-1039
Two American Pioneers, 6-2189
Building the New Nation, 5-1695
Supplementary Reading
Hamilton, 10-3488; Jefferson, 3-1042; Gallatin, 10-3489
John Quincy Adams, 10-3489; Andrew Jackson, 3-1043
Clay, Calhoun and Webster, 10-3490
Naval Heroes of Young America, 17-6325
The Growing West, 6-1905
Supplementary Reading
The Western States, 18-6425; 19-6841
Andrew Jackson, 3-1043; Benton, 10-3494
Stories
Ramona, 1-133
Two Years before the Mast, 9-3357
The Brothers' War, 7-2427
Supplementary Reading
Stephen A. Douglas, W. H. Seward, 10-3495
Lincoln, 3-1045; Grant, 3-1050
Lincoln's Gettysburg Address, 3-1038
Lee and Davis, 6-2088
Story
The Man without a Country, 7-2401
The United Nation, 8-2669
Supplementary Reading
Cleveland, Roosevelt, Wilson, 19-7193
How the United States Is Governed, 5-1787
Compare, How Canada Is Governed, 5-1833
Supplementary Reading
Administrations of the Presidents, 11-3937
Text of the Constitution, 20-7563
See also Civics and Economics, page 7597

## Resources

The United Nation, 8-2669; 9-3207
Supplementary Reading
The Wonderful Story of Wheat, 5-1755
The Great Cereals, 5-1851
The Forage Plants, 7-2409
Plants That Clothe Us, 8-2783
Plants Useful in Industry, 9-3151

The Forest and Its Guardians, 8-2803
The Wealth of the Forest, 16-5985
Supplementary Reading
Some Important Timber Trees, 12-4245
Beauty Trees, 12-4381
American Trees in Summer, 12-4507
American Trees in Winter, 13-4635
Striking American Shrubs, 13-4775
Coal, 3-785
Oil and What It Can Do, 13-4533
Making Iron and Steel, 6-1935
For Industries generally see Applied Science and Industry, page 7624

## Arts and Letters

American Colleges and Universities, 12-4307
American Literature, 12-4445; 13-4625; 13-4725; 13-4815; 14-5007
See also names of authors in General Index and in Poetry Index.
Painting in the United States, 9-3325; 10-3447
Sculpture in the United States, 144933
Architecture in the United States, 18-6679

## Miscellaneous

The Boy Scouts of America, 12-4451
The Camp Fire Girls, 14-5061
Women in the United States, 14-5267
Some Famous Ladies of the White House, 2-391
The Days We Celebrate, 6-2087


## Canada

The Dominion of Canada, 1-105
French Canada before the Conquest, 2-677
Stories
The Girl Who Held the Fort, 11-4089
Black Robe and White Heart, 15-5375
Two Men Who Loved the Indians, 18-6631
Canada as an English Colony, 3-941
Canada as a Nation, 4-1483
Supplementary Reading
A Friend to Fisher Folk, 7-2495
Dr. Grenfell.

Canada's Poets and Prose Writers. 14-5103; 15-5367
Painters of Canada, 10-3699
Sculptors of Canada, 14-5075
How Canada Is Governed, 5-1833
The French in Canada, 8-2949
The Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, 6-1955
Outposts of Canada, 7-2557
Canada and the Fur Trade, 12-4337
Fur-farming in Canada, 13-4693
The Royal Canadian Mounted Police, 16-5831
Winter Sports in Canada, 10-3693


## Mexico and Central America

Mexico and Central America, 19-7131
Supplementary Reading
Digging the Panama Canal, 1-361

## South America

South America and Its Conquerors, 19-6857
The Republics of South America, 19-6975; 19-7033

## West Indies

The Islands of the West Indies, 19-7097


## Ancient Nations

The Chinese Republic, 2-421
Supplementary Reading
The Literatures of the East, 15-5459
Story of the Willow-pattern Plate, 4-1532
Stories from the Chinese, 5-1579
Confucius, 9-3090
Japan and Korea, 2-561
Story
The Mysterious Portrait, 9-3080
Babylonia and Assyria, 2-647
Supplementary Reading
The First Sculptors, 11-3873
Egypt's Fascinating Story, 3-807
Story
The Riddle of the Sphinx, 18-6610
Wonder Questions
What were the seven wonders of the Old World? 7-2604
What is papyrus? 11-3977What is the Sudd on the Nile? 8-3016Why are old sign writings called hieroglyphics? 7-2486
Why did the Egyptians use straw for their bricks? 12-4505
Persia and Its Story, 3-909
Supplementary Reading
Zoroaster, 9-3092
The Glory That Was Greece, 3-1069
Supplementary Reading
Ægean and Classical Painting, 2-447
The Early Days of Greece, 11-3987
The Golden Years of Greece, 12-4215
The Greek and Roman Builders, 15-5341
The Literature of Greece, 16-5747
The Iliad and the Odyssey, 6-1983
The Great Greeks, 2-701
The Immortal Three, 16-5915
Stories
The Race from Marathon, 3-887
The Sacrifice of Iphigenia, 11-3808
How Alcestis Gave Her Life, 8-2703
The Friendship of Damon and Pythias, 9-3064
The Dog That Remembered Odysseus, 1-146
Achilles and the Queen of the Amazons, 1-53
Penelope's Marvelous Tapestry, 1-53
The Quest of the Golden Fleece, 3-1100
Stories of Greece and Rome, 9-3083
Icarus and His Waxen Wings, 12-4197
Pandora, 14-5259
The Marvelous Adventures of Perseus, 15-5442
The Story of Midas, 16-6030
The Story of Cupid and Psyche, 19-7005
The March of the Ten Thousand, 14-5257
Wonder Questions
Who were the gods of Greece? 9-3226
Who was Pallas Athene? 3-1115
What is meant by "Greek kalends"? 5-1752

What was the ancient Gordian knot? 8-3013
When and where did academies begin? 16-5741
What do we mean by a Pyrrhic victory? 17-6290
What were the ancient Olympic Games? 12-4401
What is the story of Dædalus? 9-3354
Who was Cassandra? 8-3014
Who were Castor and Pollux? 17-6288
The Grandeur That Was Rome, 4-1191
Supplementary Reading
The Literature of Rome, 16-5907
Ben-Hur 10-3745
The Emperors of Rome, 5-1859
The First Great Men of Rome, 4-1361
Stories
How Regulus Went Back to Die, 1-125
The Devotion of a Roman, 11-3806
A Frugal Hero of Ancient Rome, 3-889
The Last Fight at the Colosseum, 9-3064
The Mother of the Gracchi, 11-3811
The Geese That Kept Guard of Rome, 11-3982
Androcles and the Lion, 12-4488
Wonder Questions
Who were the Old World gods? 9-3225
What was the sivord of Damocles? 15-5362
Who used the famous words, "Veni, Vidi, Vici"? 7-2487
What do we mean by crossing the Rubicon? 18-6552
What is meant by the Appian Way? 8-3016
What was the origin of the Arch of Triumph? 9-3356
How did the Romans measure distance? 2-463


## The British Empire

## England in the Long Ago, 4-1315

## Stories

The Wonderful Story of the Venerable Bede, 1-126
King Arthur and His Knights, 19-6941
Sir Tristram of Lyonnesse, 7-2460
The Lily Maid of Astolat, 16-5823
Geraint and Enid, 17-6320
The Founding of the Nation, 4-1429
The fight between Saxon and Dane and the coming of the conquering Normans.

## Stories

Lady Godiva, 17-6295
When the White Ship Went Down, 12-4223
The Beginning of Freedom, 5-1565
The story of the fight for freedom under the Norman and Angevin kings.

Supplementary Reading
The Men of the Crusades, 7-2583
The Song That Found a King, 16-5827
Robin Hood and His Merry Men, 2-397
The Canterbury Tales, 13-4767
Fighting for the Crown, 5-1679
The wars with Scotland and with France and the Wars of the Roses which changed so much of the social life of the country.

Supplementary Reading
St. Louis and St. Joan, 16-5813
Gothic Architecture in England, 16-5963
Men Who First Wrote English, 1-299
The Greatest Book in English, 2-473
Stories
The Little Princes in the Tower, 1-147
The Queen Who Gave Up Her Boy, 13-4581
Kate Barlass of the Broken Arm, 13-4579
The Times of the Tudors, 5-1813
Supplementary Reading
Kings and Queens of Scotland, 12-4205
The Elizabethan Sea-dogs, 14-4959
A Shining Splendor Comes, 2-721
Shakespeare.
Shakespeare's Plays, 3-833
Shakespeare at His Height, 3-983
The Great Writers of Shakespeare's Time, 3-1117
Westward Ho! 14-5027
Stories
The Daughter of Sir Thomas More, 14-5124
Mother Shipton, 7-2602
The Times of the Stuarts, 6-1973
The colonization of the New World, the strife between sovereign and parliament; the Commonwealth and the restoration of the monarchy.

Supplementary Reading
Cromwell and His Men, 11-3845
Bonnie Prince Charlie, 15-5639

Milton and His Poems, 4-1235
Poets of a Dull Day, 4-1357
The Diary-writers, 5-1727
Great Builders of London, 12-4353
Stories
The Great Fire of London, 8-2819
When Did You Last See Your Father? 13-4563
Brave Grizel Hume, 2-441
From the Stuarts to Napoleon, 6-2097
Supplementary Reading
The French Revolutionists, 6-2127
John Bunyan and Daniel Defoe, 4-1477
The Pilgrim's Progress, 15-5543
Doctor Johnson and His Friends, 5-1867
Swift, Addison and Steele, 5-1619
Poetry Goes Back to the Country, 6-2027
The Tellers of Tales, 6-2253
Great British Painters, 7-2327
The Golden Age of British Art, 6-2109
Napoleon and His Conquerors, 6-2199
Supplementary Reading
The Master of the People's Songs, 6-2135
Stories
How the French Reached Moscow, 7-2599
The Boy Whom France Forgot, 1-150
The Grandmother's Tale, 16-5921
The Burial of Sir John Moore, 2-607
The Wonderful Century, 7-2293
Supplementary Reading
Men Who Made the Railways, 5-1611
Two Pioneer Women, 16-5699
Edith Cavell, 17-6396
Heroes of Aviation, 17-6292
Rupert Brooke, 17-6393
The Waverley Novels, 11-4069
Wordsworth and His Friends, 7-2353
Byron, Scott, Shelley and Keats, 7-2489
Scott and His Stories, 7-2625
Dickens and Thackeray, 8-2731
The Writers of Essays, 8-2865
The Historians, 9-3201
Carlyle and Ruskin, 9-3311
Tennyson, 10-3469

The Story of the Brownings, $10-3687$
Great Fiction in Its Full Tide, 11-3891
The Prose Writers of Our Time, 11-3999
Victorian and Georgian Poets, 12-4227
The Art of Furniture-making, 18-6767
A Century of Change in Art, 6-2229
Wonder Questions
Why did the ancients call England Albion? 16-5741
How did London begin? 17-6283
How many islands are there in the British Isles? 18-6554
What countries are included in the United Kingdom? 18-6557
Who is the Speaker of the House of Commons? 11-4135
Why does a British sailor salute the quarter deck? 4-1354
Australia, the Great South Land, 7-2463
Supplementary Reading
Men Who Found Australia, 3-859
Wool and Its Story, 15-5575
Wonder Questions
Why is the Wallace Line important? 2-587
What is the Lost Continent? 8-2717
New Zealand, the Beautiful Dominion, 7-2571
India, the Pearl of the East, 8-2695
How India Became an Empire, 8-2821
Stories
Stories Told in India 3,000 Years Ago, 10-3718
Wonder Question
What are the Eurasians and where do they live? 3-1115
The Story of Ireland, 8-2929
Stories
The Story of St. Columba, 8-2844
' I'he Soul of Countess Cathleen, 15-5379
Wonáer Question
Who was St. Patrick? 17-6288
The British Empire in Africa, 9-3047
Stories
Stories Told to Kafir Children, 5-1582
The Kafir and the Lion, 16-6033
The Outposts of Empire, 9-3181
Malta, Gibraltar, Ceylon, Aden, Mauritius, Bahamas, Jamaica,
British Honduras, British Guiana, the Bermudas, etc.
Islands of the South Pacific, 9-3295

Stories
A Heroine of the Southern Seas, 2-446
The Story of Father Damien, 7-2320

## European Nations

## France

The Beginnings of France, 10-3429
Supplementary Reading
The Men of the Crusades, 7-2583
St. Louis and St. Joan, 16-5813
The Literature of France, 18-6559
The Rise of French Art, 5-1873
France and Her Neighbors, 13-4699
Sculpture.
The Golden Years in Europe, 17-6155
Gothic Architecture.
Stories
The Brave Constable of France, 10-3468
Du Guesclin.
The Man Who Knew No Fear, 13-4577
Bayard.
The Devotion of a King's Daughter, 19-6881
Louis XII's daughter.
The Brave Countess Joan of Brittany, 12-4226
France in the Revolution, 10-3563
Supplementary Reading
The French Revolutionists, 6-2127
French Art after the Revolution, 6-2077
The Literature of France, 18-6711
Les Misérables, 11-3861
Stories
The Boy Whom France Forgot, 1-150
The Last Class, 19-7220
How the French Reached Moscow, 7-2599
The Great Sacrifice of Marie Antoinette, 6-2009
France in Modern Times, 11-3813
Supplementary Reading
Nature Artists of France, 7-2369
French Art Goes Out of Doors, 7-2475

Modern French Art, 8-2709
The Heroes of Aviation, 17-6291
Wonder Questions
What did the fleur-de-lis mean in the history of France? 3-1115
What is the story of the Bastille? 16-5741
Where and what is the Louvre? 15-5362

## Germany

The Beginnings of Germany, 11-3959
Supplementary Reading
The Story of Frederick the Great, 11-4043
Composers of Great Music, 19-6913

- The Literature of Germany, 17-6265; 17-6409

The German Painters, 4-1343
Stories
Lohengrin, 8-2957
Undine, 11-4141
Legends and Tales of the Rhine, 18-6503
The Adventures of Baron Munchausen, 4-1421
Germany as It Is, 12-4161
Supplementary Reading
Von Richthofen, 17-6293

## Italy

Italy and Its Story, 12-4407
For Ancient History see Rome, page 7589
Supplementary Reading
The Builders of Florence, 5-1735
The Wonder Men of Florence, 2-691
Venice Rises and Italy Wanes, 3-1103
Raphael and His Time, 3-957
Leonardo and Michelangelo, 3-823
Italy's Immortals, 13-4603
Sculpture.
Architecture in Christian Times, 16-5715
The Renaissance in Italy, 17-6297
Architecture.
The Literature of Italy, 17-6149
Composers of Great Music, 19-6913
Columbus, 1-86
Savonarola, 13-4868
Garibaldi, 13-4588
Mazzini, 13-4588

## Stories

The Brave Cardinal of Milan, 10-3466
Antonio's Wonderful Lion, 5-1689
Italy as It Is, 13-4565
Story
Major Baracca, Italian Ace, 17-6293

## Russia

Russia and Its Story, 16-5691
Supplementary Reading
The Literature of Russia, 19-6905
Stories
The Girl Who Saw the Tsar, 3-890
The Bold Hero of the Mountains, 15-5378
Russia as It Is, 16-5847


## Other European Nations

Austria's Rise and Fall, 17-6191
Supplementary Reading
Grillparzer, 17-6409
Switzerland, 16-5997
Supplementary Reading
Among the Snow-capped Alps, 17-6083
Andreas Hofer, 13-4588
Stories
The Story of William Tell, 19-7217
The Swiss Guards Who Did Their Duty, 3-888
Wonder Questions
How did the Red Cross Society get its emblem? 18-6557
Belgium and Her People, 15-5495
The Story of the Netherlands, 15-5555
Supplementary Reading
The Artists of Flanders, 4-1221
The Dutch and the Flemings, 5-1585
Rembrandt, 5-1709
The Golden Years in Europe, 17-6161
How Grotius Left the Castle, 11-3805
The Leak in the Dyke, 5-1777

Wonder Question
What are the Low Countries? 17-6288
Scandinavia, 15-5291
Supplementary Reading
The Literature of Scandinavia, 19-7009
Scandinavian Art, 13-4858
Stories
A School Examination, 13-4753
Iduna and the Golden Apples, 15-5328
The Story of the Days, 12-4199
Olaf of Orchard Farm, 12-4301
The Story of Spain, 14-5039
Supplementary Reading
The Literature of Spain, 19-7125
The Eastern Builders, 15-5465
Saracenic architecture.
Spaniards and Their Pictures, 4-1495
Ignatius de Loyola, 13-4869
Stories
The Adventures of Don Quixote, 5-1629
Three Nights in the Enchanted Castle, 11-3984
The Maid of Saragossa, 14-5119
The Story of Portugal, 14-5183
Supplementary Reading
Vasco da Gama, 1-89
Magellan, 1-90
A Prince Who Gave Up His Freedom, 4-1257
The Literature of Portugal, 19-7130
Poland and Its People, 13-4679
The Story of Hungary, Czecho-Slovakia and Jugo-Slavia, 17-6339
Supplementary Reading
Louis Kossuth, 13-4590
The New Map of Europe, 18-6457
Greece, Rumania and Bulgaria To-day, 14-4917
For Ancient History see Greece, page 7588
The Rise and Fall of Turkey, 13-4797
Supplementary Reading
Mohammed, 9-3097
A Great Light Shines, 2-575
Byzantine art.
Architecture in Christian Times, 16-5717
Byzantine.

## Asia and Africa

The Heart of Asia, 18-6583
Arab-Asia, 18-6669
Supplementary Reading
The Peoples of the Desert, 18-6735
Arabic Literature, 15-5463
Arabic Architecture, 15-5465
How Africa Has Been Divided, 18-6803
Supplementary Reading
The Explorers of Africa, 2-465
The Arab Patriot of Algeria, 4-1255
Wonder Question
What is known as the Great Rift Valley? 2-584


## The Jewish Race

The Scattered Nation, 19-7155
Supplementary Reading
The Literature of the Hebrew Race, 15-5464
The Burial of Moses, 14-5237
Stories
Stories from the Talmud, 9-3082; 18-6480
The Wonderful Friends, 19-7001

## (27) 0

## Civics and Economics

How the United States Is Governed, 5-1787
Compare How Canada Is Governed, 5-1833
Text of the Declaration of Independence, 20-7554
Text of the Constitution of the United States, 20-7563
Government and Taxes, 13-4553
Law, the Power Supreme, 13-4811
Laws We Should Know, 14-4913
Wealth, 14-5243
How Wealth Is Created, 15-5357
Foreign Trade, 15-5589
Money, 16-5679

Value, Supply and Demand, 16-5933
Distribution of Wealth, 17-6091
Spending and Saving, 17-6359
Co-operation, 18-6485
Ourselves and the Nation, 19-6875
Supplementary Reading
The Story of the Flag, 19-7181
The Young Citizen and the Flag, 19-7185
The Etiquette of the Flag, 19-7187
The Making of the Flag, 19-7188
The Revolution, 4-1157
Building the New Nation, 5-1695
Five Famous Presidents, 3-1039
More Famous Presidents, 19-7193
Some American Statesmen, 10-3487
Washington, the Capital City, 5-1533


## NATURE STUDY

## 琵

## Plant Life

## Plant Life in General

How Life Goes Round and Round, 1-117
The First Living Things, 1-219
A Plant's Struggle for Life, 1-329
Birth, Life and Death of a Plant, 2-503
How Plants Work for Their Living, 2-613
How Plants Move and Feel, 2-743
Plants and Their Ancestors, 3-881
Flowers and Fruits, 3-1013
The Flower's Wonderful Seed-box, 3-1083
Plants in Their Homes, 4-1275
How Plants Came to Be, 4-1387
What Man Can Do with a Plant, 4-1469
How Plants Serve Mankind, 5-1623
Supplementary Reading
How a Plant Melts Its Way through Ice, 2-459
Wonder Questions
Can one plant produce thousands of seeds in a single season? 13-4826
Does a plant go to sleep? 2-685
Does electricity affect the growth of plants? 7-2609
How can a plant grow on a bare wall? 7-2611
Can any plant grow under ice? 2-458
How does the seed make the colors of a plant? 14-5087

Is a leaf of a plant waterproof? 7-2360
Where do plants get their salts from? 16-5740
Why are some plants poisonous? 14-5084
Will a seed grow after thousands of years? 8-2718
Why does manure make a plant grow faster? $10-3581$
Why is seaweed used as a fertilizer? 2-587
Is the knob on seaweed filled with air? 4-1233
How does seaweed tell us what the weather is going to be? $8-2718$
Should we have plants in a sick-room? 6-2124
Are there flowering plants in the Antarctic? 17-6284

## Trees and Shrubs

The Life of a Tree, 11-4093
Some Important Timber Trees, 12-4245
The Beauty Trees, 12-4381
American Trees in Summer, 12-4507
American Trees in Winter, 13-4635
Striking North American Shrubs, 13-4775
Supplementary Reading
The Life Story of the Mistletoe, 8-2870
The Marvelous Power of a Growing Tree, 3-874
Wonder Questions
What makes the roots of a tree grow downward? 3-878
Why does a tree grow upward? 1-78
Why does a tree grow straight, as a rule? 16-5744
Why do the branches of trees grow sideways? 5-1607
Why do trees have coats of tough bark? 16-5962
Why do some trees flower and others not? 8-2720
Why do trees not die in winter like flowers? 10-3580
Why does a tree stop growing? 9-3356
Why have leaves so many different shapes? 4-1231
What happens when a leaf falls from a tree? 13-4595
Why do the leaves of the aspen always shake? 15-5366
What is the growth found on many oak trees? $10-3580$
Is mistletoe harmful to the tree on which it grows? 8-2872
What is meant by grafting? 16-5959
Can trees receive a wireless? 3-980
What are the Cedars of Lebanon? 15-5361

## Grasses, Including Cereals, and Ferns

The Wonderful Story of Wheat, 5-1755
Supplementary Reading
What Man Can Do with a Plant, 4-1469
The Great Cereals. 5-1851

The Great Grass Family, 10-3519
The Splendor of the Grass, $10-3647$
The Flowerless Plants, 10-3721
Wonder Questions
In what way does a fern grow? 4-1232
What is ordinary or field grass made of? 14-4952

## Fruits and Nuts

The Most Important Fruits, 6-2057
Figs and Dates, 6-2157
The Natural History of a Nut, 6-2275
Wild Fruits of the Countryside, 11-4019
Wonder Questions
What is the difference between a fruit and a vegetable? 18-6693
Where does an apple come from? 11-3975
How does the stone get into the plum? 3-978
How does the milk get into the coconut? 16-5846
Why do oranges not grow in Canada? 15-5365
Where is there a monument to an apple? $11-4133$

## Other Plants and Vegetabies

The Forage Plants, 7-2409
Plants of the Breakfast Table, 7-2531
The Useful Vegetables, 7-2613
Plants That Clothe Us, 8-2783
The Medicine Plants, 8-2909
The Spice Plants, 8-2991
Plants Useful in Industry, 9-3151
Mushrooms, Edible and Poisonous, 11-3905
Wonder Question
What makes a fairy ring? 4-1356
Weeds That Creep over the Earth, 9-3391
Queer Plants, 9-3261
Wonder Questions
Why is it good to boil potatoes in their jackets? 8-2872
Why does a potato not rot under the earth? 18-6554
Why does an onion make our eyes water? 3-1114

## Flowers

The Families of Plants, 13-4871
Plants of Two Worlds, 14-4973

## Nature Study

The Flowers of the Seaside, 14-5157
Roadside Plants and Weeds, 15-5387
Flowers of Rocky Places, 15-5601
The Flowers of the Marshes, 16-5727
The Flowers of the Stream, 16-5871
Flowers of the Poets, 17-6123
Flowers of the East, 17-6273; 18-6567
Flowers of the Middle West, 18-6655
Flowers of the Pacific Coast, 19-6927
Wild Flowers of the South, 19-7085
Flowers of the Garden, 19-7169
Wonder Questions
How do daisies go to sleep? 2-684
Where does a flower get its smell from? 10-3734
Why are some flowers sweeter at night? 19-7246
Why should we have state or national flowers? 17-6180

## (cy)

## Animal Life

Nature's Wonderful Family, 1-91
The great beasts which roamed the wilds and inhabited the waters before the age of man.

Supplementary Reading
Animals That Never Were, 1-353
The unicorn, dragon, sphinx, gorgon, chimera, kraken, mermaids and mermen.

Story
St. George and the Dragon, 1-54

## Mammals

Animals Most Like Men, 1-207
Animals that are nearest in likeness to ourselves; gorilla, chimpanzee, baboon, mandrill, lemur, marmoset, and so on.
Bats and Their Friends, 1-315
Wonder Question
Why do bats hide themselves when the sun shines? 7-2610
Big Cats and Little Cats, 2-493
The lions, tigers, and wild and domestic cats.

## Stories

Dick Whittington and His Cat, 2-758
Puss in Boots, 10-3441
Antonio's Wonderful Lion, 5-1689
Androcles and the Lion, 12-4488
Wonder Questions
Do cats and dogs ever cry? 17-6179
What happens when a cat purrs? 18-6694
Why does a cat always fall on its feet? 8-2719
Why has a tiger stripes? 5-1751
The Wild Dogs, 2-597
Stories
The Adventures of Reynard the Fox, 8-2965
The Fox without a Tail, 12-4487
The Friendly Dogs, 2-711
Stories
The Dog That Remembered Odysseus, 1-146
Gelert, the Faithful Dog, 5-1693
The Brave Little Dog of the Wood, 9-3079
Dogs Who Have Done Their Bit, 16-5735
Wonder Question
Why does a dog turn round and round before it lies down? 4-1231
The Bears and Their Cousins, 3-865
Story
The Three Bears, 16-5825
The Great Sea Hunters, 3-997
The eared seals, walruses and true seals.
Gnawers and Burrowers, 3-1127
The great family of rodents with their distinguishing incisor teeth.
The Great Cattle Family, 4-1259
Wonder Question
How does a cow make its milk? 4-1452
The Sheep and Goats, 4-1369
The Swift Runners, 4-1441
The antelope, or deer, tribe, which has specialized in speed to avoid the carnivores.
The Camels, 5-1595
Pigs and Hippopotamuses, 5-1717
Story
The Three Little Pigs, 1-145
The Tapir and the Rhinoceros, 5-1825

The Horse Family, 6-2011
Story
Black Diamond, 15-5326
Wonder Questions
Do a horse's eyes magnify? 17-6178
Why does a horse wear blinkers? 9-3356
Why does a horse need to wear shoes? 15-5366
How is a horse measured? 6-2252
How can a donkey eat a thistle? 6-2124
The Hyrax and the Elephant, 6-2139
Wonder Question
Has an elephant a bone in its trunk? 7-2361
The Whales and Their Cousins, 6-2213
Stories
Destruction of a Ship by a Whale, 4-1189
Moby Dick, 15-5401
Living Fossils, 7-2393
Armadillos, sloths, pangolins and ant-bears.
The Kangaroos and Their Kin, 7-2501
Animals That Lay Eggs, 7-2591
The group of Monotremata, as these mammals which lay eggs are called, includes the Platypus of Australia and the Echidna of Australasia.

Wonder Questions
Why can baby animals walk so soon? 17-6173
Are all animals blind at birth? $18-6558$
How long do animals live? $1-185$
Can any animal live for years without food? 2-457
Do animals talk to one another? 3-978
Do animals think? 18-6557
Do animals have dreams? 12-4398
Which animals are the most intelligent? 8-2716
Do animals feel as much pain as we do? 6-2251
How are animals made to perform? 8-2715

## Birds

Our Feathered Friends, 8-2757

## Wonder Questions

How does a bird know how to build its nest? 14-5220
Why does a bird forsake its nest? 17-6175
Why have the eggs of birds so many colors? 3-1116
Why do birds cast their feathers? 17-6290
Does a bird always sing the same song? 5-1606

What does a bird sing about? $10-3579$
Why does a flying bird not fall to the ground? 7-2611
What bird has the longest wings? 8-2720
Was there ever a living bird called the phonix? 18-6558
The Crow and His Family, 8-2889
Starlings, Finches and Buntings, 8-2967
The Larks and Their Friends, 9-3133
Warblers, Babblers and Chatterers, 9-3277
Peckers, Humming-birds and Hornbills, 9-3365
The Cuckoos, 10-3497
The Parrots and the Owls, $10-3613$
Story
The Cat and the Parrot, 11-3837
Wonder Question
Why does an owl come out by night? 3-981
The Day Birds of Prey, 10-3753
Ducks and Geese, 11-3881
Stories
The Geese Who Kept Guard of Rome, 11-3982
The Ugly Duckling, 17-6096
Wonder Question
Why does a duck keep dry in water? 10-3580
Herons, Storks and Cranes, 11-4005
Sea Birds and Their Inland Kin, 11-4121
Wonder Question
Where is there a monument to the sea-gull? 17-6288
The Pigeons and the Doves, 12-4283
Story
Cher Ami, 7-2319
The Pheasants and Their Allies, 12-4363
Our Domestic Poultry, 12-4491
Wonder Question
Does a hen know that chickens will come out of her eggs? 12-4281
Birds That Cannot Fly, 13-4655
Wonder Question
Why does an ostrich hide its head? 17-6289
Land Birds of the Northern Province, 13-4759; 13-4829
Birds of the Southern Province, 14-5017
Birds of the West, 14-5133

## Reptiles

## The Marvelous Reptile Family, 14-5227

The Extraordinary Snakes, 15-5409
Story
A Battle with Snakes, 4-1530
Wonder Questions
What makes the poison in a snake's fang? 16-5842
Can poisonous snakes bite without poisoning? 5-1810

## Amphibians

The Wonderful Amphibians, 15-5453
Wonder Questions
Can a frog live inside a stone? 4-1231
Where does the tadpole's tail go? 1-74
Has there ever been an actual shower of frogs? 10-3581

## Fish

Life in the Waters, 15-5539
Wonder Questions
Why cannot fish live on land? 11-3841
Why do fish die in a jar of water? 10-3732
Can a fish see and hear? 11-3841
Does a fish feel? 1-187
How fast is a fish able to swim? 5-1606
Why do fishes not drown? 8-2716
Why cannot fish live in the Dead Sea? 17-6180
Fishes of River and Lake, 15-5629
Wonder Question
How does a fish live in a frozen pond? 11-3976
Fishes of Shallow Seas, 16-5773
Fishes of the Deep Sea, 16-5893

## Crustaceans

Crabs, Lobsters and Their Kin, 16-5949
Wonder Question
Why does a lobster turn red in boiling water? 16-5846

## Insects

Little Many-Legs, 16-6011
Wonder Question
Can a spider's web be made into cloth? 16-5743
The Mighty Insect, 17-6063

Bees and Wasps, 17-6221
Wonder Questions
Why does a bee sting? 11-3843
Why does a bee hum? 3-1116
Do flowers get more honey after a bee's visit? 4-1233
Why does a wasp's poison not hurt the wasp? 3-877
The Wonderful Ant, 17-6349
Mosquitoes and Flies, 17-6417
Wonder Questions
How does a fly walk on the ceiling? 2-457
Can a fly hear? 11-3978
Can a fly see all ways at once? 11-4134
Where do flies go in the winter? 12-4399
Is a fly comparatively stronger than a man? 16-5844
Why is the fly found in amber? 13-4824
Butterflies and Moths, 18-6525
Supplementary Reading
The Life Story of the Clothes Moth, 16-5745
Wonder Questions
Does camphor keep moths away? 16-5958
Why is a moth's tongue so long? 5-1609
The Great Beetle Family, 18-6623
Wonder Questions
Why do we fear a beetle? $1-310$
Why does a glow-worm glow? 11-3979
Insect Friends and Foes, 18-6721

## Annelids

The Wonderful Earthworm, 19-7143
Wonder Question
How can a worm live cut in two? 1-187

## Marine Life

The Great Mollusc Family, 19-6883
Wonder Questions
How does a mussel build its shell? 12-4278
What has happened to the snails from all the empty shells? 14-5085
Where do all the shells come from? 15-5362
Queer and Lowly Creatures, 19-7059
This includes the sponge, jellyfish, sea-anemone, and so on.
Wonder Questions
Can a sea-anemone eat a creature bigger than itself? 5-1753
How long does a sea-anemone live? 5-1753


# PHYSIOLOGY, HYGIENE AND PSYCHOLOGY 

## 路

## Physiology and Hygiene

Animals with Backbones, 1-255
The Tiniest Living Things, 2-437
The first chapter on microbes.
Our Unseen Friends and Foes, 2-557
A second chapter on microbes.
Wonder Question
Why are there some illnesses that we cannot get twice? 2-461

## The Very Seat of Life, 2-661

The living cell from which life starts.

## The Red Cells of the Blood, 3-803

A description of the red corpuscles.
The White Cells of the Blood, 3-935
The white corpuscles and their function.
Wonder Questions
Is our blood cold when we feel cold? 7-2485
What happens when our foot goes to sleep? 17-6289
Why does my face turn white when I am frightened? 16-5958
The Heart and What It Does, 4-1209
Wonder Question
What makes the heart beat? 5-1752
Life and the Lungs, 4-1325
Wonder Questions
Why do we get out of breath when we run? 7-2610
Why do we get headache in a crowded room? 8-2873

Why do we not see our breath on a warm day? 16-5842
Why cannot we breathe under water? 14-5221
Is night air bad for us? 12-4278
How is it that miners are not killed by bad air? 2-460
Why is tight clothing bad for us? 8-3013

## The Covering of Our Bodies, 4-1415

Wonder Questions
How does moisture penetrate our skin? 14-5224
What are freckles? 4-1450
Why are some people dark and some fair? 19-7246
Why is the negro's skin black? 7-2609
Why do some people lose their hair? 13-4827
Why does hair grow after the body has stopped growing? 7-2486
Why does it not hurt when we cut our hair? 8-2873

## How Our Bodies Are Built Up, 5-1559

A chapter on bones.
The Head and the Limbs, 5-1673
Wonder Questions
Could we walk without our toes? 1-74
Why are all our fingers not the same length? 7-2485
The Muscles and Their Masters, 5-1803
Wonder Question
What causes cramp? 12-4278
The Mouth and the Teeth, 6-1929
Wonder Questions
What is to blame when a tooth aches? 16-5962
Why cannot human beings grow a third tooth? 4-1452
The Forest of Nerves within Us, 8-2837
The Mystery of the Brain, 8-2943
The Parts of the Brain, 9-3059
Wonder Questions
Can a brain ever get filled up? 16-5957
Does the brain need food? 5-1811
Does the shape of the brain mean anything? 4-1355
Is phrenology really an exact science? 4-1354
Our Wonderful Glands, 9-3221
The Marvel of Hearing, 9-3305
Wonder Questions
Why are blind people so quick at hearing? 6-2125
Why can we hear better when we shut our eyes? 12-4279
Why do we hear better on water than on land? 3-980

Our Wonderful Canals, 10-3425
The semicircular canals of the ear which regulate the balancing of our bodies.

## The Voice-Box and Its Uses, 10-3555

Wonder Questions
Why are some apparently healthy people dumb? 14-5222
What is Adam's apple and where did the name come from? 16-5961
Why do we get hoarse when we have a cold? 4-1354
Why does a boy's voice break and not a girl's? 4-1230
Why does my voice seem louder if I put my hands over my ears? 18-6554
Why does a lump rise in my throat when I cry? 6-2123
The Story of the Eye, 10-3683
The Eye's Wonderful Curtain, 11-3801
Wonder Questions
Are earrings good for the eyes? 1-187
Are pictures of the things we see printed on the eye? 16-5960
Can country people see better than city people? 12-4398
Can we see everything with our eyes? 10-3730
Do we see a thing as soon as we look at it? $1-312$
What are our eyebrows for? 11-3840
How can we see with our eyes shut? 7-2359
Why have we two eyes? 9-3100
How far can we see? 19-7245
What makes the pupil of our eye grow larger? 14-5218
Why cannot I see in the dark? 5-1807
Why do our tears taste of salt? 2-688
Why do we see lights when we get a blow on the eye? 13-4596
What is a cataract of the eye? 12-4505
Smell and Taste, 11-3955
Wonder Questions on Physiology
Why do we sleep? 17-5175
What happens when we get tired? $12-4503$
What makes me wake up in the morning? 1-78
Do we always wake when we have had enough sleep? 5-1609
Are we taller in the morning than at night? 10-3732
Why must a baby have more sleep than a grown-up? 2-687
Why must a baby learn to walk? 3-877
Do we grow as much one year as another? 14-5085
Why do we stop growing? 3-978
Why are some things not good for children? 8-2873
Why does everyone grow old? 7-2362
Why is granny's hair gray? 17-6290
Did people long ago live longer than people to-day? $14-5218$

Are we healthier than our ancestors? 12-4280
Is the country more healthful than the city? 10-3579
Do diseases ever disappear? 14-5086
Are we creating many new diseases? 9-3355
Why are not all diseases infectious? 8-2872
Why does vaccination save us from smallpox? 7-2485
What is pain and why does it hurt? 11-3840
Why do we faint at very sudden news? $10-3731$
Why do smelling-salts revive us? $10-3730$
Where does a cold come from and where does it go? 7-2610
Why do we lose the sense of smell when we have a cold? 5-1809
How do people catch colds from one another? 10-3580
Why is it dangerous to sleep in a damp bed? 4-1230
Where does the warmth in our bodies come from? 14-5218
Why do our faces keep warm without clothes? 8-2720
Why do our hands become warm after playing with snow? 6-2124
Why does a finger lose its feeling when it is numb? 2-460
Why do we have finger-nails? $14-5220$
Why do we not laugh when we tickle ourselves? 11-3978
What causes chilblains? 9-3355
What is a corn? $1-188$
Why do some people get headaches before a thunderstorm? 5-1751
Is it harmful to drink rain water? $1-310$
What makes us sneeze? 17-6176
Why do we swing our arms when we walk? 5-1808
Why is our right hand stronger than our left? 12-4280
Why cannot we grasp a bar tightly when we first wake up? 4-1356
Can we break ourselves of bad habits? 3-1116
Is there a reason for everything that happens? 16-5740
Is the population of the world still growing? 5-1606
Is it true that children will rule the world? 14-5085
Do any people have blue blood? 11-4135
How to Eat, 6-2083

## Wonder Question

What makes us say we are hungry? 5-1808
Food and Its Uses, 6-2185

## Wonder Questions

Why do we not growl like an animal when we are hungry? 14-5086
Why do we cook our food? 4-1450
Why is it good to boil potatoes in their jackets? 8-2872
Is cocoa good for us? 15-5366
Why is strong tea bad for us? 5-1607
Why do tea and coffee keep us awake? 4-1451
Why is sugar sweet? $1-310$
Why does boiling make an egg hard? 13-4827

What is a calorie? 18-6694
What is meant by a poison? 4-1232
Who started the idea of cold storage? 5-1607
Will the world's food supply ever run short? $14-5225$
Why is the bottom of a can holding food ridged? 7-2484
Milk, Nature's Wonderful Food, 7-2323
Wonder Questions
What causes cream to form on milk? 4-1354
Why does a crust form on boiled milk? 9-3355
Why does milk turn sour? 17-6174
The Bread by Which We Live, 7-2423
Wonder Questions
Why does yeast make bread rise? 18-6693
Why is new bread more indigestible than old? 7-2486
Meat as a Food, 7-2567
Alcohol, the Enemy of Life, 8-2681

## 㤨

## Psychology

The Real Master of the Body, 11-4065
All Sorts of Minds, 12-4181
The Emotions of the Mind, 12-444i
Wonder Questions
Where does a thought come from? 16-5839
Can we think without words? $10-3578$
Can we think about things that do not interest us? 1-187
Why do we forget some things and remember others? 8-2720
Why do we forget what happened when we were babies? $16-5740$
Why do we worry? 17-6173
Where am I in my sleep? 5-1749
Why do I dream? 9-3099
How do we know we have dreamed when we wake up? 6-2123
Why do I laugh and cry? 1-73
Why is yawning infectious? 14-5222
Is it good to have to work? 17-6175
Why are we never satisfied? 2-686
Why do we jump when we get a shock? 7-2612


## GENERAL SCIENCE

## 睘

## Astronomy

The Big Ball We Live On, 1-17
How the Earth Was Made, 1-141
Fragments of the Solar System, 10-3665
The Immensity of the Universe, 9-3033
The Inner Planets, 9-3289
The Outer Planets, 10-3409
The Stars in Their Brightness, 11-3783
What We Know about the Stars, 11-3921
The Sun and Its Power, 9-3171
The Earth and the Moon, 10-3535
Three Ways the Earth Moves, 1-235
What Is Happening in the Sky, 11-4037
The First Astronomers, 1-201
Men Who Mapped the Skies, 1-279
Making a Simple Telescope, 12-4265
Supplementary Reading
The paths of all the eclipses of the sun from now to 1950, 16-5843
Wonder Questions
Could we reach another world? 4-1353
Does change go on in other worlds? 18-6691
Are there people on the moon? 16-5846
Does the moon pull the sea? 2-583
Is there' a man in the moon! 4-1449
Why does the moon grow brighter as the sun sets? 18-6554

## General Science

Has each planet a law of gravitation? 1-187
How can we tell a star from a planet? 5-1750
How many stars are there in the sky? 16-5960
How many stars can we see without using a telescope? 14-5225
Is a falling star one we see in the sky? 18-6556
What becomes of the stars in the daytime? 13-4828
What holds the stars in their places? 11-3843
What is meant by the zodiac? $10-3730$
Why are there more stars some nights than others? 11-3977
Why do the stars twinkle? 18-6550
Why do we not see the stars by day and by night? 2-686
Does the sun ever cross the northern sky? 14-5222
Does the sun move or stand still? 1-312
How can we foretell an eclipse of the sun? 16-5844
How does the sun make a rainbow? 13-4828
What are sun-spots? 18-6694
What is the sun made of? 4-1231
Where does the oxygen in the sun come from? 14-5225
Will the sun ever be as cold as the earth? $14-5220$
What is a day? 14-5217
Has the day always been divided into twenty-four equal hours? 11-4132
How can we tell the number of days in another world's year? 11-3977
Is there water anywhere except in our world? 14-5222

## [7]

## Geology

How the Earth Was Made, 1-141
Inside the Wonderful Ball, 2-385
How Fire and Water Made the World, 2-525
Foundations in America, 3-773
The World of the Cambrian Period, 3-905
The World in the Silurian Period, 3-1031
The World in the Devonian Period, 4-1175
The Carboniferous Period, 4-1295
The Triassic Period, 4-1401
The Jurassic Period, 5-1545
The Cretaceous Period, 5-1659
The Eocene Period, 5-1783
The Pliocene and the Pleistocene, 6-1925
The Stony Book of Nature, 6-2069

Supplementary Reading
Some Men Who Loved Nature, 19-7051
Making a Collection of Rocks, 13-4623
The American Museum of Natural History, 18-6613
Wonder Questions
Does a rock breathe? 9-3102
Is a stone alive? 17-6174
Where do the stones we see lying about come from? 7-2611
How did all the metals get into the earth? 19-7246
Why do mountains get no higher though snow falls on them? 6-2250

## Physical Geography

The Face of the Earth, 6-2169
Mountains and Glaciers, 7-2313
How the Sun and Wind Made the Hills, 2-629
The Rivers and the Seas, 7-2537
What Climate Means to Us, 8-2663
Why the Seasons Come and Go, 8-2791
The Rain That Raineth Every Day, 8-2921
The Sun and Its Power, 9-3171
The Movement of Things, 13-4665
The Pull of the Earth, 14-5177
Supplementary Reading
Forests, Woods and Deserts, 7-2415
The Dominion of Canada, 1-105
How to Study the Weather, 10-3625
An Easily Made Weather-vane, 19-6959
The North Pole Men, 13-4707
The South Pole Men, 14-5089
See also Mining Engineering, page 7631; Geography, pages 7583-84
Wonder Questions
Does the Equator go round faster than the Poles? 14-5222
Is it a sign of rain when the smoke blows down the chimney? 12-4279
What are the horse latitudes mentioned in sea stories? 7-2486
What causes a fog? 17-6285
What is a delta and how is it made? 5-1607
What is the cause of a quicksand? 9-3102
What is the difference between snow and hail? 18-6556
What makes a fairy ring? 4-1356

What makes a whirlpool? 17-6284
Where does all the dust go? 5-1809
Where does the fog go when it clears up suddenly? 3-981
Where does the rain go? 6-2249
Why did the sand get on the seashore? 17-6178
How big is the Gulf Stream and how fast does it flow? 13-4826
What makes the currents which flow through the sea? 16-5960
Are new clouds always being made? $11-4134$
Can gravitation pull a cloud down? 16-5746
Does a cloud weigh anything? $10-3580$
How do clouds stop sunlight if they are pure water? 4-1453
How does a soft cloud make a noise when it thunders? 3-978
How is it that clouds have regular shapes? 14-5087
Where are the clouds when the sky is quite clear? 13-4595
Which side of the clouds is the thunder on? 12-4280
What is a waterspout? 5-1809
What makes the white mist at night in the hot weather? 12-4504
How do we know the height of a mountain? 11-3840
Can fresh water be found in the sea? 2-584
How deep is the sea? 3-875
How do we know what is at the bottom of the sea? 12-4399
How much water is there in the sea? $10-3578$
Is every seventh wave a bigger one? 5-1811
What are the largest fresh-water lakes in the world? 7-2484
What parts of the ocean are known as the doldrums? 7-2487
Where does the water go at low tide? 11-3843
Why does the sea never seem to be absolutely still? 14-5220
Why does the tide come in and go out? 10-3734
What is meant by a time zone? 16-5845
Where does the day begin? 16-5845
Who arranged the days? 11-4131
Who first thought of standard time? 16-5842
What is a day? 14-5217
What is Greenwich Time? 5-1808
Why is it dark at night? 1-78
What do we mean by the trade winds? 3-878
What is a cloudburst? 18-6692
What is a hurricane? 18-6692
What is a whirlwind? 18-6692
What is the wind like on a mountain-top? 16-5746
Why are some winds warm and some cold? 18-6692
Why do the winds blow? 18-6691

## Physics

Properties of Matter

How Things Are Measured, 14-4901
The Movement of Things, 13-4665
The Pressure of the Air, 15-5285
The Size and Weight of Things, 14-5035
Supplementary Reading
A Fairy-fountain Experiment, 2-627
A Floral Barometer, 3-1028
Foucault's Pendulum, 8-3017
How to Feel the Pressure of the Air, 18-6784
The Magic of a Glass of Water, 2-622
A Box That Makes Smoke Rings, 13-4846
How to Make Fancy Kites, 16-5770,
A Little Box That Makes a Whirlwind, 4-1398
Making a Toy to Measure the Wind, 4-1391
Making a Wonderful Top, 10-3509
Simple Kites and How to Make Them, 3-900
Wonder Questions
Do the people at the Poles spin round like a top? 6-2252
Do we get a pound of ice from a pound of water? 14-5086
How does a siphon work? 15-5365
How does a soap-bubble hold together? 3-979
What makes a soap-bubble rise and fall? 3-980
How does a spirit level work? 18-6553
If a feather is lighter than air, why does it ever settle? 7-2362
If we swing a rope, why does it go on swinging? 10-3734
Is smell a wave in the air? 5-1753
What becomes of the smoke we see? 2-460
Why does smoke go up the chimney? 8-3015
What do we mean by stable equilibrium? 7-2361
What do we mean when we speak of size? 2-463
What keeps a shell from falling to the ground? 2-686
What makes the ball swerve in a bowling game? 18-6552
What makes a lead pencil write? 9-3354
When I walk in a moving train do I move faster than the train? 5-1811
Why are we thrown forward when the train stops suddenly? 12-4505
Why do we find ice slippery? 7-2362
Why does a ball bunnce? 3-977
Why does blotting-, sper absorb ink? 10-3578
Why does a boomerang come back? 14-5081

Why does a chimney smoke? 8-3014
Why does a falling object turn around? 13-4827
Why does glue hold wood together? 2-463
Why does an iceberg float? 4-1355
Why does ink stain, while water does not? 6-2252
Why does quicksilver roll up into balls? 2-688
Why does quicksilver run away when we touch it? 3-879
Why does a stick float? 17-6178
Why does wood warp in damp weather? 14-5085
Why is it difficult to write on glass? 11-4133
Why is a raindrop round? 11-3843
Why is walking easier on a rough surface than on a smooth one?
6-2124
Why must a diver have lead on his boots? 16-5842
Why will a slate pencil write on slate but not on paper? 4-1356
Why does a flying bird not fall to the ground? 7-2611
Why cannot we fly in the air as we swim in the water? 16-5961
Does a piece of iron get tired? $10-3729$
How can thin iron rods carry a suspension bridge? $12-4280$
Why do metals let light through when beaten thin? 5-1750
Why does iron float on mercury and not on water? 16-5845
Why is iron roofing usually corrugated? 6-2124
Can we make the tides work for us? 18-6558
Why has not smoke a force like steam? 6-2250
How does oil make a rough sea calm? 1-188
What makes the water ripple when we throw a stone in it? 14-5221
Why does the stream run faster in the middle? 12-4399
Why does water find its own level? 4-1229
Why is a running stream purer than a stagnant pool? 14-5084
Why is the surface of water always level? 16-5844
Does a plumb line always hang straight? 2-587
What do scientists mean by the term "millibar"? 14-4952

## Magnetism and Electricity

The Pull of the Earth, 14-5177
What Gravitation Means, 13-4795
For Electricity see Electrical Engineering, page 7632 Supplementary Reading
How to Read the Mariner's Compass, 16-5984
How Magnetism Marks the Miles, 1-76
Wonder Questions
Do magnets ever lose their magnetic power? 10-3581
Why is a needle no heavier when magnetized? 11-3976
Where does the lightning go when it reaches the ground? 16-5744
Why does lightning strike some things and not others? 6-2125

## Light

Light and What Makes It, 16-5807
Where Color Comes From, 17-6079
Supplementary Reading
The Story of the Microscope, 13-4669
Where Gaslight Comes From, 2-635
The Men Who Gave Us Light, 3-989
The Story of the Eye, 10-3683
Photography without a Camera, 8-2739
How to See through a Brick, 12-4377
How a Magnifying Glass Makes Things Bigger, 2-462
Seeing What Is Not There, 5-1806

## Wonder Questions

Can we always believe our own eyes? 8-2746
How can we judge real or pictured distance? 3-1116
How are the cartoons made for the films? 2-456
When we are looking at a rainbow can people see the other side? 6-2251
Why cannot we see very small things with our naked eye? 14-4952
Why do houses seem crooked when we look across a fire? 5-1752
Why do some faces in pictures seem to follow us? 8-2718
Why do things seem blurred when seen from a height? 7-2612
Why do two sides of a road seem to meet in the distance? 14-5222
Why does a face in a mirror seem crooked? 17-6285
Why does anything go yellow with age? 14-5085
Why is foam white? $17-6176$
Do a horse's eyes magnify? 17-6178
Why can't I see in the dark? 5-1807
Have things any color at night? 8-2874
How many colors has the rainbow? 7-2486
Is there any color our eyes cannot see? 10-3579
What makes the colors of the sunset? 18-6552
What makes the fire change color? 16-5746
Why do the hills look blue at a distance? 9-3102
Why do some colors change in artificial light? 7-2360
Why, if we look at red, do we afterward see green? 2-687
Why is the sky in Italy so blue? 17-6179
Why is the snow white? 18-6694
What is a mirage? 5-1810
Do we see things in the distance or the light that comes from them? 2-458
Does a light-wave go through glass? 11-3977
Does light die away? 10-3577
Why are the shadows longer at the end of day? 4-1230
What makes flames dance in an open-grate fire? 14-5221

Why do we see a black spot in the sky after looking at the sun? $14-4950$
How does still water reflect a distant scene? 3-978
Is there any color in the sea? 11-3841
What causes the change in color of the sea? 6-2124
Why does water always seem shallower than it is? 2-688
Why does the sun fade carpets and not flowers? 4-1354

## Sound

The Behavior of a Sound, 19-6851
Music and Noise, 18-6437
The Waves of Sound, 17-6313
Wonderful, Wonderfu! Music, 18-6695
Supplementary Reading
Marvel of Hearing, 9-3305
The Voice-box and Its Uses, 10-3555
A Box That Draws Voice Pictures, 17-6145
Music from Drinking Glasses, 15-5333
Musical Instruments from Old Bottles, 17-6387

## Wonder Questions

What makes an echo? 12-4504
What was the first stringed instrument? 13-4594
Why does a fog deaden sounds on the sea? 4-1451
What makes the sea roar? 9-3102
Does sound always travel at the same rate of speed? 2-457
Does sound travel in straight lines? 2-586
How can sound come into a room through a wall? 12-4279
Is it true that sound goes on forever? 12-4399
What do we mean by the length of a sound-wave? 8-3016
When we sing a note to a piano, why does it answer? 5-1750
Why can we hear a noise like waves in a seashell? 5-1608
Why do empty vessels sound more than full ones? 5-1810
Why do musical sounds come from the organ? 17-6290
Why does a noise occasionally break a window? 7-2611
Why does a popgun go pop? 13-4593
Why does a stick make a noise when swung in the air? 12-4281
Why does a trumpet make the phonograph louder? 14-5224
Why does a tuning-fork sound louder when it touches wood? 14-4952
Why does a violin string change its note when held down? 8-2719
Why does furniture make a noise at night? 9-3100
Why does the kettle sing? 11-4134
Why does the whistle change as the train comes nearer? 11-4132 What makes water gurgle when it comes out of a bottle? 11-3979 What makes the wind whistle? 11-3841

## Heat

Heat and Temperature, 16-5661
Hot Things and Cold Things, 15-5423
How Heat Works for Us, 15-5569
Supplementary Reading
Master Jack Frost, 14-4905
Thermometers, 7-2648
Making a Hot-air Balloon, 10-3770
How a Plant Meits Its Way through Ice, 2-459
Wonder Questions
What is a thermos flask? 17-6174
Why does a wet plate get dry if we leave it alone? 3-981
Why is a fire pail filled with sand? 4-1452
Why is a snowflake lighter than a raindrop? 9-3101
Can anything boil when it is cold? 8-3014
Do things weigh heavier or lighter when hot or cold? 11-3977
How does salt melt snow? 12-4505
What do we mean when we speak of a calorie? 18-6694
What makes the kettle boil? $12-4277$
When water is boiling why can it not be made hotter? 13-4595
Why are dark things warmer than white things? 3-877
Why are some days hotter than others? 18-6556
Why do we put a spoon in a glass before pouring in hot water? 9-3354
Why does a piece of ice make a drink colder? 13-4827
Why does a pin get hot if rubbed against a stone? 11-3840
Why does boiling water feel cold when we put our hand in it? 14-4950
Why does heat crack wood? 17-6289
Why does heat make paper curl up? 9-3356
Why does heat make things seem to quiver? 5-1751
Why does hot water clean things better than cold? 4-1355
Why does hot water crack thick glass more easily than thin? 13-4828
Why does the kettle not get red-hot when heated? 13-4594
Why does the thaw burst the water-pipes? 4-1450
Why is the fire hot? $16-5846$
Why does a flame rise to a thing held above it? 11-4133
Why does a match flare up when held upside down? 14-5087
Why does a match go out when we blow it? 3-980
Why does iron feel colder than wood? 4-1451
Why does shallow water freeze first? 8-2874
Why is it that the sea does not freeze? 11-3978
Why is it hotter at the Equator than in Maine? 9-3101

## Chemistry

Chemistry in the World's Life, 13-4529
How the Elements Are Built Up, 12-4289
Alcohol, the Enemy of Life, 8-2681
Transformations of Matter, 12-4403
The Wonder of Matter, 12-4155 Supplementary Reading
Conquerors of Disease, 15-5481
Some European Men of Science, 2-589
The World's Great Doctors, 8-2721
The Medicine Plants, 8-2909
The Earliest Ways of Making a Fire, 1-308
Simple Experiments
Making a Chemical Weather-glass, 12-4502
How to Test for Pure Silk, 2-621
Simple Experiments with Air and Water, 19-7083
Simple Tests for Cotton, Linen, Wool and Silk, 5-1774
How to Make Perfume from Flowers, 3-904
How to Make Soap for Mother, 1-130
How to Make Invisible Ink, 2-626
Wonder Questions
What is artificial silk made of? 13-4828
What is ordinary garden or field grass made of? $14-4952$
What is the paper we use made of? 8-3016
What is the substance known as ozone? 6-2252
What is the stuff we call quicksilver? 4-1233
What is verdigris? $17-6175$
Why does not oil mix with water? 11-3842
Why is a silver spoon blackened by egg? 18-6552
Does the air ever get used up? 1-312
Is impure air lighter than pure air? 18-6692
What is the air made of? 12-4504
How does a mussel build its shell? 12-4278
Why do lobsters turn red in boiling? 16-5846
How do fireworks get their colors? 13-4825
Why cannot we wash the color out of soap? 16-5846
Why does milk turn sour? 17-6174
How did man find fire? 9-3353
Why does coal burn and not a stone? 17-6285
Why does the fire go out? 11-3839
Why does oil burn more easily than some other things? 5-1751
What is meant by the term phosphorescent light? 2-586
Why does a light go out in water but flare up in gasoline? 10-3729

## Chemistry

Can a fire light itself? 14-4949
Why does a match strike? 1-307
Is iron heavier when it rusts? 10-3578
Why is it that iron does not burn away in the fire? 4-1356
How does the seed make the colors of a plant? 14-5087
Where do plants get their salts from? 16-5740
Why are some plants poisonous? 14-5084
Is there gold in the sea? 13-4594
What makes the sea taste of salt? 1-75


## APPLIED SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY

## 路

## Food and Its Sources

A Grain of Salt, 3-925
How Coffee Comes to Us, 6-2177
How Fish and Oysters Are Taken, 11-4051
How Flour Is Made, 8-2795
The Story in a Tea-cup, 2-761
Where Sugar Comes From, 10-3415
The World's Bread and Butter, 1-371
Bees and Wasps, 17-6221
The makers of the purest sugar.
Crabs, Lobsters and Their Kin, 16-5949
The Great Cattle Family, 4-1259
Animals that feed and clothe us.
Our Domestic Poultry, 12-4491
The Sheep and Goats, 4-1369
A Man Who Loved Plants, 15-5381
The story of Luther Burbank.
Fishes of the Deep Sea, 16-5893
Fishes of River and Lake, 15-5629
Fishes of the Shallow Seas, 16-5773
The Bread by Which We Live, 7-2423
Food and Its Uses, 6-2185
Meat as a Food, 7-2567
Figs and Dates, 6-2157
The Great Cereals, 5-1851
The Medicine Plants, 8-2909

The Most Important Fruits, 6-2057
Mushrooms, Edible and Poisonous, 11-3905
Plants of the Breakfast Table, 7-2531
The Spice Plants, 8-2991
The Useful Vegetables, 7-2613
The Wonderful Story of Wheat, 5-1755
What Man Can Do with a Plant, 4-1469
How men have improved the wheat plant; Marquis wheat bred by Dr. Saunders.

> Things to Make

Delicious Coconut Candy, 10-3771
How to Eat, 6-2083
How Bread Is Made, 2-626
How Meat Products Are Used, 7-2512
How to Make Butter and Cottage Cheese, 3-896
How to Make Candies, 1-340
How to Make Candy at Home, 11-3856
How to Measure Correctly in Cooking, 1-234
How to Prepare a Dainty Tea, 9-3376
Jelly Children Can Make, 1-130
Recipes for Candy, 2-752
Simple Food Experiments: Potatoes, 3-1154
Suggestive Recipes: Potatoes, 3-904
Finding Out How Milk Is Handled, 10-3508
How to Keep Fruit Fresh, 11-4084
Ices Made without a Freezer, 11-4088
Preparing a Picnic Lunch Basket, 11-4015
Wonder Questions
What makes us hungry? 5-1808
Does the brain need food? 5-1811
Why do we cook our food? 4-1450
What is the difference between a fruit and a vegetable? 18-6693
How does the stone get into the plum? 3-978
Where does an apple come from? 11-3975
Why does a potato not rot under the earth? 18-6554
Why is it good to boil potatoes in their jackets? 8-2872
Why does an onion make our eyes water? 3-1114
Why does yeast make bread rise and biscuits bubble? 18-6693
Why is new bread more indigestible than old? 7-2486
Why is sugar sweet? $\mathbf{1 - 3 1 0}$
Why does sugar dissolve more quickly in hot water than in cold? 17-6176
Why does boiling make an egg hard? 13-4827
Why does a bad egg float and a good egg sink? 18-6553
Why is a silver spoon blackened by egg? 18-6552

Who started the idea of cold storage? 5-1607
How does a cow make its supply of milk? 4-1452
What causes cream to form on milk? 4-1354
Why does boiling milk flow over the top of the saucepan? 7-2609
Why does a crust form on boiled milk? 9-3355
Why does milk turn sour? 17-6174
Why does milk turn sour in a thunderstorm? 5-1609
How does the milk get into the coconut? 16-5846
Is cocoa good for us? 15-5366
Why do tea and coffee keep us awake? 4-1451
Why is strong tea bad for us? 5-1607
Is it harmful to drink rain water? $1-310$
Why does ice make a drink colder? 13-4827
Why do lobsters turn red in boiling? 16-5846
Why does mustard burn our tongue? 8-3013
Will the world's food supply ever run short? 14-5225

## (cis)

## Clothing

How Cotton Becomes Cloth, 14-5167
How We Get Linen, 9-3317
Nothing like Leather, 5-1549
The Story in a Pair of Shoes, 18-6441
The Wonder of a Piece of Silk, 15-5307
Canada and the Fur Trade, 12-4337
Fur-farming in Canada, 13-4693
The Covering of Our Bodies, 4-1415
Plants That Clothe Us, 8-2783
Supplementary Reading
How to Test for Pure Silk, 2-621
Simple Tests for Cotton, Linen, Wool and Silk, 5-1774
The Right Way to Mend Things, 13-4737
How to Knit a Child's Sock, 13-4851
How to Make Indian Clothing, 9-3251
How to Make Old Clothes New, 11-3857
Wonder Questions
What is artificial silk made of? $13-4828$
Why does starch stiffen clothing? 11-3978
Why do we wear light things in summer and dark things in winter? 14-5086
Why is tight clothing bad for us? 8-3013

## Important Manufactures

Making Iron and Steel, 6-1935
A Piece of Rope, 11-3791
How China Cups and Saucers Are Made, 5-1663
How Cotton Becomes Cloth, 14-5167
How Flour Is Made, 8-2795
How Glass Is Made, 18-6745
How a Lock Is Made, 6-2021
How Matches Are Made, 19-6965
How We Get Linen, 9-3317
How We Got the Piano, 5-1795
Pulp and Paper, 7-2445
The Story in a Pair of Shoes, 18-6441
The Story of a Common Pin, 9-3041
The Story of Rubber, 4-1405
The Talking Machine, 1-261
The Wonder of a Book, 3-1053
The Wonder of a Piece of Silk, 15-5307
Wool and Its Story, 15-5575
The Tale of a Knife and Fork, 4-1305
Making Moving Pictures, 18-6593
How We Get Our Ice, 2-529
Wonder Questions
How is a motor tire made? 1-311
How is a motor tire tested? 1-313
How do the steel studs get into a tire? 6-2123
How are the bowls made? 18-6551
What are the brown specks in china? 2-689
What is artificial silk made of? $13-4828$
What is the paper we use made of? 8-3016
What is concrete used for? 17-6286
What is the secret of luminous paint? 8-3016
Why do bookmakers gild the tops of books? 18-6552


## Transportation and Communication

## Transportation

A Great Ship and What It Can Do, 12-4415
Down in the Deep, Deep Sea, 12-4185
Divers and their work.

The Ship beneath the Waters, 1-197
What a submarine can do.
The Reign of Wooden Ships, 11-3909
Ships and Sailors of Our Navy, 18-6815
Conquerors of the Sea, 17-6397
Men who invented steamships, turbines, and other wonders which have made quick sea travel possible.
How to Know Sailing Ships, 11-4086
How to Understand a Ship, 14-5002
The Wonder of a Train, 2-405
Men Who Made the Railways, 5-1611
Riders on the Wind, 1-167
The airplane and its makers.
How Motor Cars Are Made, 19-7015
Footpaths in the Air, 1-27

## Supplementary Reading

How to Build a Flat-bottom Boat, 16-5983
Methods of Making a Boat Leak-proof, 18-6645
A Little Boat That Moves in Water, 15-5595
How to Make a Toy Submarine, 10-3503
How the Sailor Ties His Knots, 1-342
Sailors' Hitches and Splices, 9-3378
Keeping a Channel Free for Ships, 14-5082
Wonder Questions
Could we reach another world? 4-1353
Does the smoke of a train go the opposite way to the train? $2-585$ If we could go on traveling upward, where shall we end? 17-6175
What is the Nautical Almanac? 2-457
When I walk in a moving train do I move faster than the train? 5-1811
Why are we thrown forward when the train stops suddenly? 12-4505
Why does a fog deaden sounds on the sea? 4-1451
Why does a railway engine puff? 15-5366
Why is the Wallace Line of importance? 2-587
Could we walk without our toes? 1-74
Why do we swing our arms when we walk? 5-1808
Why does a mast taper toward the top? 3-1115
Why is walking easier on a rough surface than on a smooth ont? 6-2124

## Communication

How Men Learned to Write, 10-3545
How We Send a Telegram, 17-6049

## Engineering

The Wonder of the Telephone, 17-6183
The Wire That Runs under the Sea, 12-4293
The history of the cable.
The Wonder of Radio, 17-6363
Makers of Telegraphs, Telephones and Wireless, 17-6235
How Our Letters Come to Us, 8-2653
Men Who Gave Us Printing, 9-3381
When the Fire Alarm Rings, 9-3157
Supplementary Reading
How to Read the Mariner's Compass, 16-5984
How to Speak by Signs, 11-4016
How to Signal Across a Field, 11-4017
How to Talk to the Deaf, 18-6523
Silent Messages of the Red Men, 5-1768
Flashing Messages at Night, 18-6643
For Radio Sets see Electrical Engineering, page 7632
Wonder Questions
Why cannot we send a letter without a stamp on it? 9-3355
Why does the slot of a letter box slant upward? 18-6556
How can a newspaper be made for a cent or two? 17-6178
Why does a fog deaden sounds on the sea? 4-1451
Does sound always travel at the same rate of speed? 2-457
Does sound travel in straight lines? 2-586
How can sound come into a room through a wall? 12-4279

## 23

## Engineering

Engineering is the art of constructing and designing useful works. It embraces a very wide range of subjects, and the different departments into which the profession is now divided do not admit of very strict definition. The generally recognized divisions are: civil engineering, which includes the designing and construction of all public works, canals, river navigations, harbors, docks, bridges, lighthouses, water supply, etc.; mechanical ensineering, which includes machinery, steam engines, etc.; mining engineering, which includes the mining and working of all the metals; and electrical engineering.

## Civil Engineering

A River under a City, 14-5055
Canals and How They Work, 13-4785

Digging the Panama Canal, 1-361
The Erie Canal, 13-4881
Footpaths in the Air, 1-27
Making the Desert Bloom, 7-2543
Where Gaslight Comes From, 2-635
Riders on the Wind, 1-167
Some Other Famous Inventors, 19-7201

## Things to Do

Model Gliders a Boy Can Make, 2-625
Practical Suggestions for Young Mechanics, 2-628
How to Measure a Stream, 19-7084
How to Read the Mariner's Compass, 16-5984
How to Use a Watch as a Compass, 16-5768
How Man Makes Stone, 7-2305
Finding Out How Early People Were Housed, 5-1655
Strong Construction for Crating, 7-2514
How to Make a Concrete Dog-house, 17-6259
How to Make a Concrete Drinking-basin for Animals, 14-5117
How to Make a Concrete Walk, 11-3854
How to Make Concrete Steps, 12-4499
Architecture through the Ages, 8-3010
Fifty Pictures of Man's March as a Builder, 8-3011
Uses of Concrete, 17-6286

## Wonder Questions

Can the foundation of a building be relaid? 13-4596
What were the first buildings like? 8-3009
Which is the best stone for building? 8-2716
Why is concrete used for building purposes? 17-6285
Why does a factory have a tall chimney? 4-1232
Why is there a hollow in the face of a brick? 16-5962
Why has every pavement a curb of granite? 5-1752
Why must a big chimney have such a broad base? 7-2487
How can thin iron rods carry a suspension bridge? $12-4280$
Can we make the tides work for us? 18-6558
Can a lighthouse manage itself? 10-3476
How can we measure a whole country? 16-5742
How did the Romans measure distance? 2-463
How does a siphon work? 15-5365
How does a spirit level work? 18-6553
How much stuff was dug out to make the Panama Canal? 4-1451
What do we mean by stable equilibrium? 7-2361
What special valve helps lifeboats to keep afloat? 5-1808
Why do soldiers break step while crossing a bridge? 7-2485
Why has not smoke a force like steam? 6-2250
Mechanical Engineering
How Elevators Go Up and Down, 4-1215
How Motor Cars Are Made, 19-7015
The Wonder of a Train, 2-405
Men Who Made the Railways, 5-1611
Conquerors of the Sea, 17-6397
Footpaths in the Air, 1-27
Supplementary Reading
A Machine That Wraps Things Up, 14-4951
A Look Inside the Speedometer, 1-77
How a Hydraulic Dredge Works, 14-5083
Wonder Questions
Why does a blacksmith's anvil have a tapered end? ..... 14-5225
Why does a man tap the wheels of a train at the station? 16-5962
Why has a traction engine a grooved wheel? 7-2486
How does the engine clear away the snow? 14-5223
What is the principle of an escalator? 11-3976
Why does a railway engine puff? 15-5366
Does a flywheel ever explode? 15-5364
How does the speedometer of a motor car work? ..... 1-75
Why has a wheelbarrow only one wheel? 8-3014
Mining Engineering
How to Know the Rocks, 17-6385
Oil and What It Can Do, 13-4533
Coal and What It Can Do, 3-785
Precious Stones, 19-7225
Making Iron and Steel, 6-1935
See also Geology and Physical Geography, pages 7614-15
Wonder Questions
Could a stone be dropped through a hole through the earth? 15-5365
How did men find that there is coal in the earth? 8-2718
Is the inside of the earth a vast hollow? 7-2610
Will the earth ever be cool right through? 18-6553
Why does coal burn and not a stone? 17-6285
Does a piece of iron get tired? 10-3729
How did all the metals get into the earth? 19-7246
How did the great coal forests come to be buried? 10-3581
What becomes of all the gold? 18-6549
What is peat and how is it made? 7-2612
What is the stuff we call quicksilver? 4-1233

## Electrical Engineering

The Story of Electricity, 16-5665
What Electricity Can Do, 16-5797
Electric Light and Heat, 16-5937
Water Power of the World, 15-5429
How We Send a Telegram, 17-6049
The Wonder of the Telephone, 17-6183
The Wonder of Radio, 17-6363
The Wire That Runs under the Sea, 12-4293
Men Who Gave Us Light, 3-989
Men Who Found Electricity, 4-1243
Makers of Telegraphs, Telephones and Wireless, 17-6235
A Modern Wizard, 17-6133
Life of Thomas Alva Edison.
Things to Do
Electricity at Home, 5-1773
How to Fix a Cellar Electric Light, 6-2167
A Crystal Radio Receiving Set, 15-5510
How to Make a Simple One-tube Radio Set, 1-335
How to Construct a Short-wave Radio Receiving Set, 13-4624
Enjoy Your Radio on Auto Trips, 16-5977
How to Prevent Static in Your Radio, 17-6260
How Magnetism Marks the Miles, 1-76
Wonder Questions
Why is a needle no heavier when magnetized? 11-3976
What are the little white caps on the telegraph poles? 16-5962
What are the wire hooks on the crossbars of telegraph poles? 7-2612
How is power carried to a distance? 14-5221
What does the expression "horse power" mean? 2-689
Do magnets ever lose their magnetic power? 10-3581
What is meant by a fuse in talking about electricity? 6-2250
What makes the glow in an electric lamp? 5-1608
Does electricity affect the growth of plants, 7-2609
Can trees receive a wireless? 3-980


## THINGS TO MAKE AND THINGS TO DO



## Manual Training

Tools and Their Uses
Boy Carpenter's Box of Tools, 1-232
How to Construct a Useful Work-bench, 11-4013
Convenient Work-bench Devices, 17-6262
How to Mark Your Metal Tools, 2-628
How to Renew the Edge of Your Screw-driver, 2-627
How to Sharpen Edge Tools, 13-4735
Oilstones and How to Care for Them, 12-4263
How to Prevent Nails and Screws from Rusting Quickly, 11-4079
Suggestions for Young Mechanics, 2-628
Suggestions for Nailing Boxes, 8-2741
Strong Constructions for Crating, 7-2514
Woods
How to Tell Similar Woods Apart, 6-2048
How to Identify Oak Woods, 10-3631
How to Know the Woods in Furniture, 16-5982
How Durable Is the Wood You Are Using, 10-3632
Defects and Blemishes in Lumber, 5-1766
Why Are There Defects in Lumber? 8-3024
How to Choose a Suitable Wood Glue, 4-1395
How to Apply Paint to Wood, 11-4088
How You May Refinish That Piece of Furniture, 4-1392

Things You Should Know about Veneered and Solid Furniture, 4-1284
How to Stain and Polish and Lacquer, 9-3119

## Things Made from Wood

How to Construct a Useful Work-bench, 11-4013
Suggestions for Nailing Boxes, 8-2741
Box Furniture, 3-891; 6-2262; 7-2377; 8-2875
A Table Made from a Cheese Box, 14-5006
A Cabinet Made from Cigar Boxes, 15-5597
A Violin from a Cigar Box, 9-3113
Toy Furniture from Scraps of Wood, 5-1765
How to Make and Upholster a Piece of Furniture, 12-4373
A Portable Stool a Boy Can Make, 9-3117
How to Make a Useful Shelf, 14-4999
How to Make a Child's Blackboard, 14-5006
A Handy Writing-board, 2-749
Make This Handy Cutting-board, 6-2259
Make This Attractive Wood-basket, 19-7082
How to Make Your Own Fire-screen, 11-3858
Picture-frames Boys Can Make, 4-1393
Easily Made Rustic Furniture, 13-4736
Making a Summerhouse, 13-4849
Making a Garden Seat, 10-3506
Making a Kennel for a Dog, 16-5766
An Easily Made Weather-vane, 19-6959
How to Build a Flat-bottom Boat, 16-5983
Making a Sled, 6-2041
How to Make Your Own Ski, 16-5979
Building a Model Stage, 14-5203
How to Prepare for Amateur Theatricals, 16-5763

## Things Made from Other Materials

How to Make a Concrete Dog-house, 17-6259
How to Make a Concrete Drinking-basin, 14-5117
How to Make a Concrete Walk, 11-3854
How to Make Concrete Steps, 12-4499
Clay Building Blocks or Bricks, 9-3248
How to Make Dishes of Clay, 14-5199
How to Make Tea Tiles of Clay, 13-4620
Cast Your Own Paper Weights, 3-1023

Casting Dishes in Plaster Molds, 7-2511
A Useful Paper-knife Made of Wood or Metal, 1-131
Make a Useful Tray of Wood or Metal, 4-1283
Make a Sugar Scoop from Tin Cans, 2-747
Methods of Making a Boat Leak-proof, 18-6645
How to Make and Use a Lasso, 6-2260
Making a Simple Telescope, 12-4265
How to Make a Magic Lantern, 8-3018
Drawing, Designing and Printing
A Card That Helps Us Make Designs, 17-6264
Making an Outline Portrait, 19-7077
Two Curious Kinds of Pictures, 18-6644
How to Draw Thousands of Faces, 17-6261
How to Draw a Picture with 12 Lines and a Dot, 18-6524
An Owl and a Frog Made from Circles, 5-1658
Drawing a Cat with the Aid of Two Coins, 11-3855
A Simple Way of Drawing a Spirited Horse, 2-628
A Simple Way to Draw a Dog, 4-1394
Queer Pictures Built Up from Squares, 2-753
Printing and Fancy Lettering, 15-5596
Printing Attractive Designs with Sticks of Wood, 1-129
Learning the Art of Block Printing, 2-617; 15-5336
How to Paint with Stencils, 1-336
An Easily Made Stencil Plate, 3-1155
How to Make Invisible Ink, 2-626
Blue-print or Sepia-print Pictures, 15-5331
Starting a School Paper, 15-5507

## Paper Handwork

How to Make a Simple Book, 8-2881
How to Make a Sewed Book, 12-4261
Make and Use a Simple Booklet, 2-750
How to Make Paper Flowers, 12-4500
How to Make Cut-paper Compositions, 13-4845
A Fleet of Little Boats, 11-4083
How to Make Paper Lanterns and Shades, 18-6777
How to Make Your Own Paper, 3-1152
Make Your Own Soldier's Uniform, 15-5339
May Baskets Made with Paper Strips, 2-750

Things to Make with Folded Paper, 16-5767
What to Do with a Piece of Paper, 4-1396
A Windmill from a Square of Paper, 3-902

## Toy-making for the Boy and Girl

Dolls of Many Nations, 10-3510; 10-3627; 11-4081
How to Make Little Red Riding-Hood Dolls, 2-516
A Bonnet for a Baby Doll, 12-4501
Filling a Doll's Christmas Basket, 6-2043
Dolls Made from Clothespins, 3-1030
Fighting Clothespins, 3-898
How to Carve Toys with a Pocket-knife, 18-6779
Toy Animals for You to Make, 2-511; 3-895; ס-2165
A Whistle That a Boy Can Make, 11-4085
How to Make a Wheelbarrow, 9-3253
How to Make a Toy Submarine, 10-3503
Making a Doll's House, 3-1150
Making a Toy to Measure the Wind, 4-1391
A Little Box That Makes a Whirlwind, 4-1398
A Box That Draws Voice Pictures, 17-6145
A Box That Makes Smoke Rings, 13-4846
Things to Make from an Elder Branch, 9-3254
What to Do with Spools and Bricks, 15-5334
Boat, Raft and Family Made of Cork, 2-514
A Cage Made of Cardboard and Pins, 6-2266
The Little Black Tangrams, 13-4731
The Little Bird That Turns Around, 6-2264
Making Spinning Pictures, 17-6390
Simple Kites and How to Make Them, 3-900
How to Make Fancy Kites, 16-5770
Making a Hot-air Balloon, 10-3770
A Little Boat That Moves in Water, 15-5595
John Chinaman Made of Peanuts, 2-512
A Handful of Straw and an Indian, 18-6645
A Jumping Frog from a Wishbone, 15-5595
A Popgun Made from a Quill, 15-5337
How to Make a Leather Sucker, 3-902
A Little Toy Cannon, 11-4085
Tops Which Any Boy Can Make, 14-5200
Making a Wonderful Top, 10-3509

Making an Interesting Bean-bag, 1-132
Music from Drinking-glasses, 15-5333
Musical Instruments from Old Bottles, 17-6387

## Practical Science

How to Tell the Weather, 3-1152
How to Feel the Pressure of the Air, 18-6784
Making a Chemical Weather-glass, 12-4502
A Floral Barometer, 3-1028
Thermometers, 7-2648
Simple Experiments with Air and Water, 19-7083
A Fairy-fountain Experiment, 2-627
The Magic of a Glass of Water, 2-622
A Filter That a Boy Can Make, 18-6781
Photography without a Camera, 8-2739
Foucault's Pendulum, 8-3017
Electricity at Home, 5-1773
How to Make a Simple One-tube Radio Set, 1-335
How to Prevent Static in Your Radio, 17-6260
How to Construct a Short-wave Radio Receiving Set, 13-4624
A Crystal Radio Receiving Set, 15-5510
Enjoy Your Radio on Auto Trips, 16-5977
Simple Tests for Cotton, Linen, Wool and Silk, 5-1774
How to Test for Pure Silk, 2-621


## Househıold Arts

## Cooking

How to Measure Correctly in Cooking, 1-234
Suggestive Recipes: Potatoes, 3-904
Simple Food Experiments: Potatoes, 3-1154
Finding Out How Milk Is Handled, 10-3508
How to Make Butter and Cottage Cheese, 3-896
How Bread Is Made, 2-626
How to Keep Fruit Fresh, 11-4084
Ices Made without a Freezer, 11-4088
How to Make Candy at Home, 11-3856
How to Make Candies, 1-340

Recipes for Candy, 2-752
Delicious Coconut Candy, 10-3771
Jelly Children Can Make, 1-130
How to Make Our Own Easter Eggs, 10-3505
How to Prepare a Dainty Tea, 9-3376
How Meat Products Are Used, 7-2512
How to Make Soap for Mother, 1-130

## Sewing

How to Use the Needle, 1-338
A Butterfly Needle-book, 16-5982
Make a Felt Sewing-bag, 18-6778
How to Make a Girl's Workbox, 2-515
How to Make a String Bag, 6-2163
A Useful Shoe-bag of Serge, 8-2882
How to Make a Handy Marble-bag, 3-1149
How to Make Old Clothes New, 11-3857
How to Knit a Child's Sock, 13-4851
A Child's Apron Easily Made, 7-2649
A Doll's Chemise, 2-619
A Dainty Afternoon Tea-cloth, 6-2046
A Huckaback Table-cover, 14-5118
A Table-cover in Appliqué Work, 16-5891
A Dainty Muslin Window-curtain, 17-6387
How to Make a Little Wool Mat, 6-2265
Decorating a Scarf by the Tied-and-dyed Method, 1-232
A Little Picture on Canvas, 19-7081
What to Do with a Box of Beads, 4-1399
A Bead Belt for an Indian Costume, 9-3114
How to Make Indian Clothing, 9-3251
A Button Made from a Shoe-lace, 17-6386

## Decoration

How to Make Attractive Hand-woven Rugs, 14-4997
Making a Basket of Raffia Work, 18-6638
A Raffia-covered Rattan Basket, 6-2042
A Small Reed Basket or Hamper, 3-897
To Make Parchment Lamp-shades, 16-5890
How to Make an Attractive Plant Stand, 7-2645
Arranging Flowers for the House, 2-620

Making a Flower-box for the Window, 2-513
Fruit Trees on the Dining-table, 9-3118
How to Make a Dainty Blotter, 12-4380

## Helpful Things about a House

The Right Way to Do Simple Things, 19-7079
The Right Way to Clean Things, 15-5335
How to Remove Stains, 2-618
The Right Way to Mend Things, 13-4737
A Convenient Box for Knives and Forks, 13-4734
How to Fix a Cellar Electric Light, 6-2167
How to Repair an Extension Cord, 6-2045
How to Repair Leaking Faucets, 10-3766
How to Repair Window Shades, 10-3771
How to Preserve Flowers, 11-3853

## First Aid

What to Do in Case of Fire, 10-3772
What to Do in Trouble, 11-4082
Giving First Aid to the Injured, 12-4266
The Bones and Arteries of Our Body, 13-4618
How to Treat Broken Bones, 13-4732
Fractures, Dislocations and Sprains, 13-4847
Many Ways of Stopping Bleeding, 14-5000
Wounded Arteries and Veins, 15-5599
What to Do in Many Kinds of Accidents, 16-5980
What to Do in Cases of Drowning, 17-6147
The Right Way to Use a Lifebuoy, 18-6639

## (5)

## Indoor and Outdoor Recreation

## Outdoor Amusements

Games for Groups
Ball Games for Out of Doors, 4-1400
America's National Game, 17-6141
American Football, 19-6960
The Game of Field Hockey, 16-5885

The Game of Tennis, 13-4621
Golf for Boys and Girls, 9-3247
Outdoor Games, 3-1029; 3-1153; 6-2164; 10-3769; 11-3855
Some Favorite Games, 14-5113
Games for Boys, 18-6523
Some Games Played with Hoops, 12-4496
Games to Play with Marbles, 17-6389
Games to Play on the Beach, 17-6257
How to Practice Fly-casting, 15-5513
The Game of Stickerchief, 11-3859
Amusements for Individuals
Making and Using a Pair of Stilts, 17-6263
Home-made Tents, 2-624
A Home-made Hammock for a Camping Outfit, 10-3631
An Easily Made Shelter, 19-6961
The Way to Put Up a Bell Tent, 5-1772
How to Find Your Way in a Forest, 4-1285
How to Follow a Trail, 3-1024
How to Study the Weather, 10-3625
How to Tell Time by the Sun, 6-2261
How to Signal across a Field, 11-4017
How to Speak by Signs, 11-4016
The Silent Messages of the Red Men, 5-1768
Flashing Messages at Night, 18-6643
How to Use a Watch as a Compass, 16-5768
How to Measure a Stream, 19-7084
To Measure the Height of a Tree, 3-899; 17-6145
Two Ways of Splicing a Stick, 12-4374
How to Hide in the Open Country, 2-749
How to Know the Rocks, 17-6385
Using the Camera Outdoors, 13-4617
How the Sailor Ties His Knots, 1-342
Sailors' Hitches and Splices, 9-3378
How to Know Sailing Ships, 11-4086
How to Understand a Ship, 14-5002
How to Read the Mariner's Compass, 16-5984
How to Have Fun in the Water, 8-3024
Things to Remember While Bathing, 7-2513
Building Sand Castles, 12-4495
A Christmas Tree for the Birds, 7-2381

## Physical Exercises

How to Swim and Dive, 19-6955
Some Exercises to Practice at Home, 15-5332
How to Dance the Morris Dances, 10-3504; 18-6785

## Indoor Amusements

Blindfold Games for Boys and Girls, 18-6519
How to Make and Play Jump-peg Game, 1-339
How to Make and Play Ring-toss Game, 14-5117
Make and Play Bean-bag, 9-3116
Games Played with Dominoes, 12-4375
How to Play Checkers, 15-5338
Hunting the Fox and the Geese, 15-5338
How to Play Chess, 5-1771
The Game of Snap, 15-5514
What Animals Are These? 8-2880
What Are These Plants? 16-5771
What Place Are We In? 6-2168
What Scene in History Is This? 8-3023
Who Are These People? 14-5205
The Game of "What Is Wrong?" 18-6639
The Game of Zoo-guess, 5-1776
A New Game to Play with an Atlas, 9-3375
Amusement with Stops and Commas, 19-7080
Proverb Games for the Fireside, 15-5598
Twenty-five Ways of Saying the Same Thing, 17-6388
The Game of Making Rhymes, 18-6518
A Good Game to Play on a Train, 12-4502
Making Anagrams as a Pastime, 18-6520
Photography on a Table, 18-6517
Mountains and the Moon on a Table, 18-6516
How to Play the Harmonica, 19-6962
Games to Play at a Party, 3-903; 6-2167
A Fancy-dress Tea-party, 17-6144
Things to Do on Hallowe'en, 18-6522
A Christmas Charade, 7-2650
A Christmas Gymkhana, 7-2517
Games for Tiny Children, 8-2743
Telling Stories by Means of Sticks, 1-231
Bear and Wolf (a little play) 18-6782

Robin Hood (a little play) 19-7078
How to Talk to the Deaf, 18-6523
The Living Marionette, 5-1769

## Animals and Plants

Build a House for Your Favorite Bird, 1-341
How to House Several Birds at Once, 17-6146
Nesting-boxes for Birds, 18-6637
Poultry-keeping as a Hobby, 15-5512
How to Care for Goldfish, 3-1026
Keeping Guinea-pigs as Pets, 13-4738
How to Study the Habits of Ants, 12-4264
How to Save Trees by Tree Surgery, 10-3626
How Trees Are Made to Serve Us, 12-4378
Mustard and Cress Grown Anywhere, 2-748
Plants That Grow on Short Notice, 7-2515
Protecting Plants against Cold, 5-1767
Hobbies
How to Make a Butterfly Collection, 10-3765
Feather Collections for Bird-lovers, 14-5005
A Collection of Seaweeds, 15-5593
How to Make a Collection of Shells, 14-5201
Shells for Decorative Purposes, 15-5510
Making a Collection of Rocks, 13-4623
Making a Collection of Woods, 16-5889
The Boy's Home Museum, 11-4018
A Collection of Stamps, 14-5111
Recent Stamps for Your Collection, 16-5887

Brain Resters and Testers
Puzzles, Problems and Illusions
Can You Tell the Reason Why? 8-2742
Can We Always Believe Our Own Eyes? 8-2746
Can You Find Your Way into This Maze? 17-6258
Can You Read These Names of Plants? 18-6646

How Did the King's Jester Escape from Prison? 4-1286
How Did the Farmer Enlarge the Fold? 16-5765
How Did the Father Divide the Garden? 7-2380
How Did the Ladies Cut the Carpet? 2-751
How Fast Do You Walk? 6-2048
Little Problems for Clever People, 2-751; 3-899; 3-1151; 4-1284; 6-2166
The Problem of the Horseshoe Card, 14-5202
The Problem of the Magic Square, 6-2166
The Problem of the Traveler's Dinner, 13-4622
The Puzzle of the King's Guard, 16-5892
The Puzzle of the Miller's Sacks, 4-1286
The Puzzle of the Mysterious Square, 18-6780
The Puzzle of the Secret Lock, 8-2741
The Puzzle of the Trees in the Park, 13-4620
The Puzzles of the Wizard King, 18-6521; 18-6640
Puzzles with Paper and Scissors, 15-5337
Puzzle Pictures from English History, 2-754
Puzzling Cards, 7-2647
Some Puzzle Rhymes and Verses, 15-5511
What Is Wrong in These Pictures? 5-1654; 11-3860
What Is Wrong in This Room? 4-1282
What Is Wrong with This Steamer? 12-4268

## Tricks

Hints and Tricks for Odd Moments, 16-5978; 17-6391; 18-6642; 19-6964
The Wizard's Wand and Purse, 9-3380
The Self-suspending Wand, 10-3507
The Mysterious Paper Purse, 7-2652
How the Conjurer Makes His Money, 3-901
The Disappearing Penny, 6-2047
The Wandering Coin, 4-1397
A Clever Ring-and-Coin Trick, 3-1154
The Wizard's Pocket Handkerchief, 7-2382
The Coin and the Handkerchief, 11-4080
The Disappearing Quarter, 5-1775
The Mysterious Disappearing Penny, 14-5202
How to Move a Penny without Touching It, 18-6641
A Good Conjuring Trick with Nuts, 15-5595
Fun in a Box of Matches, 10-3767
Pulling One Stick through Another, 3-1030

The Magician's Jacket, 4-1285
Tying Two Persons Together, 13-4738
How to Make a Magic Knot, 4-1395
The Boy Conjurer's Magic Scissors, 3-1025
Cutting the Magic String, 1-344
How to Pass through a Postcard, 10-3771
The Wizard of Wabasha, 15-5509
The Mystery of Telegraphing Thought, 2-518
Thought-reading by Cards, 6-2044
Cards That Can Guess Numbers, 18-6784
How to Tell a Card by Touching It, 13-4735
The Robbers and the Soldiers, 7-2518
The Ball That Answers Questions, 2-623
A Trick You Can Play with a Book, 2-753
Tricks with a Set of Dominoes, 12-4498
Throwing Shadows on the Wall, 16-5769
Name Pictures and How to Make Them, 12-4502
The Mysterious Jacob's Ladder, 18-6781
The Pillars of Solomon, 9-3377
The Vanishing-pillar Trick, 5-1772
The Imp with the Disappearing Head, 10-3508
How to Become a Ventriloquist, 9-3379
The Chair That Comes to You, 7-2651
The Marvelous Egg, 13-4850
The Mysterious Tumbling Tablet, 4-1398
How to Blow a Brick Over, 3-1025
How to See through a Brick, 12-4377
Wooden Balls That Twist and Turn, 7-2380
The Ink-and-Water Trick, 14-5116


## HELPS TO LEARNING

## 

## Matching Games

Weighing Games, 1-346
Match Mine, 1-347
Learning everyday materials.

## Color Games

Matching Colors to Fruits and Vegetables, 4-1287
Making a Color Chart, 4-1294
Choosing Colors for Animal Word Cards, 5-1647
Color Word Cards, 6-2052

## Reading

Color Words, 4-1289
Fruits and Other Words, 4-1505
Word Cards for Animals, 5-1647
Sentences, 5-1650
Action Words, 5-1895
Making a Dictionary, 6-2049
Alphabeting and filing word cards.
New Words for the Dictionary, 6-2054
Making a Word File, 7-2386
Stories by Children, 7-2387
Easy Primers, 7-2389
Sound Games, 7-2519
Sounding out words by their letters.

Testing Games for Reading, 8-2747
The child corrects his own work.
Harder Sound Games, 8-2883
Reading Numbers to 102, 9-3255
Reading Money, 9-3256
Measuring Our Height, 9-3256
More Sound Games, 9-3258
Vowel sounds and consonant sounds.
Reading Tests, 10-3636

## Writing

Writing Down Game Scores, 3-1020
Words, 4-1290
Signs for a Fruit Stand, 4-1506
Words from the Dictionary, 7-2383
Capital Letters, 7-2386
Testing Games for Writing, 8-2747
The child corrects his own work.
Drawing and Writing Games, 8-2751
Writing Relays, 9-3122
Games for speed and clearness in writing.
Writing Answers to Addition Combinations, 9-3123

## Arithmetic

Picture Cards with Digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 1-347
Making a Score Book, 2-519
Learning Digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 2-520
Learning Digits 6, 7, 8, 9, 3-1021
Addition Combinations, 4-1508
Hopscotch with Addition Combinations, 4-1510
Scoring by 2's, 5-1892
The Beginnings of Subtraction, 6-2270
Subtraction Games, 7-2523
Counting, 8-2886
Harder Subtraction Games, 8-2886
Weighing Yourself, 9-3125
Learning the scales.
Reading Larger Numbers, 9-3126
Counting by 10's, 9-3126
Counting to 102, 9-3255
Column Addition Games, 10-3512

Games with Money, 10-3516
Common Measures, 10-3517
Making Change, 10-3633

## Drawing

Drawing Puzzles, 8-2749
Drawing and Writing Games, 8-2751
Children's Drawings, 8-2752
A simple scale by which the child may measure the excellence of his own drawings.

Telling Time
Learning to Read What the Clock Says, 6-2267
Nature Games
Games with Trees, Flowers and Vegetables, 10-3514
Games about Butterflies, Frogs and Insects, 10-3515

## BIOGRAPHY



## Men Who Have Made History

The Great Greeks, 2-701
Pythagoras, Euclid, Hippocrates, Dionysius, Solon, Miltiades, Leonidas, Aristides, Themistocles, Pericles, Alcibiades, Demosthenes, Alexander the Great.
The First Great Men of Rome, 4-1361
Lucius Junius Brutus, Marcus Furius Camillus, Regulus, Cornelius Scipio Africanus, Marcus Porcius Cato, the Gracchi, Pompey, Julius Cæsar, Marcus Antonius, Cicero.
The Emperors of Rome, 5-1859
Augustus Cæsar, Tiberius, Caligula, Claudius, Nero, Vespasian, Trajan, Hadrian, Antoninus Pius, Marcus Aurelius, Diocletian, Constantine the Great.

## Supplementary Reading

The Grandeur That Was Rome, 4-1191
Defenders of Liberty, 13-4583
David, Miltiades, Themistocles, Judas Maccabæus, Boadicea, Alfred the Great, W'illiam Wallace, Andreas Hofer, Mazzini, Garibaldi, Louis Kossuth, Simon Bolivar, Toussaint l'Ouverture.
The Men of the Crusades, 7-2583
Peter the Hermit, Raymond of Toulouse, Godfrey of Bouillon, Duke Robert of Normandy, St. Bernard of Clairvaux, Saladin, Richard Cœur-de-Lion, Barbarossa, Louis IX.
St. Louis and St. Joan, 16-5817
Louis IX of France and Joan of Arc.
Supplementary Reading
The Beginnings of France, 10-3429

Kings and Queens of Scotland, 12-4205
Kenneth MacAlpine, Duncan, Malcolm Canmore, David I, William the Lion, Alexander III, William Wallace, Robert Bruce, Lord James Douglas, James 1, James IV, Mary Queen of Scots.
Cromwell and His Men, 11-3845
Sir John Eliot, Thomas Wentworth, John Pym, John Hampden, Prince Rupert, Lord Falkland, Henry Ireton, John Bradshaw, Admiral Robert Blake

Supplementary Reading
The Times of the Stuarts, 6-1973
Bonnie Prince Charlie, 15-5639
The story of Prince Charles Stuart, "the Young Pretender."
Supplemeniary Reading
From the Stuarts to Napoleon, 6-2097
The French Revolutionists, 6-2127
Jean Jacques Rousseau, Mirabeau, Lafayette, Louis XVI, Marie Antoinette, Madame Roland, Danton, Marat, Robespierre,

Supplementary Reading
France in the Revolution, 10-3563
Napoleon and His Conquerors, 6-2199
Napoleon, Nelson, Wellington.
The Story of Frederick the Great, 11-4043
Supplementary Reading
The Beginnings of Germany, 11-3959
Two Spies of the Revolution, 11-3995
Nathan Hale and John André.
Five Famous Presidents, 3-1039
Washington, Jefferson, Jackson, Lincoln, Grant.
Administrations of the Presidents, 11-3937
Short biographies of all the presidents.
Some Other Famous Presidents, 19-7193
Cleveland, Roosevelt, Wilson.
Some American Statesmen, 10-3487
Winthrop, Franklin, Hamilton, Jefferson, Burr, Gallatin, John
Quincy Adams, Henry Clay, John C. Calhoun, Daniel Webster,
Thomas Hart Benton, Douglas, Seward.
Naval Heroes of Young America, 17-6325
John Paul Jones, Barry, Decatur, Hull, Bainbridge, Lawrence, Perry.

Supplementary Reading
Ships and Sailors of Our Navy, 18-6815

## Explorers and Pioneers

Men Who Made the World Known, 1-83
Marco Polo, Christopher Columbus, Vasco da Gama, Ferdinand Magellan, Sebastian del Cano.

See also Geography and History, pages 7583-97
Men of the Northern Sea-gates, 8-2977
Ohthere, Cabot, Drake, Willoughby, Frobisher, John Davis, Barents, Baffin, Hudson, Bering, Cook, Scoresby, John Ross, James Clark Ross, Parry, Sir John Franklin, Beechey, Nordenskiold, Amundsen.
The North Pole Men, 13-4707
Inglefield, Kane, Hayes, Hall, Payer, Weyprecht, Lamont, Leigh Smith, Nares, Greely, Jackson, De Long, Nansen, Sverdrup, Andrée, Peary, Stefansson, Rasmussen, MacMillan, and others.
The South Pole Men, 14-5089
Sir Douglas Mawson, De Gerlache, Amundsen, D’Urville, Scott, Shackleton, Weddell, Wilkes, Borchgrevink, Von Bellingshausen, and others.
The Elizabethan Sea-dogs, $14-4959$
Hawkins, Frobisher, Gilbert, Drake, Grenville, John Smith, Henry Hudson, Raleigh.

> Supplementary Reading

The Times of the Tudors, 5-1813
Conquerors of the Sea, 17-6397
Papin, Jouffroy, Fulton, Fitch, Symington, Bell, Watt, Brunel, Ericsson, Parsons, Harrison, Diesel.

Supplementary Reading
The Reign of Wooden Ships, 11-3909
A Great Ship and What It Can Do, 12-4415
Two American Pioneers, 6-2189
Daniel Boone and James Robertson.
The Men Who Found Australia, 3-859
Dirk Hartog, William Dampier, James Cook, Wentworth, Blaxland, Lawson, Matthew Flinders, Lieutenant Oxley, Charles Sturt, John McDouall Stuart, Edward John Eyre, Burke and Wills.

## Supplementary Reading

Australia, the Great South Land, 7-2463
The Explorers of Africa, 2-465
James Bruce, Mungo Park, Hugh Clapperton, Richard Lander, Robert Moffat, David Livingstone, Henry Stanley, Emin Pasha (Edward Schnitzer), Sir Richard Francis Burton, John Hanning Speke, James Augustus Grant, Sir Samuel Baker.

Supplementary Reading How Africa Has Been Divided, 18-6803 The British Empire in Africa, 9-3047

## 眮

## Great Teachers

The Immortal Three, 16-5915
Socrates, Plato and Aristotle.
Supplementary Reading
The Glory That Was Greece, 3-1069
The Men Who Gave Us Schools, 14-5247
Alcuin, Erasmus, Colet, Loyola, Comenius, Rousseau, Pestalozzi, Froebel, Lancaster, Mann.
Two Men Who Loved the Indians, 18-6631
Père Marquette and John Eliot.

## 路

## Early Religious Leaders

Some Founders of Religions, 9-3085
Gautama (Buddha), Vardhamana, Lao-tsze, Confucius, Zoroaster Mohammed.
Early Leaders of the Church, 8-2843
St. Columba, Gregory the Great, the Venerable Bede, Dunstan, Lanfranc, Anselm, Gregory VII (Hildebrand), Thomas à Becket, Pope Innocent III, Langton.
Some Famous Monks, 13-4859
Athanasius, St. Ambrose, St. Jerome, St. Boniface, St. Bernard of Clairvaux, Abélard, St. Dominic, Roger Bacon, Thomas à Kempis, Fra Angelico, Savonarola, St. Ignatius de Loyola, St. Francis Xavier.
The Little Poor Man of Assisi, 6-1991
The life of St. Francis.


## Scientists and Inventors

The First Astronomers, 1-201
Thales, Hipparchus, Ptolemy, Nicholas Copernicus, Robert Recorde Tycho Brahe, John Kepler.

Men Who Mapped the Skies, 1-279
Galileo, Jeremiah Horrocks, Sir Isaac Newton, Christian Huygens, John Flamsteed, Edmund Halley, James Bradley, Nevil Maskelyne, Sir George Biddell Airy, Sir William Herschel, Caroline Herschel, Sir John Frederick William Herschel, Sir William Huggins, Sir Norman Lockyer, Giovanni Virginio Schiaparelli, Percival Lowell, Simon Newcomb, Edward Emerson Barnard, Edward Charles Pickering, William Henry Pickering, George Ellery Hale.

See also Astronomy, page 7613
Men Who Gave Us Printing, 9-3381
Gutenberg, Coster, Caxton, Wynkyn de Worde, Manuzic, Caslon, Pierre, Gordon, Nicholson, König, Bullock, Maxwell, Ives.

Supplementary Reading
The Wonder of a Book, 3-1053
The Men Who Gave Us Light, 3-989
Dr. Clayton, William Murdock, Winser, David Mellville, Auer von Welsbach, Sir Humphry Davy, Aimé Argand.
Men Who Made the Railways, 5-1611
George Stephenson, James Watt, Richard Trevithick, Peter Cooper, Matthias Baldwin.

## Supplementary Reading

The Wonder of a Train, 2-409

## Men Who Found Electricity, 4-1243

Thales, Pliny, William Gilbert, Robert Boyle, Otto von Guericke, Francis Hawksbee, Stephen Gray, Du Fay, Sir William Watson, Benjamin Franklin, John Canton, Henry Cavendish, Luigi Galvani, Alessandro Volta, Oersted, Michael Faraday, Joseph Henry, James Clerk Maxwell, Heinrich Rudolph Hertz, Sir Joseph Thomson.

> Supplementary Reading

The Story of Electricity, 16-5665
What Electricity Can Do, 16-5797
Electric Light and Heat, 16-5937
The Makers of Telegraphs, Telephones and Wireless, 17-6235
Ronalds, Wheatstone, Cooke, Morse, Henry, Maxwell, Steinheil, Kelvin, Squier, Reis, Bell, Gray, Hughes, Edison, Pupin, Marconi, Poulsen, Fleming, De Forest, and others.

Supplementary Reading
How We Send a Telegram, 17-6049
The Wonder of the Telephone, 17-6183
The Wonder of Radio, 17-6363
A Modern Wizard, 17-6133
The story of Thomas A. Edison.

Some Other Famous Inventors, 19-7201
Hargreaves, Arkwright, Crompton, Cartwright, Jacquard, Whitney, Brindley, Brunel, Nasmyth, Bessemer, Siemens, Greathead, Kelvin, Ford, Hall, Colt, Gatling, Browning, McCormick, Wood, Goodyear, Pullman, Otis, Howe, Singer, Sholes, and others.

See also Applied Science and Industry, pages 7626-29
Some European Men of Science, 2-589
Gottfried Leibnitz, Carl Linnæus, Leopold Cuvier, Friedrich von Humboldt, Sir Charles Lyell, Baron Liebig, Sir Richard Owen, Charles Darwin, Alfred Russel Wallace, Herbert Spencer, John Tyndall, Thomas Henry Huxley.
The World's Great Doctors, 8-2721
Moses, Hippocrates, Galen, Guy de Chauliac, Paré, Vesalius, William Harvey, Boehaave, William and John Hunter, Edward Jenner, Pinel, Morton, Long, Wells, Jackson, Simpson, Brunton.
Conquerors of Disease, 15-5481
Pasteur, Lister, Röntgen, Koch, Theobald Smith, Metchnikoff, Russ, Reed, Noguchi, Bruce, Horsley, Finsen, Carrel, Dakin, Banting, Best.


## Naturalists

Some Men Who Loved Nature, 19-7051
Wilson, Audubon, Agassiz, Gray, Dana, Thoreau, Dawson, Macoun, Muir, Burroughs.
A Man Who Loved Plants, 15-5381
The story of Luther Burbank.
Jack Miner, the Man Who Loves Birds, 8-2813

## Writers and Artists

Writers of the Fairy Books, 9-3193
Straparola, Perrault, Madame d'Aulnoy, the brothers Grimm, Hans Christian Andersen, Hawthorne, Croker, Frances Browne, Charles Kingsley, Lewis Carroll, George Macdonald, Joel Chandler Harris, Sir James M. Barrie, Maurice Maeterlinck.

See also History of Literature, pages 7657-72
Composers of Great Music, 19-6913
Palestrina, Tallis, Byrd, Handel, Bach, Gluck, Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, von Weber, Schubert, Schumann, Chopin, Mendelssohn,

Berlioz, Wagner, Liszt, Brahms, Tschaikowsky, Meyerbeer, Rossini, Donizetti, Bellini, Verdi, Balfe, Gounod, Leoncavallo, Puccini, Sullivan, Grieg, Dvorák, Debussy, Elgar, MacDowell, Strauss.

Supplementary Reading
Great Classic Composers and Their Works, 19-7071
Romantic Composers and the Music of To-day, 19-7149
Writers of Famous Songs, 10-3605
Rouget de Lisle, Thomson, Thomas Campbell, Dibdin, Garrick, Cherry, Braham, Willard, Charles Mackay, Bayly, Lady John Scott, Carey, Lady Anne Lindsay, Lady Nairne, James Hogg, Moore, Sir Walter Scott, Samuel Lover, Schneckenburger, etc.

For Songs see Poetry Index.
The Writers of the Hymns, 12-4435
John Milton, Luther, John and Charles Wesley, Isaac Watts, Heber, Tate, Sarah Adams, Frances Ridley Havergal, Moody, Sankey, F. J. Crosby, Keble, Toplady, Cowper, Lyte, Bowring, Phillips Brooks, Newman, Faber, Baring-Gould, etc.

For Hymns see Poetry Index.
Song-writers of the United States, 18-6509
Billings, Woodworth, Payne, Foster, Emmett, Key, Hopkinson, Smith, Julia Ward Howe, Work, Root, Randall, Kittredge, Haydon, Gilmore, Thorp.

For Songs see Poetry Index.
Great British Painters, 7-2327
Hogarth, Constable, Raeburn, Gainsborough, Reynolds, Romney, Morland, Lawrence, Turner.

## Supplementary Reading

The Golden Age of British Art, 6-2109

## The Makers of Venice, 4-1455

Gradenigo, Giovanni Giocondo, Sanmichele, Sansovino, Palladio, Pisano, Lombardo, Leopardi, Verrocchio, the Bellinis, Dürer, Carpaccio, Giorgione, Titian, Tintoretto, Veronese, and others.

Supplementary Reading
Venice Rises and Italy Wanes, 3-1103
The Builders of Florence, 5-1735
Arnolfo di Cambio, Cimabue, Giotto, Brunelleschi, Ghiberti, Donatello, the Della Robbias.

Supplementary Reading
Italy's Immortals, 13-4603
Great Builders of London, 12-4353
Gundulf, Christopher Wren, Sir Robert Smirke, Sir Charles Barry, William Railton, Sir Edwin Landseer, William Wilkins.

Supplementary Reading
Four Centuries in Europe, 18-6489
For biographies of literary men and women see History of Literature, pages 7657-72.
For biographies of painters, sculptors and architects see Fine Arts, pages 7702-21.


## Miscellaneous

## Two Pioneer Women, 16-5699

Elizabeth Fry and Florence Nightingale.
Women in the United States, 14-5267
Anne Hutchinson, Emma Willard, Lucretia Mott, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Mary Baker Eddy, Mary Lyon, Mary Livermore, Clara Barton, Elizabeth Blackwell, Frances Willard, Ella Flagg Young, Helen Keller, Jeannette Rankin.
Some Famous Ladies of the White House, 2-391
Martha Washington, Abigail Adains, Dolly Madison, Mary Lincoln, Frances Cleveland.
A Friend to Fisher Folk, 7-2495
The story of Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell.


## ENGLISH AND LITERATURE

## 路

## Speech and Writing

## How Man Learned to Write, 10-3545

The first writing was done by means of rude pictures; then came the writing of signs or hieroglyphics and the development of an alphabet. How we learned to decipher these ancient writings; the finding of the Rosetta Stone, and so on.

Wonder Questions
Why will a slate pencil write on slate but not on paper? 4-1356 Why will pen and ink write on paper better than on a slate? 14-5087 How did men learn to talk? 15-5515

The Voice-box and Its Uses, $10-3555$
Talking and singing-a chapter on speech.
Wonder Question
Will all the people ever speak the same language? 3-877
Men Who Gave Us Printing, 9-3381
Modern methods of book printing.
The Wonder of a Book, 3-1053
Wonder Questions
What is papyrus? 11-3977
What is the paper we use made of? 8-3016
How many books are there in the world? 2-463
Why does blotting-paper absorb ink? 10-3578
What is the type known as Braille? 15-5364

## History of Literature

## English Literature

The Realms of Gold, 1-79
A bird's-eye view of the scope of literature.
Poetry More Precious than Gold, 1-215
A survey of the different forms of verse.
The Men Who First Wrote English, 1-299
Chaucer, Wyclif, Gower, Langland, Caxton, Sir Thomas More, Malory, Tyndale.

Chaucer, The Canterbury Tales, 13-4767
The Greatest Book in English, 2-473
A Shining Splendor Comes, 2-721
William Shakespeare.
Shakespeare's Plays, 3-833
A Midsummer Night's Dream, 8-2685
All's Well That Ends Well, 8-2686
The Tempest, 8-2687
The Merchant of Venice, 8-2688
Othello, the Moor of Venice, 8-2691
Twelfth Night, 8-2692
Measure for Measure, 16-5755
The Winter's Tale, 16-5756
Much Ado about Nothing, 16-5757
Romeo and Juliet, 16-5759
Hamlet, Prince of Denmark, 16-5761
Speeches from Shakespeare, 11-3927
Shakespeare at His Height, 3-983
Great Writers of Shakespeare's Time, 3-1117
Sir Thomas Wyatt, Tottel, Holinshed, Edmund Spenser, Richard Hakluyt, Christopher Marlowe, Michael Drayton, Francis Bacon, Beaumont and Fletcher, Ben Jonson.

Marlowe, The Passionate Shepherd, 9-3274
Drayton
The Arming of Pigwiggen, 3-847
The Ballad of Agincourt, 5-1885

## Jonson

To Celia, 2-489
True Growth, 3-847
Suckling, Orsames' Song, 17-6376
Lovelace
To Althea from Prison, 16-5708
To Lucasta on Going to the Wars, 17-637

## Herrick

The Argument of His Book, 1-328
Cherry Ripe, 8-3002
Counsel to Girls, 5-1779
Fair Daffodils, 7-2527
A Grace, 2-488
Rubies and Pearls, 16-5708
A Ternarie of Littles, 17-6379

## Herbert

The Elixir, 12-4349
Unkindness, 17-6379
The Pulley, 1-323
Milton and His Poems, 4-1235
L'Allegro, 1-327
Il Penseroso, 1-327
Ode on the Morning of Christ's Nativity, 4-1236
Sonnets
On his Blindness, 17-6378
On the Late Massacre in Piemont, 1-328
On Shakespeare, 2-724
On His Having Arrived at the Age of Twenty-three, 1-328
To the Lord-General Cromwell, 12-4349
To the Nightingale, 14-5238
Poets of a Dull Day, 4-1357
Dryden and Pope.
Dryden, A Song for St. Cecilia's Day, 4-1270
John Bunyan and Daniel Defoe, 4-1477
Defoe, Robinson Crusoe, 2-665
Bunyan, The Pilgrim's Progress, 15-5543
Swift, Addison and Steele, 5-1619
Swift, Gulliver in Lilliput, 3-947
Addison
The Spacious Firmament, 13-4600
The Twenty-third Psalm, 2-486
The Diary-writers, 5-1727
Samuel Pepys, John Evelyn, Fanny Burney.
Evelyn, The Great Fire of London, 8-2819
Doctor Johnson and His Friends, 5-1867
James Boswell, Oliver Goldsmith.
Goldsmith, The Deserted Village, 15-5645
Poetry Goes Back to the Country, 6-2027
James Thomson, Allan Ramsay, John Dyer, Thomas Gray, William Collins, William Cowper.

Gray, Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard, 9-3337

## Cowper

Boadicea, 1-322
Dispute between Nose and Eyes, 11-4116
The Dog and the Water-lily, 7-2528
Epitaph on a Hare, 7-2529
God Moves in a Mysterious Way, 3-1141
John Gilpin, 5-1639
The Loss of the Royal George, 1-324
Nightingale and Glow-worm, 2-606
The Retired Cat, 5-1780
The Master of the People's Songs, 6-2135
Robert Burns.
A Man's a Man for a' That, 12-4474
Bannockburn, 2-738
Bonnie Jean, 6-2246
The Cotter's Saturday Night, 13-4597
My Heart's in the Highlands, 4-1382
A Red, Red Rose, 9-3274
The Selkirk Grace, 12-4475
To a Mountain Daisy, 14-5128
To a Mouse, 3-1008
The Tellers of Tales, 6-2253
Samuel Richardson, Henry Fielding, Laurence Sterne, Tobias Smol-
lett, Oliver Goldsmith, Fanny Burney, Horace Walpole, Mrs. Ann Radcliffe, Maria Edgeworth, Jane Austen.
Wordsworth and His Friends, 7-2353
Wordsworth, Samuel Taylor Coleridge, Robert Southey.
Wordsworth
To a Skylark, 11-4034
The Flight of Peter Bell, 12-4347
The Kitten and the Falling Leaves, 14-4956
The Reaper, 14-4954
London, 1802, 12-4349
Composed upon Westminster Bridge, 12-4350
She Was a Phantom of Delight, 8-2903
The Daffodils, 1-102
To a Butterfly, 16-6024
To a Butterfly, 6-2152
March, 4-1384
Lucy, 2-606
The Rainbow, 2-607
Lucy Gray, 3-1140
The Pet Lamb, 6-2031
To the Cuckoo, 6-2033
To the Skylark, 7-2529
Intimations of Immortality, 7-2633

## English and Literature

## Southey

The Inchcape Rock, 7-2527
Father William, 2-484
The Battle of Blenheim, 2-483
The Traveler's Return, 7-2527

## Coleridge

Answer to a Child's Question, 1-324
A Child's Evening Prayer, 2-485
The Good Great Man, 16-5867
Byron, Scott, Shelley and Keats, 7-2489
Byron
The Eve of Waterloo, 8-2766
She Walks in Beauty, 8-2903
The Vision of Belshazzar, 7-2529

## Scott

Jock of Hazeldean, 3-847
Sound Loud the Clarion, 8-2906
Lullaby of an Infant Chief, 2-736
Time, 11-4030
Lochinvar, 12-4471
Old Christmas, 17-6106
The Last Charge of the French at Waterloo, 15-5522
The Lay of the Last Minstrel, 17-6377
Shelley
Lines to an Indian Air, 3-1142
Autumn, 4-1515
To the Moon, 2-489
Ode to the West Wind, 11-4113
The Skylark, 16-6021
Night, 14-5240
The Cloud, 18-6647
Keats
La Belle Dame Sans Merci, 11-4112
To Autumn, 1-325
Ode to a Nightingale, 5-1886
On First Looking into Chapman's Homer, 5-1645
The Realm of Fancy, 6-2241
Fairy Song, 2-606
The Dove, 3-1142
When I Have Fears, 3-1141
Scott and His Stories, 7-2625
Waverley Novels, 11-4069
The Books of Dickens and Thackeray, 8-2731
Dickens
David Copperfield, 8-2773
The Old Man Named Scrooge, 17-6115

A Scene from Nicholas Nickleby, 16-5683
The Writers of Essays, 8-2865
Bacon, Steele, Addison, Goldsmith, Lamb, Hazlitt, Leigh Hunt, De Quincey, Macaulay, Stevenson.

## Carlyle and Ruskin, 9-3311

Ruskin, The King of the Golden River, 6-2221
The Historians, 9-3201
Clarendon, Gibbon, Macaulay, Gardiner, Green, Hallam, Stubbs, Froude, Lingard.
The Fame of Alfred Tennyson, 10-3469
The Brook, 1-101
Death of the Old Year, 17-6109
O Swallow, Swallow, Flying South, 1-326
Selection from The Princess, 14-5131
The Reconciliation, 17-6378
Ring Out, Wild Bells, 17-6109
Sweet and Low, 1-322
In Memoriam, 12-4343
The Revenge, 13-4739
Crossing the Bar, 4-1382
The Deserted House, 10-3740
The Bugle, 8-2903
A Vision of the Future, 9-3276
Break, Break, Break, 6-2151
Tears, Idle Tears, 5-1779
The Charge of the Light Brigade, 5-1778
The Owl, 6-2153
Minnie and Winnie, 3-1009
A Cradle Song, 3-848
The Beggar Maid, 2-736
The Silent Voices, 4-1516
Sir Galahad, 3-1006
Mother, 4-1380
Come into the Garder, Maud, 4-1270
Ulysses, 18-6798
The Story of the Brownings, $10-3687$
Robert Browning
All's Right with the World, 2-607
The Boy and the Angel, 13-4741
Home Thoughts from Abroad, $10-3736$
Incident of the French Camp, 12-4350
The Last Ride Together, 9-3109
Life in a Love, 1-325
The Pied Piper of Hamlin, 1-224
Prospice, 3-1006
How They Brought the Good News from Ghent to Aix, 19-6867

## Elizabeth Browning

A Woman's Shortcomings, 13-4743
A Child's Thought of God, 2-486
Sonnet, 15-5647
A Man's Requirements, 5-1646
A Musical Instrument, 5-1779
My Kate, 14-5241
The Poet and the Bird, 11-4033
The Sleep, 8-2765
The Sweetest Lives, 4-1380
A Valediction, 4-1380
The Weakest Thing, 7-2637
Great Fiction in Its Full Tide, 11-3891
Lytton, Disraeli, Charles Reade, Charles Kingsley, Charlotte Brontë, George Eliot, Anthony Trollope, George Meredith, Thomas Hardy, Mrs. Gaskell, George Macdonald, William Black, William Sharp, Stevenson, Barrie, Ian Maclaren, Crockett, Rider Haggard, Anthony Hope, Arthur Quiller-Couch, Conan Doyle, Seton Merriman, Hall Caine, William de Morgan, Mrs. Humphry Ward, Rudyard Kipling, Israel Zangwill, Eden Phillpotts.

Kingsley, Westward Ho! 14-5027
Stevenson, Treasure Island, 13-4645
Barrie
The Story of Peter Pan, 13-4659
The Branding of Tommy, 9-3239
Prose Writers of Our Time, 11-3999
John Morley, Andrew Lang, George Borrow, William Henry Hudson, Frank Bullen, Leslie Stephen, Thomas Henry Huxley, Charles Darwin, James Bryce, Sir Sidney Lee, Sir George Macaulay Trevelyan.
Victorian and Georgian Poets, 12-4227
Crabbe, Hogg, John Clare, Blake, Thomas Moore, Thomas Campbell, Macaulay, Mrs. Hemans, Walter Savage Landor, Thomas Hood, Swinburne, Dante Gabriel Rossetti, William Morris, Matthew Arnold, Arthur Hugh Clough, Robert Buchanan, Francis Thompson, Coventry Patmore, Charles Kingsley, Stevenson, Conan Doyle, George Macdonald, Newbolt, Sir Edwin Arnold, Jean Ingelow, Alice Meynell, W. E. Henley, Rudyard Kipling, Hardy, Sir William Watson, Alfred Austin, John Masefield, Alfred Noyes, Yeats, Walter de la Mare, A. E. Housman, Laurence Housman, John Drinkwater, Rupert Brooke, Siegfried Sassoon, Arthur O'Shaughnessy.
E. Arnold, Armageddon, 12-4348

Matthew Arnold
The Forsaken Merman, 8-3001
Shakespeare, 7-2365

## Blake

The Lamb, 2-606
Night, 17-6376
Nurse's Song, 3-847
Piping Down the Valleys Wild, 8-2764
Sleep, Beauty Bright, 3-848
The Tiger, 3-1139

## Buchanan

The Coming of Spring, 11-4032
Judas Iscariot, 14-5239

## Brooke

The Soldier, 12-4273

## Supplementary Reading

Rupert Brooke, 17-6393
Brown, My Garden, 18-6797
Campbell
Battle of the Baltic, 3-1140
Hohenlinden, 3-1009
The Irish Harper, 10-3741
Lord Ullin's Daughter, 2-737
The Parrot, 4-1384
Ye Mariners of England, 2-609
Clough, Say Not the Struggle Naught Availeth, 17-6380
Davis, Leisure, 9-3111
Dobson, In After Days, 7-2365
Conan Doyle
The Blind Archer, 7-2526
December's Snow, 8-3004
A Parable, 11-4032
The Song of the Bow, 9-3107

## Gosse

Apologia, 8-3004
Blake, 8-2764
The Charcoal-burner, 10-3739
A Song for the New Year, 6-2243
To Tusitala in Vailima, 10-3737
With a Copy of Herrick, 12-4348
Graves
The Bogie Man, 15-5527
The Bus, 4-1519
A Child's Evening Prayer, 2-611
German Folk Songs, 7-2366
Hemans
Casabianca, 4-1384
The Homes of England, 3-845
The Pilgrim Fathers, 16-6022

## Henley

Invictus, 3-1142
England, My England, 7-2365
The Full Sea Rolls, 8-2764
When You Are Old, 16-5866
Hogg
Boy's Song, 2-607
Kilmeny, 16-5863
The Skylark, 3-1142
Hood
I Remember, I Renember, 3-845
November in England, 14-5130
Queen Mab, 3-1138
The Song of the Shirt, 16-5710
Ingelow
A Story of Life, 9-3276
Seven Times One, 14-4956
Kingsley
A Farewell, 1-102
The Lost Doll, 14-5129
The Sands of Dee, 1-322
The Three Fishers, 15-5522
Young and Old, 8-2906
Kipling
If, 6-2036
Recessional, 19-6872
The Overland Mail, 15-5524
Who Dies if England Live? 15-5422
Landor
Finis, 12-4474
No Truer Word, 9-3271
Winter, 17-6378
Macaulay
The Armada, 14-5127
How Horatius Kept the Bridge, 10-3639
Macdonald
Baby, 2-486
Better Things, 4-1383
Little White Lily, 17-6380
Over the Hill, 9-3270
The Wind and the Moon, 16-5711
A. Meynell

The Shepherdess, 16-6024
My Heart Shall Be Thy Garden, 16-5924
Thomas Moore
As Down in the Sunless Retreats, 6-2035

A Canadian Boat-song, 15-5419
The Last Rose of Summer, 16-5922
The Minstrel Boy, 2-484
She Is Far from the Land, 11-4115
Sound the Loud Timbrel, 8-2764
Believe Me, if All Those Endearing Young Charms, 17-6378

## Morris

The Day is Coming, 16-6024
The Day of Days, 12-4475
The Earthly Paradise, 9-3108

## Newbolt

Drake's Drum, 16-5924
The Best School of Ali, 16-5711
The Torch of Life, 8-3005
Newman, Lead, Kindly Light, 12-4435
Noyes, Slave and Emperor, 11-4111
O'Shaughnessy
St. John the Baptist, 15-5647
We Are the Dreamers of Dreams, 16-5709

## Oxenham

Diamond Dust, 9-3271
Great-Heart, 8-3006
What Can a Little Chap Do? 6-2036
Patmore, The Round of the Year, 12-4475
A. Procter, Pictures in the Fire, 2-738

Rossetti, D. G., The Blessed Damozel, 8-2904
Rossetti, C.
Up-hill, 12-4472
Goblin Market, 9-3103
A Birthday, 4-1383
Sassoon, I Lived My Days Apart, 12-4234
Stevenson
The Land of Nod, 3-1009
Travel, 3-1136
The Unseen Playmate, 2-608
Armies in the Fire, 1-101
The Epitaph, 8-2869
My Shadow, 1-101
Home No More Home to Me, 9-3110

## Swinburne

A Match, 8-3006
Chorus from Atalanta in Calydon, 6-2243
F. Thompson, The Hound of Heaven, 8-2901

Van Dyke
Rencontre, 11-4114
God Sends Love to You, 14-4955

## English and Literature

The Three Best Things, 12-4272
Four Things, 8-2765
Watson, To My Mother's Memory, 9-3271

## 数

## American Literature

American Literature in Colonial Times, 12-4445
John Smith, Robert Beverley, Colonel William Byrd, Roger Williams, Richard Mather, Cotton Mather, Thomas Hooker, Jonathan Edwards, Benjamin Franklin, John Dickinson, Thomas Paine, Alexander Hamilton, James Madison, John Jay.
American Literature to the Civil War: I, $13-4625$
Charles Brockden Brown, Washington Irving, James Fenimore Cooper, William Gilmore Simms, Richard Henry Dana, Jr., Herman Melville, William Cullen Bryant, Philip Freneau, Fitz-Greene Halleck, Joseph Rodman Drake, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Margaret Fuller, Henry David Thoreau, Nathaniel Hawthorne.

## Bryant

An Indian at the Burial-place of His Fathers, 18-6650
Planting the Apple-tree, 18-6648
A Forest Hymn, 10-3741
Robert of Lincoln, 15-5523
To a Waterfowl, 17-6379
Truth Crushed to Earth, 14-5131
The Death of the Flowers, 18-6799

## Emerson

Borrowing, 16-6024
Concord Hymn, 11-4032
Good-bye, 6-2245
The Mountain and the Squirrel, 3-846
A Nation's Strength, 14-5129
The Snow-storm, 8-2906
The Test, 13-4743
Cooper, Last of the Mohicans, 1-267
Melville, Moby Dick, 15-5401
Dana, Two Years before the Mast, 9-3357
Irving, Rip Van Winkle, 12-4481
Drake, The Culprit Fay, 4-1271
American Literature to the Civil War: II, 13-4725
Poe, Longfellow, Holmes, Lowell, Whittier, Whitman, Harriet Beecher Stowe.

Poe
The Bells, 16-6023
Israfel, 1-325

Annabel Lee, 2-489
The Raven, 18-6753
The Gold-Bug, 5-1899

## Longfellow

The Arrow and the Song, 13-4744
The Baby and the Brook, 13-4600
The Bridge, 4-1515
The Builders, 12-4350
The Children's Hour, 14-4955
Excelsior, 2-609
The Happiest Land, 5-1780
Hiawatha's Brothers, 17-6378
Maidenhood, 14-5240
Nature, 14-5238
The Norman Baron, 17-6375
Paul Revere's Ride, 15-5649
A Psalm of Life, 2-484
The Ship of State, 3-846
Ships That Pass in the Night, 12-4473
Snow-flakes, 3-1141
Songs of Birds, 14-5131
The Three Kings, 18-6465
To the River Charles, 7-2638
The Village Blacksmith, 1-227
The Wreck of the Hesperus, 1-103

## Holmes

Lord of All Being, 4-1514
Old Ironsides, 4-1380
The Two Armies, 6-2245
What the Stars Have Seen, 5-1888
The Wonderful One-Hoss Shay, 9-3269

## Lowell

The Courtin', 16-5922
The Fatherland, 3-846
The Fountain, 2-607
An Incident in a Railroad Car, 9-3272
A Parable, 6-2245
The Present Crisis, 7-2525
A Stanza on Freedom, 16-5867
June (from The Vision of Sir Launfal), 4-1515
Whittier
The Red River Voyageur, 15-5420
At Last, 7-2637
Maud Muller, 16-5707
The Barefoot Boy, 4-1517
Whitman, O Captain, My Captain, 10-3736

American Literature, 1865-1900, 13-4815
Edward Everett Hale, Thomas Bailey Aldrich, John Banister Tabb, Sidney Lanier, Joel Chandler Harris, Benjamin Shillaber, Charles Farrar Browne, Maria Holley, Finley Peter Dunne, Mark Twain, William Dean Howells, Bret Harte, Sarah Orne Jewett, George Cable, Mary Wilkins Freeman, James Whitcomb Riley, Helen Hunt Jackson, Thomas Nelson Page, William Hickling Prescott, George Bancroft, John Lothrop Motley, Francis Parkman, John Fiske, Edward Eggleston, James Ford Rhodes, Silas Weir Mitchell, Mary Johnston, Lew Wallace.

Hale, The Man without a Country, 7-2401
Aldrich, Memory, 12-4348

## Tabb

In Absence, 11-4114
Foot Soldiers, 11-4111
Lanier, Into the Woods My Master Went, 10-3740
Field
Wynken, Blynken and Nod, 1-98
Fiddle-dee-dee! 9-3272
Pittypat and Tippytoe, 10-3484
The Fly-away Horse, 11-4111
Good-Children Street, 9-3340
Poet and King, 12-4476
The Humming Top, 6-2150
Rock-a-by Lady, 18-6469
Inscription on a Silver Plate, 12-4473
The Shut-eye Train, 9-3108
Long Ago, 9-3108
Teeny-Weeny, 11-4036
Riley
The Land of Thus-and-So, 9-3274
A Life-lesson, 18-6755

## Harte

The Heathen Chinee, 4-1381
Flynn of Virginia, 6-2244
Jackson, Ramona, 1-133
Lew Wallace, Ben-Hur, 10-3745
American Writers of the New Century, 14-5007
Owen Wister, Richard Harding Davis, Hamlin Garland, Francis Marion Crawford, Henry James, Edith Wharton, O. Henry, Emerson Hough, Stewart Edward White, Booth Tarkington, Dorothy Canfield, Margaret Deland, Joseph Lincoln, George Ade, Don Marquis, Ellen Glasgow, Zona Gale, Edna Ferber, Joseph Hergesheimer, Theodore Dreiser, Sinclair Lewis, Henry Sydnor Harrison, Christopher Morley, George Santayana, Edwin Markham, Edgar Lee Masters, Amy Lowell, Edwin Arlington Rohinson, Peter Parley,

Jacob Abbott, William Taylor Adams, Susan Warner, Horatin Alger, Louisa May Alcott, Mrs. Peebles, Mary Mapes Dodge, Francis Hodgson Burnett, Howard Pyle, Kate Douglas Wiggin, Joseph A. Altsheler.

## Markham

Lincoln, the Man of the People, 5-1645
The Man with the Hoe, 8-3003
Preparedness, 8-3006
Masters, Ann Rutledge, 4-1514
Pyle, The Fruit of Happiness, 11-3832
Kilmer, Trees, 12-4271

## (2y)

## Canadian Literature

Canada's Poets and Prose Writers: I, 14-5103
Michel Bibaud, François Xavier Garneau, Joseph Lenoir, Abbé Ferland, Thomas Chandler Haliburton, Mrs. Traill, Mrs. Moodie, John Richardson, Mrs. Leprohon, Charles Sangster, Charles Heavysege, Charles Mair, Isabella Crawford, Charles G. D. Roberts, William Carman Roberts, Theodore Goodrich Roberts, Mrs. Macdonald, Bliss Carman, Archibald Lampman, W. W. Campbell, William H. Drummond, Duncan Campbell Scott, Frederick George Scott, Robert W. Service, John McCrae, Pauline Johnson, Beatrice Redpath, Mrs. Isabel Mackay, Marjorie Pickthall, Octave Crémazie, Louis Fréchette.

Haliburton, Sam Slick, 10-3527
Mrs. Moodie, Roughing It in the Bush, 16-5901
Richardson, Wacousta, 9-3141

## Sangster

The Plains of Abraham, 10-3482
The Rapid, 15-5421
Roberts, C. G. D., On the Road, 11-4114
Roberts, Theodore G.
Love and the Young Knight, 10-3484
The Hamadryad, 10-3484
Mrs. Macdonald, A Secret Song, 8-2902
Bliss Carman
At Twilight, 11-4114
We Are the Roadside Flowers, 17-6282
The Gift, 19-6991
Lampman, Hepaticas, 15-5422
Drummond
De Bell of St. Michel, 10-3483
Ole Tam on Bord-a-Plouffe, 10-3479

Scott, D. C., Off Rivière du Loup, 10-3481
Scott, F. G.
A Hymn of Empire, 10-3483
The Colors of the Flag, 10-3482
The River, 10-3481
The Warders, 9-3271
Quebec, 12-4475
The Unnamed Lake, 15-5419
O Canada, 17-6256
Service, The Mounted Police, 15-5421
McCrae, In Flanders Fields, 16-5924
Johnson
Harvest Time, 15-5421
Prairie Greyhounds, 10-3480
The Song My Paddle Sings, 15-5419
Canada's Poets and Prose Writers: II, 15-5367
Louis Hémon, Abbé Casgrain, George Bryce, Beckles Willson, George M. Wrong, Joseph Pope, Oscar D. Skelton, Pelham Edgar, W. S. Wallace, Marjory MacMurchy, William Kirby, James De Mille, Sir Gilbert Parker, Agnes Laut, Ralph Connor, H. A. Cody, Madge Macbeth, Martha Ostenso, Arthur Stringer, Sara Jeanette Duncan, L. M. Montgomery, Nellie McClung, J. G. Sime, Norman Duncan, Stephen Leacock, Peter McArthur, Ernest ThompsonSeton, Marshall Saunders, Cyrus MacMillan, Ray Palmer Baker, and others.


## Eastern Literature

The Literatures of the East, 15-5459
Short sketches of Chinese, Japanese, Sanskrit, Babylonian and Assyrian, Persian, Egyptian, Arabic and Hebrew literatures.

## Greek Literature

The Literature of Greece, 16-5747
Homer, Hesiod, Sappho, Xenophanes, Simonides, Pindar, Herodotus, Thucydides, Æschylus, Sophocles, Euripides, Aristophanes.

The Story of the Iliad, 6-1983
The Story of the Odyssey, 6-1984
Tennyson's Ulysses, 18-6798

## Roman Literature

The Literature of Rome, 16-5907
Livius Andronicus, Nævius, Ennius, Plautus, Terence, Lucilius, Cato, Lucretius, Catullus, Cicero, Virgil, Horace, Ovid, Livy, Seneca, Pliny, Tacitus, Juvenal.

Virgil, The Story of the Eneid, 6-1986
The First Great Men of Rome, 4-1361

## Italian Literature

The Literature of Italy, 17-6149
Dante, Petrarch, Boccaccio, Tasso, Goldoni, Alfieri, Manzoni and d'Annunzio.

Mercantini, Garibaldi's Hymn, 17-6252

## German Literature

The Literature of Germany: I, 17-6265
The Nibelungenlied, Walter von der Vogelweide, Luther, Hans
Sachs, Jacob Böhme, Grimmeishausen, Lessing, Herder, Von Kleist, Uhland.

Uhland, The Castle by the Sea, 19-6988
The Literature of Germany: II, 17-6409
Grillparzer, Immermann, Goethe, Schiller, Heine, the Brothers Grimm, Hebbel, Freytag, Nietzsche.

Raspe, Adventures of Baron Munchausen, 4-1421
Goethe
The Erl-King, 19-6988
Haste Not, Rest Not, 4-1381
Rest, 19-6988
The Wild Rose, 19-6987
Heine
The Lorelei, 6-2035
The Pretty Fisher Maiden, 19-6987
To My Sister, 19-6987
Muiller, Whither? 19-6987
Krummacher, The Moss Rose, 19-6987
Schneckenburger, Die Wacht am Rhein, 17-6254
The Grimm Brothers, 9-3194

## French Literature

The Literature of France: I, 18-6559
The Song of Roland and other epics of the Middle Ages, The Tale of Reynard, The Romance of the Rose, Villehardouin, Joinville, Froissart, De Commines, François Villon, Rabelais, Calvin, Marot, Ronsard, Montaigne.

The Adventures of Reynard, 8-2965
Ronsard, Welcome to Spring, 7-2364

The Literature of France: II, 18-6711
Boileau, Corneille, Racine, Molière, La Fontaine, Descartes, Pascal, Bossuet, Fénelon, Bayle, Diderot, D'Alembert, Rousseau, Beaumarchais, Rouget de Lisle, Châteaubriand, Auguste Comte, Lamartine, Gautier, Béranger, Victor Hugo, George Sand, Balzac, Prosper Mérimée, Alphonse Daudet, Thierry, Guizot, Anatole France.

La Fontaine, The Castle-builder, $12-4270$
De Lisle, Marseillaise, 12-4472
Jenneval, La Brabançonne, 17-6253
Beranger
The Gadfly, 18-6717
The Grandmother's Tale, 16-5921
Hugo, The Stream and the Ocean, 10-3741
Daudet
The Game of Billiards, 4-1528
The Last Class, 19-7220
Bourdillon, Light, 17-6378

## Russian Literature

The Literature of Russia, 19-6905
Polotsky, Lomonosov, Derzhavin, Radistchev, Novikov, Karamzin, Krylov, Griboyedov, Zhukovski, Pushkin, Lermontov, Koltsov, Nekrasov, Tolstoy, Belinsky, Saltykov, Gogol, Turgenev, Dostoevski.

## Scandinavian Literature

The Literature of Scandinavia, 19-7009
Danish
The Sagas, Holberg, Tullin, Ewald, Wessel, Baggesen, Öhlenschläger, Hans Andersen, Dr. Georg Brandes.

Hans Andersen, 9-3194
Norwegian
Wergeland, Vinje, Garborg, Welhaven, Ibsen, Björnson, Jonas Lie, Knut Hamsun.
Swedish
Von Dalin, Tegner, Miss Bremer, Runeberg, Lönnrot, Strindberg, Ellen Key, Selma Lagerlöf.

Runeberg, Our Land, Our Land, Our Fatherland, 17-6252
Selma Lagerlöf, The School Examination, 13-4753
Bjerregaard, Sons of Dear Norway, 17-6253
Strindberg, Swedish National Hymn, 17-6253

## Spanish and Portuguese Literature

The Literature of Spain and Portugal, 19-7125
The Cid, Amadis, Mendosa, Cervantes, Calderón, Lope de Vega, Camoëns.

Cervantes, Don Quixote, 5-1629

## Poetry

The Poetry in the Guide is arranged by subjects. A poem will sometimes be found in more than one division. In Memoriam, for example, is found under Poems of Love and Friendship and also under Poems of Immortality, as it belongs to both. There may be a difference of opinion in regard to some of the poems, which is often the case in classified collections depending solely upon the judgment or sentiment of one person. For songs and quotations from Shakespeare see Shakespeare in the Poetry Index.

A series of twelve articles telling what poetry is, explaining the different kinds of verse, and how to read and remember poetry, will be found under the following titles:

Poetry the Music of Words, 1-99<br>The Different Kinds of Verse, 1-223<br>The Earliest English Poetry, 1-321<br>Why Should We Read Poetry? 2-481<br>How to Read Poetry, 2-605<br>How to Remember Poetry, 2-735<br>The Poets and Childhood, 3-843<br>Poetry of Youth and Manhood, 3-1005<br>The Poetry of Action, 3-1135<br>The Poetry of Common Things, 4-1269<br>Our Feelings in Poetry, 4-1379<br>The Poetry of Nature, 4-1513

## Poems of Childhood

All the Children, 9-3276
Armies in the Fire, 1-101
The Arming of Pigwiggen, 3-847 Baby, 2-486
The Baby and the Brook, 13-4600
Babyland, 16-5923
Babyland, 17-6379
Big and Little Things, 7-2638
The Blind Boy, 3-1007
A Boy's Thanksgiving, 5-2152
The Buckle, 7-2365
The Burial of the Linnet, 14-4956
The Butterfly's Ball, 3-1008
The Butterfly's Funeral, 10-3644
Cher Ami, D.S.C., 6-2151
A' Child's Evening Prayer, 2-485
A Child's Thought of God, 2-486
The Child's Wish in June, 4-1383
Cuddle Doon, 11-4116

Dobbin's Friend, 5-1887
Epitaph on a Hare, 7-2529
The Fairies, 2-485
The Fairy Tempter, 8-2906
Fiddle-dee-dee, 9-3272
The Flowers, 6-2244
The Fly-away Horse, 11-4111
Foot Soldiers, 11-4111
The Frolic of Johnny the Stout, 5-1884
The Frost Looked Forth, 6-2148
Goblin Market, 9-3103
Good-Children Street, 9-3340
Good Night, 1-324
The Greedy Boy, 3-844
Happiness, 7-2637
He Comes in the Night, 17-6111
Here a Little Child I Stand, 2-488
How to Write a Letter, 14-4955

The Humming Top, 6-2150
The Kitten and the Falling Leaves, 14-4956
The Lamb, 2-606
The Land of Nod, 3-1009
The Land of Thus-and-So, 9-3274
The Laughing Brook, 6-2153
The Little Star, 3-1138
Little White Lily, 17-6380
The Lost Doll, 14-5129
The Man Who Is Twelve Years Old, 8-2765
Minnie and Winnie, 3-1009
Mother's Kisses, 3-1139
Mother's World, 5-1645
The Mouse and the Cake, 13-4743
My Menagerie, 4-1516
My Mother, 2-736
My Shadow, 1-101
The North Wind, 3-1138
O Mammy's Pickaninny, 19-6873
Oh, Look at the Moon, 7-2364
Only a Baby Small, 5-1887
Over the Hill, 9-3270
The Pet Lamb, 6-2031

Pittypat and Tippytoe, 10-3484
Queen Mab, 3-1138
Rock-a-by Lady, 18-6469
Seven Times One, 14-4956
The Shut-eye Train, 9-3108
The Sun, 16-5923
Suppose the Little Cowslip, 6-2246
Teeny-Weeny, 11-4036
The Tiger, 3-1139
Travel, 3-1136
Under My Window, 5-1646
The Unseen Playmate, 2-608
The Voice of the Grass, 6-2153
A Walk in Spring, 9-3111
Wee Willie Winkie, 2-736
Weighing the Baby, 5-1780
What Might Have Been, 5-1888
What Robbie Would Like, 12-4270
Who Can This Somebody Be? 2-482
Why It Was Cold in May, 11-4033
Willie's Lodger, 5-1888
The Wind in a Frolic, 1-228
Wishing, 3-1007
Wynken, Blynken and Nod, 1-98
The Young Mouse, 3-844

## Poems of Love and Friendship

Ann Rutledge, 4-1514
Annabel Lee, 2-489
Blake, 8-2764
The Blessed Damozel, 8-2904
Bonnie Jean, 6-2246
Cherry Ripe, 8-3002
Come into the Garden, Maud, 4-1270
December's Snow, 8-3004
A Dedication, 11-4032
Diamond Dust, 9-3271
Disdain Returned, 9-3110
Douglas, Douglas, Tender and True, 6-2034
Envoy, 11-4030
Fairy Song, 2-606
Farewell, 16-5924
A Father's Blessing, 19-6873
The Hamadryad, 10-3484
Heraclitus, 8-3004
How Many Times? 10-3644
I Traveled among Unknown Men, 18-6467
In Absence, 11-4114
In Memoriam, 12-4343
An Incident in a Railroad Car, 9-3272
Jenny Kissed Me, 19-6991

La Belle Dame Sans Merci, 11-4112.
The Last Ride Together, 9-3109
Life in a Love, 1-325
Love and Friendship, 19-6872
Love in Tears, $14-5241$
The Love Knot, 4-1518
The Lover's Resolution, 17-6376
Love's Reasonings, 11-4033
Lucy, 2-606
A Man's Requirements, 5-1646
A Match, 8-3006
The Mother to Her Infant, 8-2906
My Heart Shall Be Thy Garden, 16-5924
My Kate, 14-5241
My Old Friend, 12-4271
My Playmate, 18-6466
The Nymph's Reply to the Passionate Shepherd, 9-3339
O Captain! My Captain! 10-3736
Old Friends, 17-6378
Omission, 19-6872
On Sir Philip Sidney, 11-4029
One of Us Two, 18-6651
Orsames' Song, 17-6376
The Passionate Shepherd, 9-3274
The Pretty Fisher Maiden, 19-6987

Rencontre, 11-4114
The Rose, 19-6874
Rubies and Pearls, 16-5708
She Walks in Beauty, 8-2903
She Was a Phantom of Delight, 8-2903
The Shepherdess, 16-6024
A Sigh, 18-6468
Since We Parted, 18-6651
The Traveler's Return, 7-2527

Three Years She Grew, 18-6467
To Althea from Prison, 16-5708
To Anthea, 19-6991
To Lucasta, on Going to the Wars, 17-6376
To Thomas Moore, 19-6989
To Tusitala in Vailima, 10-3737
A Valediction, 4-1380
With a Copy of Herrick, 12-4348
A Woman's Shortcomings, 13-4743

## Poems of Sentiment and Reflection

Aladdin, 18-6468
All Things Shall Pass Away, 1-323
Amends to Nature, 8-3004
Apologia, 8-3004
The Arctic Indian's Faith, 10-3481
Armageddon, 12-4348
As Down in the Sunless Retreats, 6-2035
Be Patient with the Children, 14-5240
Birds, 8-2764
Borrowing, 16-6024
Break! Break! Break! 6-2151
The Caged Bird, 12-4270
The Cane-bottomed Chair, 8-2763
The Children's Hour, $14-4955$
Chorus from Atalanta in Calydon, 6-2243
Common Things, 13-4744
The Country Faith, 6-2036
The Cry of the Dreamer, 12-4473
The Day of Days, 12-4475
De Bell of St. Michel, 10-3483
Death of the Old Year. 17-6109
Each in His Own Tongue, 4-1514
The Earth and Man. 12-4476
The Earthly Paradise, 9-3108
Faith, 16-5924
The Fatherland, 3-846
Finis, 12-4474
Fleet Street, 13-4600
The Flight of the Arrow, 15-5866
The Flight of Youth, 18-6650
For Those Who Fail, 12-4476
The Gift, 19-6991
Good-bye, 6-2245
Gray's Elegy, 9-3337
Great Nature Is an Army Gay, 14-5130
The Heavens in London Town, 10-3737
Home No More Home to Me, 9-3110

Home Thoughts in Laventie, 12-4271
I Heard a Soldier, 3-1139
I Saw a New World, 19-6870
If We Had but a Day, 8-2903
Il Penseroso, 1-327
In After Days, 7-2365
In the Making, 12-4475
Invictus, 3-1142
The Irish Harper, 10-3741
The Isle of Long Ago, 16-5709
It Is Common, 9-3276
L'Allegro, 1-327
Late Leaves, 19-6992
A Life-lesson, 18-6755
Long Ago, 9-3108
Love and the Young Knight, 10-3484
The Man with the Hoe, 8-3003
A Man's a Man for A' That, 12-4474
The Men of Old, 14-5129
Memories, 19-6989
A Memory, 8-3006
Memory, 12-4348
Mother, 4-1380
My Garden, 18-6797
My House, 6-2242
My Mind to Me a Kingdom Is, 9-3339
My Mother's Hands, 5-1646
My Ships, 5-1778
My Will, 10-3740
A Name in the Sand. 13-4742
A Nation's Strength, 14-5129
Nightingale and Glow-worm, 2-606
Ode to a Nightingale, 5-1886
The Officer's Grave, 5-1781
The Old Familiar Faces, 10-4115
On the Death of Joseph Rodman Drake. 3-1142
On the Road, 11-4114
A Parable. 6-2245
Pictures in the Fire, 2-738
Poet and King, 12-4476
The Poet and the Bird, 11-4033

The Princess, $14-5131$
Prospice, 3-1006
The Pulley, 1-323
Rain on the Roof, 11-4034
The Rainbow, 9-3107
The Raven, 18-6753
Rose and Root, 12-4348
Say Not, the Struggle Naught Availeth, 17-6380
The Seed Shop, 14-5129
The Selkirk Grace, 12-4475
Ships That Pass in the Night, 12-4473
Shuffle-Shoon and Amber-Locks, 19-6993
The Silent Voices, 4-1516
Slave and Emperor, 11-4111
So Live, 6-2036
Sometimes, 10-3740
A Song for the New Year, 6-2243
The Song of the Shirt, 16-5710
Songs of Birds, 14-5131
Sorrow, 14-5130
A Story of Life, 9-3276
Sudden Light, 19-6989
Tears, Idle Tears, 5-1779
A Ternarie of Littles, 17-6379
The Test, 13-4743

The Threshold, 19-6989
Time, 11-4030
To a Butterfly, 6-2152
To a Butterfly, 16-6024
To a Skylark, 11-4034
To Alfred Laliberté, 10-3483
To My Mother's Memory, 9-3271
To the Cuckoo, 6-2033
To the Moon, 2-489
To the River Charles, 7-2638
To the Skylark. 7-2529
True Growth, 3-847
The Two Armies, 6-2245
Two Men, 11-4033
Unkindness, 17-6379
Up-hill, 12-4472
A Vision of the Future, 9-3276
Waiting, 6-2244
The Warders, 9-3271
We Are the Dreamers of Dreams, 16-5709
The Weakest Thing, 7-2637
When Summer Comes. 15-5418
While We May, 19-6872
Whither? 19-6987
Woodman, Spare That Tree, 1-326
The Worm, 3-847
Young and Old, 8-2906

## The Conduct of Life

Beati Illi. 14-5131
Beautiful Things, 12-4270
Better Things, 4-1383
The Blame, 10-3738
The Builders, 12-4350
The Castle-builder, 12-4270
The Character of a Happy Life, 13-4599
Common Natures, 11-4116
The Day Is Coming, 16-6024
A Deed and a Word, 12-4474
The End of Life, 3-1007
A Farewell, 1-102
Father William. 2-484
The Fool's Prayer, 2-488
Four Things, 8-2765
Give Us Men, 18-6797
The Good Great Man, 16-5867
Great-Heart, 8-3006
Haste Not! Rest Not! 4-1381
I Am, 4-1514
If, 6-2036
Inscription on a Silver Hlate, 12-4473

Leisure, 9-3111
The Lesson of the Water Mill, 12-4473
The Little Busy Bee, 2-484
Love, Death and Reputation, 19-6989
O World, Be Nobler, 12-4472
Opportunity, 2-488
The Pilgrim, 9-3338
Preparedness, 8-3006
A Psalm of Life, 2-484
The Sluggard, 2-606
Speak Gently, 18-6755
The Sweetest Lives, 4-1380
There's Room at the Top, 16-5923
Things That Never Die, 5-1887
The Three Best Things, 12-4272
The Torch of Life, 8-3005
True Greatness, 5-1887
Try Again, 144956
What Can a Little Chap Do? 6-2036
What Does It Matter? 11-4033
What I Live For, 9-3274
Wishing, 7-2528
Work, $10-3480$

## Songs and Lyrics

All's Right with the World, 2-607
The Angels' Whisper, 16-5710
Annie Laurie. 1-326
The Arrow and the Song, 13-4744
Auld Lang Syne, 17-6380
Bannockburn, 2-738
The Bargain, 19-6991
Bedouin Song, 9-3270
Believe Me, if All Those Endearing
Young Charms, 17-6378
The Best School of All, 16-5711
A Birthday, 4-1383
Boy's Song, 2-607
The Bugle, 8-2903
A Canadian Boat-song, 15-5419
The Canadian Boat Song, 9-3271
Coronach, 9-3111
Counsel to Girls, 5-1779
A Cradle Song, 3-848
A Cradle Song, 14-5241
The Dance of the Flowers, 7-2366
Fair Daffodils, 7-2527
The Fairy Life, 6-2152
A Fairy Lullaby, 6-2153
A Gaelic Lullaby, 10-3480
Give a Man a Horse He Can Ride, 2-489
God Only Knows, 7-2366
God Sends Love to You, 14-4955
Good-night, Good-night! 3-1009
The Great Adventurer, 8-2767
Hepaticas, 15-5422
The Hills of Skye, 10-3480
Hunting Song, 6-2153
Jealous Jack Frost, 17-6108
Jock of Hazeldean, 3-847
John Anderson, 18-6798
Kathleen Mavourneen, 1-326
The Lark, 8-3002
The Last Rose of Summer, 16-5922
A Life on the Ocean Wave, 4-1383
A Life-lesson. 18-6755
Light, 17-6378
Lines to an Indian Air, 3-1142
A Lover and His Lass (with music), 11-3935
Lullaby! O Lullaby! 13-4600
Lullaby of an Infant Chief, 2-736
Massa's in de Cold, Cold Ground, 8-2764
The Minstrel Boy, 2-484

Miss Poppy, 6-2244
My Heart's in the Highlands, 4-1382
My Maryland, 15-5524
My Old Kentucky Home, Goodnight, 8-3002
Nurse's Song, 3-847
O Swallow, Swallow, Flying South, 1-326
O Sweet Content, 9-3339
O, Willow, Willow (with nusic), 11-3936
Oft in the Stilly Night, 19-6992
Oh! Boys, Carry Me 'Long, 4-1516
Old Folks at Home, 4-1380
Orpheus and His Lute, 8-3004
The Owl, 6-2153
A Piper, 9-3110
Piping down the Valleys Wild, 8-2764
Queen Mab and Her Fairies, 7-2636
The Rapid, 15-5421
The Reconciliation, 17-6378
A' Red, Red Rose, 9-3274
Sally in Our Alley, 6-2151
Serenade, 19-6990
She Is Far from the Land, 11-4115
Sigh No More, Ladies, 9-3399
Sleep, Baby, Sleep, 14-5238
Sleep, Beauty Bright, 3-848
A Song for St. Cecilia's Day, 4-1270
The Song My Paddle Sings, 15-5419
Song of My Heart, 7-2366
The Song of the Bow, 9-3107
A Song of the Camp. 6-2034
Song of the Golden Sea, 15-5421
The Song of the Two Hares, 7-2366
Sweet and Low, 1-322
There's a Good Time Coming, 7-2637
The Three Fishers, 15-5522
To Celia, 2-489
Tom Bowling, 5-1781
Under the Greenwood Tree, 6-2152
The Useful Plough, 4-1384
Were I a Birdie Too, 7-2366
The White Hart (with music), 19-6984
Who Is Sylvia? (with music), 11-3934
The Wild Rose, 19-6987
A Winter Song, 6-2152

## Old Favorites

Alexander Selkirk, 19-6871
Arab's Farewell to His Steed, 2-608
The Barefoot Boy, 4-1517
The Bells of Shandon, 14-5238
The Bridge, 4-1515
Casabianca, 4-1384
The Charge of the Light Brigade, 5-1778
The Courtin', 16-5922
The Curfew Bell, 7-2363
The Day Is Done, 18-6468
Excelsior, 2-609
Home Sweet Home, 1-322
How Horatius Kept the Bridge, 10-3639
I Remember, I Remember, 3-845
King Bruce and the Spider, 15-5521
Life. 18-6651
The Little Busy Bee, 2-484
Little Things, 3-1007
Lochinvar, 12-4471

Lord Ullin's Daughter, 2-737
Marco Bozzaris, 8-2765
The Old Arm-chair, 4-1516
Old Folks at Home, 4-1380
Paul Revere's Ride, 15-5649
The Pilgrim Fathers, 16-6022
A Psalm of Life, 2-484
Rest, 19-6988
Seven Times One, 144956
Somebody's Mother, 18-6649
Sound Loud the Clarion, 8-2906
Speak Gently, 18-6755
The Spider and the Fly, 12-4269
A Stanza on Freedom, 16-5867
Thanksgiving Day, 19-6873
Try Again, 144956
The Village Blacksmith, 1-227
A Visit from St. Nicholas, 4-1517
The Wonderful One-Hoss Shay: 9-3269
The Wreck of the Hesperus, 1-103

## Patriotic Poems

The American Flag, 6-2034
The Blue and the Gray, 10-3643
Canada, 9-3109
The Colors of the Flag, 10-3482
Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean, 17-6250
Dirge of a Soldier, 3-1006
Dixie, 17-6250
Drake's Drum, 16-5924
England, My England, 7-2365
The Flag, 15-5650
Flag Day, 15-5650
For the Fallen. 12-4272
Hail. Columbia, 5-1645
Hear. O Ye Nations, 17-6256
A Hymn of Empire, 10-3483
La Brabançonne, 17-625.3
Land of Hope and Glory, 6-2150

Little Giffen. 6-2242
The Maple Leaf Forever, 19-6874
My Maryland, 15-5524
The Naturalized Alien, 15-5650
Our Norland, 15-5417
Rule. Britannia! 2-486
The Ship of State, 3-846
The Soldier, 12-4273
A Stanza on Freedom, 16-5867
Warren's Address to the American Soldiers, 19-6990
The Wearin' o' the Green, 17-6256
We'll Ha'e Nane but Highland Bonnets Here. 17-6254
When the Call Is Sounded. 15-5650
Who Dies if England Live? 15-5422
Yankee Doodle, 17-6250
Ye Mariners of England, 2-609

## National Hymns

America, the Beautiful, 17-6251
Austrian National Anthem, 17-6251
Battle-hymn of the Republic, 17-6251
Chant National (Canada), 17-6256
Die Wacht am Rhein, 17-6254
Garibaldi's Hymn (Italy), 17-6252
God Save the King, 18-6651

Hymn of Free Russia, 17-6253 Hymn to Liberty (Armenia), 17-6253
Hymn to Liberty (Greece), 17-6255
Japanese National Anthem, 17-6254
Jezcze Polska (Poland), 17-6256
Kong Christian Stod Ved Hiern Mast (Denmark), 17-6252

## Poetry

March of the Men of Harlech The Star-Spangled Banner, (Wales), 17-6254
The Marseillaise, 12-4472
Mexican National Hymn, 17-6255
My Country, 'Tis of Thee, 17-6251
O Canada! 17-6256
Portuguese National Hymn, 17-6254
Serbian National Hymn, 17-6255
Sonner Af Norge (Norway), 17-6253

$$
17-6249
$$

Swiss National Hymn, 17-6255
Tracasca Regele (Rumania), 17-6253
Ur Svenska Hjertans (Sweden), 17-6253
Vart Land (Finland), 17-6252
Wien Neerlansch (Holland), 17-6252

## Historical Poems

The Armada: a Fragment, 14-5127
Babylon, 8-3005
The Ballad of Agincourt, 5-1885
The Battle of Blenheim, 2-483
Battle of the Baltic, 3-1140
The Bivouac of the Dead, 8-2767
Boadicea, 1-322
The Burial of Moses, 14-5237
The Burial of Sir John Moore, 2-607
The Charge of the Light Brigade, 5-1778
Columbus, 2-485
Concord Hymn, 11-4032
The Death of Napoleon, 19-6868
Destruction of Sennacherib, 19-6990
The Eve of Waterloo, 8-2766
Farragut, 10-3643
For Justice, 15-5422
Henry Hudson's Last Voyage, 11-4109
Hohenlinden, 3-1009
Holyrood, 16-6022
How Horatius Kept the Bridge, 10-3639

Incident of the French Camp, 12-4350
Independence Bell, 15-5648
Jacques Cartier, 15-5418
The Last Charge of the French at Waterloo, 15-5522
The Loss of the Royal George, 1-324
Marco Bozzaris, 8-2765
Nathan Hale, 4-1381
The Norman Baron, 17-6375
Old Ironsides, 4-1380
On the Late Massacre in Piemont, 1-328
Paul Revere's Ride, 15-5649
Paulinus and Edwin, 6-2246
The Pilgrim Fathers, 16-6022
The Plains of Abraham, 10-3482
The Present Crisis, 7-2525
The Revenge, 13-4739
Sheridan's Ride, 19-6868
Song of Marion's Men, 11-4032
Sound the Loud Timbrel, 8-2764
The Vision of Belshazzar, 7-2529
William the Conqueror, 8-2903

## Descriptive Poetry

Afar in the Desert. 6-2035
The Argument of His Book, 1-328
At Sea, 14-5128
At Twilight, 11-4114
The Bells, 16-6023
The Bravest Battle That Ever Was Fought, 12-4474
The Castle by the Sea, 19-6988
The Charcoal-burner, 10-3739
The Cotter's Saturday Night, 13-4597
The Deserted Village, 15-5645
The Dove, 3-1142
The Fisherman, 4-1384
Harvest Time, 15-5421

The Homes of England, 3-845
An Indian at the Burial-place of His Fathers, 18-6650
Lincoln, the Man of the People, 5-1645
Maidenhood, 14-5240
Mine Host of the "Golden Apple," 7-2364
The Mounted Police, 15-5421
Nearing the Snow-line, 19-6874
Night, 14-5240
Night, 17-6376
November in England, 14-5130
Off Rivière du Loup, 10-3481
Ole Tam on Bord-a Plouffe, 10-3479

The Overland Mail, 15-5524
The Patriot. 18-6799
Piper, Play! 6-2242
Prairie Greyhounds, $10-3480$
Quebec, 12-4475
The Realm of Fancy, 6-2241
The Reaper, 14-4954
The Red River Voyageur, 15-5420

A Royal Race. 10-3481
The Snow-storm, 8-2906
The Tide Rises, the Tide Falls, 18-6467
To My Sister, 19-6987
The Unnamed Lake, 15-5419
What the Stars Have Seen, 5-1888
Wish, 3-846

## Nature Poems

Answer to a Child's Question, 1-324 Ode to the West Wind, 11-4113
The Apple Winds, 18-6651
Autumn, 4-1515
Birds in Summer. 13-4744
The Brook, 1-101
Buttercups and Daisies, 1-323
The Canadian Song-Sparriw, 10-3482
The Cloud, 18-6647
The Coming of Spring, 11-4032
The Crocus, 12-4472
The Daffodils. 1-102
A Daisy at Christmas, 18-6468
Daybreak. 19-6991
The Death of the Flowers, 18-6799
December, 15-5422
A Forest Hymn, 10-3741
The Fountain, 2-607
The Full Sea Rolls. 8-2764
Hiawatha's Brothers, 17-6378
Home Thoughts from Abroad, 10-3736
The Horned Owl. 15-5523
The Housekeeper, 18-6754
The Industry of Animals, 17-6380
The Ivy Green, 10-3741
June, 4-1515
The Leaves and the Wind, 19-6990
March. 4-1384
March. 15-5422
May, 15-5422
The Moss Rose, 19-6987
October, 15-5422

Planting the Apple-tree, 18-6648
Rain in Summer, 18-6649
The Rainbow, 2-607
The Return of the Goldfinches, 10-3738
The River, 10-3481
Robert of Lincoln, 15-5523
Robin Redbreast, 1-324
The Round of the Year, 12-4475
The Sea, 19-6871
A Secret Song, 8-2902
The Shepherd's Cot, 3-1007
The Skylark, 3-1142
The Skylark, 16-6021
Snow-flakes, 3-1141
The Stars, 2-609
The Stormy Petrel, 14-5130
A Summer's Day, 10-3644
Talking in Their Sleep, 9-3111
The Tide River. 5-1646
The Tiger, 3-1139
To a Mountain Daisy, 145128
To a Mouse, 3-1008
To a Waterfowl, 17-6379
To Autumn, 1-325
To the Fringed Gentian, 19-6874
To the Nightingale, 14-5238
Trees, 12-4271
The Violet, 2-489
Welcome to Spring, 7-2364
Winter, 17-6378
The World, 2-738

## Religious Poetry

Abide with Me, 12-4349
All Things Bright and Beautiful, 12-4273
Angels Holy, High and Lowly, 10-3739
At Last, 7-2637
Before Action, 10-3738
Blessed Are They That Mourn, Evening Hymn, 4-1382 19-6873

Concord Hymn, 11-4032
The Day Thou Gavest, 6-2243
The Elixir. 12-4349
Eternal Father, Strong to Save, 19-6871
Eternal Ruler of the Ceaseless Round. 6-2150

An Evening Hymn, 13-4741

Faith, 13-4740
Gentle Jesus, Meek and Mild, 9-3270
God Moves in a Mysterious Way, 3-1141
The Hound of Heaven, 8-2901
I Think When I Read, 18-6651
Into the Woods My Master Went, 10-3740
Jesus Bids Us Shine, 12-4350
Jesus, Lover of My Soul, 16-5867
Jesus, Tender Shepherd, 13-4742
Lord, It Belongs Not to My Care, 16-5867
Lord of All Being, 4-1514
Miserere Domine, 13-4600

Now the Day Is Over, 11-4034
O God, Our Help in Ages Past, 5-1781
Peace, 12-4350
A Prayer, 7-2364
Prayers, 10-3739
Recessional, 19-6872
Rock of Ages, 7-2364
St. John the Baptist, 15-5647
The Spacious Firmament on High, 13-4600
Thy Way, Not Mine, O Lord, 13-4599
The Twenty-third Psalm, 2-486
A Vision, 10-3644

## Immortality

The Better Land, 18-6648
Crossing the Bar, 4-1382
The Deserted House, $10-3740$
The Discoverer, 16-5866
In Flanders Fields, 16-5924
In Memoriam, 12-4343

Intimations of Immortality, 7-2633
The Singer, 12-4476
The Sleep, 8-2765
The Sun Was Falling Off to Sleep, 8-3007
When You Are Old, 16-5866

## Poetry of Christmas

The Birth of Christ, 17-6108
Christians, Awake! 17-6106
A Christmas Carol, 14-4955
A Christmas Hymn, 18-6466
Christmas Morning, 17-6107
The First Nowell, 18-6466
Fod Rest You Merry, Gentlemen, 17-6105
Good King Wenceslas, 3-843

A Hymn on the Nativity of My Saviour, 17-6107
Little Children, Wake and Listen, 17-6108
Old Christmas, 9-3275
Old Christmas, 17-6106
Once in Royal David's City, 17-6108
Ring Out, Wild Bells, 17-6109
The Three Kings, 18-6465

A Visit from St. Nicholas, 4-1517

## Sonnets

Composed upon Westminster Bridge, On the Grasshopper and the Cricket,

12-4350
From You I Have Been Absent in the Spring, 2-724
God's Fool, 14-5128
How Do I Love Thee? 15-5647
Life, 12-4272
Little Sophy by the Seaside, 16-5923
London, 1802, 12-4349
Love, 12-4272
Nature, 14-5238
On First Looking into Chapman's Homer, 5-1645
On His Having Arrived at the Age of Twenty-three, 1-328

18-6799
Quiet Work, 18-6650
Shakespeare, 7-2365
Shall I Compare Thee to a Summer's Day? 2-724
The Soldier, 12-4273
To the Lord General (romwell, 12-4349
What the Sonnet Is, 12-4475
When I Have Fears, 3-1141
Why I Abandoned You, 9-3110
Work, 12-4272
The World Is Too Much with Us, 19-6989

On His Blindness, 17-6378

## Ballad Poetry

Allan Water, 2-488
The Bailiff's Daughter, 11-4030
The Ballad of Agincourt, 5-1885
The Douglas Tragedy, 11-4112
The Happiest Land, 5-1780

Judas Iscariot, 14-5239
The King and the Abbot, 10-3735
Lochinvar, 12-4471
Maud Muller, 16-5707
The Old Cloak, 19-6992

The Revenge, 13-4739

## Myths and Legends

Ahab Mohammed, 18-6755
The Baron's Last Banquet, 13-4742
The Beggar Maid, 2-736
The Bell of Atri, 19-6869
The Erl King, 19-6988
Ginevra, 6-2032
Good King Wenceslas, 3-843
Israfel, 1-325
Kilmeny: A Fairy Legend, 16-5863
King Bruce and the Spider, 15-5521
King Cophetua and the Beggar Maid, 2-487

Lord Ullin's Daughter, 2-737
The Lorelei, 6-2035
A Musical Instrument, 5-1779
The Pied Piper of Hamlin, 1-224
The Queen and the Flowers, 6-2033
St. Agnes' Eve, 19-6874
The Sands of Dee, 1-322
The Sea-king's Burial, 14-4953
Sir Galahad, 3-1006
The Song of Hiawatha, 19-6985
Ulysses, 18-6798
The Walker of the Snow, 15-5420

## King Lear and His Three Daughters, 5-1643

## Story Poems

Abou Ben Adhem and the Angel, How They Brought the Good News, 3-1138
The Boy and the Angel, 13-4741
The Child and the Snake, 7-2528
Coronation, 9-3275
The Culprit Fay, 4-1271
The Dog and the Water-lily, 7-2528
The Enchanted Shirt, 1-102
The Fern and the Moss, 12-4273
Fidelity, 11-4115
The Flight of Peter Bell, 12-4347
Flynn of Virginia, 6-2244
The Forsaken Merman, 8-3001
The Grandmother's Tale, 16-5921
The Gray Swan, 6-2149
The Wreck of the Hesperus, 1-103

## Humorous Poems

The Blind Archer, 7-2526
The Butterfly and the Snail, 7-2638
Darius Green and His Flying-machine, 18-6795
The Discontented Apples, 5-1888
Dispute between Nose and Eyes, 11-4116
Elegy on the Death of a Mad Dog, 3-1141
The Heathen Chinee, 4-1381
The Horse, 15-5522

John Gilpin, 5-1639
A Million Little Diamonds, 10-3644
The Mountain and the Squirrel, 3-846
Only a Boy, 11-4030
The Priest and the Mulberry-tree, 16-5708
The Retired Cat. 5-1780
The Terrible Ball, 3-848
A Tragic Story, 3-1139
The Wind and the Moon, 16-5711

## Little Verses for Little People

A is an archway to fairyland gay, 16-5926-27
A Child's Evening Prayer (with music), 2-611
A cuckoo went back in his clock, 8-2907
A duck and a drake, 13-4745
A farmer's dog leap'd over the stile (with music), 5-1890
A Little Boy That Cried, 16-5868
A nick and a nock, 13-4602
A pie sat on a pear tree, $8-3008$
A sunshiny shower won't last half an hour, 7-2530
And, pray who are you? 8-2907
Arthur O'Bower had broken his band, 7-2368
As I walked by myself, 3-1010
As I was going by Charing Cross, 10-3743
As I was going o'er Westminster Bridge, 7-2368
As I was going to sell my eggs, 13-4602
As I went to Bonner, 17-6384
As little Jennie Wren, 7-2639
As soft as silk, as white as milk, 7-2368
A's the days lengthen, 7-2530
Baby and I were baked in a pie, 3-1143
Baby moon, 'tis time for bed, 12-4274
Baby's got a new pelisse, 12-4274
Baby's got no legs at all, 12-4274
Bat, bat, come under my hat, 4-1386
Betty Pringle had a little pig, 6-2154
Billy, Billy, come and play, 8-2907
Birch and green holly, boys, 4-1386
Black we are, but much admired, 7-2368
Bless you, bless you, bonnie bee, 3-1143
Blow, wind, blow! and go, mill, go! 18-6800
Bounce Buckram, velvet's dear, 17-6110
Bow-wow, says the dog, 15-5652
Brian O'Lin had no breeches to wear, 3-1143
Bring back your sheep, 18-6756
Bye, Baby Bunting, 2-739
Charley, Charley, stole the barley, 13-4601

Clap, clap handies, 13-4602
Cock Robin got up early, 8-3008
Cold and raw the north wind doth blow, 10-3743
Come, let's to bed, says Sleepy-head, 2-740
"Croak," said the toad, "I'm hungry, I think," 13-4601
Dame, get up and bake your pies, 17-6112
Dance a Baby (with music), 7-2530
Dance to your daddie, 3-1010
Diddley-diddley-dumpty, 144957
Dribble, dribble, trickle, trickle, 3-1143
Every lady in this land, 18-6800
Fiddle-de-dee, fiddle-de-dee, the fly has married the bumble-bee, 4-1274
Five little pussy-cats, invited out to tea, 16-6028
Flour of England, fruit of Spain, 7-2368
For every evil under the sun, 4-1386
Good-morrow, to you, Valentine! 5-1890
Great A, little A, 16-5868
He comes in the night, 17-6111
He loves me, he don't! 13-4745
He that would thrive, $16-6028$
Hector Protector was dressed all in green, 17-6384
Here am I, little Jumping Joan, 2-740
Here we go round a ginger ring, 6-2154
Here we go up, up, up, 18-6800
Here's a poor widow from Babylon, 6-2040
Hey diddle, dinkety, poppety, pet, 7-2639
Hey, my kitten, my kitten, 18-6800
Hick-a-more, Hack-a-more, 7-2368
Higgledy Piggledy, here we lie, 3-1010
Higglepy, Piggleby, my black hen, 4-1274
High diddle ding, 17-6384
Hop, hop, hop! 7-2367
Hush, baby, my dolly, I pray you don't cry, 7-2639
Hush-a-bye, babby, lie still with thy daddy, 13-4745

Hush-a-bue haby: Daddy is near, 13-4601
I had a little nut-tree, 9-3342
I have seen you, little mouse, 5-1890
I love the little flowers, 14-4957
I love little pussy, 2-611
I love sixpence, pretty little sixpence, 4-1274; (with music), 10-3743
I love you well, my little brother, 13-4745
I must not throw upon the floor, 6-2247
I never saw a Purple Cow, 7-2642
I saw a ship a-sailing, $18-6800$
I Saw Three Ships, 17-6110
If all the world were apple pie, 18-6800
If bees stay at home, rain will soon come, 14-5242
If I had as much money as I could spend, 2-741
If ifs and ans, 7-2530
If no one ever marries me, 12-4275
If the old woman who lived in a shoe, 7-2644
If you sneeze on Monday, you sneeze for danger, 10-3743
I'll sing you a song, 7-2530
I'm going out a-hunting, 14-4957
In a cottage in Fife lived a man and his wife, 8-3008
In London once I lost my way, 6-2248
In marble walls as white as milk, 7-2368
Jack Jingle went 'prentice, 16-5868
Jack Sprat had a pig, 13-4602
Jacky, come give me thy fiddle, 10-374.3
January brings the snow, 10-3646
Jim and George were two great Lords, 9-3342
Johnny head-in-air, 12-4480
King Baby on His Throne, 12-4275
Ladybird, fly (with music), 7-2367
Lavender blue and rosemary green, 13-4602
Lend me thy mare to go a mile, 13-4745
Little Bobby Snooks was fond of his books, 13-4602
Little maid, pretty maid, whither goest thou? 3-1143
Little Polly Flinders, 2-491
Little Tommy Tittlemouse, 10-3743

Little White Feathers, 3-1144
M.N.O. (with music), 16-5712

March Meadows, 12-4274
Mary had a little lamb, 6-2247
Mary had a pretty bird, 7-2639
Merry are the bells, 17-6113
Millions of massive raindrops, 18-6800
Miss Kitty was rude at the table one day, 2-492
Mr. East gave a feast, 6-2154
Molly, my sister, and I fell out, 13-4601
Monday's child is fair of face, 6-2247
"Mother, may I go to swim ?" 6-2154
My father, he died, 9-3345
My father he left me three acres of land, 8-3008
My house is red-a little house, 7-2642
My little old man and I fell out, 7-2530
My Maid Mary, she minds her dairy, 17-6110
Now all of you give heed unto, 18-6800
Now what do you think? 13-4745
Nursery Rhymes of the Children of France, 6-2248; 14-5132; 16-5869
O, all you little Blackie-tops, 3-1148
O dear, what can the matter be? (with music), 14-5242
O fir-tree fine, O fir-tree fine, 7-2367
Oh, my pretty cock! 14-4957
Oh, ring the bells ! 8-2907
Oh, where are all the good little girls? 3-1144
Oh where, and oh where is my little wee dog? 6-2154
Oh, who is so merry, so merry, heigli ho! 15-5652
Old Abram Brown is dead and gone, 7-2530
Old Mother Goose when she wanted to wander. 16-5930-31
Old Mother Twitchett had but one eye, 7-2368
On Christmas Eve I turned the spit, 16-5868
On Saturday night shall be all my care, 7-2639
One and One, 3-1144
One, I love, two I love, 7-2644
One, two, buckle my shoe, 17-6381
Oranges and Lemons, 16-5932

Peg, Peg, with a wooden leg, 7-2639
Pemmy was a pretty girl, 9-3112
Peter, Peter, pumpkin eater, 13-4601
Playgrounds, 12-4274
Polly, put the kettle on, 7-2643
Poor Billy boy was music mad, 3-1144
Poor Dicky's dead! 14-4957
Pretty flowers, tell me why, 18-6472
Pretty maid, pretty maid, where have you been? 4-1274
Punch and Judy fought for a pie, 13-4601
Pussy sits beside the fire, 13-4745
Pussy-cat Mew jumped over a coal, 13-4602
Pussy-cat Mole jumped over a coal, 16-5713
Queen Anne, Queen Anne, she sits in the sun, 8-3008
Remember, remember, the fifth of November, 6-2154
Robert Barnes, fellow fine, 8-3008
Robin-a-Robin bent his bow, 13-4602
Robin friend has gone to bed, 12-4274
Rowley Powley, pudding and pie, 2-492
Sea-gull, sea-gull, sit on the sand, 3-1010
"Shall I sing ?" says the lark, 8-2907
Shock-headed Peter, 12-4477
Simon Brodie had a cow, 7-2639
Sing, sing, what shall I sing? 2-739
Sleey, baby, sleep, 3-1143
Some little mice sat in a barn to spin, 5-1890
Straight is the path of duty, 4-1386
Taffy was a Welshman, Taffy was a thief, 3-1010
The Bees (with music), 4-1519
The Bogie Man (with music), 15-5527
The cock doth crow, 7-2530
The cuckoo's a bonny bird, 3-1143
The dove says, "Coo, coo, what shall I do ?" 15-5652
The fair maid, who, the First of May, 4-1274
The Farmer's Boy. 16-6025-27
The Fir Tree, 7-2367
The girl in the lane, that couldn't speak plain, 5-1890
The Good Little Girls, 3-1144

The gossips of the village, 13-4745
The hart he loves the high wood, 6-2154
The Hobby Horse, 7-2367
The Hunter and the Hare, 12-4478
The king of clubs, he often drubs, 7-2639
The Little Boat, 18-6756
The Little Sister. 12-4274
The man in the wilderness asked me, 7-2639
The Nonsense of Edward Lear, 2-490-91; 3-1012
The Owl and the Pussy Cat went to sea, 6-2247
The robin and the red breast, 8-2907
The robin and the wren, 7-2639
The Rock-a-bye Lady from Hush-abye Street, 18-6469
The Story of a Blackamoor, 12-4479
The Story of Fidgety Philip, 12-4477
The Story of Flying Robert, 12-4480
The sun one fine evening on high, 8-2907
The Three Old Ladies, 3-1144
The Walrus and the Carpenter, 6-2037-38
he white dove sat on the castle wall, 13-4745
There's a dear little home in Goodchildren Street, 9-3340
There's a neat little clock, 16-5712
There was a butcher who cut his thumb, 3-1011
There was a cobbler clouting shoon, 3-1011
There was a crow sat on a stone, 3-1011
There was a horse going to a mill, 3-1011
There was a jockey ran a race, 3-1011
There was a king met a king, 7-2368
There was a little low went into a field, 5-1890
There was a little girl, who had a little curl, 2-492
There was a little Rabbit sprig, 4-1386
There was a man and he had nought, 6-2039
There was a man, and he went mad, 4-1385
There was a monkey climb'd up a tree. 3-1011

There was a nevy went into Spain, Verses of Kate Greenaway, 3-1011
There was an old lady all dressed in silk, 3-1144
There was an old man in a tree, 2-492
There was an old woman, and what do you think? 16-5713
There was an old woman called Nothing-at-all, 15-5652
There was an old woman who ate an apple, 3-1011
There was an owl lived in an oak, 15-5652
There were three sisters in a hall, 13-4601
They that wash on Friday, wash in need, 16-5712
Thirty days hath September, 2-739
Thirty white horses upon a red hill, 7-2368
To market, to market, to buy a fat pig, 2-740
Two frogs fell into a milk pail deep, 8-2907
Two little girls are better than one, 3-1144
Two little kittens, one stormy night, 13-4746
Two sticks and an apple, 2-741
Under a toadstool crept a wee elf, 12-4351
Upon yon nearest rock-top, 6-2247
Up hill and down dale, 3-1143 19-6994-95
Wash me and comb me, 3-1143
Wassail, Wassail all over the Town, 13-4747
We are all in the dumps, 17-6384
Wee Willie Winkie, 17-6384
What Every Wise Child Should Know, 8-2768
What Everyone Knows, 2-738
What is the news of the day? 17-6384
What is the rhyme for porringer? 17-6110
When I'm grown up, 14-5236
When little Fred was called to bed, 7-2530
When little Sammy Soapsuds went to take a ride, 2-741
When Mummy's away, 14-5236
When the snow is on the ground, 13-4745
Where have you been all day? 18-6801
Who killed Cock Robin? 10-3742
Who stuffed that white owl? 7-2640
Willy boy, Willy boy, where are you going? 13-4745
You are going out to tea to-day, 16-5868
You see, merry Phillis, that dear little maid, 14-4957
You shall have an apple, 7-2530
Young lambs to sell! 2-739

## Mother Goose Rhymes

A diller, a dollar, a ten o'clock scholar, 9-3342
A frog he would a-wooing go, 18-6470-71
A little old man and I fell out, 16-5712
A swarm of bees in May, 4-1386
As I was going up Pippin Hill, 16-5712
As I was going to St. Ives, 16-5929
As I went through a garden gap, 7-2368
Baa, baa, black sheep (with music), 5-1782
Barber, barber, shave a pig, 8-2907
Bobby Shaft is gone to sea, 15-5652
Bow, wow, wow, whose dog art thou? 13-4601
Cock a doodle doo, 8-2772

Cross patch, draw the latch, 4-1386
Curly locks! curly locks! wilt thou be mine? (with music), 4-1386
Dainty, diddlety, my mammy's maid, 15-5652
Dance, little baby, dance up high, 14-4957
Dickery, dickery dare, 13-4601
Diddle, diddle, dumpling, 16-5868
Ding dong bell, pussy's in the well, 11-4120
Dr. Foster went to Glo'ster, 10-374
Elizabeth, Elspeth, Betsy and Bess, 9-3342
Four and twenty tailors went to kill a snail, 2-740
Girls and boys, come out to play (with music), 3-1010; (in color), 7-2641

Goosey, goosey gander, 9-3343
Great A, little a, bouncing B, 7-2639
Hey, diddle diddle, the cat and the fiddle (in color), 9-3341
Hi! diddle diddle, 2-739
Hickory, dickory, dock, 3-1147
How many miles to Babylon? 3-1143
Hush-a-by, baby, on the tree-top, 8-2770
I had a little moppet, 7-2639
I had a little pony, his name was Dapple Gray, 16-5713
I have a little sister, they call her Peep, Peep, 7-2368
I'll tell you a story about Jack a Nory, 16-5713
Is John Smith within? 18-6800
Jack and Jill, 18-6652
Jack Sprat could eat no fat, 4-1385
Little Betty Winkle, 5-1890
Little Jack Horner sat in a corner, 2-740
Little Miss Muffet, 4-1274
Little Nanny Etticoat, 2-739
Little Tom Tucker, 2-739
Long legs, crooked thighs, 7-2368
Mary, Mary, quite contrary, 15-5713
Matthew, Mark, Luke and John, 2-740
My dear, do you know, 7-2642
My Lady Wind, My Lady Wind, 11-4035
Oh, my kitten, a kitten, 15-5652
Old King Cole, 11-4118-19
Old Mother Hubbard, 16-5925
Old woman, old woman, shall we go a-shearing? 3-1143
One, two, three, four, five, 14-4957
One misty, moisty morning, 17-6384
Pat-a-cake, pat-a-cake, baker's man, 3-1010
Pease-pudding hot, 4-1274
Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled pepper, 2-739
Poor old Robinson Crusoe! 6-2154
Pussy-cat, pussy-cat, where have you been? 11-4117
Ride a Cock Horse, 19-6996
Robin, the Bobbin, the big greedy Ben, 10-3743
Robin and Richard were two pretty men, 2-740
Rub-a-dub-dub, three men in a tub, 14-4957

See a pin and pick it up, 7-2642
See-Saw, Margery Daw (with music), 2-739
Simple Simon met a pieman, 18-6653
Sing a song of sixpence, 16-5928; (with music), 2-610
Solomon Grundy, 10-3645
Tell tale tit, 4-1386
The fox and his wife, 17-6382-83
The House That Jack Built, 15-5651
The King of France and four thousand men, 9-3342
The King of France went up the hill, 7-2530
The Lion and the unicorn, 8-2769
The Little Cock-Sparrow, 10-3485
The Little Man in Leather, 17-6384
The man in the moon came tumbling down, 7-2530
The Old Woman and Her Pig, 15-5525-26
The Queen of Hearts, 9-3344
There was a frog lived in a well, 18-6652
There was a jolly miller, 17-6384
There was a little boy and a little girl, 7-2530
There was a man of Thessaly, 8-3008
There was an old woman as I've heard tell, 3-1146
There was an old woman lived under a hill, 2-740
There was an old woman who had three sons, 18-6800
There was an old woman who lived in a shoe, 3-1145
There were once two cats of Kilkenny, 13-4602
There were two blackbirds, sitting on a hill, 2-740
This little pig went to market, 2-740
Three wise men of Gotham, 16-5713
Tom, Tom, the Piper's son, 13-3645
Trip upon trendies, 3-849
Two little dogs sat by the fire, 7-2639
What are little boys made of? 16-5713; (with music), 6-2248
When good King Arthur ruled this land, 8-2771
When I was a bachelor, I lived by myself, 5-1889
"Where are you going to, my pretty maid ?" (with music), 2-741
Who comes here? 2-739

## Famous Books

Ramona, 1-133
In 1883 Mrs. Helen Hunt Jackson was appointed a special commissioner to investigate the conditions and needs of the Mission Indians in California. The following year she wrote Ramona. Probably this is the best story yet written of California in the days immediately following the taking of the coast state from Mexico. Mrs. Jackson wrote her book to show how unjust had been the treatment of the conquered peoples, but its greatest interest lies in its pen pictures of the great ranch and the Indian settlements.
The Last of the Mohicans, 1-267
There is no more picturesque figure in modern romance than the American Indian. Fenimore Cooper, whose life story is told under American Literature, became famous for his stories of adventure among the Redskins. This is one of his best-known tales, told over again as a short story. Cooper wrote this romance of the American wilderness in 1826, at a time when the Indians were still fairly numerous and often took the warpath against the white settlers. They had their encampments even in the Great North Woods of New York.

## Supplementary Reading

Life of Fenimore Cooper, 13-4626

## Robinson Crusoe, 2-665

In the early part of the eighteenth century an Englishman wrote a story of marvelous adventure which for a long time was regarded as a true narrative. The writer was Daniel Defoe, and his story Robinson Crusoe. It is a great work of the imagination, although the real adventures of a shipwrecked sailor named Alexander Selkirk may have suggested the idea of Robinson Crusoe to Defoe.

## Supplementary Reading

Life of Daniel Defoe, 4-1480
Gulliver's Travels, 3-947
A few years after Robinson Crusoe was published, one of the greatest satirical stories in our language appeared. This was Travels into Several Remote Nations of the World, the author of which called himself "Lemuel Gulliver." The first part appeared in 1726. It was written just like a book of travel, but its purpose was to satirize the England of that time. The story is extraordinary, and people liked it because it was so unusual. The author was the Reverend Jonathan Swift, Dean of St. Patrick's, Dublin.

## Supplementary Reading

Life of Swift, 6-1619

## The Adventures of Baron Munchausen, 4-1421

This book appeared in England in 1785. It is a satire on the extravagant tales of travelers. Rudolph Raspe, a German scholar who was clever but not very honest, had taken refuge in England to escape punishment for some wrongdoing in Germany. To make money he wrote a little book which became popular at once because the travels of his hero, Baron Munchausen, were so ridiculous. As years went on, other unknown authors added to the book, till it became a considerable volume, which has been translated into many languages.

The Adventures of Don Quixote, 5-1629
In the early years of the seventeenth century stories of the impossible deeds performed by wandering knights were almost the only books read in Spain, where lived the great author Cervantes. He decided to ridicule these absurd stories and so he wrote The Adventures of Don Quixote. The hero of the book is a kindly old gentleman whose head had been turned by reading trashy stories of knights and ladies fair. For its humor, its wisdom, its understanding of humanity, as well as for its pictures of Spanish life, this book is one of the greatest in literature. It is not for a century, but for all time.

## Supplementary Reading

Life of Cervantes, 19-7127

## The Gold-Bug, 5-1899

The Gold-Bug is a delightful treasure story wherein the secret lies hidden in a cipher. Its author, Edgar Allan Poe, was born in Boston in 1809 and died in Baltimore in 1849. His life was tragic, vet in spite of the shadows-or because of them-he produced some poems that will live forever. He became a master of the short mystery story. Some of his tales are gruesome and full of horror, but they are perfectly told.

## Supplementary Reading

Life of Poe, 13-4725
The Story of the lliad, the Odyssey and the Æneid, 6-1983
The oldest real books are the Iliad and the Odyssey, supposed to have been composed by the Greek poet Homer between 800 and 1.000 years before the Christian Era. Perhaps he brought together the work of other poets as well as his own. The greatest Roman poet, Virgil, was born just seventy years before Christ, and his most famous work is the Æneid.

## Supplementary Reading

Life of Homer, 16-5748
Life of Virgil, 16-5911

## English and Literature

## The Man without a Country, 7-2401

The life of Philip Nolan is told so simply and so well that many have believed that this is a true story. While no such punishment was ever given to a United States officer, the Reverend Edward Everett Hale, the author, has very realistically described the feelings of a man cut off from home and country by his own act. The story was written in the dark days of 1863 , when there were many disloyal people in the North, and it was written as a warning.

## David Copperfield, 8-2773

The story of David Copperfield was Charles Dickens' own favoriteit is, besides, largely the story of his own life. The illustrations given are from copies of the original pictures drawn for the story more than fifty years ago.

## Supplementary Reading

Life of Dickens, 8-2731
Wacousta, 9-3141
The lives of the early settlers in North America were in constant danger from Indians. This story by Major John Richardson gives us some idea of the bravery of the pioneers who won the land from its savage owners. Major Richardson, who was born in 1796, had heard from older people tales of actual experiences in Indian warfare. He had, moreover, been brought up in the fort at Amherstburg, where Indians were always a part of the scene.

## Two Years before the Mast, 9-3357

This book is one of the best descriptions of life on a sailing ship in the first half of the last century. The author, Richard Henry Dana, was a member of a distinguished Boston family who made the voyage around the Horn for his health during his student days at Harvard. After Mr. Dana's voyage he returned to his studies, graduated from Harvard, and became a famous lawyer.
The Clockmaker, Sam Slick, 10-3527
The Clockmaker, or The Sayings and Doings of Sam Slick of Slickville, first appeared in the form of articles in a paper, The Nova Scotian, beginning in 1835. The author was Thomas Chandler Haliburton, who was born in 1796 at Windsor, Nova Scotia. Although the chief character of the book, Sam Slick, is a Yankee, the scene is laid in Nova Scotia, and Nova Scotians and Yankees alike are made the butt of Haliburton's shrewd satire.
Ben-Hur, 10-3745
Ben-Hur is a work of fiction dealing with the time of Jesus: it is the romance of a young Jew who became a convert through the teachings of Jesus. The author, General Lew Wallace, was already well known as a soldier and statesman as well as a story-writer when in 1880, at the age of fifty-three, he published Ben-Hur.

Les Misérables, 11-3861
Les Misérables is Victor Hugo's masterpiece. It is the story of a soul purified by heroism and glorified through suffering. Valjean, the ex-convict hero, is one of the finest characters in fiction. Hugo was born at Besançon in 1802 and died in 1885.

## Supplementary Reading <br> Hugo's Position in French Literature, 18-6717

## The Waverley Novels, 11-4069

This series contains thirty-two stories, would fill about ten thousand closely printed pages, and covers a period of history of more than seven hundred years. It is the work of Sir Walter Scott during the years 1814 to 1831 . Besides a general view of this library, which in a complete edition usually runs to about twenty-five volumes, we give here an epitome of each and finally an outline of the story of Waverley and an excerpt from it.

## Supplementary Reading

Scott and His Stories, 7-2625
Round the World in Eighty Days, 12-4235
Jules Verne, the famous French writer of imaginative tales, was born at Nantes, February 8, 1828, and died at Amiens, March 24, 1905. He wrote a number of stories of marvelous adventures. The hero of this book is an Englishman, and the author makes many comic errors in his depiction of English life. The speed of railway and steamship travel has greatly increased since the story was written in 1873, and we could now make the journey in half the time.

## Scottish Chiefs, 12-4319

In the olden days there was constant warfare between Scotland and England, and in Scottish Chiefs, by Jane Porter (1810), we have a very vivid picture of the struggle. The romantic Sir William Wallace is the hero, and immediately the book was published it was accepted by all Scots as a tribute to the cherished memory of Wallace.

## Treasure Island, 13-4645

Treasure Island is a boy's tale of adventure, written for boys, with a boy for a hero. It grew out of a map which Robert Louis Stevenson drew and colored one day to entertain his little stepson, Lloyd Osbourne. On the map he marked names at random and then built a story around them. The tale was first published in 1881 as The Sea Cook, and appeared in Young Folks, a boy's magazine. In 1883 it came out in book form.

## Supplementary Reading

Stevenson as an Author, 8-2867

## The Canterbury Tales, 13-4767

The most famous work of Geoffrey Chaucer, the first great English poet, is The Canterbury Tales. Its plan is simple. A company of pilgrims set out from the Tabard Inn at Southwark in April, 1387 , to visit the shrine of St. Thomas à Becket at Canterbury. The landlord of the inn proposed that each pilgrim, to pass the time, tell a story on the way to Canterbury and on the way back. As there were thirty-three people in the company, including Chaucer himself, that would mean sixty-six tales, but the poet wrote only twenty-four.

## Supplementary Reading

Life of Chaucer, 1-300

## Westward Ho! 14-5027

Charles Kingsley wrote Westward Ho! mainly to commemorate those early days of England's naval and commercial glory when, under the wise patronage of Queen Elizabeth, England's enterprise was spreading and taking root in distant seas. Spain was the most powerful of European nations at that period, and her ambition was to be mistress of the world, especially of England. But England's seamen, notably the men of Devon, put an end to such designs when they routed the Great Armada in 1588.

## Tom Brown's Schooldays, 14-5149

This celebrated story of English school life was written in 1856 by Thomas Hughes, an eminent lawyer and judge, a friend and helper of the poor. Judge Hughes was born October 23, 1823, and died March 22, 1896. He was educated first at Rugby, under the famous Dr. Arnold, and afterward at Oxford. This story is largely an account of his and his brother's experiences, and we are not far wrong in reading Thomas Hughes where it says Tom Brown.
Moby Dick, or The Whale, 15-5401
Herman Melville, the author of Moby Dick, was born in New York City in 1818. At eighteen years of age he went to sea as a cabinboy on a vessel trading to Liverpool. Four years later he went for a whaling cruise in the Pacific. After enduring a year and a half of cruelty from his captain, Melville deserted at the Marquesas Islands. He was captured by cannibals, but was rescued by an Australian ship. So Melville knew well the life which he describes in Moby Dick.

## The Pilgrim's Progress, 15-5543

No book except the Bible itself has had greater influence for good in the minds of men than The Pilgrim's Progress. Written in simple, straightforward English by a poor tinker, John Bunyan, who became a powerful preacher of God's word, this story is likely to be read as long as literature endures. It is in allegorical form,
illustrating the trials that beset a Christian on his way through life.

## Supplementary Reading Life of Bunyan, 4-1477 <br> Roughing It in the Bush, 16-5901

Susanna Moodie, the author of this account of pioneer days in the Canadian bush, came out from Scotland with her husband in 1832. Both she and her husband were gifted writers, and her sister, Agnes Strickland, won fame as the author of the Lives of the Queens of England. Her description of the sufferings and privations endured by educated persons who came to settle in British North America brings realistically before us the difference that has taken place in the lot of immigrants since the early days of the nineteenth century.
The Old Man Named Scrooge, 17-6115
A Christmas Carol in Prose is only a short book written for the Christmas season, but it is one of the most charming stories Dickens ever gave us. It is the best Christmas story. "It seems to be a national benefit, and to every man and woman who reads it a personal kindness," said Thackeray, the novelist.

## 'The Count of Monte Cristo, 18-6573

Monte Cristo was originally published in 1844. It is the greatest of the novels of Alexandre Dumas, the celebrated romancer. Purely an effort of the imagination, it has no historical foundation, but surely no more fascinating story was ever conceived. In its original form it is a work of enormous length.
Masterman Ready, 18-6757
Masterman Ready was written by Captain Marryat to entertain and instruct his own children, who had been so delighted with The Swiss Family Robinson that they wanted their father to continue it. Captain Marryat was born in London, July 10, 1792, and died in Norfolk, August 9, 1848. He was a naval officer who won fame as a writer of stories of the sea which are true to life.

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## Stories

## Fairy Stories

Aladdin and the Wonderful Lamp, 12-4193
Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves, 2-537
Alice in Wonderland, 3-1089
The Babes in the Wood, 7-2341

Beauty and the Beast, 18-6607
The Boy at the Giant's Castle, 19-7008
Catching a Thief, 17-6099
Childe Roland to the Dark Tower Came, 9-3245
Cinderella and the Glass Slipper, 19-7222
The Cobblers and the Cuckoo, 9-3347
The Cunning Farmer and the Dwarf, 13-4558
The Discontented Fir Tree, 15-5323
The Discontented Pendulum, 12-4198
East of the Sun and West of the Moon, 5-1845
The Emperor's New Clothes, 3-851
The Emperor's Nightingale, 7-2455
The Fairies and the Hunchbacks, 10-3442
The Fairies of St. David, 2-404
A Fairy Funeral, 11-3836
The Fairy Maid of Van Lake, 15-5441 ; in French, 6-2108
The First Apple Dumpling, 17-6095
The Fruit of Happiness, 11-3832
The Giant Who Had No Heart in His Body, 4-1525
The Giant with Three Golden Hairs, 5-1841
The Giant's Plaything, 5-1575
The Gnomes Who Found the World Is Round, 3-854
The Goblins in the Gold-mine, 4-1523
Goldilocks and the Golden Crown, 14-4941
Hansel and Grethel, 6-1965
Hop-o'-my-Thumb, 17-6317
In the Days When Men Were Good, 7-2600
Jack and the Bean-stalk, 10-3597
Jack the Giant-killer, 18-6793
The King of the Golden River, 6-2221
The Land of Youth, 7-2601
Little Claus and Big Claus, 2-755
The Little Spinner at the Window, 10-3711
Little Tiny Thumbeline, 18-6787
The Magic Boy Fiddler of Sicily, 11-3983
The Magic Tinder-box, 6-2105
Miss Dollie and Captain Blue, 14-5255
Noureddin and the Wonderful Persian, 13-4755
Nutcracker and the King of Mice, 10-3600
Olaf of Orchard Farm, 12-4301
The Old Couple at the Mill, 11-3829
A Pair of Magic Slippers, 2-402
The Prince Who Was Poor, 15-5529
The Prince's Five Servants, 13-4749
Princess Florina, 7-2458
The Princess Who Became a Goose Girl, 11-3830

The Princess's Golden Ball, 14-5193
Puss in Boots, 10-3441
Rapunzel's Golden Ladder, 9-3352
The Remarkable Rocket, 14-5260
Rip Van Winkle, 12-4481
Rum-Pel-Stilt-Skin, 11-3981
The Search for the Real Princess, 2-756
The Selfish Giant, 4-1187
The Shepherd-maid and the Sweep, 11-3903
The Silent Princess, 13-4557
Sindbad the Sailor, 19-7215
Snowdrop and the Dwarfs, 7-2597
A Son of a Gun, 19-6998
The Story of Fairyfoot, 11-4137
The Story of Faithful John, 11-3901
The Story of Little Red Riding-Hood, 18-6474
The Story of the Sleeping Beauty, 19-7006
A Tale of Christmas Eve, 17-6098
The Tale of Jenny Martin, 10-3713
The Three Bears, 16-5825
The Three Little Pigs, 1-145
Three Nights in the Enchanted Castle, 11-3984
Tom Thumb, 18-6611
The True Story of Father Christmas, 17-6102
Twelve Dancing Princesses, 4-1521
The Ugly Duckling, 17-6096
When Betty Lost Her Way, 10-3716
The Wind Sings down the Chimney, 5-1576
The Witch's Ring, 2-541
The Wizard's Castle in the Air, 10-3444
The Yellow Dwarf, 15-5443

## Myths and Legends

British
Earl's Daughter and Beggarman, 14-5196
Gelert, the Faithful Dog, 5-1693
Geraint and Enid, 17-6320
Gog and Magog, 14-5194
How Gotham Got a Bad Name, 6-2108; in French, 12-4489
King Arthur and His Knights, 19-6941
Legends of Places in England, 17-6324
The Lily Maid of Astolat, 16-5823
Mona and the Forsaken Merman, 1-59
Robin Hood and His Merry Men, 2-397
St. George and the Dragon, 1-54
Sir Tristram of Lyonnesse, 7-2460

## Chinese

The Story of the Willow-Pattern Plate, 4-1532
French
The Adventures of Reynard the Fox, 8-2965
Love Laughs at Locksmiths, 7-2352
German
Howleglass, the Merry Jester, 8-2962
Legends and Tales of the Rhine, 18-6503
Lohengrin, or the Swan-Knight, 8-2957
Undine, the Story of a Water Nymph, 11-4141 Greek

Achilles and the Queen of the Amazons, 1-53
The Dog That Remembered Odysseus, 1-146
The Face No Man Could Look On, 15-5442
Icarus and His Waxen Wings, 12-4197
Pandora, 14-5259
Penelope's Marvelous Tapestry, 1-53
The Quest of the Golden Fleece, 3-1100
The Riddle of the Sphinx, 18-6610
Stories of Greece and Rome, 9-3083
The Story of Cupid and Psyche, 19-7005
The Story of Midas, 16-6030
Indian
Indian Legends, 17-6199
Japanese
The Mysterious Portrait, 9-3080
Jewish
The Legend of the Wandering Jew, 19-7224
Stories from the Talmud, 9-3082; 18-6480
Kafir
Stories Told to Kafir Children, 5-1582
Norse
Iduna and the Golden Apples, 15-5328
The Story of the Days, 12-4199
A Tale of Many Lands, 14-4942
Roman
Androcles and the Lion, 12-4488
The Geese Who Kept Guard of Rome, 11-3982
Miscellaneous
Legends of Places and Things, 15-5537
Why the Elm Tree Grows So Tall, 8-2820

## Fables and Proverbs

Egyptian
The Farmer and His Dog, 8-2964
Greek
Æsop, 1-58; 2-539; 3-1102; 4-1186; 4-1342; 6-1969; 11-3986; $11-4144$; 13-4752; 14-4946; 15-5538
Indian
The Hundred Thousand Monkeys, 16-6032
The Kafir and the Lion, 16-6033
Turkish
How the Thief Was Found Out, 18-6479
The Lawyer and the Oyster, 18-6484
Miscellaneous
The Dog and the Wolf, 17-6323
The Fox without a Tail, 12-4487
The Hungry Fox and the Kitten, 7-2352
The Husband Who Was to Mind the House, 3-1099
The Lord of the Lions, 2-404
The Peasant and the Three Robbers, 10-3719
The Proud King of Kamera, 7-2352
Proverb Stories, 16-6036
Folk Stories
Little Goody Two-shoes, 9-3077
Stories Told in India 3,000 Years Ago, 10-3718
Stories Told in the Middle Ages, 8-2961
The Wisest Maid in Wessex, 15-5441 ; in French, 11-4143

## Nature Stories

Black Diamond, 15-5326
The Dog That Knew His Master, 11-4139
The Destruction of a Ship by a Whale, 4-1189
Jack Miner, the Man Who Loves Birds, 8-2813
Legends of the Stars, 6-1970
Stickeen, 12-4195
The Story of Day, 16-6034

## Adventure

A Battle with Snakes, 4-1530
Eyes Front, 10-3715
The Tale of Bob Singleton, 12-4486

## Stories about Men and Women

Dick Whittington and His Cat, 2-758
The Man of Great Importance, 5-1691

The Merciful Knight, 9-3244
Sir Walter Scott and Some of His Pets, 14-5265
Stories Told in the Old English Schools, 8-2963

## Hero Stories

An Apronful of Powder, 3-1037
The Arab Patriot of Algeria, 4-1255
A Band of Noble Men, 4-1256
The Bear Hunt, 14-5122
The Beloved Physician (Dr. Trudeau), 1-229
The Boy on the Burning Deck (Casabianca), 19-6881
The Boy Who Saved the Boat, 1-128
The Boy Who Took a Man's Place, 4-1256
The Boy Who Would Not Fight against Freedom, 13-4581
The Brave Apprentice, 1-123
The Brave Constable of France (Du Guesclin), 10-3468
The Brave Cardinal of Milan (Borromeo), 10-3466
Brave Countess Joan of Brittany, 12-4226
The Brave Deed of a Young American Doctor (Samuel Howe), 13-45:50
The Brave French Maid of Noyon, 11-3806
A Brave Girl, 14-5121
Brave Grizel Hume, 2-441
The Brave Little Dog of the Wood, 9-3079
Cher Ami, D. S. C., 7-2319
The Daughter of Sir Thomas More, 14-5124
The Devotion of a King's Daughter (Duchess of Ferrara), 19-cis ${ }^{1} 1$
The Devotion of a Roman, 11-3806
The Doctor of Burton Port, 6-2008
Dogs Who Have Done Their Bit, 16-5735
Edith Cavell, 17-6396
The Elsie to the Rescue, 14-5120
The Friend os the Slaves (St. Vincent de Paul), 5-1732
The Friendship of Damon and Pythias, 9-3064
A Frugal Hero of Ancient Rome (Curius Dentatus), 3-889
The Girl Who Held the Fort (Madeleine de Vercheres), 11 ()N's)
The Girl Who Sold Her Hair, 4-1257
The Girl Who Walked to London (Helen Walker), 12-4224
A Girl's Desperate Ride (Grizel Cochrane), 10-3465
Greater Love Hath No Man Than This (Father Damien), 7-2.320
Heroes of Aviation, 17-6291
A Heroine of the Southern Seas (Kapiolani), 2-446
The Heroism of Grace Darling, 3-1035
How Alcestis Gave Her Life, 8-2703
How Lady Godiva Helped Her People, 17-6295
How Regulus Went Back to Die, 1-125
How the Children Saved the Town, 9-3068

John Maynard, Pilot, 17-6137
Joyce Kilmer, 17-6394
Kate Barlass of the Broken Arm, 13-4579
The Last Fight at the Colosseum, 9-3064
A Lithuanian Girl's Quick Wit, 11-3811
Little Agnes of the Snow, 19-6879
A Little Girl Trusted with State Secrets, 1-126
The Little Lombard Sentinel, 18-6482
The Man Who Carried Death (Peel), 17-6139
The Man Who Knew No Fear (Bayard), 13-4577
The Man Who Loved Children (Pestalozzi), 1-127
The Man Who Loved the House, 2-443
The Man Who Saved His Son, 3-1036
The Man Who Saved St. Helier (Touzel), 11-4092
The Man Who Thought of His Comrades, 17-6294
Marie Antoinette's Great Sacrifice, 6-2009
The Men of the Birkenhead, 3-888
The Mother of the Gracchi, 11-3811
Out of the Depths of the Earth, 9-3066
A Poacher's Silence, 17-6138
A Prince Who Gave Up His Freedom (Fernando), 4-1257
The Queen Who Gave Up Her Boy (Jeanne of Navarre), 13-4581
A Race for the Lifeboat, 5-1731
The Race from Marathon, 3-887
The Race with the Wolves, 9-3067
Rupert Brooke, 17-6393
The Sacrifice of a King's Sister (Antigone), 6-2008
The Sacrifice of Iphigenia, 11-3808
The Servant Who Tried to Save His Mistress, 3-1036
The Soul of Countess Cathleen, 15-5379
The Story of Brave William Tell, 19-7217
The Swiss Guards Who Did Their Duty, 3-888
The Tale of a Slave (Geronimo), 19-6880
The Tallow Dip and the Black Salt, 8-2708
Three Cups of Cold Water (Sir Philip Sidney), 6-2007
The Undying Love of a Sister, 9-3068
The Wonderful Story of the Venerable Bede, 1-126
A Village of Heroes, 9-3063
When the White Ship Went Down (Prince William), 12-4223
A Woman against a King (Lady Nithsdale), 12-4225
The Woman Who Clothed the Poor (Dorcas), 1-124

## Historical Stories

Antonio's Wonderful Lion, 5-1689
The Boy Whom France Forgot, 1-150
A Clever Bad Man, 18-6476

The Great Fire of London, 8-2819
How the French Reached Moscow, 7-2599
The King, the Nobleman and the Peasant, 3-857 ; in French, 11-4144
The Last Class, 19-7220
The Last Will of Charles Lounsbury, 5-1687
The Little Princes in the Tower, 1-147
The Lonely Shepherd Boy, 16-6031
The March of the Ten Thousand, 14-5257
Marjorie Fleming, 10-3717
Mother Shipton, 7-2602
Peasant Girl and Empress, 5-1691
The Song That Found a King, 16-5827
The Story of Beowulf, 1-56
When Did You Last See Your Father? 13-4563
The Wonderful Friends, 19-7001

## Poems and Plays

All's Well That Ends Well, 8-2686
The Blue Bird, 14-5069
Hamlet, Prince of Denmark, 16-5761
The Love That Was Worth Nothing, 5-1578
Measure for Measure, 16-5755
The Merchant of Venice, 8-2688
A Midsummer Night's Dream, 8-2685
Much Ado about Nothing, 16-5757
Othello, the Moor of Venice, 8-2691
Romeo and Juliet, 16-5759
The Story of Peter Pan, 13-4659
The Tempest, 8-2687
Twelfth Night, 8-2692
The Winter's Tale, 16-5756

## Miscellaneous

A Box of Good Luck, 9-3351
The Branding of Tommy, 9-3239
The Cat and the Parrot, 11-3837
The Emperor and His Servant, 16-5826
Fools and Jesters and Kings, 19-7216
The Four Wise Ministers, 18-6473
The Game of Billiards, 4-1528
How the Bad News Reached the King, 13-4751
The King Who Could Not Sleep, 5-1577
The King's Guest, 16-6029
The King's Three Questions, 16-5830
A Letter from a Man We All Know, 16-5689
A Little Game of Thinking, 8-2960

A Little Letter, 16-6035<br>The Luck of Simple Jack, 13-4756; in French, 14-4948<br>The Miller and His Pets, 19-6997<br>The Rosy Apple, 5-1580<br>The Sad Heart of a Little Trott, 14-4945<br>A Scene from Nicholas Nickleby, 16-5683<br>The School Examination, 13-4753<br>Stories from the Chinese, 5-1579<br>The Three Maid-servants, 7-2602



## FINE ARTS

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## Painting

## The Rich Treasure That Is Ours, 1-61

Art, the earliest as well as the highest and the most elusive form of self-expression, is the heritage of us all.
The Cave-men and Their Pictures, 1-189
The oldest known art of the human race, drawings on bones and horns and the walls of caves in Europe; the art of the reindeer-hunters of the Stone Age.

Supplementary Reading
The Pliocene and the Pleistocene, 6-1925
The Artists of the Old Empires, 1-289
Following the Bronze Age-the wall-decorations of Egypt, Assyria, Babylonia and Persia.

> Supplementary Reading

Babylonia and Assyria, 2-647
Egypt's Fascinating Story, 3-807
Persia and Its Story, 3-909
The Literatures of the East, 15-5459
Ægean and Classical Painting, 2-447
Ancient treasures brought to light in Crete and Mycenæ and Tiryns, disclosing a great civilization. Greek painting on vases and walls.

Supplementary Reading
The Glory That Was Greece, 3-1069
The Literature of Greece, 16-5747
The Great Greeks, 2-701
The Grandeur That Was Rome, 4-1191
The Literature of Rome, 16-5907

## Painting

A Great Light Shines, 2-575
Early Christian art, influenced by Syria, Persia and Greece. Roman and Byzantine branches. Decorations in the catacombs, in churches and, in books.

## Supplementary Reading

The Lovely Books of Long Ago, 2-477

## The Wonder Men of Florence, 2-691

The Italian primitives, their place and value.
Sienese artists: Duccio, Memmi, the Lorenzetti, Bartolo.
Florentine artists: Cimabue, Giotto, Orcagna, Taddeo Gaddi, other followers of Giotto, Fra Angelico, Benozzo Gozzoli, Massaccio, Botticelli, Piero di Cosimo, Ghirlandaio, Lorenzo di Credi, Piero dei Franceschi the Umbrian, and Luca Signorelli the Tuscan.

## Supplementary Reading

## The Builders of Florence, 5-1735

The Literature of Italy, 17-6149
The Little Poor Man of Assisi, 6-1991
The Rise and Fall of Turkey, 13-4797
Leonardo and Michelangelo, 3-823
Renaissance in Tuscany; growth of learning; return of Greek culture to Italy after the conquest of Byzantium by the Turks-three influences on fifteenth- and sixteenth-century art.

Leonardo da Vinci, an artistic genius. Some of his paintings: The Last Supper, Mona Lisa, The Madonna of the Rocks; portraits, and others.
Michelangelo-the master-sculptor, painter, architect, poet. Some of his paintings: The ceiling of the Sistine Chapel, The Last Judgment for the wall of the Chapel, The Holy Family, and others.

## Supplementary Reading

The Builders of Florence, 5-1735
Raphael and His Time, 3-957
Fra Bartolommeo, master of composition.
Andrea del Sarto, the "faultless painter."
Bronzino, first Florentine to paint independent portraits of children.
Umbrian artists: Gentile da Fabriano, Perugino and Pinturicchio.
Raphael Sanzio, the "divine painter," supreme in the composition of space. The three periods of his work-Umbrian, Florentine and Roman. Some of his paintings: The Marriage of the Virgin, the Madonna groups and the decorations of the Stanze and the Loggie in the Vaticati.

Supplementary Reading
The Builders of Florence, 5-1735

Venice Rises and Italy Wanes, 3-1103
Squarcione, founder of the Paduan school.
Mantegna and the classic ideal.
The Bellinis-Jacopo, Giovanni and Gentile-the first great masters in Venice.
The Vivarini family, Lorenzo Lotto, Antonello da Messina, Crivelli, Carpaccio, Cima da Conegliano, Palma Vecchio, Sebastiano del Piombo.
Giorgione, one of the first to give landscape equal importance with figures.
Titian, the great painter of a world of beautiful things.
Tintoretto, industrious painter of imposing large pictures.
Paolo Veronese, whose banqueting scenes and other works have strongly decorative feeling.
Later Venetians: Tiepolo, Guardi and Canaletto.
Borgognone and Bernardino Luini of Milan.
Moretto and Moroni of Brescia.
Correggio of Parma, able in handling light and shade and in painting figures in motion.
Painters of Bologna: The Caracci family and their followers, Albano, Domenichino, Guido Reni, Guercino.
Caravaggio, a leader in realism.
Salvator Rosa of Naples.

## Supplementary Reading

The Makers of Venice, 4-1455
The Artists of Flanders, 4-1221
The illumination of manuscripts.
Flemish genius, content with things as they are.
The Van Eycks, Hubert and Jan, of Bruges; Jan, the greatest por-trait-painter of Europe. Their altar-piece for a church in Ghent, The Adoration of the Lamb.
Roger van der Weyden, a man of visionary and mystic thoughts.
Thierry Bouts of Haarlem, who painted the harder side of life.
Memling's religious pictures and fine portraits.
Hugo van der Goes' paintings of sweetly grave Flemish women.
Quentin Matsys, Gerard David and Mabuse (Jan Gossaert).
Hieronymus Bosch's amusing groups.
The Brueghels-painters of genre pictures: two Pieters and two Jans. The beauty of Flemish landscape first realized in their work.
Early French art allied to that of Flanders.
Franco-Flemish School at Paris.
The Avignon School.

## Nicholas Froment.

Jean Fouquet, father of French art.
The Clouets, who combined Flemish and French qualities.

## Supplementary Reading <br> Belgium and Her People, 15-5495 <br> The Beginnings of France, 10-3429 <br> The Literature of France, 18-6559

The German Painters, 4-1343
Early schools of painting at Prague, Cologne, etc.
Old "Masters" whose names are lost, although their works remain.
"Master Stephan" and his triple panel, The Adoration of the Magi, in Cologne Cathedral.
Sturdy realistic studies of men and women.
Martin Schongauer, of the Swabian school, and his pupil Burgkmair.
Lucas Cranach, founder of the Saxon school.
Mathias Grünewald of Alsace, who used color as a painter should.
Albrecht Duirer, of unrivaled greatness. Contact with Venetian and Flemish art. His art lifted to great heights by thought and imagination. Some of his paintings: famous portraits, The Adoration of the Magi, The Four Evangelists and others. The greatest expression of his genius, in engraving and woodcutting-a supreme mastar of line.
Hans Holbein the younger. Pupil of his father, Hans the elder. Painter to the English court. Some of his paintings: the Meyer Madonna; portraits of Sir Thomas More, the Duchess of Milan. George Gisze, and others. Famous as engraver as well.

## Supplementary Reading

The Beginnings of Germany, 11-3959
The Literature of Germany, 17-6265; 17-6409
The Spaniards and Their Pictures, 4-1495
Real activity in art in Spain delayed till the sixteenth century.
Morales, a painter of sad-faced madonnas and saints.
El Greco, a Cretan. Distorted religious subjects treated with exaggeration of realism. His fame a growing one because of what he was trying to express-a forward-reaching art.
Ribera, influenced by the realism of Caravaggio of Naples.
Zurbaran's studies of monks and saints.
Velasquez, the great genius of Spain, the world's mightiest genius of technique. New artist vision, the "perspective of light." Some of his paintings: many fine portraits, Christ on the Cross, The Tapestry Weavers, The Maids of Honor, and others.
Murillo, lovable painter of happy children and gentle madonnas.
Goya, whose able canvases reflect the gay life of Spain.

## Supplementary Reading

The Story of Spain, 14-5039
The Literature of Spain and Portugal, 19-7125
The Dutch and the Flemings, 5-1585
The Flemings: Trade centre shifted from Bruges to Antwerp.

Rubens, a fine and easy technician whose paintings glow with exuberant life. Some of his works: Coronation of Marie de Medici, The Descent from the Cross; portraits, landscapes, and others. Jordaens.
Van Dyck, the "Cavalier Painter" in Italy, and court painter to Charles I of England. Many distinguished portraits.
David Teniers, the younger, who made "homely" pictures of Flemish life.
The Dutch: The art of Holland distinctly national and intimate, a "stay-at-home genius."
Frans Hals, the "laughing artist," a great portraitist. Large corporation groups and many portraits.
Salomon and Jacob Ruisdael, landscapists, rare painters of countryside, sky and shore. Some of Jacob's works: The Swamp in the Wood, The Mill near Wykby Duurstede, and others.
Hobbema, last great Dutch artist. Some of his landscapes: The Avenue of Middelharnais, The Water Mill, and others.
Van Goyen, painter of Dutch landscape in winter and summer.
Animal painters
Paul Potter-The Young Bull, and others.
Albert Cuyp-many landscapes with cattle as well as other subjects.

## Genre painters

Gerard Terborch-high attainment in technique and color.
Jan Vermeer-modern in treatment of light and atmosphere.
Pieter de Hooch—Dutch homes depicted.
Jan Steen-varied subjects and styles in his story-telling pictures
Gerard Douw and Mieris.

## Supplementary Reading

Belgium and Her People, 15-5495
The Story of the Netherlands, 15-5555
Rembrandt, 5-1709
Rembrandt Van Rijn-a Dutch master, a world genius and a tireless worker. Supremacy in etching: The Hundred Guilder Piece and other works. Superb technique in light and shade. Portraits revealing characteristics of individuals, and interesting as pictures. Some of his paintings: Sortie of the Banning Cock Company, The Lesson in Anatomy, The Syndics of the Clothworkers' Guild, and others.

## Supplementary Reading

The Story of the Netherlands, 15-5555
The Rise of French Art, 5-1873
Early influences from Italy and Flanders.
Beautifying of churches and homes, first by imported artists,
A period of imitative work by French artists.

## Painting

Jean Cousin, called founder of the National School, though no truly national art then existed.
Royal patronage of the arts
Henry IV and Louis XIII.
Louis XIV, a dictator. The Academy founded.
Seventeenth-century painters
The Le Nain brothers.
Poussin, the classical painter.
Claude Lorrain, painter of a sun-washed world.
Charles le Brun, painter to the King and director of the Academy.
Beginnings of fine French portraiture.
Reaction from false splendors of Louis XIV's reign.
Eighteenth-century painters
Watteau, best of the painters of the "gallant" pictures. Some of his works: Embarkation for Cythera, The Dance, The Concert, and others.
Other "gallant" painters: Lancret, Pater, Boucher.
Fragonard's grace and charm.
Portraits by Quentin de la Tour.
Genre pictures: Chardin's home-loving people; the moral and sweetly sentimental canvases of Greuze.
Landscapes by Joseph Vernet and Hubert Robert.
Mme. Vigée le Brun, portrait-painter, an exile during the Revolution.

## Supplementary Reading

The Beginnings of France, 10-3429
France in the Revolution, 10-3563
The Literature of France, 18-6559; 18-6711
Britain's Art Begins, 6-1999
Early skill in illumination of manuscripts-the monasteries, the art workshops. Scottish and English monks instructed by gifted Irish monks.
Progress retarded by the Black Death.
Foreign portrait-painters at the British court
Holbein and his influence. Miniatures by Hilliard and the Olivers.
Van Dyck and the style he founded. Some of his followers: William Dobson, "Old" Stone, Sir Peter Lely and Jameson.
Sir Godfrey Kneller, whose weak, flattering style became the vogue and a bad influence.
Hogarth, a great painter, the father of all modern realism in paint-ing-originator of a new idea in art. Some of his works: Marriage à la Mode, The Rake's Progress, and others.

Supplementary Readingr
Great British Painters, 7-2.327
England in the Long Ago, 4-1315

The Founding of the Nation, 4-1429
The Beginning of Freedom, 5-1565
Fighting for the Crown, 5-1679
The Times of the Tudors, 5-1813
The Times of the Stuarts, 7-2327
A Shining Splendor Comes, 2-721
Shakespeare's Plays, 3-833
Shakespeare at His Height, 3-983
Great Writers of Shakespeare's Time, 3-1117
John Bunyan and Daniel Defoe, 4-1477
Swift, Addison and Steele, 5-1619
French Art after the Revolution, 6-2077
Revival of classic interest and feeling
David, the leader in the new movement, practically a dictator in art. The break-up of the Academy.
Ingres, a great draftsman but an inferior colorist.
Prudhon, inferior in draftsmanship but skilled in effects of light and color.
Reaction away from classicism toward romanticism
Gros, a soldier who painted Napoleon's battle scenes.
Géricault.
Delacroix, the leading spirit in the new movement-his pictures composed in color.
Descamps, Ftomentin, Flandrin, Delaroche, Meissonier, Regnault, Léopold Robert, Horace Vernet, and others.

Supplementary Recding
France in the Revolution, 10-3563
Napoleon and His Conquerors, 6-2199
The French Revolutionists, 6-2127
The Literature of France, 18-6711
The Golden Age of British Art, 6-2109
Sir Joshua Reynolds-many portraits in the grand manner, reflecting the old masters.
Thomas Gainsborough-a painter of nature-landscapes and portraits of women and children. Some of his works: The Blue Boy; Georgianna, Duchess of Devonshire; Mrs. Siddons; and others.
George Romney-portraits and historical scenes, interesting in composition, color and vivacity of effect.
Other English portraitists: John Hoppner, John Opie, Sir Thomas Lawrence.
Scottish portrait-painters: Allan Ramsay and Henry Raeburn.
Supplementary Reading
Great British Painters, 7-2327
From the Stuarts to Napoleon, 6-2097

Napoleon and His Conquerors, 6-2199
Doctor Johnson and His Friends, 5-1867
Poetry Goes Back to the Country, 6-2027
The Master of the People's Songs, 6-2135
The Tellers of Tales, 6-2253
A Century of Change in Art, 6-2229
Landscape in England-the open-air school.
Richard Wilson, a forerunner, touched by classic influences.
George Morland-landscapes with figures and domestic animals.
"Old Crome"-landscapes with trees, surrounded by light and air.
John Constable-the "father of modern landscape." Some of his works: The Hay Wain, The Cornfield, and others.
Richard Bonington-seashore and street scenes.
J. M. W. Turner-painter of the natural world seen through a dream glory of light. Some of his works: The Sun Rising through Vapor, The Fighting Téméraire Towed to her Last Berth, and others.

## Water-colorists

Girtin, Cozens, Turner, Cotman, Bonington, Stothard, Peter de Wint, David Cox, Copley Fielding.
Sir Edwin Landseer, a painter of animals.
The Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood
The leading members: Holman Hunt, Sir John Millais and Dante Gabriel Rossetti.
Associates and contemporaries of the Pre-Raphaelites: Ford Madox Brown, Sir Edward Burne-Jones, Albert Moore, Lord Leighton, George Frederick Watts, and Sir William Orchardson.

Supplementary Reading
Great British Painters, 7-2327
The Wonderful Century, 7-2293
Wordsworth and His Friends, 7-2353
Byron, Scott, Shelley and Keats, 7-2489
Scott and His Stories, 7-2625
The Books of Dickens and Thackeray, 8-2731
The Writers of Essays, 8-2865
The Historians, 9-3201
Carlyle and Ruskin, 9-3311
The Fame of Alfred Tennyson, 10-3469
The Story of the Brownings, 10-3687
Nature Artists of France, 7-2369
Out-of-door study of nature, following the influence of the English painters Constable and Bonington.

The Fontainebleau School: Théodore Rousseau, Diaz, Jules Dupré, Daubigny, Chintreuil.
Painters of animals: Troyon, Rosa Bonheur, Jacques, Brascassat.

Corot-a school in himself-his genius, to give spiritual beauty to earthly things.
Jean François Millet, the greatest portrayer of peasant toilers.
Later nature painters: Cazin, Pointelin, Lhermitte, Harpignies.
Supplementary Reading
France in Modern Times, 11-3813
French Art Goes Out of Doors, 7-2475
Naturalism, leading to plein-airism and impressionism. The study of light, the chief problem.

Courbet and Manet, leaders in naturalism.
Bastien-Lepage and Dagnan-Bouveret, famous plein-airists.
Monet and Pissaro, leading impressionists.
Puvis de Chavannes, great decorative artist, opposed to impressionism.
Other painters who did not follow the new movement: Moreau and Baudry.
The Modern Movement in French Art, 8-2709
Many experiments in the use of pigment-tendency away from pure art in the direction of science.

Impressionists: Cézanne, Matisse, Renoir, Gauguin, Van Gogh, Degas, Carrière, Besnard, Sisley, Signac, Utrillo.
European Artists of Late Years, 8-2851
Russian: Vereshchagin, Ilya Répin, Jan Styka.
Swiss: Böcklin (who worked in Germany), Hodler, Burnand.
Scandinavian: Anders Zorn, Carl Larsson, Fritz Thaulow, Edelfelt.
German: Menzel, Lenbach.
Dutch and Belgian: The Maris brothers, Anton Mauve, Josef Israels, Wauters, Leys, Bosboom, Mesdag.
Spanish: Fortuny, Sorolla, Zuloaga, Picasso (high development of impressionism).
Italian: Boldini, Segantini, Previati, Ettore Tito, Modigliani, and others.
French: Simon, Dauchez, Ménard, Cottet, Bonnat, Carolus Duran, Henner, Bricard, and others.
British: Lavery, Orpen, Strang, Wilson Steer, Augustus John, William Nicholson, Munnings, Shannon, Brangwyn, and others.
The Way We Have Come, 9-3069
A brief summary of European painting from the Italian primitives to our own day.
Painting in the United States: I, 9-3325
Portrait-painters of the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries: Benjamin West, John Singleton Copley, Charles Willson Peale, Gilbert Stuart, Edward Malbone (miniatures), Thomas Sully, John Neagle, Chester Harding, Henry Inman, Charles Loring Elliott.

Early historical and figure painters: John Trumbull, Washington Allston.

## Beginnings of true landscape

The Hudson River School: Thomas Doughty (a forerunner), Thomas Cole, Asher B. Durand, J. F. Kensett, and others.
Landscape of the grand style: Albert Bierstadt, Thomas Moran, Frederic E. Church.
New influences and impulses
Art study in Germany; later in France.
The Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia in 1876.
William Morris Hunt, an inspiring teacher.
George Fuller, a figure-painter modern in his effects.
John La Farge, a leader in decorative color work and design.
Frank Duveneck and William M. Chase, brilliant in technique and notable as teachers.

## Supplementary Reading

- Building Homes in the New Land, 2-543

Child Life in Colonial Days, 3-965
The Revolution, 4-1157
Building the New Nation, 5-1695
The Growing West, 6-1905
The Brothers' War, 7-2427
American Literature in Colonial Times, 12-4445
American Literature to the Civil War, 13-4625; 13-4725
Painting in the United States: II, 10-3447
George Inness, whose fine, poetic work spans various stages in the development of American landscapes.
Other painters of poetic landscapes: Wyant, Homer Martin and Tryon.
Winslow Homer, distinguished and truly American painter of marine views. Some of his paintings: Eight Bells, Maine Coast, Northeaster.
Whistler, living in Europe and delicately selecting among many influences, forms his own style. Some of his paintings: Nocturnes, The Music Room, portrait of his mother, and others.
Sargent, most famous nineteenth-century portrait-painter, working in France, England and America.
Other noted American artists who have lived in Europe: Edwin A. Abbey, Elihu Vedder, Mary Cassatt.

Mural decoration (impulse of the World's Columbian Fair at Chicago in 1893) : Francis D. Millet, John W. Alexander, Kenyon Cox, Edwin H. Blashfield, and others.
Figure painters: Eastman Johnson, Thomas Eakins, George de Forest Brush, Thomas Dewing, Robert Henri, Charles W. Hawthorne, Irving Couse, Frank Benson, William Glackens, Cecilia Beaux, Arthur B. Davies, and others.

Abbott Thayer, who combined vision of beauty with knowledge of nature.
George Bellows, rated as the most distinctly "native" American painter.
Later landscape-painters: Ralph Blakelock, Albert Ryder, Willard Metcalf, Francis Murphy, John H. Twachtman, Childe Hassam, and many others.

Supplementary Reading
The United Nation, 8-2669; 9-3207
American Literature, 1865-1900, 13-4815
Recent American Writers, 14-5007
Painters of Canada, 10-3699
Paul Kane, first professional painter-pictures of Indian life.
Early artists of European birth: Daniel Fowler, Kreighoff, John Fraser, L. R. O'Brien, Jacobi, and others.
Foreign study for native painters. Royal Canadian Academy established in 1880.
Painters in various fields: Robert Harris, Homer Watson, William Cruickshank, Frederick Verner, George A. Reid.
Canadian artists well known in other lands: Horatio Walker, Wyatt Eaton, William Brymner, C. W. Jeffreys (distinctly Canadian landscape), Edmund Wyly Grier (notable portraiture).
Decorative painting: Frederick S. Challener, J. E. H. Macdonald.
Winter scenes and other striking landscape: Maurice Cullen, Clarence Gagen, A. Y. Jackson, Frank H. Johnston, Franklyn Brownell.
Marine painting: Robert F. Gagen, McGillivray Knowles.
Animal painting and other nature studies: Frederick S. Palmer, Frederick S. Haines, Mrs. George A. Reid, Arthur Heming (author-artist).
Later portrait-painting: Laura Muntz, Gertrude des Clayes, Frederick Varley, Ernest Fosberry.

## Supplementary Reading

Canada as an English Colony, 3-941
Canada as a Nation, 4-1483
The French in Canada, 8-2949
Canada's Poets and Prose Writers, 14-5103; 15-5367


## Sculpture

The First Sculptors, 11-3873
Man's first attempts at shaping clay and making ornamental design. Egyptian-characterized by hugeness and repose; of great technical
skill but limited by strict conventions. Typical animal convention, the sphinx.
Assyrian and Babylonian-characterized by brute activity and exaggerated form. Records of war and the hunt. Typical animal conventions, five-footed winged bull and lion. Wide influence.
Persian-influenced by both Egypt and Assyria and characterized by ornate detail of decoration.

Supplementary Reading
Babylonia and Assyria, 2-647
Egypt's Fascinating Story, 3-807
Persia and Its Story, 3-909
The Early Days of Greece, 11-3987
Ægean art, drawing inspiration from nature; its sculpture generally on a small scale. Single large example: Gate of the Lions at Mycenæ.

## Greek Sculpture.

Earliest Greek sculpture in various materials.
Achermos of Chios makes a statue showing movement and expression.
Early sculptures on the island of Ægina.
Great impulse after the Persian Wars.
Supplementary Reading
The Glory That Was Greece, 3-1069
The Golden Years of Greece, 12-4215
Doric ideal-physical perfection.
Athenian ideal-beauty of thought.
Polyclitus-his statue of the athlete Doryphorus, the "rule" for proportions of man's figure.
Myron-his Discobolus, breaking from the convention that a sculptured body should be vertical in line.
Phidias, the greatest sculptor of all time. Some of his works: colossal statues of Athene and Zeus, the Parthenon frieze, and sculptures on other buildings.
Followers of Phidias. The Venus of Milo, probably made by one of them.

Supplementary Reading
The Story of the Iliad, 6-1983
The Glory That Was Greece, 3-1069
The Great Greeks, 2-701
The Followers of the Golden Age, 12-4327
Praxiteles-statues of freedom and grace, gaining great popularity -great skill of execution. Some of his works: Hermes with the baby Dionysus, Eros, The Faun, and others.
The Niobe group, authorship uncertain-Praxiteles or Scopas?

Scopas-expression of passion or suffering introduced upon faces of his statues.
The Mausoleum at Halicarnassus. Advance in treatment of drapery in the frieze.
The Victory of Samothrace.
Lysippus-a worker in bronze, no originals remaining. Employed by Alexander the Great. The Apoxyomenus, a new athletic type.
The Old Empires and New Europe, 12-4459
The Hellenistic age, following the conquests of Alexander.
Extremes of suffering expressed in sculpture. The Laocoön, the Dying Gaul, the frieze on the altar at Pergamum, the Colossus of Rhodes, and other large works.
The Apollo Belvedere and other famous statues.
Sculptures of children, introduced by Boethus.
Græco-Roman period. Art and artists of Greece transported to Italy. Roman copies of Greek masterpieces.

## Byzantine art.

Early Christian sculpture in Gothic churches-the draped statuette replacing the nude statue.

Supplementary Reading
The Grandeur That Was Rome, 4-1191
Italy's Immortals, 13-4603
Italian sculpture starting in the thirteenth century.
Niccola Pisano, combining Roman and Gothic elements.
Ghiberti-his bronze doors for the Baptistery at Florence.
Donatello-his great equestrian statue of Gattamelata and a great variety of fine sculptured work.
Followers of Donatello.
Verrocchio-his famous equestrian statue of Colleoni.
Jacopo della Quercia, noted sculptor of Siena.
Famous Florentine families of sculptors: the Rossellini, the Della Robbias and their terra-cotta work, Andrea and Jacopo Sansovino.
Michelangelo-a sculptor who saw men as giants weighed down by Fate; fascinated by the anatomy of the human form. Some of his statues: David, Moses, figures for the Medici tombs, and others.
Three clever craftsmen: Cellini, Giovanni da Bologna, Bernini.
Supplementary Reading
The Builders of Florence, 5-1735
The Makers of Venice, 4-1455
Italy and Its Story, 12-4407
France and Her Neighbors, 13-4699
Free sculpture slowly developed from architectural decoration.
In Germany
Fine woodcarving.

Stone work and bronze statuary. Adam Krafft and Peter Vischer.

## In France

Fourteenth-century sculptors (French and Flemish): Claus Sluter and his followers.
Sixteenth-century sculptors: Michel Colombe, Jean Goujon, Germain Pilon, Barthelémy Prieur, and others.
Seventeenth-century sculptors (many under patronage of the kings, especially Louis XIV) : Simon Guillain, François Girardon, Pierre Puget, Antoine Coysevox, the Coustous, Robert le Lorrain, and others.
Eighteenth-century sculptors (release from classic restraint) : Jean Baptiste Lemoyne, Etienne Maurice, Falconet, Bouchardon, Jean Baptiste Pigalle, Jean Antoine Houdon, Clodion, Pajou and others.
Nineteenth- and twentieth-century sculptors: Barye, Rude, Carpeaux, Rodin, Bartholomé, and others.

## Supplementary Reading

The Beginnings of France, 10-3429
France in the Revolution, 10-3563
France in Modern Times, 11-3813
Britain and Later Europe, 13-4853

## In England

Gradual emergence of free sculpture from the decorations of Gothic buildings.
Figures in wood, stone, bronze and alabaster.
Grinling Gibbons, sculptor and decorator of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries.
Eighteenth-century sculpture (imitative of classic style): Thomas Banks, Joseph Nollekins, John Bacon, John Flaxman.
Nineteenth- and twentieth-century sculpture: Alfred Stevens, John Henry Foley, G. F. Watts, Alfred Gilbert, Onslow Ford, Sir Hamo Thornycroft, Alfred Drury, Lord Leighton, Goscombe John, Bertram MacKennal, John Swan, and others.
The classic revival in Europe, about 1800.
Antonio Canova of Italy, the leading spirit.
Bertel Thorwaldsen of Denmark, a noted exponent.
Modern European sculptors: Constantin Meunier of Belgium, Ivan Mestrovic of Jugo-Slavia, Jacob Epstein in England.
Sculpture in the United States, 14-4933
A late and rapid development.
First carving in wood.
Early nineteenth-century sculptors: William Rush, John Frazee, Hezekiah Augur.
Foreign training and Italian influence: Horatio Greenough, Thomas

Crawford, Hiram Powers, Randolph Rogers, Erastus D. Palmer, W. W. Story, Harriet Hosmer, and others.

Equestrian statues and portraiture, 1850-1890: Thomas Ball, Clarke Mills, Henry Kirke Brown, Olin Levi Warner.
J. Q. A. Ward, an admirable sculptor and an inspiring influence. Some of his works: The Indian Hunter; statues of Washington, Horace Greeley, Henry Ward Beecher, and others.
The Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia in 1876, an education.
Augustus Saint Gaudens-" "the most illustrious figure in American art." Some of his works: Admiral Farragut, the Lincoln Monument for Chicago, the Sherman statue in New York, and others.
Daniel Chester French, whose work combines great technical skill with vision of truth and beauty. Some of his works: Gallaudet, the Lincoln Statue in the Lincoln Memorial at Washington, the Angel of Death and the Sculptor, the Minute Man, and others.
The Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893, a great opportunity and a strong impulse.
Leading sculptors since 1890: Frederick MacMonnies, Paul W. Bartlett, George Grey Barnard, Gutzon and Solon Borglum, James Earle Fraser, Hermon A. MacNeil, Cyrus E. Dallin, Charles H. Niehaus, Herbert Adams, Lorado Taft, Charles Grafly, Robert Aitken, and many others.
The Sculptors of Canada, 14-5075
Monumental sculpture and portraiture: Hamilton P. MacCarthy, George William Hill, Louis Philippe and Henri Hébert, Walter S. Allward.

Animal sculpture: A. Phimister Proctor.
Sculpture of athletic youth: Dr. R. Tait Mackenzie.
Sculpture of Canadian life and labor: Aurèle De Foy Suzor-Coté, Alfred Laliberté, Frances Loring, Florence Wyle, and others.


## Architecture

The Buildings of the Old World, 14-5207
Architecture, "history in stone."
Primitive structures of stone.

## Between Tigris and Euphrates

Construction of brick and sun-dried clay; buildings on platforms and terraces.

## Chaldean, or Babylonian

Temples, palaces and ziggurats (holy mountains).
The wonder of Babylon and its imposing towers.
Assyrian-the grandeur of Nineveh in its palaces.

## Architecture

Persian-architecture of Assyria and Egypt combined with added richness of ornament; palaces at Susa and Persepolis.

## In Egypt

The most colossal and enduring forms of building.
Column-and-slab structure.
Pyramids and other tombs.
Temples at Karnak and Luxor, Abydus, Philæ and elsewhere.
Pelasgic architecture in the Ægean region: the Treasury of Atreus, the palace at Tiryns; the Minoan palace at Knossos, Crete; and other structures.

## Supplementary Reading

Babylonia and Assyria, 2-647
Egypt's Fascinating Story, 3-807
The Greek and Roman Builders, 15-5341
Greek architecture-logical, perfect in proportion, inspired by sense of beauty.
The three orders: Doric, Ionic, Corinthian.
Examples: the Parthenon, the Erechtheum, the Choragic Monument of Lysicrates, and others.
Theatres, stadia, gymnasia, etc.
Roman architecture-borrowed from Greek and Etruscan.
Differences between Greek and Roman: the Greek, the work of artists ; the Roman, the work of builders, for strength and enduring qualities.
Arch and square and columnar structure.
Kinds of buildings: bridges, aqueducts, temples, palaces, baths, amphitheatres, circuses, etc.
Materials: stone, brick, terra-cotta, concrete.
Examples: the Colosseum, the Pantheon, the Temple of Vesta and others.

## Supplementary Reading

The Glory That Was Greece, 3-1069
The Grandeur That Was Rome, 4-1191
The Eastern Builders, 15-5465

## Saracenic architecture

Arabesque designs-brilliant geometric ornament.
Honeycomb treatment of surface.

## The Moors in Spain

Famous examples of their art: the Giralda Tower, the Alhambra, the mosque at Cordova (Roman influence).
Mosques at Constantinople.
Materials, not lasting.
Architecture in India
Rock temples of Buddha.
Marble temples of the Jain faith; wealth of fantasy in carvings.

Hindu, or Brahman, temples.
Horizontal rows of sculptured design at variance with architectural form.
Influence of invasion by the Saracens, for better style.
Examples: the Kutab Mosque, the Taj Mahal, and others.
Architecture in China
Changeless through centuries.
Characteristic roof treatment and intricate decoration.
Temples, pagodas and pailaces.
Architecture in Japan
Of the same general class as the Chinese, but daintier and lighter.
Supplementary Reading
The Rise and Fall of Turkey, 13-4797
India, the Pearl of the East, 8-2695
The Chinese Republic, 2-421
Japan and Korea, 2-561
Architecture in Christian Times, 16-5715
Basilican churches: St. Paul-outside-the-walls, Rome; St. Apollinare, Ravenna, and others.
Byzantine churches: St. Sophia and St. Saviour, Constantinople; and others. St. Mark's, Venice, Byzantine touched by Gothic and other influences.
Romanesque churches (developed from basilican), in France, Italy and Germany: L'Abbaye-aux-Dames, Caen; Notre Dame, Avignon; Cathedral, Baptistery and Leaning Tower, at Pisa; Cathedral of Worms; and others.

## Supplementary Reading

The Beginnings of France, 10-3429
The Beginnings of Germany, 11-3959
Italy and Its Story, 12-4407
Gothic Architecture in England, 16-5963
Succeeding the English Romanesque, known as the Norman, style; strong traces to be seen in Durham, Peterborough and other cathedrals; round churches of the Crusaders.
Three periods of English Gothic
Early English-thirteenth centriry Salisbury, Lincoln, Lichfield, and other cathedrals.
Decorated Gothic-fourteenth century: the Lady Chapel, Elv; parts of Exeter and other cathedrals; tombs, monuments and shrines.
Perpendicular Gothic-fifteenth century: Henry VII's Chapel and the Church of St. Margaret, Westminster.

Supplementary Reading
The Founding of the Nation, 4-1429

The Beginning of Freedom, 5-1565
Fighting for the Crown, 5-1679
The Golden Years in Europe, 17-6155

## In France

Gothic supplanting and transforming Romanesque.
Lancet Gothic-twelfth century: St. Denis, Notre Dame, Lens, Soissons and other cathedrals.
Rayonnant Gothic-thirteenth century.
Flamboyant Gothic-fourteenth and fifteenth centuries.
Several periods often combined in one building.

## In Germany

Transition from Romanesque to Gothic-latter half of thirteenth century.
"Hall" type of churches: St. Elizabeth, Warburg; Munich Cathedral, and others.
French Gothic: Cologne Cathedral, finest example.
In the Low Countries
Belgium: Antwerp Cathedral, of the Flambuyant period; Ypres, Ghent, and others show changing periods.
Town halls and guild halls, characteristic Flemish architecture: Cloth Hall at Ypres and others.
Holland: cathedrals at Utrecht, Haarlem, etc., simple but fitting.
In Italy
Pure Gothic rare in many parts, especially the south.
Milan Cathedral, resembling German Gothic-flawless in style and proportion.
The Duomo, Florence, Italian Romanesque, a monument of Florentine history.
San Francesco at Assisi, simple in style.
Cathedral at Siena, and many other famous churches.
In Spain
Gothic influence strongest in north, but with modifications.
Seville Cathedral, fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, second largest church in the world.
Moorish and other influences impressed on Spanish building-a record of history.

## Supplementary Reading

The Beginnings of France (illustrations), 10-3429
France in the Revolution (illustrations), 10-3563
Germany as It Is (illustrations), 12-4161
Belgium and Her People (illustrations), 15-5495
Italy as It Is (illustrations), 13-4565
The Story of Spain (illustrations), 14-5039
The Renaissance in Italy, 17-6297
A reflowering of classic ideals.

Princely houses in Florence: the Riccardi, Pitti, Uffizi and other palaces.
Brunelleschi, first great architect of the Renaissance.
Fine buildings in Genoa and Milan.
The Certosa at Pavia-combining Gothic and Renaissance styles.
Bramante, architect of St. Peter's, Rome, and parts of the Vatican.
Michelangelo as architect-the dome of St. Peter's and other works.
The Baroque, or Rococo, style, the degeneration of Renaissance.
Venetian palaces and other buildings: the Palace of the Doges, Church of Santa Maria dei Miracoli, and others.

## Supplementary Reading

The Builders of Florence, 5-1735
The Makers of Venice, 4-1455

## Four Centuries in Europe, 18-6489 <br> In England

The evolution of the English house.
The Tudor period.
The Renaissance and Inigo Jones.
Christopher Wren and his work.
Eighteenth-century architecture.
Gothic and classic revivals.
Nineteenth- and twentieth-century buildings.

## In France

The châteaux from medieval times.
The Renaissance, and Italian influence: The Louvre-a masterpiece of four centuries; the Palace of Versailles; many churches.
Rococo influence and a classic revival.
The nineteenth century, with Gothic and Renaissance influences: the New Opera in Paris, and other buildings.

## In Germany

Castles and public buildings.
Gothic feeling persisting through Renaissance influence.
Churches combining various styles.
In the Low Countries
Renaissance buildings and additions to Gothic structures: guild houses, town halls, churches influenced by Rococo style, and other buildings.

## In Spain

Revival of classic feeling under Juan de Herrera and other architects: the Escurial and other buildings.
Renaissance influence: many palaces and churches. A mingling of styles-Moorish, Gothic and Renaissance; rich decoration: The Alcazar, Granada Cathedral, St. Estéban (Salamanca) and others.

## Supplementary Reading

Great Builders of London, 12-4353

France in Modern Times (illustrations), 11-3813
The Story of Spain (illustrations), 14-5039
Architecture in the United States, 18-6679
Tendencies imported from parent lands: Spanish Renaissance, German, Dutch, English ("colonial") traditions.
Early building, chiefly of wood and simple in design.
Charles Bulfinch, New England, first professional architect in the land.
From the Civil War to 1880 , pretentious imitation of foreign modes.
Churches by Upjohn and other architects: Trinity Church, Grace Church and St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York, and others.
"Richardson Romanesque": Trinity Church, Boston; Pittsburgh Court House ; and other buildings.
From 1890 to the present.
New impulses under able architectural leaders.
Three main forces: Classical, Gothic, American Domestic.
The Columbian Fair at Chicago, 1893, an opportunity and a revelation.
Gothic and Tudor modes adopted by many universities.
Steel and ferro-concrete construction for great city buildingsa new development, distinctly American.

## Supplementary Reading

How Man Makes Stone, 7-2305
See also illustrations for articles on the various sections of the United States and on the cities of Washington, New York and Chicago.
The Art of Furniture-Making, 18-6767
(Related to Architecture)
In England
Early developments: Saxon, Norman, French, Flemish, Dutch, and Italian Renaissance influences.
Queen Anne's reign, beginning of truly English mode.
Chippendale and the introduction of styles showing more lightness and grace.
The Adam brothers-architects who included all details of decoration and furnishing in their plans.
Hepplewhite, designer of beautiful chairs and other furniture.
Sheraton, an artistic genius of rare skill and taste.

## In America

Crude beginnings in the colonies.
English furniture copied by cabinet-makers.
The Windsor chair adopted and developed.
Master craftsmen in woodwork: Samuel McIntire and others.
Duncan Phyfe, a master designer and maker of furniture.
For pictures showing early American furnishings see also 2-547 and 3-967.

## Music

## The Beginnings and Growth of Music, 19-6897

Primitive music and its sources.
Evolution of instruments: stringed instruments, wind instruments, percussion instruments.
Early scales and modes.
Wandering singers: troubadours, minnesingers and meistersingers. Part-singing, counterpoint: the "round," or canon.
Illustrations of counterpoint and harmony.

## Supplementary Reading

The Waves of Sound, 17-6313
Music and Noise, 18-6437
Wonderful, Wonderful Music, 18-6695
The Behavior of a Sound, 19-6851
How We Got the Piano, 5-1795
The Song That Found a King, 16-5827

## Great Classic Composers and Their Works, 19-7071

A change from the church modes used by Palestrina.
Johann Sebastian Bach: noble and majestic compositions for the organ; the "tempered scale" of to-day introduced in his WellTempered Clavichord series.
George Frederick Handel, composer of great oratorios: The Messiah, and other works.
Franz Josef Haydn, father of the symphony and of the modern orchestra; the Surprise Symphony, the oratorio of The Creation, and other works.
Mozart: clear, flowing music in perfection of form: symphonies, operas, and other works.
Gluck, a composer who reformed the opera.
Ludwig van Beethoven, whose music expresses the restless surge of emotion: nine great symphonies, and other works.
A transition from classic to romantic style.
Franz Schubert, a composer with a rare gift for melody; writer of symphonies and songs: the Unfinished Symphony, the ErlKing, and other works classic in form but romantic in feeling.
Mendelssohn, composer of charming polished music: Midsummer Night's Dream Overture, the oratorio Elijah, and other works classic in form but romantic in feeling.

Supplementary Reading
Composers of Great Music, 19-6913
Romantic Composers and the Music of To-day, 19-7149
Robert Schumann, the first of the truly romantic composers; storytelling and descriptive music-symphonies, piano pieces and songs.

Frédéric Chopin, introducing a new style of composition for the piano; beautiful poetic piano pieces.
Verdi: melodic operas.
Berlioz: interesting orchestral works, programme music.
Franz Liszt: compositions and transcriptions for the piano: Hungarian Rhapsodies, and other works.
Richard Wagner, composer of a new form of opera, the music drama.
Johannes Brahms: classic forms enriched with new beauties: symphonies, concertos, chamber music, and other works.
Tschaikowsky, composer of mournful music that stirs the emotions.
Franck, inspired by church music of Bach's time.
Richard Strauss: powerful orchestral works.
Impressionism and other modern tendencies.
Debussy and Ravel.
Scriabine, Stravinsky, Schönberg.
American Composers
MacDowell: descriptive music.
Gershwin: serious music based on jazz.
Supplementary Reading
Composers of Great Music, 19-6913
The Literature of Germany, 17-6265
Lohengrin, or the Swan-Knight, 8-2957

## GRADED COURSES OF STUDY

## AS GIVEN IN THE SCHOOLS

## Arranged for the Convenient Use Of Children, Parents and Teachers

Based on examination of the courses of study used in the school systems throughout the
United States. Includes Study Outlines; Questions linking the Subject-matter to incidents of everyday life; Achievement Tests; Page References to answers, required information and pictures in The Book of Knowledge

WITH INTRODUCTIONS
Addressed to the Child, the Parent and the Teacher

BY

## A N G E L O P A T R I

Principal, Public School 45, Bronx, New York

## OUTLINES, QUESTIONS AND TESTS

15
GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, CIVICS, LITERATURE, NATURE STUDY AND BIOLOGY

BY
ISABELLA STEWART

SCIENCE
BY
HARRY A. KRAIL
Assistant Principals, Public School 45, Bronx, New York

## INTRODUCTION

MY CHILDREN: If suddenly one day there should come to you a gentle and kindly stranger offering you Aladdin's lamp or Cinderella's slipper or the magic carpet itself, you would consider yourself the most fortunate of children. There would be nothing you could not wish for and have promptly. You could go anywhere, do anything you ever dreamed of doing and live happily ever afterward.

Here then is your magic gift-this set of books. The quality that most delights us in a story is its truth. Neither you nor I would care a whit about a story that was not true. For us Cinderella finds her slipper and her prince. The genii spring from the earth at our bidding. Jack does slay the giant and carry the fortune home to his mother. More than ever is magic abroad in the world this day.

We can whisper a message across the sea and catch the answering whisper as it flashes back. We can throw a beam of light around the earth while you could say Abracadabra. We ride on the ocean and fly high in the air and harness the moon to our bidding. Magic, all of it, but the magic of truth and the knowledge of it. Armed with them the world is yours. No fairy godmother could wish you more. No friendly magician could do for you what you can do for yourself if you possess knowledge and understanding.

From the beginning men have searched out secrets of earth and sky and the places under the earth. For centuries they have searched and written down their findings and passed on leaving their stories behind them to make the way plainer for those who followed. Each generation has read, searched, written and passed on in its turn. Each new child of earth has read the messages and found in them the old command, "Seek and ye shall find." Each healthy, happy child has caught up the challenge and presses forward. Each has started where some older searcher has laid down his tools, left his unfinished task.

Some of these elders watched by night on lonely hills studying the ways of the stars. Year after year they watched and set down what they saw, a great line of scholars, so that now there is a long story of these mysterious torches of the sky. A long story yet unfinished. Perhaps you are to be one of those who will take up the tale. Who knows?

Others watched and listened and traveled about the world to see and tell of the strange ways of men. Much of what they have written is sad enough but there is a store of it that will make you thrill with pride to read and remember that you, too, are a child of man. You, too, can live nobly and work great deeds. What men have done is the starting place for you. History holds much that is precious for you.

Always there has been a group tormented by the WHY of things. Why will a stone drop swiftly and a feather float about? Why does it thunder and why does it snow? What makes the wind blow? Why does fire burn and water quench? Always they knew that for every why in the world there is a because, and they searched for it. Their findings are written in the books of science, and science, my children, is magical truth. True magic for you. Seek and you will find it.

When I was a boy I heard a talking machine. Not such as you hear to-day, but very wonderful to me. I wanted so much to know how the voice got into the box, but there was none to tell me. I dared not ask the teacher and my mother did not know any more than I did about it. She wanted to know, too, but even the wisest neighbor of all did not know and could not tell us how the voice got into the box. You know all about it.

But if you don't and if you very much wish, as I did, to find out, all you have to do is to look in Volume 20 and find Sound, page 7620, and there you will find a long list of headings that promise you such delightful stories and such a treasure-trove of knowl-edge-and magic-that your mother will have to take your books away to get you to bed. Lucky child!

So it would seem, my children, that there is a great plan of life and you and I and

## INTRODUCTION

the others about us have each a share and a place in the scheme. First of all we must know what has been done in the world and then start out to do our bit. We need never worry about it-just know what we are about, do the very best we can to make ourselves and those about us happy and carry this old world ahead just the little bit that is our portion.

You have here under your hand in this Book of Knowledge the tools with which your forefathers toiled to carve out the steep places life offered them. You have here the materiais from which they drew the magic that has lighted your homes, heated them, made them safe and clean. You have here the wisdom of your race, its art, its poetry, iiidealism, its science, its life of service.

If you read it carefully, as you need it, you will find that it opens wide the door of opportunity to you. If you use the knowledge you find here wisely you will find yourself traveling new paths to riew fields. If you form the habit of reading about the things that are new and strange you will find that you arrive a little farther beyond your starting place. And that, my child, is what education means! An old road, a tried road, leading you on to explore the new and untried route to your own success, the special niche that you will carve out for yourself.

The Book of Knowledge will help you travel far on that road. Take it with you and use it as Aladdin used his lamp. It will not, I promise, ever faib you.


TO PARENTS: You want your child to have the best that life can offer. You want him to succeed where you failed. You want him to enjoy where you could only look on. You want him to fulfill your dreams. To these ends you make heavy sacrifices. For the good of your child you carry a heavy burden.

You give up much that would lighten your load to give the child every advantage. You send him to the best school. You live in the best possible neighborhood for his sake. You plan to have him work and study and play with children who are fine and clean and wholesome, knowing how powerful a force a child's companions can be. But when all is said and done the child comes back to you as the source of his life. He will continue to come to you throughout his life, and you will know the beautiful relationship of parent and child in its fullness, if you make his coming worth while.

In the early days you are the comforter. You heal his bruises. You praise each fumbling effort. You encourage him after each childish defeat. He is close to you and the relationship is intimate and easy. Then the day comes when his horizon widens. He discovers much that is new and strange and comes to you for the right word. Well for you if you have it, for on that depends your future relationship with your child.

Out of your learning, out of your experiences, out of the sum of your life, you answer his questions. The whole of you is not enough. The field of knowledge is too vast for any one mind to compass. You musì turn to the books for help.
"Mother, mother, I have a new job. We've finished the animals. Now we must do natural phenomena. Nine is rain. Everybody got something. Pat's is the snow and Bill's is the wind. Mine's easy. Rain. 'N the teacher said I had to learn a poem about the rain, too.
"I told her I knew a pnem, two of them. 'The rain is raining all around,' and 'Rain, rain, go away,' but she smiled at me and told me to go learn a grown-up-er one. What do you know about rain, mother? I got to know a lot.
"We got to find out what rain means to man. It's the same as we did for the animals, only not exactly. I got to know the whole story in a week and learn the peom, too. What do you know about rain, Mom?"
"Just the usual things. I suppose. Rain is condensed vapor that falls from the clouds. But we can look it up to-night in The Book of Knowledge and learn a whole lot more."

Evening comes and mother and child turn to the books. "First I'll look in the index. Here it says 'Rain, Volume 8 , page 2921.' Here's more. 'Causes of rain; how to measure rain; poems about rain.' It's all here. Gee, I'll have more'n anybody, Mom."
"There's quite a lot, my boy. Best take a bit at a time. You read about the rain and I'll listen, and then you tell me what you think about it. Then I'll tell you my sto-

## INTRODUCTION

ries about the rain: how it nearly flooded out the town where I lived by making the river rise and rise; how I went out after the half-drowned chicks that strayed into the tall grass in the June thunder showers. And the big cistern we used to have to hold rain water. O, lots of things. You begin."

So you and your child are merged in the problem that will carry you far ahead on the road of knowledge and carry you together, which is most important to you. You will consult five volumes of The Book of Knowledge. You will talk over what you read. You will tell your tale of personal experience. You will weave your life into his. Valuable as the habit of searching after knowledge must be to the child far more so will be the close and harmonious association of parent and child. Something is born there between them that will last a lifetime.

But the child is not always in search of knowledge when he appeals for help. "The teacher is a mean old thing. Look what she did. Gave me a C for my science book and another for my geography. Two C's. I know I deserve higher. She gave Billy a B and his isn't any better. Isn't that good work, Mom? And she only gave me C. It's a skin."

The first inclination of a parent is to side with the complaining child. Be careful. Life will measure him impersonally and on severe standards. The sooner he learns to do this for himself the sooner he will succeed. The sooner he can look at himself critically and honestly the sooner he will learn to measure up to his best.

Take nobody's word for the child's ability and his product. See for yourself. Turn to the Test pages of The Book of Knowledge and you will find the standards and measurements of science and geography and any other school work your child does. Measure your child's work on that basis.

These standards and measurements are the result of testing and measuring the results of the work of thousands of school children. They are impersonal as a foot rule. The child will accept them as final and judge himself accordingly. By using them he will become conscious of his purpose in going to school, learn to work independently and without the disturbing emotions that rise out of teacher-pupil antagonisms. Once in this attitude toward his education he is well on his way to maturity and success.

The ideal that holds high place in the hearts of men is that of the teaching mother and the learning child. It is the symbol of man's chief desire in life. He knows that his stay here is brief. He knows he will lay down his work unfinished. He hopes that his child will take it up and go on beyond where his fathers left off.

The mother must prepare the child. She must teach and listen and lead and share with him the experiences of his growing time. Always there has been a great gap between home and school. Vainly the mothers have tried to bridge it by helping the children with their home work. The child protested, saying, "The teacher does not mean that." "She doesn't do them that way." "That isn't the kind we do."

If you take this Course of Study and turn to the grade where your child belongs, you will have before you the teacher's plan and the pupil's task. You can know exactly what has gone before, you can know accurately what the teacher is aiming for each day. You can be right and go ahead, helping your child in school and at home. You can help him to help himself, secure in the knowledge that school and home are at last linked and working harmoniously. With a gesture as easy as turning the pages of a book you have doubled your child's opportunities and multiplied his powers. That, I take it, is the high desire of all mothers to whom this Course of Study is offered.

TO THE TEACHER: We who have to do with children know how little, how very little, we can teach them. We know, too, that much of what we teach. much of what they so carefully prepare and recite, will be forgotten with the withering of the graduation flowers.

But we are secure on some points: We know that we can help a child, according to his power, to find his talents and increase them. We can set his tastes. We can teach him where to look for information and help him to form the habit of looking for it and using it rightly. We can give the child a certain attitude toward life that will bring suc-

## INTRODUCTION

cess and happiness. Beyond that we can do little. From there on each child must help himself.

The greatest contribution the classroom can make to the child's formal education is teaching him to read. A child who can read intelligently has the tools of his education in his hands. He can, if he can use a good reference book, help himself toward any goal he may set. This self-help is the aim of all good teaching.

The text books are, of necessity, meagre. Their content is limited by the size of the book and the time allowed for its study. The teacher's energy is limited also. Nothing so depletes one's vital forces as a teaching day. It is plain recitations must be pared down to the bare essentials. School conditions demand rigid economy of time and subject matter and energy. Instruction must be pointed and brief and clear.

This is the day of specialized knowledge, the day of speed and accuracy. No time is allowed for ignorance or blundering, no excuse is granted the worker who is not equipped for his task. Some sort of power must be added to the teacher if the pupil is to go out with a knowledge deep encugh, sure enough, tried enough to function in daily living.

It is for this emergency that The Book of Knowledge is offered. Teach your pupils its use and you have opened wide the door to an enriched self-education. Teach him the right use of this set of books and you have given him the means to serve his highest educational ambitions.

The teacher strives to help his pupil gain knowledge and make the right use of it independently; to make the unknowing child conscious of his plan and purpose in coming to school; to make him his own teacher. Once the child gets the idea the teacher's burden is lifted and his task becomes a joy. The unwilling child becomes the eager searching child whom it is a delight to serve.

We of the schools do too little to stimulate this hunger for knowledge. The school is usually set toward the administration problems rather than the child's full growth. The Course of Study would seem to be a secret between the superintendents and the teachers. The child's task is hidden from him and his lessons are like so many attacks from ambush.

The teacher gives and the child accepts. The lesson is the teacher's. The correction and criticism are made by the teacher. The tests are the teacher's and the ratings are his. Have you not heard the teacher cay, "My questions," "My lessons," "My marks"? Any process that leaves the eager, constructive mind of the child out of consideration cannot be called education. Education lies in personal experiences, personal responsibility for work and conduct.

Turn things about a little. Take the child into confidence about his education. Show him the Course of Study as it is set down here and explain that it is the fund of knowledge that every school child of his age and power can master. Show him how to follow it through step by step and how to enrich it by the related reading. Teach him how to test his own work, measure his own power; to take an impersonal and critical view of his knowledge. Allow him to put his creative instinct on a job and you have given him the best of gifts, the power of self-help.

If you can take this attitude toward teaching you will find your function has shifted from that of the task-master to that of the leader and guide. You will find yourself acting as an inspirational force rather than as the dull, compelling dictator. You will discover that there is much of the adventure in search of knowledge still open to you and you will go forward with your pupils.

Curiosity, the instinctive desire to know what is as yet unknown. drives men to search as long as they are alive. The divine hunger to learn what is beyond the horizon drives him to seek and find and so magnify his increase and magnify his power on earth. This he must do if he is to be true to himself. Each step forward, each discovery made, turns his days of drudgery to moments ci delight.

For the searching pupil and teacher there is no better source book than these we offer you. The Book of K nowledge ho!ds much of what you need. Use it and you will find yourself growing in intelligence and power. Teach your pupils to use it and you will find them coming to your classes with shining eyes and eager minds.

Direct them to the Course of Study. It is no longer considered good teaching to keep the plan of work from the pupil who is doing it. Teach him to look back to what he has accomplished, reread the stories, review the problems, retake the tests, so that he kneads his knowledge into his mind. The older our knowledge is the richer it becomes.

## INTRODUCTION

Teach him to look ahead so that he works intelligently toward his goal day by day. Fear rides with him who travels an unknown road, and modern teachers dread the entrance of fear into the minds of their pupils. Let familiarity take the place of the mystery once associated with the term's work in the Course of Study and the children will work faster, work more intelligently, and with the high spirit that self-help and the serenity of sureness bring.

He who opens to the questioning mind of a child the knowledge that increases his powers and stimulates his creative instinct blazes a trail for a new, a nobler race.

Auyde Pitin



## GRADED COURSES OF STUDY

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

| GEOGRAPHY PAGE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fourth Grade |  | 7735 |
| Fifth Grade | . . | 7740 |
| Sixth Grade | . . | 7752 |
| Seventh Grad |  | 7762 |
| Eighth Grade |  | 7771 |
| Summary |  | 7776 |
| HISTORY AND CIVICS |  |  |
| Fourth Grade | . | 7777 |
| Fifth Grade | . . | 7780 |
| Sixth Grade |  | 7785 |
| Seventh Grade |  | 7790 |
| Eighth Grade | . | 7797 |
| Summary | . . | 7806 |
| LITERATURE |  |  |
| First Grade |  | 7807 |
| Second Grade |  | 7807 |
| Third Grade |  | 7808 |
| Fourth Grade |  | 7808 |
| Fifth Grade |  | 7809 |

Sixth Grade
PAGE ..... 7810Seventh Grade
7810
Eighth Grade ..... 78 II
Ninth Grade ..... 78 II
NATURE STUDY
First Grade ..... 7813
Second Grade ..... 7813
Third Grade ..... 7814
Fourth Grade ..... 7815
Fifth Grade ..... 7815
Sixth Grade ..... 7816
SCIENCE
Seventh Grade ..... 7818
Eighth Grade ..... 7830
Ninth Grade . ..... 7840
BIOLOGY
Ninth Grade . ..... 7854


# GEOGRAPHY, 4тн GRADE 

## Average Aze 9 to $101 / 2$

(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. LOCAL OR HOME GEOGRAPHY. (a) Your home.

Its location.
The materials of which it is made.
How it is built. Why?
(Climatic reasons)
How is it kept warm?
How is it furnished?
Associated facts
The directions from home and school. Topography (i.e. surface and land forms) of your home village or city and of your own state.
(b) The food you eat.

Its sources.
The farm, the country, a place where things are grown (pictures 18 6433, 10-3397, 1-115, 15-5276$77,5279$.
How the food reaches your table.
(c) The clothing you wear-your suit, your dress, your shoes.
Tell their story.
(d) The occupations and industries of the local environment.
The city a place where things are made.
The interdependence of the city and country. One cannot exist without the other.

## QUESTIONS

Of what materials are most city homes built? (8-3012, 9-3210-12, 18-6690.) Country homes? Tell why. (5-1658.) Tom lives in a big house in the country. Of what material is his home constructed? (16-5985-96; pictures, 18-6428-29.) Name two places where it might have been grown. How was it brought to its present location? In what directions did it travel? How did it make the journey? By rail? By boat? Johnny lives in an apartment in a large city. (4-1215; pictures, 17-6209, 6219, 186688.) Of what material is his home built? Tell from where it came.

For breakfast, Johnny had oranges (62057), bread (1-371-84, 7-2423-25), butter and milk (7-2323-26). Where were these things grown or made and how did they reach Johnny? What food does the Eskimo child eat? (7-2563-66.) The Indian boy? (1-161, 14-5165, 12-4515.) How is this food obtained and brought to them? Do more or fewer people help to feed Johnny than help to feed the Indian and Eskimo? Why?

Johnny wears a stout woolen suit. Who first wore it? Not Johnny. (15-5575-88.) Who took the wool away from its first wearer? Tell the story of the journey of Johnny's suit from its first wearer to him. Johnny's shoes are heavy leather. (5-154958.) Who first wore them? How did they reach Johnny? (18-6440-55.)

In what ways do the people whom you know earn their livings? What are the chief occupations and industries of the sections where you live? How does the trapper earn his living? (12-4341-42.) Where does he work? (Use map.) How does he dispose of what he gathers? Who finally uses it? What does the fisherman do to earn his living? (11-4050-63.) Where does he work? What things does the city send to the fisherman, the lumberman, the farmer? How are these things sent? Who handles them? (2-410.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

2. HOMES OF OTHER CHILDREN OF OUR OWN LAND.
Types

Eskimo child's home. (7-256466; picture, 8-2981.)
Mexican child's home. (5-1656.)
Canadian trapper's home. (Pictures, 12-4338-40.)
Indian child's home. (1-161, 162; 5-1658; picture, 165835.)

Fisherman's home.
Stockman's home. (15-527677.)

Lumberman's home. (16-598596.)
(a) How each one of these is built and why? (Climate-Topography.)
(b) The food and clothing of each. How obtained.
(c) Occupations.
(d) The animals, trees and flowers that grow about them.

Words of which you should be able to give the meanings

1. occupation
2. industry
3. product
4. export
5. import
6. resource
7. climate
8. customs
9. government
10. population
11. HOMES OF CHILDREN OF OTHER LANDS.
(a) South America.

Manuel in Brazil. (19-7042-48.)
Homes in Temperate Zone
Many kinds of industries. Many kinds of homes. Many kinds of food, animals. Many kinds of things grown.
(b) Europe.

Swiss child. (16-5997-6009.)
French child. (11-3812-28.)
English child. (7-2292-2304.)

## QUESTIONS

When the sun does not make it warm enough, how can we get heat? (3-785-802.) What men produce the heat givers? Where do they work and live? How do they send the heat givers to us? How does the Eskimo heat his home? What is the Eskimo's home called? (7-2564.) Which child lived in a Wigwam? How was the Wigwam heated? Who lived in a bark tepee? Where? (1-160-65; picture, 16-5835.) Why do I say lived, not lives? Who lives in a pueblo? (9-3028-30; pictures, 197237.) Which child lives in the country to the south of the United States? What things may his father do to gain a living? (19-7134-36.) You have a map of North America which shows all of the countries. Take your map and see how many towns and cities you find in this country. Make a traced map of Mexico. Cut out Mexico. Place a sheet of paper with Mexico cut out on the map of North America, so that the opening will cover the eastern part of the U. S. Count the towns and cities to be found within this territory in the U. S. Compare the number with that found in Mexico. How would you expect the people of Mexico to earn their livings? Repeat this exercise with Canada. (1-110-12.) What occupations do you find in the countries with many cities? in countries with few cities? What is meant by the "chief industry" of a place? Who sends us herring? salmon? How are these caught? How shipped to us? How are they kept from spoiling? (11-4050-61, 1-113.) Who sends us beef? (9-3207.) Where does he live? (15-5276-77; 18-6435.) What other things does he send to us? What must he buy from cities?

Describe a home in the zone where the sun shines strongest. (Picture, 8-2830-31.) What plants and animals do we find there? (19-7142; pictures, 8-2695-98, 2827.) Manuel lives in South America. Map. (196856.) What great mountains rise to the west of his home? What things are grown near Manuel's home? (19-6975-82.) What child lives near the Alps Mountains? (16-5997-6009.) What child has Paris for the capital of his country? (11-3812-28.) What children live in the British Isles (7-2292-2304.) What is the chief city of each of these countries? What child lives in the valley of the Rhine? (12-4160-80.) What things are raised in his country? Which of

## COURSE OF STUDY

German child. (12-4160-80.)
Spanish child. (14-5039-53.)
Italian child. (13-4564-76.)
(c) Asia.

Chinese child. (2-421-36.)
Japanese child. (2-560-74.)
(d) Australia. (7-2462-73.)

Sheepherder's child.
(e) Homes in Hot Lands (Tnrrid Zone). African negro child. (18-6802-14.)
(f) Island children.

West Indies. (19-7096-7104.)
Iceland. (15-5298.)
Philippines. (10-3588-91.)
British Isles. (7-2292-2304.)

## 4. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

Motions of the earth. (1-17-24, 235-39.)
The earth takes a journey every day.
Every year, it takes a greater journey around the sun.
What causes change of seasons? (8-2791-94.)
The amount of sun influences man's manner of living. (8-2663-68.)
Lands under the direct rays.
The equator.
Heat Belts-Zones.
The great land divisions. (1-42-48.)
Bordering waters.
Chief mountain ranges. (7-2537-42.)
Chief rivers.
Bays, Gulfs.
5. POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY

The chief countries in each continent, largest cities.
Review by going back over children's homes.

## QUESTIONS

these countries you have studied have kings? Which are republics? What things does Spain send us? (14-5039-53.) Italy? (13-4564-76.) In what continent is China? (2-421-36.) How do the Chinese earn their livings? Name two great rivers in China. What is a junk? What things do we get from China? What things does China get from us? What are the chief industries of Japan? (2-560-574.). What beautiful things are made in China and Japan? If a ship from an African seaport sailed into San Francisco what cargo would you expect it to carry? (18-6802-14.) What cargo might it carry back? What is the chief export of Australia? (7-2462-73.) In what continent is there the least manufacturing?

Children illustrate motions of the earth by drawings, by dramatizations and games. What are zones? In which one do you live? Which are the frozen zones? In which zone do the dwellers have the easiest existence? (8-2663-68.) Why? Which is the best zone in which to live? Why? In which direction does your shadow point at noon day? Do all places within the same zone have the same climate? If you lived south of the equator in what direction would your shadow point at noon day? Describe a home in the zone which has the least sunshine. (7-2564-66, 8-2981.) Tell who built it and how. What people live there? How are they dressed? What is their food?

Here is a list of the continents and a list of countries. Arrange the countries so that they will be opposite the continents in which they belong.

| Brazil | Asia |
| :--- | :--- |
| Canada | Europe <br> Japan |
| South America |  |
| France | North America |
| India | South America |
| Chile | North America |
| U. S. | Asia |
| China | Europe |
| Germany | North America |
| Mexico | Africa |
| Egypt | Asia |

## THINGS TO DO (GEOGRAPHY, 4тн GRADE)

1. Make a map of your own locality. If you live in the city, make the map of your own block. Show your home. Remember there is something you must learn that is called scale. What does the word mean in connection with maps? If you live in the country, make the map of your own section. Show railroads, roads, streams, high and low land, and any important buildings.
2. Get a large blank book. Keep it as a scrapbook in connection with your work in geography. As you study a topic collect all the pictures you can that refer to it and paste them into your book. Be sure to label each picture. Do not scatter them. Put all pictures on a topic together.
3. Make product maps. Make an outline map of the country you are studying. Try to get a sample of each important product. Paste or fasten it in its correct location.
4. If there is a market anywhere near you, visit it. Try to learn from what place each thing there came.
5. Study the freight cars on the track. Write down their home labels. Go home and look up their starting point on your map. Try to trace their journeys.
6. Visit any important manufacturing plant in your vicinity. Learn where the materials used there are obtained. Where is the finished product sent?
7. Visit your butcher, grocer and dairyman. Find out the journey made by their goods. Remember labels will teach you much geography.
8. Go out into the street or road after a rain. Find a river system, an island, a bay. Use your sand pile. Make a cape, a gulf, a mountain range, a peninsula.

## TESTS (GEOGRAPHY, 4тн GRADE)

## COMPLETION

Can you pass this test? You should be able to answer at least three-fourths of the questions correctly. Fill in these blank spaces with the correct answers.

1. Eskimos live in the Zone.
2. Their clothing is made of and
3. The place where the sun's rays fall most directly is called the $\qquad$
4. ........... and ............ are valuable heat givers.
5. A bay in the northern part of the continent on which we live is called
6. Fishing is chiefly carried on along $\qquad$
7. Most lumber is grown in the and shipped to the
8. Wool is gathered from
9. The longest river in South America is $\qquad$
10. The Appalachian Mountains are in the part of

## FALSE-TRUE

If you think any statement made here is true, place a plus $(+)$ after it. If you think the statement is false, place a minus (-). Example-"The United States is in the Torrid Zone." This is not true, but false, so we place a - next to it. If the statement had read,
"The United States is in the North Temperate Zone," it would have been true and should have received a + .

1. The Eskimo makes great use of reindeer.
2. Much coal is mined in New York State.
3. Canada is a great grain-raising country.
4. "North" on the map is always high land because it is "up."
5. Rivers always flow south.
6. The sun travels around the earth.
7. Much corn is raised in the central part of the United States.
8. Bears, wolves and panthers are found in the North Temperate Zone.
9. Zones are heat belts.
10. There are no countries in North America that touch the North Frigid Zone.
(NOTE. If you wish to be counted right, you must do exactly what the question tells you to do.)

JUDGMENT

1. Check any of these names which you think belong to gulfs: Mexico, Hudson, St. Lawrence, Biscay, Bengal.
2. Arrange these names in a list. Tell whether each one is a bay. river, mountain, or city. Next to your answer place the country where it is found: Amazon, Himalaya, Alps, St. Lawrence, Chile, Philadelphia, Nile, Tokio, Plata, Bengal.
3. On Johnny's dinner table one day in December are beef, bread, coffee, raisins, oranges. Tell the country or state from which each one came.
4. Wheat is an important crop in France, England, Canada, Brazil, the United States. Cross out all words necessary in order to make this statement correct.
5. An export is something (a) sent out of a country (b) brought into a country. Cross out all words necessary in order to make this statement correct.
6. If I go from New York to London, I must cross the Pacific, Gulf of Mexico, Atlantic, Gulf of St. Lawrence. Cross out all words necessary in order to make this statement correct.
7. Grazing is an occupation, a product, an export, an import. Cross out all words necessary in order to make this statement correct.
8. Catching seals is an important industry in Mexico, Great Britain, France, Canada, Alaska. Cross out all words necessary in order to make this statement correct.
9. Canada is (a) more thickly settled than the United States (b) less thickly settled than the U. S. (c) has about the same population as the United States. Cross out all words necessary in order to make this statement correct.
10. China carries on (a) much manufacturing (b) very little manufacturing (c) practically no manufacturing. Cross out all words necessary in order to make this statement correct.

# GEOGRAPHY, 5тн GRADE 

Averaze Aze, 10 to 11 1/2

(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. THE WORKERS OF OUR OWN CONTINENT.
The different things they prepare, grow and make. How they send their products across the seas. Review the homes on the continent of North America. (See 4th grade.) We see that people live in many different kinds of homes on our own continent. What things make their ways of living, homes and occupations so different? Why does the Eskimo live in an igloo and catch seals for a living while our Canadian cousins raise wheat and cut lumber? Climate, topography, natural resources.
2. TYPE OF WORKERS IN NORTH AMERICA.
(a) The Farmer. (Kinds of farmers.)
(b) The Shipper. (Ways of shipping, transportation.)
(c) The Manufacturer. (What he makes.)
(d) The Merchant. (What he sells. How he receives it.)
(e) The Builder. (How he gets his materials. From where?)
(f) The Laborer.

Those who work on
Plantations. (8-2782-84; 13-4520-25.)
General Farms. (10-3404-08; 15-5274-84.)
Ranches. (15-5276-77; 18-6435.)
Market Gardens. (7-2613-24; 10-3406.)
Fruit Farms. (6-2056-68; map, 19-7247.)
Dairy Farms. (1-371-84.)
Haciendas or Fazendas. (19-7048. See Index.)
What is raised on each of these? Trace the routes taken by the products of North America to the different countries of the world. (1-4445, 48.) What do those countries send us in return?

## QUESTIONS

What is a continent? Which is the largest continent? (Map, 1-44-45.) Which is the smallest? Where does North America rank in size? What do we mean by the Western Hemisphere? Name the countries of North America. (Map, 1-152; 19-7133.) Give a type of home found in each. Make an outline map of North America and show on it the localities where farming is the chief occupation. (1-154.) How many kinds of farmers can you name? What is raised on plantations? (8-2782-84.) What is the most important crop in Canada? (1-112-114.) In California? (6-2057-58.) In what section do we find the most general farming? (1-154.) What type of farm do we find in the vicinity of large cities? (103406.) Name all the means of transportation in North America you can think of. (2-408-20; 13-4787; 1-166-84.) Give reasons for shipment of goods by water; by rail. How would you ship lumber? (16-598596.) Fruit? Meat? (2-410.) Why is it possible for us to have on our tables food from all parts of the continent? Why was this not possible in Washington's time? (5-$1698-1700 ; 5-1610-18$.) What are the chief manufactures of your own state?

## COURSE OF STUDY

3. NORTH AMERICA.
(a) Surface.

Let us take an imaginary journey. We will fly over North America in an airplane. (1-152-54.) From what we learn we will make a sand table map showing the surface of North America. This is called a physical map (i.e. one which shows natural features, topography). What is a political map? The surface of our country will teach us many things concerning occupations and products.

## Natural divisions

1. Atlantic Coastal Plain.
2. Appalachian Highland.
3. Great Central Plain.
4. Rocky Mountain Highland.
5. Great Plateau.
6. Pacific Coast.

What occupations would you expect to find in each?
(b) Drainage.

The great river systems Mississippi (16-5653-60), St. Lawrence (6-1955-63), Yukon, Hudson. (See Index.) Sections drained by each.

Rivers
Ohio, Missouri, Delaware, Arkansas, Colorado, Columbia, Red (see entry in Index under each name), Rio Grande (197131, 7133). (See Index.) Indicate the dry-desert areas. (9-3025-32.)

Uses of rivers

1. Irrigation. (7-2543-55.)
2. Transportation. (13-4881-88; 17-6040, 6044.)
3. Turn mill wheels to furnish power. (15-5428-38.)
4. Carry down and distribute fertile soil. (7-2537-38.)

## QUESTIONS

In which hemisphere is North America? If we sail straight westward, to what continent will we come? (1-44-45.) If we sail southwest? If we sail eastward? What continent lies south of our own? What great mountain systems do we find in North America? (1-152-54.) Which ones go with us all the way on our journey from Alaska to Central America? What minerals are mined in those mountains? What is a plateau? Make one in sand. Point to two on a map of North America. What occupations do we find on the Atlantic Coastal Plain? Why are these occupations carried on where they are? Why not some others? What great crops do we find on the Great Central Plain? Name five fruits we use the year round and tell where each is grown. (6-2056-68.)

Name four uses of rivers. What kinds of rivers furnish power? (15-5428-38.) Name two such rivers. Which rivers are useful for transportation? (17-6040, 6044.) Do we use rivers for that purpose as much as we did seventy-five years ago? (13-4881-88.) Why not? Which large river systems drain North America? (7-2537-38.) Where does the water in these rivers come from? (62249.)

What is climate? (8-2663-68.) Within what zones does North America lie? What countries in North America lie within the North Temperate Zone? Do all the places within the North Temperate Zone have the same climate? What part of the United States lies partly within the North Temperate and the North Frigid Zones?

## COURSE OF STUDY

4. ALASKA. (10-3583-84; 16-5789-95.) Belongs to what country? Find out when and from whom Alaska was purchased. Do you think it was a good bargain? Give reasons for your answer. Of what value is Alaska to the United States? What value is the United States to Alaska? What resources in Alaska's waters? Find out what factors hinder the commerce of Alaska. Alaska's advantages. Her disadvantages. Her resources. Let us take a trip to Alaska. Find out from the railroad or steamship agent near your home what he considers the best way to reach Alaska and to what cities in Alaska you may go. What would be the best seasons of the year to make your journey? Why? Trace our routes on the map. Gather all the material you can for your geography note book.

## Special reports

Gold mining. (19-6843; picture, 6-1921.) Salmon fishing and canning. (11-4053-61; 1113.) Seal hunting. (3-9971004.) The mountains of Alaska. Cities of Alaska. A dog team. (Pictures, 12-4339; 7-2494.) Transportation.
5. CANADA. (1-104-16; 7-2557-62.)

Is Canada larger than your own country? If so, how much larger? Look at the map. Which parts of Canada are thinly settled? Tell why. Which parts are more thickly settled? Repeat the exercise for comparison that you did in 4th grade U.S. and Canada. Make a relief map of Canada with modeling clay. What highlands and mountain systems do you find? Indicate the large rivers. What useful work do you think is done by the rivers of Canada? Show the timber line. Color the regions where wheat is grown. Climate of Canada. Review your reasons for settlement and look again at your map of North America. What climate do you think is found in the various sections of Canada? Look at your physical map. What resources would you expect to find in Canada? What homes did we visit

## QUESTIONS

ALASKA. (10-3583-84; 16-5789-95.) What natural resources made Alaska a good bargain for the United States? Alaska's climate an advantage, a disadvantage, or both? What is the most important city of Alaska? What products does Alaska send to the United States? What do we send her in return?

CANADA. (1-104-16; 7-2557-62.) With what large country in North America has the United States the longest friendship? How many forts stand on the northern bor-der-line of the United States? What do we mean by natural boundaries? What natural boundary between a part of the United States and Canada? What do we mean by the timber line? Where does it lie in Canada? (7-2560.) How far north in Canada may wheat be grown? Why are Edmonton and Winnipeg so important although they do not rank high in population? Describe the fisheries along the different coasts. (7-24962509.) Locate the most thickly settled part of Canada and give its extent. Why is this so? Why has so much of Canada, which was discovered at the same time as the United States, been so thinly settled, while our own country has been so well populated? Why is Vancouver warmer than Augusta, Me., although it is farther north? What things does Canada export? What must she import? Compare Canada and the United

## COURSE OF STUDY

there in the fourth grade? Chief cities of Canada: Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Ottawa (capital). (See Index under name of each city.) Government of Canada. 'Transportation. (4-1490-93.) How many railroad systems do we find in Canada? What loads do we expect to find on the freight cars? Water transportation is important in Canada.
(a) Rivers.
(b) The lake routes to the sea. (6-1955-62.)
(c) Newfoundland-its fishing.

> Special reports

Canadian fisheries, wheat farming, lumbering. A winter trip out of Winnipeg. (7-2557-62.) Royal Canadian Mounted Police. (16-5831-38.) Hudson's Bay Company. (12-4337-42.)

Provinces
Alberta.
British Columbia.
Manitoba.
New Brunswick.
Nova Scotia.
Ontario.
Prince Edward Island.
Quebec.
Saskatchewan.
(See entry in Index under each name.)
6. NEIGHBORS TO THE SOUTH. (19-7131-42.)
To the City of Mexico by rail. Could we have gone by any other route? Trace it. Do you notice any difference between the houses and those of your homeland? The City of Mexico seems to rest in the centre of a large bowl. Find out how the city is drained. Notice the beautiful mountains that surround it. Mexico is able to raise many different kinds of farm products. Find out why. We notice many mines and large wells. What resources do they indicate? Where are the cow plains of Mexico? Look at the relief map. (Make one as you did for Canada.) Would you like to live in Vera Cruz? Give your reasons. Special reports
Government of Mexico. Railroads. The Aztecs, Yucatan and

## QUESTIONS

States as to (1) size, (2) surface, (3) climate, (4) amount of wheat grown, (5) manufacturing, (6) number and lengths of railroads, (7) minerals. What good transportation route to the sea has Canada? (6-1955-62.) Why is Newfoundland always discussed separately from Canada?

MEXICO. (19-7131-42.) How is the City of Mexico drained? Draw an outline map of Mexico and fill in on it the surface features. What are the two routes by which the City of Mexico may be reached? Which would you prefer? Why? Describe the climate of Mexico. What things about the vegetation tell you that you are in a hot country? What is meant by the variety of Mexico's climate? What volcanic mountain can be seen from the City of Mexico? (Picture, 19-7131.) What is a volcanic mountain? (7-2313-14; 8-2873-74.) Mexico has attracted much foreign capital. What resources are responsible for this? Make a product map of Mexico. How and where does Mexico ship her products? What is sisal? (8-2785, 2788.) What things must Mexico import? (11-3791-92.) Why is Tampico important? Compare the number of railroads in Mexico with the number in your own country. Who were the Aztecs? What language is chiefly spoken in Mexico?

## COURSE OF STUDY

Sisal. (8-2785, 2788.) Transportation in Mexico. Schools in Mexico. As we go toward Central America the temperature climbs higher and higher. Why? How would you like to live down in this part of your continent?
7. CENTRAL AMERICA. (19-7142.) What time of year do visitors from the North come down here? Suppose you were a planter in Central America. To what part of Central America could your family go during the hottest months? (19-7142.) Make a relief map as you did for Canada and Mexico. (19-7133.) Notice the rivers very carefully. You have learned something of the climate. Be able to describe it fully. Cities of Central America:

Panama.
Salvador.
Costa Rica.
Honduras.
Guatemala.
Nicaragua.
(See entry in Index under each name.)
Products.
Transportation in Central America. Special Reports
Earthquakes. A coffee plantation. (6-2178-79.) People of Central America. United Fruit Company.
Cuba. (19-7102.)
(a) Location-Climate.
(b) Government. (10-3590, 3592.)
(c) Industries and products.
8. SOUTH AMERICA. (19-6974-83, 7033-50; map, 19-6856.)
It is January and I am standing on a pier in New York City, watching a great white boat making ready to sail. People are talking gaily of soon being able to discard heavy clothing. The boat is a United Fruit liner and it is going to South America. Through what waters will it pass to reach the South American ports on the western coast? (1-44.)
(a) Climate.

Comparison with North America. Zones of South America. Vegetation.

## QUESTIONS

Compare the school system of Mexico with that of the United States. Tell something of the troubles undergone by the government of Mexico.

CENTRAL AMERICA. (19-7142.) Describe the climate of Central America. Of what countries is Central America composed? (Map, 19-7133.) What are the chief methods of transportation here? (Map, 1-48.) What are the most important products of Central America? What company imports much fruit from this part of the continent to the United States? What islands are near Central America? (19-7097.) To whom do they belong? Name their chief products. What island is one of the greatest sugar producing regions of the world? Cane or beet sugar? $(10-3415,3416,3418$; 19 7247.) Compare the school system and government of Central America with that of the United States. (19-7142; 5-1787-93.)

SOUTH AMERICA. Why do people speak of the "two Americas"? Why do they speak of the Western Hemisphere as the "New World"? (1-89, 242; 8-2980.) What line crosses the northern part of South America? (19-6978.) What connection is there between this line and South America's climate? (8-2666, 2794.) Which parts have a heavy rainfall? What are pampas? Llanos? (62171.) Why is the upper valley of the Amazon not settled? What parts of South America are thickly settled? Why do you think the greatest number settled where they did? Indicate railroads and rivers on your map. Which coast of South America has the

## COURSE OF STUDY

What crops will do well in South America? Rainfall.
(b) Surface. (19-6857-63.)

Compare with North America. Make a relief map. (Map, 19-6856.) What occupations would you expect to find on those broad plains? What minerals in the Andes? (19-6976. 6978, 6982, 7038.)
(c) Rivers.

A trip up the Amazon. (19-6863.)
(d) People and occupations.
(e) Products - sent to North America?

What does North America send her southern sister?

The Story of Rubber. (4-1405-14.)
The Story of Coffee. (6-2177-84.)
The Story of Cattle. (19-7034-35.)
(f) Cities.
(g) Government. (19-6975, 7033.) Study Brazil (19-7040-46), Argentina (19-7036-38) and Chile (19-7036-40) separately. Things to Do

1. Write to the United Fruit Line for literature.
2. Make a scrap book containing all the pictures you can find concerning South America.
3. Choose one of the advertisements of South American cruises. Make believe that you are taking it. Write an account of your travels, telling what you see and learn.
Words you should be able to spell
Llanos. (6-2171.)
Pampas. (6-2171.)
Tropic of Capricorn. (See Index.)
Isthmus. (See Index.)
Nitrate. (See Index.)
Quinine. (8-2909-10.)
4. THE UNITED STATES IN DETAIL. (8-2669-80; 9-3207-20; 10-33973400.)

Always begin this study with your own group of states.
(a) The Northeastern States. (Map, $10-3400,3401-08$; 11-3773-82; 12-4145-52.)

1. General Surface features, climate, rainfall.

## QUESTIONS

better harbors? (Map, 19-6856.) What advantages does its climate give South America? What disadvantages? (9-3101.) South America is rich in products. Indicate at least six on a product map. (197247.) Describe the vegetation you would see if you took a trip up the Amazon. What different peoples live in South America? What language is chiefly spoken? (19-697583; 7033-47.) What is the prevailing type of government?

Special topics
Rio de Janeiro. (19-7042-46.)
Buenos Aires. (19-7033-36.)
Simon Bolivar. (19-6975-76.)
A scene on the Pampas. (19-7034-36.)
The cargo a ship might carry from Buenos Aires to New York-the return cargo.
The Panama Canal. (1-360-67; 10-359496.)

The Tacna-Arica Dispute. (19-6980-82.)

What natural resources are possessed by the Northeastern group of states? Why do we find so much manufacturing in New England? What type of farming do we find in New York State? (10-3404-06.) Why?

COURSE OF STUDY
2. Natural Resources. (Do not forget to include rivers and harbors.)
3. Occupations and Industries.
4. Products.
5. Populations. Kinds of workers. Variety of work.
6. Manufacturing-What? Where?
7. Coal Mining-Why are manufacturing and coal mining connected?
8. Dairying.
9. Fishing.
10.Transportation.
11.Cities. Reasons for their location.
As a type state study your own if you live in this group, if not take New York as type. Cover all the points mentioned above.

## Problem

What natural advantages made New York the largest city in this section? (12-4145-47; 13-4886-88.)
Special assignments
The steel industry. (6-193554.) Waterways - including canal locks. Make drawings and models showing how these operate. (13-4881-88, 4785-93.) Manufacturing in New England. Dairying in New York.
Coal Mining. (3-785-802.)

1. Bituminous.
2. Anthracite.
(b) North Central States. (15-5273-84; 17-6037-48; 19-7105-24.)
Cover 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 as above.
(6. Manufacturing. What are the manufacturing cities? How do they obtain coal? Is there coal in this section? What kind? Where? Trace the journey coal must make to reach them. The automobile industry. Trace the journey of the raw materials needed in the automobile industry.
3. Mining-iron, copper. Where? How?
4. Agriculture-chief crops.

Study climate and rainfall.
What connection is there be-

## QUESTIONS

What great natural advantages has New York? Why has it grown so much more rapidly than Philadelphia? (12-4145-47; 13-4886-88.) Illustrate your answer by using a map of New York State. Why is Pittsburgh an ideal steel centre? (113773, 3777; 17-6037-38.) What kinds of coal are mined in this section? (11-3773.) What uses are made of each kind? For what are Boston (17-6177), Philadelphia (18-6826) and Buffalo (13-4888) famous?

How may a cargo of wheat be shipped from Chicago to the Atlantic coast by water? (13-4881-88.) What natural resources must a city possess in order to become a great manufacturing centre? (11-3773-82.) Name at least three. Locate the corn belt. (8-2678.) What states lead in corn raising? (15-5280-82.) What climate is favorable to corn growing? In what form does corn reach you? (1-372; 5-1850́; 72424.) Tell the story of the ham on your break fast table. (5-1717-25; 7-2512-13; 93207.) Name at least three products obtained from hogs. (7-2513.) Name at least three factors that make Chicago the largest city of its section. (19-7105-24.) List the canned meats in your grocer's window. Trace the progress of each one from

## COURSE OF STUDY

tween the corn crop and hograising? (15-5282.)
Why is Chicago a meat-packing centre? (9-3209.)
9. Transportation.
(a) Rivers.
(b) Lakes.
(c) Railroads.

Special assignments
A visit to a meat-packing plant. (7-2512-13.) The stock yards. (9-3207-09; 17-6044.) Story of a steamer and its cargo on the Great Lakes. A Kansas Wheat Field. (15-5278.) The Steel Mills at Gary. (17-6038.) Copper Mining near Lake Superior. (17-6038.) The Making of an Automobile. (19-7015-32.) Up-to-date farming machinery. (19-7209-11.)
(c) The Southern States. (13-4517-28; 14-4889-4900.)
What raiiroads carry us to the South? From New York City? From Chicago? From San Francisco? To what places in the South do northerners go in winter time? Find these on the map. (10-3400.) Climate and surface of the Southern States. Drainage. The Mississippi (16-5653-60) ; deltas (7-2537).

1. Products. What crops do we find in the South that are new to us? Why was cotton called king? Look up the story. What invention helped to make cotton king? (6-1912; 19-7205.) Make a map showing cotton production. (8-2678, 2782; 93214; 14-5167-76.) What other new crops do we see? Where is the rice section? (5-1854-55.) The sugar? Does the South raise enough sugar for the United States? What fruits do we get from the South? (82680; 6-2064.) How are they shipped to us?
2. What race makes up a great part of the population of the South? What part has it taken in developing the South? Read the story of the Civil War. (7-2427-44.)

## QUESTIONS

its beginning to the present. Name four products obtained from cattle. (4-125964.) What is a silo? (7-2413.) Why is it useful? What resources are necessary to the steel industry? (6-1935-54.) Write a paragraph on Gary and Pittsburgh. Name the different kinds of coal of which you have studied. (3-785-802.) Where are they found? (11-3773; 13-4526; 17-6040.) What differences in their uses?

Make an outline drawing of the Southern States. ( $10-3400 ; 13-4517-28 ; \quad 14-4889-$ 4900.) Fill in the chief cities, surface features and products. What advantages has the South over the North in agriculture? What kinds of lumber does the South send to us? What are levees? (16-5654-60.) Where do we find them? Name four crops of the South not grown in the North.

## COURSE OF STUDY

The New South. Agriculture.
Manufacturing. The Lumber industry. Cities.
(a) Savannah. (See Index.)
(b) New Orleans. (See Index.)
(c) Richmond.
(d) Mobile.
(e) Tampa. Problem
Why did the South develop as an agricultural section instead of as a manufacturing one? (Before the Civil War.) Why is it now developing its industrial resources? (14-4889.). Transportation in the South. The rivers-the railroads. Which is now used more?

Special topics
The hill dwellers of the South. The cotton-gin. Life on a small farm in the South. Steamboating on the Mississippi. (16-5633-60.) Sugar raising (cane). (10-3415-24.) Sugar raising (beet). The story of slavery in the United States. (2-546; 51627; 6-1912, 1914.)
(d) The Western States. (18-6425-36: 19-6841-50.)
Make an outline map of the United States. 10-3400.) Indicate the section covered by the Western States. (18-6425-36; 19-6841-50.) Put in railroad routes by which we might reach the West, from New York, from New Orleans, from Montreal. Make a relief map of the Western group. Indicate rivers. Why are they so important to the West? Read about irrigation. (7-2543-55.) How is it carried on?

1. Climate-Rainfall. What great resources and advantages has the West? What difficulties has it to overcome in some sections? The grazing lands. (82808,2811 .) What flocks and herds do we see on them? 2. Mineral resources. What are they? Name a great mining city.
2. Other important products.

## QUESTIONS

Describe the chief occupations of Texas. Why is drainage important to New Orleans? (16-5660.) With what city in the South do we associate cotton? Compare a plantation in Virginia with one in Louisiana. Discuss crops, methods of farming. Compare a farm in New York with one in Virginia (eastern part). What city is called the Pittsburgh of the South? Why? (Birmingham, Ala., 13-4526.) What are naval stores? (14-4892.) Why do we no longer get them in large quantities from the Carolinas? Compare crops of sixty years ago in the South with those of to-day.

Western States. (18-6425-36; 19-6841-50.) Name 3 mountain ranges in the western part of our country. What fertile valley do we find in California? Name some products raised there. What is the Continental Divide? Where is it? On what railroads do we cross it? Why is reforesting a serious problem? (8-2805.) Describe a journey from Chicago to San Francisco, making a stop over at the Grand Canyon. (7-228185.) Make a map of your route, showing any changes you must make. Write up a diary describing the places, scenery, people, occupations you see on the way. (Get R.R. folders for this work.) What is irrigation? Describe an irrigated farm. Why is irrigation an important thing to the Western States? (7-2544-46.) Why is the Great American Desert disappearing? Hove? (93025.) What is a "dry farmer"? (186432.) What is alfalfa? ( $7-2412$; 15 5279.) Sorghum? (10-3420.) Where are they most grown? Why? Describe the fruits grown in California. (6-2056-64; 8-2680; map, 19-7247.). In Oregon? Compare the

## COURSE OF STUDY

Lumber. Locate chief forests. (8-2803-12; 16-5985-96.) Where are the big trees? (12-4245-60.)
Salmon (15-5636)-Portland.
Fruit-California and Oregon. (6-2056-64.)
4. The Southwest. Grand Canyon of the Colorado.
5. National Parks of the West. (7-2281-91.)
6. Cities.

San Francisco.
Salt Lake City.
Portland.
Los Angeles.
Denver.
(See entry in Index under name of each city.)
7. Transportation. Special Topics
Discovery of gold - "Forty: niners." (6-1922; 18-6430; 196848.) The Pony Express. (186432.) Building of the Union Pacific R.R. (18-6432.) The Spanish Missions. (18-6826, 6829.) "El Camino Real." Settlement of Utah. (18-6430.) Annexation of Texas and of California. ( $£-1916-22$.) Indians of the Northwest. (1-161-65; 19-7235-44.) The Buffalo. (1159; 4-1263-65.) Yellowstone Park. (2-729-33.)

## QUESTIONS

population of Arizona with that of New York. How can you explain this difference? By what routes and means is fruit shipped from California to New York City? Which fruits are more perishable? How are these handled? (2-535; 5-1607.) Great numbers of cattle are raised in the West. (4-1259-64.) Trace the story of their journey to you. In what forms do they come to you? (7-2512-13; 9-3207.) Describe a gold mine. (7-2588; 10-3584; 18-6430; 19-6843.) Do you know more than one way of mining gold? What are they?

## THINGS TO DO (GEOGRAPHY, 5тн GRADE)

1. Keep a geography scrap book as you did in the 4th grade.
2. Fill in pictures, outline maps, and accounts of each topic which you study.
3. Write to the steamship and railroad companies for circulars and material. Many of the great manufacturing concerns will send you advertising material you can use.
4. Nake a map showing the location and amount of the corn crops of the U. S. Wheat crops of the U. S. (distinguish between winter and spring wheat). Cattle production of the U. S. Hog production of the U. S.
5. Nake a graph showing the amount of each of these crops raised by the U. S. and countries of the British Empire and South America.
6. Words you should know: agriculture, industrial, productive, indispensable, essential, irrigation.
7. Nake a careful study of your own state. Its (1) Location; (2) Surface; (3) Climate; (4) Resources or (5) Advantages: (6) Handicaps; (7) Products and occupations; (8) Cities; (9) Transportation.

## TESTS (GEOGRAPHY, 5тн GRADE)

Check what you have learned. Can you pass this examination? You should be able to answer three-fourths of the questions correctly.

## FALSE-TRUE

If you think the statement is correct, mark it with a plus $(+)$.
If you think the statement is false, mark it with a minus (-).

1. The United States raises enough of all crops to supply its population.
2. The tobacco crop exhausts the land rapidly.
3. There is much dairying in the Northeastern States.
4. Very little manufacturing is now carried on in the South.
5. The shipper is not an essential worker.
6. New York City owes much of its growth to the Mohawk Valley.
7. Short, swift rivers are good for furnishing water power.
8. The llanos is a long-haired mountain sheep.
9. The western coast of North America has many good harbors.
10. The United States imports sugar from Cuba.

## COMPLETION

Fill in the blank spaces in these statements with the correct answers.

1. Dry farming is carried on by $\qquad$
2. Resources that help farmers are (name 3) ........... ............ and
3. The presence of $. \ldots .$. .... deposits is helpful to manufacturing.
4. Winter wheat is chiefly raised in spring wheat in $\qquad$
5. Transportation facilities are $\qquad$
6. Cotton is raised in $\qquad$ and made into $\qquad$ (what?) (where?).
7. Fruits raised in Florida and shipped are $\qquad$ and, $\qquad$
8. The $\qquad$ coast of North America has few good harbors.
9. South America ships ........... . ............ and ............ to the United States.
10. and $\qquad$ are important crops of both North and South America.

## JUDGMENT

Cross out any words that do not belong in these statements. If the statements are correct, leave them as they are.

1. South America has rich deposits of nitrate, copper, silver and coal.
2. The chief occupations of Canada are agricuiture, lumbering, fishing and manufacturing.
3. Dependencies of the United States are Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, Virgin Islands and Cuba.
4. Important minerals found in the Southern States are coal, oil, iron ore and copper.
5. Important crops of the states farthest south are corn, cotton and sugar-cane.
6. Chicago owes its growth to its excellent location, transportation facilities, good harbor, rich hinterland and climate.
7. Climate is affected by surface, surrounding waters, locations, industries and altitude.
8. Great natural advantages of Alaska are her mineral resources, rainfall, climate, fisheries and forests.
9. Mexico has excellent mineral resources, a good variety of climate, excellent transportation facilities and good schools.
10. The Western States are noted for mining, manufacturing, agriculture and trade.

# GEOGRAPHY, 6тн GRADE 

Averaze Aze, 11 to $121 / 2$

(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. EUROPE.

Stand on the pier and watch that incoming liner. Her decks are filled with immigrants coming to make the United States their home. From what countries do they come? (Look up the quota figures for this year.) A great part of them come from the continent of Europe. (In the fourth grade you learned something of the homes of Europe. Review them.)

Which continent do you think is more thickly populated, your own or Europe? Look up the population of the United States, Canada and Mexico. Add these figures. Now find the population of Great Britain, Italy, Poland, Austria, Germany, France and Russia.

Find out the average day's wages of a working man in this country. Now find how much the same kind of worker might earn in Europe. (19-7214.)

What great disturbances and troubles have the people of Europe suffered within the past fifteen years? (18-6457-63.) Now do you begin to see what some of their reasons for coming to America may be?

Take out the physical map of Europe, and the world map. (1-4445.) Consider Europe's location. Is its latitude one that is favorable for working and crop raising? Look carefully at the surface divisions as shown on the physical map. Do you see any features of this physical map that may explain the many different countries?
2. SOUTHERN EUROPE.

Portugal, Spain, Southern France, Italy, Greece, the Mediterranean. Let us take ship at Lisbon. Spain and Portugal were once more powerful sea-ruling nations than is England to-day. What happened? (14-5039-46, 5183-88.)

## QUESTIONS

Give the nationalities that stood highest in the quota figures for last year. What are some reasons which cause people to immigrate to this country? Compare the number of countries in Europe with the number found in North America. What is a possible explanation of this difference? (See Index under Europe and North America.) From your study of your own country's products and occupations and from the physical map of Europe, what occupations would you predict for the different sections? Make a product map in this way, put it away until you have finished the study of this continent by sections, then see how nearly right you were. Remember that climate has a great influence here. What natural advantages has Europe? Name the principal surface divisions of Europe. What countries fall within those divisions? (See Index under Europe.) Is the latitude of Europe favorable for crop raising? Give reasons for your answer.

What advantages for trade are possessed by the countries of southern Europe? (134565.) What is a volcano? What influence would one tend to have upon the near-by countryside? (7-2313-14.) Where are the Pyrenees? (14-5040-41.) What cargo came aboard at Lisbon? (14-5188.) Through what strait do we sail as we enter the Med-

## COURSE OF STUDY

We sail around the coast of Spain to Barcelona. (14-5039-53.) Here many of the company go ashore to see a bull fight. (See Index under Bull fight.) Compare Spain and California in climate, products, transportation, government. Let us visit the Alhambra. (15-5466-68, 547376.) The Alcazar. (9-3356.) On our inland journey we will stop to inspect a cork forest.

Find out how elevation, nearness to the sea, mountain wall, and latitude affect Spain's climate.

Model the Iberian Peninsula in clay or sand. (Map, 14-5041.)

Returning to our ship, we go on to Marseilles. A great load of silk is carried aboard here. Study the silk industry of France. Look up the story of silk. (15-5307-21.)

Passing on toward Italy we glimpse the island of Corsica, and do not stop until we reach Naples. Mt. Vesuvius is a point which we must visit. (13-4568; 7-2313.) It is only one of many places we should see in the vicinity of Naples, but we must go on to Rome and Venice. (4-145568.) Look up their history. (4-1191-1208; 17-6297-6311.)

What advantages has nature given Italy? (Climate, water power, and location which is excellent for trade.) (13-4565-76.) What disadvantages do we note?

Occupations of Italy
How does the Italian farmer earn his living? The silk industry in Italy. Government. (13-4565-76.)

Greece. (14-4917-19.)
3. WESTERN EUROPE.
(a) BRITISH ISLES.

In the fourth grade you learned about island dwellers. Here are some island dwellers who have become a strong and powerful nation.
Location. (Disadvantage or Advantage. Give reasons.)
Climate.
People of the British Isles

1. The farmer in England, Ireland, Wales and Scotland.

## QUESTIONS

iterranean? Describe the sights we see. Of what nations does Gibraltar make us think? (9-3181-82, 3187.) Why? How do you account for Spain's decline in power and greatness? (14-5046-48.) Describe the people who came aboard at Lisbon. (14-5188.) Malaga grapes come packed in ground cork. (6-2062; 14-5048.) Tell the story of the grapes and their packing. Compare Spain and California in products. (6-2057, 2058, 2062, 2064; 14-5048-53.) Describe a visit to the Alhambra. (15-5466-68, 5473-76.) Where is cork obtained? Give at least three of its uses. (See Index under Cork.) What factors influence Spain's climate? (14-5039-40.) What countries make up the Iberian Peninsula? (14-5040-41.) For what are Marseilles and Lyons chiefly noted? (11-3818-20.) Tell the complete story of a silk dress imported to the United States from France. (15-5307-21.) With what famous man do we connect the island of Corsica? (11-3820.) Why do Italians say "See Naples and then die"? (13-4566.) Describe some of the famous sights of Rome. (17-6302-08; 4-1201-08.) What debt in art and literature do we owe to Italy and Greece? (13-4566-74. Art: 2-447-51, 57582, 691-99; 3-823-31; 5-1735-48; 3-957-64; 3-1103-12; 4-1455-68. Literature: 165747, 5907; 17-6149.) What city was called Queen of the Adriatic? (4-1455.) What unusual features do we notice in this city? (4-1455-68.) What handicaps has Italy? (13-4568-72.) What great trade advantage has Italy? (13-4565.) Where are Italy's foreign possessions? (18-6811.) What crops are raised on the Italian farms? (13-4570.) What helpful work is done by the rivers of Italy? ( $13-4568,4572$.) Is there much or little mining? (13-4572.) What are Italy's imports to the United States? (6-2058.) Which of these do we find on our dinner tables? Are any of these things raised in our own country? Where?

BRITISH ISLES. Why is it said that England's very life is bound up in her trade? What advantages does England's location and coast line give her? Why is there excellent pasturage in Great Britain? What occupations does this indicate? (15-5576.) What cargoes must Great Britain import? What ones does she export? Compare an English farm with one in Indiana. Where is wheat grown? Oats? Flax? What textile industries are carried on in Great Britain? (14-5244-45.) In what localities?

## COURSE OF STUDY

2. The city-dweller in London, Glasgow, Belfast, Birmingham.
3. The miners. (What? Where?)
4. The coast-dwellers.

Shipping. Transportation - within and without the kingdom. Read the story of English history. (British Isles, 4-1315-24; 4-1429-39; 5-156572 ; 5-1679-86; 5-1813-20; 14-495971 ; 6-1973-81; 6-1976-78; 11-384652 ; 6-2097-2103; 7-2293-2300; 8-2932-40.)
(b) NORTHERN FRANCE.

The French people, makers of beautiful, artistic products. The country dwellers. The French farm. The city dwellers-manufactures. Location of France. Advantage? How? Resources. (11-3813-22; 10-3430; 11-3825-28; 17-6168-70.)
Paris. Read all you can about this beautiful city. Read something of the history of France. Joan of Arc. (10-3429-40; 6-2127-34; 10-356372; 6-2199-2208.)
Transportation.
Government.
(c) GERMANY. (12-4160-80.)

Life in Germany.
Germany was formed from many separate states. (11-3959-74.)
Life in Prussia.
Life in Bavaria.
Germany of to-day. The new republic.
Climate.
Resources and advantages.
Disadvantages. How overcome?
Transportation-Railroads, canals, seaports, the Berlin to Bagdad Railway.
The farmer.
The manufacturer.
Look up Denmark and Hans Christian Andersen. (15-5296-98; 9-3194-96; 5-1576.)
(d) BELGIUM. (15-5495-5506.)

1. Farming, crops.
2. Manufacturing. (Lace making, carpet making.)

## QUESTIONS

What are the great steel cities? What and where are the British possessions? (7-2463, 2571 ; 8-2695, 2821; 9-3047, 3181, 3295.) Compare the government of Great Britain (6-2097-98; 7-2298) with that of your own country (5-1787-93). Give two reasons for the growth of Londen. (12-4353.)

Why do so many tourists visit France? (113813.) Why is there so much difference between the climate of France and that of Winnipeg, which is in the same latitude? (11-3814.) Why is the Saar basin important? (11-3818.) What is meant by the saying that we import chiefly luxuries from France? (11-3818.) Name three of the luxuries that we import. (11-3818-20.) Compare a French farm with one in Kansas. Describe the crops. What things have the people of France done to utilize the resources of their country to the best advantage? (Canal system, 11-3816.) Compare the government of France with that of your own country. (11-3822-23; 5-1787-93.)

GERMANY. (12-4160-80.) Why has Germany so many famous cities? (Connect this with the founding of the German Empire. 11-3963.) Describe the present government of Germany. Name two great natural advantages possessed by Germany. (12-4161-62.) What great handicap was overcome by the activity of the government? (The answer concerns soil. 12-4164.) What has chemical research done for Germany? Germany's route to the East was the Berlin to Bagdad Railway. What is England's route? (9-3181-82.) What important crop of Germany is an important crop of the United States? (Rye, 12-4166.) What manufactures carry the mark "Made in Germany"? Name at least three. (12-4168-70.)

BELGIUM. (15-5495-5506.) What are the products of Belgium? Why is Antwerp called a man-made port? What things show the Belgians to be industrious and homeloving?

## COURSE OF STUDY

(e) SWITZERLAND.
(16-5997-6010; 17-6083-89.)

1. Her surface, climate, government.
2. Her neutrality. Why?
(f) HOLLAND. (15-5555-68.)

The Dutch people and their home, reclaimed from the sea. Canals. Windmills.

## Occupations

1. Farming.
2. Dairying.
3. Shipping.
4. Manufacturing.
5. Diamond-cutting.

The tulip gardens.
Holland's colonial possessions.
4. NORTHWESTERN EUROPE. (15-5291-5306.)
(a) NORWAY. (15-5298-5303.)
rugged land-fiords, fish, forests.

1. Small farms.
2. Dairying.
(b) SWEDEN. (15-5304-06.)
3. Forests-LumberingMatches.
4. Farming (in the south).
5. Fishing.
6. Winter sports.
(c) DENMARK. (15-5296-98.)
(d) Look up the Laps. (15-5304.)
7. EASTERN EUROPE.

Esthonia (16-5860), Latvia (165860), Lithuania (16-5860), Poland (13-4685-92), Russia (16-5691-96; 16-5847-59), Ukraine (16-5850), Finland (16-5859).
The recent political readjustments undergone by these countries. Find an old map of Europe (one published before the World War) and compare it with the present map.
Products, customs, government.
6. CENTRAL EUROPE.

Austria (17-6191-98), Hungary (17-6339-42), Czechoslovakia (17-634044).
(a) Climate.
(b) Surface.
(c) Occupations.
(d) Transportation.
(e) The readjustment period.

## QUESTIONS

SWITZERLAND. (17-6083-89.) Why do so many tourists visit Switzerland?

HOLLAND. (15-5555-68.) Describe the sights you would see on a trip through Holland. Where and what are Holland's colonial possessions? What has Holland accomplished in governing Java?

What is meant by Norway's "white coal"? (15-5300.) What advantages does their location give to Norway and Sweden? (15-$5298-5300$.) Look at the map. (15-5301.) What occupations would you expect their people to follow? In which of these two countries are iron deposits found? (155304.) Which one has the greater amount of fishing? (15-5300.) What is meant by "Land of the Midnight Sun"? (15-5302.)

EASTERN EUROPE. Why are these countries often referred to as "new countries"? (18-6458.) Which ones have been made larger? (18-6460.) Poland. Finland. (18-6461.) What industries in this section are coming rapidly into prominence? (16-5860.) What important crop has Russia which is also an important crop in the United States? (16-5854.) What valuable mineral resources has Russia? (16-5854.) What handicaps has this section? (17-6196, $6198,6340,6348$.

What important crops are raised in this section? (17-6344, 6346, 6348.). What manufactured goods are produced in these countries? (17-6344-46.) What great hardships have these countries recently undergone? (17-6196-98.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

7. THE BALKAN SECTION.

Rumania (14-4918-22), Bulgaria (14-4922-26), Turkey in Europe (13-4797-4806).
Use map of the world. (1-44-45.)
The importance of the Balkans to the rest of Europe. Surface. Climate. Occupations. Recent readjustments in government.
(a) Constantinople.
(b) Saloniki.
8. ASIA-The land of many different peoples.
Use your map of the world.
(1-44-45.)
Location of Asia.
Location of Asia in relation to North America. Trade routes.
Note that Europe and Asia are really one land mass, called Eurasia.
Take out your physical map of Asia.
Study the principal surface features.
Compare Asia with Europe.
Climate. Note effect of the monsoon.
Drainage. Chief rivers.
(a) The Southern Peninsulas. Arabian, Indian, Malay.

1. Countries or parts of countries concerned.
2. Climate.
3. Life of inhabitants as influenced by physical conditions. Customs and people. Government.
4. Important products. Tea, dates, coffee, rice, opium.
5. Important cities.

Look up the history in connection with Damascus. (18-6678.) With Jerusalem. (2-659; 5-1863; 7-258689; 19-7158.)
Read all you can concerning the Suez
Canal. (13-4784, 4786-91.)
Java. (15-5568.)
Ceylon. (9-3184; 4-1409; 5-1857.)
Sumatra. What products?
The story of tea (2-760-71), of jute

## QUESTIONS

THE BALKAN SECTION. From what country does each one of these exports come: Currants? (6-2062.) Attar of roses? (13-4806; 14-4926.) (For what is this used?) Fine rugs? (8-2698; 3910.) Pottery? (2-434, 572.) Embroidery? (2-421.) Why does the League of Nations spend so much time on Balkan problems? (13-4797-4806.) Why is Constantinople so important a city? (13-480609.) On what body of water does it stand? What changes are taking place in the life and government of Turkey? (13-4806.) How do the people in this section earn their living? (13-4806.)
ASIA. Describe two routes by which you might travel to Asia. Trace these routes on outline maps. (9-3181-82; 16-5852; 2-434; 16-5848.) Make a list of the waters through which you would be obliged to pass. (93181.) List all possible stopping-places or "ports of call." What is meant by "Eurasia"? What surface features of Europe continue on into Asia? Which countries in Europe are in these regions? Which countries in Asia? Which parts of North America and Asia are very near together? What are tundras? (6-2170; 4-1280.) Steppes? (6-2171; 4-1281.) Deserts? (7-2416-17, 2421.) Where are they found? What people inhabit them? (18-6674, 6735-43; 9$3025 ; 7-2468 ; 8-2666-67$; 6-2170-71; 7-$2416-17,2421$.) Where are the principal forests of Asia? (16-5847.)
Through what waters would a vessel pass in making a voyage from Aden to Shanghai? (9-3182, 3184, 3186.) What cargo might it carry? What products might it take on at Bombay? (8-2698.) At Calcutta? (82698.) At Singapore? (9-3184.) What country governs India? Compare India with the United States in population (82695) and size. What mountains between India and China? (8-2694.) What peak of those mountains has been prominent in the news during the past few years? (8-2695.) Why? What authors have written stories and poems of India? (15-5461; 11-3899.) Who are the Hindus? Mohammedans? (8-2700-02.) Why has Bombay become so important a city? (8-2698.) What are "castes"? (8-2700.) What do we mean by the "caste system"? Why have famines been so frequent in India? Why have they grown less so? (7-2544.) Describe two novel methods of transportation which are much in favor in India. From what coun-

## COURSE OF STUDY

(8-2788; 11-3792), of dates (6-215758), of rice (5-1623, 1854, 1856; 72424) and teakwood (12-4249).

Look up the subject of the valley of the Euphrates. (18-6669-72; 2-647-60.)
What is a mandate? What country holds a mandate in Mesopotamia? (18-6669.)
People, buildings, streets, customs, all are very different from our own. Find as many pictures of Indian, Arabian and Malay life as you can, and observe them carefully until you have a picture of these new scenes in your own mind. (8-2695-2702; 8-2821-36; 18-6671-73; 9-3184.) Special topics
The Taj Mahal. (8-2701, 2835; 15-5471-72, 5477.)
Life in Arabia. (5-1601-03; 18-6735-40.)
The banks of the Ganges. (8-2699.)
A teak forest. (12-4249.) A tea plantation. (2-760-62; 8-3000.)
(b) Eastern plains and islands of Asia. CHINA. (2-421-36.)
See that large package with its bright wrapping and quaint lettering. It has come all the way from China, and it is tea of the finest quality.

1. Life in China.
2. Dense population.
3. Surface-rivers.
4. Occupations. Farming in China.
5. Transportation.
6. Products, especially those imported to the United States.
7. Cities, People, Customs, Government.
Special topics
The Chinese Wall. (2-424, 429, 435.)

Ancestor worship. (2-436.)
Farming in China. (5-1854-56.)
Beautiful things made by the Chinese. Chinese Art. (51664; 15-5472-79; 9-309495.)

Chinese schools. (5-1605.)
A rice field. (5-1853-56.)
The Philippines. ( $10-3588$-90.)
Tibet, Turkestan, Mongolia, Afghanistan. (18-6583-92.)

## QUESTIONS

tries do we get the following products? Rubber. (4-1408.) Quinine. (8-2909-10.) Tin. (7-2470.) Coffee. (6-2177.)

Eastern plains and islands of Asia. What do we mean when we speak of the "dense population of China"? (2-421-22.) What river is called the "sorrow of China"? Why? (2-422.) Describe the sights we might see on a trip up the Yangtse River. (2-422.) Describe farming as carried on in China. What and where are the following: Gobi? (7-2421; 6-2170.) Tibet? (18-6584; 6590-91.) Mongolia? (18-6584.) Canton? (2-436.) Hongkong? (2-436.) What two things form the chief diet of the greater part of the Chinese people? What imports does the United States receive from China? (2-434.) What governmental disturbances have affected China during the past few years? (2-436.) Describe the Chinese dress (old style), houses, religion, homes. and ways of transportation. Why is China called a land rich in undeveloped resources?

## COURSE OF STUDY

## JAPAN.

Why is Japan, though not a large country, so important? (2-561-74.) Comparison with British Isles, in area, location, climate. Population, industries and occupations.
Exports. Study the silk industry in detail. Compare the silk industry in Japan with that of France.
(15-5307-21.)
Outline for study lesson on silk

1. Where produced?
2. How produced?
3. How prepared for market?
4. Spinning and weaving.
5. Uses. Markets.

Special topics
Fujiyama. (7-2317.)
A Japanese home.
A Japanese meal at home.
Japanese art. (15-5472.)
Commodore Perry's visit to Japan. (2-564.)
(c) The Northern Plains.

Life in Siberia. (16-5857.)
The Trans-Siberian Railroad.
(16-5852.)
People who live in Siberia.
Occupations. Crops.
Special topics
Exiles in Siberia. (16-5852.)
Reindeer.

## 9. AFRICA

South of Europe lies a great land. Africa. Take your world map and locate this continent with reference to Asia, North America and Australia. (1-44-45.) Surface. Model a relief map in clay. Forests, deserts, fertile valleys, mountain ranges.
(a) Plant and animal life. Resources.
(b) Inhabitants.
(c) Exploration and settlement. (3-807-08; 13-4786; 1-36067.)

Special topics
Egypt and the River Nile. (7-2538.)
Compare the Suez and Panama Canals. (1-360-67; 134786.)

Sahara Desert. (7-2416-21; 18-6808-18; 18-6735-43.)
Diamonds. (19-7228.)

## QUESTIONS

What rapid progress has recently been made in Japan in industry, commerce, government and education? (2-564-66.) We see many Japanese students at our large colleges. What do you think this indicates? Describe the old costumes and art of Japan. (2-572; 15-5472.) Tell the story of silk. (15-5307-21.) Describe the industries of the country dwellers. (2-572.) What products do they export to the United States? (2572.) What are the two chief cities? (2-570-72.) Describe manufacturing in Japan.

To what country does Siberia belong? Describe the climate. What are the terminals of the Trans-Siberian Railroad? (16-5852.) What crops are raised in Siberia? What effect do you think the Trans-Siberian Railroad will have on life in Siberia?

AFRICA. (9-3047-58; 18-6804-14.) How might I reach Africa from New York? From San Francisco? Why was Africa so long called the "dark continent"? (2-465-71; 18-6804.) Why is Africa, with all her rich advantages, so sparsely settled? (9-3054.) Why are European nations so anxious to colonize Africa? (18-6811.) What nations own or control land in Africa? Locate these sections, describe them, and give their resources: Congo Free State. (18-6812.) Soudan. (9-3054.) South African Union. (9-3050.) What are the chief products of Africa? What are the principal needs of Africa to-day?

## COURSE OF STUDY

The story of a caravan.
(18-6739, 6743; 5-1602.)
The Cape to Cairo Railroad.
Things to Do
Indicate on one outline map of Africa the nations that have colonized there.
10. AUSTRALIA. (7-2463-72.)

Location of Australia.
Climate, Resources, Industries.
(4-1369; 6-2066-67.)
Controlled by what nation?
Plants and animals.
Story of settlement. (3-859-64; 7-2464-66.)
Cities and harbors.
Special topics
Sheep raising. (7-2462, 246668.)

Gold mining. (7-2466.)
Wheat growing.
11. NEW ZEALAND. (7-2571-81.)

Important to Great Britain. Why?

QUESTIONS

AUSTRALIA. (7-2463-72.) Compare Australia with the United States in size, population and occupations. Compare the seasons in Australia with those in the United States. Why are the plants and animals different from those in the United States? How was Australia first settled? (3-859-64.) Trace the voyage of a ship from San Francisco to Sydney and return. Give the cargo in both directions.

NEW ZEALAND. (7-2571-81.) What are the chief resources of New Zealand?

## TESTS (GEOGRAPHY, 6тн GRADE)

## COMPLETION

Fill in the blank spaces in these statements with the correct answers.

1. The countries of Europe from which we receive the greatest number of immigrants are and
2. The principal surface divisions of Europe are $\qquad$
3. The gives the countries of Southern Europe great commercial advantages.
4. The latitude of Europe is favorable to and $\qquad$
5. Spain exports chiefly $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
6. The countries of Central Europe are and
7. In France the cities of $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ are noted for the silk industry.
8. Italy exports $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ to the United States.
9. The steel cities of England are $\qquad$
10. The sugar beet region of Europe is located in $\qquad$

## FALSE-TRUE

If you think the statement is correct, mark it with a plus $(+)$. If you think the statement is false, mark it with a minus (-).

1. The government of the British Isles is an absolute monarchy.
2. Great Britain has quantities of iron and coal.
3. Great Britain produces sufficient food for her population.
4. The soil of Germany is naturally poor.
5. The northern part of France has more factories than the southern.
6. The Germans are leading manufacturers of chemical dyes.
7. Switzerland has much coal but little water power.
8. There is much manufacturing in Belgium.
9. The leading occupation of Russia is manufacturing.
10. Turkey gained in territory as a result of the World War.

## JUDGMENT

Cross out any part of these statements necessary in order to make them correct.

1. Jute, used in manufacturing woolen gonds, is an important product of India.
2. Irrigation is extensively used in Arabia, Ceylon, India, Japan.
3. Rubber is an important product of China, India, Turkey, the Malay States.
4. Standards of living are low in China because of (a) the size of the country, (b) the climate, (c) the unsettled government, (d) the dense population.
5. Africa has not been settled earlier because of (a) its size, (b) climate, (c) savage tribes, (d) high mountains, (e) difficulty of travel, (f) lack of natural resources.
6. The chief products of Africa are silk, silver, oats, wool, gold, ivory, cotton.
7. Which of the following are of great advantage to Africa? Give reasons for each answer. (a) Her coast line, (b) climate, (c) rivers, (d) minerals, (e) transportation, (f) progressive native people, (g) mountains.
8. Australia exports great quantities of cotton, rice, gold, wool, beet sugar, steel goods.
9. Draw a line under the product that belongs to the country given. New South Wales, sugar cane, teak, sheep, gold. Egypt, wheat, cork, corn, cotton, rubber.
10. Belgian Congo is important because of lumber, ostrich feathers, cork, rubber, wheat, corn.

# GEOGRAPHY, 7tн GRADE 

Averace Aغe, 12 to $131 / 2$<br>COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY

(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

## 1. INTRODUCTION.

Indian life bcfore the white man came. How the Indian obtained his food, clothing, tools, weapons, cooking utensils, and his home. (1-16065.)

Colonial and pioneer life. (2-54355; 3-965-76.) How the colonist made his own home, clothing, food and furniture. Many steps in advance of Indian life, he still depended almost entirely upon his own efforts. Not quite entirely, for he must buy his gun, powder and shot, and many of his tools and utensils. In older, simpler days each man very nearly fed, clothed and housed himself and his family. As the business of living grows more and more complicated more and more hands are required to feed and clothe us. (14-5243-46; 15-5357-60.) On a typical dinner table would be a linen cloth and napkins, silver, china, roast beef, potatoes, beets, lettuce, cheese, rice pudding, coffee.
What is trade or commerce?
(15-5589-91.)
Trade in colonial times. (4-1157-58.)
2. OUR DEPENDENCE ON OTHERS. Climate and location.
Soil and surface features.
The effect of these upon occupations. Why it is not practicable for each country to grow all the things needed by its inhabitants.
3. SOME FACTORS THAT HAVE BROUGHT ABOUT MORE TRADE.
(a) Increase in use of machinery. (17-6362.)

## QUESTIONS

Describe the Indian's home before the coming of the white man. (1-160-65.) By what processes did he obtain food? How did he preserve his food so that it would not spoil? Describe the way by which he clothed himself and his family. When he needed a new knife or axe, how did he get them?

Answer these questions for the colonist and the pioneer. (2-543-55; 3-965-76.) How was trading carried on? (5-1698-1700.) How many people fed and clothed the Indian? How many fed and clothed the colonist? Now try to count how many hands it requires to feed and clothe you. Compare the number required to feed and clothe a frontier family in colonial times with the number needed to feed and clothe your own family. Make a list of your articles of clothing and of the furnishings, cooking utensils and dishes of your own home. Put down next to each one the place from which it came. Be able to tell its story. How many of these things came from near by, how many from distant parts of your land or from far-away countries? Do the same thing for the food on your dinner table. Tell some of the kinds of trade that were carried on in colonial days.

Illustrate the ways in which we depend upon others. (14-5243-46; 15-5357-60.) Why does not each man raise his own food? Why does not each country grow enough of the necessities of life for its own people? (15-5589-91.) Illustrate your answer by England and the United States.

What is meant by the saying, "Distances are growing less every day"? What inventions cause distance to grow less?

## COURSE OF STUDY

(b) Improvement in transportation.

Railroads. (5-1610-18; 2-408-20.)
Sailing Vessels. (11-3909-20.)
Steamships. (17-6397-6408; 12-4414-33.)
Aircraft. (1-166-84.)
(c) Improvement in means of communication.

Mail. (8-2653-62.)
Telegraph and Wireless.
(17-6049-62, 6234-48.)
Telephone. (17-6182-89.)
Radio. (17-6363-73.)
(d) Nations are growing nearer to each other.
(e) Increase in population. (1-22, 42-48.)
The Early History of Trade

1. Early land routes (Marco Polo). (1-84-85.)
2. Early sea routes. (1-83-84; 11-3910-14.) Mediterranean. Greeks-Phœenicians.
3. Exploration. (1-86-90.) Vasco da Gama. Columbus. Magellan.
4. Difficulties of trade (in olden times).
5. Growth of modern trade. (Helped by inventions.)
6. TRADE IN THE ATLANTIC

OCEAN.
The Atlantic as a carrier of the trade of the United States.
Size of the Atlantic.
Distance from New York to Liverpool.
Currents. Their influence on trade. (7-2543; 13-4826.)
Gulf Stream.
Winds. (1-360-70; 13-4793.)
Prevailing Westerlies (3-878) and Trade Winds. Special topic
Panama Canal. (1-360-67.)

Ports and Trade Routes. (1-44-45.) What constitutes a good port or harbor?
Important ports in the United States.

## QUESTIONS

Name three great explorers and tell what their discoveries and explorations did for trade. (1-82-90.) What handicapped trade in olden times? What inventions first caused an increase in exploration and trade by water? ( $16-5797 ; 16-5984 ; 12-4421-22$.)

Name at least six great steamship lines between the United States and Europe. (124414, 4417.) Give the ports which they connect. What is a "port of call"? What important currents influence the Atlantic? (7-2542; 13-4826.) Make an outline map showing the courses followed by the principal steamship lines. (1-44-45.) Why are the wind currents less important in commerce than formerly? (11-3920; 17-6397.)

What things are needed for a seaport's growth besides a good natural harbor? Illustrate your answer from the City of New York. (12-4145-47.) What are the important ports of the United States on the Atlantic coast?

## COURSE OF STUDY

Important ports in Canada, Europe, Africa, South America and the Caribbean.
Trade Routes. Ocean Lanes. Find the routes most used by the great freight and passenger steamers.
Steamship Lines.
List as many of these as you can. Write the steamship companies for folders describing their routes.
Cable Connections.
(12-4293-4300.)
5. TRADE IN THE PACIFIC OCEAN. The Pacific as a carrier of United States trade.
Size.
Distance from San Francisco to Yokohama; to Sydney.
Islands.
Possessions of the United States. Trade with them.
Currents.
Japan Current in North Pacific.
Eddy Current in South Pacific.
Effect of these currents on trade.

Winds.
Westerlies.
Trade Winds. (8-2666, 2672.)
Monsoons. (See Index.)
Typhoons. (See Index.)
Ports in:
North America (Western Coast).
Asia (Eastern Coast).
South America.
Australia.
Coaling stations. (10-3583-88, 3592.)
Commerce of:
India.
Malay States.
Australian ports and trade.
Commerce on western coast of South America. Ports.
The Panama Canal and its influence on commerce. (1-360-67.)
Why South American trade is important.

## QUESTIONS

What port of Canada has important commercial connections with Europe? (Montreal. See Index.) Why may air currents again become important to commerce? ( 1 170.) What is meant by the "Northern Route"? (8-2978-89.) What are its dangers? What services does the United States government do for commerce? (5-1792.) What department carries on this service? Trace the important cable connections. (124297.) Explain how all these things "make the world grow smaller."

What are the chief products of the Hawaiian Islands? (15-5446-51.) What advantages does their location give these islands? Japan's trade with the United States. What effect had the adoption of Western standards on her imports? $(2-564,565,572$.)

Why are the winds of the Pacific so important to shipping? (8-2698.) What does the United States import from China? (2421.) Why does not Chira have more trade with the United States? What needs of China might trade with the United States help to fill? What ports of Japan carry on the most commerce? ( $2-570$.) Of China? (2-434, 436.) Where are the United States coaling stations in the Pacific? (10-358388, 3592.) What United States possessions lie in the Pacific? ( $10-3583$. ) What effect have these on trade? What relation has the Pacific to Alaska? (10-3584.) What has the automobile industry to do with trade with the Malay States? (4-140608.) What things does India chiefly export? (8-2698.) What is Australia's principal export? (7-2466.) From what ports is it shipped? (7-2466-68.) Name the three most important ports on the western coast of South America. (19-6856.) Trace a ship's voyage from San Francisco to these ports. Describe its cargo. What things would it carry back in return? (19-6980, 7038.) Why is trade with Chile important? What has it to do with farming in this country? (19-7038.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

6. THE UNITED STATES-PRODUCT SECTIONS.
The United States a country rich in resources. The basis of our prosperity. (10-3397-3400.)
Crops.
Wheat. (15-5276-78; pictures, 1-374-78; 8-2678-79.)
The wheat belt.
Climatic conditions necessary for wheat-raising.
Sowing-Harvesting. Milling cities.
Transportation.
Rail and water routes.
Railroad centres and ports. Sending.
Receiving.
Other wheat-producing countries. (19-7247.)

Corn. (15-5280-84; 8-2678.)
The corn area. (Reasons for.) Sowing and harvesting.
Hog-raising.
Transportation.
Special topics
Evolution of the plow. Inventions that aid farming. (15-5278-80; 19-7209-11; pictures, 1-374-75.)

Cattle. (4-1259-64; 9-3207-09, 3211.)

The cattle area. (18-6435; 15-5276-77; 13-4524.)

## Extent.

Leading states.
Slaughtering centres. (19-7118.)
Meat preparation. (7-2512-13.)
Transportation. Railroad centres and ports. Sending. Receiving.
By-products. (7-2512-13.) Leather. (5-1549-58.)
Other cattle-producing countries. (19-7035; 4-1258-68.)
Connection with the shoe industry. (18-6445.)

Sheep-raising. (9-3208; 4-1369-78; 7-2462, 2466, 2468.)
The woolen industry. (15-5574-88.)

## QUESTIONS

What are some of the natural resources of the United States? (10-3397-3400.) What conditions of the United States are favorable to wheat-raising? Corn-raising? (15-527484.) What climatic conditions must accompany a good wheat crop? A good corn crop? Where is the winter wheat section? (15-5278.) When is winter wheat sown? Locate the spring wheat section. (15-5278.) When is spring wheat sown? Contrast methods of plowing in the United States with methods in Mexico. What inventions make it possible to raise more wheat? (15-527880; pictures, 1-374-75; 19-7209-11.) What European countries take the greatest amount of our wheat crop? Which country takes the most? Why? How is wheat shipped abroad? Trace a shipment of wheat from the fields where it was grown to Liverpool.

What connection has corn-raising with hograising? (15-5282.) What is a threshingmachine? (Picture, 1-375.) A binder? (Picture, 1-374.) How much corn do we export? (15-5282.) Give reasons for your answer.

Locate the cattle area in the United States. (9-3207-08.) Where is the greatest amount of slaughtering done? (9-3209.) What are the meat-packing centres? (15-5276-77; 19-7118.) Name some of the by-products in the cattle industry. (7-2512-13.) What influence has the automobile industry on cattle-raising?

## COURSE OF STUDY

Make a set of product maps. Show the wheat area on one, the corn belt on another, and so on.

Cotton. (14-5166-76.)
Cotton states.
Where raised? (8-2678; 5-1626; 8-2782-84.)
Where woven into textiles? (9-3214.)
Methods of picking and packing into bales.
Transportation.
Special topics
The history of cotton. The cot-ton-gin. (6-1912; 14-5167.)

Sugar. (10-3415-24.)
Cane sugar.
Beet sugar.
Areas. (7-2531-33.)
Give reasons.
Other sugar-raising countries.
Ports from which sugar is sent to us.

Fisheries. (11-4050-63; 9-3208.)
Atlantic coast fisheries compared with those of Gulf and Pa cific coasts.
Methods of catching and drying.
Canning centres.
Transportation by rail and water.
Fishing rights of nations.
By-products.
Other fish-producing countries.

Lumber. (16-5985-96; 18-6428-29.)
Where did the wood of which your desk is made come from?
Leading lumber areas. (8-2680; 13-4524.)
Lumbering. Saw-mill centres.
Transportation.
Uses. (7-2445-53; 8-2680.)
Important timber trees. (12-4245-60.)
The need for conservation. Special topic
Forest rangers. (8-2803-12.)

## QUESTIONS

What have refrigerator cars done for fruitraising? (2-528-35.)

How did your cotton blouse get from the cotton plant to you? (14-5166-76.) Which is the leading cotton state? What are the chief uses of cotton? Where are cotton textiles made? $(9-3214 ; 14-5168$.) What are the ports from which most of our cotton is exported? What European ports receive most of the crop?

Does the United States raise sufficient sugar for its own needs? (8-2680.) If not, from what countries do we import it and how much do we import? Give reasons for the beet and cane sugar areas. (7-2531-33.) What country developed the sugar-beet?

What is the continental shelf? (See Index.) Why are fish found there?
Describe the methods of catching and preserving salmon, cod and herring. (11-405063.) What uses other than eating are made of fish? Discuss the importance of fish as an export. Give reasons for your answer.

Give the most important uses of lumber Where are the most important lumbering areas? (8-2680; 10-3408; 13-4524.) Why are far-sighted people anxious that we conserve our forests? (12-4250.) What does the government do for the forests?

## COURSE OF STUDY

## Minerals:

Coal. (3-785-802.)
States producing anthracite coal. (11-3773; 9-3210.)
States producing bituminous coal. (17-6040; 13-4526.)

Iron. (6-1934-54.)
Iron ore area. (6-1934, 1936, 1938; 9-3208.)
Transportation. (Stress importance of Great Lakes.) (6-1955-63, 1937.)

Oil. (13-4535-52.)
Oil area (Petroleum). (134538.)

Influence of presence of coal and iron on industry. (6-193638; 3-788.)
Special topics
The Soo Canal. (6-1956.) How coal was formed. (3-785-87.) By-products of coal. (3-794.) How oil was discovered. (13-4533-35.) Drilling for -oil. (13-4540-49.)
Other countries with large oil deposits. (13-4538.)

Copper. (9-3208; 17-6038.)
Where found?
Why important?
How refined and where? (9-3215.)

Gold and Silver. (9-3208, 3210.) Uses. (18-6549, 6550; 16-5680.)
Mining. Different methods used. (19-6843; 16-5790.)
Other gold and silver producing countries. (9-3208, 3210; 7-2466-70, 2576.) See Index under Gold and Silver for other references.) Special topic
Discovery of gold in California and the settling of the West. (6-1922; 18-6430.)

Manufactured Products:

1. Machinery. (17-6362.)
2. Automobiles. (19-7015-23.) Centres of industry. (9-3214-16; 17-6041-42.)
Countries to which we export.

## QUESTIONS

Why is Pittsburgh a great industrial centre? (6-1936, 1938; 11-3777.) Why is Birmingham called the "Pittsburgh of the South"? (13-4526.) Which is cheaper, to bring coal to the iron section or to carry iron to the coal section? (6-1936-38.) Why must we do either? How does the United States compare with Great Britain with regard to the amount of coal mined each year? (103399.) Why is oil important? Name the different ways of transporting oil. (13$4536,4537,4551,4552$.) What is coke? (3-788; 6-1936-38.) Why have the nations of the world become so interested in oil? What relation is there between the automobile and the oil supply? Will oil ever take the place of coal? (13-4539.)

Why is copper important? (9-3208.) Where are the copper regions of the United States? In what sections is copper refined and smelted? (9-3215.) Why?

Why are gold and silver used for money? (16-5680.) Describe different methods of gold mining. Where are some mining towns deserted although there is still gold-bearing ore present? Where do gold and silver rank in importance as products? $(9-3208,3210$.)

What is meant by the saying, "The American tractor goes around the world"? (19-7209-11.) Name some of the types of machinery exported by the United States. Where are these made? Why? Why does not the United States produce its own raw

## COURSE OF STUDY

## COURSE OF STUDY

Some things for which we are dependent on other countries:
Rubber. (4-1405-14.)
Tea. (2-760-72.) Coffee. (6-2177-84.) Drugs. (8-2909-13.)
Dye-woods. (9-3152-54.)
Raw silk. (15-5307-09.)

## QUESTIONS

silk? (15-5308.) In what section are the great silk mills? (9-3214-16.) Who uses the silk woven in the United States? Is any of it exported? Why is this? What is artificial silk? (15-5310; 13-4828.) Compare the silk made in the United States with that made in Europe.

## Questions for Class Discussion

Is it possible for the United States to remain isolated from other countries? In what ways are we affected by conditions in other countries? What effect has the building of canals and railways upon the commerce of the country? Should the United States relinquish all claim to the Philippines? (10-3588-90.)

## TESTS (COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY, 7тн GRADE)

## COMPLETION

Can you pass this examination? See how many questions you can answer without help of any kind. Fill in the blank spaces with the correct answers.

1. Coal is important because
depends upon it.
2. The use of electricity has increased the demand for (a mineral).
3. and supply most of the world's iron goods.
4. The growth of the Middle West was hastened by the building of and
5. Spring wheat is grown in the $\qquad$ section; winter wheat in the $\qquad$ part of the United States.
6. ............ is an important crop of the Central South.
7. Cane sugar refineries are located on the because
8. ............ and ............ are noted for flour milling.
9. New England manufactures chiefly and
10. The automobile industry has increased the importance of $\qquad$ and $\qquad$

## FALSE-TRUE

If you consider the statement correct, mark it with a plus ( + ).
If you consider it incorrect mark it with a minus (-).

1. The United States produces only one-third of the world's supply of copper.
2. Next to South America, Asia is North America's nearest neighbor.
3. The United States must import large quantities of wool.
4. Corn is not exported in large quantities.
5. Milling is an important industry of Kansas City.
6. River transportation was formerly of more importance than at present.
7. Cincinnati is famous for its great steel mills.
8. The United States raises sufficient sugar for its own consumption.
9. Russia must import great quantities of grain and machinery.
10. The United States produces enough coffee for its own consumption.

## COURSE OF STUDY

## JUDGMENT

Cross out any part of these statements necessary in order to make them correct.

1. The colonists manufactured (a) both cotton and woolen goods, (b) woolen goods only, (c) cotton goods only.
2. Raw silk is not produced in the United States because (a) the climate is unfavorable for it, (b) labor is too costly, (c) we have no food for the silkworms.
3. South America produces (a) more rubber than any other country, (b) less rubber than any other country, (c) an equal amount of rubber with the Malay States.
4. Atlanta, St. Louis, Pittsburgh, (aalveston, Detroit, New Orleans and Birmingham are important cotton-spinning centres.
5. The United States ranks first, second, third in oil production of the world.
6. Tanneries (a) were formerly always located near forests, (b) must still be located near forests, (c) no longer depend on forests.
7. Give reasons for your answer to No. 6.
8. China's chief products are manufactured silk, embroideries, carvings, tea, railroad equipment, tin, sugar.
9. New England turned from agriculture to manufacturing because of her poor soil, good native water power and coal deposits.
10. Brazil produces about $1 / 4,1 / 2,3 / 4$ of the amount of coffee used in the world. Draw a circle around the fraction which is nearest the correct answer.

# GEOGRAPHY, 8тн GRADE 

Average Aze, 13 to $14 \frac{1}{2}$
PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY
(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. THE EARTH AS A PLANET. (1-17-25.)
Do you know that this earth on which we live is called a planet?
The 8 large planets and 500 smaller bodies all revolving about the sun are called the Solar System.
2. SIZE OF THE EARTH. (1-43-48.)

Size in comparison with other planets. (9-3178-80.)
Relative amounts of land and water. (1-44-45.)
Distance from the sun and other planets. (Color plate, 1-16.)
3. SHAPE OF THE EARTH. (1-22; 7-2603.)
Proofs. (Be able to give at least five.)
Beliefs of the ancients. (1-22, 83.)
Some navigators who discovered the true shape of the earth. (1-8390.)
4. MOTIONS OF THE EARTH. (1-235-39.)
Effects of rotation.
Axis, Poles, Equator.
Revolution. Its effects.
Time of these movements.
5. THE SEASONS.

Causes of change of season.
Be able to explain and illustrate by diagram, Spring, Summer, Winter, Autumn, Equinox and Solstice. (1-18-19.)

## QUESTIONS

Are there any other planets besides the earth? (9-3178-80, 3289-93; 10-3409-14.) Name them. How did these planets get their names? Can you see them? (Maps, 1-23, 25.) How did the Solar System come into existence? (1-141-44.) What theories are given to explain the coming into being of the Solar System? What is an orbit? (9-3180.) Make a drawing showing the planets and their orbits in the Solar System. (Maps, 1-18-19, 23; 9-3290; 10-3414.) What amount of the earth's surface is land? What amount is water? (6-2169-70.)

What is the circumference of the earth? The diameter? (1-43; 2-385; 9-3171.)

What is the earth's distance from the sun? (9-3180.) What do we get from the sun? (9-3178.) How does the amount of sun influence man's ways of living? (8-2663-68; 2791-94.) Illustrate your answer by at least three different types of countries.

Give five proofs of the shape of the earth. (1-22; 7-2603.) What did the ancients believe concerning the shape of the earth? (1-22, 83.) Name some navigators who proved that the earth was spherical in shape. (1-83-90.)

Does the earth move? (1-18-19, 24, 235$39 ; 15-5517$.) How many motions has it? What do we mean by rotation? What are its effects? Define axis, poles, equator. What is revolution? Give the time required by these movements.

What causes change of seasons? Give three causes. (8-2663-68, 2791-94.) Draw a diagram showing positions of the earth and the sun's rays during Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter. When is the North Pole turned toward the sun? (1-18-19.) Where does

## COURSE OF STUDY

Rays of sun as affected by these changes.
Length of day and night. (14-5217; 16-5845.)
Effect of change of seasons on life of mankind.
6. ZONES.

Circles.
Animal and vegetable life in each zone.
7. THE MOON. (1-22, 24, 144; 4-1353, 1449-50; 10-3535-44.)
A satellite-meaning of the word.
Examples of satellites.
Phases of the Moon. (10-3540.)
Study diagram.
Meaning and explanation of:
New Moon.
First Quarter.
Full Moon. Last Quarter. Eclipse. Define and explain.
8. GRAVITY. (1-142, 280; 2-386, 58384, 622; 7-2362; 13-4795-96; 14 4903, 5177-81.)
Gravitation.
9. TIDES. (2-583-84; 7-2542; 10-3734; 11-3843; 18-6558.)
Causes.
Kinds or names.
High or flood.
Low or ebb.
Tidal bore.
Effects of tides.
Their importance.
10. OCEAN CURRENTS. (7-2542;

16-5960.)
Causes.
Principal ocean drifts.
Effects on climate.
11. LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE.

Their importance; uses of each; how to find them. (1-18-19.)

## QUESTIONS

the circle of light reach in Spring? Summer? Winter? Where is the most direct ray of the sun at each season? What change takes place in the length of day and night? What changes do you make at home when Spring comes? Winter? Summer? Clothing, food, heating and garden? How do the seasons affect the farmer's life?

What are zones? (8-2792-94.) What types of animal and vegetable life are found in each zone? What effect on the life and activity of the people has the zone in which they live? Illustrate by naming zones and countries.

Why is the moon called a satellite? (4-1449-50.) What does the word mean? Has the sun any satellites? Have any other planets any? (9-3180, 3293; 10-3409-10, 3535.) Do they move? How? What keeps them on their orbits? Make a diagram showing New Moon, First Quarter, Full Moon, Last Quarter. (10-3540.) What is an eclipse? (9-3170, 3172 ; 16-5843-44.) What causes it? Illustrate by a diagram.

What is the difference between gravity and gravitation? (13-4795-96; 14-5177-81.)

Why do ocean liners leave New York at midnight? At noon? What causes tides? Give two causes. What kinds of tides do you know? At what phase of the moon do we have Spring tide? Neap tide? What is a tidal bore? (See Index under Tides.) What are some of the effects of tides? Why are they so important?

Discuss the work and training of pilots. Name and locate four important ocean drifts. Which is the most important of the currents? What effect on climate would result if the Gulf Stream were turned north through Davis Strait? (13-4826.) Explain the difference in the climate of the State of Washington and Newfoundland.

How did the navigators on the Norge find their position? How did they tell others what this position was? What is latitude?

## COURSE OF STUDY

Degrees.
Number in a circle.
Parallels of Latitude.
Meridians.
Prime Meridian.
Sub-Meridian.
The compass. (11-3787-90; 12-4421-22; 16-5797, 5984; $17-$ 6248.)

International Date Line. (16-5841.) Problem
How do mariners and airship pilots find their exact location? (12-4421.)

Standard time. (16-5841, 5842, 5845.)

How decided upon?
How regulated?
Time sections of the United States.
12. ATMOSPHERE.

Dew, fog, clouds. Causes.
Humidity.
Frost. Hail.
13. WINDS.

Causes.
Trade winds.
The equatorial belt of calms.
Effects of the earth's rotation.
Wind belts.
Classification of winds.
14. RAINFALL.

Causes.
Connection between winds and rains.
Rainfall in the United States.
Winds that are good rain-producers. Cyclones.
Hurricanes.
Waterspouts.
Tornadoes.
15. VOLCANOES. (7-2313-14; 8-287374; 9-3237; see also list in Index.) Earthquakes. (2-568; 5-1811; 14 -5219-20; 18-6554.)
16. GLACIERS. (7-2315, 2316, 2318; 11-3819; 6-2250; 15-5298, 5300.) Ice-sheets. Icebergs.
Types of these.

## QUESTIONS

(1-19.) What is longitude? (See Index.) How are these found? How many degrees in a circle? (11-4132.) What are parallels? Meridians? What are the uses of the compass? Describe the way in which it works. What is the International Date Line? (16-5841.) Why was it established? Is it straight? Give reasons.
What is standard time? How is it regulated? How are reckonings made? What are the different time sections of the United States? (16-5841.) What is the principle of daylight saving? (17-6289.) Find the latitude and longitude of the place where you live. One degree of latitude equals how many miles? Find the latitude of the United States. Through how many degrees of latitude does it extend? To how many miles is that equal? What are Standard Time Belts? When it is seven o'clock in the morning in New York City what time is it in Denver? (16-5841.)

How is dew formed? (8-2922.) What connection have clouds with this process?
What is frost? ( $8-2922 ; 14-4904-12$.) Hail? (8-2923-24; 18-6556.)

What is wind? (18-6691-92.) What produces it? Of what aid to mankind are winds? What are "trade winds"? (3-873; $8-2666,2792,2794$.) What is the equatorial belt of calms? Why were the Horse Latitudes so named? (7-2486.) Name all the kinds of winds you know. What causes trade winds, monsoons, land and sea breezes? (8-2794.) What form of transportation is greatly affected by the winds? (2-455-56.)

What causes rainfall? (8-2666, 2921-24.) What connection is there between winds and rainfall? (8-2794, 2923.) Make a map illustrating the rainfall of the United States. What are cyclones? (18-6692.) Hurricanes? What is a tornado? A waterspout? (5-1809.) What winds are good rain-producers?

Make a drawing of a volcano, showing its principal parts. (Colored picture facing 2385.) Name some type volcanoes. What is a young volcano? An extinct volcano?

What was the continental ice-sheet? (6-1925-28.) What work was done by the icesheet in North America? In Europe? (1158; 6-1955-56, 2069-70.) Describe the

## COURSE OF STUDY

Causes.
Effects.

17. WૅEATHER.<br>Causes.<br>Weather instruments.<br>Weather bureau.<br>Weather maps.

18. CLIMATE.

Causes.
Influencing factors.
The effects of climate on plant and animal life and on man.
How man overcomes his environment.

## QUESTIONS

effects on man of some great earthquakes. (2-568, 573; 17-6060.) How are icebergs formed? (4-1355.) Why are they a menace to sea-vessels?

Of what things is weather the result? (82663, 2921-24.) Name two weather instruments and describe their uses. (3-1028, $1152 ; 7-2648-49 ; 8-2718 ; 10-3625 ; 12-$ 4502 ; 15-5287-88.) What is the weather bureau? (5-1792.) Write a paragraph on this service. What are weather maps? What are "low pressure areas"? (15-5287.) How are storms predicted?

Are weather and climate the same thing? (8-2663.) Illustrate. What are some factors that influence climate? (6-2171: 8 -2663-68, 2791-94; 9-3101.) What is the effect of climate on plant and animal life? Illustrate your answer by each zone. What influence has climate on the life of man and his activities? Illustrate by zones. Give instances in which man has conquered his environment. Tell how. How far can man go in conquering climate?

## CURRENT GEOGRAPHY

1. Does an acre of land pay better if used for agriculture or if used for grazing? Supplementary problem: Why, then, is any land used for grazing?
2. Why is sheep-raising replacing cattle-raising in many Western states?
3. Much iron ore is mined in Minnesota. Why is so little iron and steel manufactured there?
4. Why has manufacturing developed faster along the Great Lakes than along the Mississippi River?
5. Which section of the United States has the largest number of cities? Why?
6. Why has New York grown so much faster than Philadelphia and Bostnn?
7. Why is Cuba so great a sugar exporter?
8. What resnurces has Mexico that might make it a manufacturing country? Why has it not become so?
9. Which of our industries would be harmed if we could no longer ribtain products from South America?
10. What influence may conditions in the farm belt have on nur political histnry?
11. What relation is there between the numerous mountain ranges and the political history of Europe?

## GEOGRAPHY, 8th GRADE

12. Why does England watch the Egyptian situation so closely?
13. What connection is there between a crowded country and colonization? Is there any possible connection with warfare? What?
14. What are the great undeveloped regions of the earth? What factors may lead to their settlement?
15. The Philippines. Should the United States grant them complete independence? Give reasons on both sides.
16. What are the possessions of Spain and France in Northern Africa? What war has just closed in that section?
17. What is the Tacna-Arica dispute? Illustrate with map. Explain plebiscite.
18. Why are Java, Sumatra and the other East Indies so important?
19. What industry has brought the Malay States into such prominence as an exporter?
20. Why is France so extensively engaged in manufacturing and commerce?
21. Why has Great Britain developed so extensive and such world-wide commerce?
22. Why have oil deposits become so important and valuable a resource?
23. Why has Great Britain a more extensive foreign trade than France?
24. China. What factors have caused China to be slow in developing her resources? What are her governmental difficulties?
25. What situation is causing difficulty in the Austro-Italian Tyrol?

## TESTS (PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY, 8th GRADE)

FALSE-TRUE

Put a plus ( + ) after any of these statements that are true; a minus (-) after any that are false.

1. The sun revolves around the earth.
2. The seasons are caused by the inclination of the earth's axis.
3. The sun is the source of heat and light.
4. Longitude is distance north or south from the equator.
5. Only one side of the moon has ever been seen from the earth.
6. Revolution is the movement of the earth turning on its axis.
7. Gravity and gravitation are the same thing.
8. The moon is a satellite of the earth.
9. As I travel westward from New York to Denver I must turn my watch ahead.
10. The heaviest rainfall in the world is at the equator.

## JUDGMENT

Cross out any part of these staternents necessary in order to make them correct.

1. Tides rise and fall twice every day in the Pacific Ocean, because of the latitude.
2. Icebergs are caused by the effect of the Labrador Current, which breaks great masses from glaciers that extend down to the sea.
3. The International Date Line has been so drawn that no two neighboring regions belonging to the same country, and naving the same temperature, shall have different dates at the same time.
4. Weather and climate are the result of (a) temperature of the air, (b) the downward pressure of air, (c) the amount of moisture in the air.
5. Great Britain was compelled to become a great commercial nation because she could not raise enough food supplies, raw materials, and minerals to support her population.

## GUIDE TO GEOGRAPHY OUTLINES

If you are studying home and local gengraphy, consult the 4th grade outline.
If you are studying North America, South America, United States in detail, use the 5th grade outline.
For Europe, Asia, Africa and Australia consult the 6th grade outline.
For trade relationships of the United States and for geography in the United States by industries, use the 7th grade outline.
For physical gengraphy and for suggestive problems based on current events, consult the 8th grade outline.

# HISTORY, 4тн GRADE 

Averase Aze, 9 to $101 / 2$

(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

## INTRODUCTION

The history of our country is the story of Americans and their doings. These Americans all came originally from many different lands, all except the first American. How he came here we do not know. He is the Indian.

1. THE FIRST AMERICAN, THE INDIAN.
Different tribes or nations. (1-165.)
(a) The Eastern Indians. Algonquin. Iroquois, etc. Seneca.
(b) The Western Indians. Sioux.
Navaho. Dakotas, etc.
Where these lived.
How they built their homes. (51658; 1-160, 161-62; pictures, 1-163-64.)
How they raised crops and hunted game. (1-161.)
How they dressed. (9-3251-52.)
Their clothing, weapons and customs. (1-160-65.)
Find out what kinds of Indians once lived where you now do.
What has become of the Indians?
2. THE PEOPLE WHO FIRST SETTLED IN YOUR LOCALITY.
Find out their names. What nationality they were. How they came to settle where they did.
Visit the historical landmarks near your home. Find out their stories. Next study the history of the settlement of your own state. Find out the same things you looked up for your own town or village.
3. LOCAL HEROES.

Some of our country's heroes (as suggested by the holidays most generally observed). (6-2087-95.)

## QUESTIONS

Why is the Indian called the first American? (1-160.)

Name some tribes of Eastern Indians. (1165.) Describe the way in which they built their homes. (5-1658; 1-160-62.) Which Indians lived in the "long house"?. Describe the training and schooling you would have received had you been a little Indian boy. By what means did the Indian gain his food? His clothing? (1-160-65.) Read the story of Hiawatha. (19-6985-86.) What was a medicine-man? (1-162.) Name some tribes of Western Indians. (1165.) Describe their homes. (1-160.) Why does the Indian feel that the white man has not always treated him fairly? (3-778; 19-7235-36.) How did the Indians treat the first white men they saw? (19-7235; picture, 1-247.) What great American colonist never had any trouble with his Indian neigh $\mathrm{h}_{-}$ bors? Why? (William Penn, 2-552-53.)

Tell the history of the settlement of your own home. Who first cleared the land? Describe the first homes made there by white men and women. How did these settlers come to your home? Describe some of their hardships. Name some of the men prominent in the settlement of your own state. What landmarks are there near your home?

Why do we find so many places in the Linited States named for George Washington? (3-1039-42.) Why is he spoken of so often and with such respect and affec-

## COURSE OF STUDY

(a) Washington. (3-1039-42.)
(b) Lincoln. (3-1045-50.)
(c) Hudson. $(1-251 ; 14-4971$.)
(d) Lafayette. (4-1168; 6-2128, $2130 ; 10-3566$.
(e) Hamilton. (10-3488-89.)
(f) Jefferson. (3-1042-43.)
(g) Lewis and Clark. (5-1703; 18-6426.)
Try to learn more than little amusing stories about them. Why do we call them great? What did they do for our country? Learn how they placed the good of America above their own interests. They were great Americans. In what ways can you be like them? Make a scrap book containing local history and the histories of these prominent men of your country. Read all you can find about them. How long ago did they live? How did they dress? (2-393.) When they went on a journey how did they travel? (5-1698.) How long did it take a letter to go from Philadelphia to Boston in those days? (5-1700.) Homes of those days. (5-1700.) Schools. (3-966-70.)
4. SOME GREAT LEADERS IN THE WORLD'S HISTORY IN OLDEN TIMES
(a) Pericles. $(2-706 ; 3-1080 ;$ picture, 2-705.)
(b) Alexander. (2-707-08; 8-2822, 2961, 2964; pictures, 3-913; 2-709.)
(c) Cæsar. (4-1198-99, 1366-68; picture, 4-1360.)
(d) Clovis. (10-3430; picture, 10-3431.)
(e) Charlemagne. (10-3430; 11-3960; picture, 10-3433.)
(f) Alfred. (4-1432-34; picture, 134587.)
(g) Justinian. (13-4812.)

Look for pictures and descriptions of the times in which these men lived. Find out all you can of the customs of those days.
5. HOW THE MOVEMENT FOR THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA BEGAN.
(a) The beginnings of trade with the East. (1-83-85, 89; 8-2978.)

## QUESTIONS

tion? Tell some of the things he did for our country. Give a short account of his life. What great services did Abraham Lincoln do for America? (3-1045-50.) Describe his life as a boy, his efforts to get an education. Why was he called "Honest Abe"? Why do we say that he saved the nation? What qualities had Lincoln that we might all well imitate? Where are Hudson Bay and River? Tell the stories of their discovery. (1-251; 14-4971; picture, 1-247.) What nation aided our country at the time of our revolution? (4-1168; 62128, 2130; 10-3566.) What Frenchman will we always remember with gratitude? Tell his story. (4-1168; 6-2128, 2139; 103566.) Who was Alexander Hamilton? (10-3488-89.) What services did he render his country? Tell the story of his life. What was the Declaration of Independence? Who wrote it? (20-7553.) Tell the story of this man's life. (3-1042-43.) What services did he do for the United States? What explorers first went through the northwestern part of our country? (5-1703; 186426.) Who sent them? Describe their hardships and the great things they accomplished. Describe life in this country at the time each one of these men lived. Customs of dress, travel, homes, newspapers, mails, schools. (5-1698-1700.)

Tell the story of Pericles. (2-706; 3-1080.) Who was Alexander? (2-707-09; 8-2822, 2961, 2964.) Why did he mourn because there were no more worlds to conquer? To what nation did Cæsar belong? (4-119899, 1366-68.) Why was he called "Great Cæsar"? Tell the story of Clovis. (103430.) Who was Charlemagne? ( $10-3430$; 11-3960.) How long ago did he live? Tell the story of his life. To what nation did Alfred belong? (4-1432-34.) What sort of man does history tell us he was? What service did he do for his people? What great work did Justinian do? (13-4812.)

Where was "the East"? Why were men so anxious to trade with it? (1-83-84. 89: 82978.) Take your map and trace some of the early voyages of Marco Polo. (1-8385.) Describe his travels. What lands did

## COURSE OF STUDY

(b) Voyages to find a new route to the East. Why desired?
Columbus. (1-86-89.)
De Gama. (1-89.)
Magellan. (1-90; 8-2980;
9-3295-96.)
(c) Olden beliefs concerning the shape of the earth and monsters of the deep. (1-22; 9-3235-36.)
(d) Invention of the compass. (16-5797.)
(e) Invention of gunpowder. (5-1682.)
(f) Invention of printing. (9-3381-82.) Influence of each of these. Make outline maps showing the routes traveled by each of these explorers. Put only one explorer and his voyage on each map. Color the part of the New World that he claimed for his sovereign.

## QUESTIONS

he visit? Why were the nations so eager to find a new route to "the East"? Describe some of the rich cargoes that came westward. What countries carried on the greatest part of the trade? Why was Columbus so anxious to make a voyage? (1-86-89.) What did he hope to accomplish? Did he plan to discover a new world? Tell what you know of his hardships and trials. Describe Columbus' voyage. What country did he think he had found? For whom did he claim it? Describe Columbus' later voyages and death. (Make a model of Columbus' ship from the picture.) Why did Columbus name the red men "Indians"? (9-3190.) Who was Vasco da Gama? (1-89.) Describe his travels. For what country did he sail? For what country did Magellan sail? (1-90; 8-2980; 9-3295.96.) Why do we remember his voyage so especially? Where is the strait that bears his name? Why was it so called? Tell the story of the voyage of Magellan's flagship. Did Magellan sail around the world? What inventions influenced these voyages of discovery? How? (16-5797; 9-3381-82.)

## CIVICS, 4тн GRADE

AIM: To give the child an understanding of working for the common good.

## COURSE OF STUDY

The desirability of a clean city, town, or countryside. What we can do to keep it clean and thereby make it beautiful. How public servants help us. How we can help them.

## QUESTIONS

How can we help make our city clean? How can we help to keep it so? What public servants help us all? How can we help them?

# HISTORY, 5тн GRADE 

Averace Aze, 10 to 111/2

(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

COURSE OF STUDY
i. EXPLORATION AND DISCOVERY.

The Northmen. (15-5291-92; 1241 ; pictures, $1-240,243$.)
Review Columbus. (1-86-89.)
The Cabots. (1-242; 8-2978, 2980.)
Drake. (14-4962-65; 1-250; 82980.)

Raleigh. (14-4965-70; 17-6333-37; 5-1818; pictures, 5-1812; 14-4958-59.)
Vespucius. (1-242; 8-2980.)
Balboa. (1-242-43; picture, 1-253.)
Magellan (Review). (1-90; 8-2980; 9-3295-96.)
Coronado. (1-244, 246.)
Cortez. (1-244; 19-7132-33; picture, 1-254.)
De Leon. (1-242.)
De Soto. (1-244; picture, 249.)
Champlain. (2-679-80; 1-246, 248.)
Cartier. (2-678-79; 1-246.)
Hudson. (1-251; 14-4971; pictures, 1-247; 11-4109.)
2. THE BEGINNING OF COLONIZA-

TION. (2-543-52.)
New York.
Virginia.
Massachusetts.
Maryland.
Rhode Island.
Pennsylvania.
Their reasons for leaving the Old World. The kind of men and women they were.
The location of each colony.
Climate.
Resources.
The French and Spanish settlements. French. (2-677-80.) Spanish. (19-7131-36.)

Problem
On sets of outline maps, color the part of North America claimed by each European nation. (1-252.) Make a key at the side showing by right of what discovery the land was claimed. On one large map

## QUESTIONS

Where did the Northmen live? (15-5291$92 ; 1-241$.$) What parts of this country are$ they thought to have visited? Did they leave any traces in America? What land did Columbus claim? For whom? (1-8689.) Why were all these countries so eager to gain new territory? What were the leading nations of Europe at this time? Look up the battle of the Spanish Armada. (51820; 14-5044, 5046.) What influence do you think it had upon the desires and acts of the countries concerned? Who were the Cabots? (1-242; 8-2978, 2980.) For what land did they sail? What land in America did they claim. Tell all you can about Sir Francis Drake. (14-4962-65; 1-250.) Who was Sir Walter Raleigh? (14-4965-70.) Where was the "lost colony"? (17-633337.) Describe some of the hardships these early settlers suffered. Why did they all settle so near the ocean? Why do we remember Americus Vespucius? (1-242; 8 2980.) Do you think this continent should have been called Columbia? Why? Who was Balboa? (1-242-43.) For what important discovery do we remember him? Tell the story. What land did he claim? For whom? Re-trace Magellan's voyage. Why was it important? (1-90; 8-2980; 9-3295-96.) Why did the Spanish feel that the New World should be theirs? (2-252.) Where did Coronado land? (1-244, 246.) Trace the marches of Cortez. (1-244; 19-7132-33.) With what people did he come into conflict? Describe them. Describe the war the Spaniards fought against them. Where were the explorations of De Soto? (1-244.) Tell the story of his wanderings and death. For what discovery do we remember him? What lake in the Northeastern part of New York State was named for a famous French explorer? (2-679-80; 1246, 248.) What grave mistake did he make that cost France the friendship of the powerful Iroquois? Tell the story of his wanderings. What settlements did he make? For what country did Henry Hudson sail? (1-251; 14-4971.) Review the story of his explorations and discoveries. How did it

## COURSE OF STUDY

show all the different claims. Can you foretell what must soon follow all these conflicting claims and disputes?
3. SOME EARLY COLONIES AND

THEIR LEADERS
(a) THE DUTCH. $(2-550,552$.

Leaders in New Amsterdam.
Peter Minuit.
Peter Stuyvesant.
Customs.
Government.
Trade.
Troubles with the Swedes.
The "patroon" system.
Surrender of New Amsterdam. Why?
(b) THE ENGLISH.

VIRGINIA. Jamestown.
(2-543-46; 14-4970-71.)
Settlement.
Climate and soil.
Captain John Smith.
Pocahontas.
Early struggles.
The "starving time."
Introduction of slavery. Government.

MARYLAND. (2-550, 552.)
By whom settled? Why?
Government.
MASSACHUSETTS.

1. Plymouth: the Pilgrims
(2-544, 546-48, 555.)
William Bradford.
(12-4445-46.)
Miles Standish.
The First Thanksgiving. (6-2090.)
The Indians.
Government.
2. Massachusetts Bay. (2-546, 548-50, 555.)
John Winthrop. (10-3487;
12-4446.)
Tohn Endicott.
King Philip. Government.

RHODE ISLAND. (2-550.)
Its settlement.
The story of Roger Williams and Anne Hutchinson. (14-5267-68.)
Government.

## QUESTIONS

happen that a man often claimed land for a country other than his own?

NEW AMSTERDAM. (2-550, 552.) Who first settled New York? Why? Describe their life, houses, customs, government and trade. Write a paragraph about Peter Minuit. Who were the "patroons"? How did New Amsterdam become New York? Tell as much as you can about Peter Stuyvesant. What great natural advantages had New York? What traces of the Dutch are left in this country?

VIRGINIA. (2-544-46; 14-4970-71.) By whom settled? For whom named? What sort of men and women settled Virginia? Why did they leave England? Who was Captain John Smith? Pocahontas? What was the "starving time"? Tell the story of the introduction of negro slavery into Virginia. What kind of government had Virginia? What crops were raised?

MARYLAND. (2-550, 552.) Who settled Maryland? Why? For what thing do we especially remember Lord Baltimore?

MASSACHUSETTS.
Plymouth. (2-544, 546-48, 555.) Why did the Pilgrims leave England? Tell the story of their wanderings. Describe their voyage to America. Who was William Bradford? Miles Standish? Read the story of Miles Standish. Tell the story of the first Thanksgiving. (6-2090.) How did the Indians treat the Pilgrims? What sort of soil did the Pilgrims find in America? Describe some of their hardships.
Massachusetts Bay. (2-546, 548-50, 555.) Who were the Puritans? Where did they settle? Who was John Endicott? John Winthrop? King Philip? Tell King Philip's story.

RHODE ISLAND. (2-550.) How did Rhode Island come to be settled? Tell Roger Williams' story. Who was Anne Hutchinson? (14-5267-68.) What thing must be always remembered in connection with Rhode Island?

## COURSE OF STUDY

PENNSYLVANIA. (2-552-53.)
The story of its settlement. The Quakers. William Penn.
Penn's treaty with the Indians. The founding of Philadelphia. Government.
(c) THE SPANISH. (1-242, 244-46; 6-1922; 18-6826; picture, 18-6829.) In Florida and California.

St. Augustine. (18-6825; picture, 18-6829.)
Santa Fé. (2-543.)
(d) THE FRENCH. (2-677-83.)

In Canada and the Ohio Valley.
Quebec.
Montreal. (Picture and note, 4-1482.)
Marquette and Joliet. (18-663134; 1-248, 250.)
La Salle. (1-248, 250.)

## QUESTIONS

PENNSYLVANIA. (2-552-53.) Who were the Quakers? Who was William Penn? Tell the story of the founding of Pennsylvania. Why had Penn no trouble with the Indians? Describe the founding of Philadelphia. Why is it called the "City of Brotherly Love"?

THE SPANISH IN NORTH AMERICA. (1-242, 244-46; 6-1922; 18-6826.) Why did the Spaniards come to the New World? In what parts of the country did they settle? What sort of climate have these places? (19-6848.) Describe the dress and customs of the Spanish.

THE FRENCH IN NORTH AMERICA. (2-677-83.) Why did the French wish to have colonies in America? What sections did they settle? What occupations and trades did they carry on? Who were Marquette and Joliet? (18-6631-34.) Tell La Salle's story. ' $(1-248,250$.

## CIVICS, 5тн GRADE

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. HEALTH.
(a) Cleanliness of:
2. Clothes.
3. Body.
4. Homes.
5. Stores.
6. Streets.
(b) Interest in clean markets.

Note which ones are clean and neat. Notice those where food is covered or screened.
2. THRIFT.
(a) Health is thrift.
(b) Care of school books is thrift.
(c) Keeping public streets and roadsides clean is thrift.
(d) Spending money wisely, not foolishly, is thrift.
(e) To save a little of some thing every day is thrift.
3. COURTESY. True politeness is thinking of others first.

## QUESTIONS

Name five ways in which you can make your town cleaner. Why do we say that we cannot be healthy if we are not clean? For what signs of cleanliness would you look in a store or market? What are wrong ways of caring for and displaying food?

What does the word thrift mean? (17-6.361-62.) Give five ways in which you car practice thrift.

What does courtesy mean? What does the Scout Movement teach concerning it? Why do we say that a different word for coustesy is unselfishness? (12-4451-58.)

## TESTS (HISTORY, 5тн GRADE)

JUDGMENT
Cross out any part of these statements necessary in order to make them correct.

1. Plymouth was settled (a) by the Puritans, (b) by the Dutch, (c) by men released from the debtors' prison in England, (d) by the Pilgrims.
2. The chief occupation of New Amsterdam was (a) farming, (b) fishing, (c) fur-trading, (d) shipping.
3. The French settled (a) along the St. Lawrence and the Great Lakes, (b) along the Pacific Coast, (c) in Florida.
4. Rhode Island was settled for (a) fur-trading, (b) as a refuge for escaped prisoners,
(c) as a home for those who believed in religious freedom, (d) for tobacco raising.
5. The Cabots sailed under the flag (a) of England, (b) of Portugal, (c) of Holland.

## FALSE-TRUE

Place a plus $(+)$ before each statement that you consider correct.
Place a minus (-) before each one that you consider false.

1. The English claimed North America because of the discoveries of the Cabots.
2. Champlain made friends of all the Indians.
3. Sir Francis Drake settled the first colony in Virginia.
4. The Quakers treated the Indians with the greatest kindness.
5. The Puritans granted religious freedom to everyone in their colony.

## GENERAL

1. Arrange these colonies in a column, with the reasons for settlement of each one placed next to it:

Colonies. 1. Plymouth, 2. New Amsterdam, 3. Jamestown, 4. Pennsylvania, 5. Maryland, 6. Rhode Island.

Reasons. Fur-trading; to make homes in the new land and thus claim it for England; for religious freedom; for a refuge for the persecuted.
2. Next to the name of each of these men place the discovery or exploration for which we remember him:

Balboa, Magellan, De Soto, Hudson, Cartier.
3. Next to the name of each of these men place the name of the colony which he led: John Smith, William Bradford, Roger Williams, Lord Baltimore, William Penn.
4. On an outline map of North America show the sections claimed by the French. Dutch, English and Spanish. Mark with a cross any spots where friction among these countries is likely to develop.
5. Arrange these names in a list according to their importance. Place the one whose dis-

## COURSE OF STUDY

coveries you consider had the most far-reaching effect first, the next one second, and so on. Be able to give your reasons.

Magellan, Hudson, Columbus, Champlain, Captain John Smith, De Soto, Balboa.

Remember that what makes a thing important are the results that come from it, so before you answer this question ask yourself, "What effect did this discovery have? What difference would it have made if it had never happened? What country claimed land because of it?" Then answer.

# HISTORY, 6тн GRADE 

## Averaze Aze, 11 to $121 / 2$

(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. OUR HERITAGE FROM THE OLD WORLD.
(What does "heritage" mean?)
(a) Primitive Man. (1-189-96; 5-165557 ; 9-3041, 3353 ; 10-3545-46; 6-1925-28.)
(b) The Ancient World.

The story of:
Egypt. (3-807-21; 1-290-92, pictures in color, 293-95; 113977; 7-2486; 10-3546-48, 3550. See Index.) Babylon. (2-64660; 14-5208-09. See Index.) Phœnicia. (1-83-84; 11-391012; 14-5042; pictures, 4-1431; 10-3546.) The Hebrews. (19-7155-58; 3-815-16, 818, pictures, 917 ; 15-5464.) The Persians. (3-910-18, map, 908.)
What we owe to the Greeks. (2-701-09; 3-1069-82; 12-4215-22. See Index.)
What we owe to the Romans. (4-1191-1200, pictures, 1201-08; 13-4812; 15-5346-48, pictures, 5351-56.)
Beginnings of Christianity. (2-57578; 8-2843-45; 5-1862-63, 186566.)

Special Topics The Rosetta Stone. (3-812, 814, 821; 10-3548.) Recent discoveries in Egyptian tombs. (3-818; 11-3874.) Write a description of the Acropolis. (2705; 12-4216-17.) In your scrap book make a collection of pictures of Greek temples and statues. The Olympic Games. (12-4216, 4401; 3-1074.) Make a collection of Roman pictures. Read the story of Romulus and Remus. (4-1192.) Read the story of the Roman conquest of Great Britain. (4-1317-20.) Emperor Constantine. (4-1200; 2-578; 5-1691-92, 1858, 1866.) NOTE. You will often find letters placed next to a date, as 300 B.C. B.C. means before the com-

## QUESTIONS

Describe the homes, clothing, weapons and food of primitive man. (8-3010; 1-189-92; 5-1655-57; 9-3041, 3353.) How did written language grow? (10-3545-46.) Why do we say that the Egyptians had a high type of civilization? (3-807-21.) Describe some of their temples. (14-5210-12, pictures, 5213-16.) Model a group of pyramids in your sand pile. ( $7-2604$, pictures, 2606; 3-808-09.) What do we owe to the Egyptians? What country had the first code of law in the world? (2-652, picture, 651.) Who were the greatest sailors and traders of olden times? (1-83-84.) What especially do we owe to this people? (10-3546; 11-3912.) Where was Assyria? (2-64750, 652-60.) Describe the palaces built by the Assyrians for their kings. (14-5209.) What debt do we owe to the Hebrews? (197156, 7157; 15-5464.) From what land did they spring? (19-7155; map, 3-908.) Who was Darius? (3-914.) Describe the life of the Spartans. (3-1072, 1074.) What is meant by the saying, "He lives like a Spar$\tan$ "? What do we owe to Athens? (2-70203, 706; 3-1080, picture, 1079.) What were the Olympic Games? (12-4401, 4216; 31074.) Name a great Grecian poet. (16-5747-48; 6-1983-86.) Who were Plato and Aristotle? (2-707-08.) Why does Greek civilization rank so high? (2-708.) What famous buildings do you know of that are modeled on Grecian lines? (Examples of Greek buildings, 15-5341-44, pictures, 534954: 3-1079.) Sum up the influence of Greece upon our life and country. Rome. (4-1191-1200; 15-5346-48.) Tell the story oi the founding of Rome. Tell the story of Cincinnatus. (4-1193.) Of Horatius at the Bridge. (10-3639-42.) Why were the Romans called conquerors? What were some of the countries they conquered? Who were the Etruscans? What did the Romans learn from them? Where was Carthage? Why did Rome wish to conquer Carthage? (4-1194-96.) What did the Greeks teach the Romans? Who were some of the most famous Roman generals and leaders? (4-1361-68: 5-1859-66.) What led to Rome's fall? (4-1200.) What influence has Rome

## COURSE OF STUDY

ing of Christ. A.D. placed next to a date means Anno Dominiin the year of our Lord. (41316.)

Go back to your fourth grade history and review Clovis, Chariemagne, Alfred the Great.
Several years after the fall of the Roman Empire we find the nations of Modern Europe growing up in its place.
(c) Beginnings of Modern Europe.

The Making of the French.
(10-3429-34.)
The Making of the English. (4-1315-24, 1429-39; 5-1565-72.)
Life in the Middle Ages.
Special topics
How the common people lived. (5-1720.) The Feudal System. (4-1439.) Life in the castles: the nobility. (English castles, 18-6489.) The Church in the Middle Ages: One church to which everyone belonged. (8-2843-50.) Work of the monks. (13-4859; 2-582, pictures in color, 477-80.) The Crusades. (7-2583-89.) Their influence. (10-3432.) Learn the meanings of these words: Chivalry (stories about King Arthur and his knights illustrating chivalry, 19-6941-45; 16-5823-24; 17-632023; 7-2460-61) ; joust; tournament; knight; serf; feudal; guild; minstrel (17-6267; 1-5657). Richard the Lion-Hearted. (5-1570; 7-2587-88.) Describe a tournament. Describe the dress and equipment of a knight at this time. (Stories of King Arthur with accompanying pictures give information on this topic. See Chivalry above.) King John and the Barons: Magna Carta (Great Charter). (5-1571, picture, 1564.)
2. THE EUROPE THAT FOUND AMERICA.
The East and West. Special topics
(Review 4th and 5th grades for information.)
Nations in power at this time.

## QUESTIONS

had upon our country? (Law, 13-4812; citizenship, road building, engineering, 15-5346-48.) What is meant by the letters B.C.? A.D.? (4-1316.) Where did Christianity originate? (4-1199.) How did it spread? (2-575-78; 8-2843-45.) What emperor granted freedom to the Christians? (2-578.) What tribes arose after the fall of the Roman Empire? (4-1200, picture, 1195; 11-3960.) Who were the Goths? The Vandals? Who were the Franks? (10-3429-30.) Where was the Frankish Empire? (10-3430; 11-3960.) Who were the Angles and Saxons? (4-1429.) Tell the story of the introduction of Christianity into Great Britain. (4-1430.) What troubles had Great Britain with the Danes? (4-1432-34.) From what country and direction did they come? What great English ruler made a treaty with the Danes? What other services did he do for his country? (4-1434.) Who were the Normans? How did they conquer England? (4-1436-39; 5-1565-66.) What effect had the Norman Conquest on the English nation? What years are covered by the period which we call the Middle Ages? Describe the life of the nobility during this time. Discuss their dress. (1-186; also pictures in connection with the King Arthur stories), castles (186489), ways of eating, furniture, the wars they carried on and their sports (Sport of Falconry, 10-3754). How did they travel? What do people mean when they say that the workingman can now have luxuries that a noble of the Middle Ages could never have enjoyed? Describe the life of the poor people during this time. (5-1720.) What were serfs? How was trade carried on at this time? (Example: Hanseatic League, 113963.) What was the feudal system? What did the lord of the castle do for those dependent upon him? What valuable work was done by the monks in the Middle Ages? (13-4859; 2-582, pictures in color, 477-80.) What were the Crusades? (7-2583-89.) What results had the Crusades? (10-3432.) What was the Magna Carta? (5-1571, picture, 1564.) Tell the story of its granting.

What great nations had risen in Europe at the time of the discovery of America? With what countries was trade carried on? What were the chief trade routes from East to West? Who was Prince Henry the Navigator? (14-5184.) Why do we remember him? What effect had the invention of gun-

## COURSE OF STUDY

Trade and trade routes. Need of new routes. New inventions. Printing. (15-5460; 9-338188.) Revival of Learning. (134798, 4800; 3-823-24, 1117-18.) Review the explorers and discoverers that you studied in the Fifth Grade. Review the settlements by different countries.
3. THE LATER COLONIAL PERIOD. (a) Conditions in England.

Charles the First and trouble with Parliament. (6-1974-78; 11-3845-47.)
Oliver Cromwell and Revolution. (6-1976-78; 11-3846-48.)
Colonization is checked for a time.
Charles the Second and Restoration. (6-1979-81.)
(b) Settlement of the Carolinas. (2-553-54.)
(c) Settlement of Georgia by James Oglethorpe. (2-554.)
(d) The first American schools and colleges. (3-966-70.)
Harvard. (2-550; 12-4308.)
William and Mary. (12-4308.)
Summary of the resources of North America as available to the colonists.
Northeastern colonies. (10-3401.)
Southern colonies. (13-4517-20; 2-545-46.)
Steps toward self-government Types of government in the colonies. (2-543, 550.) Effect of soil and climate on occupations. (10-3401; 13-4517-20.) Effect in turn of occupations on unit of political government. (Ex. In New England, the town. In the South where a more rural population was found, the county became the unit of government.)

## QUESTIONS

powder on the rule of the castles? To what do you think the invention of printing led? What is meant by the Revival of Learning? (13-4800; 3-823-24, 1117-18.) What colonies had been established in America by 1630? Tell where each one was located, by what country owned, and for what reason settled. (2-543-55.)

What grievances had people in England against Charles the First? (6-1974-78.) What rights did they demand? Who was Oliver Cromwell? (6-1976-78.) What effect had these troubles on colonization? When was colonization resumed? (6-197981.) Describe the settlement of the Carolinas. (2-553-54.) Of Georgia. (2-554.) Where were schools first begun in America? (3-966-70.) How early? Where and when were the first colleges founded? (12-4308.) What were the chief opportunities that North America presented to the colonists? (10-3401; 13-4517-20.) What is the difference between a colony with a charter and a proprietary colony? $(2-543,550$.) Give examples of each. What government by the people existed in the colonies? $(2-554$.) What types of self-government did the thirteen colonies develop? What was the Mayflower Compact? (Picture, 7-2525.) When and where was the first colonial assembly in America? (2-546.) What effect had soil and climate on the unit of government developed?

## CIVICS, 6 тн GRADE

COURSE OF STUDY
Services done for us by our local and state community.

1. Schools. (17-6218; 15-5621-22; 197122.)

How financed and maintained?
Taxes. (13-4556.)
What does our state do for us in this connection?
What funds does the state supply?

## QUESTIONS

What are taxes? (13-4554.) Why should we pay them promptly and cheerfully? (13-4553-56.) What services do we receive in return for the payment of taxes? Why could each man nat do these services for himself? How is money raised for schools? (13-4556.) What is the part of the township? Of the school district? Of the state? Name some of the advantages brought into

## COURSE OF STUDY

2. Libraries. (17-6218; 15-5624, 5627 28.)

How maintained?
Funds.
3. Roads. (14-4895.)

How built?
How kept in condition?
4. Protection.

Local.
State.

## QUESTIONS

a community by a library. What are the advantages of good roads? How are these built? How maintained? (14-4895.) What is a constable? What are his duties? What are state police? How is a city community protected? A rural community? (Fire, 9 -3157-69.)

# TESTS (HISTORY, 6тн GRADE) 

## COMPLETION

Fill in the blank spaces with the correct answers.

1. We owe the alphabet to the
2. Our heritage from Greece is and
3. Great law-givers were the
4. We owe the Ten Commandments to the
5. The $\qquad$ were the greatest traders and sailors of antiquity.
6. ............ gave liberty to the Christians and made Christianity the state religion.
7. Learning was kept alive during the Middle Ages by $\qquad$
8. A.D. means $\qquad$
9. . ......... . made a treaty with the Danes.
10. The Crusades were $\qquad$

## FALSE-TRUE

If you agree with the statement place a plus $(+)$ next to it. If you disagree place a minus (-).

1. Newspapers were common during the Middle Ages.
2. The lord of the castle protected the serfs in return for their services.
3. The Venetians were great traders.
4. Richard the Lion-Hearted granted the Magna Charta.
5. Henry the Navigator was king of England.
6. The settlers in the thirteen original colonies developed resource and self-reliance is. the New World.
7. Emigration to North America was checked during the reign of Queen Elizabeth.
8. Soil and climate have strong influence on the political life of the people.
9. The first school in America was established in Massachusetts in 1624.
10. North Carolina was settled by James Oglethorpe.

# HISTORY, 7th GRADE 

Averade Ade, 12 to $131 / 2$
(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. THE STRUGGLE FOR CONTROL OF NORTH AMERICA. (3-77784.)

Look at the map you made showing the colonies owned by different European nations.
(a) Which two nations control the greatest part of North America?
(Wars in Europe at this time.)
(b) Parts of North America controlled by the English. (2-543-55, 682; 3-777.)

1. Reasons for settlement in this section.
2. The Appalachian Barrier. Its effect: (Made English colonies stronger. Could not spread over too great area.)
(c) Sections settled by the French. Rea-
sons. (3-777-78.)
Followed natural gateways and wa-ter-routes.
(d) The Great Valley.
3. How reached.
4. Passes through the mountains.
(e) Types of colonies founded by the French and English. (3-777.)
(f) War and the colonies.
5. Indian warfare.
6. French losses-Acadia, Louisburg, Newfoundland. (3-779.)
7. How these wars unified the colonists and made them self-reliant.
(g) Wars in Europe and their effect on the American situation. (3-778.)
(h) The French and Indian War.
(3-782.)
8. Rival claims in the Ohio Valley. (3-780.)
9. The Virginians and the French clash.
10. Braddock's defeat. (3-780-82.)
11. Washington's defense of the frontier.
12. Fort Duquesne (Pittsburgh). (3-780.)
13. Canada. Capture of Louisburg. (3-779.) Capture of Quebec (Wolfe and

## QUESTIONS

What events caused Spain's power in North America to diminish? (5-1820; 14-5046.) Why was she not concerned in the final struggle with France and England for control? (2-543.) Which parts of North America were held by the English? (2-$543-55,682 ; 3-777$.) What is meant by the Appalachian Barrier? (13-4518-20.) What effect had it on the development of the Eng. lish colonies? What routes did the French follow in their explorations? (1-252; 2-677. 80.) What differences do you find between the French and English colonies, in government, in occupations? (2-682; 3-777.) Which do you think were more self-reliant? In what colonial wars did the colonists engage? (3-777-84.) What part was played by the Indians in these wars? What effect had this warfare on the colonists? (4-1159.) (Unifying-gave them self-confidence and self-reliance.)

Between what nations in Europe was war being carried on at this time? (3-778.) What effect had this on the situation in America? What were the causes of the French and Indian War? (3-779-80.) Why is this war so named? Tell the story of the dispute over the Ohio Valley. (3-780.) What was the cause of Braddock's defeat? (3-780-82.) Where was Fort Duquesne? (3-780.) What city now stands there? Tell the story of the fighting in Canada, of Wolfe and Montcalm at the fall of Quebec. (3-$782-84$, picture, 776.) Why do they call this the battle that decided the future of a continent? What were the results of the French and Indian War? (3-784.) Which

## COURSE OF STUDY

Montcalm). (3-780-82; picture, 3-776.)
7. Results. (3-784.)
(a) France loses control in America.
(b) England's colonial empire extended.
(c) Colonies more closely united.
2. LIFE IN THE COLONIES.
(3-965-76.)
Life and Homes.
(a) In cities.
(b) In the country.

1. In the North.
2. In the South (slavery).
(c) Means of heating and lighting.
(5-1698-1700.)
(d) Means of travel.
(e) Means of communication.
(f) Manufactures in the colonies. (4-1158.)
(g) Chief occupations.
3. SEPARATION FROM ENGLAND. (6-2100-01; 4-1157-59.)
The change in English policy. (The colonists had been "let alone" for many years. This policy had left them free to develop independent ways of thinking and had made them more self-reliant.) The main background of the colonies was English.
Some rights of Englishmen.
(a) The right to manage their own local affairs (town moots).
(b) A representative form of government. (Simon de Montfort's Parliament, 5-1572.)
(c) Taxes not to be levied unless voted for by representatives in Parliament. (Bill of Rights, 6-1981; 4-1160.)
(d) Freedom of speech and elections. (Bill of Rights, 6-1981.)
(e) No quartering of troops in times of peace.
The colonists brought with them these ideas.
4. OTHER THINGS WHICH MADE THE COLONISTS EVEN MORE INDEPENDENT IN THOUGHT AND NATURE.
(a) The more independent and self-reliant would tend to emigrate in the search for greater liberty.
(b) The long-continued "let alone" pol-

## QUESTIONS

one of these results do you think had the most far-reaching effect?

Describe a home on the frontier in 1765. Where might the frontier have been located at this time? Describe the life on a plantation in the South. What means of lighting and heating were used? (5-1698.) Describe a colonial kitchen in New England. How was mail carried? What were the chief means of travel? (5-1698-1700.)

What change took place in England's treatment of her colonies after the French and Indian War? (4-1159.) What was the "let alone" policy? (4-1158-59.) What effiect had it upon the colonists? What were some of the rights the colonists believed belonged to them as subjects of England? (62100; 4-1159-60.)

What factors had worked to develop a strong feeling of independence and self-reliance among the colonists? What effect had the colonial wars had upon the colonists? (41159.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

icy. (Colonists had been obliged to make decisions and manage affairs for themselves.)
(c) The difficulties which the colonists had met and overcome in the New World.
5. CAUSES FOR THE CHANGE IN ENGLISH POLICY.
(a) Desire to increase revenues from the colonies. (4-1158-59.)
(b) Debts from the French and Indian War which must be paid. (4-1159.)
(c) Character of George III. (4-1162; 6-2100.)
6. SOME FEATURES OF THE NEW POLICY AND THEIR RESULTS.
(a) Navigation Acts. Attempts to enforce them.
(b) Stamp Act. (4-1159.) Stamp Act Congress.
Resistance in the colonies. (4-1160.) Samuel Adams-Massachusetts.
James Otis-Massachusetts.
John Dickinson-Pennsylvania. (12-4450.)
Patrick Henry-Virginia.
Standing armies. Resistance.
Boston Massacre. (4-1162; picture, 4-1160.)
(c) The Townshend Acts. Repeal.
(4-1162.)
The duty on tea retained to show authority of the mother country to tax the colonists.
Boston Tea Party. (4-1162.)
Boston punished.
Opposition in England to this policy. William Pitt.
Committees of Correspondence. Minute Men.
7. FIRST CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, 1774. (4-1162.)
(Had no power to make laws, Jut made recommendations.)
(a) Issued declaration setting forth grievances and the rights of the colonists.
(b) Formed a boycott or general non-importation association against British goods.

## QUESTIONS

(NOTE. Read 4-1157-74 for information necessary to answer questions on the Revolution.)
What were the causes of the change in England's policy toward the American colonies? (4-1158-59.) Why had England not encouraged manufactures in the colonies? Describe the forms of government in (a) Virginia (2-546), (b) Massachusetts (2-554), (c) Pennsylvania (2-552-53). To what extent did the colonists have representative government? What does "representative government" mean? Who levied taxes in the colonies? (4-1159.)

What were the Navigation Acts? When were they passed? When enforced? What was England's object in passing them? Show how these acts would affect the colonies. What was the Stamp Act? (4-1159.) How did the colonists respond to these laws? Name two prominent New England patriots who were active in resistance to England's attempts at oppression. (4-1163.) Name other leaders of opinion (a) in Virginia (41166), (b) in Pennsylvania (12-4447-50). What was the American reaction to the quartering of troops upon them? (4-1159.) What right of English subjects did this violate? What were the Townshend Acts? (4-1160-62.) Why was the duty on tea retained when the rest of the acts were repealed? (4-1162.) Who was William Pitt? What was his attitude on England's treatment of her colonies? What was the Boston Tea Party? (4-1162.) How was Boston punished for this act? What were committees of correspondence? Minute Men?

## COURSE OF STUDY

8. BEGINNINGS OF THE REVOLUTION.
Lexington and Concord. (4-1163-64.) Remember that up to this time few if any Americans had even thought of separating from England. They were merely endeavoring to secure what they felt were their rights. The tide of opinion begins to change.
(a) Washington, commander-in-chief. (4-1164.)
(b) Bunker Hill.
(c) Ethan Allen at Crown Point and Ticonderoga.
(d) An attempt to the North. Arnold and Montgomery at Quebec.
(e) Boston evacuated by the British.
(f) Sentiment in America. Declaration of Independence. (4-1166; 20-755357.)
(g) Second Continental Congress in session. (4-1164.)
9. THE GENERALSHIP OF GEORGE WASHINGTON. (4-1164-73.)
(a) Difficulties. (3-1040.)
10. Lack of money.
11. Conspiracies. (4-1170.)
(b) Times of Discouragement. (4-1168.)
(c) Capture of New York by British. (4-1166.)
(d) Washington's retreat. (4-1166, 1168.)
(e) Trenton and Princeton. (4-1168.)
(f) Capture of Philadelphia by British. (4-1168, 1170.)
(g) Valley Forge. (4-1170.)
(h) Tories. (4-1166.)
(i) Services of Robert Morris.
(j) Volunteers from Europe.

Lafayette (4-1168), Steuben (41161), Kosciuszko (4-1161).
(k) British plan to divide the colonies fails at Battle of Saratoga. (4-1166, 1168.)

Turning point of war
(1) French aid. $(4-1168,1170$.)
(m) The American navy. (4-1170; 17-6325-28.) John Paul Jones. Commodore John Barry.
(n) Benedict Arnold. (4-1172; 11-3996.)
(o) Fighting in the South. Marion. (4-1170-71.)
(p) Cornwallis surrenders at Yorktown. (4-1172.)

## QUESTIONS

What was the "shot heard round the world"? (4-1174; 11-4032.) Tell the story of Lexington and Concord. (4-1163-64.) These were in reality very insignificant battles; why were they so important? What change began to take place in American opinion and feeling? (4-1164.) Recite the steps that show the colonists' preparations for war. What result had the Battle of Bunker Hill? Ticonderoga and Crown Point? Tell the story of the American invasion of Canada. (4-1164.) Who wrote the Declaration of Independence? (4-1166.) What great principle is laid down in this document?

What difficulties had Washington to surmount? ( $3-1040$.) Who were the Tories? (4-1166.) Tell the story of the capture of New York. (4-1166.) If possible, name some local points, where fighting was carried on, that have commemorative tablets or monuments and describe the events connected with them. Who was Nathan Hale? (11-3995-96.) Describe Washington's retreat across New Jersey. (4-1168.) Why is this called the "time of discouragement"? What man rendered our country great financial services at this time? What foreigners gave valuable services to our army? What was the British plan to divide the colonies? At what battle was it defeated? (4-1168.) Why is this called the turning point of the Revolution? What country now came to the aid of America? (4-1170.) What conditions in Europe acted to help the Americans? (4-1170.) Describe the fighting done by the Americans at sea. (17-6325-28.) Who was John Paul Jones? Commodore John Barry? What blow did a once brave American inflict upon his country? (113996.) What commander was called the "Swamp Fox"? (4-1170.) Why? Tell how Cornwallis was trapped and forced to surrender at Yorktown. (4-1172.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

10. TREATY OF PEACE. (5-1695-96.)
(a) John Adams.
(b) John Jay.
(c) Benjamin Franklin. (10-3487-88; 12-4447-50.)

## 11. THE NEW NATION.

Fear of a new strong central government that might prove as tyrannical as the one just thrown off.
Some plan of union and government must be worked out.
(a) The Articles of Confederation. (5-1696-97.)
Weaknesses of these Articles.

1. No president with any power to enforce law.
2. Congress had no power. It could call upon the states to act but it could not compel obedience. (Ex. Could not raise men for the army, or money to pay debts. Could not regulate commerce or levy taxes.)
3. Each state was a law unto itself.
4. Congress consisted of only one house where each state large or small had equal vote.
(b) Demands for a new and stronger plan of government.
(c) Washington offered a crown.
(5-1697.)
(d) Ordinance of 1787. Slavery was forbidden in all territory northwest of the Ohio River.
The breakdown of the Confederation and formation of the Constitution. (5-1597-98.)
Other difficulties caused by the weak government.
5. Foreign countries put tariff on American goods and America could not retaliate.
6. Commerce between the states was in great confusion. (5-1697.)
7. Foreign countries had no respect for America.
8. MAKING THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION.
(a) Conferences to discuss trade and navigation.
(b) The Constitutional Convention. Representatives.
(c) Disputes, (1) between the large (51697) and small states, (2) between the commercial North and the agricultural South, (3) between those who

## QUESTIONS

What prominent American negotiated the peace treaty? (5-1694-95.)

Why were the Americans afraid of a new strong central government? Give reasons why they could not continue as they were, each colony governing itself. What plan of government was adopted? (5-1696-97.) Show wherein and why this new plan was a poor one. Name the weaknesses that made it so and explain in what way they were bad for the new nation. Cover these heads: (a) president, (b) powers of Congress, (c) taxes, (d) army, (e) commerce. What were some of the qualifications of vaters? What classes could not vote? What action of Washington's shows what a great and far-seeing man he was? What one important piece of work was done by the government under the Articles of Confederation? What were its chief provisions? Make an outline map showing the location and extent of (a) the thirteen colonies (b) the Northwest Territory. Show the most important cities and the chief occupations. That were some other difficulties of the new nation? What was Shay's rebellion? (51697.) What did it illustrate?

What was the first step toward making a new Constitution? What was the next move? How did the colonies respond to the call to the Constitutional Convention? (5-169798.) Name some of the most prominent delegates. What were some of the chief causes of dispute in the Constitutional Convention? What type of interests had the South? The North? What were the principal weaknesses of the Articles of Confed-

## COURSE OF STUDY

wished to give great power to the masses and those who did not believe this to be right. Many leaders did not trust the common people but believed them to be dangerous.

## QUESTIONS

eration? How did the Constitution correct these? (Name each weakness in the Articles and tell how the Constitution improved upon it.) (See Vol. 20 for text of Constitution.) What compromises were made in order to secure agreement to and adoption of the Constitution? Why is the time between 1783 and 1789 called the "Critical Period"? What period of years did the Revolution cover? Over what years did the period of colonial wars extend?

## Differences between the Articles of Confederation and the Constitution

Articles of Confederation

1. There was no power to enforce laws.
2. Congress could only ask states to contribute their share toward expenses.
3. Congress could not raise armies.
4. Congress was composed of only one house.
5. No judicial department.

Adoption of the Constitution. (5-1698.) Washington the first president. (5-1698.)

## CIVICS, 7тн GRADE

## COURSE OF STUDY

Meaning of "No taxation without representation." (4-1159-60.) Meaning of the word "democracy" as employed in the phrase "The United States a democracy." (51788.) Equal opportunity politically, socially or educationally? Representation in our state government and in our federal government. (5-1788-89.) The system of two houses. (5-1788-89.) Why installed? (5-1697.) The importance of education in a democracy. Qualifications of a voter. (62093.) The duties of a voter. (6-2093.) Balance of representation in federal and state government. How one may be a citizen and not a voter. (Those under 21.) Their privileges and duties. (19-7185-86.) Services rendered by the state government in education and health protection. Services rendered by the federal government under the same heads.

## QUESTIONS

What is meant by the saying "No taxation without representation"? (4-1159.) What is meant by a democracy? (5-1788.) What is meant by political equality? When our country first began had everyone political equality? What difference between the qualifications for a voter in Washington's time and now? (See Vol. 20 for text of Constitution.) Why do we consider it important that the citizens of a democracy should be intelligent? What bearing would this have on education? What are the duties of a voter? (6-2093.) How is the balance of representation kept in Congress between the states having a small population and those having a large one? (5-1788-89.) Pupils are not voters, but they are citizens. What is the difference? What are the rights of a citizen? (19-7185-86.) What does your federal government do for you (a) in education, (b) in protection of health? What does your state government do for you in these things? What duties do you owe in return?

## TESTS (HISTORY, 7th GRADE)

## JUDGMENT

Next to each statement place the letter of the answer which you think best completes it.

1. The French settled where they did in North America because (a) they liked the colder climates, (b) they followed the natural waterways and gateways, (c) they wanted to keep away from the English.
2. The English colonies had the advantage over the French in strength of growth because (a) they were near the ocean, (b) they had many short, powerful rivers, (c) the Appalachian barrier kept them from spreading out thinly over an extensive area.
3. The Battle of Quebec was important because (a) of the death of Wolfe and Montcalm, (b) it taught the Indians a lesson, (c) it decided what nation was to rule in North America.
4. The colonists rebelled against England because (a) of her long, cruel treatment of them, (b) they did not like the idea of being governed by another country, (c) they would not tolerate the idea of taxation without representation.
5. The Battle of Bunker Hill was important because (a) it was a great British defeat, (b) it taught the Americans that they could successfully resist the British, (c) it caused the British to lose a great number of men.

## FALSE-TRUE

Put a plus ( + ) before every statement which you believe is correct; a minus (-) before every one you consider incorrect.

1. From the very beginning the colonists were determined to become independent.
2. England had not interfered with the colonies until about 1760 .
3. England encouraged all kinds of manufactures in the colonies.
4. The Battle of Saratoga was the turning point in the American Revolution.
5. The end of the Revolution found the colonies closely united and in sympathy with each other.
6. France came to America's aid at the beginning of the Revolutionary War.
7. Washington was indignant at a letter offering him a crown.
8. The Ordinance of 1787 was the first piece of legislation completed under the new Constitution.
9. At the time of the adoption of the Constitution only about one-fourth of the white men in the country took part in the elections.
10. Washington took the oath of office as president in the spring of 1789 in New York City.

# HISTORY, 8Th GRADE 

## Averace Aze, 13 to $141 / 2$

(NOTE. Some questions are given here for which you will be able to find no direct answers in the text. These are "thought questions." Go over all the facts that you have learned that bear on the question, then try to think out your answer.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

1 PROBLEMS THAT AROSE WITH THE NEW PLAN OF GOVERNMENT.
(a) The choosing of a cabinet. (5-1699, 1790.)
(b) How the problem of the payment of debts was solved by Hamilton's Measures. (5-1700; 10-3488-89.) 1. What the measures were. Moving the capital to Washington. (5-1533-44.) United States Bank. Protective tariff. (5-1700.)
2. How the question of states' rights arose through opposition to some of the measures. (Whisky Rebellion, 5-1700; 11-3937.)
(c) How two great political parties arose out of the question, "Shall the federal or state government be supreme?" (5-1702.)

1. Hamilton, leader of Federalists.
2. Jefferson, leader of Anti-Federalists.
3. HOW AMERICA BECAME INVOLVED IN FOREIGN AFFAIRS.
(a) The United States has trouble with England. (5-1700-02; 17-6328-29.)
4. How England seized and sacked American vessels.
5. Why Jay's treaty only postponed settlement of the question.
(b) How the United States became involved in trouble with France. (5. 1702; 17-6328.)
6. How Washington's decision on neutrality was accepted. (51702.)
(Note the influence it has had in recent American affairs with Europe.)
7. How different opinions led to the Alien and Sedition Laws. (51702.)

## Special topic

The French Revolution. 2127-34.)
(c) Blockade by Western Europe. (5-1703.)
American protests.

## QUESTIONS

After the adoption of the Constitution and the choice of Washington as president what other problems confronted the country? (5-1698-1700.) What part did Hamilton play in setting the new nation on a sound financial basis? ( $5-1700 ; 10-3488-89$.) What were the measures advocated by him? Who opposed these measures and why? What was the Whisky Rebellion? (5-1700; 11-3937.) What two great parties arose? (5-1702.) Who were their leaders? What were the principles of both parties?

What troubles drew America into foreign affairs? (5-1700-02; 17-6328-29.) What chief grievances existed between this country and England? (5-1702-03.) What effect had Jay's treaty upon the situation? How was the treaty received? What difficulty arose between the United States and France? What far-reaching effect had Washington's decision on our national policy? Tell something of the troubles which now shook France. (6-2127-34.) Why were many people in this country inclined to aid France? What were the Alien and Sedition Laws? (5-1702.) What unfriendly action toward this country was taken by both France and England? What effect had these events on the commerce of the young country? What were the causes of the War of 1812? (51704.) What were the chief events of the war (a) on land (5-1704-07), (b) on the water? (17-6329-32.) What discouraging reverses on land had the Americans? With. what do you associate these names: John Quincy Adams (10-3489-90), Perry (51704; 17-6330-31), Jefferson (3-1042-43):

## COURSE OF STUDY

(d) War of 1812. (5-1704-07.)

1. Causes.
2. Chief events.
(a) On land.
(b) On sea. (17-6329-32.)
3. Results: Chiefly economic; increase in manufacturing. (51706.)

Make a map showing the extent of the United States at this time with the land involved in the claims of the states.
Draw a map showing the location of the chief events of the War of 1812 on land and sea.
(e) The Spanish-American Republics. (19-6974-83, 7033-50, 7131-42.)

1. Independence of South American republics.
2. The Holy Alliance.
3. The Monroe Doctrine. (6-1914; 11-3938-39.)
4. DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.
(a) Protective Tariff. (13-4555.)

What it means.
Why the North desired it and the South did not.
Effect of the War of 1812. (5-1706.)
Industries in the North-in the South.
Tariff of Abominations. (11-3939.)
Opposition of the South.
(b) Jacksonian Democracy. (11-3939;

6-1916.)
Andrew Jackson, the people's president.
The Spoils System: Its results.
Doctrine of Nullification.
Jackson's firmiess.
Jackson and the United States Bank Panic of 1837.
Growth of political democracy.
More people gain right to vote.
Development of popular education
Horace Mann. (14-5254.)
DeWitt Clinton. (13-4882-86; picture, 5-1694.)
Mary Lyon. (14-5270.)
Increase of secondary schools and colleges.
Growth of newspapers and magazines.
4. HOW THE YOUNG NATION GREW LARGER.
(a) The Louisiana Territory. (5-1702-03; 11-3938.)

## QUESTIONS

Gallatin (10-3489), Madison (11-3938), Jackson (3-1043-45; 5-1705, 1706-07). Why was the War of 1812 unpopular in New England? (5-1705-06.) What chain of events led to the Monroe Doctrine? (61914.) What was the sentiment expressed in this message? (11-3938-39.) What farreaching effects has it had?

What does "protective tariff" mean? (134555.) Why and when was it first felt to be necessary? Why did the North favor it and the South oppose it? (11-3939.) What was the Tariff of Abominations? Why was Andrew Jackson called "the people's president"? (6-1916.) What is meant by nullification? (11-3939.) How did Tackson handle the situation that arose? What was the Spoils System? What effect had it upon office-holders and politics? Why did Jackson so firmly oppose the United States Bank? In what panic did the destruction of the bank result? What things show an increase in democracy during the period you have just covered? Who were some of the leaders in the movement for education?
(NOTE: The Spoils System is a practice introduced by Andrew Jackson whereby all government office-holders who hold their positions by virtue of appointment are removed when there is a change of the party in power and their places are filled by members of the new party in control. Of late this system has been somewhat done away with by the Civil Service, by which most government positions are filled by competitive examination without regard to party allegiance.)

What had Napoleon to do with the increase in territory of the United States? (5-170203.) Draw a map showing the extent of the land involved in the Louisiana Purchase.

## COURSE OF STUDY

Napoleon.
The United States buys the territory. Lewis and Clark explore it and reach the Pacific. $(5-1703 ; 18-6426$.
(b) The Florida Purchase. (6-1910.) Andrew Jackson's part in it.
(c) The older states surrender their claims to the western lănds. (61908.)
(d) The Mexican Cession. (6-1916.) General Samuel Houston. Texas.
(e) The pioneers. (6-1905-10.) Gateways and barriers to the West. The Cumberland or National Road.
The Erie Canal. (6-1914; 13-4881-88.)
New states added to the Union.
Kit Carson. (18-6425.)
Daniel Boone. (6-1906, 2189-95.)
James Robertson. (6-1906, 1907, 2196-97.)
(f) The Oregon Dispute. (6-1918.) "Fifty-four Forty or Fight."
(g) California and the Discovery of Gold. (6-1921-22.)
Its effect on the West. The Santa Fé Route.
(h) The Mormons and Salt Lake. (6-1920-22.)
5. THE MEXICAN WAR. (6-1918-20.)
(a) Causes.
(b) Chief events.
(c) Results.

On a map of the United States and Mexico show the locality affected by this war.
6. THE GREAT CONFLICT.
(a) Introduction of slavery into the United States. (2-546.)
(b) Development of slavery in the North. 6-1912.)

Died out because not economically valuable.
Develonment in the South.
Flourished in cotton-raising districts.
(c) Influence of invention of cotton-gin. (6-1912.)
(d) Slavery situation in 1820.
(Equal number of slave and free states.)
Desire of both to gain lead.
(e) Legislation concerning slavery. Ordinance of 1787.

## QUESTIONS

Indicate the states that were later made from this territory. Trace the journey of Lewis and Clark. (5-1703; 18-6426.) Tell their story. How was Florida added to the United States? (6-1910.) What adjustment was made of the "western claims" of the states? (6-1908.) What and how much territory was involved in the Mexican Cession? (6-1916.) Describe the means by which pioneers traveled toward the West. (6-1905-10.) What were some of the routes they followed? What was meant by "Fiftyfour Forty or Fight"? (6-1918.) What was the outcome? What discovery in Califurnia hastened the movement toward the West? (6-1921-22.) What people settler Salt Lake City? (6-1920-22.) How did they make a desert land fertile? What do the names Daniel Boone (6-1906, 2189-95). Kit Carson (18-6425) mean to you?

What were the causes of the Mexican War? (6-1918-20.) What were the most important battles? Tell the story of Scott's campaign. What were the results of this war?

When was slavery introduced into America? (2-546.) How? Why did slavery become so powerful in the South and not in the North? (6-1912.) What influence had the invention of the cotton-gin upon slavery? (6-1912.) What situation existed in 1820 in regard to slavery? What important pieces of legislation were passed in the effcrt to solve the slavery problem? (61914.) Who were Henry Clav ( $10-3490$ 3492), John C. Calhoun (10-3492), Daniel Webster (10-3492, 3494)? For what issues did they stand? What was "squatter sovereignty"? (7-2429.) What questior was raised at each addition of territory? (7-2428.) What part did William Lloyr Garrison play in the anti-slavery agitation? (7-2429; 11-3939.) What was an aboli-

## COURSE OF STUDY

Missouri Compromise, 1820. (6-1914.)
Henry Clay. (10-3490, 3492.) John C. Calhoun. (10-3492.) Daniel Webster. (10-3492, 3494.)
(f) Each addition of territory meant renewed controversy over whether it should come in as a free or slave state. (7-2427-28.)
Growing feeling.
Fugitive Slave Law. (7-2428.)
William Lloyd Garrisoli.
(7-2429; 11-3939.)
Kansas Nebraska Act. (7-2429.)
John Brown's Raid. (7-2430.)
Influence of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." (7-2429.)
(g) Election of Lincoln. (3-1047; 7-2430-32.)
Secession of Southern states.
Influence of States' Rights.
Fort Sumter fired upon.
(h) The Civil War. (7-2432-44.)

1. Advantages possessed by the

North.
Nearly all manufacturing establishments were located in the North.
Greater wealth.
Greater male population.
2. Advantages possessed by the

South.
Better prepared for immediate conflict.
Had many capable and experienced generals.
3. Northern objectives.

Splitting the Confederacy by a drive down the Mississippi.
Cutting off the supplies of the Confederacy by a blockade of the southern ports.
Capture of the capital of the Confederacy, Richmond.
Saving the border states for the Union by early occupation by federal troops.
4. North on the offensive.

South on the defensive.
5. The Crisis. The great peril-disunion.
6. First Years of the War.
(a) The northern blockade of southern ports.
The Alabama incident. Blockade runners.

## QUESTIONS

tionist? (7-2428.) What had Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe to do with slavery and the Civil War? (7-2429.) What was the Kan-sas-Nebraska Act? (7-2429.) What effect had John Brown's raid upon public feeling? (7-2430.) What were the Lincoln-Douglas debates? (3-1046-47.) What was the doctrine of States Rights? What events precipitated war? (7-2430-32.) What advantages were possessed by the North? By the South? (7-2432.) What were the chief objectives of the North? Draw a map showing conditions at the beginning of the Civil War. Indicate free and slave states. Show the principal southern seaports, the southern and northern capitals, and the Mississippi River.
(NOTE. Read 7-2432-44 for information necessary to answer all the following questions on the Civil War and Reconstruction. Life of Abraham Lincoln 3-1045-50; 11 3942.)

What was the greatest danger that threatened the Union? What success had the northern plan to blockade all southern ports? What made it difficult to carry out this aim? What were the effects of the blockade on the Confederacy? What was the Alabama incident? Tell the story of the encounter of the Monitor and the Merrimac. What results had this battle? What was the result of the attempt to capture Rickmond? What did Grant accomplish on the Mississippi? Describe Farragut's success at New Orleans. What was the Emancipation Proclamation? What were its effects? What was the decisive battle of the war? Tell the story of Vicksburg's capture. What events led to the defeat of the Confederacy? What was Sherman's march to the sea? Who defended Richmond gallantly? With what general do we associate Shenandoah? Why? Where did the final surrender of the Confederacy take place? What terrible blow fell upon the country? What unfortunate results had this event? Describe the condition of the South at the close of the war. What were some of the chief problems of the Reconstruction Pe riod? What unhappy situation arcse in Congress? Who were carl et-baggers? How were these troubles finally ended?

## COURSE OF STUDY

Effects of the blockade on the Confederacy.
Monitor and Merrimac.
(b) Northern plan of war on land.

To capture Richmond.
McClellan's Peninsular Campaign fails.
To divide the Confederacy at the Mississippi.
Grant takes Forts Henry and Donelson.
Farragut captures New Orleans.
Emancipation Proclamation. Its effect at home and abroad.
7. The Turning Point.

Failure of Union Army plans.
Pope.
Lee at Antietam.
Gettysburg. Decisive battle. Capture of Vicksburg. Chattanooga.
8. Defeat of the Confederacy.

Sherman's march.
Grant in command of all armies. Richmond defended by Lee.
Sheridan in the Shenandoah.
Surrender of Lee at Appomattox.
Disbanding of the armies.
Lincoln assassinated.
Cost of the war.
9. Reconstruction problems.

The Constitutional amendments.
The quarrel between the President and Congress.
Carpet-bag government.
Political rights restored to southern leaders.
Troops removed. (President Hayes.) (11-3943.)
7. RAPID GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE NEW UNION. Grant to Coolidge. (11-3943-50; 8-2669-74.)
Effect of inventions on transportation and industry.
(a) Transportation.

1. Railroads. (5-1618; 2-405-420.)

First road, the Union Pacific. (18-6432.)
Rapid increase of number of railroads in the United States.
Effect on Western Immigration.
2. Steamboat and steamship.
(17-6397-6408.)

## QUESTIONS

Trace the history of the development of transportation on land from the days of primitive man up to the present. What was the first railroad built across the United States? When? (18-6432.) What effect had the rapid increase in the building of railroads upon western immigration? Trace the history of the development of transportation on water from the $\log$ and dugout canoe up to the ocean-liner. (11-3909-20, 4086-88; 17-6397-6408; 12-4415-33.) In what various ways by land and water did pioneers cross the country? What improvements have been made in agricultural implements? (19-7209-11.) Who were the following? For what are they famous?

## COURSE OF STUDY

3. Panama Canal. (1-360-67.)

Review the history of transportation in the history of the means of travel used by the pioneers.
(b) Improvement in methods of agriculture and industry.

1. Agriculture. (19-7209-11.)

Plow. From the crude, primitive crotched stick to the gang plow.
Harvester. McCormick Reaper. Combined reaper and thresher.
Present farm problems. Distribution.
2. Industry.

Importance of the steam engine. James Watt. (5-1612.)
From the spinning-wheel to the power loom.
The sewing-machine. Elias Howe. (19-7213.)
Improved processes in the steel industry. Bessemer. (197207; 6-1939.)
(c) Improvement in methods of communication.
Telegraph. Morse. (17-6238.)
Telephone. Bell. (17-6242-44.)
Atlantic Cable. Field. (12-4293-94, 4296.)

Wireless. Marconi. (4-1254; 17.6247.)
(d) Increase in commerce and growth of cities.
8. FURTHER TERRITORIAL

GROWTH. (10-3582-96.)
(a) Purchase of Alaska. (10-3583-84; 16-5789-95.)
(b) The Philippines.
(c) Porto Rico.
(d) Hawaii.
(e) Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa.
9. THE UNITED STATES AS A WORLD POWER.
The world grows smaller. The United States brought constantly into contact with other nations because improved methods of communication lessen distances.
(a) The Venezuela Affair. (11-3944.)
(b) The Spanish-American War. (11-3944; 8-2672.)
Causes, results.

## QUESTIONS

James Watt (5-1612), Cyrus McCormick (19-7210), Elias Howe (19-7213), Eli Whitney (19-7205; 6-1912), Sir Henry Bessemer (19-7207; 6-1939), Morse (17-6238), Bell (17-6242-44), Field (12-4293-94, 4296), Marconi (4-1254; 17-6247)? Contrast the means used to send news in Washington's time with that of the present. (51698.) How was woolen cloth woven in colonial times? How is it done to-day? (15-5585-88.) What effects have these inventions had upon our national life and growth?

What territorial additions have been made to the United States during the last sixty years? By what means was each one acquired? (10-3582-96.)

Why do we say that the "world grows smaller"? What was the Venezuela affair? How was it adjusted? (11-3944.) . What were the causes of the Spanish-American War? (11-3944.) The results? (8-2672.) How was the United States brought into affairs of the East? What was the Boxer Rebellion? (2-433.) What use was made of the indemnity granted to the United States? Who was John Hay? What part did the United States play in the Russo.

## COURSE OF STUDY

(c) The United States in affairs of the East.
Boxer Rebellion. (2-433.)
Indemnity used for Chinese students in America.
The Russo-Japanese Treaty.
(8-2672; 2-566.)
(d) The World War. (8-2672-74.)

Results.
League of Nations.
World Court.
10. INTERNAL PROBLEMS.
(a) Tariff Revision. (11-3937-50.)
(b) Income Tax. (13-4555.)
(c) Postal Savings Banks.
(d) Parcel Post.
(e) Trusts. Anti-Trust Laws.
(f) Federal Reserve.
(g) Conservation Movement.

Theodore Roosevelt. (11-3949;
19-7196-98.)
(h) Immigration.

History of Immigration. (9-3218-20.)
Present problems. (12-4152.) The Quota Law. (11-3950.)
(i) Labor.

History of its organization.
Present problems. Strikes.
(j) Suffrage. Now universal.
(k) Civil Service Reforms. (19-7196.)
(1) Education. State and federal aid. (9-3220.)

## QUESTIONS

Japanese treaty? (8-2672; 2-566.) How was the United States brought into the World War? (8-2672.) What is the League of Nations? (8-2674.) What is our standing in relation to the League? What are some of the problems that now confront the League?

Make out a summary showing the story of tariff in the United States. (11-3937-50.) What is "tariff for revenue only"? (134555.) What is the Income Tax? (134555.) When was it first imposed? (113949.) Visit your nearest post office and learn details of the Postal Savings plan. Of the Parcel Post. When were these governmental services inaugurated? How did the great corporations or trusts rise to power? What legislation has been passed in the attempt to control them? What is the Federal Reserve? What is the Conservation Movement? With what president's name do we associate it? (11-3949; 19-7196-98.) What is one of our great netural resources that it aims to protect? (8-2803-10.) Trace the history of immigration from colonial days to the present. (9-3218-20; 12-4152.) What are some of the present-day immigration'problems confronting the United States? (12-4152.) What factors led to the organization of labor? (7-2294.) What are some of the present labor problems? Are strikes an economical way of settling labor disputes? What other means might be employed? Look up the last four amendments to the Constitution. (Vol. 20-7578-79.) Tell the object of each one. What Civil Service reforms have been instituted?

## CIVICS, 8тн GRADE

COURSE OF STUDY

1. SERVICES GIVEN US BY OUR GOVERNMENT.
(a) Public Regulation of Work.

Why necessary (bad factory conditions affecting both worker and product).
Reasons for special legislation (protection of health, morals, etc.).

## QUESTIONS

Why is it desirable to regulate working conditions? What evils resulted when this was not done? (7-2294.) What duty does the government owe the workers within its borders? What part does the national government take in the regulation of work? The state government? What activities fall within the duties of the Department of

## COURSE OF STUDY

Federal activity. (Departınent of Labor.)
State activity.
(b) Regulation of Commerce.

Why necessary?
How carried out?
(c) Guarding Public Health.

At ports.
In food.
(d) Protecting Public Safety and Wellbeing.
By excluding undesirable characters. By regulation of mails. (8-2658.)
By apprehending offenders against federal laws.
2. KINDS OF LAW.
(a) Constitution-Fundamental principles.
(b) Statutes-Laws in detail.
(c) Law-making bodies.

In the nation.
In the state.
(d) How laws are made.
(e) How the Constitution is amended. All this has to do with the Legislative branch of our government. In every phase of government whether national, state or local, we find three departments-Executive. Leyislative and Judicial. Trace each one in the nation, the state, and in your local community.

## QUESTIONS

Labor? (5-1792.) How does the federal government protect the health of the people of the United States? What are pure food laws? What classes of people may now enter the United States? What control is exercised over the mails? (8-2658.) Why?

How the United States is governed. (5-1787-93; Constitution, Vol. 20.) What type of law is embodied in the Constitution? What are statutes? What are the law-making bodies of the state? Of the nation? Tell the story of a bill that becomes a law. How is the Constitution amended? What name is given the law-making branch of the government? What other branches are there? Show how these are found in the national, state and local government. What is the power of veto? Who has this power? Who is the chief executive of the nation? Of the state? Of your locality? What are the different cabinet positions? What are the functions of each of these departments? What services do they render to the people of the United States? Why are courts necessary? What is the supreme law of the land? What questions come before this body? What are the various types of city government? (See Index under municipal government.)

What are taxes? (13-4553-56.) How raised? What taxes are imposed by the federal government? By the state? By your local government? How are these as-
sets collected and administered.
3. FINANCING OF THE NATIONAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT.
(a) Sources of revenue.
(b) Department of the Treasury.

For General Articles on Civics, see Vol. 20-7597-98.

## Additional References:

How a Great City Gets Its Water Supply. (14-5055-60.)
Modern Fire Fighting. (9-3157-69.)
What a Great City Does for Children. (15-5621-28.)
How Garden Cities Differ from Other Cities. (7-2612.)
The Work of Forest Rangers. (8-2803-10.)

## TESTS (HISTORY, 8тн GRADE)

## FALSE-TRUE

Place a plus $(+)$ before those statements which you consider correct.
Place a minus (-) before those which you consider untrue.

1. Thomas Jefferson's plans placed the United States upon a sound financial basis.
2. Two great political parties arose out of the discussion as to America's conduct in foreign affairs.
3. The Whisky Rebellion was caused by opposition to the placing of taxes by the government.
4. Washington was made unpopular by his stand on French neutrality and the Jay treaty.
5. During the War of 1812 the United States had many brilliant successes on land but met with great naval defeats.
6. The War of 1812 was highly unpopular in the South but met with great favor in New England.
7. A protective tariff is a tariff for revenue only.
8. In 1820 there were in the Union eleven free states and eleven slave states.
9. The invention of the cotton-gin greatly increased slavery.
10. "Squatter sovereignty" meant that the residents of a new state or territory should decide for themselves whether their state should be slave or free.

## JUDGMENT

Next to each of these statements place the letter corresponding to the answer which you think best completes it.

1. The acquisition of territory between the years $1820-60$ was important (a) because the country needed more land, (b) because the great number of immigrants needed homes, (c) because it meant that either the slavery or anti-slavery party would be strengthened.
2. The North wished to blockade the southern ports because (a) they would thus be able to shut off supplies from the enemy, (b) they wished the British to sell to them instead of to the South, (c) they did not wish the English to carry news to the South.
3. The most serious issue at stake in the Civil War was (a) the freeing of slaves, (b) the preservation of the Union, (c) "states' rights."
4. The greatest blow to the South at the end of the war was (a) "carpet-bagger rule," (b) the death of Lincoln, (c) feeling in the northern states.
5. Western immigration was most increased by (a) the building of railroads, (b) the discovery of gold, (c) the giving of free lands.

## GENERAL

1. Arrange these events in the order of what you consider their greatest importance to the history of the United States:
(a) Introduction of slavery into Virginia, (b) discovery of gold in California, (c) Mexican War, (d) introduction of the Spoils System, (e) Monroe Doctrine.
2. Draw a map of the United States. On it indicate the chief objectives and campaigns of the North and South during the Civil War.

## SUMMARY OF HISTORY OUTLINES

IOURTH GRADE.
The First American, the Indian.
Some of Our Country's Heroes.
Customs of Dress, Travel, Homes, Newspapers and Schools of the Times.
Some Great Leaders in the World's History in Olden Times.
How the Movement for the Discovery of America Began.
FIFTH GRADE.
Exploration and Discovery.
Beginning of Colonization.
Some Early Colonies and Their Leaders.
SIXTH GRADE.
Our Heritage from the Old World.
Primitive Man.
The Ancient World.
Egypt.
Babylon.
Phonicia.
The Hebrews.
The Persians.
The Greeks.
The Romans.
Beginning of Christianity.
Beginning of Modern Europe.
Life in the Middle Ages.
The Europe That Found America.
The Later Colonial Period.
Conditions in England at the Time.
Steps Toward Self-Government.
SEVENTH GRADE.
The Struggle for Control of North America.
French and Indian War.
Life in the Colonies.
Separation from England.
Rights of Englishmen.
Causes of the Revolution.
The Revolutionary War.
The New Nation.
Articles of Confederation.
Breakdown of the Articles and Formation of the Constitution.
EIGHTH GRADE
Problems That Confronted the New Nation.
The Cabinet.
Financial Measures.
Rise of Political Parties.
How America Became Involved in Foreign Affairs. War of 1812.
Monroe Doctrine.
Mexican War.
Domestic Affairs. Tariff.
Expansion.
Slavery.
The Great Struggle-The Civil War.
From the Close of the Civil War to the Present.
Present-day Problems.

## LITERATURE, 1 st GRADE

## Average Age, 6 to $71 / 2$

Stories suitable for reading or telling to children: folk tales, nursery stories, stories of animal life, and stories of children, such as:

The Three Bears. (16-5825.)
Little Red Riding Hood. (18-6474.)
Hop-O'-My-Thumb. (17-6317-19.)
Puss in Boots. (10-3441.)
Three Little Pigs. (1-145.)
For other suitable stories see Fairy Stories (20-7693-95.)
Poems that may be learned are:
What Does Little Birdie Say? (3-848.)
Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star. (3-1138.)
The North Wind Doth Blow. (3-1138.)
Ding Dong Bell. (11-4120.)
Other poems that may be read to children are:
Shut-Eye Train. (9-3108.) -Eugene Field. (13-4819.)
Robin Red-Breast. (1-324.)-Allingham.
Foot Soldiers. (11-4111.)-Tabb. (13-4815.)
If Wishes Were Horses. (10-3743.)
Music Song. (3-847.)—Blake. (12-4228.)
For other poems see Little Verses for Little People (20-7683-86) and Mother Goose Rhymes (20-7686-87.)

## LITERATURE, 2ND GRADE

## Averade Aze, 7 to $81 / 2$

Storits suitable for reading or telling to children:
Hansel and Gretel. (6-1965.)
The Sleeping Beauty. (19-7006-07.)
The History of Tom Thumb. (18-6611-12.)
Rumpelstiltskin. (11-3981.)
For other suitable stories see Fairy Stories (20-7693-95.)
Poems that may be learned:
My Shadow. (1-101.)—Stevenson. (8-2868-69.)
The Rock-a-By Lady. (18-6469.)-Field. (13-4819.)
All Things Bright and Beautiful. (12-4273.)-Alexander. (12-4437.)
Answer to a Child's Question. (1-324.) -Coleridge. (7-2353-58.)
Little Lamb. (2-606.)-Blake. (12-4228.)
The Wind and The Moon. (16-5711.) -MacDonald. (11-3897; 9-3199.)
Other poems that may be read to children are:
The Baby. (2-486.)-MacDonald.
The Moon. (7-2364.)-Follen.
The Butterfly's Ball. (3-1008.)-Roscue.
I Had a Dove. (3-1142.)-Keats. (7-2492-93.)
For other poems see Little Verses for Little People (20-7683-86) and
Mother Goose Rhymes (20-7686-87.)

## LITERATURE, 3Rd GRADE

Averaze Aze, 8 to $91 / 2$
Stories suitable for children to read are:
The Discontented Fir Tree. (15-5323.)
The Discontented Pendulum. (12-4198.)
Æsop's Fables. (See Index under Æsop.)
The Hare and the Tortoise. (2-539.)
The Fox and the Grapes. (11-3986.)
The Ugly Duckling. (17-6096.)
For other suitable stories see Fables and Proverbs (20-7697) and Stories about Men and Women (20-7697-98).

Poems for the year are:
Where the Bee Sucks. (3-986.)-Shakespeare. (2-722-24.)
America. (17-6251.)
Trees. (12-4271.)-Joyce Kilmer. (17-6394-95.)
Travel. (3-1136-37.) -Stevenson. (8-2868-69.)
For other poems by these authors see Poetry Index under name of author.

Find out who each one of these poets was, in what country he lived, how long ago he lived and something of his life.

Other poems for reading to children:
The Children's Hour. (14-4955.)-Longfellow. (13-4726-27.)
The Spider and the Fly. (12-4269.)-Mary Howitt.
Good Children Street. (9-3340.) -Field. (13-4819.)
My Playmate. (18-6466.) -Whittier. (13-4727-28.)
The Wind in a Frolic. (1-228.) -William Howitt.
For other suitable poems see Poems of Childhood (20-7673-74).
Learn the parts of the poems you like best by heart.
Why do you like those parts better than others?

## LITERATURE, 4тн GRADE

Averase Aze, 9 to $101 / 2$
Stories for children to read:
King Alfred and the Cakes. (4-1432.) (See also 4th Grade History.)
Bruce and the Spider. (Find out something of the story of Scotland at this time.)
Poem about Bruce and the Spider. (15-5521.) Story of Scotland.
(12-4205-10.)
Hiawatha's Friends.
Legend of Hiawatha. (19-6985.) Indian Life. (1-160-65.)
Goody Two Shoes. (9-3077.)
Sindbad the Sailor. (19-7215-16.)
Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves. (2-537-38.)
For other suitable stories see Myths and Legends (20-7695-96) and Nature Stories (20-7697).

Stories to be read to children are:
Robinson Crusoe. (2-665-75.)
Story of Peter Pan. (13-4659-64.)
Alice in Wonderland. (3-1089-98; 4-1179-86, 1333-42.)
Pied Piper of Hamelin. (1-224.)
Poems for the year are:
The Mountain and the Squirrel. (3-846.)-Emerson. (13-4630.)
I Live for Those Who Love Me. (9-3274.)-Banks.
The Fountain. (2-607.)-Lowell. (13-4728-29.)
Robert of Lincoln. (15-5523.)-Bryant. (13-4629-30.)
The Owl. (6-2153.)-Tennyson. (10-3469-72.)
A Boy's Song. (2-607.)-Hogg. (12-4228; 10-3610.)
Seven Times One. (14-4956.) -Ingelow. (12-4232.)
For other suitable poems see Poems of Childhood (20-7673-74).
Who was the author of each of these poems? To what nationality did he belong? What are some other poems by him? (For other poems by these authors see Poetry Index under name of author.)

## LITERATURE, 5тн GRADE

Averaze Aze, 10 to 11 t/2
Stories for children to read:
The King of the Golden River. (6-2221-28; 7-2343-50.)—Ruskin. (9-3311, 3314-16.)
Gulliver's Travels. (3-947-56.) -Swift. (5-1619-20.)
Christmas Carol. (17-6115-21.)—Dickens. (8-2731-37.)
Greek Myths. (See Index under Myths, Greek.)
Norse Myths. (15-5328-29.)
For other suitable stories see Myths and Legends (20-7695-96) ; Adventure Stories (20-7697); Hero Stories (20-7698-99).

Learn something of the lives of each of the authors of these tales.
Poems for the year are:
The Village Blacksmith. (1-227.)-Longfellow. (13-4726-27.)
Columbus. (2-485.) -Joaquin Miller.
In Flanders Fields. (16-5924.)-McCrae.
To the Fringed Gentian. (19-6873.)--Bryant. (13-4629-30.)
Aladdin. (18-6468.)-Lowell. (13-4728-29.)
How They Brought the Good News. (19-6867-68.) - Robert Browning.
(10-3687-91.)
Paul Revere's Ride. (15-5649.)-Longfellow.
For other suitable poems see Story Poems (20-7682) and Patriotic Poems (20-7678).

First find out the circumstances that called forth the writing of these poems. Then read them and get their feeling and spirit. Remember that the most important thing is to feel the poem and to get its picture. You can not feel it unless you know the meaning.

# LITERATURE, 6тн GRADE 

Averacie Ace, 11 to $121 / 2$
Good stories to read are:
Robin Hood. (2-397-402.)
King Arthur and His Knights. (19-6941-53; 16-5823; 17-6320-23; 7-2460-61.)
How Regulus Went Back to Die. (1-125.)
The Little Princes in the Tower. (1-147.)
The Story of William Tell. (19-7217-19.)
Scottish Chiefs. (12-4319-26.)
For other suitable stories see Hero Stories (20-7698-99) and Historical Stories (20-7699-7700).

Find out something of the scene or country in which the story is located, how long ago it happened and what customs and history combined to make the time different from your own. Practice judging a story. Why is it interesting? Which is the best part? Which characters are most life-like?
Foems for the year:
Abou Ben Adhem. (3-1138.)-Hunt.
Old Ironsides. (4-1380.)-Holmes. (13-4728.)
Song of Marion's Men. (11-4032.)--Bryant. (13-4629-30.)
The Owl Critics. (7-2640.) -James T. Field.
The Year's at the Spring (All's Right With the World). (2-607.)—Robert Browning. (10-3687-91.)
The Soldier. (12-4273.)-Rupert Brooke. (17-6393-94.)
For other suitable poems see Longfellow (20-7667) and Songs and Lyrics (20-7677).

## LITERATURE, 7тн GRADE

Averade Age, 12 to 13 ¹2
Good stories to read are:
Rip Van Winkle. (12-4481-85; 13-4559-62.)—Irving. (13-4625-26.)
The Man Without a Country. (7-2401-08.)-Hale.
Pilgrim's Progress. (15-5543-52.)-Bunyan. (4-1477-80.)
Wacousta. (9-3141-49.)-Richardson. (14-5105-06.)
Westward Ho! (14-5027-34.)—Kingsley. (11-3892, 3894.)
Roughing It in the Bush. (16-5901-05.)—Mrs. Moodie. (14-5105-06.)
For other suitable stories see Hero Stories (20-7698-99) and Famous Books (20-7688-93).

What was the period (time) and scene of each of these stories? Some of them are by American and some by English authors. Which are English? Which American?

Poems for the year:
It is not Growing Like a Tree. (3-847.)-Ben Jonson. (3-1125.)
Sweet and Low. (1-322.)-Tennyson. (10-3469-72.)
The Brook. (1-101.)-Tennyson.
The Bells. (16-6023.)—Poe. (13-4725-26.)
Nathan Hale. (4-1381.)-Finch.
Slave and Emperor. (11-4111.)-Noyes. (12-4233-34.)
For other suitable poems see Historical Poems (20-7679) and Nature Poems (20-7680).

# LITERATURE, 8th GRADE 

## Averace Ase, 13 to $141 / 2$

Good stories to read are:
Treasure Island. (13-4645-53.)—Stevenson. (8-2868-69; 9-3298, 3188.)
Ramona. (1-133-40.)—Mrs. Jackson. (13-4819-20.)
The Gold Bug. (5-1899-1904.) -Poe. (13-4725-26.)
Two Years Before the Mast. (9-3357-64.)-Dana. (13-4628-29.)
David Copperfield. (8-2773-31.)—Dickens. (8-2731-37.)
For other suitable stories see Famous Books (20-7688-93).
Who was Robert Louis Stevenson? Tell something of his life and death. What other poems and stories of his do you know? What are the outstanding characteristics of his work?

What famous American author wrote the Gold Bug? When did he live? What are some of his other works?

Name some other books by the author of David Copperfield. What sort of life did he best portray?

Poems for the year:
Julius Cæsar. (11-3929-31.)-Shakespeare. (2-722-24.)
To a Skylark. (11-4034.) -Wordsworth. (7-2353-58.)
If. (6-2036.)-Kipling. (11-3899; 12-4233.)
The Daffodils. (1-102.)-Wordsworth.
The Bugle. (8-2903.)-Tennyson. (10-3469-72.)
For other suitable poems see Descriptive Poetry (20-7679-80) and Sonnets (20-7681)

Who wrote each of the above poems? What are some other poems by these authors? (For other poems by these authors see Poetry Index under name of author.)

## LITERATURE, 9тн GRADE

Average Age, 14 to $151 / 2$
(rood stories for reading:
The Last of the Mohicans. (i-267-78.) -Cooper. (13-4626, 4628.)
The Story of the Iliad, the Odyssey and the Æneid. (Learn who wrote each of these, and the approximate time of writing.) (6-1983-89.)
Ben Hur. (10-3745-52.) -Wallace. (13-4823.)
The Waverley Novels. (11-4069-78.) -Scott. (7-2625-32.)
Moby Dick. (15-5401-08.) -Melville: (13-4629.)
Tom Brown's School Days. (14-5149-55.) -Hughes.
Masterman Ready. (18-6757-66.)-Marryat.
For other suitable stories see Famous Books (20-7688-93) and Poems and Plays (20-7700).

Who wrote "The Last of the Mohicans"? Why is he important in American literature? What type of story did he write? What are some of his other works?

Who wrote the Waverley Novels? Learn something of Sir Walter Scott's life.

Poems for the year:
Lays of Ancient Rome. (10-3639.) - Macaulay. (9-32u4-05.)
The Cloud. (18-6647.)-Shelley. (7-2491-92.)
The Skylark. (16-6021.)-Shelley.
To a Waterfowl. (17-6379.)—Bryant. (13-4629-30.)
The Man With the Hoe. (8-3003.)-Markham. (14-5013.)
O Captain! My Captain! (10-3736.) -Whitman. (13-4729-30.)
Invictus. (3-1142.)-Henley. (12-4232-33.)
For other suitable poems see Historical Poems (20-7679), Descriptive Poetry (20-7679), Religious Poetry (20-7680), Immortality (20-7681), Sonnets (20-7681), Ballad Poetry (20-7682), Story Poems (20-7682), Humorous Pcems (20-7682).

# NATURE STUDY, 1 st GRADE 

## Averace Age, 6 to 7 ½

## COURSE OF STUDY

(NOTE. For pictures of animals, flowers, fruits and vegetables given below, look under their names in the index.)

1. COMMON ANIMALS.

Those known at home or in near-by surroundings.
Cat, dog, mouse, canary, cow, robin, squirrel, horse, rabbit, sparrow, goldfish, pigeon.
2. ANIMALS WE READ ABOUT.

Sheep, fox, bear, wolf, owl.
3. CARE OF PLANTS.

Seedlings.
Bulbs.
4. SPECIAL DAYS. (6-2087-95.)

Thanksgiving Day.
Christmas.
Arbor Day.
5. FLOWERS.

Aster, goldenrod, pussy-willow, rose.
Know names, general shape and color.
6. FRUITS.

Apple, peach, banana, orange.
Be able to identify.
7. VEGETABLES.

White potato, sweet potato, onion, carrot, corn.
Thanksgiving Day as Harvest Home.
8. WEATHER.

Note sunny days and cloudy days.
Winds: Strong, cold, soft, gentle.

QUESTIONS

Why has the cat no claws when she plays and sharp ones when she is angry? Why does the cat always fall on its feet? (8-2719-20.) Why can the cat see better in the dark than I can? (5-1807.) What happens inside the cat when it purrs? (186694.) Do cats and dogs ever cry? (176179.) Why does the dog turn round and round before he lies down? (4-1231.) How can you show the dog that you are his friend? How does the dog say "Thank you"? Why are the cat and dog useful animals? (2-710, 711-12; 16-5735-38.) Why do horses need to wear shoes? $(15-5366$.) Why does a horse wear blinkers? (9-3356.) How do the father and mother birds care for their young? (8-2760.) What thing must the plant have in order to grow? (2461.)

# NATURE STUDY, 2nd GRADE 

Averace Age, 7 to $81 / 2$

## COURSE OF STUDY

(NOTE. For pictures of animals, birds, plants, flowers and vegetables given below, look under their names in the index.)

1. ANIMALS.

Goat, donkey, deer, lion.
(a) Teeth.
(b) Food.
(c) Hoof.
(d) Coat.

## 2. BIRDS.

Turkey, goose, duck, bluebird.
Why the birds go south. (8-2762.)
3. PLANTS.

Plant culture; care of plants.

## QUESTIONS

What sort of food does the goat like best? (4-1377.) What is a baby goat called? What differences do you notice between the goat and the sheep? (4-1377.) How can the donkey eat a thistle, thorns and all? (6-2124.) How are both useful to mankind? (Usefulness of goat, 4-1377-78; usefulness of donkey, 6-2018-20.) How can a duckling swim without being taught? (155518.) Why does a duck keep dry in the water? (10-3580.) What are the differ-

## COURSE OF STUDY

Nasturtium, sweet-pea, daisy.
Trees. (12-4507-15; 13-4635-43.) Buds in spring time. Falling leaves in autumn. Seasons.
Names of common trees.
4. WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Weather calendar.
Observe clouds, fog, dew, ice, winds.
5. VEGETABLES.

Recognize beans, peas, turnip, beet, radish.
After soaking, plant peas and beans and observe growth.

## QUESTIONS

ences between a goose and a duck? (113885, 3888.) Why do most of the birds leave us when the cold weather comes? (82762.) Where do they go? What birds stay with us? (13-4759-64.) Does a bird always sing the same song? (5-1606.) How does the bird know how to build its nest? (14-5220-21.) What weeds furnish most of the bird's food? (15-5395.)

# NATURE STUDY, 3Rd GRADE 

Average Ase, 8 to $91 / 2$

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. ANIMALS.

Fishes.
Common birds of the neighborhood.
How birds help man. (8-2762.)
Beasts of burden.
Horse, ox, donkey, camel, elephant.
Kindness to animals.
2. ANIMALS AND INSECTS USEFUL TO MAN.
Sheep. (4-1369-78.)
Silkworm. (15-5312-14.)
Honey-bee. (17-6221-33.)
Fur-bearing animals.
3. PLANTS.

Care of seedlings.
Life history of a plant. (2-503-10.)
4. WEATHER CALENDAR.

Seasons. (More fully.)
Simple reasons for change of seasons. (8-2791-94.)
5 EFFECT OF LIGHT AND HEAT.
On Plant Life (2-745) and Animal Life.

## QUESTIONS

Can the fish see and hear us? (11-3841-42.) Does a fish feel? (1-187.) Does he close his eyes and sleep under water? (10-3474.) How do fish live in a frozen pond? (113976.) Why does the fish not drown? (82716.) Why do fish die on land? (113841.) Why do they die in a jar of water? (10-3732.) In what ways are fish useful to us? (11-4051, 4057; 16-5898; 6-2216.) What bird has the longest wings? (8-2720.) Why do birds shed their feathers every year? (17-6290.) Why does a flying bird not fall to the ground? (7-2611.) In what ways are birds of value to mankind? (8-2760, 2762; 9-3288.) Name five animals used as beasts of burden. How is it possible for the camel to go so long without water? (51596.) How is the camel specially adapted to desert life and travel? (5-1596-98.) Where is the elephant most used? (6-214045.) Has he a bone in his trunk? (72361.) What animals are most useful to man for clothing? (4-1369; 15-5575.) For food? (4-1259-60, 1262.) Tell the life history of some plant that you have raised from seed. What will happen to a plant that has no light? No air? (2-461; 11-4093-94.) What causes change of seasons? (8-2791-94.)

# NATURE STUDY, 4тн GRADE 

Averaze Aze, 9 to $101 / 2$

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. PLANTS.
(a) Fruit trees. (6-2057-68.)

Which blossom first?
Watch the development of the fruit from the blossom.
Make a collection of leaves of trees that have been injured by insects and plant diseases. Blight, mildew, rust, borers.
The caterpillar, an enemy. (18-6532.)
Work of the Farm Bureau.
(b) Evergreens. (13-4634-38.)

Contrast with deciduous trees. Meaning of "deciduous" (trees which shed their leaves at the end of the growing season each year).
Different kinds.
(c) Different kinds of lumber.
(12-4245-60.)
2. ANIMALS.

The chipmunk compared with the squirrel. (3-1127-29.)
Kindness to animals.
The garden toad. (15-5454.) Why he is our friend.
Life history of the frog. (15-5453-56.)
Trace this by putting eggs of the frog in your aquarium and watching the tadpole develop.

## QUESTIONS

Name five of our most useful fruit trees. (6-2057-68.) Where are these most commonly grown? In what seasons do they bear? Why have many fruits stones or pits? (3-978; 7-2362.) What is the difference between a fruit and a vegetable? (18-6693.) What are some wild fruits? (11-4019-28.) Why and how does cultivation improve fruit? (4-1387-90.) What is grafting? (16-5959.) Tell the life story of the apple. (4-1387.) Why should we destroy caterpillars' nests? (18-6532.) What are some of the commonest diseases that attack trees? How do evergreens differ from other trees? (2-510; 13-4635-43.) Where are they found in greatest quantities? (13-4634-38.) What are some of the better known varieties? (12-4249-50.) What are some of the most useful kinds of lumber? (12-4245-60.) What kinds are used for houses? For furniture? Why do leaves change color in autumn? (15-5520.)

What are some of the ways in which we can show kindness to birds? (13-4837; 9-3278.) Why is the bird the farmer's friend? (82762.) Tell the life history of the butterfly. (18-6525-47.) Compare the chipmunk and the squirrel. (3-1127-29.) In what ways is the toad different from the frog? (15-5453-56.) Why is the toad our friend?

## NATURE STUDY, 5th GRADE

## Average Age, 10 to $111 / 2$

COURSE OF STUDY

1. SEEDS AND INSECTS. (2-503-10;

17-6063-78.)
Visits of insects and developing of seed.
Bees and flowers. (17-6220-33.)
Flowers. Study of parts. (2-506: 3-1013-14.)
Seed dispersal. (3-1083-87.)
2. STUDY OF INSECTS. (17-6063-78; 18-6721-34.)

## QUESTIONS

What does the bee get in the flower? Of what benefit to the flower is his visit? (176224.) Do insects visit some flowers more than others? (Color plates, 17-6073-76.) Why? What is the connection between the color of the flowers and insects' visits? Which insects do the greatest amount of work in pollinating the flowers? Why do some trees flower when others do not? (82720.) What are the parts of a simple

## COURSE OF STUDY

Life history of cricket, grasshopper, katy-did, potato beetle. (18-6623-30.)
Mouth parts and their function in feeding.
Harmful insects. (15-5488; 18-6731-34.)
3. STUDY OF FERNS. (4-1232; 3-884.)
4. ELEMENTARY FORESTRY.

Yearly and life cycle of a tree. (11-4093-4108.)
Uses of forests and trees. (12-4245-50.)
Lumber industry. (16-5985-96.) Regions. Falling. Logging. Sawing.
The wood pulp industry. (7-2445-53.)
Forest preservation. (8-2680, 2803-10.)
Some animal products used for food in the city. Milk, butter, cheese, fish, oysters, crabs, fisheries, eggs and poultry.

## QUESTIONS

flower? (2-506; 3-1013-14.) How does a fern grow? (4-1232.) In what different ways are seeds dispersed? (3-1083-87.) Can one plant produce thousands of seeds in a season? (13-4826.) Do seeds breathe as we do? (15-5519-20.) What has the seed to do with determining the color? (14. 5087.) Will a seed grow after thousands of years? (8-2718.) How are the mouth parts of the butterfly adapted for securing its food? (5-1609.) Name some harmful insects and tell why you so consider them. ( $15-5488 ; 18-6731-34$.$) Why is it so im-$ portant that we preserve our forests? (82680.) What connection is there between forests and water supply? Describe the histery of a log to be used for wood pulp from the forest to your notebook. (7-2445-53.)

# NATURE STUDY, 6тн GRADE 

Average Age, 11 to $121 / 2$

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. PROTECTION OF WILD LIFEBIRDS, ANIMALS AND FLOW. ERS. (9-3278; 8-2814-18.)
Life and work of Audubon. (19-7052.)
Work of the government in creating refuges. (4-1264.) Need of further work.
How the buffalo, deer and elk vanished. (4-1263, 1447.)
2. STUDY OF CEREALS.

Study of germination and growth of wheat (5-1754-63), oats and barley (5-1851-52).
Advantages and food value of each, and kind of soil necessary for growth. (7-2423-25.)
Sections where grown.
Insects that feed on crops. How combated. (5-1757, 1762.)

Study of muskrat and beaver. (3-1132-34.)

## QUESTIONS

Who was Audubon? (19-7052.) Why do we specially remember him? What is our responsibility in preserving wild life? ( 9 3278.) Why are the wild flowers so fast disappearing from the countryside? What great refuge for animals has the government established in the state of Wyoming? (4 1264.) Tell the story of the extermination of the buffalo. (4-1263-64.) Tell the life history of wheat. (5-1754-63.) Give the plant structure and varieties of oats. What are the food values of these grains? ( 7 -2423-25.) What are some of the insects most injurious to crops? (5-1757, 1762.) Compare the beaver and the muskrat, as to structure, food, home and habits. (3-113234.) Compare the dog with the fox, with the wolf. (2-597-600, 711-18.) What do we mean by "instinct" in a dog? (41231.) What causes dew, fog, ice, rain? (8-2921-24.) Could we live without rain? (17-6290.) Where does the rain go? ( 6 2249.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

## QUESTIONS

The dog in comparison with wolf and fox. (2-597-600; 2-711-18.) Natural instincts. (14-5220-21; 4-1231.)
3. NATURAL PHENOMENA.

Planets. (9-3289-93; 10-3409-14.) Evening star. Aurora. (16. 5670; 10-3704.) Etc.
Cause of dew, fog, ice, rain. (8-2921-24.)

# SCIENCE, 7th GRADE 

Average Ase, 12 to 13 T/2
THE FOOD WE EAT

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. Production.
(a) Where our food comes from.
(b) The kinds of food we eat.
2. Meat.

Meat as a Food. (7-2567.)
The Great Cattle Family. (4-1258.)
Our Domestic Poultry. (12-4491.)
The Sheep and Goats. (4-1369.)
Fishes of the Deep Sea. (16-5893.)
Fishes of Shallow Seas. (16-5772.)
Fishes of River and Lake. (15-5629.)
How Fish and Oysters Are Taken. (11-4051.)
Crabs, Lobsters and Their Kin. (16-5949.)
How Meat Products Are Used. (7-2512.)
2. Vegetables.

The Useful Vegetables. (7-2613.)

## QUESTIONS

(NOTE. When the answers to several successive questions are found on the same page, the volume and page is given after the last of those questions.)

Can the earth support all things that are born? (13-4827.) Will the world's food supply ever run short? (14-5225.) Name five important food plants in each continent. (19-7247.)

Is it right to kill animals for food? (72567.) Is it possible to live without eating meat? What name do we give to people who do not eat meat? Give two arguments in favor of eating meat. (7-2568.) Why is beef becoming higher in price? Name a great beef-producing country. Where does the meat for the great cities come from? (9-3207.) What city is the world's greatest stock market? (9-3209; 19-7109.) What are some of the by-products of the animals supplying us with meat? (7-2513.) How long has man raised poultry? (124491.) Would you say that poultry and eggs are an important product? What are the leading poultry states? How many eggs are used in the U. S. each year? (93208.) What important forms of nourishment do eggs contain? Why are soft-boiled eggs better to eat than hard-boiled eggs? What is the value of fish as food? Is fish a good brain food? (7-2569.) What is the most important fish of the Atlantic? Of the Pacific? Of the Great Lakes? (114052.) How is it that fish are not salt when caught? (9-3100.) Name a few of our important salt-water fish. (16-5775.) Name a few fresh-water fish. What is caviare? (15-5630.)

Name three vegetables in which the seeds are contained in a pod. (7-2613.) Why has the lentil been a favorite food in Catholic countries? (7-2614.) Name three vegetables whose stems we eat. Mention three plants whose leaves we eat. (7-2616.) Why is the peanut valuable to man? (72614.) What is the most important of the plants whose underground stems, called tubers, we eat? (7-2618.) Why does a

## COURSE OF STUDY

3. Fruit.

The Most Important Fruits. (6-2056.)
Where Does an Apple Come From? (11-3975.)
4. Bread.

The Wonderful Story of Wheat. (5-1754.)
How Flour Is Made. (8-2795.)
The Bread by Which We Live. (7-2423.)
The World's Bread and Butter. (1-371.)

## QUESTIONS

potato not rot under the earth while it is growing? (18-6554.) Why is the potato a valuable food? (5-1624.) Why would the constant use of potatoes as the principal food be unwise? (7-2623.) Why should we boil potatoes in their jackets? (8-2872.) What states lead in the production of potatoes? (10-3406.) What are vitamins? (5-1624.)

What is the difference between a fruit and a vegetable? (18-6693.) What is the most prized family of fruits? Name a few fruits which belong to this family. Where are most of the oranges we eat grown? (62057.) Why do oranges not grow in Canada? (15-5365.) Where do most of our lemons come from? Why are lemons always picked green? Why must lemons "be handled as carefully as eggs"? (6-2058.) Why are the skins of the citrous fruit valuable in confectionery? What are some of the uses to which the banana plant is put? (62060.) What country is noted for the growing of pineapples? (6-2062; 15-5451; 93301.) Why are thousands of bushels of apples allowed to rot on the ground each year in the U. S.? (6-2064.) What is the difference between a ripe and an unripe apple? (3-1016.) What states raise the most peaches? What state in the U. S. raises more prunes than any country? (6-2064.) To what uses are grapes put? (6-2060; 11-3818.) What two states supply us with the most fruit? (11-4084.) Why should we eat fruit? (6-2068; 3-1016; 6-2187.)

Why is bread called the "staff of life"? (8-2795.) What two foods could keep us alive for a long time? What is meant by the expression in the Bible that "all flesh is grass"? (7-2423.) Describe a grain of wheat. (8-2795.) What makes wheat so valuable for the baker? (5-1758.) What country raises the most wheat? (8-2678.) Name some other important wheat-growing countries. (5-1760.) What is meant by "spring wheat" and "winter wheat"? Why do Kansas farmers plant wheat in the fall? Why do North Dakota farmers plant wheat in the spring? Why is the wheat farmer not sure of a big crop? What part of the U . S. is noted for wheat-raising? (155278.) How is wheat harvested? (1-374.) How was the grain ground before modern times? (1-372.) By what power was the mill-wheel turned in the time of the Ro-

## CCURSE OF STUDY

5. Cereals.

The Great Cereals. (5-1850.)
6. Milk, sugar, tea, coffee, cocoa.

Plants of the Breakfast Table. (7-2531.)
Where Sugar Comes From. (10-3415.)
How Coffee Comes to Us. (6-2177.)
The Story in a Teacup. (2-760.)

## QUESTIONS

mans? (8-2796.) How is flour made by modern methods? ( $8-2798 ; 1-376$.) What city is noted for the manufacture of flour? (15-5280.) How do they manufacture, pack and store flour? (8-2797; 1-376.) How is the bread we eat baked? (1-372.) Why is bread so valuable? (7-2423.) What two important substances does good bread contain? Why is new bread more indigestible than old? (7-2486.) Is the whitest bread the purest? (7-2423.) Why should we eat the crusts of bread? Why should we eat bread with cheese or butter? (7-2424.) Why is bread and butter a perfect food? (1-373.)

Name five important cereals grown for food. (5-1850.) What is the greatest of the cereals? (5-1851.) What two important substances do oats contain? Why is oatmeal and milk an excellent breakfast food? (72425.) What is the great disease of the oat? (5-1851.) What grain will flourish where the others perish? For what is the greater part of the barley crop of the world grown? Why is rye called "the grain of poverty"? Why is it good for the making of bread? (5-1852.) Why is rice inferior to wheat as a food? (7-2424.) What does rice lack? What is "paddy rice"? Why is it better than the rice you buy from the grocer? (5-1856.) What peoples are great eaters of rice? (5-1854.) What country grows the best rice in the world? (5-1855.) What country is the greatest producer of corn? (5-1856.) What three qualities make corn a very desirable food? (7-2424.) To what other great use is corn put besides as food for man? (5-1856; 7-2412; 155282.) What is the great enemy of corn? (5-1856.) Name the states in the Corn Belt. (15-5280.) What is corn sometimes mixed with to make bread? (1-372.) Why might we truthfully say that "corn is the principal source of food of the American people"? (15-5282.)

Why is goat's milk valuable? (7-2323.) From what is sugar obtained? (7-2531; 10-3415; 10-3420.) What took the place of sugar in olden times? (10-3415; 176221.) What things contain sugar? How is sugar made from the sugar-cane; from sugar-beets? (10-3416.) What countries produce sugar? (10-3415, 3418; 7-2531.) Why is sugar sweet? (1-310.) What are the following: lactose, glucose, saccharose?

## COURSE OF STUDY

Finding out How Milk is Handled. (10-3508.)
7. Salt, spices, etc.

A Grain of Salt. (3-925.)
The Spice Plants. (8-2990.)
Figs and Dates. (6-2157.)
Mushrooms, Edible and Poisonous. (11-3904.)
2. Selection.
(a) A balanced diet.

Food and Its Uses. (6-2185.)
How to Eat. (6-2083.)

## QUESTIONS

Is sugar a valuable food? (10-3416.) When was tea first used? Which are the chief tea-raising countries of the world? (2-761.) Can tea be raised in the U. S.? (2-762.) How do teas get their names? (7-2536.) Describe how the tea is treated at the factory. (2-762.) Which countries use the most tea? (2-761; 7-2532.) Why do they say that strong tea is bad for us? (5-1607.) Why do tea and coffee keep us awake? (4-1451.) What country is noted for the production of coffee? (7-2536; 62177.) Is cocoa good for us? (15-5366.)

What country produces a great deal of salt? (3-926; 4-1402; 17-6040; 9-3212.) What are some of the uses to which salt is put? (3-926.) How is salt obtained for our use? How is salt made fit for our use? (3-927.) What is the most common spice? Where is the plant found? Mention a few other spices. (8-2991.) What two fruits are noted for their high food value? (6-2157.) What is the home of the date? (6-2157; 51624.) Name three uses of the date-palm besides that of food. (5-1624.) Where is the fig grown in abundance? (6-2158.) What state in the U. S. produces a very large crop of figs? (6-2162.) Why is it important to know mushrooms? What are the ways of telling good mushrooms? (113907.) What varieties are edible; what are poisonous? (10-3723; 11-3907.)

Why do we eat? (6-2086; 18-6694.) What makes us hungry? (5-1808.) Why is the body like a furnace? What important fuel is used by the body? Where is this fuel made? (6-2185.) What is the most important use of food? What are the things that our bodies receive daily from the outside world? (6-2186.) Does the brain need food? (5-1811.) Why do we cook the food we eat? ( $4-1451$; 11-3842.) What three foods make up the chief part of our diet? What food burns away our bodies? What food rebuilds our bodies? (6-2187.) What foods are particularly necessary for children? (6-2188.) Why are children so fond of sugar and sweet things? ( $6-2187 ; 10-3416$.$) When may a$ boy require more food than a man? What would be the average diet for a man? What are some of the things that determine how much food we should eat? (6-2188.) Why is a big meal a bad thing for an exhausted person? (12-4503.) What happens to ous

## COURSE OF STUDY

3. Preservation and care in the home.
(a) Methods of preserving:
4. Canning.
5. Preserving by sugar; by salt.
6. Dehydrating.
7. Pickling.
(b) Care of meats, milk and vegetables for immediate use in the home. How to Keep Fruit Fresh. (11-4084.)
(c) Methods of caring for the home refrigerator.
Home observations and reports on the above topics.

## QUESTIONS

food when it reaches the stomach? (62083.) What two secretions help to digest the food in the stomach? How do these secretions act on the food in the stomach? What does our stomach do for us? (62084.) Could we live without a stomach? (6-2085.) What makes the food move in the intestines? (6-2085.) What are the following: hydrochloric acid, pepsin (62084) ; stomach (6-2083) ; bowel, pancreas (6-2085) ; bile (6-2086) ; calorie (18-6694)? How does the food get into the blood? What are the following: capillaries, lacteals? (6-2086.) What is the source of the whole strength of our food? (7-2425.) Name the best foods which contain protein; fats. (72569.) What is meant by the statement that we live not by what we eat, but by what we absorb? (6-2086.) Does the food that weighs the most contain the most nourishment? Is the food that costs the most the healthiest? (7-2423.)

What causes fruit to spoil? (11-4084; 2437.) Why does milk turn sour? (17$6174 ; 2-557 ; 7-2326$.$) Why should milk$ be pasteurized? Why should care be used in the handling of milk? (10-3508.) Why should fruit be handled carefully? Should fruit be ripe when gathered? (11-4084.) Why should milk be kept cool? ( $10-3508$.) Where should fruit be kept? (11-4084.) Describe two ways in which beans are preserved. (7-2614.) Mention at least two ways in which fruit is preserved. How is the preserved fruit sterilized? Why is this done? (11-4084.) Who started the idea of cold storage? (5-1607.)

## THE WATER WE DRINK

1. Sources.
(a) Oceans, rivers, lakes, springs, wells, reservoirs.
The Rivers and the Seas. (7-2537.) Where Does the Rain Go? (6-2249.) How Fire and Water Made the World. (2-525.)

Is there any water in the sun? $(6-2123$. Is there any water anywhere except in our world? (14-5222.) How much water is there in the sea? (10-3578.) How deep is the sea? (3-875.) Can fresh water be found in the sea? (2-584.) What do rivers do besides supply us with water? (7-2537.) What countries are made of river mud? Why did the old Egyptians worship the river Nile? What are the five greatest rivers in the world? How are lakes formed? What is the largest lake in the world? What kind of water has it? (7-2538.) What are the largest fresh-water lakes in the world? (72484.) Where does spring water come from?

## COURSE OF STUDY

2. Uses.
(a) Drinking, cooking, cleansing, sanitation, transportation, fires, pleasure, gardens, etc.
The Rain That Raineth Every Day. (8-2921.)
A River Under a City. (14-5055.)
3. Protection from pollution.
(a) Water-shed protection.
(b) Aeration stations.
(c) Filter-beds.
(d) Keeping well-water free from contamination.
(e) Boiling.
(f) Distillation.
(g) Chemical treatment.
4. Water power.

Water Power of the World.
(15-5429.)

## QUESTIONS

( $6-2249 ; 15-5620$.) Why is spring water very good to drink? (15-5620.) What are artesian wells? Where are artesian wells possible? (6-2249.) What is a reservoir? Name a few large reservoirs. (14-5055.)

Why must our lives be lived in running water? Why can man go without food for many days, but not without water? Why do children need a frequent supply of water? (6-2186.) Is it harmful to us to drink rainwater? (1-310.) Why are we sure that pure water has no taste? (14-5225.) Why did ancient civilized nations inhabit regions about large bodies of water? How does the presence of bodies of water help manufacturers and farmers? What large cities in the U. S. started on large bodies of water? (13-4881.) What are the uses of the sea to man? (12-4145.) Why does water put out fires? (11-3979.) If the gases in water make fire, why does water quench it? (155614.) Why does a light go out in water, but flare up in gasoline? ( $10-3729$.) What will water do to burning oil? (10-3772.) Why do people seek the shores of the ocean? (12-4146.)

Why must cities go far away for their water supply? What is the disadvantage of going far for water? What would happen if the water supply of a large city stopped even for a day? (14-5055.) What are the lakes of water called? What is the wall that helps to form the lake called? (14-5056.) How is the water brought to cities? (14-5059.) What is there in impure water that makes it dangerous to drink? (8-2872.) What disease germ in particular do we swallow with impure water? (8-2872; 2-559.) What are aerators? What do they do to the water? (14-5057.) Why is a running stream purer than a stagnant pool? (145084.) Why should we filter water, especially in the country? How can you make a filter? (18-6781.) How do chemicals help to purify water? (14-5060.)

Why is swift water called "white coal"? (15-5429.) What do we mean when we say we have harnessed a stream? (9-3212.) What nation used water power 2,500 years ago? (8-2796.) In what countries of the world has water power been used for hundreds of years? (15-5429.) What is the greatest water power at present? What countries in Europe are rich in water power?

## COURSE OF STUDY

5. Properties of water.
(a) Specific gravity, specific heat, evaporation, surface tension, buoyancy, pressure, freezing, etc.
The Size and Weight of Things. (14-5035.)
Simple Experiments with Air and Water. (19-7083.)
The Magic of a Glass of Water. (2-622.)
A Fairy-fountain Experiment. (2-627.)

## QUESTIONS

How does the U. S. rank in water power? Name a few cities whose power is derived from water. What continent has the most water power? (15-5430.) Can we make the tides work for us? (18-6558.) Do the waves give us water power? (15-5433.) For what purpose was water power formerly used? (15-5429.) In what other industry besides manufacturing is water power important? (15-5433.) What valuable part is played by water power in modern life? (7-2538; 15-5429.)

Why do we use water as a standard for measuring weights? (14-5036.) At what temperature is water the densest? What is the specific gravity of water? With what instrument can we find the specific gravity of any liquid? Why would that be imoortant in the case of milk? What can a bottle of water teach us? (14-5037.) Why does not oil mix with water? (11-3842.) Why does oil float on the surface of water? (62125.) When water is boiling why can it not be made hotter? (13-4595.) Why does boiling water feel cold when we put our hand in it? (14-4950.) Why does boiling water make bubbles? (2-686.) Can we boil water in a paper box? Why? (2-623.) Why does a full bottle keep hot longer than one half full? (10-3475.) Why does the teapot keep hot so long? (165663.) Why does hot water take up more room than cold? (16-5960.) Why does a wet plate get dry if we leave it alone? (3981.) Can a needle float? Why? (2-623.) How does a soap bubble hold together? Can we fill a tumbler of water above the brim? Why? (3-979.) Why is it easier to swim in sea-water than in fresh water? (14-5038.) In what directions do liquids exert pressure? (19-7084.) Will water flow upward? What is the principle on which the siphon works? (2-622; 15 5365.) Why is the bottom of a dam thicker than the top? (14-5055.) What are some of the uses to which water pressure is put? (15-5432.) What is the advantage of a storage reservoir's occupying an elevated position? (15-5429.) Why does waier find its own level? (4-1229.) Why is the surface of the water always level? (16-5844.) Why is a snowflake lighter than a raindrop? Why does water sometimes burst pipes in winter? (9-3101.) Why does an iceberg float? (4-1355.) Why is it that the sea does not freeze? (11-3978.) Why does

COURSE OF STUDY
6. Ice.
(a) Sources, kinds, uses. How We Get Our Ice.
(2-529.)

## QUESTIONS

shallow water freeze first? (8-2874.) Do we get a pound of ice from a pound of water? (14-5086.) Why does water always seem shallower than it is? (2-688.) What makes the water ripple when we throw a stone into it? (14-5221.) Why does water stay in a revolving pail? (5-1609.)

What is ice? (12-4277.) What difference does ice make in our comfort and in our health? What two kinds of ice are used in refrigerators? Where does natural ice come from? (2-529.) How thick must the ice be before cutting? How does the ice come to town when needed? (2-530.) Where is the ice stored during the summer? (2-531.) How is artificial ice made? (2532.) Why do we find ice slippery? (72362.) Why does a piece of ice make a drink colder? (13-4827.) What are coldstorage warehouses? Why is cold storage a good thing for us? (2-535.)

## THE AIR WE BREATHE

1. Composition and extent of the air. Could We Reach Another World? (4-1353.)
2. Importance of air.

Life and the Lungs. (4-1325.)
Some Exercises to Practice at Home. (15-5332.)
What to Do in Cases of Drowning. (17-6147.)

What is the air made of? (12-4504.) Is the air part of the earth? How high does the air go? What happens to the air as we go up? (1-143.) If we could go on traveling upward, where should we end? (176175.) Could we reach another world? (41353.) Where does the oxygen in the sun come from? (14-5225.) Why do the hills look blue at a distance? (9-3102.) Why does the air not stop the light of the sun? (15-5620.) How much water can air hold? (8-2921.) Does the air ever get used up? (1-312.)

What is the real name for breathing? What do we breathe in from the air? What do we breathe out into the air? (4-1325.) How is the air filtered as it comes into the lungs? What is important for us to remember? (4-1326.) What are the following: the lungs (4-1329); the diaphragm (4-1326)? Is oxygen a food? Do people suffer from "air-hunger"? (6-2186.) Do trees breathe? (11-4093.) What part of the air do trees use? (11-4094.) Does a rock breathe? (9-3102.) Do fish need oxygen? Can man get oxygen out of water? (15-5540.) What happens when we have a choking fit? How may we save ourselves? (4-1328.) Why should we wear our clothes

COURSE OF STUDY
3. Ventilation.

Our Unseen Friends and Foes. (2-557.)
4. Air Pressure.

The Pressure of the Air. (15-5285.)
How to Feel the Pressure of the Air. (18-6784.)
Simple Experiments with Air and Water. (19-7083.)

## QUESTIONS

loose and not tight? (4-1329.) Perform a set of exercises that will keep you in good health. (15-5332.)

What is the most common poison for us? (3-806.) What is foul air? (4-1329.) How is one able to tell when the air in a room is bad? (4-1330.) What microbes are more destructive than snakes and tigers? Where do these microbes hide? What is the enemy of these microbes? (2-557.) Why should people sleep with their windows open? Why does sleeping out of doors benefit a person? (4-1331.) Where does the bad air go? (4-1453.) Is impure air lighter than pure air? (18-6692.) Is night air bad for us? (12-4278.) Why does damp air often make us ill? (12-4400.) Why are miners not killed by bad air? (2460.) What should be done with the air in shops, factories and places where there are many people? (4-1331.)

We really live at the bottom of an oceanof what? In what way are water and air alike? How are they different? (15-5285.) Has the air weight? (19-7083.) Describe a simple experiment to prove it. (19-7083; 18-6784.) In how many directions does air exert pressure? What experiment would prove this? (19-7083.) Could we breathe without atmospheric pressure? (15-5285.) If air exerts pressure, why do we not feel it? (15-5288.) Who discovered that air exerts pressure? How high will water rise in a pump? Why? If we fill a glass tube, closed at one end, with mercury, and turn it upside down in a cup of mercury, what will happen to the mercury inside the tube? What is the opposing force that holds it up? What fills the space in the tube above the level of the mercury? What do we call such an empty space? How can we measure the pressure of the atmosphere? What happened to a tube of mercury on a mountain? (15-5286.) What relation does atmospheric pressure have to weather? What is the name of the instrument that measures atmospheric pressure? (15-5287.) Are there barometers made without using mercury? What is suction? Why does soda water run up a straw when you draw on the straw? How does an ink-dropper work? Why does the ink not run out? (15-5288.) Explain how a lift-pump works. Who discovered the law of equal pressure? How can we prove that air exerts an equal pressure in

## COURSE OF STUDY

5. Liquid Air.
6. Balloons, Airships and Airplanes. The Riders on the Wind. (1-167.) Making a Hot-air Balloon. (10-3770.)

## QUESTIONS

all directions? What is Boyle's Law? (155289.) Who is the man that fastened two things together with nothing? (4-1244.) What is a siphon? ( $15-5365 ; 2-622$.) How does it work? What would be the effect of lengthening the long arm of a siphon? (15-5365.) How and why can a glass of water be inverted with the aid of a card without spilling the water? (19-7083.) What do scientists mean by the term "millibar"? (14-4952.) How does the pressure of air affect the boiling-point of water? (12-4277.) What is the specific gravity of air? Why does a balloon rise? Why will it not go up forever? (14-5038.)

What is liquid air? What is it used for? What happens to it? What does solid air look like? (15-5425.)

When were balloons first used? Where? What is the disadvantage of traveling in a balloon? For what purposes have balloons been used? (1-167.) Who is the founder of the airship? What are these ships now called? Are these ships lighter or heavier than air? What were airships used for during the war? Mention one notable flight of an airship. (1-168.) Mention one disaster. (1-178.) Is it likely that airships will be used instead of ocean liners? (1168.) Who is the father of the flying-machine as we have it to-day? Is this machine lighter or heavier than air? (1-168.) Who were the brothers that perfected the airplane? When was this accomplished? Why was their invention hailed with great excitement? (1-170.) What is a hydroplane? Why is it that the higher an aviator goes the safer he is? How do aviators keep from falling? How high may an aviator fly? (1-172.) What was the influence of the World War on flight? (1-173.) What quality must a successful aviator possess? Why do aviators lose their sense of balance in the air? Why was the airplane so valuable in the War? What improvements have been made since the War? What notable achievements have been accomplished with airplanes? What will determine the speed at which man may fly? (1-174.) In what ways is the airplane very useful at present? (8-2658, 2808.)

## TESTS (SCIENCE, 7тн GRADE)

Here are 30 easy questions. Answer 25 . Count 4 for each correct one.

## FALSE-TRCE

If the statement is true put a check after it; if false put a cross.

1. Ice-crearn produces heat.
2. An expensive food is more nourishing than a cheap food.
3. A meat diet is unhealthful.
4. Food should be well chewed.
5. Boiled water is safe to drink.
6. It is easier to swim in fresh water than in sea-water.
7. When oil and water are mixed, the oil sinks to the bottom.
8. The higher up we go the heavier the air becomes.
9. Impure air is heavier than pure air.
10. The higher an aviator goes the safer he is.

## COMPLETION

Fill in the proper word or words.

1. If one is overweight he should not eat
2. The organisms which cause food to spoil are called $\qquad$
3. We should drink only milk that has been
4. The most dangerous source of water pollution is $\qquad$
5. A person can go without for many days, but not without $\qquad$
6. Water always seeks its own $\qquad$
7. Boiling water $\qquad$ be made hotter.
8. We breathe in $\qquad$ and we breathe out $\qquad$
9. ............ and ............ are the enemies of microbes.
10. A balloon rises because $\qquad$

## SELECTION

Each sentence talks about three things. Only one of the three is correct. Draw a line under the correct one.

1. In the summer we should eat plenty of (meat; vegetables; ice-cream).
2. An important fresh-water fish is (trout; cod; halibut).
3. (Argentina; Cuba; Brazil) is noted for the production of coffee.
4. (Sweden; Mexico; Holland) is rich in water power.
5. An artesian well supplies (oil; water; gas).
6. An aerator is a place where (sewage is disposed of; water is purified; milk is pasteurized).
7. Trees breathe (oxygen; nitrogen; carbon dioxide).
8. Microbes like (sunshine; darkness; fresh air).
9. Air exerts pressure (in all directions; upwards; downwards).
10. The instrument that measures the pressure of the atmosphere is called a (hydrometer; thermometer; barometer).

# SCIENCE, 8TH GRADE 

Average Age, 13 to $14 \frac{1}{2} 2$

## THE CLOTHES WE WEAR

COURSE OF STUDY

1. WHAT OUR CLOTHES ARE MADE OF.
(a) Wool.

Wool and Its Story. (15-5574.)
The Sheep and Goais. (4-1369.)
(b) Cotton:

How Cotton Becomes Cloth. (14-5166.)
Plants That Clothe Us. (8-2782.)
(c) Linen.

How IV
Plants That Clothe Us. (8-2782.)

## QUESTIONS

Why are we really putting on animal's coat when we dress? Are we cruel to the sheep when we take his wool? What are two valuable characteristics of wool fibre? How many sheep are supplying the world with wool? (15-5575.) How much wool does a sheep produce? (15-5576.) How many pounds of wool does the world produce each year? (15-5578.) How old is the wool industry? What is the greatest sheep-raising country in the world? (155576.) What other countries produce much wool? (15-5576; 9-3208.) Why must we buy wool although we are the third largest producers? (9-3208.) Mention four different people that the sheep benefit. (41370.) What sheep furnishes a fine grade of wool? (15-5576.) What are the two distinct kinds of cloth into which wool is woven? (15-5577.) Briefly describe the steps in the process of making woolen cloth. (15-5578.) What country manufactures the most woolen goods? (4-1370.)

What is the most valuable fibre in the world? What does cotton come from? (14-5167.) What countries produce cotton? (14-5167; 5-1626.) In what part of the U. S. is most of our cotton grown? (14-5167; 5-1626; 13-4524.) Why does the U. S. both sell and buy cotton? Where does most of the cotton come from that we buy? (14-5168.) What is the name of the cotton with the long fibre that we raise? (14-5168; 8 2678.) How are the seeds separated from the fibre? (14-5167.) How did the invention of the cotton-gin aid slavery? (61912.) What are the seeds used for? (145168.) What is the enemy of the cotton plant? (18-6729; 5-1626; 8-2784.) What country manufactures the best cotton cloth? What country manufactures the most cotton cloth? Which of the United States make the most cotton goods? (14-5168.) Describe the different processes in the manufacture of cotton cloth. (14-5170.) What is yarn? Fibre? (14-5168.) Bobbin? (14-5172.) Mule? (14-5173.) Warp? (14-5175.) Loom? (14-5176.)

From what plant is linen made? What country raises the best flax? (9-3317.) What are some of the uses to which the flax
(d) Silk.

The Wonder of a Piece of Silk. (15-5307.)
(e) Leather.

Nothing Like Leather. (5-1549.)
The Story in a Pair of Shoes. (18-6440.)
(f) Fur.

Canada and the Fur Trade. (12-4337.)
Fur-farming in Canada. (13-4693.)

## QUESTIONS

plant is put? (8-2786.) What is the earliest knowledge we have of the use of linen? What country produces the best linen? (93317.) What other countries weave a good linen? (9-3216, 3317.) Explain briefly the steps in the manufacture of linen. (93318.)

What gives us our silk? (15-5307.) Upon what does the silkworm feed? (15-5308.) Can silkworms be raised in the U. S.? (15$5308 ; 9-3214$.) Why must the silkworm die in order to give us silk? (15-5309.) What is it that the wisest man can do no better than a boy? (15-5310.) What country has been engaged in the silk industry for thousands of years? What countries in Europe have been great silk producers? (18-6529.) What is the annual world production? (18-6731.) What country is the largest user of silk? In what condition is the silk that is imported? (9-3214.) Why is this country the largest user of silk? What is the leading state in silk manufacture? What city leads the world in the manufacture of silk? (9-3216.) What is artificial silk made of? What country makes enormous quantities of artificial silk? (13-4828.) What is rayon? How is it made? (15-5310.)

How far back in history has leather been used? What strange things has leather been used for? From what does leather come? (5-1549.) Name some of the animals from which we get our leather. (5-1550; 93216.) What part of the world's leather does the U. S. produce? How much leather does the U. S. use? (9-3216.) Why is the supply of leather growing smaller? Why is leather constantly growing more expensive? (5-1551.) What kinds of leather are used for shoes? (18-6445.) What was the first foot-covering like? (18-6446.) What is the centre of shoe-manufacturing in America? What are the following: upper, sole, heel, last? (18-6442.) What substitutes are used to take the place of leather? (51551.)

In what part of the world does most of the trapping take place? Why? (12-4337.) What is the largest fur-trading company in the world? What portion of all furs is exported by this company? What skin is used as money in the fur country? (12-4340.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

(g) Rubber.

The Story of Rubber. (4-1404.)

## QUESTIONS

What is the greatest enemy of the furhunter? Why is it called "The Evil One"? What is the best season for trapping? Why? Why is the trapper's life a lonely and dangerous one? Who make the best trappers? How are the furs finally disposed of? (124341.) What is the pay of the trapper for his winter's work? (12-4342.) Why are fur-bearing animals being raised? What animals are being raised for their fur? (134693.) What are some of the difficulties met with in raising foxes? (13-4696.) What city is the centre of fur-trading in the U. S.? (18-6426.)

From what is rubber obtained? (4-1404.) How was rubber discovered? Where does the name India-rubber come from? (41405.) What was the greatest step in the development of the rubber industry? (41406.) Who discovered the process of vulcanizing? (4-1406; 19-7211.) What is meant by "vulcanizing"? (19-7211.) Name three articles of clothing made possible by this discovery. (4-1406.)
2. HOW TO TEST CLOTHING MATERIALS.
How to Test for Pure Silk. (2-621.) Simple Tests for Cotton, Linen, Wool and Silk. (5-1774.)
3. HOW OUR CLOTHES ARE COLORED.
4. SELECTION OF PROPER CLOTHES.
5. CARE OF OUR CLOTHES.

The Right Way to Mend Things. (13-4737.)
How to Knit a Child's Sock. (13-4851.)
How to Make Old Clothes New. (11-3857.)

What are simple tests for cotton; for linen; for wool; for silk? (5-1774.) How can we find out whether silk is pure? (2-621.)

How do the colors come to be in the cloth? (14-5168.) What plants produce dyes? (9-3152; 5-1627.) What are aniline dyes? Coal-tar dyes? (13-4531.)

Why does a woolen garment keep us warm when a cotton or a linen one does not? Why should we wear wool next to our bodies in a changeable climate? (15-5577.) Why do we wear light things in summer and dark things in winter? (14-5086.) Why is tight clothing bad for us? (8-3013.) Why does starch stiffen clothing? (113978.) What do shoes do to our feet? (51677.) How may shoes injure our feet? (18-6446.)

What is the chief cause of the dirt in our clothes? (4-1355.) What will remove grease-spots? (15-5335; 2-618.) When should stains be removed from clothes? What should you find out before trying to remove a stain? What is a safe remedy for nearly every variety of stain? Why should

## COURSE OF STUDY

The Right Way to Clean Things. (15-5335.)
How to Remove Stains. (2-618.)

## QUESTIONS

chemicals be used with care? How can you remove grass stains? Iron rust? (2-618.) Why does hot water clean things better than cold? (4-1355.) If your clothes become splashed with mud, what is the best thing to do? How can you remove the following: dirt-marks; ink-spots? (15-5335.) Why does ink stain while water does not? (6-2252.)

## THE STORY OF ELECTRICITY

1. WHAT IS ELECTRICITY?
(a) Magnetism, frictional and current electricity.
The Pull of the Earth. (14-5177.) What Gravitation Means. (13-4795.)
How to Read the Mariner's Compass. (16-5984.)
How Magnetism Marks the Miles. (1-76.)
The Story of Electricity. (16-5665.) Men Who Found Electricity. (4-1243.)
A Modern Wizard. (17-6133.)
Electricity at Home. (5-1773.)
What Makes the Electric Bell Ring? (16-5801.)
How to Repair an Extension Cord. (6-2045.)

Do magnets ever lose their magnetic power? (10-3581.) Why is a needle no heavier when magnetized? (11-3976.) What are magnetic lines of force? (16-5667.) What are magnetic poles? (16-5668.) How can the compass be turned from the north? (41251.) When was electricity first used? How was the first kind of electricity produced? What was the earliest substance known to show the property of attraction? (16-5665.) What was the first use to which electricity was put? (4-1253.) When did the world begin to take a real interest in electricity? (4-1243.) How did electricity get its name? (4-1244.) What man's name was given to the electric waves? (4-1254.) Name three men whose names are connected with electricity and tell what each did. (4-1243-54.) What are some of the big things that Edison invented or perfected? (176136.) What are the sources of electricity? (9-3212; 16-5673, 5674.) What is it that converts these sources into electricity? (16-5673.) What are the two kinds of electricity? (4-1246; 16-5666; 12-4290.) What are the two kinds of current? Of what use is each? How is the pressure of an electric current measured? (16-5674.) How long does it take for electricity to travel? (4-1248.) How is resistance measured? (16-5674.) When are high voltages used? What is a fuse? What does it do? How does the electric company know how much electricity you have used? (16-5675.) What produces electricity by chemical action? (4-1251.) What is a storage battery? Why is it important? For what is it used? (16-5676.) How does an electric battery work? (16-5672.) What is meant by joining cells "in series"? (16-5676.) Upon what does the voltage of a storage battery depend? Upon what does the capacity depend? Why must a storage battery bo charged from time to time? What are troo

## COURSE OF STUDY

2 POWER BY ELECTRICITY.
(a) The dynamo.

How Water Is Transformed into Power. (15-5438.)
Water Power of the World. (15-5429.)
Niagara's Vast Supplies of Power. (15-5434.)
Where Electric Power Is Generated. (17-6135.)
The Biggest Generator in the World. (15-5437.)
(b) The electromagnet.

What Electricity Can Do. (16-5797.)
One of the Biggest Lifting Magnets. (16-5796.)
How the Giant Magnets Are Used. (16-5799.)
(c) Electric trains, trolleys and elevators. How Elevators Go Up and Down. (4-1215.)

## QUESTIONS

serious faults with storage batteries? (165677.) What is a Daniell's cell? (165672.) What happens when we press the button of an electric bell? (16-5798.) What makes the bell ring? (16-5801.) What are ions? (16-5672.) What are ohms? (16-5673.) What is an electroscope? What does it do? What is the aurora borealis? What causes it? Over what parts of the earth is it most common? (16-5670.) Can electricity disperse a fog? (3-981.) Does electricity affect the growth of plants? (7-2609.) Suppose the insulation wears off the cord of your electric iron. What might happen? How would you repair it? (6-2045.) Describe an experiment with electricity that can be tried at home. (5-1773.) What would you do for a person who had received an electric shock? (165981.)

Give two advantages of making electricity by water power. (15-5429.) What is a dynamo? An armature? (16-5668.) What is the principle of the electric dynamo? (41252 ; $16-5667,5674$. ) What things are made possible by the dynamo? (4-1252; 16-5671.) Where is the largest turbine in the world? What is a turbine? How does it work? (15-5429.) What does the expression "horse-power" mean? (2-689.) How is power carried to a distance? (14-5221.)

What is the electromagnet? (4-1252; 165672, 5798.) To what uses is the electromagnet put? (16-5799.) What is the great advantage of the electromagnet? (16-5798.) What two great purposes does the electromagnet serve? (16-5802.) How does it help the doctor? What device in your home depends upon it? (16-5798.) Mention some other devices that depend upon the electromagnet. (16-5800.)

What public conveyances are run by electricity? How does the trolley pick up the power which drives it? (16-5804.) At what two times in the running of a trolley is the demand upon the power greatest? What is the advantage of electric railways over steam railways? What is the "dead man's handle"? How does it increase safety on trains? Why can electric cars go down hills that would be impossible for horsedrawn cars? How is power supplied to electric trains? What are the difficulties in supplying power on long-distance railways?

## COURSE OF STUDY

(d) Lightning.

## QUESTIONS

(16-5805.) In what way do automatic signals add greatly to the safety of travel? (16-5806.) What are the two types of electric elevator? (4-1217.) How high can an electric elevator go? (4-1214.) What would happen if the rope broke? (4-1218.)

What does nature supply that is more powerful than any electric machine made by man? (16-5670.) What is the force in lightning that kills a man? (15-5620.) How is lightning caused by drops of rain? (8-2924.) How powerful is a flash of lightning? (16-5670.) Where does the lightning go when it reaches the ground? (165744.) Why does lightning strike some things and not others? (6-2125.) What is a lightning-conductor? How does it guard a house from danger? (16-5670.)

What is the poor man's treasure which once kings could not buy? (3-994.) Who invented the electric arc? What other imporiant form of light did he invent? (165937.) How does the arc light work? (165937; 3-993.) What are the differences between a carbon and a tungsten lamp? Why is the tungsten lamp so popular? (165938.) How is a tungsten lamp made? (16-5939; 3-994.) What is carbon? Filament? (3-994.) What makes the glow in an electric light? (5-1608.) What gases are now put in many lamp bulbs? Why? (16-5939.) Can you fit up an electric light in your cellar or room? (6-2167.)

Where is the most intense heat made that man can produce? How high a temperature can be secured in an electric furnace? (165944.) Why is an electric furnace called an "electric sun"? (16-5948.) Why is an electric furnace expensive to run? What are its advantages? What is it used for extensively? (16-5946.) What substance is obtained from the air by means of the electric furnace? ( $16-5804,5946$.) Why is it so valuable? (16-5946.) What is welding? For what purposes is it used? For what other purposes is the electric furnace used? (16-5948.)

What do we mean when we say that we hear a sound? (17-6183.) Who invented the telephone? (17-6242.) How does a telephone work? (17-6184.) What happens when you call a number? (17-6185,

## COURSE OF STUDY

The Pioneers of the Telephone. (17-6247.)
The Makers of Telegraphs, Telephones and Wireless. (17-6235.)
(b) The Telegraph.

The Wonders of the Wires. (17-6062.)
How We Send a Telegram. (17-6049.)
The Makers of Telegraphs, Telephones and Wireless. (17-6235.)
The Men Who Invented Telegraphs. (17-6239.)
The Wire That Runs Under the Sea. (12-4293.)
(c) Wireless Telegraphy.

Messages That Fly Through Space. (17-6061.)
The Makers of Telegraphs, Telephones and Wireless. (17-6235.)

## QUESTIONS

6186.) What is "Information"? In what ways can you show good manners in using the telephone? (17-6186.) How are calls made between central offices? (17-6187.) How does the dial, or machine-switching, telephone work? What countries use the most telephones? (17-6188.) What uses are made of the telephone? (17-6183.) Where do the wires run? (17-6182, 6189.) How can you make a toy telephone? (176183.) What is the dictaphone? Why is it useful in business? (17-6136:) Can a picture be transmitted over a telephone line? How? (17-6056, 6060, 5188.)

What two men invented the telegraph? (17-6239.) How is a telegram sent from one city to another? (17-6049.) What would be the route of a telegram from Trenton to San Francisco? How is it possible for several messages to be sent over the same wire at the same time? (176052.) How is the message received at the other end? (17-6053.) What are the little white cups on the telegraph poles? (16-5962.) Why are the glass or porcelain insulators on the poles? (165666.) What are the wire hooks on the cross-bars of the poles? (7-2612.) Why do the telegraph wires vibrate or hum? (15-5614.) Whose work made the submarine telegraph possible? (17-6241.) How was the first cable across the ocean laid? What difficulties were met? (124295.) How many tons of copper are used in an Atlantic cable? (12-4296.) What is used to insulate the cable? (12-4296, 4298.) Why must a cable be so well protected? (12-4298.) How do men find where a fault is in the Atlantic cable? (1-188.) About how many miles of submarine cable are in use? How are electric messages sent under the sea? What large bodies of water are crossed by cables? What are codes? Why are they used? Of what advantage are they? How fast can messages be cabled? (17-6054.)

Who invented wireless telegraphy? (176247.) What is the big part that electricity plays in the life of a ship? (12-4416, 4421.) What are some of the uses of wireless on a ship? (12-4421.) How does the wireless tie the ship to the land? (17-6054.) Can trees receive a wireless message? (3-980.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

(d) Radio.

The Wonder of Radio. (17-6363.)
A Crystal Radio Receiving Set. (15-5510.)
How to Make a Simple One-Tube Radio Set. (1-335.)
A Short-Wave Radio Receiving Set. (13-4624.)
How to Prevent Static in Your Radio. (17-6260.)
Enjoy Your Radio on Auto Trips. (16-5977.)

## QUESTIONS

What does radio mean? What do we mean by wave-length? What is "radio frequency"? What are the four requirements of radio? (17-6364.) What does the simplest receiving set require? (17-6366.) What lies behind a radio message? (176367.) What men helped to give radio to the world? What is broadcasting? (176368.) What are amateurs? Are you one? Why is some of the best work in radio being done by youthful amateurs? (17-6373.) What are some of the uses of radio? (176363.) Will radio replace wires? (176370.) How are radiograms sent and received? (17-6371.) Can pictures be sent by radio? When was the first one sent? How far was it sent? (17-6370.) How is it done? (17-6372.) Is it possible to use a radio set on an automobile? What is the most difficult problem in auto-radio? (165977.) What are the objections to installing radio sets on the dashboards of automobiles? (16-5978.) How would you build a crystal receiving set? (15-5510.) How would you make a one-tube set? (1-335.) How would you make a short-wave radio receiving set? (13-4624.) How would you prevent static in your radio? (17-6260.)
6. OTHER USES OF ELECTRICITY. (a) The X-Ray.

The Rays That Show the Invisible. (16-5941.)
The X-Rays and the Power Behind Them. (16-5945.)

Who discovered the X-rays? Why are they valuable? (16-5940.) What danger is attached to the use of the X-ray? (16-5942.) Why are the X -rays useful in surgery? (165940, 5941.) How are X-rays useful in other ways? (16-5943.) Why can we say that the X-rays have opened up a new world to us? (16-5944.)
(b) Electroplating, electrotyping, the electric clock, etc.
Telling Time in a Hundred Rooms. (16-5803.)

How is the silver put on our spoons and forks? (4-1308, 1311.) What is this process called? (4-1308.) What is its value? (16-5802.) What is electrotyping? What is its great advantage in printing? (9-3390.) Have we reached the end of the uses to which we will put electricity? (16-5806.)

## TESTS (SCIENCE, 8тн GRADE)

Here are 30 easy questions. Answer 25. Count 4 for each correct one.

## FALSE-TRUE

If the statement is true put a check after it; if false put a cross.

1. Australia manufactures the most woolen goods.
2. The United States is the largest user of silk.
3. Tight clothing is bad for us,
4. India is a leading fur-producing country.
5. The pressure of an electric current is measured in amperes.
6. Lightning is more powerful than any electric machine.
7. Argon and nitrogen are sometimes put in lamps to make them burn more brightly
8. The United States uses the most telephones.
9. Edison invented wireless telegraphy.
10. Pictures can be sent by radio.

## COMPLETION

Fill in the proper word or words.

1. ............ is the most valuable fibre in the world.
2. Silk comes from the $\qquad$
3. ............ make the best trappers.
4. A ........... garment keeps us warm, but a ............ garment does not.
5. A serious fault with a storage battery is that it is $\qquad$
6. The two kinds of electricity are $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
7. The $\qquad$ converts coal or water power into electricity.
8. The two kinds of current are $\qquad$
$\qquad$
9. The most intense heat that man can produce is the $\qquad$
10. The amount of current ${ }^{\text {' in }}$ a circuit is equal to the $\qquad$ divided by the

## SELECTION

Each sentence talks about three things. Only one of the three is correct. Draw a line under the correct one.

1. Most of our cotton is grown in (the northern part; the eastern part; the southern part).
2. The best linen is made in (the United States; Ireland; Germany).
3. (New York; Chicago; St. Louis) is the centre of fur-trading in the United States.
4. (Woolen; linen; cotton) garments keep us warm.
5. An electric current is measured in (volts; ohms; amperes).
6. The largest turbines are in (the United States; England; France).
7. (The vacuum cleaner; the door bell; the electric iron) depends upon the electromagnet.
8. If the cable of an electric elevator broke, the elevator would (keep on going; stop; fall).
9. The electric light most commonly used in homes is the (arc light; carbon light; tungsten light).
10. The process of coating metal tableware with silver is called (electroplating; electrotyping; electrolysis).

# SCIENCE, 9тн GRADE 

Average Aze, 14 to $151 / 2$
THE STORY OF HEAT

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. FIRE.
(a) Nature of fire; fuels; fire prevention. Why Does the Fire Go Out? (11-3839.)
How Matches Are Made. (19-6965.) Loads of Sunshine for Our Homes. (3-802.)
Coal and What It Can Do. (3-785.) Where Gaslight Comes From. (2-635.)
Oil and What It Can Do. (13-4533.) When the Fire Alarm Rings. (9-3157.)

## QUESTIONS

How did men find fire? (9-3353.) How did they first get fire? What did they burn? How did they light them? (3-989.) Why did our ancestors keep a central fire burning all the time? When the tribe moved, what did they do with the fire? Why did savages worship fire? (19-6965.) What were the early ways of starting a fire? (19-6965; 1-308.) What is the simplest means of lighting a fire? (12-4376.) What do we use to-day? (19-6966.) Why does a match strike? (1-307.) Why is phosphorus put on the tip of the match? (19-6968.) Why does a match flare up when held upside down? (14-5087.) Why does a match go out when we blow it? How can we make it burn more briskly? (3-980.) What is fuel? What is common fuel for fires out of doors? (12-4376.) What is it that happens when a piece of wood is burned? (114096.) What is the most common fuel for the home? What does coal come from? (3-785.) Where is it found? What kind of coal is used in houses? What is it called? (3-786.) What products are obtained from coal? (3-794.) What does gas come from? (2-635.) How is it carried to our houses? (2-638, 645.) For what is it used in our homes? (2-638.) Why does oil burn more easily than some other things? (5-1751.) What are the three sources of oil? (134533.) Where did the oil come from in olden times? (3-996.) Where does it come from to-day? (3-996; 13-4534.) How did it get into the depths of the earth? (134535.) Where is oil found in the United States? How is oil wasted? (13-4538.) What is another name for oil? (13-4534.) In what ways is oil better than coal? (134538.) Where has oil taken the place of coal? Why will oil never completely take the place of coal? (13-4539.) How is oil brought to our towns? (13-4552.) What important products do we get from oil? (13-4539.) What is oil used for in the home? (3-996.) How did we get the word "kerosene"? (134534.) Why is kerosene useful in the home? (13-4539.) What makes flames dance in an open-grate fire? (14-5221.) Does smoke always come from a fire? (15-5517.) Why does celluloid catch fire so easily? (103477.) Why does not iron burn in the fire?
2. THE NATURE OF HEAT.
(a) What it is.
(b) Sources: the sun, interior of earth, friction, burning, electricity.
(c) Kinds of heat.
(d) Specific heat.
(e) References:

Hot Things and Cold Things. (15-5423.)
The Sun and Its Power. (9-3171.)
How Heat Works for Us. (15-5569.)
Electric Light and Heat. (16-5937.)
Inside the Wonderful Ball. (2-385.)

## QUESTIONS

(4-1356.) Why is the fire hot? (16-5846.) What is our most useful servant? What does fire do for us? Why is fire like a slave ready to rebel? (9-3157.) What fires are the most to be dreaded? (9-3160.) Why are fire departments necessary? Why have they fewer fires in Europe than in America? How may fires be prevented? (9-3164.) Why is a fire pail filled with sand? (41452.) What are the dangers of fire in your home? In the school or public buildings? (10-3772.) How may each one of us help to prevent fires? (9-3164.)

What is heat? (15-5423, 5569.) Is it a kind of matter? Can it be weighed? (155423.) What is the source of all our heat? (15-5571; 8-2664; 9-3171.) Why is the sun "the great source of the power which sustains all life"? (9-3178.) What is the temperature of the sun? (9-3172.) Will the sun ever be as cold as the earth? (145220.) In what part of the earth is there great heat? (7-2313.) How do we know? (9-3208; 2-730; 7-2574.) How is a volcano formed? (8-2873; 2-385.) How can you make heat without fire? (15-5569; 113840.) What substance has the power to heat the earth for ages? (2-388.) What produces the most intense heat that man can make? (16-5944.) What is the greatest heat man can produce? (16-5944; 93172.) What happens in the fierce heat of an arc-flame? Why is this called an "electric sun"? Why must the welder screen his eyes? What are some of the uses of the electric furnace? (16-5948.) Can we add heat to a thing without making it hotter? Give an example. (16-5661.) What are the two kinds of heat? (13-4666.) What do we call a fixed quantity of heat? What happens to the heat when ice turns into water? (16-5662.) What is latent heat? When the temperature does not change by adding heat, what does change? What is sensible heat? (16-5661.) What happens to the heat which becomes hidden in a basin of ice and water? (16-5662.) What is specific heat? Why does the same amount of heat make one thing hotter than another? Why does the teapot keep hot so long? What is the specific heat of water compared with other things? What connection has this with "island climates"? (16-5663.) What is the law of conservation of energy? How can heat be changed into work, and work into heat? What is the machine that gives heat when we want it to give work? (15-

COURSE OF STUDY
3. MEASUREMENT OF HEAT.

Thermometers. (7-2648.)
Heat and Temperature. (16-5661.)
4. EFFECTS OF HEAT.
(a) Expansion of solids, liquids, gases. Making a Hot-air Balloon. (10-3770.)
(b) Fusion: welding.
5. MOVEMENT OF HEAT.
(a) By conduction, convection, radiation.

## QUESTIONS

5570.) Why can we never get a really perfect machine? (15-5571.)

What is the instrument that measures heat? How is it different from a thermometer? (16-5662.) What is a thermometer? What does it measure? What is temperature? Why is temperature not the amount of heat in a thing? (15-5572.) How is a thermometer made? What are the two most common kinds of thermometers? What is the freezing-point on each? The boiling-point? (15-5573.) If the glass tube and the mercury expanded at the same rate when heated, what would happen? How much more does the mercury expand than the glass? (72648.)

What happens to a thing when it is heated? (11-3977.) What happens to the molecules of water when the water is heated? (15$5424 ; 13-4666$.) What happens to a piece of iron when it is heated? (12-4157.) Does a thing weigh heavier or lighter when hot or cold? How much space does it occupy compared with what it occupied before? (113977.) Why does hot water take up more room than cold water? (16-5960.) Where is the hottest water in a kettle? Where is the hottest air in a room? Why? (113977.) Why does hot water crack thick glass more easily than thin? (13-4828.) What is the metal that will stand great heats? In what very common and necessary household appliance is it used? (16-5938.)

In what ways does heat travel from place to place? ( $15-5426,5427$.) Why does a pin get hot if rubbed against a stone? Would a match-stick get hot? Why? (11-3840.) Why does iron feel colder than wood? (41451.) Why do we put a spoon in a glass before pouring in hot water? What kind of conductor of heat is a spoon? What kind of spoon would be best? Why will any metal spoon do? (9-3354.) Why are spaces left between the rails? (15-5569.) What materials are good conductors of heat? What are bad conductors? (15-5427.) How does the water in the kettle become heated all through? (15-5426.) How can a row of boys show the ways in which heat travels? (15-5427.) Why does a full bottle keep hot longer than one half full? ( $10-$ 3475.) Why is the air warmer near the ground than up above? (8-2664.) Why does heat make things seem to quiver? ( 5 1751.) Why does a flame rise to a thing

COURSE OF STUDY

## QUESTIONS

held above it? How can a poker help the fire to burn? (11-4133.) What is a thermos bottle? What kind of conductor must a thermos bottle be? What is there between the outer and inner walls of the bottle? In what way is a thermos bottle useful on outings? What does a thermos bottle do to hot things? To cold things? (17-6174.)
6. CHANGING A LIQUID TO A GAS. Why does a wet plate get dry if we leave it (a) Evaporation.
(b) The boiling point.
7. THE HEAT OF THE BODY.
8. COLD.
alone? What do we call this? At what temperatures will evaporation occur? What conditions are best for evaporation? What are bad for it? (3-981.) How are our bodies kept cool in summer and warm in winter? (4-1418.) What happens when the weather is what we call "close"? (41419.) Why are some days hotter than others? On what kind of day will evaporation from our bodies be fast? On what kind of day will it be slow? When do we feel hot? When do we feel cool? (18-6556.) Why does heat crack wood? (17-6289.) Why does heat make paper curl? (9-3356.)

What is boiling? (8-3014.) What happens to water when it boils? (15-5424.) Does heating boiling water make it hotter? (165661.) Upon what does the boiling-point of water depend? What substances have high boiling-points? What substances have low boiling-points? (8-3014.) Where will water boil at less than $212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ? Where must it have more than $212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. to boil? When water is boiling why can it not be made hotter? (13-4595.)

Where does the warmth in our bodies come from? (14-5218.) What do we mean when we speak of a calorie? How much heat is needed by the human body each day? How much food should we eat each day? (186694.) Why do our faces keep warm without clothes? What is the difference between being cold and feeling cold? (8-2720.) Is our blood cold when we feel cold? (72485.) What makes our teeth chatter when we are cold? (10-3475.) Why is it that if a cold object is passed over our skin, it feels colder in spots, and a hot object feels hotter in spots? (4-1419.) Why does boiling water feel cold when we put our hand into it? (14-4950.) Why are dark things warmer than light things? (3-877.)

What happens when things cool? To what temperature will water condense when cooled? What happens to it below that

## COURSE OF STUDY

## 9. ICE.

## QUESTIONS

point? Does ice take up more or less room than it did as water? Why does an iceberg float? How much of the ice is above water? How much below water? (4-1355.) Why does a piece of ice make a drink colder? What happens to the heat that was in the drink? (13-4827.) Why is a snowflake lighter than a raindrop? (9-3101.) How does salt melt snow? (12-4505.) What is frost? (14-4905.) Why will windows of cold rooms show better frost pictures than windows of warm rooms? (14-4906.) Can anything boil when it is cold? (8-3014.) Can ice be cooled? What happens to its molecules as it is cooled? Can a thing be cooled until its molecules will not move at all? What is the lowest temperature to which matter can be reduced? ( $15-5424$. ) What is that temperature called? What is matter like at absolute zero? Why do we believe that matter does not disappear at absolute zero? What is liquid air? What does it look like? How cold is it? What is it used for? What is constantly happen. ing to it? What is solid air? (15-5425.) How near have we come to absolute zero? Why is it hard to get all the heat out of a thing? (15-5426.)

## THE STORY OF LIGHT

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. THE NATURE OF LIGHT.
(a) How caused; speed; intensity; uses; darkness.
Light and What Makes It. (16-5807.)
A Fairy-fountain Experiment. (2-627.)
How Do We Know the Speed of Light? (10-3473.)
What a Light-year Is. (11-3925.)
The Men Who Gave Us Light. (3-989.)
Where Gaslight Comes From. (2-635.)
Oil and What It Can Do. (13-4533.)
Electric Light and Heat. (16-5937.)
Why Can't I See in the Dark? (5-1807.)
Does Light Die Away? (10-3577.)

## QUESTIONS

What is the modern theory of light? What are atoms? What are electrons? If we compare the electrons to planets and the atoms to suns, what are three differences between the movements of electrons and the movements of planets? (16-5808.) Do light waves move like sound waves? (165812.) Why will a ray of light not spread out and fill a room? (16-5811.) What could you compare the movement of a light wave to? (16-5812.) Are light waves and electric waves alike? (17-6080.) Is all light the same? (11-3922.) How are different kinds of light produced? (16-5809.) From what kind of bodies does light usually come? Is there such a thing as coid light? (12-4157.) What is meant by phosphorescent light? (2-586.) Do we see things in the distance or the light that comes from them? (2-458.) Why is the world light when the sun is behind clouds? (16-5744.) Why do metals let light through when beaten thin? (5-1750.) Does light exert pressure? (16-5809.) What is the pressure of the

## COURSE OF STUDY

## 2. REFLECTION OF LIGHT. <br> How to See Through a Brick. (12-4377.) <br> Mirrors in Which to See Ourselves. (18-6752.)

## QUESTIONS

sun's light on the earth? (10-3665.) What chemical action of light is evident in the home? (10-3683.) Why do things turn yellow with age? (14-5085.) Why does the sun fade carpets and not flowers? (41354.) Does light move? How fast does it travel? (16-5807.) How do we know the speed of light? (10-3473.) How does light make its journey from the sun to the earth? What becomes of the light during the eight minutes it is traveling from the sun to the earth? (13-4666.) Why does the air not stop the light of the sun? (15-5620.) As we move away from light, what seems to happen to its power or intensity? (176081; 10-3577.) What is the law for the intensity of light? (17-6081.) Does light die away? (10-3577.) Does light enter our bodies? Is it necessary to keep us alive? (6-2186.) What is the effect of light upon our health? Why should we live in the light as much as possible? (4-1415.) What is the effect of light upon plants? (2-745; 41475.) How is light useful in medicine? (15-5492.) How does light measure distances? (9-3033.) What is a light-year? (11-3925, 4038.) What are some of the ways of obtaining artificial light? (3-989; $2-635 ; 13-4540$.) What is darkness? (51807.) Why are the shadows longer at the end of day? (4-1230.) Why is it dark at night? (1-78.) When is it darkest? (124506.) When we say a place is dark is there really no light present at all? Could cats see if it were entirely dark? Why can cats and tigers see so much better than we in places with very little light? (5-1807.)

Can we see through a brick? How is it possible? What is the law of light upon which this depends? (12-4377.) Why do some substances absorb light and others not? When a substance absorbs light, what happens to the light? How does light pass through a pane of glass? Is there any substance that lets all the light through? What proof have we? What do we call the turning back of light by a substance? What is the law of reflection? (17-6081.) How does still water reflect a distant scene? (3978.) How do clouds stop sunlight? (41453.) Why does the sea look blue? Why does the color of the sea change so much and so often? (6-2124.) How are we able to see lightning below the horizon? (82924.) Why do we see in a mirror things not in front of it? (4-1230.) Why does a face in a mirror seem crooked? (17-6285.)

COURSE OF STUDY
3. REFRACTION OF LIGHT.
(a) Nature of refraction.

How a Magnifying Glass Makes Things Bigger. (2-462.)
Seeing What Is Not There. (5-1806.)
(b) The eye.

The Story of the Eye. (10-3683.)
(c) The camera.

Photography Without a Camera. (8-2739.)
Using the Camera Outdoors. (13-4617.)
Making Moving Pictures. (18-6593.)
Photography on a Table. (18-6517.)
(d) The telescope.

What We Know About the Stars. (11-3921.)
Making a Simple Telescope. (12-4265.)

## QUESTIONS

What is a concave mirror? (13-4669.) What is used for mirrors? What was formerly used? What is poured on the glass? What does this do to the light waves that strike the glass? Why is it better than mercury and tin? (18-6752.)
What is refraction? ( $10-3686 ; 17-6081$. Describe an experiment to show refraction of light. (2-622.) What is a lens? (134669.) From what are lenses made? What do we call this bending of the light waves by the lenses? What is a convex lens? (134670.) Why does water always seem shallower than it is? (2-688.) Why do houses seem crooked when we look across a fire? (5-1752.) What is a mirage? (5-1810.) How is a mirage caused by refracted light? (5-1806.)
Can we always believe our own eyes? (82746.) How can we judge real or pictured distance? (3-1116.) How does the eye change the course of light? (17-6081.) Why cannot we see very small things with our naked eye? (14-4952.) Why do we see a black spot in the sky after looking at the sun? (14-4950.) What is meant by "errors of refraction"? What is meant when we say that a person is near-sighted? Farsighted? What is the cause of each? How is each condition remedied? Why do people need glasses? What do glasses do for people? (10-3686.) Do a horse's eyes magnify? (17-6178.) Explain the following terms: epidermis (10-3683), convex, retina, cornea, iris, pupil, aqueous humor (10-3684), lens (10-3685).
Why is it that the camera can see things that our eyes cannot see? (17-6080.) Can we take pictures without a camera? (82739.) Why is the camera useful in astronomy? (1-288.) Is there any motion in "moving" pictures? (18-6596.) How are the moving-picture plays made? How are the pictures made? Explain the working of the moving-picture camera. (18-6597.) What happens to the films after they have been exposed? (18-6598.) How are trick pictures made? (18-6602.) How are the cartoons made for the films? (2-456.)
What is a simple telescope? Explain how to make a simple telescope. (12-4265.) Who made the first telescope? (13-4671; 10-3411; 1-280.) Why is the telescope important? (1-280.) Why do we never see the stars exactly where they are? (176082.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

(e) The microscope.

The Story of the Microscope. (13-4669.)
Peeps Through a Microscope. (1-218.)
4. COLOR.

Where Color Comes From. (17-6079.)
The Eye's Wonderful Curtain. (11-3804.)

## QUESTIONS

How does the lens make things appear larger in the microscope? (13-4670; 2-462.) What are some of the uses of the microscope? (13-4670.)

What is color? (17-6079.) How is it made? (17-6079; 11-3804.) Of what colors is white light made? (11-3804.) Does all light contain the same colors? What use do we make of this fact? What happens to light when it passes through a prism? Why is this possible? (11-3922.) What makes us see different colors? (113804.) What causes the rainbow? Where do the colors in the rainbow come from? (16-5810.) How does the eye see all the colors of the rainbow? (11-3804.) How many colors has the rainbow? (7-2486.) What is the band of colors in the rainbow called? How can we get the colors out of a beam of sunlight? (16-5810.) What is the study of the band of colors called? What does it tell us? How can a piece of glass tell us what the stars are made of? (16-5811.) When we are looking at a rainbow can people see the other side? (62251.) How does refraction produce color? (17-6082.) What makes the colors of the sunset? (18-6552.) Have things any color at night? (8-2874.) Is there a color our eyes cannot see? (10-3579.) Why are dark things warmer than light things? (3-877.) Why do dark things look smaller than light things? (6-2122.) What makes the fire change color? (16-5746.) Why do the hills look blue at a distance? (9-3102.) Why, if we look at red, do we afterward see green? (2-687.) Why does a piece of blue cloth look black in a red light? What is the difference between luminous and nonluminous things? How are colors produced by reflection? (17-6082.) Why is foam white? (17-6176.) Why is the snow white? (18-6694.) Why is the sky in Italy so blue? (17-6179.) Is there any color in the sea? How far down into the sea can light penetrate? Do all colors penetrate the same distance? Which color goes down farthest? Is there any light at the bottom of the sea? Why? (11-3841.) Why do some colors change in artificial light? (7-2360.)

## THE STORY OF SOUND

## COURSE OF STUDY

1. THE NATURE OF SOUND.
(a) Cause, speed, mediums of sound, sympathetic vibration.
The Waves of Sound. (17-6313.)
The Behavior of a Sound. (19-6851.)
A Box That Draws Voice Pictures. (17-6145.)

## QUESTIONS

What is sound? (12-4156.) How is sound produced? (18-6437.) Does sound travel in straight lines? (2-586.) How do the waves of sound move? (18-6437.) What is the difference between light and sound waves? (16-5811.) How are they different from the waves of water? (18-6437.) What do we mean by the length of a soundwave? (8-3016.) How can you draw a picture of a sound on a sheet of paper? (186439.) What do we call the thing through which sound passes? What is the common medium of sound? What are other mediums? Can there be sound where there is no matter? How can we prove that sound passes through the air and not through ether? (17-6313.) Why do we see the puff of smoke from a distant cannon some seconds before we hear the report of the explosion? (17-6314.) How fast does sound travel? Do the speed and direction of sound ever change? (2-586.) What might cause a change? ( $2-586 ; 17-6314$.) Which is the best and which the worst of the following mediums: air, steel, water? (17-6313.) Why will a sound travel faster through iron than through air? (17-6314.) How much faster does sound travel in water than in air? Through what substance does sound travel the fastest? How much faster than through air? (2-586.) Why do we hear well on a clear and frosty night? (17-6314.) Is it true that sound goes on forever? (12-4399.) How does it travel on a fine day? On a windy day? In a fog? (2-586.) Why does fog deaden sounds on the sea? (4-1451.) What has the greatest effect on sound? (2586.) Does sound go through glass? How? (11-3977.) How can sound come into a room through a wall? (12-4279.) Why does a noise occasionally break a window? (7-2611.) Why does the kettle sing? (114134.) How can men watch a sound playing with fire? (19-6855.) Why does a stick make a noise when swung in the air? (12-4281.) Why does a tuning-fork sound louder when it touches wood? (14-4952.) What makes the sea roar? (9-3102.) How is sound made by the wind? (11-3841.) Upon what does the loudness of a sound depend? (18-6438; 19-6854.) What is the law for the loudness of sound? (17-6314.) When we sing a note to the piano, why does it answer? (5-1750.) What do we mean by "sympathetic vibration"? (19-6852.)

## COURSE OF STUDY

2. HOW WE MAKE AND HEAR SOUNDS.
The Voice-box and Its Uses. (10-3555.)
The Marvel of Hearing. (9-3305.)

## QUESTIONS

Where is the voice-box located? By what other names is it known? What is its object? Have animals voice-boxes? What are the tiny cords in the voice-box called? (10-3555.) What really happens when we sing? Why is the voice much more marvelous than a piano? ( $10-3556$.) Why is it that we use different notes in speaking? When we speak of different kinds of "color" in our voices, what do we mean? How are we able to put color into our voices? (103557.) What happens when anybody speaks in a singsong way? Why do different people have different kinds of voices? Why do voices lose their beauty? ( $10-3558$.) Can we tell anything about the character of a person by his voice? Why should we cultivate a soft and gentle voice? How can we do it? How can we make different sounds by moving the voice organs? (10-3559.) Why does a foreigner seldom speak English perfectly? What is the difference between a vowel sound and a consonant sound? Are there sounds that nobody is able to sing? Why does a singer like to sing in Italian? (10-3560.) Why is it important to a speaker to pronounce consonants well? Of what help are the tongue and the teeth in pronouncing words? (10-3561.) What do we mean when we say that we hear a sound? (17-6183.) Where do we really hear? (93305.) In what part of the brain is the sense of hearing? (8-2947.) What organ helps us to hear sounds? (9-3305.) What is the purpose of the outer ear? What advantage have animals over us in the use or the outer ear? What is the purpose of the wax in our ears? (9-3306.) If we get anything into the ear why should we call the doctor at once? Why may a cold in the head cause deafness? (9-3308.) Can you tell about the journey of a sound from the outside to the brain? (9-3310.) Can a fly hear ordinary sounds? Is this true of other insects also? (11-3978.) Why are blind people so quick at hearing? (6-2125.) Why can we hear better when we shut our eyes? (12-4279.)

What do we mean by the pitch of a sound? (10-3555.) Upon what does the pitch of a sound depend? (10-3556.) What is the law for the pitch of a sound? Why will pouring a little water into a glass tumbler change its pitch? (15-5333.) How is difference in pitch produced in a piano? In a violin? In the voice? (10-3556.) What is the siren? Why is it the best instrument

## COURSE OF STUDY

## COURSE OF STUDY

## 4. THE REFLECTION OF SOUND

5. MUSIC.
(a) The nature of music; musical instruments.
Music and Noise. (18-6437.)
Wonderful. Wonderful Music. (18-6695.)
How We Got the Piano. (5-1795.)
Music from Drinking-glasses.
(15-5333.)
Musical Instruments from Old Bottles. (17-6387.)

## QUESTIONS

for studying the pitch of musical sounds? How is the siren made to produce its shrill sound? Do we hear all the sounds that are made? What animals can hear very highpitched notes? (18-6439.) Why are high notes always heard better than low notes? (18-6438.) Why does the pitch of a train whistle rise as the train approaches us? How does it sound to the engineer? How does it sound to us as the train disappears? Why? (11-4132.)

Can sound be reflected? What is the law for the reflection of sound? What is the angle of incidence? The angle of reflection? (17-6315.) What makes an echo? What are the best places for an echo? Why must we stand a distance from the place throwing back the sound? (12-4504.) What is the best example of sound causing an echo? What reflects thunder? Where are echoes a nuisance? What devices are used to prevent them? How was it possible for two men to talk to each other when a mile apart? (17-6316.) Why do our voices sound hollow in an empty hall? (6-2122.) Why do sounds seem different in the open air when compared with sounds in a closed room? Why do our voices sound different in different places? (17-6315.) Why can we hear a noise like waves in a seashell? (5-1608.) Why can we hear a whisper across the dome of St. Paul's? (4-1450.) Why do empty vessels sound more than full ones? (51810.) Why does my voice seem louder i; I put my hands over my ears? (18-6554.)

What makes the difference between the sounds we call noises and those we call musical notes? (18-6438.) What is melody? Harmony? (18-6695.) What are discords? (19-6855.) What determines whether music is harmony or discord? (18-6695.) How are discords used to improve harmony? (19-6855.) What is the musician's A B C? What is the common chord that moves men all over the world? (18-6696.) Why is the sound made by the bow of a violin richer than the sound made by plucking the string? What are overtones? What are free vibrations? In what two ways does a string behave? Give an example of each? What are resonators? What do they do? (19-6851.) Why does a good piano make better music than a bad one? (19-6852.) How can a jug of water act as a resonator? Who first made a study of the tuning of resonators? What is the most wonderful of

## COURSE OF STUDY

## 6. OTHER DEVICES BASED ON SOUND. <br> (a) The phonograph, dictaphone, etc. The Talking Machine. (1-261.)

## QUESTIONS

musical instruments? Why? What make the resonators for the human voice? How are they different from other resonators? What is the principal resonator for the lower tones of the voice? What are the principal resonators for the upper tones? Why is the power of tuning our resonators of the greatest importance? (19-6853.) How is sound made on a piano? (5-1796.) What happens when the piano is out of tune? (186698.) What was the first stringed instrument? (13-4594.) What is the kind of tunes that children like and understand? What is the secret of the violin and its strings? Why is the same note different on different instruments? (18-6699.) Why do different instruments make different sounds? What is the secret of the wonderful violins of olden days? Who were some of the greatest makers of violins? (18-6700.) Why does a violin string change its note when held down? (8-2719.) Why do musical sounds come from the organ? (17-6290.) How are the overtones produced in the pipes of an organ? What are "nodes"? Why do vibrating strings move more quickly in some parts than in others? (19-6854.)

What makes the talking machine talk? How are the vibrations of sound recorded? What is the "master record"? Of what is it made? Why? (1-261.) Why does a horn make the phonograph louder? (14-5224.) What is the dictaphone? $(1-264,265$.$) Where$ is it used mostly? Why is it important? (1-265.)

## TESTS (SCIENCE, 9тн GRADE)

Here are 30 easy questions. Answer 25. Count 4 for each correct answer.

## FALSE-TRUE

If the statement is true put a plus $(+)$ after it; if false put a minus ( - ).

1. We can make heat without fire.
2. We can add heat to a thing without making it hotter.
3. The boiling point of water is always $212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
4. Glass lets all the light through that strikes it.
5. We cannot always believe our own eyes.
6. Refraction is the turning aside of light by a mirror.
7. Sound travels in straight lines.
8. Sound can be reflected.
9. The pitch of a sound depends upon its loudness.
10. Our sense of hearing is in the brain.

## COMPLETION

Fill in the proper word or words.
l. The two kinds of heat are $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
2. When a thing is heated it $\qquad$
3. Heat travels either by $\qquad$ or $\qquad$
4. We study the stars through a and microbes through a
5. Light travels at a speed of ............ miles per second.
6. A mirage is caused by $\qquad$ light.
7. The band of colors in the rainbow is called a $\qquad$
8. In pronouncing sounds we are helped by our $\qquad$
9. When light strikes a mirror, the angle of
equals the angle of $\qquad$
10. The most wonderful of musical instruments is the $\qquad$

## SELECTION

Each sentence talks about three things. Only one of the three is correct. Draw a line under the correct one.

1. The most common fuel is (gas; oil; coal).
2. The instrument that measures the amount of heat in a substance is called a (barometer; calorimeter; thermometer).
3. The hottest air in a room is (at the bottom; in the centre; at the top).

## TESTS

4. (Iron; rubber; wood) is a good conductor of heat.
5. A light-year is (the distance light travels in a year; the time it takes light to travel from the sun; the time it takes light to travel to the nearest star).
6. If I stand five feet from a light and then stand ten feet from the light, its brightness will be (the same; one-half as great; one-fourth as great).
7. If a cannon is fired in the distance, I will (hear it before I see it; see it before I hear it; see and hear it at the same time).
8. (Air; steel; water) is the best conductor of sound.
9. We can hear best on a (clear and frosty night; foggy night; hot night).
10. When musical sounds interfere with each other we call that (harmony; melody; discord).

# BIOLOGY, 9Tн GRADE 

Averase Age, 14 to $151 / 2$

PART I

## COURSE OF STUDY

Definition of Biology: The study of living things.

1. INTRODUCTION.

What is meant by sensation (11-4065-68), motion (13-4665-68), respiration (4-1325), digestion (6-2083-85), absorption (62086), circulation (4-1209-13), assimilation.
2. MATTER. (12-4155-59.)

Three states. (12-4157-58.)
Characteristics of common elements carbon, oxygen, hydrogen, nitrogen, water, carbon dioxide. (12-4289-92.)
Elements present in food compounds. (6-2185-87.)
Changes in matter (chemical and physical changes). (12-440306.)

Forms of energy. (13-4666-67; 15-5569-70.)
Conservation of energy. (13-4667; 15-5570.)
3. THE GREEN PLANT AS A LIVING

THING. (1-329; 2-613-16.)
Photosynthesis. (2-616; 11-4094.)
4. PHYSICAL BASIS OF LIFE.

Protoplasm. (2-661-64.)
The cell.

## QUESTIONS

What is meant by sensation? (11-4065-68.) Illustrate. What is the process of digestion? (6-2083-85.) Respiration? (4-1325.) Do all things move in space? (15-5517.) When we swing a rope why does it go on swinging? (10-3734.) Why does a falling object turn around? (13-4827.) Do we know any kind of matter not found on earth? (14-5084.) What are the three states of matter? (12-4157-58.) Name some conditions under which carbon is found. (2-664; 12-4406.) Exactly what do we mean when we say that oxygen is given off by green plants? (2-664.) What are nutrients? (2613.) Illustrate. What is the difference between chemical and physical change in matter? (12-4403-06.) What are some of the commonest forms of energy? (13-4666-67;15-5569-70.) Describe the process of photosynthesis. (2-616; 11-4094.) Illustrate. Why is new bread less digestible than old? (7-2486.) What is protoplasm? (2-663-64.) What is a cell? (2-661-63.) Illustrate. Why do we remember Robert Hooke in this connection? (13-4669.)

## PART II

1. INSECTS. (17-6063-78; 18-6721-34.) Study of
(a) The grasshopper.
(17-6068.)
(b) The butterfly. (18-6525-32.)
Economic significance of the grasshopper, bee (17-6221-23), tussock moth, cotton boll weevil ( 8 2784; 18-6729).
Methods of control. (18-6722-23; 11-4007.)
Relation of mosquitoes to malaria and yellow fever. (15-5488, 5490-91; 17-6417-18.)
Extermination.
Relation of the house fly to disease. (17-6420-21.)
Control.
2. CRUSTACEANS. (16-5947-50.)

Crayfish.

Why does our government make every effort to destroy the cotton boll weevil? (8-2784.) Give the life story of this insect. (18-6729.) 'Tell some of the measures used to combat it. (18-6722-23; 11-4007.) Describe the life of the bee and the division of labor in the hive. (17-6221-23.) How do bees aid agriculture? (18-6721-22.) Give the life history of the house fly. (17-6420-21.) IThat connection has he with disease? Give some other examples of diseases transmitted by insects. (15-5488, 5490; 17-6417-18.) What measures have been taken to control them? (17-6418; 18-6733; 15-5488-90.) Why is it important that the fly be controlled? Give an example of a crustacean. (16-5947-50.) How is the fish adapted for living in his environment? ( $15-5540-42$.) How is the frog adapted for jumping, foodtaking and swimming? (15-5453-56.) Why are birds valuable to the farmer? (8-2762;

## COURSE OF STUDY

3. FISHES. (15-5540-42.)

Adaptation to environment.
4. FROG. (15-5453-56.)

Adaptation for jumping, swimming and food-taking.
5. BIRDS. (8-2757-62.)

Food-taking, drinking, locomotion.
Economic importance. (8-2762; 9-3288.)
6. MAMMALS. (1-258-59.)

Characteristics. (7-2591.)
Types of mammals-primates, carnivora, hoofed animals, gnawers.
7. ONE-CELLED ANIMALS.

Protozoans. (2-661-63.)
The amueba.

## QUESTIONS

9-3288.) Which birds are harmful? What are some laws that have been passed for the protection of birds? (14-5018.) What are the chief characteristics of mammals? (7-2591.) Give at least two examples of each of the different types of mammals. What are protozoans? (2-661-63.)

## PART III

1. GENERAL STRUCTURE OF THE

HUMAN BODY. (13-4618-19; 5-
1673-77; 5-1559-63.)
Skeleton.
Important organs.
Muscles. (5-1803-05.)
2. RESPIRATION. (4-1325-31.)

Location, structure and functions of the lungs and air passages.
The cilia, action of ribs and diaphragm in breathing.
Good breathing habits. (15-5332.)
Uses and necessity of oxygen. (3-805-06.)
3. NERVOUS SYSTEM. (8-2837-41.)

Principal parts of the nervous system:
Brain. (9-3059-62; 8-2682-83; 16-5957-58.)
Spinal cord (5-1562-63), and nerves.
Functions.
Effects of alcohol and narcotics on the nervous system. (8-268284.)

Drugs.
Care of the eyes (10-3683-86; 11-3801-04) and ears (9-3305-10.)
4. FOODS. (6-2185-88.)

Minerals. Vitamins. (8-2802; 5-1624.)
Value of common foods as tissue formers, as fuel and body regulators. (7-2568-69; 7-2423-25; 10-3416.)
Meaning of calorie. (18-6694.)
Principles involved in cooking. (4-1450; 11-3842.)
Dangers in impure water and milk. (2-557-58; 7-2326.)

Learn the general structure of the human body. (13-4618-19; 5-1559-63, 1673-77.) Name ten adaptations in the human skeleton. What is the thoracic region? What are extensor and flexor muscles? (5-1803-05.) What are the organs of respiration? (4-1325-31.) What is the pleura? Describe the movements and their results that go to make up the process of breathing. (4-1325-31.) What lessons are here for us in breathing habits? (15-5332.) Ventilation? Bathing? Why is oxygen necessary? (3-805-06.) What are the principal parts of the nervous system? (8-2837-41.) What are some of the effects of alcohol upon the nervous system? (8-2682-84.) Why should we be very careful what patent medicines we buy without a doctor's advice? Give some general rules for the care of the eyes. What are some symptoms that indicate that the eyes need attention? (10-3686.) What are vitamins? What foods give them to us? (8-2802; 5-1624.) What are the chief uses of food in maintaining a healthy body? (186694.) What is a calorie? (18-6694.) What dangers lurk in impure water and milk? (2-557-58; 7-2326.) Give specific examples of diseases that may be transmitted through these agencies. (3-934.) Describe the history of the teeth of a human being. (6-1929-31.) What is the relation of teeth to health? What is the function of saliva? (6-1932.) Where does digestion begin? (6-2083-86.) What necessary elements do the proteins contain? (6-2187.) Why are some fats necessary? (6-2085-86.) Give some general rules for diet. Is alcohol a food? (8.2682.) Is it a poison? (2-559.) Illustrate. What effect has alcohol upon digestion? (2-559.) What makes the heart beat?

COURSE OF STUDY
5. DIGESTION AND ABSORPTION. (6-2083-86.)
Importance of teeth.
Description and care of teeth. (6-1929-31.)
Functions of saliva. (6-1932.)
Importance of thorough mastication of food. (6-2083-86.)
Digestion of proteins. (6-2085, 2187-88.)
Digestion of fats. (6-2085-86.)
Effects of alcohol and narcotics on digestion. (2-559; 3-937.)
6. CIRCLLATION AND ASSIMILA-

TION. (4-1209-13.)
Structure of blood. Corpuscles. (3-803-06, 935-36.)
The heart-shape, size, functions, position. (4-1209-13.)
Arteries. (4-1209, 1213; picture, 13-4619.)
Veins. (4-1209-15; picture, 5-1805.)
Capillaries. (4-1209, 1213.)
Changes in composition of blood as it passes through various organs of the body.
Effect of alcohol and narcotics on the organs of circulation. (3-937.)
Ductless glands. (9-3222-24.) Thyroid and adrenal.
7. WORK OF KIDNEYS (4-1213),

LUNGS (3-805-06), INTESTINE
(6-2085), SKIN (4-1415-20)
Importance of bathing.
8. BACTERIA.

General characteristics. (2-437-39, 557-58.)
Growth. (2-438.)
Methods of killing. (3-935-36; 2-559.)
Discovery. (13-4670; 15-5483.)
?. HEALTH. (15-5482-85.)
How to preserve health.
How to resist disease. (15-5491-92.)
Cause of disease. (2-558-59.)
Natural and acquired immunity. (15-5492; 8-2728; 7-2485.)
Sanitation.
In the home and in the environment.

PART IV

1. THE LTVING PLANT. (2-503-10, 613-16.)

General structure - leaves, stem (trunk), root, flower and fruit.
Leaves - cell - protoplasm, general structure, parts. (2-614-16.)

## QUESTIONS

(5-1752.) Describe the structure of the blood. (3-803-06, 934-36.) What is its function? Where is the heart? (4-120913.) What is its size, shape, function? What is the pericardium? Trace the circulation of the blood in the human body. (4-1210-12.) What is the difference between arteries and veins? (13-4619.) What are capillaries? (4-1209.) What are the most important of the ductless glands? (9-322224.) Why are these important? How does the kidney do its work? (4-1213.) What is the function of the lungs? (3-805-06.) Explain the mechanics of breathing. Why is the pancreas considered the most important digestive gland? (6-2085-86.) Are bacteria always harmful? Explain your answer. (2-439, 557-59.) When and by whom was the relation between disease and bacteria discovered? (2-559.) What are the best methods of controlling the growth of bacteria? (15-5483-84; 3-935-96.) How does disease spread by infection? (8-2872.) Explain the difference between natural and acquired immunity against disease. (2-461; 7-2485.) Name some ways of acquiring immunity. (8-2728; 7-2485.) Why is sanitation the business of every good citizen?

Describe the structure of a simple leaf (of a dicotyledonous plant). (3-885.) Explain the meaning of chlorophyl. (6-2188; 2-615-16.) Sum up the work done by leaves for the plant. (2-614-16.) What is transpiration? (2-616.) What happens when a

## BIOLOGY, 9th GRADE

## COURSE OF STUDY

Work of leaves. (2-614-16.) Carbohydrate manufacture, transpiration, assimilation, respiration.
Necessity of light. (2-616.)
Necessity of chlorophyl. (6-2188.)
Transpiration (Liberation of water vapor from leaves).
Necessity of respiration and assimilation in leaves.
Economic uses of leaves. (2-616.)
The algæ. (10-3721-22.)
Stems. (2-506; 3-885.)
Kinds, structure, functions, adaptations.
Dicotyledons. (3-885.)
Uses of stems to man.
Roots. (2-612-14, 744-45.)
Structure of the root system of a plant. (Root hair.) (2614; picture, 504; 3-874.)
Functions of roots.
Nutrients stored in fleshy roots.
Uses of roots to man. (7-2412; 5-1624.)
2. FLOWERS AND FRUITS.
(3-1013-16; 2-506-10.)
General structure of parts of flowers. Function of each part.
Ovules-pollen.
Pollination and fertilization.
(5-1609; 15-5613.)
Conservation of wild flowering plants. Types of fruits.
Parts of the flower represented in fruits.
Adaptations of fruits and seeds for dispersal. (3-1083-87.)
Value of common fruits to man. (6-2187.)
3. FORESTS AND FOREST PROD-

UCTS. (8-2803-10.)
Importance of forests. (7-2416; 11-4094-95; 8-2680.)
Need of conservation. (8-2803-04.)

BIOLOGY AND PROGRESS
Darwin. (2-593.)
Pasteur. (15-5481; 2-559.)
Koch. (15-5484; 2-559.)
Audubon. (19-7052.)
Harvey. (3-939; 4-1209.)
Burbank. (4-1388-90.)

## QUESTIONS

leaf falls from a tree? (13-4595.) Why do leaves change color in autumn? (155520.) What plants are known as green algæ? (10-3721-22.) Where are they found? Where are yellow, brown and red algæ found? Describe the structure of a cross section of a dicotyledonous stem. (3885.) What are the chief uses of stems to man? What are root hairs? (2-614; 3874.) What is their function? What are the chief uses of roots to man? (7-2412; 5-1624.) Why do the roots of a tree grow downward? (3-878.) What are the parts of a flower? (3-1013-16.) What is pollen? (2-506, 509; 3-1014; picture, 2-500.) What part does it play? (2-506; 3-1013.) What responsibility have we toward the wild flowers? Describe the process of the formation of fruit. (2-510.) Make a drawing of the cross section of an apple. (2-507.) How are seeds dispersed? (2-510; 3-1083.) Why are forests so important? (7-2416.) What effect have they on streams? In preventing erosion? In forming and improving soil? (8-2680.)

## WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

## TABLES FOR QUICK AND READY REFERENCE

## The abbreviations commonly used are given with each weight or measure

| Avoirdopois Weight |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| 16 drams, dr | $=1$ ounce, oz. |
| 16 ounces | $=1$ pound, 1 b. |
| 14 pounds | $=1$ stone, st. |
| 28 pounds | $=1$ (English) |
| 4 quarters, | $=1$ hundredweight, |
| 20 hundredweights | cwt. 1 ton, $t$. |
| 100 pounds | $=1$ cental, or short |
| 2000 pounds | $=1$ cwhort ton |
| 7000 grains |  |
|  | $=1$ pound |

Troy Weiget
3.1683 grains $=1$ carat

24 grains, $g r_{.}=1$ pennyweight, dwt.
20 pennyweights $=1$ ounce, oz.
12 ounces or 5760 grains $=1$ pound, 1 b .


| Cubic or | Solid Measure |
| ---: | :--- |
| 1728 cubic inches, | $=1$ cubic foot, |
| cu in. |  |
| 27 cu. ft. |  |
| cubic feet | $=1$ cubic yard, |
| 128 cubic feet | $=1$ curd. |

Liquid Measure
4 gills, gill $=1$ pint, pt.
2 pints $=1$ ovart, qt.
4 quarts $=1$ gailon, gal.
United States gallon $=231 \mathrm{cu}$. in.
British Imperial gallon $=277.274 \mathrm{cu}$. in.
Dry Measure

| 2 pints, pt. | $=1$ quart, qt. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4 quarts | $=1$ gallon, gal. |
| 2 gallons | $=1$ peck, pk. |
| 4 pecks | $=1$ bushel, bu. |
| 8 bushels | $=1$ quarter, qr. |

United States bushel $=2150.42 \mathrm{cu}$. in. British bushel $\quad=2218.192 \mathrm{cu}$. in.

Circular Measure

| 60 seconds, $"$ | $=1$ minute, ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| 60 minutes | $=1$ degree, |
| 30 degrees | $=1$ sign, s. |
| 90 degrees | $=1$ right angle, |
|  | or quadrant |
| $\mathbf{1 8 0}$ degrees | $=1$ semi-circle |
| 360 degrees | $=1$ circle |

## Measures of Time

60 seconds, sec. $=1$ minute, min .
60 mecontes sec. $=1$ minute,
24 hours $=1$ day, dy.
7 days $\quad=1$ week, wk.
2 weeks $\quad=1$ fortnight
4 weeks $=1$ lunar month, mo.
$365 \frac{1}{4}$ days or 52
weeks, or 12 cal-
endar months or
13 lunar months $=1$ year
$\begin{array}{ll}1366 \text { days } & =1 \text { year } \\ 360 \text { leap year } \\ 100 \text { years } & =1 \text { century }\end{array}$
1000 years $=1$ millennium

| Nauticar Measures |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 100 fathons $\quad=1$ cable's leagth |  |
|  |  |
| 10 cable's lengths or |  |
| 1000 fathoms $=1$ neutical mile |  |
| 60 nautical miles $=1$ degree |  |
| 360 degrees |  |
| 1 knot (a measure of speed) |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Ťited Statha Moviy
One-cent piece, made of copper, tin and zinc
Five-cent piece, made of copper and nickel
Ten-cent piece, made of silver
Twenty-five-eent piece, made of silver Fifty-cent piece, made of silver
Standard silver dollar, made of silver, worth one hundred cents
Gold coins in pieces worth $\$ 2.50, \$ 5, \$ 10$ and $\$ 20$
Paper money includes cemtificatos and motes of matry demominations from $\$ 1$ to $\$ 10,000$

Canadian Money
One-cent piece, bronze
Two-cent piece, bronze
Five-cent piece, nickel or silver
Ten-cent piece, silver
Twenty-five-cent piece, silver
Fifty-cent piece, silver
Gold coins-five-dollar and ten-dollar pieces, British sovereign (value pieces,
$\left.\$ 4.56^{2}{ }_{3}\right)$
Paper money and notes of the denominations of 25 cents, $\$ 1, \$ 2, \$ 4$, $\$ 5, \$ 50, \$ 100, \$ 500$ and $\$ 1000$. For the use of banks only, notes up to the value of $\$ 50,000$ are issued

| English Money |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| 4 farthinge | $=1$ penny |
| 12 pence | $=1$ shilling |
| 20 shillings | $=1$ pound, or sovereign |
| 2 shillings | $=1$ florin |
| 2 shillings |  |
| and 6 pence | $=1$ half-crown |
| 21 shillings | $=1$ guinea |

## Other Foreign Money

(Normal value in dollars)
This table shows the value of the standard coins of many countries:
Franc (France, Belgium and Switzerland) $=\$ 0.1930$ Mark (Germany) $\quad=\$ 0.2382$
Pound (English) $\quad=\$ 4.8665$
Rouble (Russia) $\quad=\$ 0.5146$
Krone (Austria) $\quad=\$ 0.1407$
Rupee (India) $=\$ 0.2443$
Rupee (China)
Tael (China)
Pound (Egypt)
Pound (Turkish)
Yon (Japan)
Milreis (Brazil)
Krone (Scandinavian
countries)
Florin (Holland)
Peso (Mexico)
Khran (Persia)
Escudo (Portugal) $=\$ 1.0805$
Paper dollar (Argentina)
Peseta (spain)
Lira (Italy)
Leu (Rumania)
Dinar (Jumen) $=\$ 0.1930$
$=\$ 0.11130$
Drachma (Greece)
Zloty (Poland)
Pror) (Chale)
Gold Peso (Uruguay)
Pound ( $\mathrm{P} \cdots \mathrm{ru}$ )
$=84436$.

Pounds in A Brahill of Various Commodities

| Beans |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buchwheat |  | 48 |
| Clowerssed |  | 60 |
| Peas .. |  | 60 |
| (orn |  | 56 |
| Wheat | $\cdots$ - | 60 |
| flempared |  | 44 |
| Potatoses |  | 60 |
| Barley | .. . | 48 |
| Rye | . | 56 |
| Carrots . | - | 50 |

Pornds in a Ccbic Foot of Timber


Roman N"caerals
$\mathrm{I}=1$
$\mathrm{II}=2$
III $=3$
$\mathrm{I} \mathrm{V}=4$
VI $=6$
VII $=7$
VIII $=8$
IX $=9$
X
$\mathbf{X I}=11$
XII $=12$
XIII $=13$
$\mathrm{XIV}=14$
$\mathrm{XV}=15$
XVII $=17$
$\mathrm{XL}=40$
$L=50$
$\mathrm{LX}=60$
$\mathrm{LXX}=70$
$\mathrm{LXXX}=80$
$\mathrm{XC}=90$
$C=100$
$C C=200$
$C C=200$
$C C C=300$
$C C C=300$
$C D=400$
$C D=400$
$\mathrm{D}=.500$ $D C=600$ $D C C=700$ $\mathrm{M}=1000$ $\mathrm{MC}=1100$ IID $=1500$ MM $=2000$ XVIII $=18$ $\overline{\mathrm{V}}=5000$ $\overline{\mathrm{VI}}=6000$ $X I X=19$ $\bar{X}=10,000$
$\mathbf{X X}=20$
$\overline{\mathrm{C}}=100,000$

## THE METRIC SYSTEM

## Meastrei of $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{eIGH}}$

10 milligrams, Mil. $=1$ centigram, $=1$ decigram, dg . $=1$ gram, g . $=1$ decagram, Dg . $=1$ hectogram, Hg $=1$ kineram, Kı $=1$ myriagram, Mg. $=1$ quintal, Ql. $=1$ ton, $T$.

Linear Mentre
10 millimetres, $=1$ centimetre, cm . mm .
0 centimetres 0 decimetres 10 metres
in deantietres (1) humenomerem 10 kilonnet res
$=1$ decimetre, dm . $=1$ metre, m $=1$ decametre, Dm $=1$ hectometre, Hm $=1$ kilometre. Km. $=1$ myтiametre, Mm .

## Square Measure

100 square millimetres, sq. mm. = 1 square centimetre, $8 \mathrm{q} . \mathrm{cm}$.
(101) -1 arere centmotres = 1 square di.cun:etre, sq. dm.

100 square decimetres $=1$ square metre or 1 centiare, $\mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{m}$. or ca. 100 square metres (centiares) $=1$ square decametre or 1 are, sq. Dm. ora. 100 square decametres (ares) $=1$ square hectometre or 1 hectare, sq. Hm or He
100 square hectometres (hectares) $=$ 1 square kilometre, sq. Km.

Cubic Measure
1000 cubic millimetres, cu. mm. $=1$ cubic centimetre, cu. cm.
1000 cubic centimetres $=1$ cubic decimetre, cu. dm.
1000 cubic decimetres $=1$ cubic metre, cu. m .

Measure of Capacity
10 millilitres, $\mathrm{ml} .=1$ centilitre, cl . 10 centilitres $=1$ decilitre, dl. 10 decilitres 10 litres 10 decolitres 10 hectolitres 10 kilolitres $=1$ litre. 1 . $=1$ decolitre, D1, $=1$ hectolitre, Hl. $=1$ kilolitre, Kl. $=1$ myrialitre, M1.

THERMOMETERS
Comparative Scaleg

| Reaumur | Centigrade | Fahrenheit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $80^{\circ}$ | $100^{\circ}$ | $212^{\circ}$ | Water Boils |
| 76 | 95 | 203 | at SEA- |
| 72 | 90 | 194 | Level |
| 68 | 85 | 185 |  |
| 63.1 | 78.9 | 174 |  |
| 60 | 75 | 167 | Alcohol Boils |
| 56 | 70 | 158 |  |
| 52 | 65 | 149 |  |
| 48 | 60 | 140 |  |
| 44 | 55 | 131 |  |
| 42.2 | 52.8 | 127 | Tallow Melts |
| 40 | 50 | 122 |  |
| 36 | 45 | 113 |  |
| 33.8 | 42.2 | 108 |  |
| 32 | 40 | 104 |  |
| 29.3 | 36.7 | 98 | Blood Heat |
| 28.8 | 35.2 | 95 |  |
| 24. | 32.2 | 90 86 |  |
| 21.3 | 26.7 | 80 |  |
| 20 | 25 | 77 |  |
| 16 | 20 | 68 |  |
| 12.4 | 15.3 | 60 | Temperate |
| 10.2 | 12.8 | 55 |  |
| 8 8 | 10 | 50 |  |
| 5.8 | 7.2 | 45 |  |
| 4 | 5 | 41 |  |
| 1.3 | 1.7 | 35 |  |
| 0 | 0 | 32 | Water |
| $-0.9$ | $-1.1$ | 30 | Freezes |
| - 4.3 | $-5$. | 23 |  |
| -5.3 | - 10.7 | 14 |  |
| $-9.8$ | -12.2 | 10 |  |
| -12 | -15 | - |  |
| -14.2 | -17.8 | 0 | Zero Fahren- |
| -16 | -20 | -4 | heit |
| -20 | -25 | -13 |  |
| -24 | -30 | -22 |  |
| -28 | -3.5 | -31 | Mercury |
| -32 | -40 | -10 | Freezes |

## Citits of Meastrement

1 horse power = the force required to raise 33,000 pounds one foot in one minute
1 foot pound = the energy required to raise one pound a height of one foot
1 dyne $=$ the force which acting on one gram for one second generates a velocity of one centimetre 8 second $1 \mathrm{erg}=$ the a mount of work done by one dyne acting through one centimetre
1 poundal = the force which acting for one second upon one pound gives it a velocity of one foot per second. It is equal to $13,825.5$ dynes
1 atmosphere $=$ the pressure of 14.7 pounds per square inch equal to 34 feet of water or 29.92 inches of mercury The thermal unit = the quantity of heat required to increase the temperature of one gram of water by one degree centigrade when it is at its maximum density

The unit of pressure $=$ one pound acting on a surface of one square inch
1 candle-power $=$ the light given by one spermaceti candle, $7 / 8$ inch in diameter and $1 / 6$ pound in weight burning at the rate of 120 grains per hour
1 calorie = the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 kilogram of water 1 degree centigrade at, or near, 4 degrees centigrade
1 joule $=10,000,000 \mathrm{ergs}$
1 light year $=5,876,068,880,000$ miles
In astronomy 1 unit of length $=$ the mean radius of the earth's orbit $92,900,000$ miles
A micron $=$ the millionth part of a metre
The gauss is a unit used to measure the intensity of a magnetic field

## Untis of Electricity

1 volt $=$ the unit for measuring pressure or electro-motive force, and is the electrical pressure which, if steadily applied to a conductor whose re sistance is one ohm, will produce a current of one ampère
1 ohm = the unit for measuring resist ance, and is the resistance offered to a current by a colunn of mercury at the temperature of melting ice, the mass being 14.45 grams, the height of the column 106.3 centimetres, and the section one square millimetre
1 ampere $=$ the unit for measuring current, and is the current one volt will drive through one ohm
1 coulomb = the unit for measuring quantity, and is equal to one ampère flowing for one second
1 microfarad = the unit for measuring capacity. It is the millionth part of 3 farad and is equal to the capacity of about three miles of an ocean cable
1 watt = the unit for measuring power and is equal to a current of one ampère at a pressure of one volt
1 joule = the work done in one second in maintaininga current of one ampere against a resistance of one ohm
1 farad = the capacity of a condenser charged to one volt by one coulomb
1 watt-hour = the energy obtained by maintaining a power of one watt for one hour
1 kilowatt-hour $=1000$ watts acting for one hour

Quicis Ways of Reckoning
Rough and ready ways of changing one measure or weight into another so as to give approximate results To turn
metres into feet multiply by $3 \frac{2}{4}$ feet into metres multiply by 3 and divide by 10
metres into yards add one-tenth yards into metres deduct one-tenth
kilometres into miles multiply by 3 and divide by 5
miles into kilometres add three-fifths of the number
square metres into square yards add one-fifth
square yards into square metres deduct one-fifth
square kilometres into square miles multiply by 2 and divide by 5
square miles into square kifometres maltiply hy ${ }^{2}$;
cubic metres into cubic yards add onethird
cubic yards into cubic metres deduct one-third
kilograms into pounds (svoirdupois) add a tenth and multiply by 2
pour.ls intn kiloerams deduct a tenth and divide by 2
litres into pints add three-quarters pints into litres multiply by 3 and divide by 5

## THE QUICKEST WAY

## The Area of a Triangle

The area of a triangle is equal to the base multiplied by half the perpendicular height; or if we know the length of the three sides AB , $B C, C A$, and half their sum is represented by S, we can find the area by using the formula S $(S-A B)(S-B C)(S-C A)$,
 and by taking the square root of the result.

## The Area of an Equilateral Triangle

The area of an equilateral triangle can be found by multiplying the square of the length of one side by 433 .
If we have the Length of Two Sides of a Right-angled Triangle, how can we find the Third Side?
If we have the base and perpendicular we should square each of these, add the results together, and take the square root of the sum ; that will give us the length of the hypotenuse, or side opposite the right angle. If we have the length of the hypotenuse and one other side,
 we should square them both, subtract the smaller number from the larger, and take the square root of the result. That will be the third side.

## The Area of a Parallelogram

To find the area of a parallelogram, we have to multiply the base by the perpendicular height.

## The Area of a Rhombus or Square

In addition to the lastmentioned method we may multiply the two diagonals together and divide the result by two.


## The Area of a Trapezoid

A trapezoid is a four-sided figure having two of its sides parallel, and we find the area by taking half the sum of the two parallel sides and multiplying by the perpendicular
 distance between them. The result is the area.

## The Area of a Trapezium

A trapezium is a four-sided figure of which no two sides are parallel. We find its area by multiplying the longest diagonal by half the sum of the two perpendiculars falling on it from the opposite angles. Another method of finding the area of any figure of four or
 more unequal straight sides is to divide it into triangles and find the area of each, adding these together for the result.
The Area of a Hexagon, Octagon, or any Reguiarsided Figure
Take half the radius of the inscribed circle (that is, the circle drawn inside the figure and touching all its sides), multiply this by the length of one side, and then multiply the result by the number of the sicies.

## OF FINDING THINGS

The Circumference of a Circle

Multiply the diameter of the circle by 3.1416, or, more roughly, by $31 / 7$.
The Diameter of a Circle
If we have the length of the radius we multiply that by two to find the diameter of a circle; if we have the length of the circumference we multiply that by 31831 .
The Area of a Circle
There are many ways of finding the area of a circle. We may multiply half the radius by the circumference; or we may square the radius and multiply by 3.1416 ; or we may square the diameter and multiply by .7854; or we may square the circumference and divide by 3.1416 multiplied by four; or we may square the circumference and multiply by. 07958 ; or we may find
 the area of a triangle having a base equal to the circumference and a height equal to the radius. The Circumference of an Ellipse
Take half the sum of the long and short diameters and multiply by 3.1416. The answer gives the circumference.

## The Area of an Ellipse

Take the long diameter, multiply it by the short diameter, and multiply the result by .7854
 The Length of the Arc of a Circle
The simplest way to find this is to subtract the chord of the whole arc from eight times the chord of half the arc, and divide the remainder by three.
The Area of the Sector of a Circle
Multiply the length of the arc by one-half the radius and the result is the area of the sector.
The Area of the Segment of a Circle
We find the area of a sector
 having the same arc by the method given in the last paragraph, and then subtract from the result the area of the triangle formed by the radii and the chord.
The Area of the Surface of a Sphere
This is found by squaring the diameter and multiplying by 3.1416; or by multiplying the diameter by the circumference.
The Cubic Contents of a Sphere
To find this we must cube the diameter and multiply by .5236 ; or we take the area of the surface and then multiply it by onethird of the radius.
The Area of the Surface of a Cylinder
Add the areas of the two ends to the result of the circumference of one end multiplied by the length. This will give the area of the surface.
The Cubic Contents of a Cylinder
Multiply the area of one end by the length of the cylinder.


## THE QUICKEST WAY OF FINDING THINGS

The Area of the Surface of a Prism
To find this add the areas of the two ends to the perimeter, or distance round one end multiplied by the length.

## The Cubic Contents of a Prism

Multiply the area of one end by the length of the prism and the result is the cubic contents.


The Cubic Contents of a Prismoid
A prismoid is a body that
fe form of a prism without the form of a prism without its sides are not parallelograms. To find its contents we proceed thus: to the sum of the area of the two ends we add four times the middle area and multiply the sum by one-sixth the height.
approaches to


The Area of the Surface of a Cone
To find this multiply the slant height by the circumference of the base, and divide the result by two. Then to the result add the area of the base.

## The Cubic Contents of a Cone

To find this multiply one-third of the perpendicular by the area
 The Area of the Surface of a Pyramid Multiply the slant height by of the base, divide by two, and add the area of the base. The result will give the area of the surface.

## The Cubic Contents of a Pyramid

Multiply one-third of the perpendicular height by the area
 of the base to find the cubic contents. The Length of a Ring

There are various ways of finding the length of a ring. We may multiply the sum of the radii of the outer and inner boundaries by 3.1416 ; or we may take half the sum of the outer and inner boundaries; or we may subtract the circumference of the cross section from the
 outer boundary; or we may add the inner boundary to the circumference of the cross section.
The Area of the Surface of a Plane Ring
The surface of a plane ring is the space between two concentric circles, and its area is found by adding the two radii together, multiplying by their difference, and then multiplying the result by 3.1416 .
The Area of the Surface of a Solid Ring
Multiply the circumference of the circular section of the ring by the length of the ring, and the result is the area of the surface.
The Cubic Contents of a Ring
To find this multiply the area of the cross section by the length of the ring.
The Cubic Contents of a Spherical Shell
This means the space occupied by the actual material of a hollow ball, and we find it by subtracting the cube of the inner

diameter from the cube of the outer diameter and multiplying the result by .5236 .

## The Cubic Contents of the Zone of a Sphere

The zone of a sphere is the part included beiween two parallel planes, and its contents are found by squaring the radius of the base, multiplying the result by three, then adding that result to the square of the height, and multiplying
 the whole by .5236 of the height.

## The Cubic Contents of the Segment of a Sphere

The segment of a sphere is the part cut off by a single plane, and its contents are found by squaring the radius of the base, multiplying the result by three, then adding that result to the square of the height, and multiplying the whole
 by .5236 of the height.

## The Area of the Surface of a Frustum

A frustum is the part of a solid figure next to the base left after cutting off the top part by a plane parallel to the base. The area of its surface is found Fy multiplying the slant height by the perimeter of the two ends added together, dividing by two,
 and then adding to the result the areas of both ends.

## The Cubic Contents of a Frustum

To the area of the two ends add the sauare root of their product and multiply by ont-third of the height to find the cubic contents.
The Area of a Parabola
A parabola is formed when we intersect or cut a cone with a plane parallel with its side. The area of the surface thus exposed is found by multiplying
 the base by two-thirds the height.
The Length of the Side of a Squar: Inscribud in a Circle
Multiply the diameter of the circle by . 707 and the result gives the side of the inscribed square.


The Diameter of a Circle Circumscribing a Square
Multiply the side of the square by 1.414.
The Length of the Side of a Square Circumscribing a Circle
This square of course has a side exactly equal to the diameter of the circle that it circumscribes, or fits round.


The Length of the Side of a Square Equal in Area to a Circle
Multiply the diameter of the circle by .8862 . The Diameter of a Circle Equal in Area to a Square

Multiply the side of the square by 1.1284.
The Cubic Contents of a Cube
Multiply the length by the breadth and the result by the height ; in other words, cube the side, and the result is the volume or cubic contents.


THE following pages give a key to the illustrations in the Book of Knowledge relating to the Fine Arts of Painting, Sculpture, and Architecture. They have been compiled to help scholars and parents, as well as teachers, to readily find, profit by and enjoy in the simplest and most complete way the sight of art treasures in actual pictures to see which themselves would require years and thousands of miles of travel, and we all know how many, many words a good picture saves. Suppose, for instance, one wanted to understand the difference between the Gothic and Roman orders of architecture. In the pages devoted to architecture (by Ralph Adams Cram), under the appropriate head, will be found listed illustrations showing the best examples of each in various lands that visually answer the question clearly. Or discussion arises as to the costumes worn in Georgian times. A glimpse at the list of paintings by Gainsborough and Sir Joshua Reynolds would put the inquirers quite completely in possession of the facts. What did Oliver Wendell Holmes look like? What are the characteristics of Colonial architecture, and the best examples in America? What was the influence on subsequent art of the paintings of El Greco? And so on. These few examples will show you the infinite variety of games and profitable study to be suggested by consulting this convenient and instructive index at home or at school.

# KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE FINE ARTS <br> PAINTING, SCULPTURE AND ARCHITECTURE 

## PAINTING

## A

Abbey, Edwin A. American painter (1852-1911) The Vision of the Holy Grail, 19-6948 tert, 10-3450-51
Academia, by Edwin H. Blashfield, 10-3462
Adams, John, portrait (in group) by John Trumbull, 4-1167; 5-1694
Adams, John Quincy, portrait, 10-3491
Addison, Joseph, dictating to Richard Steele 5-1622
Adoration of the Child, by Gerard David, 4-1224 Adoration of the Lamb, by Hubert van Eyck, 4-1223
Adoration of the Magi, by Albrecht Dürer, 4-1346
Adoration of the Shepherds, by Hugo van der Goes, 4-1223
Adoration of the Shepherds, by Ribera, 4-1494
Adoration of the Wise Men, by Stephen Lochner, 4-1343
Age of Innocence, The, by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 7-2 340
Agincourt, Field of, 5-1685, 1885
Aldobrandini Marriage, The, Greek painting, 2-447
Alexander the Great at Persepolis, 3-913
Alexander, John W., American painter (1856-1915) Black and green, 10-3461
Portrait of Walt Whitman, 13-4729 text, 5-1536; 10-3452
Alfred the Great appeals to his people, 4-1433 building the fleet, 13-4587
lets the cakes burn, 4-1433
Allori, Angelo, sif Bronzino, $n$
Allston, Washington, American painter (1779-1843) 1 spanish sirl, 9-3.3.31
tr.rt. 9-3328. 3330
Althorp, Lord, portrait by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 6-2119
André, Major, hearing his death warrant, 11-3997
Andrea del Sarto, Italian painter (1486-1531)
St. John the Baptist, 3-964
tr.it. 3-45: 8
Anerl of thr. Anmunciation, The, by Memmi, 2-696
Angelico, Fra, Italian painter (1387-1455)
scenes from his life, 13-4863
The Nativity, 2-694
text, 2-698; 13-4866, 4868
Angelus, The, by Jean Francois Millet, 1-71 Animals, Legendary, 1-353-59
Annunciation, The, by Dante Gabriel Rossetti, 6-2240
by Roger van der Weyden, 4-1220
Apes, by J. C. Dollman, 16-6032
Apollo and Daphne, by Henrietta Rae, 9-3231
Apollo charming the animals, by Briton Riviere, 9-3230
Apotheosis of Homer, by Ingres, 16-5749
Arbela, Battle of, 3-913, 1077
Archer, James, Scottish painter (1824-1904)
The passing of Arthur, 19-6947
Ariosto, by Titian, 3-1105
Aristides asked to mark a vote against himself - -13

Armada, Wreck of the Spanish, by Albert Goodwin, 5-1819
Arnolfini, Jan, and his wife, by Jan van Eyck, 4-1223
Arthur, King, at Avalon, by Burne-Jones, 19-6948 Knights of, by Burne-Jones, 19-6946
Passing of, by James Archer, 19-6947
Artist in his museum, The, by Charles Willson Peale, 9-3326

Artist's mother, The, by Whistler, 10-3446
Arundel, Earl of, and his grandson, by Van Dyck, 5-1584
As You Like It, Scenes from, by Harold Speed and Sir J. E. Millais, $\mathbf{3 - 8 3 9}$
Assyrian palace, interior, 1-296
At the Golden Gate, by Val Prinsep, 6-2240
Audubon, John J., portrait by F. Cruikshank, 19-7052
Auerbach, Boniface, portrait by Holbein, 4-1350 Augustina, The Maid of Saragossa, 14-5119
Aurora, by Guido Rení, $3-1110$
Avenue at Middelharnais, The, by Hobbema, 5-1587

Bach, Johann Sebastian, at the organ, 19-6919
Morning hymn at the house of, by J. E. Rosenthal, 19-7070
Back from the Southern Seas, by Edgar Bundy 14-5026
Bacon, Francis, portrait, 5-1821
Bacon, Nathaniel, threatened by Governor Berkeley, 2-551
Bailiff's daughter, The, by John Hatherell, 11-4031
Baillie family, The, by Gainsborough, 7-2339
Bainbridge, William, portrait, 17-6327
Balboa in Central America, 1-253 portrait, 1-245
Balcony, The, by Edouard Manet, 7-2474
Balthasar Carlos, Prince, by Velasquez, 4-1502, 1503
Bancroft, George, portrait by Gustave Richter, 13-4822
Banquet of the officers of St. George's Shooting Company (St. Jorisdoelen) of Haarlem, by Frans Hals, 12-4181
Barbarelli, Giorgio, sec Giorgione, Il
Barlow, Gen. Francis C., receiving surrender of prisoners, by Winslow Homer, 7-2443
Barraud, Francis, English painter
Dr. Johnson visiting Sir Joshua Reynolds,
7-2333
Bartolo, Taddeo, Italian painter (1363-1422) Saint Francis, 2-696
tert. 2-6.97
Bartolozzi, F., portrait by John Opie, 6-2109
Bastien-Lepage, Jules, French painter (1848-1884) Joan of Arc, 7-2479
The old beggar, 7-2479
text, 7-2480
Bastille, Taking of the, 6-2131
Bat and ball, Game of, from 14 th century ms., 6-1999
Bates, Edward (in group), by Francis Bicknell Carpenter, 7-2426
Battle of Arbela, 3-1077 Eve of. 3-913
Battle of Arcola, 6-2198
Battle of Blenheim, 6-2099
Battle of Bouvines, by Horace Vernet, 6-2077
Battle of King's Mountain, 4-1171
Battle of Lake Erie, by William H. Powell 17-6332
Battle of Lepanto, 13-4803
Battle of Lexington, 4-1163
Battle of Magenta, 12-4411
Battle of Milvian Bridge, 5-1858
Rattle of New Orleans, 5-1707
Rattle of Northallerton, 12-4205
Battle of Salamis, 3-1077
Return of the Greek victors after, by Fernand Cormon, 3-1077

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Battle of Solferino, 12-4411
Battle of the Alabama and the Kearsarge, 7-2435
Battle of the Constitution and the Guerriere, 17-6329
Battle of the Cowpens, 4-1171
Battle of the Merrimac and the Monitor, 7-2435
Battle of Trafalgar, 6-2096, 2210
Battle of Waterloo, 6-2096
Baumgartner, Stephen, as St. George, by Albrecht Dürer, 4-1347
Bayard, Death of, 13-4578
Beaching Dutch boats, by Mesdag, 8-2864
Beaching the boat, by Sorolla, 8-2855
Beata Beatrix, by Dante Gabriel Rossetti, 6-2237
Bearax, Cecilia, American painter (1868- ) Girl in white, 10-3461
text. 10-345
E3cker, Carl Iudwig Eriedrich, German painter (1820-19010)
Maximilian receiving ambassador from Venice, 11-3961
Bede, The Venerable, translating the Gospel, by J. Doyle Penrose, 1-122

12 th century picture of, 2-476
with his schoolboys, 2-472
Beggar, The old, by Bastien-Lepage, 7-2479
Beguiling of Merlin, by Burne-Jones, 19-6947
Belisarius carrying his dead guide, 13-4799
Belle Jardiniere, La, by Raphael, 3-963
Bellini, Gentile, Italian painter (c. 1429-1507) Doge Giovanni Mocenigo, 3-1105
Sultan Mohammed II. 3-1105
text, 3-1103-04; 4-1460-61
Bellini, Giovanni, Italian painter (1428-1516) portrait, 4-1455
A doge of Venice, 1-68
The Holy Family, with St. Paul and St. George, 3-1110
The Madonna and Child, 3-1110; 4-1457
The Transfiguration, 3-1112
text, 3-1103-04; 4-1460-61
Bellows, George, American painter (1882-1925) Lady Jean, 10-3464 Up the Hudson, 10-3463 text. 10-3454
Benson, Frank W. American painter (1862My daughter, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 6 1}$ text, 5-1536; 10-3455
Bent tree, The, by Corot, 7-2375
Bertin the Elder, portrait by Ingres, 6-2079
Besnard, Paul Albert, French painter (149Study of a head, 8-2709
Retrayal by Judas, The, by Cimabue, 2-696
Bettes, John, English painter (c. 1530-15\%6) Portrait of Edmund Butts, 6-2003 text, 6-2000
Bicci, Iorenzo di, Italian painter (1878-1452)
St. Nicholas helping the poor, 6-1990
Bicknell, William Heary Warren, American etcher (1860- Ortrait of John Lothrop Motley, 13-4814
Biddle, Major Thomas, portrait by Thomas Sully, 9-3324
Bishop and St. Geneviève, A, by Puvis de Chavannes, 7-2478
Bismarck, portrait by Franz von Lenhach, 8-2863 dictating the terms of the Peace of Versailles, by Carl Wagner, 11-3969
Black and green, hy, John W. Dlexander, 10-3461
Blair, Montgomery (in group), by Francis Bicknell Carpenter, 7-2426
Blakelock, Ralph Albert, American painter (1847 1919)

Indian encampment, 10-3462
text, 10-34.55
Blashifield, Edwin Howland, American painter (1848-
Academia, 10-3462
text, 10-3453
Blessed Bread, The, by Dagnan-Bouveret, 7-2477 Blessed Damozel, The, by Dante Gabriel Rossetti, 8-2905
Blue Boy, The, by Gainsborough, 7-2340
Boabdil surrenderine the keys of Granada, by Francisco Pradilia, 14-5043
Board, Ermest, English painter (1877- )
John and Sehastian Cabot leaving Bristol, 1-254
Boats on the River Oise, by Daubigny, 9-3071
Bohm, Max, American painter (1868-19, $!$ )
The evening meal, 10-3464
text, 10-3456
Boileau-Despreaux, Nicholas, portrait of, 18-6714
Boleyn, Anne, portrait of, 5-1821

Bonheur, Eosa, French painter (1822-1899) The Horse F'air, 7-2369
text. 7-2370
Bonington, Richard, English painter (1801-1828) A river scene, 6-2232
Fishing boats, 6-2233
text, 6-2232, 2234
Bonnat, Iéon, French painter (1893-1922) Portrait of Léon Cogniet, 8-2863
text, 8-2856-57
Bonnie Prince Charlie, by John Pettie, 15-5638
Book of Kells, page from, 8-2941
Book of the Dead, illustrations from, $\mathbf{1 - 2 9 4}$ 15-5459
Books of the Middle Ages, illustrations from, 2-477-80
Boone, Daniel, in his old age, 6-2193
Borg, Katharine von, by Lucas Cranach the Elder, 4-1346
Borgognone, Ambrogio, Italian painter (1455-1523) Marriage of the two St. Catherines, 3-1105 text, 3-1107
Borro, Alessandro del, portrait by Velasquez, 4-1502
Boscoreale, mural decorations from a villa near. 2-453
Bossuet, Jacques Bénigne, portrait of, 18-6713
Boston Massacre, engraving by Paul Revere, 4-1160
Botticelli, Sandro (Alessandro Fillpepi), Italian painter (1486-1510)
Spring, 2-693
The Madonna and Child, 2-690
The Virgin with the Infant Jesus, 2-695 text. 2-699
Boucher, Francois, French painter (1703-1770) Pastoral idy 1, 5-1875 Portrait of a lady, 15-5311 text. 5-1881
Boughton, George Henry, Anglo-American painter, (1833-1903)
Marvell shaking hands with Milton, 4-1237
Milton's first love, 4-1234
Bourne, Mrs. Sylvanus, portrait by Copley, $3-969$
Bouts, Thierry (Dierick), Flemish painter (141014:5)
Portrait of a man, 4-1228
text, 4-1225
Bowles, Miss, by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 7-2340
Boy as a Pierrot, A, by Fragonard, 5-1879
with a kid, A, by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 6-2119
with a sword, by Edouard Manet 7-2479
Boyhood of ir Humphry Daty, by Charles Sheldon, 3-991
Boyhood of Sir Walter Raleigh, by Sir J. E. Millais, 5-1812
Brahe, Tycho, as a boy, 1-203
Bray on the Thames, by Peter de Wint, 6-2233
Brazil, The Cry of Ypiranga, 19-7043
Bricard, Francois Xavier, French painter (1879-) Mother and child, 8-2862
text. 8-2858
Brignole-Sale, Andrea, on horseback, portrait by Van Dyck, 5-1587
Bringing home the cattle, by Thomas Moran, 10-3458
Britons trading with the Phoenicians, by Lord Leighton, 4-1431
Broken pitcher, The, by Greuze, 5-1877
Bronzino, It (Angelo Allori), Italian painter (15ヶ2-15\%2)
Portrait of Ferdinand de Medici, 3-963
Portrat of the Grand Durhoss Fifanor, 3-964 Portrait of Maria de Medici, 9-3074 Portrait of Piero de Medici, 3-964
text, 3-958
Brooks, Thomas, Fnglish nainter (1818-1891) Shakespeare hefore sir Thomas I ury, 2-i25
Brown, Ford Madox. Enelish painter ( $1 \times 21-1 \times 9.3$ ) Chaucer reading from The Canterbury Tales, 1-298
Christ washing Peter's feet, 6-2237
King Lear renounces Cordelia, 3-987
Oliver Cromwell, 11-3849
text. 6-2236
Bruce, Robert, his last act, fresco by William Eole, 12-4207
capture of his wife and child, 12-4207
Brueghel, Jan, the Elder, Flemish painter (1568this)
The festive board, 7-2567
text, 4-1227

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（PAINTING）

Brueghel，Pieter，the Blder，Flemish painter （1525－1569）
Children playing，4－1226
text，4－1227
Brush，George de Forest，American painter （1855－）
In the garden，10－3464
text，10－3453－54
Bruton Church，Williamsburg，Va．，by A．W． Thompson，5－1701
Brutus condemning his sons to death， $\mathbf{4}-1363$
mourning for his sons，4－1363
Bull fight，by Goya，4－1499
Bull－grappling，fresco from palace at Knossos， 2－453
Bundy，Edgar，English painter（1862－1922）
Back from the Southern Seas，14－5027
John Evelyn discovers young Grinling Gibbons， 5－1729
Bunyan，John，scenes in his life，4－1479
Burghley，William Cecil，Lord，portrait，5－1821
Burgkmair，Hans，German painter（14787－1531） Portrait of Martin Schongauer，4－1346
text，4－1344
Burke，Edmund，at the trial of Warren Hastings， 15－5515
Burne－Jones，Sir Edward，English painter（1833－ 1898）
Circe，9－3232
King Arthur in Avalon，19－6948
King Cophetua and the beggar maid，2－734
The beguiling of Merlin，19－6947
The Furies，9－3225
The Knights of King Arthur，19－6946
The mirror of Venus，9－3231
The song of love，6－2239
text，6－2236
Burning weeds，by Jean Francois Millet，7－2371
Burns，Robert，and Highland Mary，by Thomas Faed，6－2137
Birthplace of，6－2135
Portrait of，6－2136
Butts，Edmund，portrait，by John Bettes，6－2003
Byrd，William，playing on the virginal，by C．E． Brock，19－6915
Byron，George Gordon，Lord，portrait of，7－2489

## C

Cabanel，Alexandre，French painter（1823－1889） King Louis IX dispensing justice，16－5814 Little King Louis and his mother，16－5815
Cabot，John，reaches North America，1－249
Cabot，John and Sehastian，leaving Bristol，by Ernest Board，1－254
Cache River in the Laurentians，by Maurice $G$ Cullen，10－3706
Cæsar，Julius，condemning Vercingetorix，4－1360 death of，4－1360
Cagliari，or Caliari，Paolo，sep Veronese，Paolo
Caligraphist，The，by Rembrandt，5－1716
Calmady children，The，by Sir Thomas Lawrence， 9－3072
Calvert，Cecil，portrait．12－4153
Calvert，George，portrait，2－549
Camphausen，Wilhelm，German painter（1818－ 12＊．j）
Portrait of Frederick William of Prussia， 11－3969
Canterbury Pilgrims and Chaucer，by Thomas Stothard，1－301
Caravaggio，Michelangelo Amerigi da，Italian painter（1569－1609）
The lute player，9－3070
text，3－1108；4－1496；5－1874：9－3069
Caritas，by Abbott Thayer，10－3457
Carlyle，Thomas．amone his horiks，9－3311
Carlyle，Thomas，and John Stuart Mill，by Sidney Seymour Lucas，9－3313
Carmencita，by Sargent，10－3460
Carpaccio，Vittore，Italian painter（c．1450－1522） St．Stephen in dispute with the Doctors，4－145 text，3－1104；4－1461－62
Carpenter，Francig Bicknell，American painter （1830－1900）
Lincoln and his Cabinet，7－2426
Carrière，Eugène Anatole，F゙rench painter（1849－ 19（16）
Portrait of Anatole France，8－2709
text．8－2714
Cartier，Jacques，portrait，1－245
Carwardine，Mrs．，and child，portrait by Rom－ ney，7－2337

Cassatt，Mary，American painter（1845－1926） Mother feeding her child，10－3464 text，10－3450
Castiglione，Balthasar，by Raphael，3－964
Catacombs，pictures on the walls of the，2－577
Cattle of ancient Egypt，drawn on a tomb，3－821
Cave－men＇s drawings，1－189－91，193， 196
Caxton，William，printing the first book in Eng－ land，9－3387
quaint illustrations from his books，9－3381
setting up his press in the Almonry of West－ minster，9－3387
showing a book to the Abbot of Westminster， 1－302
Cervantes，Last hours of，by E．Oliva，19－7128
Ceremony of the kiss，by Makovski，16－5697
Cézanne，Paul，French painter（1839－1906）
Self－portrait，8－2712
The smoker，8－2709
text，8－2710， 2712
Chabas，Paul，French painter（1869－）
On the River in Summer，8－2862
text，8－2858
Champlain，Samuel de，portrait，1－245
surrendering to the English in Canada，2－681
Chariot race in the Circus Maximus，by E．Forti， 10－3744
Charderon，Francine
Sleeping child，14－4941
Chardin，Siméon，French painter（1699－1779）
Grace before meat，5－1875
text，5－1882
Charlemagne and his pupils，10－3433
Charles I，of England，about to die，6－1975 and William Harvey，8－2727
Children of，portrait by Van Dyck，5－1585
Funeral of，by Ernest Crofts，6－1975
on his way to Whitehall，6－1975
portrait by Van Dyck，11－3848
scenes from his life，6－1972
Charpentier，Madame，and her children，by Renoir，8－2711
Chase，Salmon P．（in group）by Francis Bick－ nell Carpenter，7－2426
Chase，William M．，American painter（1849－1916） Still life（fish and fruit），9－3325 text，9－3336
Chaucer，portrait from old book，1－299
portrait with Canterbury pilgrims，by Thomas Stothard，1－301
reading The Canterbury Tales，by Ford Madox Brown，1－298
Cheseman，Robert，portrait by Holbein，4－1351
Chess－players，by Thomas Eakins，10－3464
Chichester Canal，by Turner，6－2229
＂Childe Roland to the dark tower came，＂by J． MacWhirter，9－3245
Children of Charles I，The，by Van Dyck，5－1585
Children of the sea，by Josef Israels，8－2864
Children playing，by Pieter Brueghel，4－1226
Christ and the pilgrims of Emmaus，by Velas－ quez，4－1497
Christ and the Saints，Byzantine triptych， 12－4469
Christ in the manger，by Hugo van der Goes， 4－1221
Christ，Infant，see Madonna
Christ washing Peter＇s feet，by Ford Madox Brown，6－2237
Christian missionaries in Britain，by J．R． Herhert．4－1431
Church，Frederic Edwin，Amerlcan painter（1826－ 1900）
Cotopaxi，9－3335
The Parthenon，10－3458
trxt．9－3332－33
Cicero delivering an oration against Catiline， liv Cesare Maccari．4－1367
Cimabue，Giovanni，Italian painter（c．12\}0-1302) portrait of，5－1735
decorating the walls of a church，5－1734
The betrayal by Judas， $\mathbf{2 - 6 9 6}$
text，2－697；5－1736
Circe，by Burne－Jones，9－3232
Clarendon，Earl of，portrait，2－549
Clay，Henry，nortrait，10－3493
Clay，Maud Eogarth，artist
Ilorses in the hatroust field．6－2011

Clifford．Edward．En．．lish paintur（1ンター1907）
Father Taminh，7－2？こ1
Clinton，De Witt，portrait，5－1694
Clinton，Sir Henry，portrait，4－1161

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Clouet, François, Flemish-French painter ( 1 -1572) Portrait of Princess Elizabeth of Austria, 4-1224
text, 4-1227
Clovis I, King of the Franks, baptism of, 10-3431
Clovis II as boy King of France, receiving homage, 10-3431
Coast-scene, by George Inness, 10-3463
Cockburn, Lady, and her children, portrait by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 7-2338
Cockshutt, Henry, portrait by E. Wyly Grier, 10-3703
Cogan, Felix, Belgian painter (1838- $\quad$ (4)
Cogniet, Léon, portrait by Bonnat, 8-2863
Coke, Sir John, by Cornelius Jonson, 6-2003
Cole, Thomas, American painter (1801-1848) Destruction, 9-3331
The mountain ford, 10-3458 text, 9-3332
Cole, Timothy, American engraver (1852Portrait of Edgar Allan Poe, 13-4724
Columba sighting the shores of Scotland, by Georges Girardot, 8-2842
Columbus, Christopher, and Queen Isabella, 1-88 before the king and queen of Spain, by Ricardo Balaca y Canseco, 1-87
landing in the New World, 1-82, 240 portrait, 1-86
Comenius, portrait, 14-5247
Constable, John, English painter (1776-1837) The cornfield, 6-2231
The hay wain. 6-2231
text, 6-2230-32; 7-2328, 2330
Constantine leading his troops at the battle of Milvian Bridge, 5-1858
Constantinople, capture of, 13-4801
Cook, Captain James, on shipboard, by Charles Sheldon, 3-858
Cook, The, by Vermeer, 9-3074
Cooper, James Fenimore, portrait, 13-4628
Copernicus, death of, 1-205
Cophetua, King, and the beggar maid, by BurneJones, 2-734
Copley, John Singleton, American painter (17371815)

Portrait of Lady Wentworth, 9-3324
Portrait of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Izard, 9-3324
Portrait of Mrs. Sylvanus Bourne, 3-969
text. 9-3326
Corday, Charlotte, on the way to execution 6-2129
Cormon, Fernand, French painter (1845-1924) The return of the victors after Salamis, 3-1077
Cornelia showing her "jewels," 11-3811
Cornfield, The, by Constable, 6-2231
Cornwallis at Yorktown, 4-1173 portrait, 4-1161
Corot, Jean Baptiste, French painter (1796-1875) Evening, 7-2376
Landscape, 7-2376
The bent tree, 7-2375
text. 7-2370-71
Correggio, Antonio Allegri da, Italian painter The $1, y^{-1.0 .34}$
The Madonna and St. Jerome, 3-1111
The Madonna of the Basket, 3-1105
text, 3-1107-08
Cortes, conqueror of Mexico, 1-254
portrait, 1-245
Cossacks, The, write a letter to the Sultan, by Ilya Repin, 16-5697
Cotopaxi, by F. E. Church, 9-3335
Country scene, by Salomon Ruisdael, 5-1591
Courbet. Gustave, French painter (1819-187\%) Landscape, 7-2477 The stag fight, 7-2477 text, 7-2475-76
Court, Joseph-Désiré, French painter (1797-1865) Mark Antony at the death of Crear, 11-3929
Covenanters, religious service of, 7-2625 wedding of, 2-441
Covered wagons crossing the Sierra Nevada, 6-1911
Cowpens, Battle of the, 4-1171
Cozens, John Robert, English painter (1752-1799) Santa Giustina. Padua, 6-2233
Cranach, Lucas, the Elder, German painter (1472155. P $^{\text {) }}$

Portrait of Katharine von Borg, 4-1346 text. 4-1344
Cranmer, Thomas, portrait, 5-1821

Craven, Lady, portrait by Romney, 6-2115
Creation, ceiling by Michelangelo, 3-822 of Adam, panel in ceiling, 3-826
Creation of animal life, by Gustave Dore, 4 -1239
Credi, Iorenzo di, Italian painter (1459-15s\%) The Madonna and Child, 2-690
The Virgin, 2-696
text, 2-699
Crofts, Ernest, English painter (1847-1911) The burial of Charles Stuart, 6-1975
Napoleon on the field of Waterloo, 6-2211
Oliver Cromwell riding through York, 11-3844
Wellington on his march to Waterloo, 6-2211
Crome, John, the Elder, English painter (1768$1 \times 21)$
The Poringland Oak, 6-2231
text, 6-2230
Cromwell, Oliver, by Ford Madox Brown, 11-3849 (miniature) by Christian Richter, 1-67
at the battle of Dunbar, 6-1977
dissolving the Long Parliament, 6-1977
leaving the Houses of Parliament, 6-1979
riding through York, by Ernest Crofts, 11-3844
visiting Milton, by David Neal, 4-1241
Cromwell, Mrs., reading her husband's letter by Charles Sheldon, 11-3851
Cruikshank, Frederick, English painter (1822-1860) Portrait of John J. Audubon, 19-7052
Cullen, Maurice Galbraith, Canadian painter (1866- )
Cache River in the Laurentians, 10-3706
Early morning, Lac Tremblant, 10-3710 text, 10-3703
Curry, Mrs. Mark, portrait by Romney, 6-2114
Curzon, Paul Alfred de, French painter (18201895)

Psyche, 9-3229
Cuvier, Georges, in his laboratory, 2-588
Cuyp, Albert, Dutch painter (1620-1691)
River scene with cattle, 5-1591
text, 5-1592
Cyrus the Great returning the temple vessels to the Jews, by Gustave Doré, 3-917

Dagnan-Bouveret, Pascale Adolphe Jean, French painter (1852
The Blessed Bread, 7-2477
text, 7-2480
Dame's school, A, by Thomas Webster, 14-5251 Damien, Father Joseph, by Edward Clifford, 7-2321
Dance of the Seasons, The, by Poussin, 11-4131 Dancer, A, by Desas, 8-2711
Danes invading England, 4-1428
Danton, Georges Jacques, portrait of, 18-6714
Darley, F'elix Octavius Carr, American painter and illustrator (1822-1888)
A scene on Sherman's march to the sea, 7-2439
Daubigny, Charles François, French painter (1817-1878)
Boats on the river Oise, 9-3071
Sunset, 7-2375
The water gate, 9-3071
text, 7-2370
David at the cave of Adullam, by Claude Lor rain, 5-1883
playins the harp, from old psalter, 6-2nn1
Hatil and Jonathan, 19-710n?
David I. Good deeds of, by William Eole, 12-4206
David, Gerard, Flemish painter (r. 1,601 1.52.3) The Adoration of the Child, 4-1224 text. 4-1226-27
David, Jacques Louis, French painter (1748-1825) Madame Récamier, 6-2078
Mlle. Charlotte du Val D'Ognes, 6-2076 Socrates about to drink the hemlock, 16-5915 The coronation of Josephine, 6-2079 text 6-2077-80
Davis, Mary by Sir Peter Lely, 6-2002
Davis, Mary Hir Homphry, Foyhood of, hy Charles shelion, 3-9?1
Dawson, Sir J. William, portrait, 19-7055
Decatur, Stephen, portrait, 17-6327
Trecilis \hus. the Roman ronsul. 11-39n7
Declaration of Indenendence, The, before Congress. hy Jrhn Trumbiall, 4-116i
Degas, Hilaire Germain Edgard, French painter (1\&3! 1! \%)
A dancer, 8-2711
text, 8-2711, 2714

Delacroix, Ferdinand Victor Eugène, French painter (1799-1863)
Janizaries on the charge, 6-2082
Janizaries on the cha
Delaroche, Hippolyte, commonly known as Paul, French painter (1797-1856)
Last hours of Queen Elizabeth, 5-1824
Napoleon crossing the Alps, 6-2205 text, 6-2082
Dentatus, Curius, refusing a bribe, $3-889$
de Peyster. Johanna and Johannes, 17 th century portraits, 3-969
de'Pola, Laura, portrait by Lorenzo Lotto, 3-1111
Desdemona listening to Othello, 3-840
De Soto discovers the Mississippi, 1-249 portrait, $\mathbf{1 - 2 4 5}$
"Destruction," from series The Course of Empire, by Thomas Cole, 9-3331
De Wint, Peter, Dutch-English painter (1784-1849) Bray on the Thames, 6-2233 text, 6-2234
Diaz de la Peña, Narcisse Virgille, French painter (1812-1865)
The storm, 7-2376
text, 7-2370
Dickens, Charles, and some of his characters, 8-2733
in his study, 8-2731
Dicksee, Margaret I., English painter (1858-1903) Handel as a boy, 19-6913
Sir Thomas Lawrence as a boy, 7-2329
Swift and Stella, 5-1619
Disraeli and Gladstone, 7-2295
Dobson, William, English painter (1610-16\&6) Endymion Porter, 6-2003
text. 6-2000
Doge of Venice, A, portrait by Giovanni Bellini, 1-68
Doge Giovanni Mocenigo, by Gentile Bellini, 3-1105
D'Ognes, Charlotte du Val, by J. L. David, 6-2076
Dollman, John Charles, English painter (1851- ) 'A ah!'" said a hundred thousand apes, 16-6032 A very gallant gentleman, 14-5088
Domenichino, Il (Domenico Zampieri), Italian painter (1581-1641)
The Communion of St. Jerome, 13-4865
Dorcas giving garments to the poor, 1-124
Doré, Paul Gustave, French painter (1838-1883)
Creation of animal life, from Paradise Lost. 4-1239
Cyrus the Great returning the temple vessels to the Jews. 3-917
Douglas, Stephen A., portrait, 10-3493
Douw, Gerard, Dutch painter (1618-1675) The young mother, 5-1591 text, 5-1594
Drake, Sir Francis, at Panama, 14-4963 first sees the Pacific Ocean, 14-4963
playing bowls, by Seymour Lucas, 5-1819 portrait, 1-245; 5-1821
Draper, Herbert J., English painter (1864-
The heaven that lies about a child, $\mathbf{7 - 2 6 3 5}$
Dryden, John, portrait, 4-1357
Duccio, di Buoninsegna, Italian painter (12551340?)
The Madonna and Child, 2-697
Dumas, Alexander, portrait, 18-6716
Dunstan, Archbishod of Canterbury, reproving King Edwy, by W. J. Morgan, 8-2848
Dupré, Jules, French painter (1811-1889)
The great oak, 7-2374
text, 7-2370
Durand, Asher B.. American painter (1796-1886) Landscape, 9-3335
tr.xt. 9-3332
Difer, Albrecht, German painter, engraver and designer (19, 1, fis)
portrait, 4-1455
in hss studio, 4-1163
I knight and a lady. 4-13 4.
Jerome Holzschuher, portrait, 4-1347
Nuremberg town-band, 19-7071
Portrait of a young man, 4-1.347
St. George and the dragon, $4-1348$
Stephen Baumgartner as St. George, 4-1347
The adoration of the Magi, 4-1346
(1t. 4-1344-45, 1 \& 61
Dustin children, Escape of the, 3-779
Dysart. Winifred, by George Fuller, 10-3461
Dyce, Willam, English painter
The admission of Sir Tristram to the fellowship of the Round Table, 19-6946
$E$
Eakins, Thomas, American painter (184f-1916) The chess-players, 10-3464 text, 10-3453
Earl, Maud, English painter
The end of the trail, $\mathbf{2 - 7 1 1}$
Earle, Ralph, American painter (1751-1801)
Lady Williams and her child, 3-969
Early morning, Lac Tremblant, by Maurice G. Cullen, 10-3710
Eastern trader, An, by Horace Vernet, 6-2079
Edgar the Peaceable and vassal kings, 8-2843
Edward I of Fingland, death of, 5-1681
Edward $V$ and his brother in the Tower, by Sir J. E. Millais, 1-149

Edward VI, the boy king, by Holbein, 5-1823
Edwards, Jonathan, portrait of, 12-4445
Egfrid, king of Northumberland, and Cuthbert, by W. Bell Scott, 8-2847
Egyptian study of geese, 1-289
cattle, ancient mural painting, 3-821
family catching birds, mural painting, 3-820
mural painting, 10-3547
Elaine the Lily Maid of Astolat, by Mouat Loudan, 16-5822
El Greco, we Greco, El
Eliot, John, preaching to the Indians, 18-6635
Elizabeth, Queen of England, portrait by Federigo Zucchero, 5-1821
Last hours of, by Delaroche, 5-1824
listening to a reading by Shakespeare, by Eduard Ender, 3-833
receiving the French ambassador, by W. F. Yeames, 5-1815
shown an experiment in electricity by William Gilbert, 4-1254
signing the death warrant of Mary Queen of Scots, by Julius Schrader, 5-1824
watching a revelry, $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 2 4}$
Elizabeth, Princess of Austria, portrait by Francois Clouet, 4-1224
Elliott, Charles Loring, American painter (18121868)

Portrait of Mrs. James C. Griswold, 9-3329
text. 9-3330
Elmore, Alfred, Irish painter (1815-1881)
Marie Antoinette facing the mob in the Tuileries, 6-2126
Embarkation for Cythera, The, by Watteau, 5-1883
Embarkation of the Pilgrims, 2-545
Emerson, Ralph Waldo, drawing by G. B. Tobin, 13-4630
End of the trail, The, by Maud Earl, 2-711
Ender, Eduard, Austrian painter (1822-1883)
Shakespeare reading to Queen Elizabeth, 3-833
Enid and Geraint, by Rowland Wheelwright, 19-6945
Eole, William, Scottish painter
After Flodden Field, 12-4211
Bruce confers a charter upon Edinburgh, 12-4207
Good deeds of King David I, 12-4206
James III presented to the nobles, 12-4209
Margaret arriving in Scotland, 12-4206
Erasmus among his books, 14-5249
teaching the young Emperor Charles V 14-5249
with scholars at Basle, by Felix Cogan, 14-5249
Essex, Farl of, by Isaac Oliver, 6-2003
Essex, Robert Devereux, $2 d$ earl of, portrait, 5-1821
Espagnac, Comte d', as a boy, by Vigée Le Brun, 5-1878
Este, Alfonso d', portrait by Titian, 3-1109
Este, Beatrice d', portrait by Leonardo da Vinci, 3-825
Este, Francesco d', portrait by Velasquez, 4-1504
Euclid of Megara addressing his pupils, 2-704
Evelyn, John, discovers young Grinling Gibbons, by Edgar Bundy, 5-1729
Evening, by Corot, 7-2376
Evening meal, The, by Max Bohm, 10-3464
Eyck, Hubert van. Flwmish painter (1.36i-1/226)
The Adoration of the Lamb, 4-122?

text, 4-1222, 1460
Eyck, Jan van, Flemish painter (1390-14.4) Portrait of Jan Arnolfini and his wife. 4-1223
(with Hubert van Eyck), St. Cecilia, 6-1998
text, 4-1222. 1225, 1460
$\boldsymbol{F}$
Faed, John, Scottish painter (1820-1902)
Before Flodden Field, 12-4211
Faed, Thomas, scottish 1 rainter ( $1: 226-1906$ )
Robert Burns and Highland Mary, 6-2137
Faerie Queen, An incident from Spenser's, 3-1121
Falstaff, Sir John, in scenes from Shakespearean plays, 3-841
Family life in old France, by Greuze, 5-1879
Fates, sec Three Fates
Fénelon, Francois de Salignac de la Mothe, portrait, 18-6712
Ferdinand and Isabella at surrender of Granada, by Francisco Pradilla, 14-5043
Ferdinand of Austria, portrait by Velasquez, 1-71
Fergusons, The two, portrait by Raeburn, 6-2120
Ferrari, Gaudenzio, Italian painter (1484-1549) St. Catherine, 6-1995
Festive board, The, by Jan Brueghel, 7-2567
Fidelity, by Greuze, 5-1879
Field of the Cloth of Gold, The, 5-1815
Fighting Téméraire, The, towed to her last berth, by Turner, 6-2233
Fire, The, dies down in the cottage, by Walter Langley, 11-3839
Firing party, The, by Edouard Manet, 7-2477
Fisherman of St. Ives, A, by Anders Zorn, 8-2864
Fishing boats, by Richard Bonington, 6-2233
Flamsteed, John, portrait, 1-281
Flight into Egypt, The, by Giotto, 2-694
Flight of Night, The, by William Morris Hunt, 10-3462
Flodden Field, scenes before and after the battle of, by J. Faed and William Eole, 12-4211
Flora, by Titian, 3-1111
Florence, artisans at work in its great day, 5-1734
Flower lady, The, by Rembrandt, 5-1716
Forge of Vulcan, The, by Velasquez, 4-1495
Fornarina, La, by Piombo, 3-1111
Fothergill, Doctor, portrait by Gilbert Stuart, 9-3329
Fragonard, Jean-Honoré, French painter (17321806)

Portrait of a boy as Pierrot, 5-1879
text, 5-1881
France, Anatole, portrait by Eugène Anatole
Franceschi, Piero dei (Fradcesca Piero della), Italian painter (c. 1416-1492)
Portrait of a lady, 2-696
text. 2-699
Francia (Francesco Raibolini), Italian painter

St. Barbara. 4-1457
Franklin, Benjamin, at the French court, 10-3486 portrait, 10-3491: 12-4448; (in group), by John Trumbull, 4-1167
experimenting with a kite, 4-1249
hauling paper to his shop, by Edward Penfield, 12-4449
Franklin, Sir John, at the Admiralty, 8-2985 graves of his comrades, 8-2989
last days of his men, 8-2989
Frederick Barbarossa proclaimed king of Germany, 11-3967
Frederick 1. King of Prussia, examining school children, 11-3971
Frederick the Great, portrait, 11-4048
welcomed hy his subjects, 11-3971
Frederick William, Elector of Brandenburg, portrait on horseback by Wilhelm Camphausen, 11-3969
French Revolution, Birth of the, 6-2131
Rouget de Lisle singing the Marseillaise, by The march on Versailles, 10-3565
The taking of the Bastille, 6-2131
Fry, Elizabeth, portrait, 16-5701
visiting prisoners in Newgate prison, 16-5699
Fuller, George, American mainter (18?!-188!)
Winifred Dysart, 10-3461
trst. 9-3232-34
Fulton, Robert, offering to build a steam navy for Napoleon, 17-6401
Funeral Mremenv and hrincing bridal gifts; ancient Cretan and Greek decorations, 2-45:
Furies, The, drawings by Burne-Jones, 9-3225
Furstenberg, Paul W.
Wotan's farewell to Brunnhilde, 19-7149

Gagnon, Clarence A., Canadian painter (1881- ) Quebec village street in winter, $10-3707$ text. 10-3703
Gainsborough, Thomas, English painter (172\%1788)

Lady Georgiana Spencer, 6-2118
Miss Haverfield, 1-68
Miss Linley and her brother, 1-68
Mr. Poyntz, 6-2114
The Baillie family, 7-2339
The Blue Boy, 7-2340
The Marsham family, 6-2119
The two daughters of the artist, 7-2340
Reconciliation with Sir Joshua Reynolds, by C. H. Lucy, 7-2333
lext, 6-2109-11, 2230; 7-2331-32
Galahad, Sir, by Allan Stewart, 19-6947 by G. F. Watts, 19-6951
Galileo on trial before the Inquisition, 1-279 portrait, 1-281
scenes from his life, 1-285
Gallatin, Albert, portrait, 10-3491
Game of bat and ball, from 14 th century manuscript, 6-1939
Gardiner, Bishop, portrait by Quentin Matsys, 4-1223
Gardiner, Mrs., and her children, portrait by Hoppner, 6-2112
Garland of fruit, A, by Ruhens, 5-1589
Gay, John, by Sir Godfrey Kneller, 6-2003
Geese, early Egyptian drawing, 1-289
General, A, portrait by Giorgione, $\mathbf{4 - 1 4 5 7}$
George IV of England, by Hoppner, 6-2120
Ghirlandaio, Domenico, Italian painter (146914.9)

The Virgin with infant Christ, 2-693
The Visitation, 2-690
text. 2-699
Gibbon, Edward, in Rome, by Charles Sheldon, 9-3203
Gibhons, Frinling, discovered by John Evelyn, by Edgar Bundy, 5-1729
Gibbs, Mrs., portrait by Sir William Orpen, 8-2861
Gilbert, Sir Humphrey, takes possession of Newfoundland, 14-4961
Gilbert. Sir John, English painter (1817-1897)
Scene from the Merchant of Venice, 3-983
Gioconda, La (Mona Lisa), portrait by Leonardo da Vinci, 3-829
Giergione, Il (Giorgio Barbarelli), Italian painter (1477-1510)
Portrait of a general, 4-1457
text. 3-1106: 4-1462
Giotto di Bondone, Italian painter (c, 1266-1937)
St. Francis preaching to the birds, 6-1990
The death of St. Francis, 2-696
The flent into Esvnt. 2-694
text. 2-697-98: 5-1736-37; 17-6163
Girardot. Georges, French painter ( $1-1915$ )
Columba sighting Scotland's shore, $8-2842$
Girl at a window, A, by Rembrandt, 5-1714
Firl dancine. Fiw Watteall, 5-1sqn
Girl in white, Ernesta, by Cecilia Beaux, 10-3461
Girodet-Trioson, Anne Louls, French painter (1767-1834)
Napoleon as a boy, 6-2103
Gisze, George, portrait by Holbein, 4-1350
Gladstone and Disraeli, 7-2295
Globe Theatre, The, in Elizabethan days, 2-720 Godiva, Lady, pleading for her people, by E. Blair Leighton, 17-6295
Godsalve, sir Thomas and his son John, portrait by Holbein, 4-1350
Goes, Hugo van der, Flemish painter (r. 1435-14, Christ in the manger, 4-1221
St. Cecilia, 4-1223
The adoration of the shepherds, $4-1223$ text. 4-1226
Goethe, Johann Wolfgang von, portrait by J. K. Molieler, 17-6412
Goldsmith, Oliver, in town, 5-1870 plaving the flute, 5-1871

10hnson 5-1869: 6-2258
Goodwin. Albert, Figlish painter (1860-1909)
The wreck of the Spanish Armada, 5-1819
Gotch. Thomas Cooper, English painter (1854 )
Tn the dave of the folk song. 16-5739
Goths entering Rome, by Edward Wighill, 4-1195 Gower, Lady, portrait by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 6-2114

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（PAINTING）

Goya y Lucientes，Erancisco，Spanish painter and etcher（1746－1828）
Bull fight，4－1499
Donna Isabella，9－3074
The parasol，4－1499
text 4－1500
Gozzoli，Benozzo，Italian painter（1401－1428）
Lorenzo de Medici as one of the Magi，5－1745
One of the Three Wise Men，2－696
St．Augustine at the School of Rome，2－695 lext，2－698
Grace before meat，by Chardin，5－1875
Grammont，Comtesse de，portrait by Sir Peter Lely，6－2003
Grand Duchess Eleanor，The，by Bronzino，3－964
Grant，Gen．Ulysses S．，by Thomas Nast，7－2441
Gratz，Rebecca，portrait by Sully，19－7164
Gray，Asa，portrait by J．J．Cade，19－7054
Gray，Thomas，portrait，6－2029
Great oak，The，by Dupré，7－2374
Greco，El（Domenico Theotocopuli），Spanish painter（1545－1614）
Portrait of an unknown man，9－3073
St．Basil，4－1494
text，4－1495
Green，John Richard，dictating，by C．E．Brock， 9－3200
Greene，Nathanael，portrait，4－1165
Greenleaf，Mrs．James，portrait by Gilbert Stuart， 9－33こ9
Gregory I，and English slaves，8－2846
Gregory VII，Pope，and Henry IV of Germany at Canossa，8－2849
Grenville，Sir Richard，orders gunner to sink the Revenge，14－4961
Greuze，Jean Baptiste，French painter（1725－1805） Family life in old France，5－1879
Fidelity，5－1879
Innocence，5－1880
Studies of three heads，5－1873
The broken pitcher， 5 －1877
The young rogue，5－1878
trxt．5－1．882
Grier， $\boldsymbol{E}$ ．Wyly，Canadian painter（1862－
Portrait of Henry Cockshutt，10－3703
text，10－3703
Griftin，mural decoration from Knossos，Crete， 2－4．1：
Grimm，Jakob Ludwig Karl，portrait，17－6414
Griswold，Mrs．James C．，portrait by Charles L． Elliott．9－3329
Gros，Baron Antoine Jean，French painter（1771－ 1835）
Murat at the battle of Aboukir，6－2082
text．6－2081
Guericke，Otto von，demonstrating the power of vacuum，4－1245
Guincrore．（Ineen．in the munnery garden，by Mary F．Ranhael，19－6948
Gustavis Adolnhus，Kin：of sweden，praying before battle，15－5293
Gustavus Vasa breaks up a drinking party，by Saloman，15－5293
Gutenberg，John，in his printing office，9－3385
Gwyn，Nell，by Sir Peter Lely，6－2003

## H

Hagar and Ishmael，by Benjamin West，9－3331 Halley，Edmund，portrait，1－281
Hals，Frans，Dutch painter（c．1580－1666）
I man with ：sword．5－1．587
Fianmurt of the officerse of sit．George＇s shoot－ ing Company of Haarlem，12－4181
Portrait of a man and his wife，9－3075
Portrait of a woman，5－1590
Portrait of a woman end child，1－69
fort 5－15Q4．159n．1712
Hamilton，Alexander，portraits，5－1694；10－3491 Hamlet．Sren Trumbunll，9－3328
Hamman，Edouard Jean Conrad，French painter
Mozart playing hefore members of court of Vienna，19－7074
Hancock，John（in group），by John Trumbull，
Handel．Fieorexe Friedrich，by Hutson，19－7n72
as a boy．playing the clavichord at night，by Marcaret I．Dicksee，19－6913
Hambah dilliwer the whild samuel to Fli，by Fr W．W．Towham，19－71．54
Hannibal＇s army crossing the Rhone，by Henri Motte，4－1195

Hare，Master，by Sir Joshua Reynolds，6－2118
Harp，A，Egyptian wall painting，19－6899
Harp of the winds，The，by Homer D．Martin 10－3447
Harpignies，Henri，French painter（1819－1916） Late summer scene near Herisson，9－3076 text，7－2372
Harrison，John，at work on his clocks，17－6404
Harvey explains to Charles Stuart how the blood circulates，8－2727
Hassam，Childe，American painter（1859－） Isle of Shoals，10－3463 text，10－3456
Hastings，Warren，portrait by Sir Thomas Law－ rence，6－2109
Trial of，15－5515
Hatherell，John，English painter The bailiff＇s daughter，11－4031
Haverfield，Miss，by Gainsborough，1－68
Hawthorne，Nathaniel，crayon by S．W．Rowse 13－4633
Hay wain，The，by Constable，6－2231
Haydn，Franz Josef，portrait，19－7073
Heads，three studies by Greuze，5－1873
Heathfield，Lord，by Sir Joshua Reynolds，6－2120
Helena and Hermia in the garden，by Sir Ed－ ward Poynter，3－835
Helping mother，by Josef Israels，8－2851
Fielst，Bartiolomeus van der，Dutch painter （1613－16i0） Portrait of a woman，8－2719
Hemy，Thomas M．，English painter The sinking of the Birkenhead，3－886
Henry IV，Scene from Shakespeare＇s play，3－841
Henry IV of Germany at Canossa，8－2849
Henry $V$ of England at the battle of Agincourt， 5－1885
Henry VIII，portrait by Holbein，5－1822
embarking at Dover for Calais，5－1815
fnunding St．Paul＇s School，5－1824
Herbert，John Rogers，English painter（1810 189（1）
The first preaching of Christianity in Great Britain，4－1431
Hercules slaying the Hydra，1－359
Herder，Johann，portrait，17－6269
Herschel，Caroline，portrait，1－281
Herschel，Sir John，portrait，1－281
Herschel，Sir William，portrait，1－281
Hillingford， $\mathbf{R}$ ．，English artist
Defeat of the French in Spain，14－5043
Hindu devotions，by Turner，6－2233
Hireling shepherd，The，by Holman Hunt，6－2238
History and Philosophy，wall panels by Puvis de（＇havamnes，7－24\＆1
Kobbema，Meyndert．Dutch painter（1638－1709）
Avenue at Middelharnais， $\mathbf{5 - 1 5 8 7}$
text，5－1592
Hofer，Andreas，the peasant governor of the Tyrolese 13－4589
Hogarth，William，English painter（1697－1764）
Self－portraits，6－2005：7－2329
Polly Peachum，6－2005
The artist＇s servants， $9-3072$
The sister of the artist．6－2005
text．6－2004－05；7－2327－28
Holbein，Hans，the Elder，German painter（ $c$ 1 1隹 $15: 4$
The death of Mary，4－1347
text．4－1345
Holbein，Hans，the Xounger，German painter （1， $19,-1 ; 3)$
Edward VI，the bov king，5－1823
Edward VI，the boy
portrait of a man．9－3074
Portrait of a young man，4－1351
Portrait of Boniface Auerbach，4－1350
Portrait of Henry VIII，5－1822
Portrait of Margaret Wyatt，Lady Lee，4－1349 Portrait of Rohert Cheseman，4－1351
Sir Thomas Godsalve and his son John，4－1350
The Madonna of the Burgomaster Meyer． 4－1352
eref．4－1．215，1318：G－？nnก
Holmes，Oliver Wendell，portrait，13－4724
Holy Family．The by Michelangelo，3－827
by Ranhael．3－963
hy Ruhens．5－1：84
with St．Cathorine hy Titian，3－1111
with st．「anl and Sit．George，by Giovanni Rellinis 3－1110
The flight into Egypt，by Giotto，2－694

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Holzschuher, Jerome, portrait by Albrecht Dürer, 4-1347
Homer, The world's poets pay homage to, by Ingres, 16-5749
Homer, Winslow, American painter (1836-1910) Gen. Francis C. Barlow receiving prisoners 7-2443
A rainy day in camp, 7-2443
Northeaster, 10-3459
The wreck, 10-3459
text, 10-3448-49
Hoppner, John, English painter (1758-1810)
Mrs. Gardiner and her children, 6-2112
Mrs. Jordan as the Comic Muse, 6-2116
Portrait of George IV, 6-2120
Portrait of the Countess of Oxford, 7-2338
The Sackville children, 6-2118
text. 6-2112
Hornel, E. A., Australian painter (1864 Listeners in the wood, 9-3309
Summer 18-6525
Horse Fair, The, by Rosa Bonheur, 7-2369
Horses in the harvest field, by Maud Hogarth Clay, 6-2011
Home, Sir William, portrait, 4-1161
Hudson, Henry, portrait, 1-245
last voyage of, 11-4109
sailing up the river of his name, 1-247
Hudson, Thomas, English painter (1701-17\%9) Portrait of George Frederick Handel, 19-7072 text, 7-2332
Humboldt and a friend watching meteors, 10-3670
Hunt, William Holman, English painter (18271910)

The hireling shepherd, 6-2238
text, 6-2236
Hunt, William Morris, American painter (18241879)

The flight of Night, 10-3462
text, 9-3333

## I

Iduna giving the golden apples to the gods, by J. Doyle Penrose, 15-5329

Illustrations from old psalters and manuscripts, 6-2001
In the garden, by George de Forest Brush 10-3:64
India. Presentation of first British ambassador to the Great Mogul of, $\mathbf{8 - 2 8 2 3}$
Indian encampment, by Ralph A. Blakelock, 10-3462
Indian life, American, drawings by John White 17-6334-36
Indians, American, medicine dance of, 6-1915 their first sight of white men, 1-247
Industry, by Paul veronese, 4-1454
Infante Philipp Prosper, by Velasquez, 4-1494
Ingres, Jean, French painter (1780-1867) self-portrait 9-3071
M. Bertin, the Elder, 6-2079

The apotheosis of Homer, 16-5749
test. 6-2030
Initial letters, from an 11 th century book, 6-2001
Inness, George, American painter (1825-1894) Coast-scene, 10-3463
Peace and plenty, 10-3463
The wood-gatherers, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 6 3}$ text, 9-3330
Innocence liy freuze. 5-18en
Innorent X. Pobe hy Velasuliez, 4-1504
Isabey, Jean Baptiste, French painter (1767-1855) The Congress of Vienna, 11-3959
Isabella, Donna, by Goya, 9-3074
Isabella, Empress, by Titian, 3-1110
Isle of Shoals, by Childe Hassam, 10-3463
Israels, Josef, Dutch painter (1824-1911)
Children of the sea, 8-2864
Helping mother, 8-2851
The needlewoman, 8-2864
text, 8-2853
Izard, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph, by Copley, 9-3324
$\boldsymbol{J}$
Jackson, Alexander Young, Canadian painter Winter, Georgian Bay, 10-3707 text, 10-3703
Jackson, General Stonewall, portrait, 7-2431
James IfT of Scotland, presented to the nobles, by William Eole, 12-4209

Janizaries on the charge, by Delacroix, 6-2082
Jefferson, Thomas, portrait, 5-1694; (in group), by John Trumbull, 4-1167
Jefferys, Charles Wm., Canadian painter (1869-) Western sunlight, 10-3706 text, 10-3702
Jennings, Sarah, by Sir Godfrey Kneller, 6-2002
Jesus among the Doctors, by Luini, 3-1103
Jesus, Infant, and the infant St. John, by Murillo, 4-1494
Jesus, ancient mural paintings of, 2-577
Joan of Arc, by Bastien-Lepage, 7-2479
at Coronation of the King at Rheims, by Jules Lenepveu, 16-5816
at the stake, by Jules Lenepveu, 16-5816
Vision of, by G. W. Joy, 16-5817
welcomed by the populace, by Jules Lenepveu, 16-5816
John, King of England, signing the Great Charter, 5-1564
John, portrait of a boy by Frederick Varley, 0-3709
John, Augustus, English painter (1878- ) Portrait of George Bernard Shaw, 8-2861
Portrait of Madame Suggia, 8-2861
text, 8-2859
Johnson, Eastman, American painter (1824-1906) The new bonnet, 10-3 464 text, 10-3453
Johnson, Dr. Samuel, and Oliver Goldsmith, 5-1869; 6-2258
and his friends, 5-1867
visiting Sir Joshua Reynolds, by Francis Barraud, 7-2333
Johnston, Frank F., Canadian painter A northern night, 10-3704
fext. 10-3704
Johnston, Joseph E., General, portrait, 7-2431
Jones, John Paul, portrait, 17-6327
Jonson, Cornelius, English painter (1598-1664) Portrait of Sir John Coke, 6-2003 text. 6-2000
Jordaens, Jacob, Flemish painter (1593-1678) Singing the old songs, 5-1591
text. 5-1586
Jordan, Mrs., as the Comic Muse, by Hoppner 6-2116
Josephine, Coronation of the Empress, by J. L. David, 6-2079
Joy, George W., Irish painter (1844-1925)
velson's farewell to his grandmother, 6-2209 Vision of Joan of Arc, 16-5817
Julius II, Pope, portrait by Raphael, 3-962
Justinian the Great choosing a wife, 13-4799

## K

Kaulbach, Wilhelm von, German painter (18051874)

Mozart listening to his Requiem, 19-6919
Keats, John, reading his poetry, 7-2488
Kepler, John, listening to Tycho Brahe, 1-204
Kerr, Lady, portrait by Romney, 7-2338
King of Rome, Napoleon's son, by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 1-151
King's Mountain, Battle of, 4-1171
Kingsley. Charles, points Westward Ho, 11-3893 Kleist, Heinrich Wilhelm von, portrait, 17-6270
Klopstock, Friedrich Gottlieb, portrait, 17-6270
Kneller, Sir Godfrey, Dutch-English painter (1646-1723)
Portrait of Dr. John Wallis, 6-2002
Portrait of John Gay, 6-2003
Portrait of Sarah Jennings, 6-2002
Portrait of the Duke of Marlborough, 6-2002 text. 6-2000
Knight and a lady, A, by Albrecht Dürer, 4-1348 Knight at the ford, The by J. E. Millais, 6-2239 Knight. Vigil of a, before the altar, by John Pettie, 14-5197
Knichts of King Arthur, by Burne-Jones, 19-6946
Knowles, Farquhar McGillvray, American painter (1860
The thuncler clond, 10-3710 text. 10-3704
Knowles. G. Sheridan, English painter (1863-
King Wenceslas and his nage. 3-842
Kosciusko, Thaddeus, portrait, 4-1161
Kreighoff, Cornelius, Canadian painter (1812-1872) The toll-gate, 10-3699
lext, 10-3700
Kublai Khan travelling, illustration from old manuscript, $\mathbf{1 - 8 5}$

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（PAINTING）

## I

Lady，A，ancient Roman portrait，2－452
portrait by Allan Ramsay，6－2109
portrait by François Boucher，15－5311
portrait by Piero della Francesca，2－696
portrait by Raeburn，6－2115
portrait by Velasquez，4－1504
playing on the clavichord，by Jan Miense Mo－ lenaer，19－6901
reading a letter；by Terborch，5－1587
Lady Cockburn and her children，by Sir Joshua Reynolds，7－2338
Lady Craven，portrait by Romney，6－2115
Lady Georgiana Spencer，portrait by Gains－ borough，6－2118
Lady Godiva pleading for her people，by E． Blair Leighton，17－6295
Lady Gower，portrait by Sir Thomas Lawrence， 6－2 114
Lady Jean，portrait of the artist＇s daughter，by George Bellows，10－3464
Lady Kerr，portrait by Romney，7－2338
Lady Wentworth，portrait by Copley，9－3324
Lady Williams and child，by Ralph Earle，3－969
La Farge，John，American painter（150－1910）
The Muse of Painting， $10-3462$
text，9－3334， 3336
Lafayette，Marquis de，portrait，4－1161
La Fontaine，Jean de，portrait，18－6712
Lancelot and Elaine，by Sidney Paget，19－6946
Landing of Cleopatra，The，by Claude Lorrain， 5－1875
Landing of Columbus，The，1－240；by John Van－ derlyn，1－82
Landscape，by Corot，7－2376；by Gustave Cour－ bet，7－2477；by A．B．Durand，9－3335
Landseer，Six Edwin H．，Enslish painter（1802－ $1 \times 7.3)$
Newfoundland dog，2－710
Wild cattle，4－1258
text．6－2235；12－4361
Langley，Walter，English paintur（バラ？－19？2）
The fire dies down in the cottage，11－3839
Langton，Stephen，persuading the harons to help him obtain Magna Carta，8－2850
Lao－tsze，founder of Taoism，incident in his life， 9－3089
La Salle，Robert Cavelier，Sieur de，portrait， 1－245
Fleet of，2－676
Last days in the old home，by Robert Martineau， 8－2681
Last Supper，The，by Leonardo da Vinci，3－830 late summer，by Harpignies，9－3076
Laud，Archbishop，gives Strafford a last bless－ ing，11－3844
Lawrence，Sir whomas，Fhwlish wanter（1769－ 1．3（1）
portrait，7－2327
as a boy，by Margaret Dicksee，7－2329
A boy with a kid，6－2119
Fortrait of Iatly firstry，6－ㄹ11t
Portrait of Mrs．Siddons，7－2339
Portrait of Warren Hastings，6－2109
The Calmady children，9－3n72
The young King of Rome，1－151
fort 7－…？．5
Lear，King，renouncing his danghter Cordelia，
Je Brun，Vigée，French painter（1755－18ч？）
Jadame If Krun and ？2rr davghtar．5－1980 The Comte d＇Espagnac as a boy，5－1878 text．5－188？
Leicester，Robert Dudley，Earl of，portrait， 5－1821
Leighton，E．Blair，English painter（185s－
Lady Godiva ploading for her people，17－6295
Leighton，Frederick，Lord，English painter and

Britons trading with the Phœenicians，4－1431 ext，6－22．36：13－4856
Lely，Sir Peter，Dutch－Enclish painter（1618－1680） Portrait of the Comtesse de Grammont，6－2003 Portrait of the Duchess of Cleveland，6－2003 Portrait of Mary Davis，6－2002 Portrait of Nell Gwyn，6－2003
14．7．6－：noln
Le Nain，The brothers，Frwneh painters（1588？－

Peasants at supper，5－1878
Piper among the hills， 5 －1875
text，5－1874

Lenbach，Franz von，German painter（1836－1904） Portrait of Otto von Bismarck，8－2863 text，8－2852－53
Lenepveu，Jules E．，French painter（1819－1898） Joan of Arc at the king＇s coronation，16－5816 at the stake，16－5816
welcomed by the populace，16－5816
Leonardo da Vinci，se Vinci
Lessing，Gotthold Ephraim，portrait，17－6269
Lesson in anatomy，The，by Rembrandt，5－1716
Leutze，Emanuel，American painter（1816－1868）
Miltcn playing the organ for Cromwell，12－4434 Washington crossing the Delaware，4－1169 text，9－3333

## Lhermitte，Léon，French painter（1844－1295）

Paving the reapers， $9-3076$
Lieb．Michael，see Munkácsy
Lincoln，Abraham，and his Cabinet，by Francis Bicknell Carpenter，7－2426
Lindow，Mr．and Mrs．，portrait by Romney， 6－2114
Linley，Miss，and her brother，portrait by Gains－ borough，1－68
Linnell，John，English painter（1792－1882）
The noonday rest， $12-4503$
Lippi，F＇ra Filippo，Italian painter（1406？－1469） The Madonna adoring the Child，2－690 text，2－699
Listeners in the wood，The，by E．A．Hornel， 9－3309
Lister，Lord，portrait，15－5485
Livingston，Robert（in group），by John Trum－ bull，4－1167
Livingstone，David，his last journey，2－464
Lochner，Stephen，German painter（1400？－1451）
The adoration of the Magi，4－1343
text．4－1343－44
Longfellow，Henry Wadsworth，portrait，13－4727 Looking toward the sea，by Alexander $H$ ．Wyant， 10－3458
Lorenzetti，Pietro，Italian painter（？－1348？） The Madonna with St．Francis and St．John， 2－691
Lorenzo and Isabella，by Sir J．E．Millais，6－2238
Lorenzo de Medici as one of the Magi，by $\mathrm{Be}-$ nozzo Gozzoli，5－1745
Lorrain，Claude．French painter（1600－1682） David at the Cave of Adullam，5－1883 The landing of Cleopatra，5－1875 text，5－1876
Lost mind，The，by Elihu Vedder，10－3462
Lotto，Lorenzo，Italian painter（c．1480－1556） Portrait of Laura de Pola，3－1111 tert．3－1104
Loudan，Mouat，British painter Elaine the Fair，16－5822
Louis IX of France as a boy，and his mother， by Cabanel，16－5815
captured by the Saracens，7－2582
on his throne， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 2 8}$
Louis XI visiting a peasant，by J．Seymour Lucas，10－3435
Louis XVI among his subjects，10－3435 and the royal family at Varennes，6－2126 in prison，M，F．M．Ward，6－13？
Lucas，John Seymour，English painter（18，9－1923） Louis XI visiting a peasant，10－3435
Sir Francis Drake playing bowls，5－1819
Lucy，Charles F．，English painter
The reconciliation of Sir Joshua Reynolds and
Gainsborough 7－2333
 Jesus among the Doctors，3－1103 text，3－1107
Lute player．The，by Caravaggio，9－3070
Iyall，Laura A．，Mer Muntz
$\mathbf{M}$
Maccari，Cesare，Italian painter
Cicerr＇s cration asainst ratiline，4－1．367
Regulus going back to Carthage to die，4－1365 Macdonough，Thomas，portrait，17－6327
Maclise，Daniel，British paintor（f\＆n6 ハーン力） cons from Twolfth N゙iuht．3－6\＆7

MacWhirter，J．，English artist
Childe Penland ta the dark tower（：ame．9－324．5 Madison，James，portrait，5－1694：11－3947
Madonna，The，adoring the Child，by Filippo I，ippi，2－63n
and angels（The Assumption），by Murillo， 4－1497

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Madonna, The, and Child, by Fra Angelico, 2-694 by Giovanni Bellini, 3-1110; 4-1457
by Botticelli, 2-690; (with angels), 2-695
(of the Basket), by Correggio, 3-1105
(with St. Jerome and angel), by Correggio, 3-1111
by Lorenzo di Credi, 2-690
by Duccio, 2-697
(with saints and angels), by Ghirlandaio, 2-693
(the flight into Egypt), by Giotto, 2-694
(of the Burgomaster Meyer), by Holbein, 4-1352
by Filippo Lippi, 2-690
(with St. Francis and St. John), mural by Lorenzetti, 2-691
by Quentin Matsys, 4-1223
by Memling, 4-1224
(Holy Family), by Michelangelo, 3-82?
(with angels), by Laura Muntz, 10-3708
by Murillo, 4-1497
(with saints and angels), by Perugino, 3-964 by Raphael, 3-962, 963
(del Granduca), by Raphael, 3-961
(La Belle Jardinière, with St. John), by Raphael, 3-963
(of the Chair), by Raphael, 3-964
(Sistine), by Raphael, 3-962
by Roger Van der Weyden, 4-1223
(of the Cuccina family), by Veronese, 3-1112 (of the Rocks, with St. John and an angel), by Leonardo da Vinci, 3-825
(with St. Anne), by Leonardo da Vinci, 3-825 Sce also Virgin
Maes, Nicolaes, Dutch painter (1632-1693)
Young girl peeling apples, 5-1593
Magdalen, by Veronese, 3-1112
Magi, see Wise Men
Magyars in Austria, 17-6190

## Makoveki

The ceremony of the kiss, 16-5697
Man, portrait by Holbein, 9-3074
portrait by Thierry Bouts, 4-1228
Man and his wife, portrait by Frans Hals, 9-3075
Man, Study of a, by Rembrandt, 5-1716
Man with a sword, by Frans Hals, 5-1587
Man with the hoe, The, by Jean Françis Millet, 8-3003
Manet, Edouard, French painter (1832-1883)
Boy with a sword, 7-2479
The balcony, 7-2474
The firing party, 7-2477
text, 7-2476
Manning, Carrinal, portrait by G. F. Watts, 6-2237
Mantegna, Andrea, Italian painter (1431-1506) St. George, 3-1112 text, 3-1103
Manuscripts, Illuminated, 6-2001
Marco Polo, portrait, $\mathbf{1 - 8 5}$
landing at Ormuz, 1-85
Mares and their foais, by A. J. Munnings, 8-2863
Margaret, Princess, daurhter of Philip IV, portrait by Velasquez, $4-1503$
Margaret, wife of Malcolm III, arriving in Scotland, by William Eole, 12-4206
Maria Theresa appealing to the Hungarian nohles. 17-f193
Mariana, 2ueen of Austria, portrait hy Velas(3)ez, 4-1504

Marie Antainfota and her shildren, by VigeeLee Brun, 6-2nin9
and her family in prison, by E. M. Wrard. 6-2133
facing the mol in the palace, by Alfred Flmore, 6-2126
on her way to the scaffold, 6-2133
Maris, Matthew, Intrh paintrr (18.39-197\%) routskirts of a town, 8-U\& 51
Marion, Francis, portrait, 4-1165
Mark intony at the duth of repsar, hy Joseph Désire Court, 11-3929
Marke, Henry Stacy, English painter (1829-1898) A meeting of parrots, 10-3619
Marlborough. Duke of, portrait by Sir Godfrey Kneller, 6-2002
on the battlefield, 6-2099
Marquand, Henry G., portrait by Sargent, 10-3460
Marriaer at cana, The ly p'aill Veronese (Dresden Gallery), 3-1110; (Louvre), $\mathbf{4 - 1 4 5 4}$ of st. Catlifurne, by Tintoratte, 3-1112
of the two St. Catherines, by Borgognone, 3-1105

Marseillaise, Rouget de Lisle singing the, by I. A. A. Pils, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 6 5}$

Marsham family, The. by Sir Thomas Gainsborough, 6-2119
Martin, Homer D., American painter (1896-1897) The harp of the winds, 10-3447
Sand dunes, 10-3459
text, 10-3448
Martineau, Robert, American painter (1826-1869) The last days in the old home, 8-2681
Mary, The death of, by Holbein, the Elder, 4-1347 Sre also Madonna and Virgin
Mary, Queen of Hungary, portrait by Velasquez, 4-1503
Mary, Queen of Scots, portrait, 12-4204; 5-1821 compelled to abdicate, 12-4213
escaping from Loch Leven castle, 12-4213
mounting the scaffold, 12-4213
Maskelyne, Nevil, portrait, 1-281
Mather, Cotton, portrait, $\mathbf{1 2 - 4 4 4 5}$
Matsys, Quentin, Flemish painter ( 15 th century) Portrait of Bishop Gardiner, 4-1223
The Virgin and Child, 4-1223 text, 4-1226-27
Mauve, Anton, Dutch painter (18.38-1888) Spring, 8-2853
The meadow, 8-2853
Maximilian receiving an ambassador from Venice, by Carl Becker, 11-3961
Massacre of St. Bartholomew, The, 10-3429
Mayflower, The, in Plymouth harbor, 2-545
Mazzini in prison, 13-4:889
Meadow, The, by Mauve, 8-2853
Measure for Measure, Scene from, 3-982
Medici, Ferdinand de, portrait by Bronzino, 3-963
Medici, Lorenzo de, as one of the Magi, by Benozzo Gozzoli, 5-1745
Medici, Maria de, portrait by Bronzino, 9-3074
Medici, Piero de, portrait by Bronzino, 3-964
Medicine dance of the Winnebago Indians, 6-1915
Mediterranean scene, A, by Joseph Vernet, $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 7 5}$
Meeting of Jacob and Rachel, by Palma Vecchio, $3-1111$
Meissonier, Jean Louis Ernest, French painter (1815-1891)
Napoleon at the battle of Friedland, 10-3569
Napoleon on his retreat from Moscow, 6-2212 text, 6-2082
Melchers, Gari, American painter (1860- ) Mother and child, 10-3464 text. 10-3.355
Memling, Hans, Flemish painter (c. 1430-1494) Portrait of an old man, 4-1228
Portrait of Marie Portinari, 4-1228
Portrait of Thomas Portinari, 4-1228
St. Fenedict. 6-13!f
The death of St. Ursula, 6-1993
The Vircin and Child, 4-12.4
text, 4-1225
Memmi (Simone Martini), Italian painter (128213.4)

The Ansel of the Annunciation, 2-696 thert. 2-6f47
Menippus, portrait by Velasquez, 4-1502
Merchant of Venice. The, Scene from, by Sir John Gilbert, 3-983
Mermaid Tavern. At the, 2-723
Merry Wives of Windsor, The, Scene from, 3-841
Mesdag. Hendrik Willem, Dutch painter (1831-1915) Beaching Dutch boats, 8-2864
text. 8-2854
Messina, Antonello da, Italian painter (c. 14s01479)
self-portrait. 3-1105
A bortrait. 3-1110
Michelangelo, Buonarroti, Italian painter and sculptor (1y\%5-156.4)
portrait. 1-61
The Ceiling of the Sistine Chapel, 3-822, 827
The Creation of Adam (detail of above), 3-826 The Holy Family, 3-827
The Three Fates, 3-826
Three he:ths int the sistine ("hamel, 3-\&2? text, 3-830-31; 5-1735, 1740; 9-3069; 13-4607-08; 17-6310
Miffin Mrs. Rebecea Fdgehill, and granddaughter, by Charles Willson Peale, 3-971
Samin, portrat hy Charles Tillson I'ealr,
Mill. John Stuart, and Thomas Carlyle, by Sidney Seymour Lucas, 9-3313
Mill on the dyke, The, by Jacob Ruisdael, 5-1587

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Millais, Six John Everett, English painter (18291896)

A scene from As You Like It, 3-839
Lorenzo and Isabella, 6-2238
Sir Walter Raleigh as a boy, 5-1812; 11-4065
The knight at the ford, 6-2239
text, 6-2236
Millet, Jean François, French painter (1814-1875) A flock of sheep, 7-2376
A mother and her children, 7-2373
Burning weeds, 7-2371
The Angelus, 1-71
The man with the hoe, 8-3003
The shepherdess, 7-2373
tert, 7-2371-72
Milton, John, portraits, 4-1235
and his first love, by G. H. Boughton, 4-1234
dictating to his daughter, by Munkácsy, 4-1237
playing the organ for Cromwell, by E. Leutze, 12-4434
shaking hands with Marvell, by G. H. Boughton, 4-1237
Miracle of St. Hugo, The, by Francisco Zurbaran, 4-1494
Mistletoe bough, The, by Charles Sheldon, 10-3607
Mitchell, Silas Weir, portrait, 13-4823
Mocenigo, Doge Giovanni, portrait by Gentile Bellini, 3-1105
Mohammed dictating the Koran, 9-3091
Mohammed II, Sultan, portrait, by Gentile Bellini, 3-1105
Molenaer, Jan Mienze, Dutch painter (1605-1668) A lady playing on the clavichord, 19-6901
Mona and the merman, by Thomas Maybank, 1-60
Mona Lisa (La Gioconda), by Leonardo da Vinci, 3-829
Monet, Claude, French painter (1840-1926)
A river in summer, 7-2477
The Seine at Argenteuil, 7-2477 text, 7-2481-82; 8-2709
Monk, George, portrait, 2-549
Montenard, Fredéric. French painter (1849- ) A pastoral scene, 8-2857 text. 8-2856
Montesquieu, Baron Charles de, portrait, 18-6713
Moore, Albert J., English painter (1841-1893) The quartette, 6-2240 text. 6-2236
Moran, Thomas, American painter (183\%-1926) Bringing home the cattle, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 5 8}$ text, 9-3332
More, Sir Thomas, and his daughter Margaret Roper, by J. R. Herbert, 14-5125
Moreau, Gustave, French painter (1863-1818) St. Cecilia, 7-2478 tert. 7-i 482
Moretto da Brescia, Italian painter (c. 1498-c. 1554) A nobleman, 3-1112
tort. 3-1107
Morgan, Daniel, portrait, 4-1165
Morland, George. English painter (176s-1804) sclf-portrait, 7-2329
1ext. 6-2230; 7-2334
Morning hymin at Johann Sehastian Bach's, The, by T. E. Rosenthal, 19-7070
Mrorlherus, In the arms of ly W. Reynolds-
Stephens, 9-3230
Morris dance, A, hy T. C. Gotch, 16-5739
Morse experimenting with the telegraph, by Charles Sheldon, 17-6239
Mother, The young, by Gerard Douw, 5-1591
Mother and child, by Xavier Bricard, 8-2862
by Ralph Earle, 3-! 143
liy Vigen h... Rrull, 5-1880
by Gari Melchers, 10-3464
1, F Finlerns: 5-158!
Mother and children, by Jean François Millet. 7-2373
Mother feeding her child, by Mary Cassatt, 10-3461
Mother, Helping, by Josef Israels, 8-28.51
Mother of the artist, The, by Rembrandt, 5-1716 hy Whistler, 10-3446
Motley, John Lothrop, etched portrait by W. H. WV: Ricknell, 13-4\&14
Momatain ford. Thw h, Thomas Cole, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 5 8}$
Mozart listening to his Requiem, by Kaulbach, 19-6919
playing before memhers of the court of Vienna, 1.5 E. Hamman, 19-7074
with his father and sister, 19-6919

Muir, John, etched portrait, 19-7057
Mummy case, portrait from, 2-452
Munkácsy, Michael (Michael Lieb), Hungarian painter (1844-1900)
Miton dictating to his daughters, 4-123?
Munnings, A. J., English painter (1878- )
Mares and their foals, 8-2863
text, 8-2860
Muntz, Laura (Lyall), Canadian painter Madonna, The, with angels, 10-3708 text, 10-3704
Murat at the battle of Aboukir, by Gros, 6-2082
Murillo, Bartolomé Estéban, Spanish painter (c. 1617-1682)

Spanish flower-girl, 9-3070
The Infant Jesus and the infant St. John, 4-1494
The infant St. John, 4-1494
The Madonna with angels, 4-1497
The Madonna and Child, 4-1497
text, 4-1500
Muse of Painting, The, by John La Farge, 10-3462
Musical instruments, Primitive, 19-6899-6900
My cousin Candida, by Zuloaga, 8-2854
My daughter, by Frank W. Benson, 10-3461

## N

Nansen starting on his great journey, 13-4711
telling of his adventures, 13-4709
Napoleon as a boy at the military academy, by Realier-Dumas, 6-29n9
at Fontainebleau, 10-3562
at St. Helena, 6-2103
at the battle of Arcola, 6-2198
at the battle of Friedland, by Meissonier, 10-3569
crossing the Alps, by Delaroche, 6-2205
funeral honors, 6-2206
in a cottage, 16-5921
on board the Bellerophon, by Orchardson, 6-2212
on the evening of Waterloo, by Ernest Crofts, 6-2211
on the retreat from Moscow, by Meissonier, 6-2212
when a boy, sketch by M. Girodet, 6-2103
Napoleon's son (King of Rome), by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 1-151
Nast, Thomas, American artist (18:7-190?)
Portrait of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, 7-2441
Nativity, The, by Fra Angelico, 2-694
Neal, David, English painter (1678-1743)
Cromwell visiting John Milton, 4-1241
Nebuchadnezzar, Madness of, by Charles Sheldon, 2-653
Needlewoman, The, by Josef Israels, 8-2864
Nelson, portrait. 6-2199
bidding farewell to his grandmother, by George W. Joy, 6-2209
on his flagship, The Victory, 6-2210
receiving the Spanish officers' swords, 6-2205
New honnet. The, Wy Fastman Johnson, 10-3464
Newfoundland dog, by Landseer, 2-710
Newton, Lord, by Raehurn, 7-2339
Newton, Sir Isaac, portrait, 1-281
scenes from his life, 1-285: 4-1247
New York City, from old prints, 2-556; 5-1695; 10-34?
Nicol, J. Watson. Fnslish nainter
Foh, Pioy and Pailia Nicol Jarvie, 7-2629
Nirtzsehe etched portrait hy Hans Olde. 17-6415. Nightingale, Florence, portrait, 16-5701, 5703 Nobleman, A, hy Moretto, 3-1112
K゙onnday rest, The. hiv John Tinnell. 12-15n3
Nordenskiold, Adolf Eric, the explorer, 8-2988
Nordenskiold, Adokifers
Northeaster, hy Winslow Homer, 10-3459
Northrm night, hy F. H. Johnston, 10-37nt
Nuremherg town-band, by Albrecht Dürer, 19-7071
Nut-gatherers in the forest, by Homer Watson, 10-3701

Old rook, The hy Velasquez, 9-3072 lady, An, portrait by Remhrandt, 1-68 man, An, portrait by Memling, 4-1228
Mortality, A scene from, by Orchardson 7-2625
school. An, hy Thomas Wehster, 16-5683
woman cutting her nails, by Rembrandt, 5-1708

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Olde, Hans, German artist
Etched portrait of Nietzsche, 17-6415
Olivares, Duke of, portrait by Velasquez, 4-1502
Oliver, Isaac, English painter (c. 1566-1617) Portrait of the Earl of Essex, 6-2003 text, 6-2000
Olympian games, Ancient, 3-1075
On the river in summer, by Paul Chabas, 8-2862
Ophelia in her madness, 3-840
Opie, John, English painter (1/61-1807)
Portrait of F. Bartolozzi, 6-2109
text, 6-2112
Orchardson, Sir William Quiller, Scottish painter (1835-1910)
A scene from Peveril of the Peak, 7-2628
Napoleon on board the Bellerophon, 6-2212 text, 6-2236
Orpen, Sir William, British painter (1878- ) Portrait of Mrs. Gibbs, 8-2861 text, 8-2859
Outskirts of a town, by Matthew Maris, 8-2864
Oxen drinking, by Horatio Walker, 10-3705
Oxen going out to plow, by Troyon, 7-2376
Oxford, Countess of, portrait by Hoppner, 7-2338

## P

Paget, Sidney, English painter
Lancelot and Elaine, 19-6946
Parasol, The, by Goya, 4-1499
Parrots, The meeting of, by Henry Stacy Marks, 10-3,319
Parthenon, The, by F.E. Church, 10-3458
Pastoral idyl, A, by Francois Boucher, 5-1875
Pastoral scene, A, by Frédéric Montenard, 8-2857
Patinir, Joachim, Flemish painter (1485-1524) St. Christopher, 6-1993
Paying the reapers, by Lhermitte, 9-3076
Peace and plenty, by George Inness, 10-3463
Peachum, Polly, hy Hogarth, 6-2005
Peale, Charles willson, American painter (1741-
in his museum (self-portrait), 9-3326
portrait hy Firnjamin Wrest, 9-3.329
Portrait of Samuel Mifflin, 3-971
Portrait of Mrs. Rehecca Miffin with her granddaughter, 3-971
text, 9-3327
Pearl necklace, The, by Vermeer, 9-3075
Peary and his dogs crossing an open channel, 13-4709
Peasints at supper, by the brothers Le Nain, 5-1878
Pedro, Don, declaring the independence of Brazil, 19-7043
Penfield, Edward, American painter (1866-1925)
Young Benjamin Franklin hauling paper to his printing shop, 12-4449
Penn, William, portrait, 2-549: 12-4153
Penrose, J. Doyle, English painter (1862- )
Tduna and the golden apples, 15-5329
The Venerable Bede and his scribe, 1-122
Pepys finds John Evelyn at his diary, by Charles Sheldon, 5-1726
Perry, Commodore, at the battle of Lake Erie, by William H. Powell, 17-6332
porsens ruscuing Andromeda, 15-5442
Perugino (Pietro Vannucci), Italian painter
The Virgin and Child, 3-964
tert. 3-959
Peter the Great. scenes from his life, 16-5695
Pettie, John, Scottish painter (1839-1898)
Bonnie Prince Charlie, 15-5638
The Furitan, 6-1
The Royalist, 6-1975
Viril of a knight before the altar, 14-5197
Peveril of the Peak, Scene from, by Orchardson, 7-2628
Pharaoh on his way to the temple, $\mathbf{3 - 8 1 3}$
Philip, the Metronolitan, refuses his blessing to Ivan the Terrible, 16-5693
 the Low Countries, 14-5039
Philin IV of Spain, portrait by Velasquez, $4-1501$,
Philrininhy and History wall panels by Puvis de Chavannes, 7-2481
Plis, Isidore Alezandre Augustin, French painter Toumet तf Lisle singing the Marseillaise. 10-3: 565
Pied F'irry of Hamelin, The, hy A. A. Dixon. 1-225-226

Pilgrims, Embarkation of the, 2-545
Pilgrim's Progress, illustrations, 15-5544-53
Pinckney, Charles Cotesworth, portrait, 5-1694
Pinkney, Isabel, portrait by Spencer Watson, 8-2861
Pinturicchio (Bernardino di Betti), Italian painter (1454-1513)
Portrait of Raphael, 3-964
St. Catherine of Alexandria, 3-962 text, 3-959
Piombo, Sebastiano del, Italian painter (1485-154\%) La Fornarina, 3-1111 tcxt, 3-1106
Piper among the hills, A, by Le Nain, 5-1875
Pissarro, Camille, French painter (1881-1908) The quay at Rouen, 8-2713 tert, 7-2482
Players at tric-trac, by Teniers, 5-1593
Plymouth, Mass., Leyden Street, in olden days, 12-4446
Poe, Edgar Allan, engraved portrait by Timothy Cole, 13-4724
Poetry, drawing by Raphael, 1-217
Pola, Laura de', by Lorenzo Lotto, 3-1111
Polish soldier, A, by Rembrandt, 5-1715
Pompeii. Wali-pictures from, 2-452
Pond, The, by Rousseau, 7-2374
Pool of London, The, by W. L. Wyllie, 15-5357 Pope, Alexander, portrait, 4-1357
Poringland oak, The, by Crome, 6-2231
Porter, Endymion, portrait by William Dobson, 6-2003
Portinari, Marie, portrait by Memling, 4-1228
Portinari, Thomas, portrait by Memling, 4-1228
Pounds, John, of Portsmouth, and his pupils, 17-6140
Poussin, Nicholas, French painter (159;-1665)
Dance of the Seasons to the music of Time, 11-4131
Shepherds of Arcadia, 5-1875
text, 5-1874, 1876
Powell, william H., American painter
Commodore Perry at the battle of Lake Erie, 17-6332
Poynter, Sir Edward J., English painter (18361919)

Helena and Hermia in the garden, 3-835
Poyntz, Mr., portrait by Gainsborough, 6-2114
Pradilla, Francisco, Spanish painter (18/8-1921)
Boabdil surrendering the keys of Granada, 14-5043
Preaching at the village cross in Tudor times, by Robertson, 3-1123
Princes in the Tower, The two little, by Sir J. E. Millais. 1-149
Prinsep, Val, English painter (1898-1904)
At the Golden Gate, 6-2240
printing in early days, 9-3385, 3387
Procession, The, by Lucien Simon, 8-2862
Prodigal Son. The, by Teniers, 5-1591
Psyche, by Alfred de Curzon, 9-3229
Psyche's garden, by J. W. Waterhouse, 9-3229
Ptolemy, portrait, 1-201
Puritan, The, by John Pettie, 6-1975
Putnam, Israel, portrait, 4-1165
Puvis de Chavannes, Pierre, French painter ( $182!-1 \times 98$ )
A bishop and St. Geneviève, 7-2478
Philosophy and History, mural panels, 7-2481
The sacred grove, 7-2475
The shepherd's song, 7-2478
text, 7-2482

## Q

Quakers on trial, 2-551
Quartette, The, by Albert Moore, 6-2240
Quay at Rouen, The, by Pissarro, 8-2713
Quebec, battle of the Plains of Abraham, 3-776 village street in winter, by Clarence A. Gagnon, 10-3707

## R

Rae, Henrietta, American painter (1860-1928)
Abollo and Daphne, 9-3231
Raeburn, Sir Henry, English painter (1756-1823)
portrait, 7-232 a lady, 6-2115
Portrait of Lord Newton, 7-2339
Portrait of Sir John Sinclair, 6-2115
Portrait of the two Fergusons, 6-2120
text, 6-2112; 7-2330-31

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Rainy day, A, by Frederick Walker, 8-2921
in camp, by Winslow Homer, 7-2443
Raleigh, Sir Walter, portraits, 1-245; 5-1821
as a boy, by Sir J. E. Millais, 5-1812
on his way to the Tower, 5-1812
scenes from his life, 14-4958-59
Spenser reading poems to. $3-1117,1122$
Ramsay, Allan, English painter (1718-1784)
Portrait of a lady 6-2109
F'ortrait of his wife, 6-2115
text, 6-2112
Raphael, Mary $\mathbf{F}$., English painter
Queen Guinevere in the nunuery garden, 19-6948
Raphael Sanzio, Italian painter (1483-1520)
portrait by Pinturicchio, 3-964
Fresco in the Vatican, $3-957$
La Belle Jardiniere, 3-963
Poetry, a drawing, 1-217
Portrait of Balthasar Castiglione, 3-964
Portrait of Pope Julius II, 3-962
St . John in the desert, 3-964
The Holy Family, 3-963
The Madonna and Child (Pinakothek), 3-963; (Prado), 3-962
The Madonna del Granduca, 3-961 of the chair, 3-964 Sistine, 3-962
The School of Athens, 2-700
text, 3-959-60; 17-6300
Reálier-Dumas, French painter (1860-
Napoleon as a boy at Brienne, 6-2209
leécamier, Madame, portrait by J. L. David, 6-2078
Regatta day, by Lucien Simon, 8-2857
Regulus, the Roman patriot, 1-125
going back to Carthage to die, by Cesare Maccari, 4-1365
Reign of Terror in France, The, 10-3567
Rembrandt Harmensz. Van Rijn, Dutch painter (1606-1669)
self-portraits, 5-1713, 1716
A girl at a window, 5-1714
An old woman cutting her nails, 5-1708
A Polish soldier, 5-1715
Portrait of an old lady, 1-68
Portrait of a woman, 5-1716
Portrait of Burgomaster Eleazer Swalmius 5-1714
Portrait of Saskia, 5-17:5
Portrait of the artist's mother, 5-1716
Portralt of William of Orange, 5-1714
Study of a man, 5-1716
Suzanna van Coller with her little daughter, 5-1715
The caligraphist, 5-1716
The flower lady, 5-1716
The lesson in anatomy, 5-1716
The Syndics of the Cloth-workers' Guild, 5-1709 text. 5-1709-12
Reni, Guido, Italian painter (1575-1642)
Aurora, 3-1110
text, 3-1108
Renoir, Pierre Auguste, French painter (18411919)

Portrait of Madame Charwentier and her children, 8-2711
The walk (La promenade), 8-2711
The writing lesson, 8-2712
text. 8-2712
Repin, Ilya Yefimovich, Russian palnter (18,
Connt Tolstoy at work in thoffelds, 19-630?
The "oscutcks write a latter in the silltan, 16-5697
text. 8-2852
Revere, Paul, American engraver (1735-1818)
The Joston Mrassacre, 4-1160
Reynolds, Sir Joshua, English painter (1728-1792) self-portrait, 7-233.
scenes from his life, 7-23.33
Mrs. Siddons as the Tragic Muse, 6-2113
lortrait of Lady Cockhurn and her children, 7-2338
Portrait of Lavinia, Countess Spencer, 6-2117
Fortrait of Inrd Althnrr, 6-2119
Portrait of Lord Heathfield, 6-2120
Portrait of Master Hare, 6-2118
Portrait of Miss Bowles, 1-68; 7-2340
The Age of Innocence, 7-2340
text, 6-2109-11; 7-2332
Reymolds. Sir Joshua, calls on Chippendal.

Reynolds-Stephens, W., English (American) In the armis of Moruhens, 9-3230
Ribblesdale, Lord, portrait by Sargent, 10-3460
Ribera, José (Jusepe) de, Spanish painter (158816567)

The adoration of the Child by the shepherds, 4-1494
text, 4-1496
Richard Cœur de Lion, and the Sultan Saladin, 7-2589
entering Joppa, 7-2585
Richard II of England giving up his erown, 5-1678
Richmond, Sir William Blake, English painter (184~-1921)
Venus and Anchises, 9-3232
Richter, Christian, Swedish painter (1682-1732)
Miniature of Oliver Cromwell, 1-67
Richter, Gustave, Karl Ludwig, German painter (1823-1884)
Portrait of George Bancroft, 13-4822
Riley, James Whitcomb, portrait by Sargent, 13-4821
River in summer, A, by Claude Monwt, 7-?477
River scene, $A$, water color by Richard Bonington, 6-2232
with cattle, by Cuyp, 5-1591
Rivière, Briton, English painter (1840-1920)
Apollo, 9-3230
Road to Mount Valerien, The, by Alfred Sisley, 8-2713
Roaring forties, The, by Frederick J. Waugh, 10-3459
Rob Roy and Bailie Nicol Jarvie, by J. Watson Nicol, 7-2629
Robertson, George E., English painter (1748-1788)
Preaching at the village cross in Tudor times, 3-1123
Robespierre, portrait, 18-6715
Robusti, Jacopo, ser Tintoretto
Rochambeau, Comte de, portrait, 4-1161
Rodney, Cæsar, arriving at the old State House, Philadelphia, by Horace T. Carpenter, 18-6830
Iooland, Midame, in the conciergerie prison grounds, 6-2129
Romans in Britain, 4-1321, 1323
Romeo and Juliet, Scenes from, 16-5759; (and photographs of Jane Cowl in), 3-832, 837
Romney, George, British painter (1\%s4-1802)
portrait, 7-2327
Portrait of Lady Craven, 6-2115
Portrait of Lady Kerr, 7-2338
Portrait of Mr. and Mrs. Lindow, 6-2114
Portrait of Mrs. Carwardine and child, 7-2337 Portrait of Mrs. Mark Currie, 6-2114 fext. 6 -2111: 7 -233 4
Rosenthal, Toby Edward, American painter (1848-1917)
Morning hymm at Johann Sebastian Bach's. 19-7070
Rossetti, Dante Gabriel, English painter and

Reata Beatrix, 6-2237
The Annunciation, 6-2240
The Blessed Damosel, 8-2905
text, 6-2236; 8-2904
Rouget de Lisle singing the Marseillaise, by I. A. A. Pils, 10-3565

Rousseau, Theodore, French painter (1812-186\%) The Innd. 7-2.374 tr.xf, 7-3.370
Rowse, Samuel W., American artist (1822-1901)
Portrait of Nathaniel Hawthorne, 13-4633
Rovalist. The, by John Pettie, 6-197
Rubens, Peter Paul, Flemish painter (1577-16 60 ) Mother and child, 5-1589
St. Ambrose is hishop of Milan refusing the emperor Theodosius admittance to the cathedral. 13-4861
The garland of fruit, 5-1589
The Holy Family, 5-1584
The naintur's sons, 5-1589
text. 5-1589
Rudolph of Hansbure condemning robber knights, 11-3.967
Ruisdael. Jacob. Futch minter (1629-168?)
The mill on the dyke, 5-1587 text. 5-1590. 1592
Ruisdael, Salomon, Dutch painter (c. 1600-1670) Country scene, 5 -1591
text, 5-1591

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（PAINTING）

Ruskin，John，at chapel in Walworth，9－3315 copying Giotto＇s paintings，9－3311
Russian peasants hiding from the Empress ＂atherint．16－55！．2
Russians fichting Scythians，16－5691
Ryder，Albert P．，American painter（1847－1917） Toilers of the sea，10－3462
text．10－3455

Sackville children，The，by Hoppner，6－2118 Sacred grove，The，mural by Puvis de Cha－ vannes，7－2475
St．Ambrose as bishop of Milan refusing Theo－ dosius admittance to the cathedral，by Rubens，13－4861
Saint Augustine preaching before Ethelbert and his quefn，2－tis
reading philosophy at the School of Rome， by Benozzo Gozzoli，2－695
St．Barbara，by Francia，4－1457
St．Basil，by El Greco，4－1494
St．Benedict，by Memling，6－1996
St．Bernard，Scene from life of，13－4865
St．Boniface destroying the sacred oak of Geis－ mar，13－4861
St．Bruno and Pope Ǔrban II，by Zurbaran，4－1494
St．Catherine，with the Holy Family，by Titian， 3－1111
St．Catherine of Alexandria，by Pinturicchio， 3－962
bound to the wheel，by Gaudenzio Ferrari， 6－1995
Marriage of，by Tintoretto，3－1112
St．Catherines，Marriage of the two，by Bor－ gognone，3－1105
St．Cecilia，by Gustave Moreau，7－2478
by Hugo van der Goes，4－1223
by Hubert and Jan van Eyck，6－1998
St．Christopher，by Joachim Patinir，6－1993
St．Francis，by Taddeo Bartolo，2－696
and st．John with the Madonna，fresco by Lorenzetti，2－691
Death of，by Giotto，2－696
preaching to the birds，by Giotto，6－1990
st．Genevieve and a bishop，by Puvis de rha－ vannes， $7-2478$
St．George，by Mantegna，3－1112
and the dragon，drawing by Albrecht Dürer， 4－1348
and the dragon，by Thomas Maybank，1－55
slaying the dragon，1－357
with the Holy Family，by Giovanni Bellini， 3－111
St．Helena，Vision of，by Paul Veronese，5－1692
št．Jerome，The I，ast Communion of．l，Il Domenichino，13－4865
St．John the Baptist，by Andrea del Sarto，3－964 in the desert，by Raphael，3－964
with the Infant Jesus，by Murillo，4－1494
st．Louis，ree Louis IX of France．
St．Michafl，an old mosaic，2－57T
st．Nicholas hellune the ponr，by Torenzo di Bicci，6－1990
Saint Paul，with the Holy Family，by Giovanni Pellini，3－1110
St．Stephen in dispute with the Doctors，by Car－ paccio，4－1454
st．Ursula，Death of，by Memling，6－1993
Saladin and Richard Coeur de Lion，Meeting of， 7－2589
Salamis，Battle of，3－1077
Return of the Greek victors after the，by Fer－ nand Cormon，3－1077
Sally in our Alley，10－3611
Saloman，Geskel，Swedish painter（1812－1902）
Gustavis Tasa breaks ub a lrinking farty 15－5293
Sand dunes，by Homer D．Martin，10－3459
Sant，James，Fnslish painter（iven foff）

canta riuctina．Padua．from a water crior，hy
J．R．（rab－ns．6－223？
Sargent，John Singer，American painter（185， 1：2？）
La Carmencita，10－3460
Prirtrait of Honry $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{i}}$ Marmitancl．10－346n Portrait of Honry Pi Marmand．10－3 Portrait of James Whitcomb Riley，13－4821 Portrait of Mrs．Wertheimer，10－34fn tert．10－3451－：2
Saskia，by Rembrandt，5－1715

Savage，Edward，American painter（1761－1817）
Washington and his family，3－971
Savonarola＇s bonfire of vanities，by F．W．Top－ ham，13－4867
Schiller，Johann Christoph Friedrich von，por－ trait，17－6414
Schongauer，Martin，portrait by Hans Burgk－ mair，4－1346
School，A dame＇s，by Thomas Webster，14－5251
School of Athens，The，by Raphael，2－700
Schrader，Julius，German painter（1815－1900）
Queen Elizabeth signing the death warrant of Mary Queen of Scots，5－1824
Schubert composing The Erl－King，19－7075
Schuyler，Philip，portrait，4－1165
Scott，Sir Walter，portrait，7－2489
scenes from his life．7－2627
scenes from his novels， $\mathbf{7 - 2 6 2 5}, 2628,2629$
Scott，William Bell，English painter（1811 心（\％）
Egfrid，king of Northumberland，and Cuth bert，8－2847
Seine at Argenteuil，The，by Monet，7－2477
Servants of the artist，The，by Hogarth，9．3072
Seward，William Horry（in group），by Francis Bicknell Carpenter，7－2426
Sforza，Lodovico，portrait by Leonardo da Vinci， 3－825
Shakespeare，portraits，1－79：5－1821
and Anne Hathaway，2－726
before Sir Thomas Lucy，by Thomas Brooks， 2－725
Globe Theatre，Southwark，where he saw his ＂wn plays， $2-i 20$
scenes from his life，2－725，726， 727
scenes from his plays，3－\＄32，835，837，839－41， $982,983,987,988 ; 16-5759,5761$
with some of the great men of his time， $2-721$
Shaw，George Bernard，by Augustus John，8－2851
Sheep，A flock of，by Jean Francois Millet，7－2376
Sheldon，Charles，English painter
Boyhood of Sir Humphry Davy，3－991
Mrs，Croniwhll reading her hushand＇s letter． 11－3851
Wellington with his mother，6－22n9
Wheatstone experimenting with his tele－ graphic instrument，17－6239
Shelley，Percy Bysshe，portrait，7－2489
Shepherdess，The，by Jean François Millet， 7－2373
Shepherd＇s song，The，by Puvis de Chavannes， 7－2478
Shepherds of Arcadia，by Poussin，5－1875
Sherman，Roger（in group），by John Trumbull， 4－1167
Sherman＇s march to the sea，engraving，by $F$ ． O．C．Darley，7－2439
Sidroms．Mrs．pertrait by Sir Thomas Law－ rence，7－2339
as the Tragic Muse．hy Sir Joshua Reynolds． 6－2113
Sidney，Sir Philip，givine a dwing snldier his drink of water．6－2006
Simon de Montfort riding into Rochester ca－ thedral，by E．F．Skinner，5－1573
Simon，Iucien，French painter（1861－
Regatta day，8－28．5
The procession，8－2862
text．8－2862
Sinclair，Sir John，portrait by Raeburn，6－2115
Singing the old songs，by Jordaens，5－1591
Siphtah，king of Egypt，mural portrait from Piban－el－Muluk，1－293
Sisley，Alfred，French painter（18马の－ノ゙った）
The road to Mount Valerien，8－2713
tr．rt．8－2714
sistwr of the artist．The．ly Husarth．6－200．
Sisters，The three，by Palma Vecchio，3－1105
Sistine Madonna，The，by Ranhael，3－962
Sleeping child，by Francine Charderon，14－4941
Smith，Capt．John，portrait，2－549


Snow，by John H．Twachtman．10－3459
Snyders，Frans，and his wife，by Van Dyck， 5－1587
Socrates ahoitt to drink the hemlork，hy J．I． David．16－5 $\mathrm{r}_{1} 1$ ．
Song of love，The，hy Burne－Jones，6－2239
Sons of the artist，The，hy Rubens，5－1589
Sorolla y Bastida，Joaquin，Spanish painter（1863 1923）
Beaching the boat，8－2855
toft．8－2855

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Southey, Robert, portrait, 7-2353
Spanish flower-girl, by Murillo, 9-3070
Spanish girl, A, by Washington Allston, 9-3331
Speed, Harold, English painter
A scene from As You Like It, 3-839
Spencer, Lady Georgiana, portrait by Gainsborough, 6-2118
Spencer, Lavinia, Countess, by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 6-2117
Spenser, Edmund, reading his poems to Sir Waiter Raleigh, 3-1117, 1122
Spring, by Botticelli, 2-693
by Mauve, 8-2853
Spring morning, by Dwight W. Tryon, 10-3458
Stag fight, The, by Gustave Courbet, 7-2477
Standish, Miles, combat with Indians, 2-551
Stanton, Edwin M. (in group), by Francis Bicknell Carpenter, 7-2426
Steele, Richard, Addison dictating to, 5-1622
Stephenson, George, working on model of his engine, 5-1613
Steuben, Baron, portrait, 4-1161
Stewart, Allan, Scottish painter (1865- )
Sir Galahad, 19-6947
Still life, by William M. Chase, 9-3325
Stone, Marcus, English painter (1840-1922)
James Watt watching steam from kettle, 5-1613
Storm, The, by Diaz, 7-2376
Stothard, Thomas, English painter (1755-1834)
Canterbury Pilgrims and Chaucer, 1-301
Stowe, Harriet Beecher, portrait, 13-4730
Strudwick, J. M., English painter (18ヶ9- )
The Three Fates, 9-3229
Stuart, Charles, see Charles I
Stuart, Charles Edward ("Bonnie Prince Charlie"), by John Pettie, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 3 8}$
Stuart, Gilbert, American painter (1755-1828)
Portrait of Dr. Fothergill, 9-3329
Portrait of Mrs. James Greenleaf, 9-3329
Portraits of Washington, 9-3327; 11-3946 text. 9-3327-28
Stuart, James, Duke of Lennox, by Van Dyck, 5-1584
Stuyvesant, Peter, portrait, 2-549
Styiza, Jan, Polish painter (1858-
Tolstoy, 8-2852
lext, 8-2852
Suggia, Madame, by Augustus John, 8-2861
Sully, Thomas, American painter (1783-1872)
Tortrait of Major Thomas Biddle, 9-3324
Portrait of Rebecca Gratz, 19-7164
Portrait $9-3330$
Summer, by E. A. Hornel, 18-6525
Sunset, by Daubigny, 7-2375
Swalmius, Eleazer, Burgomaster, by Rembrandt, 5-1714
Swift and Stella, by Margaret Dicksee, 5-1619
Swiss patriots taking oath to preserve the freedom of their nation, 16-6005
syndics of the Cloth-wnoters fuild. The, by Rembrandt, 5-1709

## T

Taking of the Smala, The, by Horace Vernet, Tallis, Thomas, listening to William Byrd playins in his vireinal. 19-fig15
Tarleton, Banastre, British cavalry leader, portrait. 4-1161
Tecumseh and General Harrison, 6-1907
Tell, William, and his son, 19-7218
compelle-d to shoot an apple from his son's he atd. 16-6.ñ5
Teniers, David, the Younger, Flemish painter (1610-1690)
Players at tric-trac, 5-1593
The Prodigal Son, 5-1591

Tennyson, Alfred, Lord, portrait, 10-3471
Terborch, Gerara, Dutch painter (1617-1681)
A lady reading a letter, 5-1587
that. 5-1514
Thackeray in his study, 8-2731
Thanksgiving Day, 1621, at Plymouth, from an
Thay print, 6-2089
Thayer, Abbott, American painter (1849-192\%) A young woman, 10-3446
Caritas, 10-3457
trert. 10-34.53-54
Theodora, Empress of Byzantium, 13-4799
Theotocopuli, Domenico, see Greco, El

Thomas a Becket arguing with knights, 5-1569
Murder of, 5-1569
Thompson, A. Wordsworth, American artist (1849-1896)
Bruton Church, Williamsburg, Va., 5-1701
Thomson, James, portrait, 6-2029
Three Fates, The, by Michelangelo, 3-826
spinning the thread of life, by J. M. Strudwick, 9-3229
Thunder cloud, The, by F. M. Knowles, 10-3710
Tintoretto (Jacopo Robusti), Italian painter (1518-1594)
Portrait of Admiral Veniero, 4-1454
The marriage of St. Catherine, 3-1112
Titian (Tiziano Vecelli), Italian painter (1477-1576) Ariosto, 3-1105
Flora, 3-1111
Portrait of Alfonso d'Este, 3-1109
Portrait of the Empress Isabella, 3-1110
The Holy Family, 3-1111
text, 3-1106-07; 4-1462, 1464
Tobin, George Timothy, American artist (1864 ) Portrait of Ralph Waldo Emerson, 13-4630
Toilers of the sea, by Albert P.Ryder, 10-3462
Toll-gate, The, by Cornelius Kreighoff, 10-3699
Tolstoy, by Jan Styka, 8-2852
at home, 19-6904
at work in the fields, by Ilya Y. Repin, 19-6909
with his sister, 19-6904
Topham, Francis William, English painter (1808157T)
Hannah delivers Samuel to Eli, 19-7154
Savonarola's bonfire of vanities, 13-4867
Toronto more than 100 years ago, from an old print, 3-943
Transfiguration, The, by Giovanni Bellini, 3-1112
Tristram, Sir, Admission of, to the fellow Ship of the Knights of the Round Table, by William Dyce, 19-6946
Troyon, Constant, French painter (1810-1865) Oxen going out to plow, 7-2376 text. 7-2370
Trumbull, John, American painter (1756-1843)
Portrait of Alexander Hamilton, 9-3328
The Declaration of Independence before Congress, 4-1167
text, 5-1534: 9-3328
Tryon, Dwight W., American painter (1849-1925) Spring morning, 10-3458 text. 10-3449
Turner, Charles, English artist (1778-1857)
Portrait of J. M. W. Turner, 7-2336
Turner, Joseph Mallard William, British painter (1775-18.51)
portrait, 7-2327
portrait by Charles Turner, 7-2336
Chichester Canal, 6-2229
Hindu devotions, 6-2233
The Fighting Téméraire towed to her last berth. 6-2233
Venice, 9-3069
text. 6-2234-35: 7-2335-36
Twachtman, John H., American painter (18581921)

Snow, 10-3459
text. 10-3456
Twelfth Night, Scene from, by Daniel Maclise, 3-987
Twopeny, William, English draughtsman (179\%$1 \times 7.3$ )
Architectural drawings, 2-444-45
trxt. 2-443-45
Tyndale, William, translating the New Testament, 1-303

## U

Thknown man, An, poetrait by El Freen 9-3nT3 ['p the Hudson, by Georse Bellows, 10-3463
Trban IT. 'ope. preaching the first crusade 7-2584

Van Coller, Suzanna, with her little daughter. portrait by Rembrandt, 5-1715
Van der Goes, Hugo, ser Goes, Hugo van der
Van der Helst, Bartholomeus, sec Helst, Bartholomeus van der
Vanderlyn, John, American painter (1775-1852)
The landing of Columbus, 1-82
Van der Weyden, Royer. see Weyden, Roger van der

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（PAINTING）

Van Dycir，Six Anthony，Flemish painter（1590－ 1641）
Andrea Brignole－Sale on horseback，5－1587
Portrait of Charles Stuart（Charles I，King of England），11－3848
Portrait of James Stuart，Duke of Lennox， 5－1584
Portrait of Frans Snyders and his wife，5－1587
Portrait of the children of Charles I，5－1585
Portrait of the Earl of Arundel and his grand－ sen，5－1584
text，5－1586；6－1974，1976， 2000
Fan Eyck，Hubert and Jan，sfock
Varley，Frederick，Canadian painter John，portrait of a boy，10－3709
text，10－3704
Vatican，The，ceiling in the Sistine chapel，3－822－ 23，826－27
Lunette in，by Raphael，3－957
Vecchio，Palma，Italian painter（1，80－1．52＊）
The meeting of Jacob and Rachel，3－1111
The three sisters，3－1105
text，3－1106
Vedder，Elihu，American painter（18．36－192．3） The lost nind，10－3462
tf गt．10－3459
Vega，Lope de，portrait，19－7125
Velasquez，Diego Roderiquez de Silva，Spanish painter（1599－1660）
Christ and the pilgrims of Emmaus，4－14：\％ Portrait of a lady，4－1504
Portrait of Alessandro del Borro，4－1502
Portrait of Ferdinand of llistria，1－71
Portrait of Francesco d＇Este，4－1504
Portrait of Menippus，4－1502
Portrait of Philip IV of Spain，4－1501， 1503
Portrait of Pope Innocent X， $\mathbf{4 - 1 5 0 4}$
Portrait of Prince Balthasar Carlos，4－1502， 1503
Portrait of Princess Margaret，4－1503
Portrait of Queen Mariana of Austria，4－1504 Portrait of Queen Mary of Hungary，4－1503
Portrait of the Duke of Olivares，4－1502
Portrait of the Infante Philipp Prosper，4－1494
The forge of Vulcan，4－1495
The old cook，9－307？
text．4－1496，1498，1500；7－2480
Venice，by Turner，9－3069
Veniero，Admiral，portrait by Tintoretto，4－1454 Venus，Mirror of，The，by Burne－Jones，9－3231
Venus and Anchises，by sir William F．Rich－ mond，9－3232
Vermeer，Jan（Johannes），Dutch painter（1632－ 1675）
The cook，9－307f
The pearl necklace，9－3075
Young woman with a water jug，5－1593 text．5－1594
Vernet，Claude Joseph，French painter（1714－1789） Mediterranean scene，5－1875 text．5－1882
Vernet．Horace，French painter（1789－1869） An Eastern trader，6－2079
The battle of Bouvines，6－2077
The taking of the Smala，6－2079 tert 6－2n82
Veronese，Paolo（Paolo Cagliari）．Italian painter （15ぶ ノーム）
self－portraits，4－1463
Industry，4－1454
Masdalen，3－1112
The Madonna of the Cuecina family．3－1112 The marriage at Cana， $3-1110 ; 4-1454$ text $3-1107$ ；4－1463－64
Vespucci，Amerigo，portrait，1－88
Vicar of Wakefield，Scene from The，6－2255
 13－4589
Victoria receiving news of her accession to the English throne，by H．T．Wells，7－2292
Vienna，The Congress of，by Isabey，11－3959
Viking boats，1－240， 243
Viking boats，1－240， 243 Thomas Wefster，18－6697
Village school，A，by＇Sir David Wilkie，14－5251
Vinci，Leonardo da，Italian painter and sculptor Mary，Saint Anne，and the Infant Jesus，3－825 Mona Lisa．3－829
Portrait of Beatrice d＇Fste，3－825
Portrait of Lodovico Sforza，3－825 Portrait of Lodovico
The Madonna of the Rocks，3－825
text，3－824，828，830， 957 ；13－4785

Virgil and Horace at the house of Mæcenas， 16－5906
Virgin，The，by Lorenzo di Credi，2－696
from a 12 th century psalter，6－2001
4th century mosaic from Ravenna，1－70
7 th century mosaic，2－579
Sec also Madonna
Vision of Joan of Arc，The，by G．W．Joy，16－5817 by Bastien－Lepage，7－2479
Vision of Saint Helena，by Paul Veronese，5－1692
Vision of the Holy Grail，by E．A．Abbey，19－6948
Visitation，The，by Ghirlandaio，2－690
Voltaire，Francois Marie，portrait，18－6716
w
Wagner，Carl，German painter（1796－186\％）
Bismarck dictating the terms of the Peace of Versailles，11－3969
Wagner，Richard，caricature，19－7151
Walk，The（La promenade），by Renoir，8－2711
Walker，Frederick，English painter（1840－1875） A rainy day，8－2921
Walker，Horatio，Canadian painter（1858－） Oxen drinking，10－3705
twt．10－37い2
Wallis，Dr，John，portrait by Sir Godfrey Knel－ ler，6－2002
Ward，E．M．，English painter（1816－1879）
Louis XVI and royal family in prison，6－2133
Wars of the Roses，The their beginning in the Temple Gardens，5－1681
Washington，George，portraits by Gilbert Stuart 9－3！－－12－：346
and his family，by Edward Savage，3－971 at Valley Forge，4－1169
crossing the Delaware，by E．Leutze， $\mathbf{4}-1169$
his inauguration and first Cabinet，5－1699
on the Braddock Expedition，engraving，3－781
waving farewell to his generals，4－1173
Washington，Martha，portrait，2－391 holding a reception， $\mathbf{2 - 3 9 0}$
Water gate，The，by Daubigny，9－3071
Waterhouse，John William，English painter （バ信191ヶ）
Psyche＇s garden，9－3229
Writurlor，The hattle of，6－2nan，2211
Watson，Homer，Canadian painter（1856－） Nut－gatherers in the forest，10－3701 iext．10－3701－02
Watson，Spencer，English painter（1869－）
Portrait of Isahel Pinkney，8－2861
Watt，James，watching steam from kettle，by Marcus stone．5－1613
Watteau，Antoine，French painter（168\＆－1721） A girl rlancine，5－1880
The embarkation for Cythera，5－1883 The embar
Watts．George Frederick，English painter（1817－ 1s：1．，）
Portrait of Cardinal Manning，6－2237
Sir Galahad，19－6947， 6951
lext．6－2236：13－4854
Waugh，Frederick J．，American painter（1861－） The roaring forties， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 5 9}$
to．it 10－：\＆：f
Wayne，Anthony，portrait，4－1165
Wehster，Daniel，portrait，10－3493
Webster，Thomas．English painter（1800－1886） A dame＇s ：
An old schnol，16－5683
Th．．villace ‘hoir．18－6G97
Welles，Gideon（in group），by Francis Bicknell Carpenter，7－2426
Wellington，portrait，6－2199
allal T！lichar at TVistwron，6－21？s
and his mother，by Charles Sheldon，6－2209

（1）his mareh to W゚ater！on，by Ernest Crofts， 6－2211
on the ficla of WVatwlon，6－2 205
surveving the field of Waterloo，6－2207
Wells，Heary T．，English painter（1828－1903）
Victoria receiving news of her accession to the English throne，7－2292
W＇encelas，Kins，and his page，by sheridan

Wentworth，Lady，portrait by Copley，9－3324
Wertheimer，Mrs．，portrait by Sargent， $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 6 0}$
West，Benjamin．American painter（1738－1820） Hagar and Ishmael，9－3331
Portrait of Charles Willson Peale，9－3329
text，9－3325－26

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Western sunlight, by C. W. Jefferys, 10-3706
Weyden, Roger van der, Flemish painter (c, 1400 1464)

The Annunciation, 4-1220
The Virgin and Child, 4-1223
text, 4-1225
Wheatstone, Sir Charles, experimenting in his laboratory, by Charles Sheldon, 17-6239
Wheelwright, Rowland, English painter (1870Enid and Geraint, 19-6945
"When did you last see your father?", by W. F. Yeames, 13-4563
Whistler, James McNeill, American painter

Portrait of the artist's mother, 10-3446
The White Girl, 10-3446
text, 10-3449-50
White, John, English colonist
Drawings of Indian life, 17-6334-36
text, 17-6333-37
White Girl, The, by Whistler, 10-3446
Whitman, Walt, portrait by John W. Alexander, 13-4729
Whittier, John Greenleaf, portrait, 13-4724
Whittington, Dick, listening to Bow Bells, by James Sant, 2-759
Wighill, Edward
The Goths entering Rome, 4-1195
Wild cattle, by Landseer, 4-1258
Willsie, Sir David, Scottish painter (1785-1841) A village school, 14-5251
William of Orange as a boy, by Rembrandt, 5-1714
William the Conqueror and his men led by Taillefer the Minstrel. 4-1439
Coronation of, 4-1438
Death of, 4-1438
Scenes from his conquest, $4-1435$
William I proclaimed German Emperor at Versailles, by A. von Werner, 12-1169
Williams, Lady, and child, by Ralph Earle, 3-969
Winifred Dysart, by George Fuller, 10-3461
Winter, by Alexander Young Jackson, 10-3707
Winter's Tale, Scene from The, 3-982
Winthrop, Governor John, portrait, 12-4445
Wise Men, Two of the three, by Benozzo Gozzoli, 2-6!6: 5-1745
Woman, A, portrait by Frans Hals, 5-1590 portrait ky van der Helst, 7-2719
and child, by Franz Hals, 1-69

Woman's head, study by Besnard, 8-2709
Wood-gatherers, The, by George Inness, 10-3463
Wordsworth, Dorothy, portrait, 7-2353
Wordsworth, William and children, 7-2355
Wotan's farewell to Brunnhilde, drawing by P. W. Furstenberg, 19-7149

Wreck, The, by Winslow Homer, 10-3459
of the Spanish Armada, by Albert Goodwin, 5-1819
Writing lesson, The, by Renoir, 8-2712
Wyant, Alexander Fi.s American painter (1836-1892) Looking toward the sea, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 5 8}$ text, 10-3448
Wyatt, Margaret, Lady Lee, by Holbein, 4-1349
Wyllie, William L., English painter (1851- ) The Pool of London, 15-535?

## $\mathbf{X}$

Xerxes I crossing the Hellespont, 3-917

## $\mathbf{X}$

Yeames, Wm. F., English painter (1835-1918) Queen Elizabeth receiving the French ambassador, 5-1815
"When did you last see your father?", 13-4563
Young girl peeling apples, by Nicolaés Maes, 5-1593
Young man, A, portrait by Albrecht Dürer, 4-1347 portrait by Holbein, 4-1351
Young mother, The, by Gerard Douw, 5-1591
Young rogue, The, by Greuze, 5-1878
Young woman, by Abbott Thayer, 10-3446
with a water jug, by Vermeer, 5-1593

## $Z$

Zorn. Anders, Scandinavian painter (1860-1920) A fisherman of St. Ives, 8-2864 text 8-285?
Zucchero, Federico, Italian painter (1542-1609)
Portrait of Queen Elizabeth, 5-1821
zuloaga, Ignacio, Spanish painter (1870- ) My cousin Candida, 8-2854 text. 8-2854
Zurbaran, Francisco, Spanish painter (1598-1662) The miracle of St. Hugo, 4-1494 St. Bruno and Pope Urban II, 4-1494 text, 4-1496; 9-3070

## PAINTINGS CLASSIFIED BY SUBJECT

## Animal

Abes. hy J. C. Tollman, 16-6032
Beasts charmed by Apollo's music, by Briton Rivitre, 9-32?0
Bull fight, by Gova, 4-1499
Bull-grappling (fresco from Knossos, Crete) 2-1.
Cattle, in river scene, by Cuyp, 5-1592 of ancient Egypt (mural), 3-821
Wild, by Landseer, 4-12.5
Cave-men's drawings, 1-189-91, 193
Chariot race in the Circus Maximus, by E Forti. 10-3744
Cows in it mealow ly Mance. 8-ッ95.3
Find of the trail, Th... hy Matur Earl, 2-711
Feese (Egyptian mural), 1-289
Griffin (fresco from Knossos, Crete), 2-452
Horse Fair. The, by Rosa Bonheur, $\mathbf{7 - 2 3 6 9}$
Horses in the harvest field, by Maud Hogarth Clay, 6-2011
resendary heasts, 1-?53-59
Nares anct their foals. by A. J. Monniness 8-286.3

Oxen drinking, by Horatio Walker, 10-3705 going out to plow, by Troyon, 7-2376
Parrots, The meeting of, by Henry Stacy Marks, 10-3619
Sheep, A flock of, on a footpath, by Jean François Millet, 7-2376
and shepherdess, by Jean François Millet, 7-2373
in Spring, by Mauve, 8 -2853
Stag fight, The, by Gustave Courbet, 7-2477
Wild cattle, by Landseer, 4-1258

Figure, indurline Genre (ser alsn Fistorical)
Academia, by Blashfield, 10-3462
Addison. Joseph, dictating to Richard Steele, 5-1622
Age of Innocence, The, by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 7-2340
Aldobrandini Marriage, The (Greek mural), 2-447
Ancelus, The, by Jean Francois Millet, 1-71
Apollo and Daphne, by Henrietta Rae, 9-3231
Apollo charming the animals, by Briton Ri--ière, 9-3230
A potheosis of Homer, by Ingres, 16-5749
Assyrian mural, 1-296
As You Like It, Scenes from, by Harold Speed and $\operatorname{Sir}$ J. E Millais, 3-839
At the Golden Gate, by Val Prinsep, 6-2240
Aurora (mural), by Guido Reni, 3-1110
Back from the Southern Seas, by Edgar Bundy, 14-5026
Bailiff's daughter, The, by John Hatherell, 11-411:1
Balcony. The, by Edouard Manet, 7-2474
Beatai Ji+atrix, by Dinte Gabriel Rossetti, 6-2237
Bede, The Venerable, translating the Gospel, by J. Doyle Penrose, 1-122
writing ( 12 th century manuscript), 2-476
Begrar, The old, by Bastien-Lepaqe, $\mathbf{7}-2479$
Beguiling of Merlin, The, by Burne-Jones, 19-6.4!?
Rolle Jardinière, La, by Raphael, 3-963
Black and green, by John W. Alexander, 10-3461
Blessed Bread, by Dagnan-Bouveret, 7-2477

Figure (continued)
Blessed Damozel, The, by Dante Gabriel Rossetti, 8-2905
Blue Boy, The, by Gainsborough, 7-2340
Book of the Dead, Egyptian, 1-294; 15-5459 Books of the Middle Ages, Illuminations from, 2-477-80
Boy with a kid, A, by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 6-2119
with a sword, by Edouard Manet, 7-2479
Bridal gifts (Greek decoration), 2-454
Broken pitcher, The, by Greuze, 5-1877
Bruce, Robert, capture of his wife and child, by William Eole, 12-4207
his last act, by William Eole, 12-4207
Bull fight, by Goya, 4-1499
Bull-grappling (fresco from Knossos), 2-453
Burning weeds, by Jean Francois Millet, 7-2371
Burns, Robert, and Highland Mary, by Thomas Faed, 6-2137
Caritas, by Abbott Thayer, 10-3457
Ceremony of the kiss, The, by Makovski, 16-5697
Chess-players, by Thomas Eakins, 10-3464
Children of the sea, by Josef Israels, 8-2864 playing, by Pieter Brueghel, 4-1226
with garland of fruit, by Rubens, 5-1589
Circe, by Burne-Jones, $9-3232$
Cook, The, by Vermeer, $9-3074$
Cophetua, King, and the beggar maid, by Burne-Jones, 2-734
Cossacks, The, write a letter to the Sultan, by Ilya Repin, 16-5697
Dance of the Seasons, by Poussin, 11-4131
Dancer, A, by Degas, 8-2711
Desdemona listening to Othello, 3-840
Dysart, Winifred, by George Fuller, 10-3461
Eastern trader, An, by Horace Vernet, 6-2079
Egyptian wall decorations, $\mathbf{3 - 8 2 0}$; $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 5 4 7}$
Elaine, the Lily Maid of Astolat, by Mouat Loudan, 16-5822
Enid and Geraint, by Rowland Wheelwright, 19-6945
Evening meal, The, by Max Bohm, 10-3464
Faerie Queene, An incident from Spenser's, 3-1121
Falstaff, Sir John, Shakespearean character, 3-841
Family life in old France, by Greuze, 5-1879
Festive board, The, by Jan Brueghel, 7-2567
Fidelity, by Greuze, 5-1879
Fire dies down in the cottage, The, by walter Langley, 11-3839
Firing party, The, by Edouard Manet, 7-2477
Fisherman of St. Ives, A, by Anders Zorn 8-2864
Flight of Night, The, by William Morris Hunt, 10-3462
Flodden Field, After (mural), by William Eole, 12-4211
Before, hy J. Faed, 12-4211.
Flora, by Titian, 3-1111
Flower lady, The, by Rembrandt, 5-1716
Forge of Vulcan, The, by Velasquez, 4-1495
Frescoes from Boscoreale, 2-453
Funeral ceremony (Cretan sarcophagus decoration), 2-454
Gainsborough and Reynolds, Reconciliation of, by C. H. Lucy. 7-2323
Galaliad. Sir, hy Allan Stewart, 19-6947
hy of $r$. Wotts, 19-6951
Girl at d window, hy Remhrandt, 5-1714
danciner, by Watteau, 5-1880
in white. Frnesta, by Cecilia Beanx, 10-3461
Godiva, Lady, pleadine for her people, by E Mair I, fighton, 17-6o95
Girace before meat, hy Chardin, 5-1875
Guinevere, Queen, in the nunnery garden, by Mary F. Ranhaf1. 19-6949
Hagar and ishmael, hy Brnjamin Wect, 9-3331
Hamlet, Scenes from Shakespeare's, $3-840$; 16-5761
Handel, as a hoy, playing the clavichord at night, hy Marcaret I. Dicksee, 19-6913
Hannah delfere the child Samuel to Eli, by F. W. W. Topham, 19-7154

Helena and Hermia in the garden, by Sir Edward Poynter, 3-835
Helping mother, by Josef Israels, 8-2851
Henry IV, Scene from Shakespeare's, 3-841
Hireline $6-2238$ shepherd, The, by Holman Hunt.

Figure (continued)
History and Philosophy (wall panels), by Puvis de Chavannes, 7-2481
Holy Grail, Vision of the (mural), by E. A. Abbey, 19-6948
Homer, Apotheosis of, by Ingres, 16-5749
Iduna giving the golden apples to the gods, by J. Doyle Penrose, 15-5329
In the garden, by George de Forest Brush, 10-3464
Indian encampment, by Ralph A. Blakelock, 10-3462
Industry, by Paul Veronese, 4-1454
Innocence, by Greuze, $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 8 0}$
Janizaries on the charge, by Delacroix, 6-2082
Joan of Arc, by Bastien-Lepage, 7-2479
at Rheims coronation, by Jules Lenepveu, 16-5816
at the stake, by Jules Lenepveu, 16-5816
welcomed by the populace, by Jules Lenepveu, 16-5816
Johnson, Dr. Samuel, and Oliver Goldsmith, 5-1869; 6-2258
visiting Sir Joshua Reynolds, by Francis Barraud, 7-2333
Knight at the ford, The, by J. E. Millais, 6-2239
Vigil of a, before the altar, by John Pettie, 14-5197
Knights of King Arthur, by Burne-Jones, 19-6946
Lady Godiva pleading for her people, by E. Blair Leighton, 17-6295
Lady playing on a clavichord, by J. M. Molenaer, 19-6901
reading a letter, by Gerard Terborch, 5-1587
Lancelot and Elaine, by Sidney Paget, 19-6946
Last days in the old home, by Robert Martineau, 8-2681
Lawrence, Sir Thomas, as a boy, by Margaret Dicksee, 7-2329
Lear, King, renouncing his daughter Cordelia, by Ford Madox Brown, 3-987
Lesson in anatomy, The, by Rembrandt, 5-1716 Listeners in the wood, The, by E. A. Hornel, 9-3309
Lorenzo and Isabella, by Sir J. E. Millais, 6-2238
Lorenzo de Medici, as one of the Magi, by Benozzo Gozzoli, 5-1745
Lost mind, The, by Elihu Vedder, 10-3462
Lute player, The, by Caravaggio, $9-307 \mathrm{C}$
Measure for Measure, Scene from, 3-982
Meeting of Jacob and Rachel, The, by Palma Vecchio, 3-1111
Merchant of Venice, A scene from The, by Sir John Gilbert. 3-983
Merry Wives of Windsor, A scene from The, 3-841
Milton and his first love, by G. H. Boughton, 4-1234
Morning hymn at Johann Sebastian Bach's, by T. E. Rosenthal, 19-7070
Morpheus, In the arms of, by W. ReynoldsStephens, 9-3230
Morris dance, A, by T. C. Gotch, 16-5739
Mother, Helping, by Josef Israels, 8 -2851
The young, by Gerard Douw, 5-1591
and child, by Xavier Bricard, 8-2862
by Ralph Earle, 3-969
by Viqée Le Brun, 5-1880
by Gari Melchers, 10-3464
by Rubens, 5-1589
and her children, A, by Jean Francois Millet, 7-2373
feeding her child, by Mary Cassatt, 10-3464
Mozart listening to his Requiem, by Kaulbach, 19-6919
playing hefore members of the court of lenna, by E, Hamman, 19-7074
with his father and sister, 19-6919
Mural paintings in the catacombs, 2-577
Murat at the battle of Aboukir (detail), by Gros 6-2082
Muse of Painting, The, by LaFarge, 10-3462
Needle woman. The, by Josef Israels, 8-2864 New honnet, The, by Eastman Johnson, 10-3464 Noonday rest, by John linnell. 12-4503
Nuremberg town-band, by Dürer, 19-7071
Old Mortality, Scene from, by Orchardson, 7-2625
Old school, An, by Thomas Webster, 16-5683
Ophelia in her madness, 3-840

Figure (continued)
Parasol, The, by Goya, 4-1499
Pastoral idyl, A, by Francois Boucher, 5-1875
Paying the reapers, by Lhermitte, 9-3076
Pearl necklace, The, by Vermeer, 9-3075
Peasants at supper, by the brothers Le Nain, 5-1878
Peveril of the Peak, Scene from, by Orchardson, 7-2628
Philip the Metropolitan refuses his blessing to Ivan the Terrible, 16-5693
Philosophy and History (wall panels), by Puvis de Chavannes, 7-2481
Pied Piper of Hamelin, The, by A. A. Dixon, 1-225, 226
Piper among the hills, A, by Le Nain, 5-1875
Players at tric-trac, by Teniers, 5-1593
Players on primitive musical instruments, 19-6899-6900
Pounds, John, of Portsmouth, and his pupils, 17-6140
Preaching at the village cross, by Robertson, 3-1123
Princes in the Tower, The, by Sir J. E. Millais, 1-149
Procession, The, by Lucien Simon, 8-2862
Prodigal Son, The, by Teniers, 5-1591
Psyche, by Alfred de Curzon, 9-3229
Psyche's garden, by J. W. Waterhouse, 9-3229
Puritan, The, by John Pettie, 6-1975
Quartette, The, by Albert Moore, 6-2240
Rainy day in camp, A, by Winslow Homer, 7-2443
Raleigh, Sir Walter, Boyhood of, by Sir J. E. Millais, 5-1812
Spenser reading poems to, 3-1117, 1122
Rob Roy and Bailie Nicol Jarvie, by J. Watson Nicol, 7-2629
Romeo and Juliet, Scene from, 16-5759
Rouget de Lisle singing the Marseillaise, by I. A. A. Pils, 10-3565

Royalist, The, by John Pettie, 6-1975
Ruskin, John, at chapel in Walworth, 9-3315
copying Giotto's paintings, 9-3311
Sacred grove, The (mural), by Puvis de Chavannes, 7-2475
School, A dame's, by Thomas Webster, 14-5251
School of Athens, The, by Raphael, 2-700
Shakespeare and Anne Hathaway, 2-726
before Sir Thomas Iucy, by Thomas Brooks, 2-725
with some great men of his time, 2-721
Shepherdess, The, by Jean François Millet, 7-2373
Shepherd's song, The, by Puvis de Chavannes, 7-2478
Shepherds of Arcadia, by Poussin, 5-1875
Singing the old songs, by Jordaens, $\mathbf{5 - 1 5 9 1}$
Sisters, The three, by Palma Vecchio, 3-1105
Sleeping child, by Francine Charderon, 14-4941
Smoker, The, by Cézanne, 8-2709
Song of love, The, by Burne-Jones, 6-2239
Spanish flower girl, by Murillo, 9-3070
girl, A, by Washington Allston, 9-3331
Spenser, Edmund, reading his poems to Sir Walter Raleigh, 3-1117, 1122
Spring, by Botticelii, 2-693
Steele, Richard, Addison dictating to, 5-1622 Summer, by E. A. Hornel, 18-6525
Swift and Stella, by Margaret Dicksee, 5-1619
Syndics of the Cloth-workers' Guild, The, by Rembrandt, 5-1709
Three Fates, The, by Michelangelo, 3-826
spinning, by J. M. Strudwick, 9-3229
Tolstoy, by Jan Styka, 8-2852
at hom 19-6int
at work in the fields, by Ilya Repin, 19-6909 with his sister. 19-6904
Tristram. Sir admitted as a Knight of the Round Table (mural), by W. Dyce, 19-6946
Twelfth Night. A scene from, by Daniel Maclise, 3-987
Venus, The mirror of, by Burne-Jones, 9-3231 and Anchises, by Sir William B. Richmond,
Village choir, The, by Thomas Webster, 18-6697 school, A, by Sir David Wilkie, 14-5251
Virgil and Horace at the house of Mæcenas.
ision of
 of St. Helena, by Paul Veronese of the Holy Grail, by E. A. Abbey, 19-6948

Figure (continued)
Walk, The (La promenade), by Renoir, 8-2711 Watt, James, watching steam from kettle, by Marcus Stone, 5-1613
Wenceslas, King, and his page, by Sheridan Knowles, 3-842
"When did you last see your father?", by W. F. Yeames, 13-4563

White Girl, The, by Whistler, 10-3446
Winifred Dysart, by George Fuller, 10-3461 Winter's Tale, The Scene from, 3-982
Wise Men, Two of the three (portraits of the Medici), by Benozzo Gozzoli, 2-696; 5-1745
Wood-gatherers, The, by George Inness, 10-3463
Writing lesson, The, by Renoir, 8-2712
Young girl peeling apples, by Nicolaes Maes, 5-1593
mother, The, by Gerard Douw, 5-1591
rogue, The, by Greuze, 5-1878
woman with a water jug, by Vermeer, 5-1593

## Historical

Armada, The Spanish, Drake receives news of, by Seymour Lucas, 5-1819
Wreck of, by Albert Goodwin, 5-1819
Arthur, King, at Avalon, by Burne-Jones, 19-6948
The knights of, by Burne-Jones, 19-6946
The passing of, by James Archer, 19-6947
Augustina, the Maid of Saragossa, 14-5119
Barlow, General, receiving surrender of prisoners, by Winslow Homer, 7-2443
Battle of Bouvines, The, by Horace Vernet, 6-2077
Bismarck, dictating the terms of the Peace of Versailles, by Carl Wagner, 11-3969
Boabdil surrendering the keys of Granada, by Francisco Pradilla, 14-5043
"Bonnie Prince Charlie," by John Pettie, 15-5638
Brazil, "The Cry of Ypiranga," 19-7043
Britons trading with Phcenicians, by Lord Leighton, 4-1431
Bruce, Robert, capture of his wife and child, by William Eole, 12-4207
his last act, by William Eole, 12-4207
Bruton Church, Williamsburg, Va., by A. W Thompson, 5-1701
Cabot, John, reaches North America, 1-249 and Sebastian, leaving Bristol, by Ernesí Board, 1-25
Caxton, William, printing the first book in England, 9-3387
setting up his press at Westminster, 9-3387
showing a book to the Abbot, 1-302
Cervantes' last hours, by E. Oliva, 19-7128
Charlemagne and his pupils, 10-3433
Charles I, portrait by Van Dyck, 11-3848
about to die, 6-1975
scenes from his life, 6-1972, 1975
The children of, by Van Dyck, 5-1585
The funeral of, by Ernest Crofts, 6-1975
Christian missionaries in Britain, by J. $R$. Herbert, 4-1431
Cicero delivering an oration against Catiline, by Cesare Maccari, 4-1367
Clovis I. Baptism of, 10-3431
Clovis II, receiving homage, 10-3431
Columba sighting the shores of Scotland, by Georges Girardot, 8-2842
Columbus and Queen Isabella, 1-88
before the King and Queen of Spain, 1-87
landing in the New World, 1-82, 240
Constantine leading his troops at the battle of Milvian Bridge, 5-1858
Corday, Charlotte, on the way to execution, 6-2129
Cornelia showing her "jewels," 11-3811
Cossacks, The, write a letter to the Sultan, by Ilya Repin, 16-5697
Covenanters, Religious service of, 7-2625
Cowpens, Battle of the, 4-1171
Cromwell, Oliver, riding through York, by Ernest Crofts, 11-3S 44
visiting Milton, by David Neal, $4-1241$
Cromwell. Mrs.. reading her husband's letter, t.v Charles Sheldon, 11-3851

David at the cave of Adullam, by Claude Lorrain, 5-1883
Hlaying the harn (from an old Saxon
Saul and Jonathan, 19-7003

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Historical (continucl)
David I of Scotland, The good deeds of, by William Eole, 12-4206
Declaration of Independence, The, before Congress, by John Trumbull, 4-1167
Dentatus, Curius, refusing a bribe, 3-889
"Destruction" (from series, The Course of Empire), by Thomas Cole, 9-3331
Disraeli and Gladstone, 7-2295
Drake, Sir Francis, portrait, 5-1821
at Panama, 14-4963
first sees the Pacific Ocean, 14-4963
receives news of Spanish Armada, while at
bowls, by Seymour Lucas, 5-1819
Dunstan reproving King Edwy, by W. J. Morgan, 8-2848
Edward $V$ and his brother in the Tower, by Sir J. E. Millais, 1-149
Edward VI, portrait by Holbein, 5-1823
Egfrid, King of Northumberland, and Cuthbert, by W. Bell Scott, 8-2847
Elizabeth, Queen, portrait by Federigo Zucchero, 5-1821
listening to a reading by Shakespeare, by Eduard Ender, 2-725
receiving the French ambassador, by W. F. Yeames, 5-1815
shown an experiment by William Gilbert, 4-1254
signing the death warrant of Mary Queen of Scots, by Julius Schrader, 5-1824
The last hours of, by Delaroche, 5-1824
watching a revelry, 5-1824
Erasmus among his books, 14-5249
teaching the young Emperor Charles V, 14-5249
with scholars at Basle, by Felix Cogan, 14-5249
Evelyn, John, discovers young Grinling Gibbons, by Edgar Bundy, 5-1729
Ferdinand and Isabella at the surrender of firanada. by Franciscon Pradilla, 14-5043
Field of the Cloth of Gold, The, 5-1815
Fighting Téméraire, The, towed to her last berth, by Turner, 6-2233
Flodden Field, After, by William Eole, 12-4211 Before, by J. Faed, 12-4211
Franklin, Benjamin, at the French Court, 10-3 1 \& 6
hauling paper to his printing shop, by Edward Penfield, 12-4449
Franklin, Sir John, at the Admiralty, 8-2985
Frederick Barbarossa proclaimed King of Germany, 11-3967
Frederick I of Prussia, examining school children, 11-3971
the Great, welcomed by his subjects, 11-3971
French Revolution, Scenes from the, 6-2131; 10-3565
Galileo on trial before the Inquisition, 1-279 scenes from his life, $\mathbf{1 - 2 8 5}$
Gladstone and Disraeli, 7-2295
Goths entering Rome, The, by Edward Wighill, 4-1195
Gregory VJI and Henry IV at Canossa, 8-2849
Henry VIII founding St. Paul's School, 5-1824
James III of Scotland presented to the nobles, by William Eole, 12-4209
Joan of Arc, by Bastien-Lepage, 7-2479
at the Rheims Coronation, by Jules Lenepveu, 16-5816
at the stake, by Jules Lenepveu, 16-5816
Vision of, by G. W. Joy, 16-5817
welcomed by the populace, by Jules Lenepveu, 16-5816
Josephine, Coronation of the Empress, by J. L. David, 6-2079
Justinian the Great choosing a wife, 13-4799 King of Rome, The (Napoleon's son), by Sir Thomas Lawrence, $\mathbf{1 - 1 5 1}$
Landing of Columbus, The, by John Vanderlyn,
Lincoln. Trasident, and his CThinet, by Francis Bicknell Carnenter, 7-2426
Lomis IN of Frimu- as low, and his mother, by Cahanel, 16-if1.
T.ontis his throne, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 2}$ of witing a peasant, hy

Lonis XVT amoner his cilfi,cte 10-3.3.35
in prison, by E. M. Ward, 6-2133
Margaret. Wife of Malcolm III, arriving in Scotland, by William Eole, 12-4206

Historical (comtinufd)
Maria Theresa appealing to the Hungarian nobles, 17-6193
Marie Antoinette and her family in prison, by E. M. Ward, 6-2133
facing the mob in the palace, by Alfred Elmore, 6-2126
on her way to the scaffold, 6-2133
Mark Antony at the death of Cæsar, by JosephDésiré Court, 11-3929
Mary, Queen of Scots, compelled to abdicate, 12-4213
escaping from Loch Leven Castle, 12-4213
mounting the scaffold, 12-4213
Maximilian receiving an ambassador from Venice, by Carl Becker, 11-3961
Massacre of St. Bartholomew, The, 10-3429
Milton dictating to his daughters, by Munkacsy, 4-1237
playing the organ for Cromwell, by Emanuel Leutze, 12-4434
shatins hatuds with Marvell, by G. H. Boughton, 4-1237
More, Sir Thomas, and his daughter, by J. R. Herbert, 14-5125
Napoleon, as a boy, at the military academy, by Realier-Dumas, 6-2209
at the battle of Friedland, by Meissonier, 10-3569
crossing the Alps, by Delaroche, 6-2205
in the retreat from Moscow, by Meissonier, $6-2.12$
on board the Bellerophon, by Orchardson, 6-2212
on the evening of Waterloo, by Ernest
Napoleon's son (the King of Rome), by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 1-151
Nelson bidding farewell to his grandmother, by George W. Joy, 6-2209
on his flagship, the Victory, 6-2 210
receiving the Spanish officers' swords, 6-2205
Perry, Commodore, at the battle of Lake Erie, hy William F. F'ow+11, 17-683?
Philip II of Spain receiving a deputation from the Low Countries, 14-5039
Raleigh, Sir Walter, scenes from his life, 14-4958, 495.3
Regulus, the Roman patriot, $\mathbf{1 - 1 2 5}$; $\mathbf{4 - 1 3 6 5}$
Reynolds, Sir Joshua, scenes from his life, 7-2.33.
Richard Cceur de Lion, and the Sultan Saladin, 7-2589
entering Joppa, 7-2585
Richard II giving up his crown, 5-1678
Rodney, Cæsar, arriving at the old State House, by Horace T. Carpenter, 18-6830
Roland, Madame, in the prison grounds, 6-2129
Romans in firitain, The, $4-13 \geq 1,13 \geq 3$
Rudolph of Hapsburg condemning robber knights, 11-3967
Savonarola's bonfire of vanities, by F. W Topham, 13-4867.
Socrates alinit to drink the hemlock, by J. L David, 16-5915
Stuart, Charles, see Charles I
Stuart. ("harles Fidward ("Bonnie Prince Charlie"), by John Pettie, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 6 3 8}$
Taking of the Smala, The, by Horace Vernet, 6-2079
Tell. William, and his son, 19-7218
compelled to shoot an apple from his son's head, 16-6005
Theodora, Empress of Byzantium, 13-4799
Thomas a Becket. incidents in his life, 5-1569
Trban II, Pope, preaching the first crusade, 7-2584
Very gallant gentleman, A, by J. C. Dollman, 14-5088
Victor Emmanuel II and Garibaldi, 13-4589
Victoria receiving news of her accession to the Enclish throne, by H. T. Wells, 7-2292
Vienna, The Cuneress of, liv Isahey, 11-3959
Ware of the Jonsos. The their beginning in the Temple Gardens, 5-1681
Washington crossing the Delaware, by F!manlu-1 Te-11\%ッ.4-1169
Wellington and his mother, 6-2209
in the Poninsular W'ar, by R. Hillingford, 14-:n 4 :
on his march to Waterloo, by Ernest Crofts, 6-2こ11
surveying the field of Waterloo, 6-2207

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（PAINTING）

Historical（continuca）
Whittington，Dick，listening to Bow Bells，by James Sant，2－659
William I proclaimed German Emperor at Versailles，by A．von Werner，12－4169
Wreck of the Spanish Armada，The，by Albert Goodwin，5－1819

Iandscape and Marine
Avenue at Middelharnais，The，by Hobbema， 5－1587
Beaching Dutch boats，by H．W．Mesdag， 8－2分
the boat，by Sorolla，8－2855
Bent tree，The，by Corot，7－2375
Boats on the River Oise，by Daubigny，9－3071
Bray on the Thames，by Peter de Wint，6－2233 Bringing home the cattle，by Thomas Moran， 10－34．58
Cache River in the Laurentians，by Maurice G．Cullen，10－3706
Chichester Canal，by Turner，6－2229
Coast scene，by George Inness，10－3463
Cornfield，The，by Constable，6－2231
Cotopaxi，by F．E．Church， $9-3335$
Country scene，by Salomon Ruisdael，5－1591
Early morning，Lac Tremblant，by Maurice G．Cullen，10－3710
Embarkation for Cythera，The，by Watteau， 5－1883
Evening，by Corot，7－2376
Fishing boats，by Richard Bonington，6－2233 Great oak，The，by vupré，7－2374
Harp of the winds，The，by Homer D．Martin， 10－2． 447
Hay wain，The，by Constable，6－2231
Hindu devotions，by Turner，6－2233
Isle of Shoals，by Childe Hassam，10－3463
Landing of Cleopatra，The，by Claude Lorrain 5－1875
Landscape，by Corot，7－2376
by Gustave Courbet，7－2477
by A．B．Durand，9－3335
Late summer near Herisson，by Harpignies， 9－3076
Looking towari th．sta，hy Alexander $H$ ． Wyant，10－3458
Meadow，The，by Mauve，8－2853
Mediterranean scene，A，by Joseph Vernet， 5－1875
Mill on the dyke，The，by Jacob Ruisdael， 5－15
Mountain ford，The，by Thomas Cole，10－3458 Northeaster，by Winslow Homer，10－3459
Northern night，by F．H．Johnston，10－3704
Nut－satherers in the forest，by Homer Wat－ son，10－3701
On the river in summer，by Paul Chabas， 8－2862
rutskirts of a town，hy Matthew Maris 8－2864
Parthenon，The，by F．E．Church，10－3458 Frastoral serne，A．Wy Frérléric Montenard， 8－285？
Peace and plenty，hy Cimore．Inness，10－3463
Pond，The，by Rousseau，7－2374
Pool of London，The，hy W．L．Wyllie，15－5357 Foringland oak，The，by Crome，6－2231
Quay at Rouen，The，by Pissarro，8－2713
 A．Gagnon，10－：：－1．？
Rainy day，A，by Frederick Walker，8－2921 Firsatta day，by Lucien Simon，8－2857
River in summer，A．by Monet，7－2477
River scene，A，by Richard Bonington，6－2232 with cattle，by Cuyp，5－1591
Road to Mount Valerien，The，by Alfred Sisley， 8－$\because$ ！
Foariner forties，Tha．hy Frombrick J．W゙aush． 10－345？
Sand dunes，by Homer D．Martin，10－3459
Santa Giustina，Parlua，by J．R．Cozens，6－2233 Seine at Argentenil．The，by Monet，7－2477

Sprine，by Mauve，8－2853
Spring morning，by Dwight W．Tryon，10－3458 stare firht in the forest．The hy Custav． Courbet，7－2477
Storm．The，by Diaz，7－2376
Sunset，by Daubigny，7－2375
Thunder cloud，The，by Farquhar McGillivray Knowles，10－3710
Toilers of the sea，by Albert P．Ryder，10－3462

Landscape and Marine（continucd）
Toll－gate，The，by Cornelius Kreighoff，10－3699
Up the Hudson，by George Bellows，10－3463
Venice，by Turner，9－3069
Water gate，The，by Daubigny，9－3071
Western sunlight，by Charles William Jefferys， 10－3706
Winter，Georgian Bay，by Alexander Young Jackson，10－3707
Wreck，The，by Winslow Homer，10－3459

## Mosaic

Figure of St．Michael，2－577
rom Pompeii，Defeat of Darius by Alexander the Great，2－70！
From Ravenna， 4 th century，1－70
6 th eentury，2－5．
wall in church of San Vitale，2－581
From St．Mark＇s，Venice，figure of St．Mark， 13－4564
figure of the Virgin，2－579
group of figures，2－579
section of wall，2－577
From Sicily，old decorative designs，2－575

## Portrait

Adams，John，5－1694；（in group），by John Trumbull，4－1167 10－3491
Althorp，Lord，by Sir Joshua Reynolds，6－2119 Ariosto，by Titian，3－1105
Arnolfini，Jan，and his wife，by Jan van Eyck， 4－1ッ：？
Arundel，Earl of，and his grandson，by Van Dyck，5－1584
Audubon，John J．，by F．Cruikshank，19－7052
Auerbach，Boniface，by Holbein，4－1350
Bacon，Francis，5－1821
Baillie family，The，by Gainsborough，7－2339
Balthasar Carlos，Prince，by Velasquez，4－1502， 1503
Bancroft，George，by Richter，13－4822
Banquet of the officers of St．George＇s Shoot－ ing Company，by Frans Hals，12－4181
Bartolozzi，F．，by John Opie，6－2109
Baumgartner，Stephen，as St．George，by Al－ brecht Dürer，4－1347
Bellini，Giovanni，4－1455
Pertin the Elder，by Ingres，6－2079
Biddle，Major Thomas，by Sully，9－3324
Bismarck，by Franz von Lenbach，8－2863
Boleyn，Anne，5－1821
Borg，Katharine von，by Lucas Cranach the Fider，4－1346
Borro，Alessandro del，by Velasquez，4－1502
Bourne，Mrs．Sylvanus，by Copley，3－969
Bowles，Miss，by Sir Joshua Reynolds，7－2340 Boy as Pierrot，A，by Fragonard，5－1879
Brignole－Sale，Andrea，on horseback，by Van Dyck，5－1587
Burghley，William Cecil，Lord，5－1821
Burns；Robert，6－2136
Butts，Edmund，by John Bettes，6－2003
Caligraphist，The，by Rembrandt，5－1716
Calvert，Cecil，12－4153
Calmady children，The，by Sir Thomas Law－ rence．9－30－
Carmencita，by Sargent，10－3460
Carwardine，Mrs．，and child，by Romney，
（＂hamere，with the ranterbury I＇ilsrims，by Thomas Stothard，1－301
Castiglione，Balthasar，by Raphael，3－964
Cézanne，Paul，self－portrait，8－2712
Charpentier，Madame，and her children，by Tembir．8－：711
Cheseman，Robert，by Holbein，4－1351
Children of charles I，The，hy Van Dyck， 5－1585
Cimabue，5－1735
（17：H：Hory 10－？fa？
Clunlinhr．Duchese of，by Sir Peter Leely 6－2003
Clinton，De Witt，5－1694
Clinton，Sir Henry，4－1161
fonklum，Larly．intl her chitaren，by Sir Joshua Reynolds，7－2338
Cockshutt．Henry，hy E．Wyly Grier，10－3703 Cowniet，Léon，by Bonnat，8－2863
Coke，Sir John，by Cornelius Jonson，6－2003
Cranmer，Thomas，5－1821
fraven，Lady，by Liomney，6－211：5

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Portrait (rontinuca)
Cromwell, Oliver, by Christian Richter, 1-67 by Ford Madox Browh, 11-38+9
Curry, Mrs. Mark, わy Fommey, 6-2114
Cuvier, Georges, in his laboratory, 2-588
Damien, Father, by Edward Clifford, 7-2321
Daughters of the artist, The, by Gainsborough, 7-2340
Davis, Mary, by Sir Peter Lely, 6-2002
Dawson, Sir J. William, 19-7055
De Peyster, Johanna and Johannes, 3-969
de'Pola, Laura, by Lorenzo Lotto, 3-1111
Doge Giovanni Mocenigo, by Gentile Bellini, 3-11(1)
of Venice, A, by Giovanni Bellini, 1-68
D'Ognes, Charlotte du Val, by J. L. David, 6-2076
Douglas, Stephen A., 10-3493
Edward VI, the boy king, by Holbein, 5-1823
Edwards, Jonathan, 12-4445
Elizabeth, Queen, by Federigo Zucchero, 5-1821
Elizabeth, Princess of Austria, by François Clouet, 4-1224
Essex, Earl of, by Isaac Oliver, 6-2003 Essex, 2nd Earl of, 5-1821
Espagnac, Comte d', Vigée Le Brun, 5-1878 Este, Alfonso d', by Titian, 3-1109
Este, Beatrice d', by Leonardo da Vinci, 3-825
Este, Francesco d', by Velasquez, 4-1504
Ferdinand of Austria, by Velasquez, 1-71
Fergusons, The two, by Raeburn, 6-2120
Fornarina, La, by Piombo, 3-1111
Fothergill, Dr., by Gilbert Stuart, 9-3329
France, Anatole, by Carrière, 8-2709
Franklin, Benjamin, $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 9 1 ;} \mathbf{1 2 - 4 4 4 8}$
in group), by John Trumbull, $4-1167$
Frederick the Great, 11-4048
Frederick William, Elector of Brandenburg, by Wilhelm Camphausen, 11-3969
Gainsborough's daughters, by their father, 7-23 40
Gallatin. Albert, 10-3491
Gardiner, Bishop, by Quentin Matsys, 4-1223
Gardiner, Mrs., and her children, by Hoppner, 6-2112
Gay, John, by Sir Godfrey Kneller, 6-2003
General, A, by Giorgione, 4-1457
George IV, by Hoppner, 6-2120
Gioconda, La (Mona Lisa), by Leonardo da Vinci. 3-829
Gibbs, Mrs., by Sir William Orpen, 8-2861
Gisze, George, by Holbein, 4-1350
Godsalve. Sir Thomas, and his son John, by Holbein, 4-1350
Goethe, Johann Wolfgang von, by J. K. Stieler, 17-6412
Gower, Lady, by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 6-2114 Grammont, Comtesse de, by Sir Peter Lely, 6-2003
Grand Duchess Eleanor, by Bronzino, 3-964
Gratz, Rebecca, by Sully, 19-:164
Greenleaf, Mrs. James, by Gilbert stuart, 9-3329
Griswold, Mrs. James C., by Charles L. Elliott, 9-3329
Gwyn, Nell, by Sir Peter Lely, 6-2003
Hamilton, Alexander, 10-3491; by John TrumHancock, John (in group), by John Trumbull, 4-1167
Handel, George Friederich (after Hudson), 19-7072
Hare, Master, by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 6-2118 Hastings, Warren, by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 6-2 109
Haverfield, Miss, by Gainsborough, 1-68 Haydn, Franz Josef, 19-7073
Heads, Three studies of, by Greuze, 5-1873
Heathfield, Lord, by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 6-2120
Henry VIII, by Holbein, 5-1822
Holzschuher, Jerome, by Albrecht Dürer, 4-1347
Infante Fhilinp Prosper, by Velasquez, 4-1494 Innocent X, Pope, by Velasquez, 4-1504 Isabella, Donna, by Goya, 9-3074
Isahella, Empress, by Titian, 3-1110
Izard, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph, by Conley, 9-3324 Jefferson, Thomas (in group), by John Trumhull. 4-1167
Jennings, Sarah, by Sir Godfrey Kneller, John, b̄y Frederick Varley, 10-3709

Portrait (continuri)
Jones, John Paul, 17-6327
Jordan, Mrs., as the Comic Muse, by Hoppner, 6-2116
Julius II, Pope, by Raphael, 3-962
Kerr, Lady, by Romney, 7-2338
Kleist, Heinrich Wilhelm von, 17-6270
Lady, A, ancient Roman portrait, $\mathbf{2 - 4 5 2}$
by François Boucher, 15-5311
by Piero della Francesca, 2-696
by Raeburn, 6-2115
by Allan Ramsay, 6-2109
by Velasquez, 4-1504
Lady Cockburn and her children, by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 7-2338
Lady Craven, by Romney, 6-2115
Lady Georgiana Spencer, by Gainsborough, 6-2118
Lady Gower, by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 6-2114
Lady Jean (the artist's daughter), by George Bellows, 10-3464
Lady Kerr, by Romney, 7-2338
Lady Wentworth, by Copley, 9-3324
Lady Williams and child, by Ralph Earle, 3-969
Le Brun, Madame and her daughter, by Vigée Le Brun, 5-1880
Leicester, Robert Dudley, Earl of, 5-1821
Lessing, Gotthold Ephraim, 17-6269
Lindow, Mr. and Mrs., by Romney, 6-2114
Linley, Miss, and her brother, by Gainsborough, 1-68
Lister Lord, 15-5485
Livingston, Robert (in group), by John Trumbull, 4-1167
Madison, James, 11-3947
Man, A, hy Holbein, 9-3n7t
by Thierry Bouts, 4-1228
Study of, by Rembrandt, 5-1716
Man and his wife, by Frans Hals, 9-3075
Man with a sword, by Frans Hals, 5-1587
Man with the hoe, The, by Jeall Françols Millet, 8-3003
Manning, Cardinal, by G. F. Watts, 6-2237
Margaret, Princess, daughter of Philip IV, by Velasquez, 4-1503
Mariana, Queen of Austria, by Velasquez, 4-1504
Marie Antoinette and her children, by Vigée Le Brun, 6-2009
Marlborough, Duke of, by Sir Godfrey Kneller, 6-2002
Marquand, Henry G., by Sargent, 10-3460
Marsham family, The, by Gainsborough, 6-2119
Mary, Queen of Hungary, by Velasquez, 4-1503
Mary, Queen of Scots, 5-1821: 12-4204
Medici, Ferdinand de, by Bronzino, 3-963
Medici, Lorenzo de, as one of the Magi, by Benozzo Gozzoli, 5-1745
Medici, Maria de, by Bronzino, 9-3074
Medici, Piero de, by Bronzino, 3-964
Menippus, by Velasquez, 4-1502
Michelangelo, 1-61
Mifflin, Mrs. Rehecca Edgehill, and granddaughter, by Charles Willson Peale, 3-971
Mifflin, Samuel, by Charles Willson Peale, 3-971
Milton, John, 4-1235
Mohammed II, Sultan, by Gentile Bellini, 3-1105
Mona Lisa (La Gioconda), by Leonardo da Vinci, 3-829
Morland, George, self-portrait, 7-2329
Mother of the artist, The, by Rembrandt. 5-1716
by Whistler, 10-3446
My cousin Candida, by Zuloaga, 8-2854
My daughter, by Frank W. Benson, 10-3461
Newton, Lord, by Raeburn, 7-233y
Nobleman, A, by Moretto, 3-1112
Old cook, The, by Velasquez, 9-3072
Old lady, An, by Rembrandt, 1-68
Old man, An, by Memling, 4-1228
Old woman cutting her nails, by Rembrandt, 5-1708
Olivares, Duke of, by Velasquez, 4-1502
Oxford, Countess of, The by Honmner, 7-2338
Peachum. Polly, by Hogarth, 6-2005
Peachum, Phally, Wy Hogarth, 6-2005 Willson, hy Renjamin West. 9-3329: self-portrait, 9-3326
Penn, William, 12-4153
Philip IV of Spain, by Velascuez, 4-1501. 1503
Pinkney, Isabel, by Spencer Watson, 8-2861

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (PAINTING)

Portrait (rontinuri)
Polish soldier, A, by Rembrandt, 5-1715
Porter, Endymion, by William Dobson, 6-2003
Fortinari, Marie, by Memling, $4-1228$
Thomas, by Meming, 4-1229
Poyntz, Mr., by Gainsborough, 6-2114
Raleinh, -ir 11 ither, 5-1s21
Ramsay, Mrs. Allan, by her husband, 6-2115
Raphatel, ly Pinturicchio, 3-96t
Récamier, Madame, by J. L. David, 6-2078
Rembrandt, self-portrait, $\mathbf{5 - 1 7 1 3}, 1716$
Reynolds, Sir Joshua, self-portrait, 7-233
Ribblesdale, Lord, by Sargent, 10-3460
Riley, James Whitcomb, by Sargent, 13-4821 Sackville children, The, by Hoppner, 6-2118 Saskia, by Rembrandt, 5-171
Schongauer, Martin, by Hans Burgkmair, 4-1346
Servants of the artist, The, by Hogarth, 9-3072
Seward, William Henry (in group), by Francis Bicknell Carpenter, 7-2426
Sforza, Lodovico, by Leonardo da Vinci, 3-825 Shakespeare, William, 1-79; 5-1821
Shaw, George Bernard, by Augustus John, 8-2861
Sherman, Roger (in group), by John Trumbull, 4-1167
Siddons, Mrs., by Sir Thomas Lawrence, 7-2339 as the Tragic Muse, by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 6-2113
Sinclair, Sir John, by Raeburn, 6-2115
Siphtah, King of Egypt (mural), 1-293
Sister of the artist, The, by Hogarth, 6-2005
Sisters, The three, by Palma Vecchio, 3-1105
Snyders, Frans, and his wife, by Van Dyck, 5-1587
Sons of the artist, The, by Rubens, 5-1589
Spencer, Lady Georgiana, by Gainsborough, 6-2118
Lavinia, Countess, by Sir Joshua Reynolds,
Stanton. Edwin M. (in group), by Francis Bicknell Carpenter, 7-2426
Stuart, James, Duke of Lennox, by Van Dyck, 5-1584
Stuyvesant, Peter, 2-549
Suqgia, Madame, by Augustus John, 8-2861
Swalmius, Burgomaster Eleazar, by Remhrandt. 5-714
Tarleton. Banastre, 4-1161
Thackeray, William Makepeace, in his study, 8-2731
Tolstoy, by Jan styka, 8-2ธ5?
Turner, J. M. W., by Charles Turner, 7-2336 Fnknown man. - 1n, by Fil direen, 9-3073
Van Coller. Suzanna, with her little daughter, hy Rembrandt, 5-171.5
Vaniero, Aimiral, 1, Tintwretto, 4-1454
Veronese l'anl, two self-poitraits, 4-14f.3
Wallis, Dr. John, by Sir Godfrey Kneller, 6-2002
Washington, George, by Gilbert Stuart, 9-3327; 11-3946
and his family, by Edward Savage, 3-971 Washington. Martha, 2-391
Wavne, Anthony, 4-1165
Welles, (ribion in :rrisin), by Francis Bicknell Carpenter, 7-2426
Wellington, Duke of, 6-2199
Wentworth, Lady, by Copley, 9-3324
Wertheimer. Mrs., hy Sareent, 10-3460
Whitnam. IV. 1t. hv. John IV VE vanifor, 13-472n William of Orange as a boy, by Rembrandt, 5-1714
Williame, Lady, and child. hy Ralph Earlu 3-969
Woman, A, by Frans Hals, 5-1590
by van der Helst, 7-2719
Woman and chill bV Frans Itals, I-69
 Wyatt, Marcaret, Lady Lee, by Holbein, $4-1349$
Young man. A, by Albrecht Dürer, 4-1347
by Holhein, 4-1351
Young woman, A, by Abbott Thayer, 10-3446

## Rellgious

Adoration of the Child, The, by Gerard David, 4-1224
by the Maci, hy A1H....|t いir.... 4-12f6
 4-1223
by the Jose Ribera, 4-1494
by the Wise Men, by Stephen Lochner, $\mathbf{4}-1343$

Religious (runtinued)
Adoration of the Lamb, by Hubert van Eyck, 4-1223
Angel of the Annunciation, The, by Memmi, 2-696
Annunciation, The, by Dante Gabriel Rnssetti, 6-2240
by Roger van der Weyden, 4-1220
Betrayal by Judas, The, by Cimabue, 2-696
Bishop and st. Genevieve, A (mural), by Puvis de Chavannes, 7-2478
Christ and the pilgrims of Emmaus, by Velasquez, 4-1497
and the Saints, Byzantine, 12-4469
Betrayal of, by Judas, by Cimabue, 2-696
in the manger, by Hugo van der Goes, 4-1221 washing Peter's feet, by Ford Madox Brown, 6-2237
Creation, The, and other Old Testament themes (Sistine Chapel), by Michelangelo, 3-822
of Adam (detail of above fresco), 3-826
Flight into Egypt, The, by Giotto, 2-694
Holy Family, The, by Michelangelo, 3-827 by Raphael, 3-963
by Rubers, $\mathbf{5 - 1 5 8 4}$
(with St. Catherine), by Titian, 3-1111
(with St. Paul and St. George), by Giovanni Bellini, 3-1110
Jesus among the Doctors, by Luini, 3-1103
ancient mural paintings, 2-577
Infant, and the infant St. John, by Murillo, 4-1494
Last Supper, The, by Leonardo da Vinci, 3-830
Madonna, The, see also Virgin; Mary
(and angels), by Murillo, 4-1497
adoring the Child, by Filippo Lippi, 2-690
Madonna and Child, by Fra Angelico, 2-694
by Giovanni Bellini, 3-1110; 4-1457
by Botticelli, 2-690; (with angels), 2-695
Byzantine mosaic, 2-579
(of the Basket), by Correggio, 3-1105
(with St. Jerome), by Correggio, 3-1111
by Lorenzo di Crédi, 2-690
(with saints and angels), loy Ghirlandaio, 2-693
(The Flight into Egypt), by Giotto, 2-694
(of the Burgomaster Meyer), by Holbein, 4-1352
by Filippo Lippi, 2-690
(with St. Francis and St. John), mural by Lorenzetti, 2-691
by Quentin Matsys, 4-1223
by Memling, 4-1224
(Holy Family), by Michelanselo, 3-827
(with angels), by Laura Muntz, 10-3708 b, Murill.. 4-14! -
(with saints and angels), by Perugino, 3-964 by Raphael, 3-963
(del Granduca), by Raphael, 3-961
(Lat Firlle Jatilefirr, with st. Inhn), by Raphael, 3-963
(of the chair), by Raphael, 3-964
(Sistine), by Raphael, 3- 1 ,
hy van der Weyden, 4-1223
(of the Cuccina family), by Paul Veronese, 3-111?
(of the Rocks, with St. John and an angel),


Mardalen, by Paul Veronese, 3-1112
Marriage at Carat Th+. hiv Fatul Voronese (1)ruslon), 3-111", (1.oniva), 4-115

Marriage of St. Catherine, The, by Tintoretto, 3-1112
of the two st. Catherimms, hy Fonsmonone. 3-1105
Mary. The death of, by Folbein the Eilder. 4-1347
Miracle of St. Hugo, The, by Zurbaran, 4-1494
Nativity, The, by Fra Angellco, 2-694
st. Ambirnse, as Hi-hon of Milan rufusins Theodosius admittance to the cathedral. by Rubens, 13-4861
St. Augustine preaching before Ethelbert and his que..n, 2-4:5
reatine philn-whly at the sehonl of Rome. by Benozzo Gozzoli, 2-6.95
st. Parhara, liv Prabela. 4-1457

st. Tientedict. Iy Mrmatine. 6-1396
St. Bernard, Scene from the life of, 13-4865
St. Boniface destroying the sacred oak, 13-4861

Religious (continued)
St. Bruno and Pope Urban II, by Zurbaran,
St 4-1494
St. Catherine (with the Holy Family), by Titian, 3-1111
St. Catherine of Alexandria, by Pinturicchio, 3-962
bound, by Gaudenzio Ferrari, 6-1995
Marriage of, by Tintoretto, $\mathbf{3 - 1 1 1 2}$
St. Catherines, Marriage of the two, by Bor gognone, 3-1105
St. Cecilia, by Gustave Moreau, 7-2478
by Hugo van der Goes, 4-1223
by Hubert and Jan van Eyck, 6-1998
St. Christopher, by Joachim Patinir, 6-1993
St. Francis, by Taddeo Bartolo, 2-696 (with the Madonna and Saint John), by Lorenzetti, 2-691
Death of, by Giotto, 2-696
preaching to the birds, by Giotto, 6-1990
St. Geneviève and a bishop, by Puvis de Chavannes, 7-2478

Religious (rontimued)
St. George, by Mantegna, 3-1112
(with the Holy Family), by Giovanni Bellini, 3-1110
slaying the dragon, 1-357
St. Helena, Vision of, by Paul Veronese, 5-1692
St. Jerome, The Last Communion of, by Il
Domenichino, 13-4865
St. John the Baptist, by Andrea del Sarto, 3-964
in the desert, by Raphael, 3-964
St. Nicholas helping the poor, by Lorenzo di Bicci, 6-1990
St. Paul (with the Holy Family), by Giovanni Bellini, 3-1110
St. Stephen in dispute with the Doctors, by Carpaccio, 4-1454
St. Ursula, The death of, by Memling, 6-1993
Transfiguration, The, by Giovanni Bellini, 3-1112
Virgin, The, by Lorenzo di Credi, 2-696
Visitation, The, by Ghirlandaio, 2 -690

## SCULPTURE

## A

Æolus, statue, by Giovanni da Bologna, 13-4614 Eschylus, Greek head, 16-5747
$\not \nVdash s c u l a p i u s, G r e e k ~ h e a d, ~ 12-4219 ~$
Age of Bronze, statue, by Rodin, 13-4705
Agesander, Polydorus and Athenodorus, Greek sculptors (1st century B.C.)
Death of Laocoön and his sons, 12-4462
trxt, 12-4460
Akhenaten, king of Egypt, see Amenhotep IV
Alcibiades, bust, 2-701
Alexander the Great, bust, 2-701
Alexander III Bridge across the Seine at Paris, 11-3826
Alfred the eireat. Hlacque, 4-1437
Allward, Walter S., Canadian sculptor (1875-
Alexander Graham Bell monument, 17-6245
Baldwin-Lafontaine group, 14-5080
South African memorial, 14-5077
tcxt, 14-5078
Altar, Roman archaic, 4-1318
Amazon, statue, after Polyclitus, 12-4334
Amazons, figures in relief, from mausoleum of Halicarnassus, 1-53
Amboise Castle, France, figures over door of chapel, 12-4469
Amen, Egyptian god, head, 3-816
Amenhotep 11I. head. 11-3878
Amenhotep IV, head, 3-816
American Expeditionary Forces, memorial to, by Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, 17-6291
Angel, Gothic, in woonl. 13-4-5.5
Angel of Death, The, and the Sculptor, by Daniel Chester French, 14-4!?:
Angels, by Luca della Robbia, 5-1748; 13-4615
Annunciation, The, group, by Donatello, 5-1745
Antinous, friend of Hadrian, Roman bust, 12-4462
Antoninus Pius (Titus Aurelius), Roman Emperor, statue, 5-1865
Aphrodite of Cnidus, head, by Praxiteles, 12-4329.
Ambln, (irewk statue, 11-3993
Apollo Belvedere, copy of a Greek statue, 12-4464
Apostle, French, 15th century, 13-4S55
Apoxyomenus, statue, by Lysippus, 12-4335
Archaies
Egyptian, 2-452; 3-817
Greek, 2-452; 11-3989, 3991, 3993
Irish, 8-2941, 2942
Rioman, 2-1.: : 4-1318, 1319
Roman, 2-41.7
Archers of Darius, frieze at Susa, 1-292
Aristides. Greek bust. 2-701
Aristophanes, Greek head, 16-5747
Aristotle in thoughtful mood, statue, 16-5914
Artemis (Diana), Greek statue from Delos, 11-3991
Artemis of Versailles, The, or Diana the Huntress, 12-4464

Ashur-bani-pal, Assyrian king, figure in relief, 2-657
hunting, frieze, 2-647
ladding his horst : has-relief, 11-3880
Ashur-nazir-pal, Assyrian king, statue, 2-657
and a courtier, bas-relief, 11-3880
Asshur, chief Assyrian god, bas-relief, 11-3880 Atalanta running, statue, 12-4459
Athena (Minerva), head, by Phidias, 12-4219
statue in Parthenon, by Phidias, 3-1079
statue in Vatican, 4-1201
Athenodorus, see Agesander
Augustus (Gaius Octavius), Roman Emperor, as a boy, bust, 12-4463
in full armor, statue, 1-71
statue, 5-1860
Aztec Indian carvings, Mexico, 1-163

## B

Babylon, boundary stone from, 11-3880
Bacchus (Dionysus) and a faun, group, 12-4665
Bacchus Dionysus) and a faun, group, 12-4665 ward, 14-5080
Bambino, placque, by Andrea della Robbia, 13-4612
Baptistery of Duomo, Florence, 5-1744 bronze doors, by Ghiberti, 5 -1741 figures from doors, 13-4603
Barnard, George Grey, American sculptor (1863-) Two Natures, 14-4935
trat. 14-4438
Bartholomé,
Paul Albert, French sculptor

Tomb of Death in Père-Lachaise Cemetery, Paris, 13-4705
text, 13-4706
Bartlett, Paul W., American sculptor (1865-1925) The bear-tamer, 14-4935
text, 14-4938
Barye, Antoine Louis, French sculptor (1795-1875) Theseus and the Centaur Bianor, 13-4705 text. 13-4706
Bates, Harry, British sculptor (1850-1899)
Socrates talking on justice and life, 16-5917 text. 13-4856
Bear-tamer, group, by Paul W. Bartlett, 14-4935
Beethoven, Ludwig van, statue, by R. Weigls, 19-7076
Bell, Alexander Graham, monument, by Allward 17-6245
Benares, India, carvings in temple, 9-3096
Black Hawk, statue, by Lorado Taft, 15-5281
Boadicea, statue, by H. Thornycroft, $\mathbf{1 3 - 4 5 8 5}$
Boethus, Carthaginian sculptor ( 3 d century B.C.) Boy and Goose. 12-4463 Boy and Goose
Bologna, Giovanni da (Ttalian for his real name, Jean Bologne or Boullongne), French sculptor ( 1505 -1608)
Æolus, 13-4614
Mercury Taking Flight, 13-4609
text, 13-4608

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (SCULPTURE)

Book cover carved in bronze, 8-2941
Borghese warrior, Greek statue, 12-4336
Borglum, John Gutzon Mothe, American sculptor (186i-
The horses of Diomed, 8-2703
text, 14-4939
Borromeo, Carlo, colossal statue, 10-3466
Bowman and a man with a lance, Greek sculpture, restored, 11-3993
and wounded warrior, Greek sculpture, restored, 11-3993
Boy and goose, group, by Boethus, 12-4463
Brahe, Tycho, elfigy, 1-202
Brandenburg Gate in Berlin, Quadriga on the 12-4179
Britain, Roman statues found in, 4-1318
Brunelleschi, Filippo, Italian sculptor and architect ( 1.3 : $9-1446$ )
portrait head of, 5-1735
lext, 5-1738-39
Buddha, images in stone and bronze, $2 \mathbf{5} 59$ 9-3085-87, 3096
teaching his pupils, sculptured group, 9-3087
Burghers of Calais, group, by Rodin, 13-4704
Byzantine triptych, Christ and the Saints, 12-4469

## C

Calder, Alezander Stirling, American sculptor (1870- )
Little Dear with the Tiny Black Swan, 14-4935 text, 14-4940
Caligula, Roman Emperor, statue, 5-1861
Cano, Sebastian del, statue, 1-90
Canterbury cathedral, England, doorways, 16-5965
Carpeaux, Jean Baptiste, French sculptor (182\%157.5)

Study for La Danse, 13-4705
fext, 13-4706
Caryatid from Erechtheum, in British Museum, 12-4217
Caryatids on Erechtheum, Athens, 3-1068
Cato, Roman head, 16-5907
Cavalryman of 14 th century, 1-66
Centaur groups, from the Parthenon, 12-4217
Chares, King, fragment of statue, 11-3991
Chares of Lindus, Rhodian sculptor, (c. 290280 B.C.
Colossus of Rhodes, 7-2607
text, 7-2604
Child's head, by Donatello, 13-4615
China, sculptures on patoolas and arches 15-5479
Chinese goddess in white porcelain, 1-71
christ and the saints, lyzantine triptych, 12-4469
Choragic monument of Lysicrates, Athens, 15-5350
text, 15-5345
Cicero, Roman head, 16-5907
Cimabue, head, 5-1735
in group, with Giotto, 5-1734
Claudius I, Roman emperor, statue, 5-1861
Cleonatra's Needles, ohelisk's, $10-3547 ; 17-6216$
Clytie, Roman portralt bust, 12-4462
'nidian V'enus, s. Alhroulite uf ('nichus
Coffin lid from Kells, Ireland, 8-2942
Coins, early, 16-5680
Colet, John, statue, 14-5253
Colleoni, equestrian statue, by Verrocchio, 4-1468: 13-4614
Colossus of Rhodes, gigantic figure, by Chares of Lindus, 7-260?
Columbus, Christopher (Cristobal Colon), statue in Mexico City, 19-7139
Columns with sculptured decorations
capital of Roman column, 4-1318
Congress, at Brussels, 15-5505
of Marcus Aurelius, Rome. 15-5351

of the Doric, Ionic and Corinthian Orders, decoration of, 15-5343
on the site of the Bastille, Paris, 11-3828 Vendome, Paris, 11-3828
Confucius, statue, 9 -
Congress column, Brussels, 15-5505
Creation of Man, statue, by Rodin, 13-4705
Cross, Saxon, at Hexham, England, 4-1437
Crosses of ancient Ireland, 8-2941-42
Cuitlahuac, statue, Mexico City, 19-7135
Cuitlahuac, statue, Mexico City, 19-71
Cupid with a Dolphin, Greek, 12-4466

Dallin, Cyrus E., American sculptor (1861Signing the Mayflower Covenant, $\mathbf{7 - 2 5 2 5}$ text, 14-4939
Dalou, Jules, French sculptor (1838-1902)
Peasant woman, head, 13-4705
text, 13-4706
Dancer and gazelles, group, by Paul Manship, 14-4935
Dancing cherubs from Singing Gallery of Donatello, 13-4612, 4613
Danse, La, by Carpeaux, 13-4705
Dante Alighieri, sculptured portrait from tomb, 17-6149
David, statue by Donatello, head of, 13-4614
statue by Michelangelo, 1-65, 68; 5-1742
statue by Verrocchio, 1s-4614
statue, copy in marble of Michelangelo's, 5-1742
Défricheur, Le (The pioneer), group, by Alfred Laliberte, 14-5076
Della Robbia, Andrea, Giovanni and Luca, sec Robbia
Demosthenes, Greek bust, 2-701
Dendera, Temple of, carvings, 14-5206
Diadumenus, the victorious athlete, statue after Polyclitus, 12-4334
Diocletian, Emperor of Rome, head, 5-1866
Dionysus (Bacchus) and a faun, group, 12-4465
Discobolus, statue, by Myron, 12-4219
Donatello (Donato di Betto Bardi), Italian sculptor (1386-1466)
portrait statue of, 5-1735
Annunciation, The, 5-1745
Child's head, $13-4615$
Dancing cherubs from the Singing Gallery, 13-461 $\because-1$ :
David, 13-4614
Gattamelata, equestrian statue, Padua, 13-4615
Group of happy children, 13-4610
St. George, 13-4613
Singing Gallery, 5-1745; 13-4616; panels, 13-4611-13
text, 13-4604-05, 4607
Doorways with sculptured decorations
Ghiberti's doors, Florence, 5-1741
in America, the Alamo, 18-68:9
in Burma, 15-5479
in France, 12-4469; 17-6157
in Italy, 4-1467-68; 16-5722; 17-6306
Moorish, in Spain, 15-5473
Norman, in England, 5-1567; 16-5974
Doryphorus, the spear-bearer, statue, after Polyclitus. 12-4334
Dying Gaul. The, statue, 4-1208

## E

Egypt, Antiquities from, 3-817
Coffin from, 1-66
Food carriers, statuettes, 1-70
Head 5,000 years old, 11-3879
comlptures in ruliuf, 3-817
Statues, 11-3877-78
Thebes, Gigantic statues near, 3-819
Elgin marbles, sculptures from Parthenon, now in British Museum, 12-4215, 4217, 4219
End of the Trail, The, by James Earle Fraser, 1-266
England, Roman statues found in, 4-1318
Erechtheum, Athens, caryatids of south porch, 3-1068
caryatid in British Museum, 12-4217
Exarhaddon, IEsyrian king, statue in relief, 2-657
Ftruscan vessel in bronze, 1-70
Euclid, Greek mathematician, bust, 2-701
Euripides, Greek head, 16-5747
Evelyn, portrait head, by Sir W. Goscombe John, 13-4853

F
Farnese Bull, group, by Rhodian sculptors, 12-4463
Farnese Iftrmbes, statue hy Cilyeron, 12-4465 Filluth, A, statur livermxiteles. cols of, 12-43.35 Fettered Slave, statue, by Michelangelo, 13-4612 Figure in a church, Venice, 4-1468
Fixurus an fom, in lcropolis of Xiththos in Lycia, 11-9941
Food-carriers of old Egypt, statuettes, 1-70

Eord，Edward Onslow，English sculptor（1852－ 1901）
Peace，13－4855
text，13－485．
Fortuna， 16 th century statue， $\mathbf{1}-71$
Fountain near Florence，5－1742
Franklin，Benjamin，portrait bust by Houdon， 13－4703
Fraser，James Earle，American sculptor End of the Trail，1－266
Erémiet，Emmanuel，French sculptor（1824－1911） Joan of Arc，16－5813
text，13－4706
French，Daniel Chester，American sculptor （1850－
Statue of Lincoln，3－1038
The Angel of Death arresting the hand of the Sculptor，14－4937
The Minute Man，4－1174
text，14－4937－38
Frog Fountain，by Janet Scudder，14－4935

Galen，Greek bust，8－2721
Gama，Vasco da，statue，1－89
Garibaldi，Giuseppe，equestrian statue，13－4582
Gateways with sculptured decorations at Constantinople，1－72
at Kilpeck，England，5－1567
at Norwich，England， 500 years old，1－72
in Egypt，14－5213
of lions，Mycenæ，8－3010；11－3991
of Santa Maria，Burgos，Spain，14－5047
of Kerman，Persia，3－919
of Teheran，Persia，3－920
of the Two Kings，Japan，2－567
Gattamelata，equestrian statue，by Donatello， 13－4615
Gérôme，Jean Léon，French painter and sculp－ tor（1世？ター1914）
Napoleon，statuette，1－71
Ghiberti，Lorenzo，Italian sculptor（1378－1455）
portrait of，5－1735
Bronze doors，Baptistery，Florence，5－1741 panel，13－4603
text，5－1737－38
Gilbert，Alfred，Enclish sculptor（1854 ） Perseus arming，13－4855
text，13－4854－55
Giotto，portrait statue，5－1735；in group，5－1734
Girl with grapes，by Florence Wylie，14－5079
Gizeh，Fgyint，sphinx，1－35：；3－819
Gladiator，A，Roman statue，12－4459
Glycon，Greek sculptor（1st century B．C．）
The Farnese Hercules，12－4465
text，12－4．468
God of darkness，Assyrian bas－relief，2－647
Goddesses of 6th century B．C．，Figures of，3－1071
Gog，gigantic figure in Guildhall，London， 14－5195
Golden Dog，The（Le Chien d＇Or），tablet，Quebec， 15－5367
Gosain Temple，Benares，carved interior，9－3096 Gothic angel，in wood，13－4855
Gothic ficures，doorway，Notre Dame，Paris， 12－4469
Gothic figures over door of chapel，Amboise Castle，France，12－4469
Goujon，Jean，French sculptor（c．1520－c．1566） A nymph of the Seine，13－4699
trat．13－4700
Goulden，Richard R．，British sculptor
Memorial to Margaret Macdonald，13－4858
Greek feures from temple of Zeus at Olympia， 11－3987
figures in marble，11－3808
frieze，11－3808
head，Esina period，11－3993
horsemen from the Parthenon frieze，3－1069 See also Parthenon
sculpture of 5 th and 6 th centurles，B．C．，3－1073 statue of Anollo，11－3993
statue of Zeus，by Phidias，7－2608
statues of the time of Praxiteles，12－4327 warrior，12－4465
Grief，statlie，by Frances Loring，14－5079 Gromp of hanpy children，hy Donatello，13－467n Groups of Greeks and Centaurs from the Par－ theron，12－4217
Gudea，King of Bahylon，fragment，11－3879
Gutenberg，John，statue，9－3383

Hadrian，Roman Emperor，statue，5－1865
Hale，Nathan statue，by MacMonnies，11－3997
Hammurabi，King，Stele of，2－651
Hapi，Nile god，statue，11－3878
Harmodius，Athenian hero，statue，12－4334
Hartwell，Charles I．，British sculptor（1878－） Sylvia，13－4853
Head，Ægina period，11－3993
5,000 years old，11－3879
of a young boy，12－4463
perhaps of German captive，Roman，12－4462
Hébert，Louis Philippe，Canadian sculptor （1850－1917）
statue of Paul de Chomedey，Sieur de Maison－ neuve，4－1482
text，14－5075
Hera，see Juno
Herculaneum，Bronze head from，1－66
Hercules（Heracles），head in the style of Scopas， 12－4336
statue，9－3083
with Cacus，statue，5－1742
Hermes（Mercury），statue，by Praxiteles， 12－4335
statue of the school of Praxiteles，12－4335
Herodotus，Greek head，16－5747
Homer，Greek head，16－5907
statue，6－1983
Horace，Roman head，16－5907
Horse， 5 th century B．C．， $\mathbf{3 - 1 0 7 3}$
Horseman，14th century，1－66
from Parthenon frieze，12－4217
Horses of Diomed，by Gutzon Borglum，8－2703
Houdon，Jean Antoine，French sculptor（1741－ 1828）
Benjamin Franklin，portrait bust，13－4703
Louise Brogniart，13－4705
text，13－4703， 4704
Humboldt，Alexander von，statue，2－596
Hunting scene from the Sarcophagus of Alex－ ander，12－4466
Hunting scenes，Assyrian，bas－reliefs in the British Museum，11－3879－80
Huntington，Anna Hyatt，American sculptor （1876－）
Jeanne d＇Arc，1\＆－1935
text，14－4940
Husband and wife，Egyptian group，11－3878
Hyatt，Anna，see Huntington，Anna Hyatt
Hypnos，or Sleep，statue in the style of Praxit－ eles，12－4336
Hypostyle Hall，Karnak，columns，14－5216

## I

Incense－holder from Pitti Palace，1－67
Indian carvings，Aztec， $\mathbf{1 - 1 6 3}$
Indian Hunter，by J．Q．A．Ward，14－4933 Ireland，antiquities，8－2941－42
Irving，Washington，tablet，Seville，13－4627
Ivory carvings， 6 th and 10 th centuries，1－66
J
Jain temple，Mount Abu，details，8－2832， 2833 Udaipur，India，columns，9－3096
Joan of Arc，equestrienne statue by Anna Hyatt Huntington，14－4935
by Emmanuel Frémiet，16－5813
John，Sir W．Goscombe，English sculptor （1860－）
Evelyn，13－4853
text．13－4856
John the Baptist，statue，by Majano，13－4613 with Madonna，in plaque，by Michelangelo， 13－4613
with Madonna，early French，13－4701
Jones，Capt．Adrian，English sculptor（1845－） Quadrioa at Hyde Park Corner in London， 13－4857
Juno（Hera），head，from Elgin marbles，12－4219 Jupiter（Zeus），statue，by Phidias，7－2608

## I

Kamehameha，statue，Hawaii，10－3587
Karnak，the great pylon，14－5213
Khafra，King，Egyptian sculpture，3－817；11－3877 King．A，seated on his throne，French， 13 th cen－ tury，13－4701
Kutab Minar at Delhi，carving，15－5478

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (SCULPTURE)

## I

Laliberté, Alfred, Canadian sculptor (1878Le défricheur, statue, 14-5076
text, 14-5078
Lavcoön and his sons, wroul, hy Agesander, Polydorus and Athenodorus, 12-4462
Leighton, Frederick, Lord, English sculptor and painter (1830-1896)
The Sluggard, 13-4855
text, 13-4856
Lincoln, Abraham, statue, by Daniel Chester French, 3-1038
statue, by St. Gaudens, 14-4932
Lion, Bronze, from Peking, 2428
frieze from palace of Darius, Susa, 1-297
hunt, Assyrian, bas-relief, 11-3880
Roman statue, 4-1319
Little Dear with the Tiny Black Swan, by A. S. Calder, 14-4935
Livy, Roman head, 16-5907
Lorenzo de Medici, figure from tomb, by Michelangelo, 13-4615
Tomb of, by Michelangelo, 5-1743
Loring, Frances, Canadian sculptor Grief, 14-5079
text, 14-5078-79
Louise Brogniart, portrait bust, by Houdon, 13-4705
Iysippus, Greek sculptor (4th century B.C.) Apoxyomenus, 12-4335
text, 12-4332

## M

Macdonald, Margaret, Memorial to, by Goulden, 13-4S58
$\underset{\text { Mackennal, }}{\substack{\text { (186.3- }}}$, Sir Bertram, English sculptor (186.3Bronze group, 13-4857
Mackenzie, Robert Tait, Canadian sculptor (1867-
The Onslaught, 14-5075
The Supple Juggler, 14-5076
text. 14-5076-78
MacMonnies, Frederick W., American sculptor (1863-
Nathan Hale, 11-3997
text. 11-3996; 14-4938
MacNeil, Hermon Atkins, American sculptor (1866- )
Primitive chant, 19-6898
The Sun Vow, 14-4935
text, 14-4939
Madonna and Child, by Giovanni della Robbla, 13-4612
by Majano, 5-1745
early French sculptures, 13-4701
Madonna with Christ and St. John, by Michelangelo, 13-4613
Magellan monument, Chile, 1-90
Magog, gigantic statue, in the Guildhall, London, 14-5195
Mahu and his wife, Egyptian, 11-3877
Maisonneuve (Paul de Chomedey), statue, by Louis Philippe Héhert, 4-1482
Majano, Benedetto da, Italian sculptor and architect (1,2,-1,78)
John the Bantist, 13-4613
Madonna and Child. 5-1745 frert. 13-4607: 17-6298
Man with a calf, Greek, 5 th or 6 th century B.C. 3-1073
Manship, Paul, American sculptor (1886- )
Dancer and gazelles, 14-4935
text. 14-4940
Marcus Aurelius, bas-relief, 1-68
equestrian statue, $\mathbf{5 - 1 8 6 6}$
Margaret Macdonald memorial, by Richard $R$. Goulden, 13-4858
Marquette, Father Jacques, portrait statue, 18-6633
Marsyas, or the dancing faun, statue, after Myron, 12-4334
Mayflower covenant, Signing of the, by Cyrus Dallin, 7-2525
Medal from Syracuse, 2.500 years old, $\mathbf{1 - 6 7}$
Meriea, statue hy W. W. Story 14-4935
Medici. Lorenzo de, by Michelangelo, 13-4615 Tomb of, by Michelancelo, 5-1743
Medici tombs, by Michelangelo, 5-1743
Medusa, Mask of, Greek, 6th century B.C.,

Memorial to the first contingent of the A. E. F. at St. Nazaire, by Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, 17-6291
Mercury taking flight, statue, by da Bologna 13-4609
Michelangelo Buonarroti, Italian sculptor and painter ( $1475-1564$ )
David, 1-65, 68; 5-1742
Fettered Slave, 13-4612
Lorenzo de Medici, 11-4064; 13-4615
Madonna with Christ and St. John, 13-4613
Medici tombs, 5-1743
Moses, 13-4613
The Pietà, 13-4613
Victory, 1-71
text, 3-830-31; 5-1735, 1740; 9-3069; 13-4607-08; 17-6310
Mickiewicz statue, Warsaw, 13-4687
Miltiades, Greek head, 13-4583
Minerva, statue in Vatican, $\mathbf{4 - 1 2 0 1}$
See also Athena
Ming Tombs, China, marble arches, 15-5479
Minute man, statue, by Daniel Chester French, 4-1174
Mithras sacrificing a bull, 12-4461
Monasterboice Cross, County Louth, Ireland, 8-2942
Monument to the navy and statue of Admiral Prat, Valparaiso, Chile, 19-7050
Moorish carvings, 15-5465, 5467, 5469, 5473-80
Moses, statue, by Michelangelo, 13-4613
Mosques, Carvings in, 15-5474-78
Motherhood, group, by Bessie Potter Vonnoh, 14-4939
Myron, Greek sculptor (5th contury B.C.)
Discobolus, 12-4219
Marsyas, or the dancing faun, after Myron, 12-4334
text, 12-4220

## N

Napoleon I, monument at Ajaccio, 11-3815 statuette, by Gérôme, 1-71
Nebo, Assyrian god, head, 11-3880
Neptune (Poseidon), statue, 11-3991 Temple of, at Pæstum, 15-5340
Nero, Roman Emperor, portrait busts, 5-1862
his mother, portrait bust, 5-1862
his wife, portrait bust, $5-1862$
Nightingale, Florence, statue, Derby, 16-5703 statue in London; panels from, by A. $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{F}}$ Walker, 16-5705
Nike (Greek goddess of victory) of Delos, statue, 11-3991
of Samothrace, statue, 12-4336
See also Victory
Nile gods. Egyptian relief, 11-3873
Niobe shields her youngest daughter, group, 12-4336
Notre Dame cathedral, Paris, doorway, 12-4469
N゙ymrh of the schuylkill, statue, hy William Rush. 14-4935
Nymph of the Seine, bas-relief, by Jean Goujon, 13-4699

## 0

Officer, Assyrian head in relief, 11-3879
old Pimper, statue, by Aurele siuzor-Cote. 14-5078
Olympia (reconstructed), $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 4 0}$
figures from temple of Zeus, 11-3987
statue of Zeus, by Fhidias. 7-2fins
Onslaucht, The, group, by R. Tait Mackenzie, 14-5075
Orpheus and Eurydice, group, 12-4466
Ovid, Roman head, 16-5907

## P

Pæonius, freek sculptor ( 5 th centurn B.C.)
Figure from Temple of Zeus, Olympia, 3-1073 Panel of pulpit at Pisa, 13-4610
Paris with the Apple, statue, 12-4459
Parthenon, Athens, Figures from the, 3-1069, 1079:12-4215, 4217
Peace, statue in bronze, by Edward O. Ford, 13-4855
Peasant Woman, head, by Dalou, 13-4705
Pericles, Greek bust, 2-701
Perseus arming, statue, by Gilbert, 13-4855
Pestalozzi and two pupils, group, 14-5253

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (SCULPTURE)

Phidias, Greek sculptor (born between 500 and 490 B.C.)
portrait bust of, 2-701
Athena, statue, 3-1079; head, 12-4219
Jupiter, statue, 7-2608
Parthenon, Figures from the, 3-1069, 1079 ; 12-4215, 4217
text, 2-706; 3-1080; 8-3009; 12-4220-22, 4327
Philip of Macedon, Greek bust, 2-701
Pieta, The, group, by Michelangelo, 13-4613
Pilon, Germain, French sculptor (1535-1590)
Virgin, Child and St. John, attributed to Pilon, 13-4701
Pisa cathedral, panel of pulpit, 13-4610
Pisano, Giovanni, Italian sculptor (c. 1250-1380) Panels from pulpit, 13-4610
Pulpit, Pisa cathedral, 13-4612
text, 4-1459: 13-4604
Plato, Bronze head of, 16-5914
Pliny the Elder, Roman head, 16-5907
Poe, Edgar Allan, memorial, 5-1898
Polyclitus, Greek sculptor (5th century B.C.) Amazon; Diadumenus; Doryphorus; all three of the school of Polyclitus, 12-4334
text, 12-4215, 4218
Pomeroy, F. W., English sculptor (185\%-192\}) The Potter, 13-4853
Poseidon (Neptune), statue, 11-3991
Temple of, at Pæstum, 15-5340
Potter, The, statue, by F. W. Pomeroy, 13-4853
Pounds, John, of Portsmouth, group, 17-6140
Prat, Admiral, statue, Valparaiso, Chile, 19-7050
Praxiteles, Greek sculptor (c. 380 B.C.)
Aphrodite of Cnidus, head, 12-4329
Hermes, 12-4335
Young faun, 12-4335
text, 12-4328-30
Praxiteles, School of Greek sculpture
Hermes, 12-4335
Primitive chant, statue, by H. A. MacNeil, 19-6898
Prophet, 12th century, French, 13-4701
Pulpit, by Pisano, 13-4612

## 0

Quadriga in gardens of Versailles, 11-3826 model for Australia House, London, by Sir Bertram Mackennel, 13-4857
on Brandenburg Gate, Berlin, 12-4179
on Little Arc de Triomphe, Paris, 11-3827
Peace, by Inigo Jones, in London, 13-4857

## E

Rameses the Great, bust, $\mathbf{1 1 - 3 8 7 8}$
statue, at Abu-Simbel, 14-5215
Robbia, Andrea della, Italian sculptor (14\%7-c, 1528) Bambino. 13-4612
The Visitation 13-4612
text, 13-4606-07; 20-7461
Robbia, Giovanni della, Italian sculptor (c. 14691529)

Madonna and Child, colored terra cotta, 13-4612
text. 13-4606-07
Robbia, Luca della, Italian sculptor (c. 1899-1482) portrait of, 5-1735
Angels, 5-1748; 13-4615
Choristers from Singing Galleries, 13-4611 Sinsing Gallery, 13-4616
text, 5-1740; 13-4606-07
Rock tombs, Persepolis, 3-915
Rodin, Auguste, French sculptor (18,0-1917) The Age of Bronze, 13-4705
The Burehers of falais, 13-4704
The Creation of Man, 13-4705
The Thinker, 11-4065 text, 13-4706
Roman antiquities, 4-1318-19
Rommulus and Remus with the wolf, 4-1208
Rush, William, American sculptor
Nymph of the Schuylkill, 14-4935
text, 14-4933

## 5

St. Columba's Cross, Kells, Ireland, 8-2942
Saint Gaudens, Augustus, American sculptor (18)8-1907)

Lincoln statue in Chicago, 14-4932
Robert Louis Stevenson, bas-relief, 11-3899 text, 14-4936-37

St. George, statue, by Donatello, 13-4613
St. Mark's, Venice, Doors of, 4-1467-68; 16-5722 Sallust, foman head, 16-5907
Sarcophagus of Alexander, 12-4466
Sarcophagus of the weeping women, 12-4466
Sarcophagus, Roman, 4-1319
saxon antiquities, 4-1436
Scudder, Janet, American sculptor (1878- ) Frog Fountain, 14-4935
text, 14-4940
Sculptured coffin lid from Kells, Ireland, 8-2942
Sea-gull monument, Salt Lake City, 17-6288
Seti I, Egyptian bas-relief, 11-3877
Seti II, Egyptian head, 11-3877
Seven wonders of the old world, 7-2605-07
Sheik El Beled, Egyptian statue, 11-3877
Shrine of St. Sebald, Nuremberg, Germany, by Peter Vischer 13-4702
of Snake goddess, from Crete, 11-3989
of the god Osiris, 11-3878
Shwee Zeegong temple, Burma; carved doorway, 15-5479
Signing the Mayflower Covenant, by Cyrus Dallin, 7-2525
Silver medal, 17 th century, 1-66
Singing Gallery, Florence, Italy, by Donatello, 5-1745; 13-4616
panels, 13-4611-13
Singing Gallery, Florence, Italy, by Luca della Robbia. 13-4616
panels, 13-4611
Sluggard, The, statue, by Leighton, 13-4855
Sluter, Claus, Flemish sculptor (?1389-1406)
The Well of Moses, 13-4702
text, 13-4700
Sobieski, John, statue, 13-4690
Socrates, head, 16-5914 in group, by Harry Bates, 16-5917
Solon, bust, 2-701
Sophocles, Greek head, 16-5747
South African Memorial, Figure for, by Walter S. Allward, 14-5077

Spearman, Roman, bas-relief, 4-1318
Sphinxes
at Gizeh. 1-352; 3-819
Greek, 6th century B.C., 3-1073
inscribed with name of Thothmes III, 11-3878
Spinario, the boy with a thorn in his foot, Greek statue, 12-4329
Statues, Gigantic, near Thebes, about 1400 B.C., 3-819
Stevenson, Robert Louis, bas-relief, by Saint Gaudens, 11-3899
Stone above an Athenian tomb, 12-4336 figures, Roman, 4-1318-19
tablet, bas-relief, 4-1318
Story, William W., American sculptor (1819-1895) Medea. 14-4935 trert. 14-4934
Study for La Danse, head, by Carpeaux, 13-4705
Sun Vow, The, group, by Hermon A. MacNeil, 14-4935
Supple Juggler, The, statue, by R. Tait Mackenzie, 14-5076
Suzor-Coté, Aurèle de Foy, Canadian painter and sculptor (1870-
The Old Pioneer, 14-5078 text, 14-5078
Sylvia, head, by C. L. Hartwell, 13-4853

## T

Tacitus, Roman head, 16-5907
Taft. Lorado, A merican seulntor (1860- ) Statue of Black Hawk, 15-5281 text. 14-4940; 19-7124
Tanagra, Figurines from, 3-1071
Temple "f lyana at Ejhesus, figures from a column, 12-4466
of Luxor, columns, 14-5214
of Zeus, Olympia, figures, 3-1073; 11-3987
Terence, Roman head, 16-5907
Thales, Greek head, 1-201
Thebes, Gigantic statues near, 1400 B.C., 3-819
Themistocles, Greek bust, 3-1069
Greek head, 13-4583
Theseus and the centaur Bianor, group, by Barye, 13-4705
Thinker. The, Head of, by Rodin, 11-4065
Thornycroft, William Hamo, English sculptor (1850-
Boadicea, 13-4585
text, 13-4856

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（SCULPTURE AND ARCHITECTURE）

Thothmes III，Egyptian bust，3－807 Inscription on Sphinx，11－3878
Thucydides，Greek head，16－57 47
Thurloe，John，portrait medal，1－67
Tiberius，Roman Emperor，statue，5－1860
Titus Aurelius Antoninus，see Antoninus Pius
Titus，Roman Emperor，statue，5－1864
Tomb of Death，by Bartholomé，13－4705 of King Mausolus of Caria，Halicarnassus； reconstruction，7－2605
of Tutankhamen，treasures from， $\mathbf{3}$－frontis．
Tombs，Rock，at Persepolis，3－915
Trajan，Roman Emperor，column in Rome， 4－1206
monument in the Forum，4－1205
statue，5－1864
triumphal arch，Benevento，4－1203
Tutankhamen，figure from his tomb，3－frontis，
Two Natures，group，by George Grey Barnard 14－4935

## $\nabla$

Vase，Roman，4－1318
with relief carvings，from Crete，11－3989
Vendome column，Paris，11－3828
Venus of Milo，12－4333
Venus（Aphrodite），head，by Praxiteles，12－4329 in bronze，12－4336
Verrazano，Giovanni，statue in Battery Park， New York．1－249
Verrocchio，Andrea del，Italian sculptor（1， 3 ， 1！ぐく）
Colleoni，equestrian statue，4－1468；13－4614 David．13－4614
text，4－1459－60；13－4605
Vespasian，Roman Emperor，portrait busts， 5－1863
Victory（Nike），of Samothrace，statue， 12.4336 from Temple of Zeus，11－3993 of Delos，11－3991
Statues of by Michelangelo，1－71
Virgil，Roman head，16－5907
Virgin and Child，The， 14 th century，13－4701
Virgin，The，Child and St．John，attributed to Pilon，13－4701
Virgin，The，St．Anne and St．Joachim， 15 th century，13－4855
Vischer，Peter，German sculptor（1460－1529） Shrine of St．Sebald，13－4702
Shrine of S
text．13－4700
Visitation，The，group by Andrea della Robbia， 13－4612

Vonnoh，Bessie Potter，American sculptor
Motherhood，14－4939
text，14－4940

## W

Walker，Arthur G．，English sculptor（1872－） Florence Nightingale statue，London；panels， 16－5705
Ward，John Quincy Adams，American sculptor （ $18.34-1910$ ）
The Indian Hunter，14－4933
text，14－4936
Warrior，Greek statue，restored，3－1073
Roman，bas－relief，4－1318
Wounded，statue in style of Pergamene school， 12－4464
Warriors from Temple of Aphaia at Ægina， restored by Thorwaldsen， 3 －1071
Weigls，Robert，sculptor
Ludwig van Beethoven，19－7076
Well of Moses，The，by Claus Sluter，13－4702
Whitney，Mrs，Harry Payne，American sculptor Memorial to the first contingent of the A．E．F ， at St．Nazaire，17－6291
Winged bull from the palace of Sargon，bas－ relief，11－3879
Winged lion from the palace of Ashur－nasir－ pal，11－3879
Winged Victory，see Victory
Women leading a bull to sacrifice，Roman bas－ relief，12－4461
Women playing dice，from Tanagra－in terra cotta，3－107
Wooden bust， 16 th century，1－70
Wylie，Florence，Canadian sculptor
Girl with Grapes，14－5079
text，14－5078－79
X
Xanthos，figures from tomb in，11－3991

Young Athenian，bronze head，12－4336
Young boy＇s head，12－4463
Young faun，statue，by Praxiteles，12－4335
$z$
Zeno，bust，2－701
Zoroaster，statue，9－3085

## ARCHITECTURE（Ralph Adams Cram）

Ancient－Old World
Assurirn
Calah．Palace at（reconst．），2－646
Nineveh，Interior of King＇s palace（reconst．）， 1－296
Nineveh，Palace of Sennacherib（reconst．）， 14－5207
Temple of the Sun，A（reconst．），8－3010
Babylonian
Babylon，Ruins of（Nebuchadnezzar＇s period） $2-64!9$
Bel，Temple of（reconst．），2－646
Hanging Gardens（reconst．），2－659；7－2608 E！！！tion
Abu－Simbel，Rock temple at，14－5214
（statues of Rameses at entrance），14－5215
Amen，Rock temple of，Der－el－Bahari，14－5216
Cheops，Pyramid of，7－2606
Dendera，Temple of（reliefs on wall），14－5206
（columns）．14－5206
Edfu，Temple of（great pylon），14－5216
Gizeh，Pyramids at，3－811；14－5214
Isis，Temple of．Thila，8－3010；14－5213 （double pylon），14－5215
（forecourt），14－5215
Karnak，Temple at（great pylon），14－5213 （columns of Hypostyle Hall），14－5216
Luxor．Temnle at，14－5214
（columns），14－5214
Memphis，Pyramid near， 8 －frontis
Pharos．The，great lighthouse of Alexandria， 7－2608

Ancient－Old World（rontinueri）
Rock temple，8－3010
Sakhara，Step pyramid at，14－5214
Thothmes III，Obelisk of，New York City， 17－6216
Prlasuir．
Knossos，Crete，Minoan palace at（interior）， 14－5215
Mycenæ，Greece，Gate of Lions at，8－3010： 11－3991
Treasury of Atreus at，14－5215
Persian
Persenolis，Group of palaces at（reconst．）， 14－5206
Hall of a Hundred Columns，14－5206
Hypostyle Hall of Xerxes，14－5206

## Ancient－New World

Mayan
Aztec ruins，Mitla，19－7137
Maya Indian pyramid，＂The Castle，＂Chichen Itza，8－frontis．
North American
Cliff Dwellings，Cholla Cañon，Ariz．，1－163
Mesa Verde National Park，Colo．，7－2286； 18－6427
Indian village，Ruins of，Casa Grande，Ariz．， 18－6427
Fuchln Indians，Adobe dwellings of，Taos， N．Mex．，8－frontis．
south Amrrican Indian
Inca stonework，Cuzco，Peru，19－6865

Byzantine
Bulyarian
Kilo Monastery, 14-4925
Greek
Daphne, Church and Monastery, 16-5723 Italiun
Florence, Minelli Palace (stairway), 4-1468
Padua, Church of San Antonio, 17-6170
Ravenna, Church of st, Apollinare Nuovo, 16-5722
Venice, St. Mark's, 4-1466; 8-3010; 16-5721 (doorway), 4-1467, 1468; 16-5722
Russian
Leningrad, Cathedral of the Resurrection, 16-5722
Moscow, Buildings of the Kremlin, $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 8 4 7}$ Church of St. Basil (Vasili), 16-5722, 5857 Turkish
Constantinople, St. Irene (basilica), 16-5715 Santa Sophia, 8-3010; 13-4807; 16-5714

Byzantine-Modern
Rumanian
Basilica in Bucharest, 14-4931
Church of the Three Saints, Jassy, 14-4931
Russian
Riga, Greek Cathedral 16-5861

## Classical

Greek
Acropolis, The, Athens, 2-705; 14-4917
Aphaia, Temple of, Agina, 15-5354
Apollo, Columns of the temple of, Corinth, 15-5354
Athenian Monument, 8-3010
Colossus of Rhodes (reconst.), 7-2607
Concord, Temple of, Girgenti, Sicily, 15-5352
Diana, Temple of, Ephesus, 7-2608; 8-3010
Erechtheum, The, 3-1068
(north porch), 15-5350
Greek Orders, 15-5343
Lysicrates, Choragic monument of, Athens, 15-5350
Mausoleum at Halicarnassus, The, tomb of King Mausolus of Caria (reconst.), 7-2605 Neptune, Temple of, Sunium, 15-5354
Olympia, Buildings at (reconst.), 15-5340
Olympian Zeus, Temple of, Athens, 15-5350
Parthenon, The, Athens, 8-3010; 15-5349 Painting of, 10-3458
(Doric columns), 15-5352
(reconst.), 3-1079
Propylæa, The, Acropolis, Athens, 15-5349
Segesta, Sicily, Temple at, 15-5354
Sparta, gymnasium (reconst.), $3-1075$
Theseum, The, Athens, 15-5354
Tower of the Winds, Athens. 15-5354
Wingless Victory, Temple of the, Acropolis, Athens, 15-5350
Roman
Appian Way (reconst.), 15-5340
Arena at Arles, Provence, 15-5355, 5356
Bettii, Courtyard of House of, Pompeii, 15-5356
Caracalla, Framment of Baths of, 4-1:04
Castor and Pollux, Temnle of, Rome, 15-5351
Cecilia Metella, Tomb of, 4-1205
Colosseum, El Djeni, Tunis, 15-5353
Colosseum, Rome. 4-1207; 8-3010; 9-3065 (interior). 15-5353
Constantine. Arch of, Rome, 4-1203; 8-3010 Church of time of, Rome, 4-1204
Forum, Rome, 4-1202
Puins of temple in. 4-1204
Hadrian, Arch of, Athens, 14-4920
Tomb of (now Fortress of Sant' Angelo), Rome, 4-1205: 13-4565
Janus, Arch of Rome, 4-1205
Julius Cxsar, Tower huilt hy, Provence, 1-72
Jupiter, Temple of Pompeil, 15-5340
Marcus Aurelius, Column of, Rome, 15-5351
Nimes, Temple at, 8-3010
Orance, Arch at, 1-72
Pxstum, Temnle of Poseidon at, 15-5350 (reconst.), 15-5340
Palatine Hill, Ruins on, Rome, 4-1204
f'anthenn. Piome, 4-1197, 1206: 8-3010
Phocas, Column of. Rome, 15-5355
Pola, Amphitheatre at, 15-5356
Septimus Severus, Arch of, Rome, 15-5356
Theatre, Arles, Provence, $\mathbf{1 5 - 5 3 5 5}$
Titus, Arch of, Rome, $4-1203$

Classical, Roman (continued)
Tivoli, Little temple at, 15-5351
Trajan, Monument to, Rome, 4-1205
Trajan's Triumphal Arch, Benevento, 4-1203 Column, Rome, 4-1206
Vespasian, Temple of (columns), Rome, 15-5355
Vesta, Temple of, Rome, 4-1205
Vestal Virgins, Temple of the, Rome, 4-1207
Classical-Greek Revival
United States
Academic buildings
Iowa, University of (general view), 12-4315
Virginia, University of (Library and general view), 12-4314
Church, Lexington, Mass., 18-6834
Cleveland, Grover, Home of, Princeton, N. J., 19-7195
Doughoregan Manor, Ellicott City, Md., 12-4153
Hamilton, Alexander, Home of, New York City, 10-3496
Fountains Abbey, Yorkshire, 5-1567
Jackson, Andrew, Home of, Nashville, Tenn., 11-3941
Lee Mansion, Arlington, Va., 14-4893
Monticello, home of Thomas Jefferson, Charlottesville, Va., 18-6839
Pringle House, Charleston, S. C., 14-4899
Virginia State Cavitol, Richmond, $\mathbf{7 - 2 4 4 1}$
"White House of the Confederacy," Richmond, Va., 14-4893
Wilson, Woodrow, Birthplace of, Staunton, Va., 19-7195

Colonial
Cinited States
Bulfinch State House, Boston, Mass., 18-6685
Capen House, Topsfield, Mass, $3-967$; 18-6685 Carpenters' Hall, Philadelphia, Pa., 18-6833 Delaware State Capitol, Dover, 11-3773
Emerson House, Concord, Mass., 13-4631
Faneuil Hall, Boston, Mass., 18-6832
First Church, Bennington, Vt., 18-6685
Fraunces' Tavern, New York City, 18-6832
Hart House, Ipswich, Mass. (interior), 2-547
Harvard College, old and new buildings, 12-4306
Independence Hall, Philadelphia, Pa. (exterior), 18-6830; (interior), 18-6825, 6831
John Alden House, Duxbury, Mass., 2-547
Johns Hopkins University, Engineering Building, 12-4314
Langdon (Gov, John) House, Portsmouth, N. H., 12-4154

Mount Vernon, home of George Washingtoh, Virginia, 11-3947; 18-6839
New England doorways, 12-4154
Old Manse, Concord, Mass., 13-4631
Old North Church, Boston, Mass. (exterior), 18-6830
(interior), 18-6685
Old State House, Boston, Mass, 18-6832
Penn, William, Home of, Philadelphia, Pa., 18-6833
Revere paul, Home of. Boston, Mass., 18-6832
Ridgely House, Dover, Del., 12-4153
St. John's Church Richmond, Va., 18-6830
St. Philip's Church, Charleston, S. C., 18-6685 Shaw Mansion, New London, Conn., 12-4154 smith College. Emerson House, 12-4313 Stenton Mansion, Philadelphia. Pa., 12-4153 Wayside Inn. South Sudhury, Mass., 12-4154 Westover, Home of Col. William Byrd, Charles Citv County, Va., 19-6685
Williamsburg, Va., Church at, 5-1701

## Gothic

Austrian
Budapest. Parliament House, 17-6191
Vienna, St. Stephen's Cathedral, 17-6171
Bcloimn
Antwerp Cathedral, 17-6167
(nave and choir), 17-6157
Audenarde Town Hall, 15-5499
Bruges, Belfry at, 15-5506: 17-6166
House of the France 15-55503
Town Hall. 8-3011; 15-5506
Brussels. St. Gudule's Church, 15-5505
Town Hall, 15-5505

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（ARCHITECTURE）

Gothic，Belgian（contimuer）
Courtrai Town Hall，17－6171
Ghent，Quai aux Herbes，15－5499
Towers at，15－5506
Louvain Town Hall，15－5503
Malines Cathedral（tower），15＊5504
zecho－sloct．ki．．n
Prague，Cathedral of St．Vitus，17－6343 Old church at，17－6343
Dutch
Delft，Church at，15－5565
Haarlem，The Great Church at，17－6172
（choir and organ），17－6157
Middelburg Town Hall，15－5565
Utrecht，Cathedral Tower at，15－5565
English
Bristol Cathedral（entrance to chapter house），16－5965 west front），16－5976
Canterbury Cathedral，16－5973
（south porch and west door），16－5965
Durham Cathedral（north aisle），16－5965
Eton College（Quadrangle），18－6493
Exeter Cathedral（west front）， $\mathbf{1 6 - 5 9 7 5}$
Gloucester Cathedral．16－5976
（south porch），16－5974
Hereford Cathedral，16－5974
House at Ightham，Kent，7－2304
Norwich，Gateway at，1－72
Peterborough Cathedral（west front），16－5975
Rievaulx Abbey，Yorkshire，7－2303
Rochester Cathedral，16－5974 （nave），5－1567
St．John＇s College，Cambridge，18－6489
St．Martin＇s Cross and ruins，Iona Island， 4－1437
Salisbury Cathedral，1－72；16－5976
Stoke Poges Church，9－333？
Temple Church，London，16－5976
（pulpit and organ），16－5965
Tewkeshury Abbey，16－5975
Warwick Castle，18－6488
Wells Cathedral，16－5963
Westminster Abbey．12－4352
Henry VII Chanel，8－3011；12－4352
Windsor Castle．19－6488
St．George＇s Chanel．1－72
York Minster，8－3011；16－5973

## French

Aix－la－Chapelle Cathedral，16－5723
Albi Cathedral，17－6172
Amboise Castle（door of chapel），12－4469
Amiens Cathedral，17－6167
（apse），17－6172
Avignon，Palace of the Popes，10－3：57 18－6499
Bordeaux，St．André Cathedral，10－3575
Carcassonne．Old cathedral at，17－6157
Chartres Cathedral（ambulatory），17－6157
（north side and west front），17－6169
（south entrance），17－6157
Château of Josselin，18－6497
Pierrefonds，18－6497
Laon．Notre Dame Cathedral，17－6167
Le Mans，St．Julien Cathedral．17－6168
Noyon Cathedral，17－6171， 6172
Paris，Cluny Museum，18－6499
Notre Dame de，1－72；10－3437
（doorway），12－4469
Sainte Chapelle 17－6170
（windows），17－6157
Quimper Cathedral，Brittany，10－3438
Rheims Cathedral．8－3011：17－6166
Rowen Cathedral．17－6165
Church of St．Ouen，10－3574
Senlis Cathedral，17－6171
Strasshurg Cathedral，17－6166 Old buildings at，10－3438， 3575
fierman
Rerlin，Mustellm of the Mark，12－4177
Bingen，Mouse Tower，12－4165
Rremen Cathedral，12－4180
Pros！a11，fla Tuw！Hall， 12 －1176
Castle at Könisshere，12－4179 Marientur＂．12－117
Cologne Cathedral，17－6170
from across the Rhine，12－4173
Hamburg，St．Nicholas Church．12－4180
Ratishon Catherral，8－3011：17－6170
Rheinstein Castle，12－4163
Etuttmart．Old I＇rotwotint chureh ： t ，12－417
U1m Cathedral，17－6167

Gothic（continued）
Irish
Dubiin Castle，8－2929
Quin Abbey（ruins），8－2942
Italian
Assisi，Church of San Francesco at，17－6170
Florence Cathedral，8－3011
Giotto＇s Tower，5－1746， 1747 （window），5－1744
Santa Croce Church，5－1747
（window），1－66
Santa Maria Novella（interior），5－1745
Milan Cathedral，8－3011； $\mathbf{1 0 - 3 4 6 7}$ （facade），17－616．9
Orvieto Cathedral，17－6172
Rome，Santa Maria Sopra Minerva Church， 17－6163
Siena Cathedral，17－6170
Venice，Doge＇s Palace， $4-1465 ; 17-6303$
（arches），17－6308
（doorway），4－1468
Vorwt！im！
Trondhjem Cathedral，15－5299
Polish
Tower of St．Florian，Cracow，13－4689
Batalha，Dominican monastery at，14－5190
Evora，Ermida de Sĩo Braz，14－5191
Scotrh
Tolbooth Prison，Edinburgh，10－3465
xpernikh
Burgos Cathedral，8－3011；17－6166
（lantern），17－6171
Segovia，Alcazar at，14－5045
Seville Cathedral．17－6172
（Gate of the King）．17－6157
Valencia Cathedral，14－5049
ぐいいがッ
Kalmar，Mediæval castle at，15－5306

## Gothic－Modern

Austrimn
Vienna，Votive Church，17－6195
Canadian
Ottawa，National Gallery of Canada，5－1832 Parliament Buildings（old），5－1835 （new），5－1835
（new，interior），5－1838， 1839

Amsterclam，The Rijks，or National Museum， 15－5563
English
Liverpool Cathedral，18－6502
Londrn，Houses of Parliament，8－3011； 12－4359
Law Courts in the Strand，12－4355
Irish
Cothedral at Queenstown，8－2933
Polish
Warsaw，Calvinist Church，13－4683
St．Florian＇s Church，13－4683
St．．John＇s Cathedral，13－4687
United States
Academic buildings
Bryn Mawr College，Rockefeller Hall，
Chicaco，University of（general view）， 19－7108． 7109
（Old Chapel tower），19－7123
Mount Holyoke College，Mary Lyon Hall， 14－52ち6
New York，College of the City of．Hudson Gate，12－4312
Princrton Tniversity．Folder Hall．12－4．311 Proctor Hall，18－6687
United Sthtes Military Aeadems，West Point，N．Y．Academic Building，18－6703 Chapel，18－6710
（general view），18－6704

Vassar College，Thompson Memorial Li－ hrary，12－1？1？
Washington，University of（general view）， 12－4317
Wellesley Collece，Founders Hall，12－4313
 18－t：C5？


\％rir 19－11n lintior l＇almer residence，
Water Tower，19－7115

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（ARCHITECTURE）

Gothic－Modern，Inited states（continued）
Glen Cove，Long Island，N．Y．，Pratt House， 18－6688
Hartford，Conn．，State Capitol，18－6683
New York City，Cathedral of St．John the Divine，18－6686
St．Patrick＇s Cathedral，18－6686
St．Thomas Church，18－6686
St．Vincent Ferrer Church（interior）， 18－6686 Trinity Church，17－6209
Washington，D．C．，Cathedral of St．Peter and St．Paul，5－1543

Hispano－Moorish－Modern
Seville，Spain，Washington Irving Memorial Building，13－4627

## Lombard

Padua，Italy，Church of San Antonio，17－6170

## Modernist

1 Mitral states
Ann Arbor，Mich．，Hill Auditorium，Univer－ sity of Michigan，12－4315
Lincoln，Neb．，State Capitol，18－6687

## Mohammedan

Indian
Agra，Pearl Mosque，9－3096
（near），Taj Mahal，8－2701，2835；15－5477
Ahmedahad，Mosque of Ranee Sepree，9－3096
Akyab，Burma，Mosque at，15－5478
Benares，Mosque of Aurungzebe，8－2835
Delhi，Shah Jehan＇s palace at，15－5477
Kazimain，Mosque at，18－6671
Singapore，Mosque at，9－3183
I＇nlestim
Jerusalem，Mosque of Omar，15－5476
（arches in inclosure），15－5476
（mosaics），15－5476
Persinn
Dalmatia，Diocletian＇s palace in，5－1866
Damghan，Minar at，3－921
Hamadan，Tomb of Queen Esther at，3－919
Isfahan，Bridge at，3－911
Grand Mosque at，3－919
Kerman，City gate，3－919
Kum，Mosque at（Fatima＇s Shrine），3－921
Shiraz，Entrance to Governor＇s house，3－921 Shah Chiragh Mosque，3－909
Teheran，City gates，3－920
Turlish
Mohammed the Conqueror，Mosque of， $13-4805$ National Museum，Constantinople，13－4809 Seljuk Mosque，Asia Minor，13－4809
Shah Zade，Mosque of，Constantinople，9－3095 Suleiman，Mosque of，13－4805
Silltan Ahmied．Mosciue of．13－4805
Sultan Bayazid II，Mosque of，13－4805
Sultan Valideh，Mosque of，13－4805

## Moorish

MCリルス
Mecca，Sacred Shrine at，Kaaba，18－6673
Medina，Minarets at，18－6673
אuルmish
Cordoba，Great Mosque（columns and arches）， 15－5467，5474
（interior carving），15－5477
Granada，Alhambra，Court of the Fishpool． 15－5465，5476
Court of the Lions，15－5467， 5473
（archas），15－5：74
Fountain of Lions，15－5465
（hal1），15－5469
Hall of the Ambassartors（window）， 15－5467
Hall of the Two Sisters， $15-5474$
（king＇s sleeping apartment），15－5475 （imerh in mourt），15－．ith？
summer palace of Moorish kings（porch）， 15－5475
Seville，Alcazar，14－5047
（decorated arches），15－5465
（entrance to king＇s sleeping apartment）， 15－5473
Hall of the Amhassadors，15－5475， 5477
ijualda Thwer，15－5．46？
Pilate＇s House，15－5476
S＇urian
Mismacrus：Cloisters of Cireat Mosqum
16－5724

Moorish－Modern
Mexican
Mexico City，Post Office building at，19－7139

## Norman

English
Canterbury Cathedral（columns and stair－ case），5－1567 （crypt），16－5965
Durham Cathedral，Galilee Chapel，16－5965
Ely Cathedral（details），5－1567
Eridge Castle，Sussex，7－2297
Groombridge，Sussex，Moated house at，7－2297
Iffley Church，8－3010
Kilpeck，Gate at，5－1567
Patrixbourne Church（doorway），5－1567
Tower of London，12－4355
（chapel），5－1567
Windsor Castle，18－6488
Worth Church，Kent（interior），5－1567
Irish
Boyle Abbey，Roscommon（ruins），8－2942
King John＇s Castle near Limerick，8－2937
Mellifont Abbey，Baptistery of（ruins），8－2942

## Norse

Norviay
Timber church at Gol，15－5299

## Oriental

（＇hincse
Canton，Great Pagoda at，2－425
Honam Pagoda near，9－3094
Great Wall of China，2－421，426， 435
Lhasa，Tibet，Home of the Dalai Lama at 2－433：18－6587
Ming Tombs（marble arches），15－5479
Peking．Hall of Classics，2－431
Porcelain Tower，old summer palace at， $2-425$
Temple at（triple arch），15－5479
Temple of Heaven，9－3095
Umbrella Pagoda，15－5479
Walls of，2－431
Shanghai，Lung Hua（or Loong Wah），Pa－ goda at，2－425；15－5479
Indian or Hindu
Ahmedabad，Temple at（ruins），15－5480
Tomb of Huthi Singh near，8－2832
Amritsar，Golden Temple at，8－2833
Benares，Gosain Temple in（interior），9－3096
Calcutta，Jain temple in，9－3096
Columbo．Ceylon．Temple at，9－3185
Delhi，Praying Tower at，8－2835
Kutab Minar（detail），15－5478
Ellora，Rock temple at，15－5478
Fort Agra，Zenana in，15－5480
Gwalior，Jama Masjid at， $\mathbf{1 5} 5478$
Java，Boro Budur，Buddhist temple in， 9－3096
Kado，Burma，Modern temple at，9－3094
Kapurthala．Temples at．9－3094
Lucknow，Tomb of Zenab Aliya in，15－5480
Madura，Shrine on Lake of Golden Lilies in， 8－2701
Temple at，9－3093
（corridor），8－2833
Mount Ahu，Jain temple on，9－3095
（ceiling）．8－2832
（pillars），8－283．
Nargacoil，Temple of 9－3095
Patna．Budतh－Gaya Temple near，15－5478
Pemanc，Temple in，9－318．3
Rangoon，Shwe Dagon Paroda，9－3096
Sanchi Tope，15－5478
Schwee Zeegong Temple，Burma（doorway）， 15－5479
Temple interior，1－72
Udaipur，Temple at，8－2835
Jain temple（decorated columns）， $9-3096$
Umnabad，Temple at，8－2835
Jtumbesf
Tkitame Temple．2－569
\inntull Temtle．9－2n9！
Nasoy：Templo，8－frontis
Nikko，Gate of the Two Kings．2－567
Shinto temple（entrance）， $\mathbf{2 - 5 6 9}$
Ciamese
Temple of Wat Cheng，9－3094

## Oriental－Modern

Rashmanie Temple in Calcutta，15－5469

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS (ARCHITECTURE)

## Renalssance

Austrian
Vienna, The Charles Church, 17-6195
Belgian
Antwerp Town Hall, 8-3011
English
Burghley House, 18-6488
Greenwich Hospital, 8-3011
Hardwick Hall, Derbyshire, 18-6493
Hatfield House, 8-3.011
Waddesdon Manor, Buckinghamshire, 18-6493
Wollaton Hall, 8-3011
Wren's Orangery, Kensington Gardens, 18-6493
French
Arras Town Hall, 18-6501
Avignon Cathedral (interior), 16-5723
Château of Blois, 18-6499
(staircase), 18-6499
Chambord, 8-3011
Chenonceaux, 18-6501
Versailles, 18-6501 (interior), 18-6463
Paris, Bourse, 16-5933
Church of the Sorbonne, 18-6711
Dome of the Invalides, 6-2206; 11-3826
Louvre, 11-3826
Madeleine Church, 11-3828
Pantheon, 8-3011; 11-3827

## Gcrman

Altenburg Rathaus, 18-6501
Cologne Rathaus, 8-3011
Heilbronn Rathaus, 18-6501
Potsdam, Sans Souci Palace, 11-4043, 4047
Irish
Belfast City Hall, 8-2934
Dublin Castle, 8-2929
Italun
Campaniles (Italian bell towers), 4-1466; 5-1746; 17-6296
Florence, Bridges in, 5-1744
Brunelleschi's Dome, 5-1746, 1747
Ghiberti's Gates for the Baptistery, 5-1741
Guadagni Palace, 17-6303
Medici Chapel, 17-6303
(interior), 5-1743
Pitti Palace, 8-3011; 17-6297
Riccardi Palace (court and gallery), 17-6.308
San Paolo (loggia), 17-6296
San Spirito Church (interior), 17-6296
Santa Maria del Fiore Cathedral, 5-1746 (dome and tower), 5-1747
Strozzi Palace, 17-6306
Vecchio Palazzo, 5-1744 (courtyard), 5-1744 (tower), 5-1746
Milan, Maggiore Hospital (court), 17-6302
Santa Maria delle Grazie Church, 17-6302
Pavia, Church of the Certosa, 17-6303
(doorway), 17-6306
(interior). 17-6296
Perugia, Church of San Bernardino, 17-6303
Rome, Farnese Palace, 17-6304
(crurt), 17-6.3n8
(doorway), 17-6306
Giraud-Torlonia Palace, 17-6302
Palace of the Conservatori, 17-6307
St. Peter's Church, 8-3011; 17-6305
(cupola from inside), 17-6306
(interior), 17-6308
Temple in the Church of St. Peter Mon-
Vatican Palace, 17-6305
(hall), 17-6307
Villa Farnesina, 17-6306
Venice, Balbi Palace, 17-6296
Bridge of Sighs, 4-1468
Church of Santa Maria dei Miracoli, 17-6302 della Salute, 8-3011; 17-6301
Grimani Palace, 17-6307
Palaces in, 4-1465, 1467, 1468
on the Grand Canal, 17-6296, 6302, 6307 (doorway), 4-1468
Pisani Palace, 17-6307
Rialto Bridge, 17-6304
St. Mark's School, 13-4567
Spinelli Palace 17-6.,
Spinelli Palace, 17-6:31:
Verona Town Hall, 17-6306
Vicenza, Basilica Palladiana, 17-6307
Polish
Cracow, Castle and Palace, 13-4689
Lemberg Cathedral, 13-4681

Renaissance (continued)
Portuyuese
Braga, Church of the Good Jesus, 14-5191
Cintra, Castle of Peña, 14-5189
Lisbon, Praça do Commercio Arch, 14-5189
Mafra, Monastery of Franciscans, 14-5191
Spanish
Burgos, Santa Maria Gate, 14-5047
Madrid (near), The Escurial, palace and monastery, 18-6499
Saragossa Cathedral, 14-5047
Seville Town Hall, 8-3011
Valladolid, San Pablo Church, 14-5045
Swedish
Stockholm, Royal Opera House, 15-5306

## Renaissance-Modern

Austrian
Vienna, Hofburg Theatre, 17-6195
Museum, 17-6195
Opera House, 17-6195

## Belyiam

Brussels, Palace of Justice, 15-5495
Cancrlian
Quebec, P. Q., Château Frontenac, 4-1485
Ste. Anne de Beauprê, P. Q., Church at, 8-2956
Toronto, Ont., Government House, 5-1837
University of Toronto buildings, 15-5489
Winnipeg, Manitoba, Provincial Legislative Building, 5-1837
English
London, British Museum, 12-4355
County Hall, 12-4359
St. Paul's Cathedral, 8-3011; 12-4357
French
Havre Town Hall, 10-3576
German
Berlin Cathedral, 12-4160, 4173
Reichstag Building, 12-4161
Heidelberg City Hall, 17-6265
Jugo-Slavian
Zagreb, National Theatre, 17-6347
Mexican
Mexico City, Governor's Palace, 19-7139
Polish
Warsaw, Philharmonic Hall, 13-4683
The Polytechnic, 13-4683
South American
Euenos Aires, Argentina, Retiro Railway Station, 2-420
Lima, Peru, Cathedral, 19-6974
Montevideo, Uruguay, Cathedral, 19-6981
Central Railway Station, 19-6981
Legislative Palace, 19-6981
New Carrasco Hotel, 19-6981
Santiago, Chile, Art Museum, 19-7049
São Paulo, Brazil, Luz Railway Station, 2-420
Municipal Theatre, 19-7048 (interior), 19-7048
Suiss
Geneva, League of Nations Headquarters, 18-6457
Russian
Government of Tula, Château of Yasnaya Polyana, 19-6904
United States
Academic buildings
Annapolis, Md., U. S. Naval Academy, Bancroft Hall, 18-6707, 6709 Chapel, 18-6707
Arizona, University of, Agricultural Building, 12-4314
Brown University, John Hay Library, 12-4312
California, University of, Outdoor theatre, 12-4317
Illinois, University of, Women's Building, 12-4307
New York University, Hall of Fame and Library, 17-6215
Wisconsin, University of, Bascom Hall, 12-4315
Raltimore, Md., War Memorial Hall, 11-3780
Boston, Mass. Christian Science Church (Mother Church), new section, 14-5266
Public Library, 18-6687
Chicago, Ill., Municipal Stadium, 7-2312
Union Station, 19-7109
Cleveland, Ohio, Art Museum, 17-6043
Detroit, Mich., Public Library, 17-6042
"Greco Baptist" church, 18-6681

## KEY TO ILLUSTRATIONS（ARCHITECTURE）

Renaissance－Modern，V＂nitcıl situtcs（continued） Hodgenville，$K y$ ．，Lincoln Memorial，18－6838 Indianapolis，Ind．，American Legion Building， 17－6045
Public Library，18－6687
Jackson，Miss．，State Capitol，14－4898
Little Rock，Ark．，State Capitol，14－4897
Minneapolis，Minn．，Art Museum，17－6048
New York City，City Hall，18－6683
Grant＇s Tomb，3－1041
Metropolitan Museum of Art，17－6215
Museum，Botanical Gardens，17－6215
Pennsylvania Station，2－419
Public Library，17－6213
Stock Exchange，17－6211
Oklahoma City，Okla．，State Capitol，14－4896
Plymouth，Mass．，Canopy over Plymouth Rock，2－542
St．Louis，Mo．，Jefferson Memorial，17－6047
San Francisco，Cal．，City Hall，19－6847
Springfield，Mass．，Municipal Group，11－3779 Public Library，11－3779
Topeka，Kan．，Masonic Temple，17－6045
Valley Forge．Pa．，Memorial arch at， 18－6835
Washington，D．C．，Capitol，5－1535， 1543 （for columns on porch），5－1535
（interiors）， $5-1786,1791$
Library of Congress，5－1537 （stairway），5－1543
Lincoln Memorial，5－1544；11－3946
Memorial Continental Hall of the Daugh－ ters of the American Revolution， 4－1543
Pan－American Union Building，5－1544
Scottish Rite Temple，18－6687
State War and Navy Building，5－1533

## Romanesque

Ilanish
Copenhagen，Round Tower，15－5295
English
Castle Rising，8－3010
French
Caen，St．Etienne Church，8－3010
Poitiers，St．Porchaire Church（tower）， 16－5722
Toulouse，Church of St．Sernin，16－5724
Vézelay，St．Madeleine（apse），16－5715 German
Bonn Cathedral，12－4177
Charlottenburg Church，12－4176
Düsseldorf Church，12－4176
Worms Cathedral，8－3010；16－5724
Italian
Florence，the Baptistery，5－1744
Monreale，Capital of column at，16－5723
Palermo，Campanile，13－4573
Cathedral，16－5723
C＇hurch of Lat Martorana（interior）， 16－ラテご2
St．Agostino Church（window），16－5723
Pavia，St．Michele，8－3010
Pisa Ca thedral，8－3010；13－4575：16－5721
Leaning Tower，13－4794；16－5721
Rome，St．Paul－outside－the－wall（interior）， 16－5722
Palestine
Tower of the Forty Martyrs，18－6677 Polish
Castle at Poznan，13－4689
Portuguere
Lishon Cathedral（west front），14－5189
cuedish
Cathedral at Lund，15－5305

## Romanesque－Modern

（＇anndian
Toronto，Ont．，Parliament Building，5－1836

Romanesque－Modern（continued）
l nited States
Academic buildings
Cornell University，Library，12－4311
Stanford University（arcades），12－4318 （general view），12－4318 Memorial Chapel，12－4318
Albany，N．Y．，State Capitol，11－3779
Boston，Mass．，Christian Science Church （Mother Church），old section，14－5266 Trinity Church，18－6686
Milwaukee，Wis．，City Hall，17－6045
New York City，American Museum of Natural History（exterior），18－6613 （interior），18－6615

Saxon
Bradford－on－Avon，Church at，4－1437
Earls Barton，Tower of church at，4－1437
I nited states
New York City，Hotel Ambassador，17－6219 Macy＇s Department Store，10－3675
Shelton Hotel，18－6688
Telephone Building，17－6219
Philadelphia，Pa．，Elverson Building，11－3776
St．Louis，Mo．，Southwestern Bell Telephone Building， 8 －frontis．
Skyscrapers
United States
Chicago，Ill．，Tribune Building，19－7116 Wrigley Building，19－7116
Dallas，Tex．，Magnolia Building，14－4898
Detroit，Mich．，Book－Cadillac Hotel，17－6042 General Motors Building，17－6042
New York City，Financial district，8－2673 Flatiron Building，9－3213
Groups，up and down town，17－6209
Metropolitan Life Building，17－6211
Singer Building，8－3011；9－3213
Woolworth Building，4－1214；18－6688
Slavik
I＇olish
Czenstochowa Cathedral，13－4681
Poznan Town Hall，13－4681
Vilna，Castle of Mir，13－4681 Church at，13－4681
Warsaw，Palace of Sigismund III，13－4687
Spanish
Mexican－in the 1 nited states
Los Angeles，Cal．，Belfry，ruined Pala Mis－ sion，18－6427
San Antonio，Tex．，Alamo Chapel，San An－
tonio de Valero Mission，18－6829
San Diego，Cal．，San Juan Capistrano Mis－ sion，18－6829
San Luis Rey Mission（bell tower），18－6829
Santa Barbara，Cal．，Santa Barbara Mission， 6－1924
Santa FE，N．Mex．，Old Palace of Governors， 18－6427
Mexican
Mexico City，Cathedral，19－7135
Vera Cruz，Old prison，19－7137
South Amrrican
Cuzco，Peru，Doorway，Spanish Conquista－ dores，19－6865
Island of Tahosa，Church on，10－3595
Lima，Peru，Passa Tagli Torc，19－6983
Spanish－Modern
Mr rican－in the Vniterl States
Pasadena，Cal．，House at，18－6688
Santa Barbara，Cal．，Carmelite Convent， 18－6686
Tucson，Ariz．，San Xavier del Boca Mission， 18－6427




[^0]:    description and history (brief), 17-6177
    Faneuil Hall. note and picture, 18-6832
    Museum of Fine Arts, founding, 9-3334

[^1]:    

[^2]:    * This arrangement of the names is made for convenience. The states are not mentioned in the original.

[^3]:    * Reprinted from the text issued by the State Department.

